

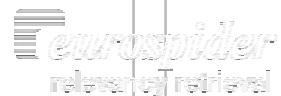
know-how

innovation

CLEF 2002

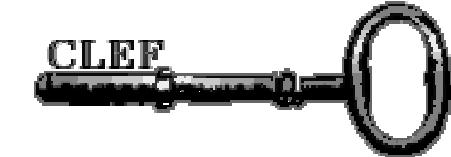
Overview of Results

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solution

Outline

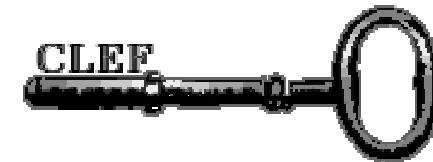


- **Participants**
- **Experiment Details**
- **Trends**
- **Effects**
- **Results**
- **Conclusions, Outlook**



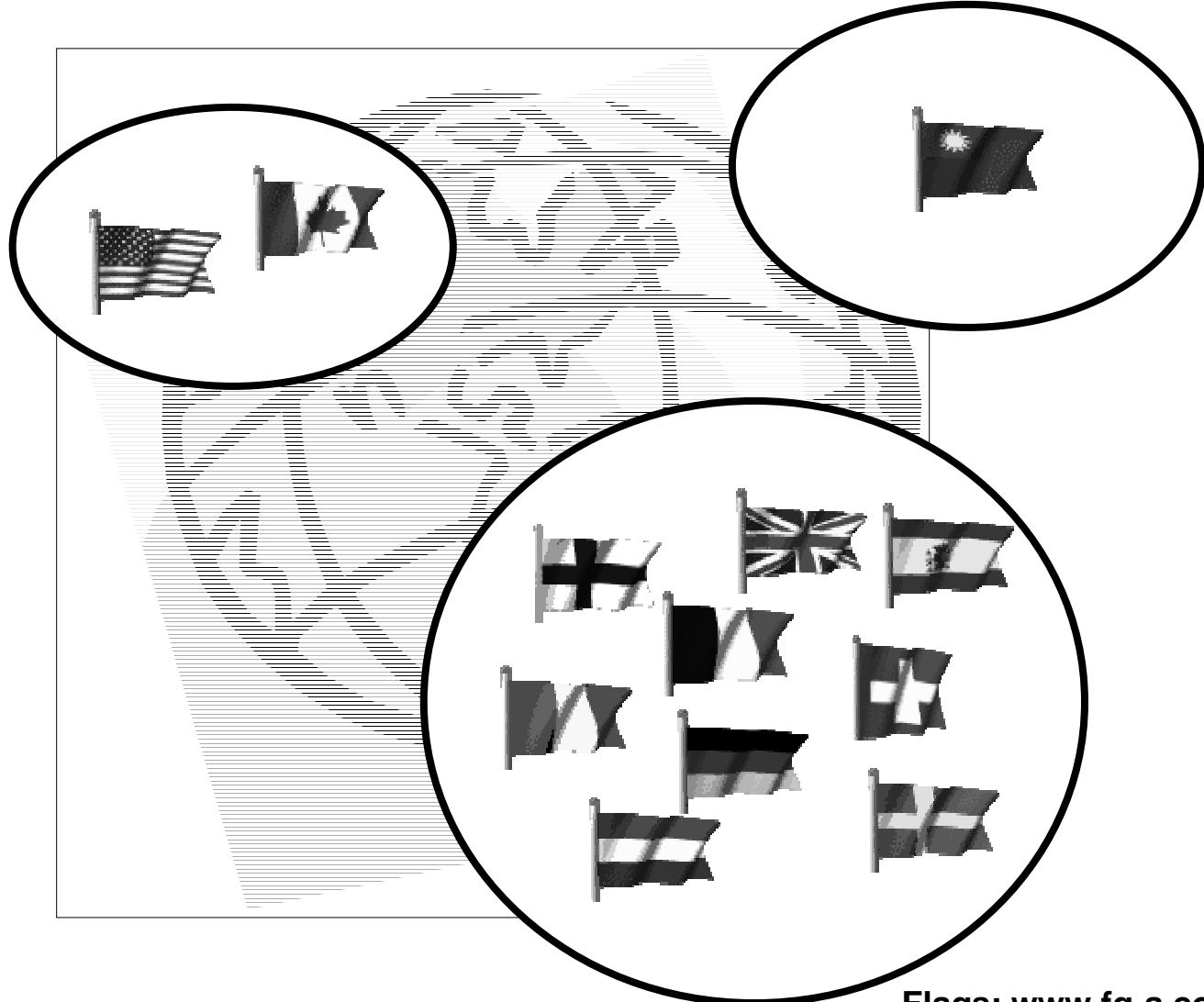
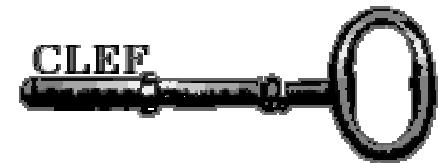
Participants

City University	SINAI/U Jaen *
Clairvoyance Corp.	Tagmatica
COLE Group/U La Coruna	Thomson Legal **
CWI/CNLP *	U Alicante *
Eurospider **	U Amsterdam *
Fondazione Ugo Bordoni	U Dortmund *
Hummingbird *	U Exeter *
IMBIT	U Hildesheim
IMS U Padova	U Maryland **
IRIT **	U Montreal/RALI **
ITC-irst **	U Neuchâtel *
JHU-APL **	U Salamanca **
Lexware	U Sheffield **
Medialab *	U Tampere **
Middlesex U	U Twente/TNO **
National Taiwan U *	UC Berkeley (2 groups) **
OCE Tech. BV *	UNED *
SICS/Conexor *	Xerox *



37 participants, 12 different countries.
(*/** = one or two previous participations)

CLEF's Global Reach

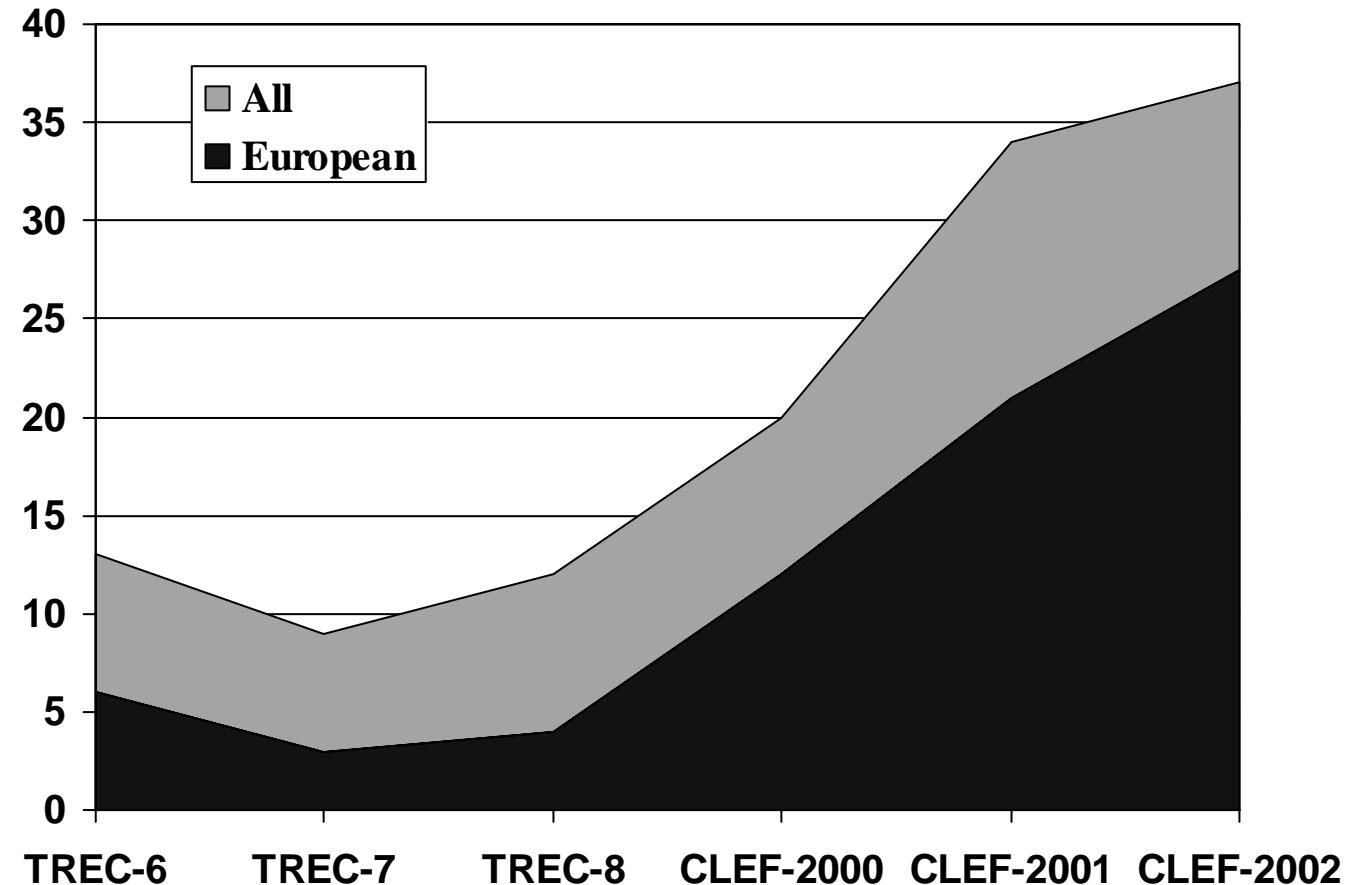
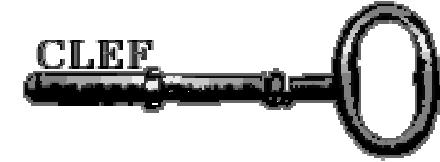


Flags: www.fg-a.com

Eurospider
relevancy retrieval

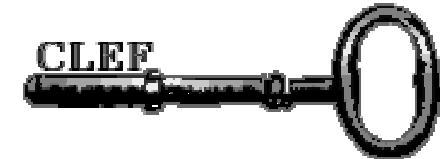
CLEF Growth

(Number of Participants)

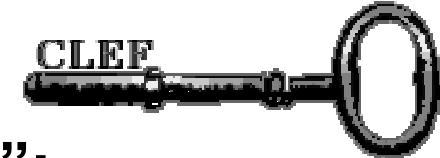
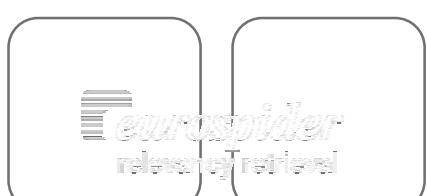
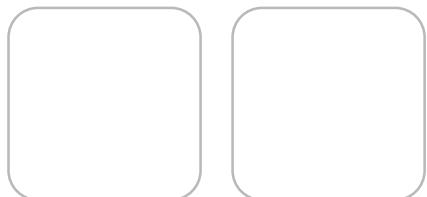


Eurospider
relevancy retrieval

The CLEF Multilingual Collection

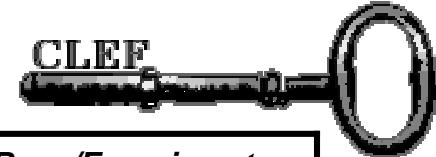


	# part.	# lg.	# docs.	Size in MB	# assess.	# topics	# ass. per topic
CLEF 2002	34	8	1,138,650	3011	140,043	50 (30)	~2900
CLEF 2001	31	6	940,487	2522	97,398	50	1948
CLEF 2000	20	4	368,763	1158	43,566	40	1089
TREC8 CLIR	12	4	698,773	1620	23,156	28	827
TREC8 AdHoc	41	1	528,155	1904	86,830	50	1736
TREC7 AdHoc	42+4	1	528,155	1904	~80,000	50	~1600



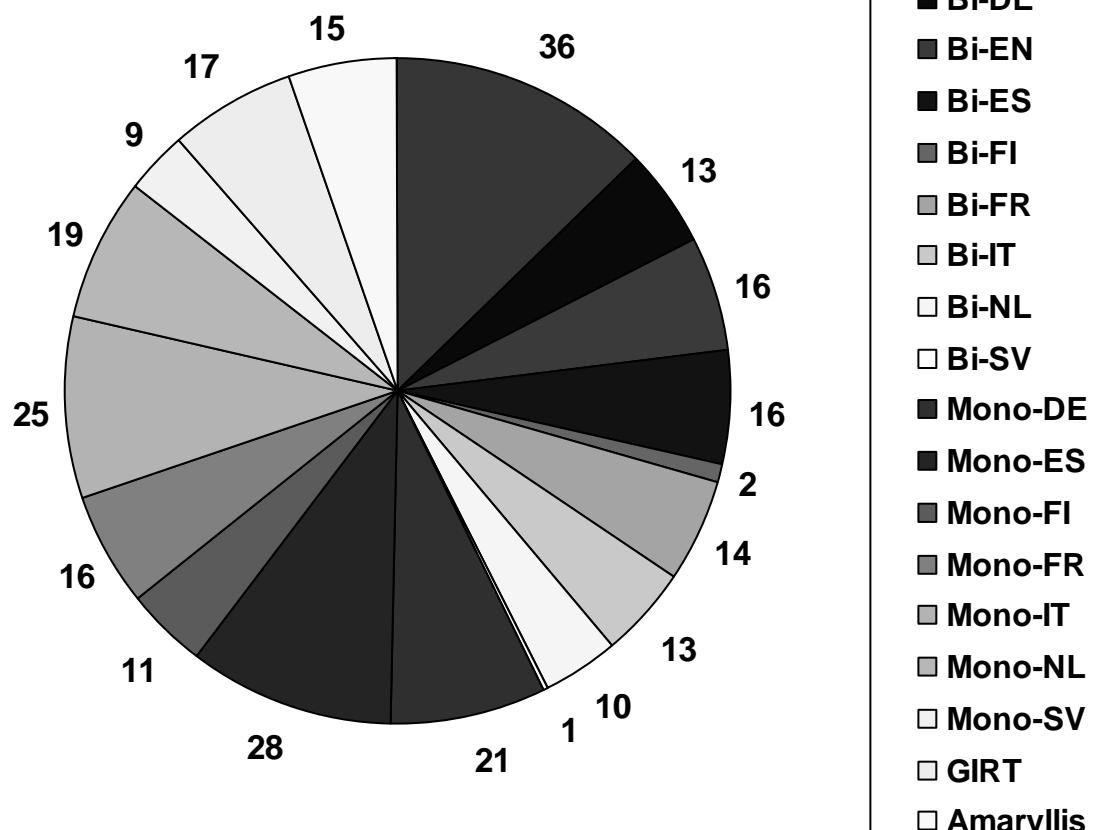
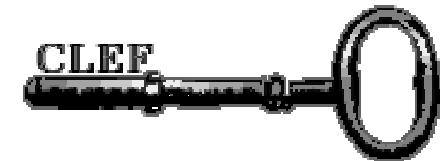
- **Multilingual as “main task”:
documents in 5 languages, topics in
11 languages**
- **Bilingual tasks: any combination of 8
target languages, 11 topic languages**
 - English as target language: only
newcomers or special cases
- **Monolingual tasks: 7 target languages**
- **Domain-specific: GIRT (German docs.)
and Amaryllis (French docs.), bi- and
monolingual, extra resources
available**
- **Interactive track: special overview talk**

Details of Experiments



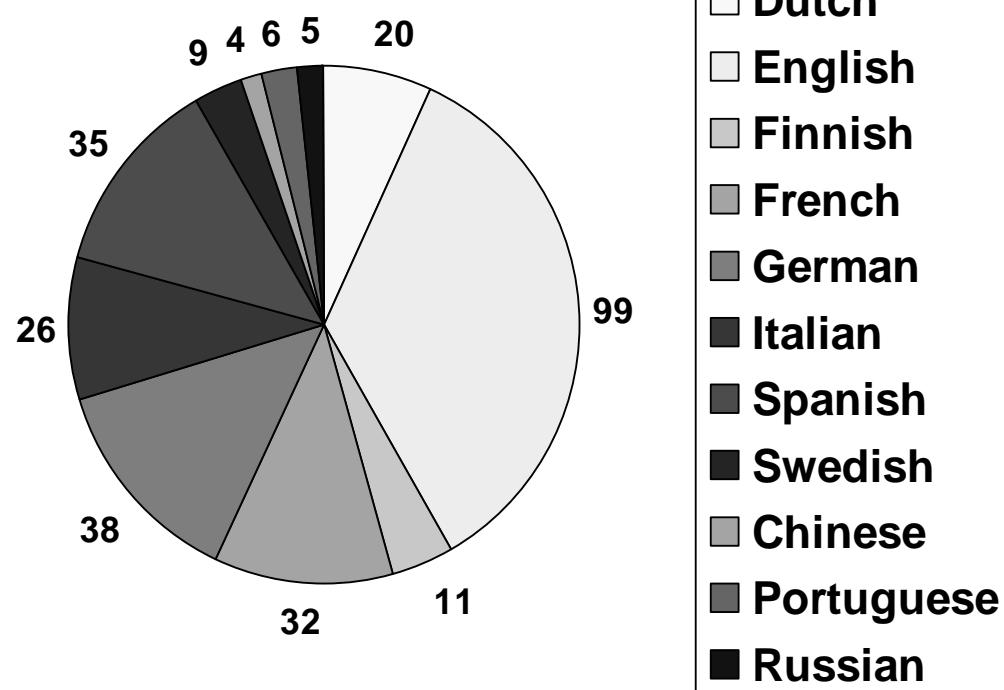
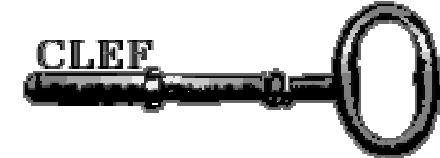
<i>Track</i>	<i># Participants</i>	<i># Runs/Experiments</i>
Multilingual	11	36
Bilingual to DE	6	13
Bilingual to EN	5	16
Bilingual to ES	7	16
Bilingual to FI	2	2
Bilingual to FR	7	14
Bilingual to IT	6	13
Bilingual to NL	7	10
Bilingual to SV	1	1
Monolingual DE	12	21
Monolingual ES	13	28
Monolingual FI	7	11
Monolingual FR	12	16
Monolingual IT	14	25
Monolingual NL	11	19
Monolingual SV	6	9
Domain-specific Amaryllis	3	15
Domain-specific GIRT	5	17
Interactive	see interactive talk	see interactive talk

Runs per Task

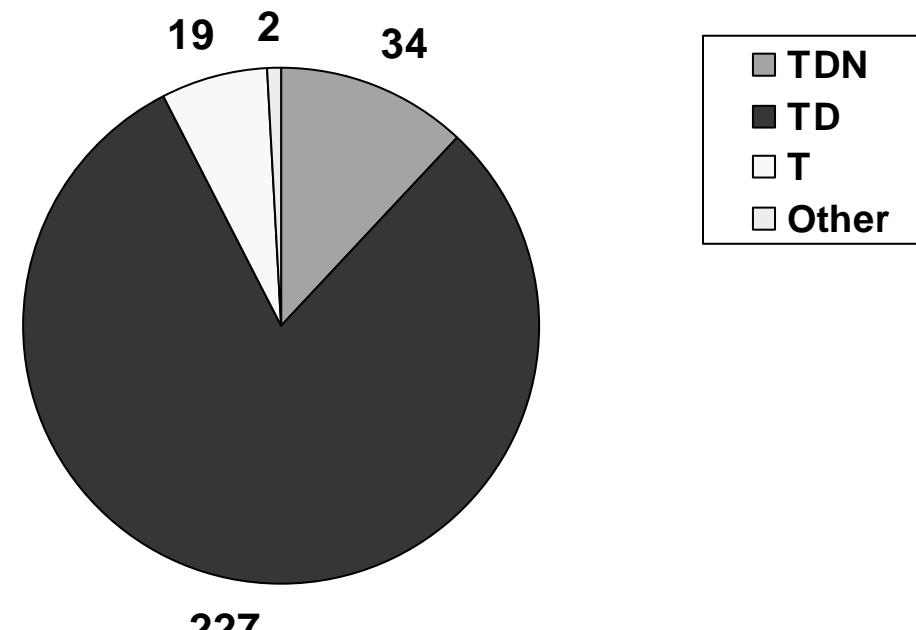
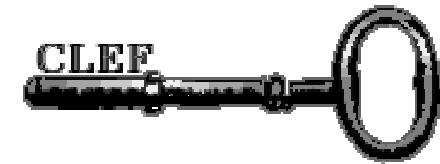


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relevancy retrieval

Runs per Topic Language



Topic Fields



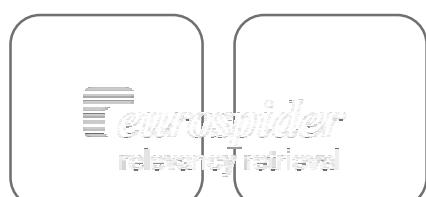
Eurospider
relevancy retrieval

Pooling



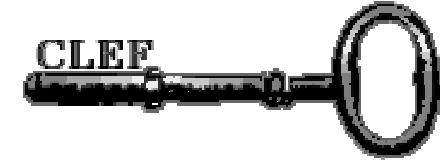
- “Tool” to handle the size of relevance assessment work
- 179 of 282 runs assessed
- Some tasks had all runs assessed: FI, SV, Amaryllis, GIIT
- Runs are pooled respecting nearly a dozen criteria:
 - participant’s preferences
 - “originality” (task, topic fields, languages, ..)
 - participant/task coverage
 - ..

*Preliminary
Trends for
CLEF-2002 (1)*



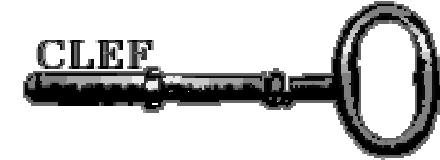
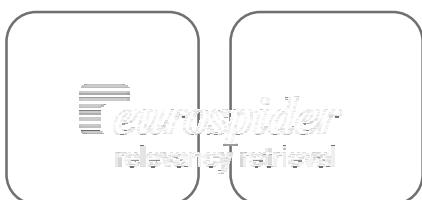
- **Less corpus-based features, still popular for combination (LSI, SimThes, stat. models)**
- **A few MT systems were very popular: Systran, LH Power Translator**
- **Lots of work on query expansion: blind feedback, concepts/synonyms, assoc. thesaurus, SimThes, etc. (Berekely, Océ, Fond. U. Bordoni, COLE, U Salamanca, ..)**
- **Weighting: tuning per language vs. same parameters for all languages**

Preliminary
Trends for
CLEF-2001 (2)



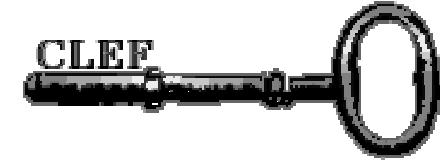
- Diverse work on stemming: simple, elaborate (morphological analyzers), programmable, etc.
- Interesting work on decompounding (different results for different languages?)
- Merging: simple methods widely used, but some new ideas as well
 - unified index, reindex, prediction based on transl. quality, feedback-based

CLEF-2002 vs. CLEF-2001



- **Many participants were back**
- **More MT again, less corpus-based
(approaches go into and out of favor)**
- **People try each other's
ideas/methods:**
 - n-grams
 - combination approaches
 - similarity thesaurus
 - stemmers
- **Returning participants usually
improve performance. ("Advantage
for veteran groups")**

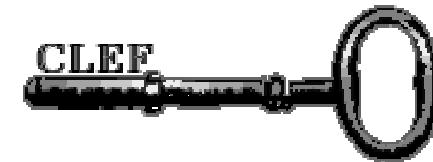
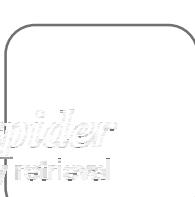
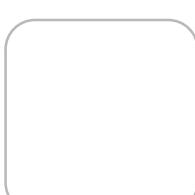
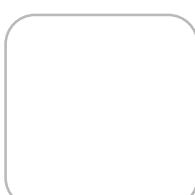
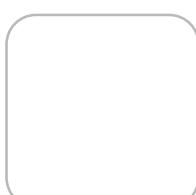
*“Effect” of
CLEF in 2001
(recycled slide)*



- Many more European groups (21!)
- Dramatic increase of work in stemming/decompounding (for languages other than English)
- Work on mining the web for parallel texts
- Work on merging (breakthrough still missing?)
- Work on combination approaches

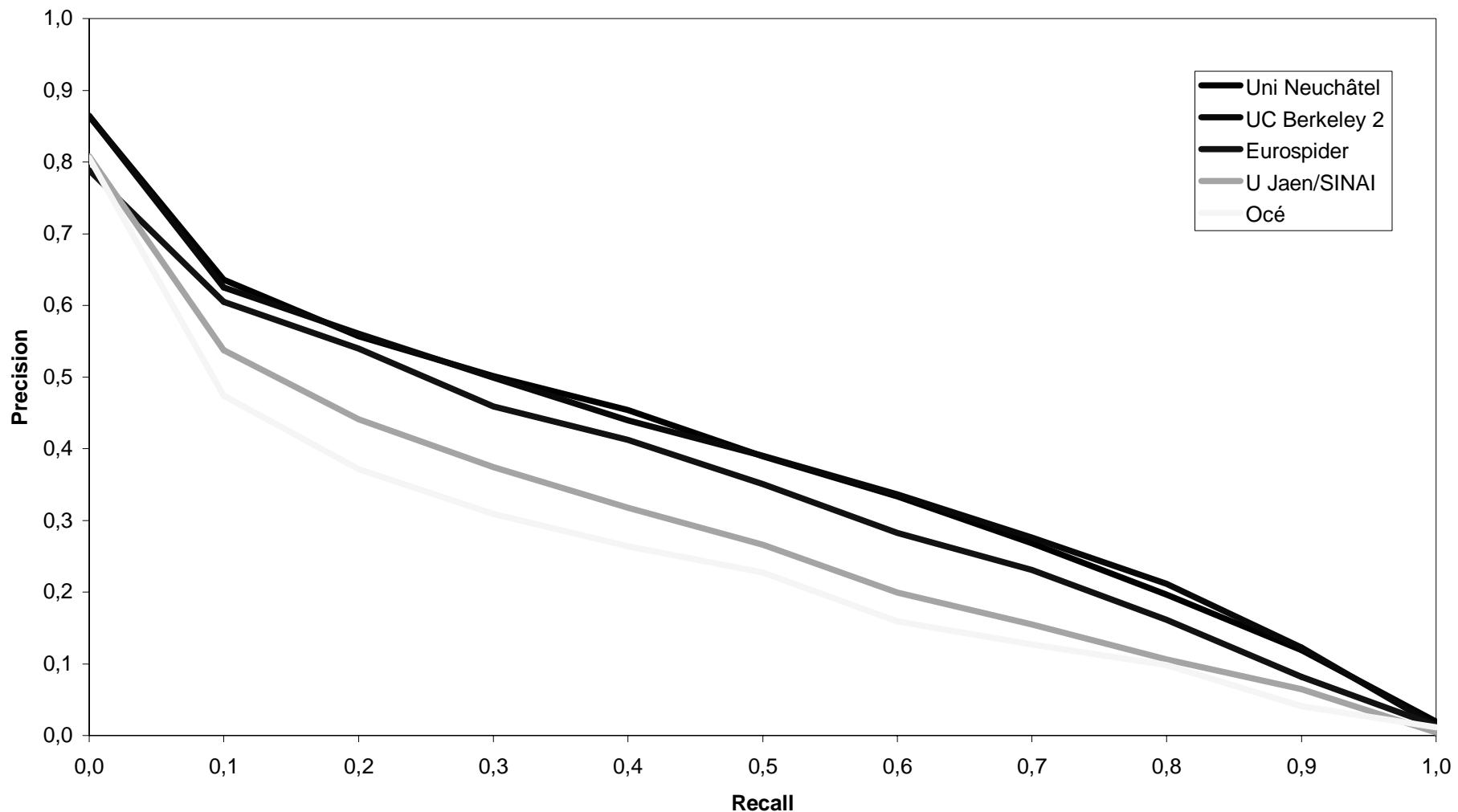
Eurospider
relevancy retrieval

*“Effect” of
CLEF in 2002*

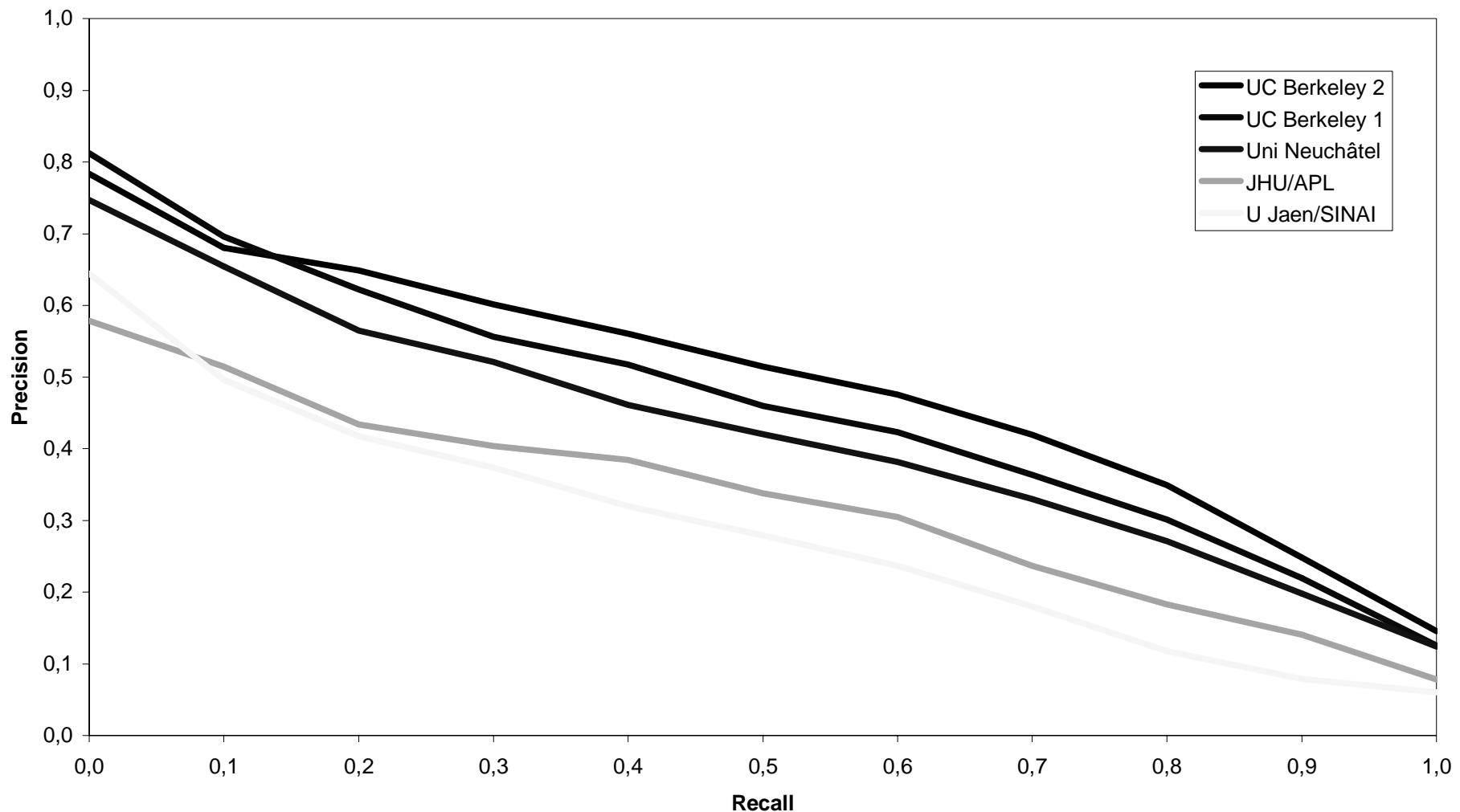


- Number of European groups still growing (27,5!)
- Very sophisticated fine-tuning for individual languages
 - BUT: are we overtuning to characteristics of the CLEF collection?
- People show flexibility in adapting resources/ideas as they come along (architectures?)
- Participants move from monolingual → bilingual → multilingual

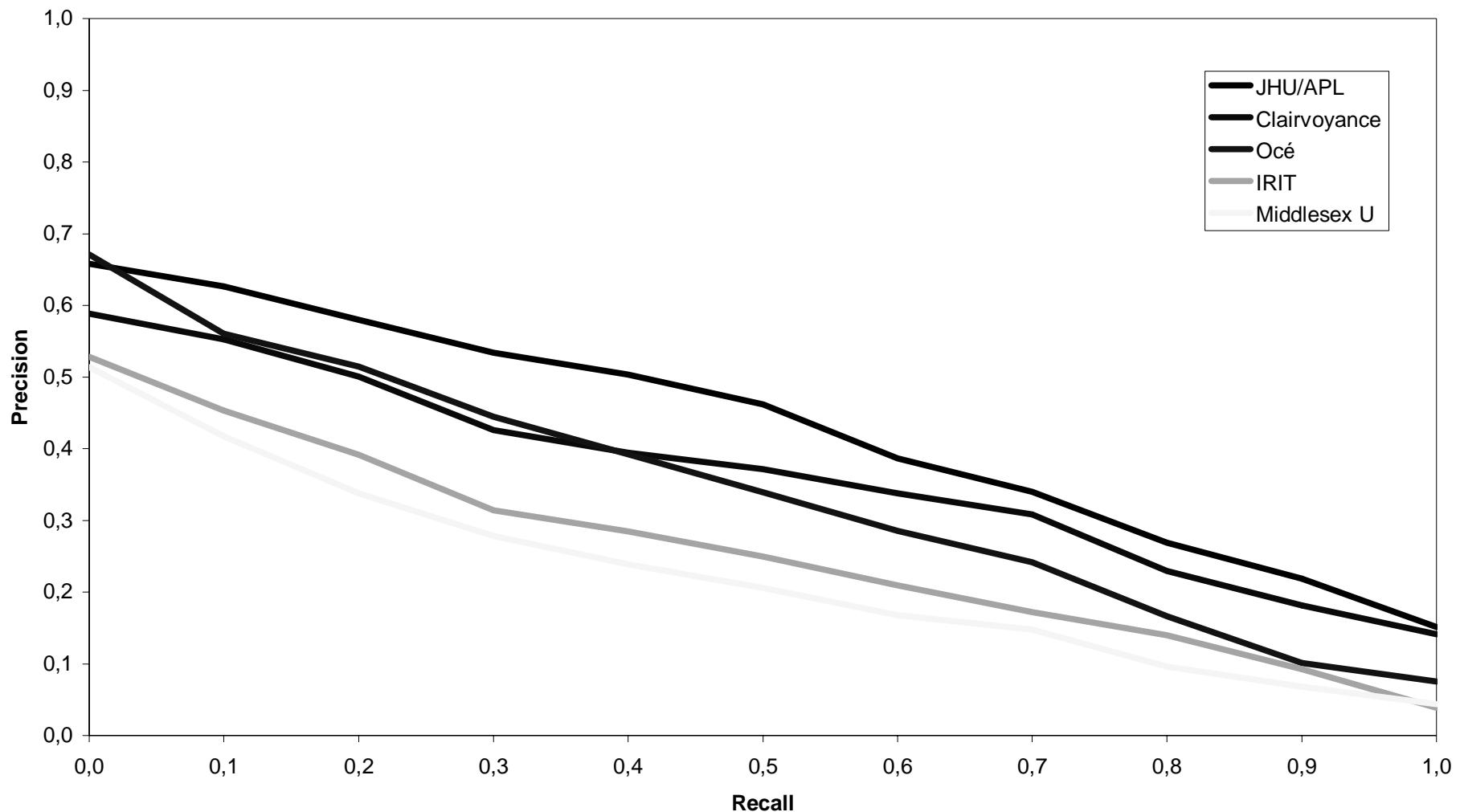
CLEF 2002 Multilingual Track - Automatic



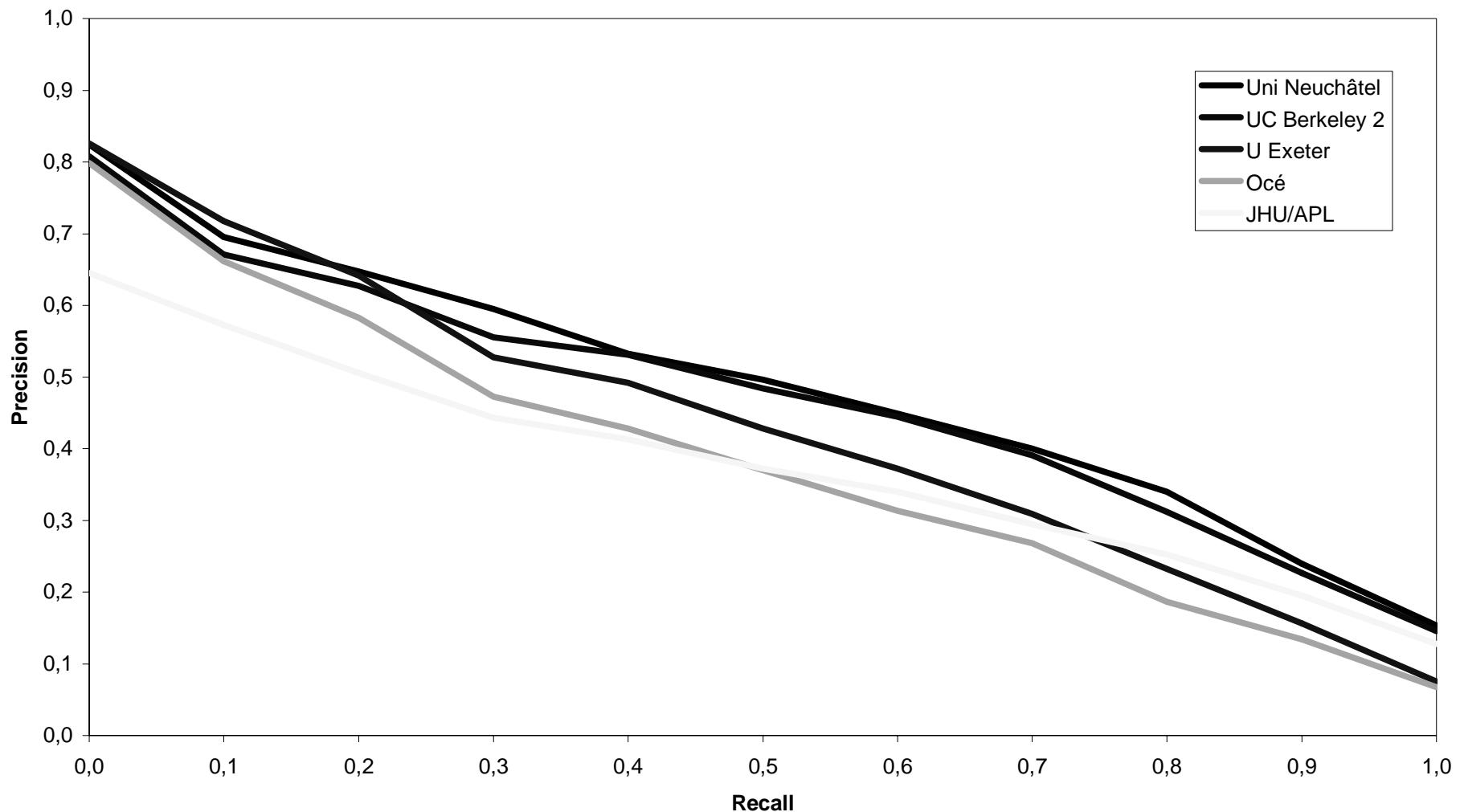
CLEF 2002 Bilingual to German - Automatic



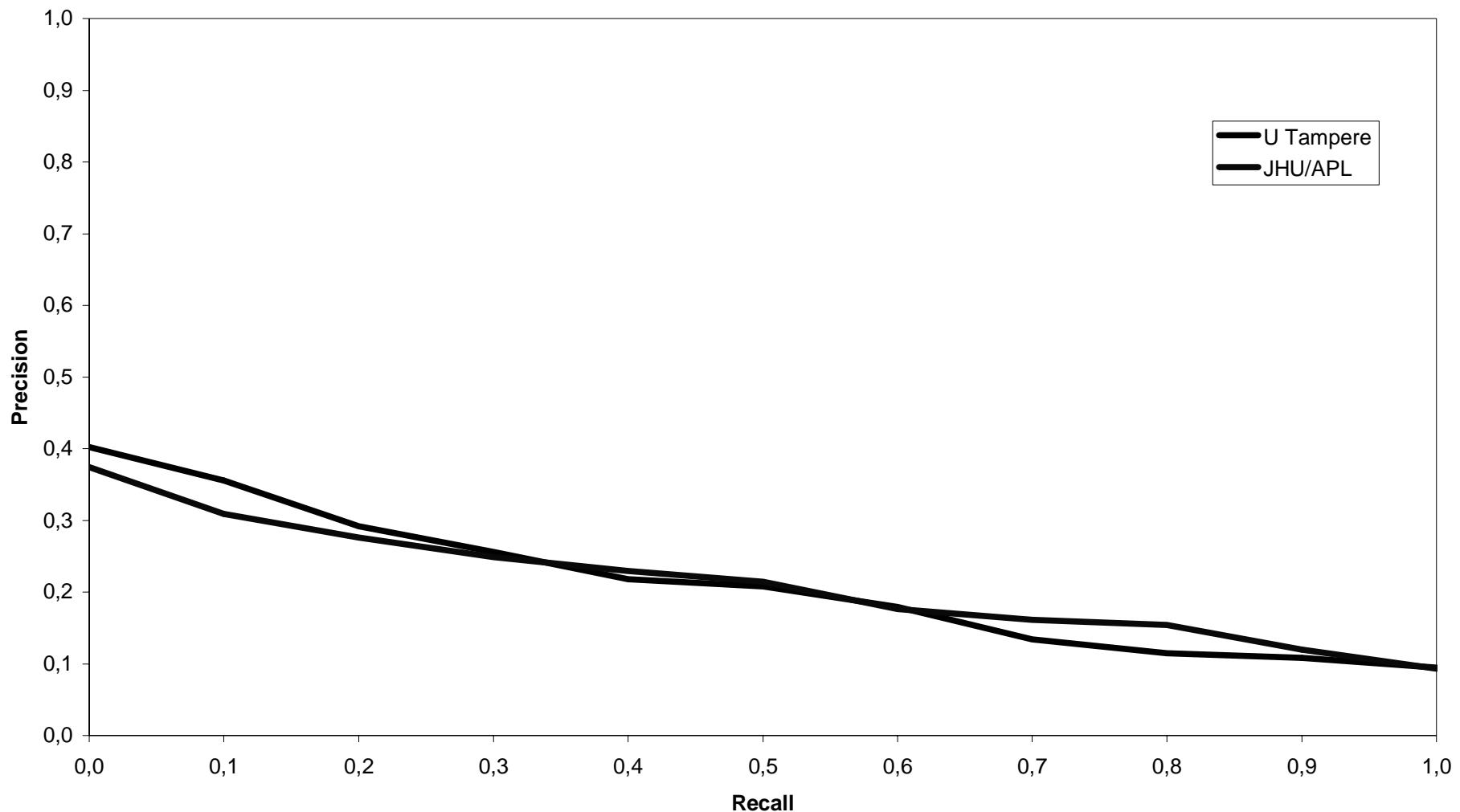
CLEF 2002 Bilingual to English - Automatic



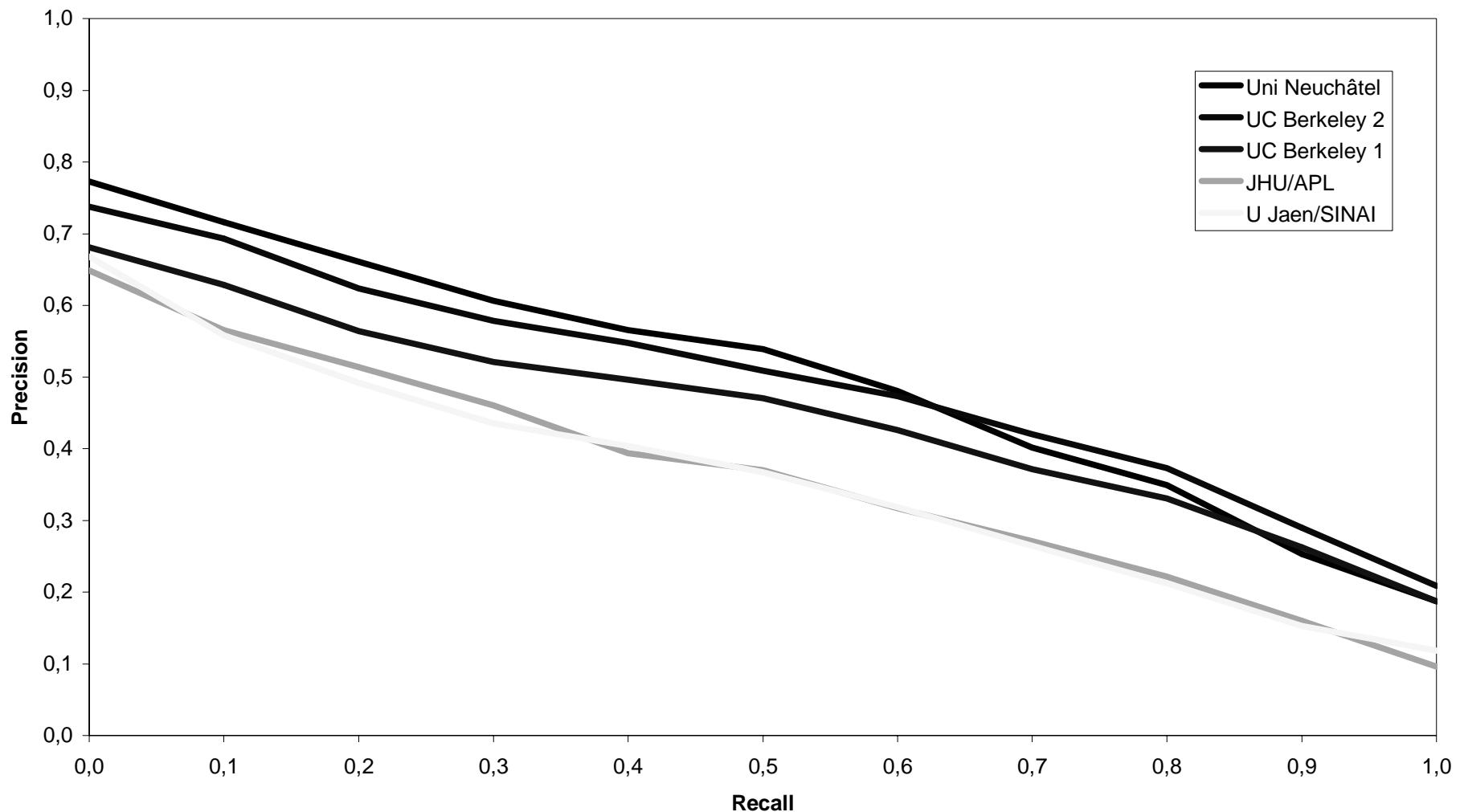
CLEF 2002 Bilingual to Spanish - Automatic



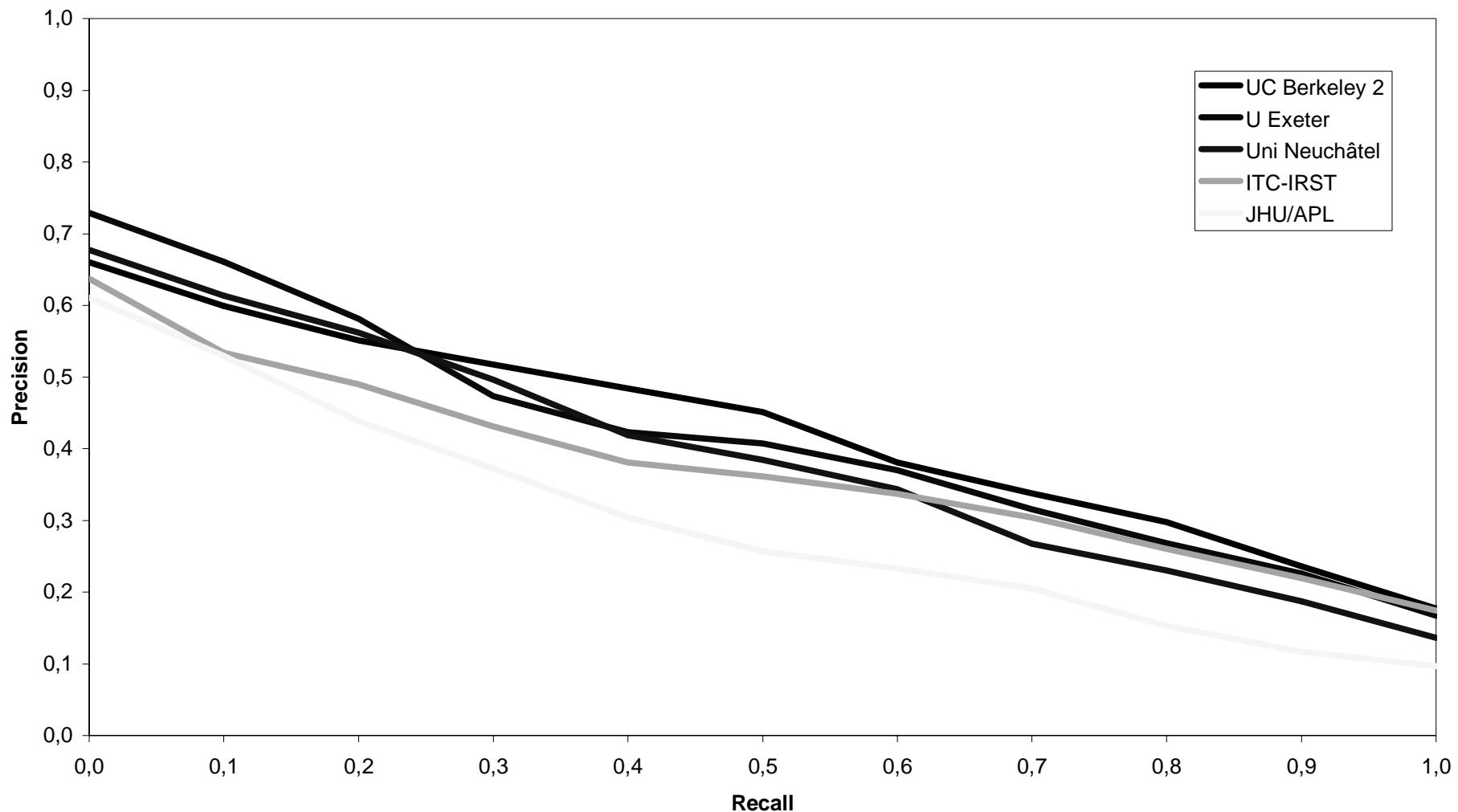
CLEF 2002 Bilingual to Finnish - Automatic



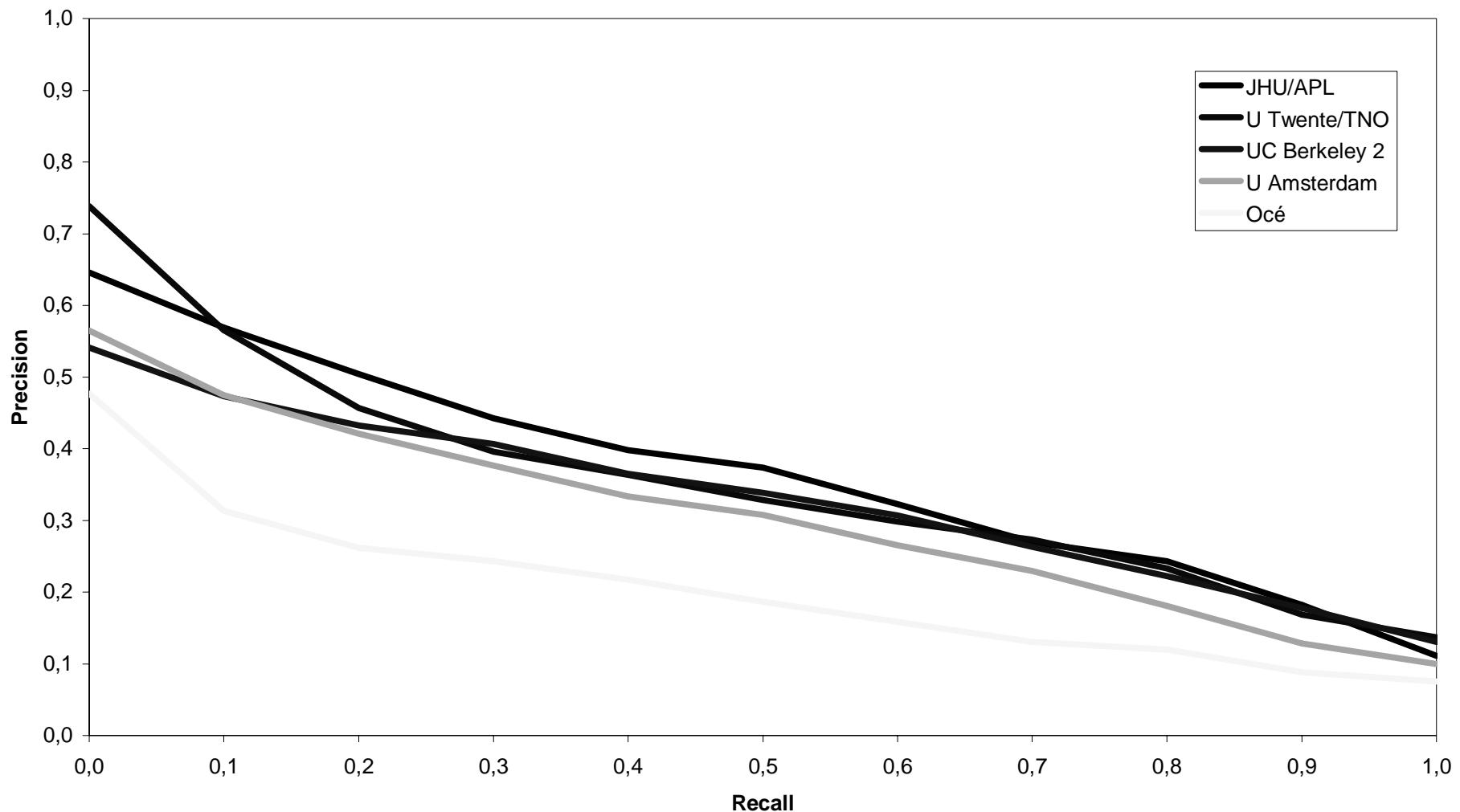
CLEF 2002 Bilingual to French - Automatic



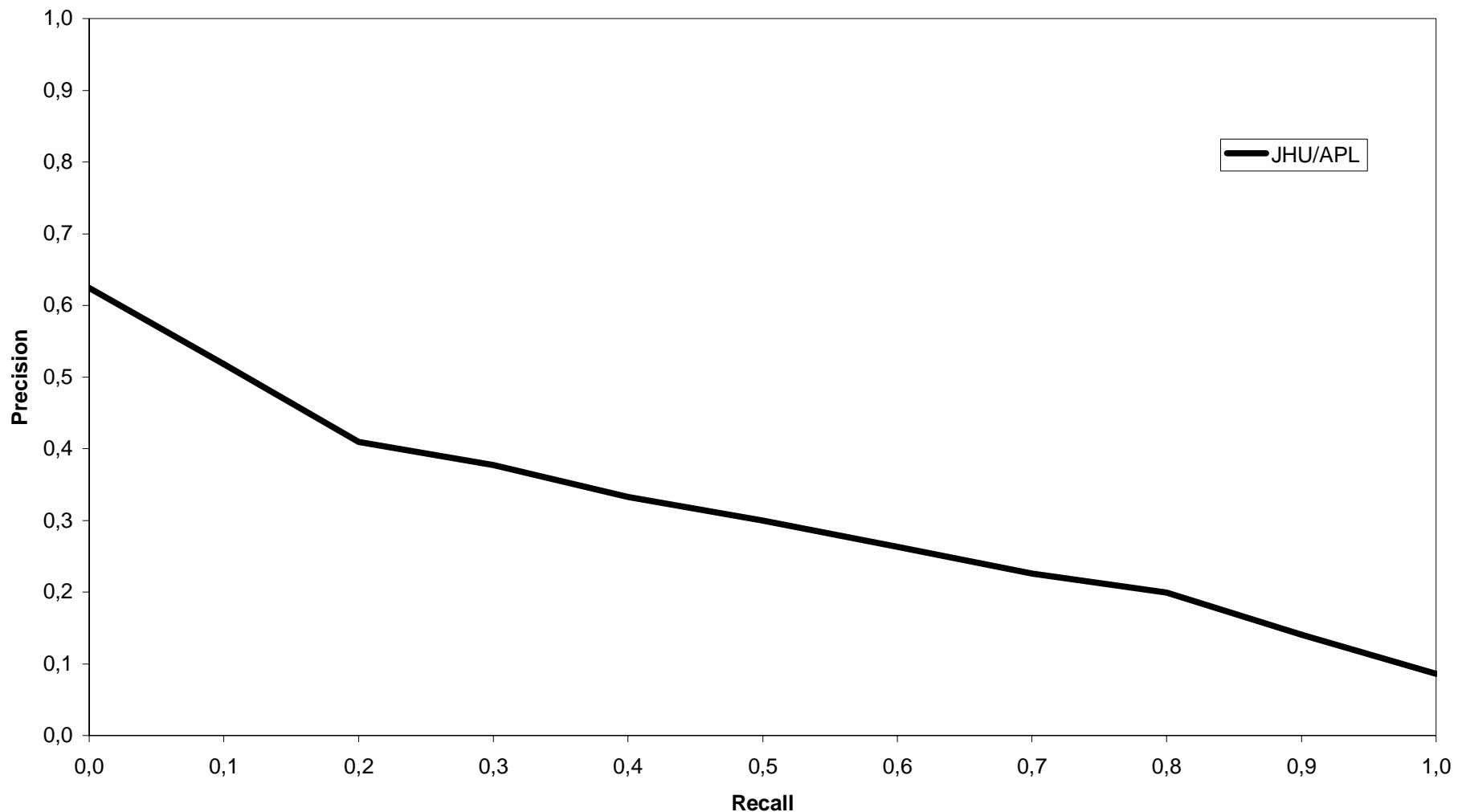
CLEF 2002 Bilingual to Italian - Automatic



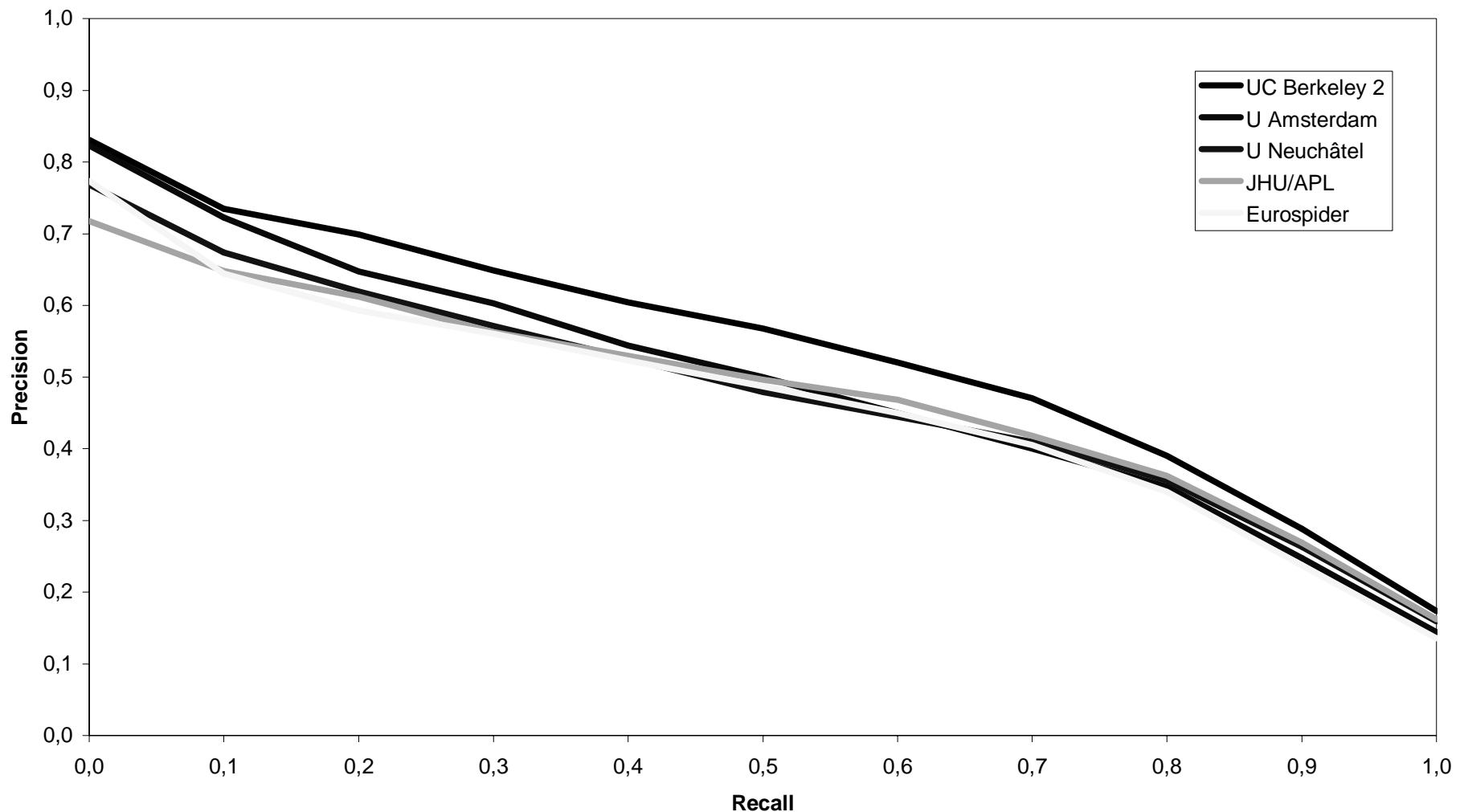
CLEF 2002 Bilingual to Dutch - Automatic



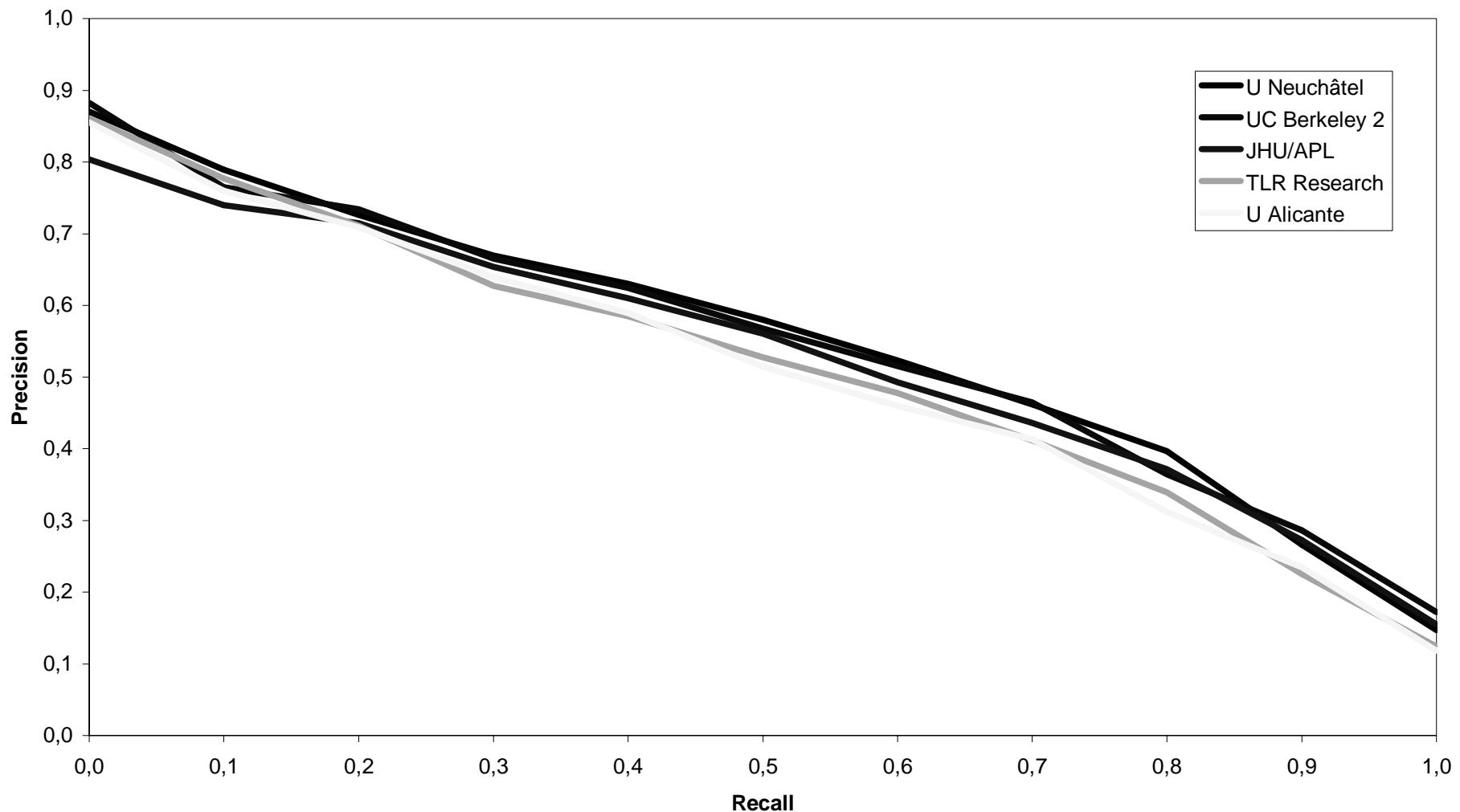
CLEF 2002 Bilingual to Swedish - Automatic



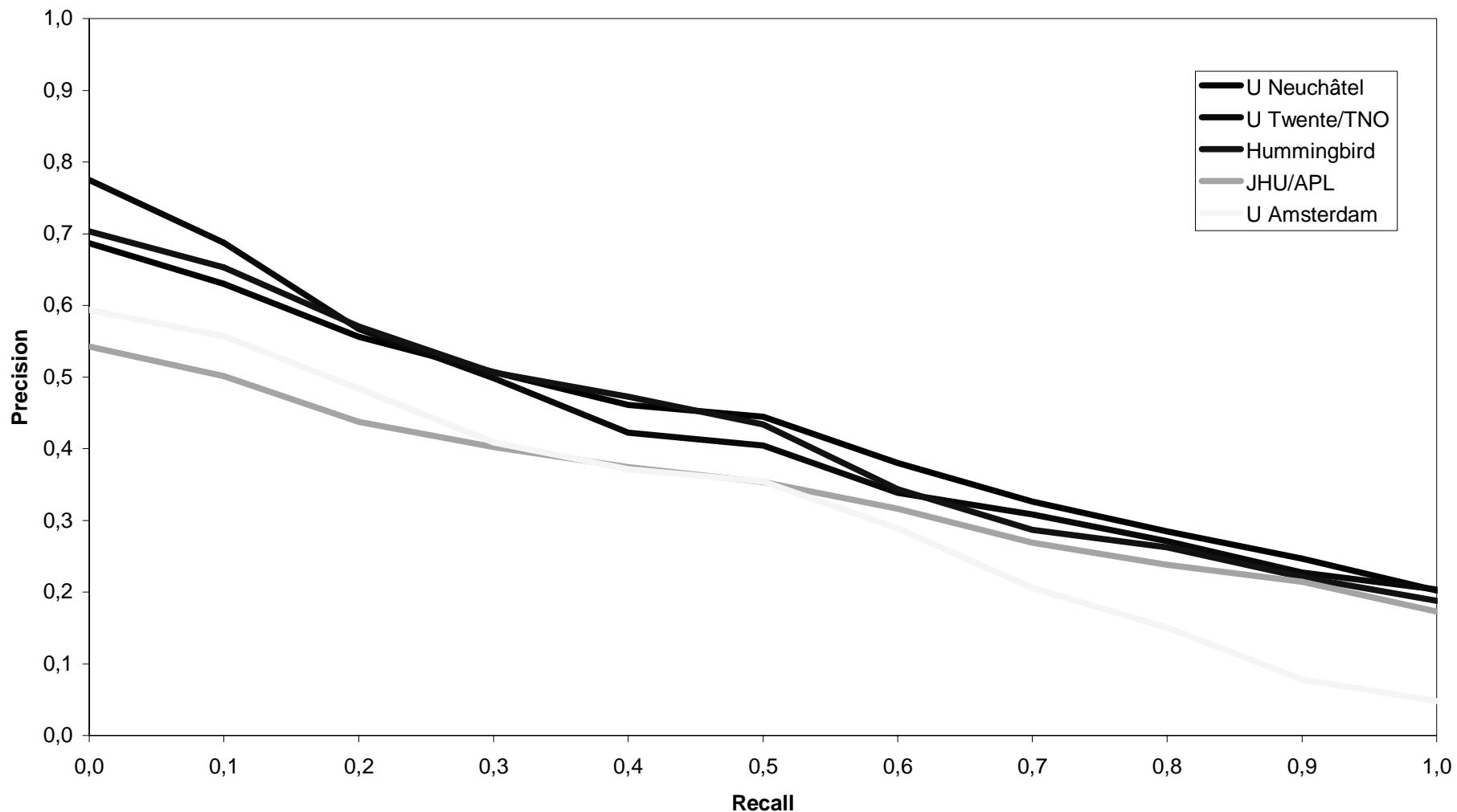
CLEF 2002 Monolingual German - Automatic



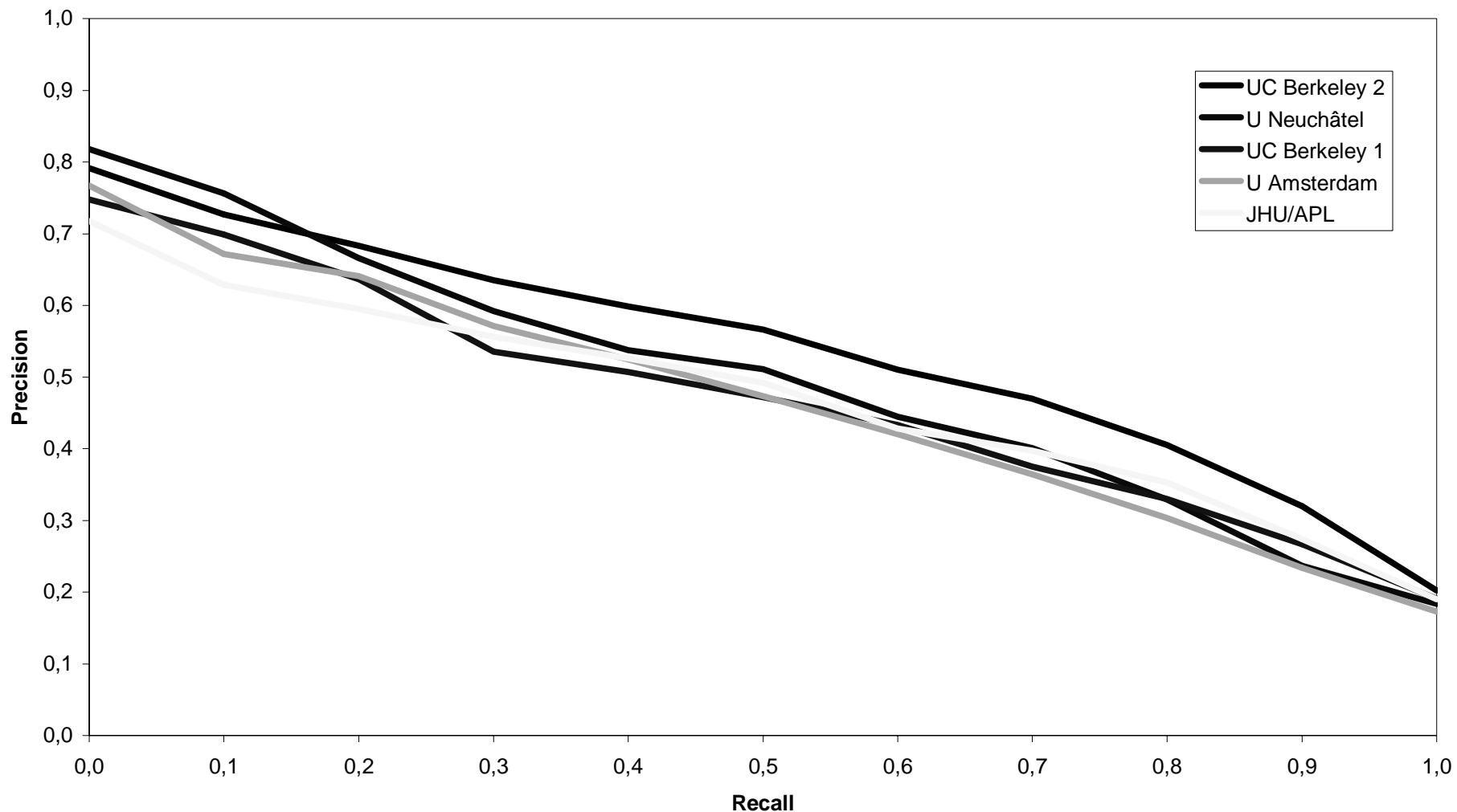
CLEF 2002 Monolingual Spanish - Automatic



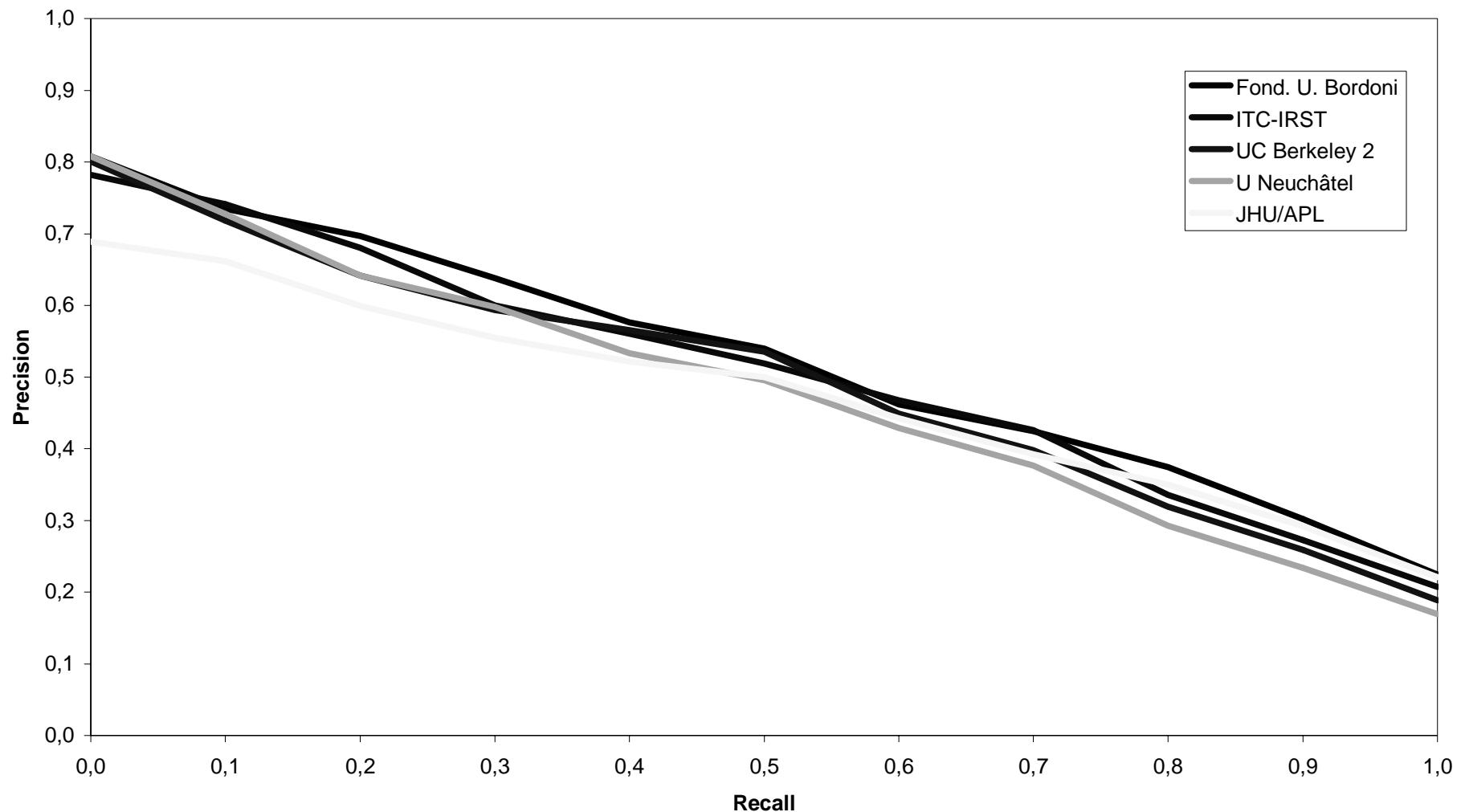
CLEF 2002 Monolingual Finnish - Automatic



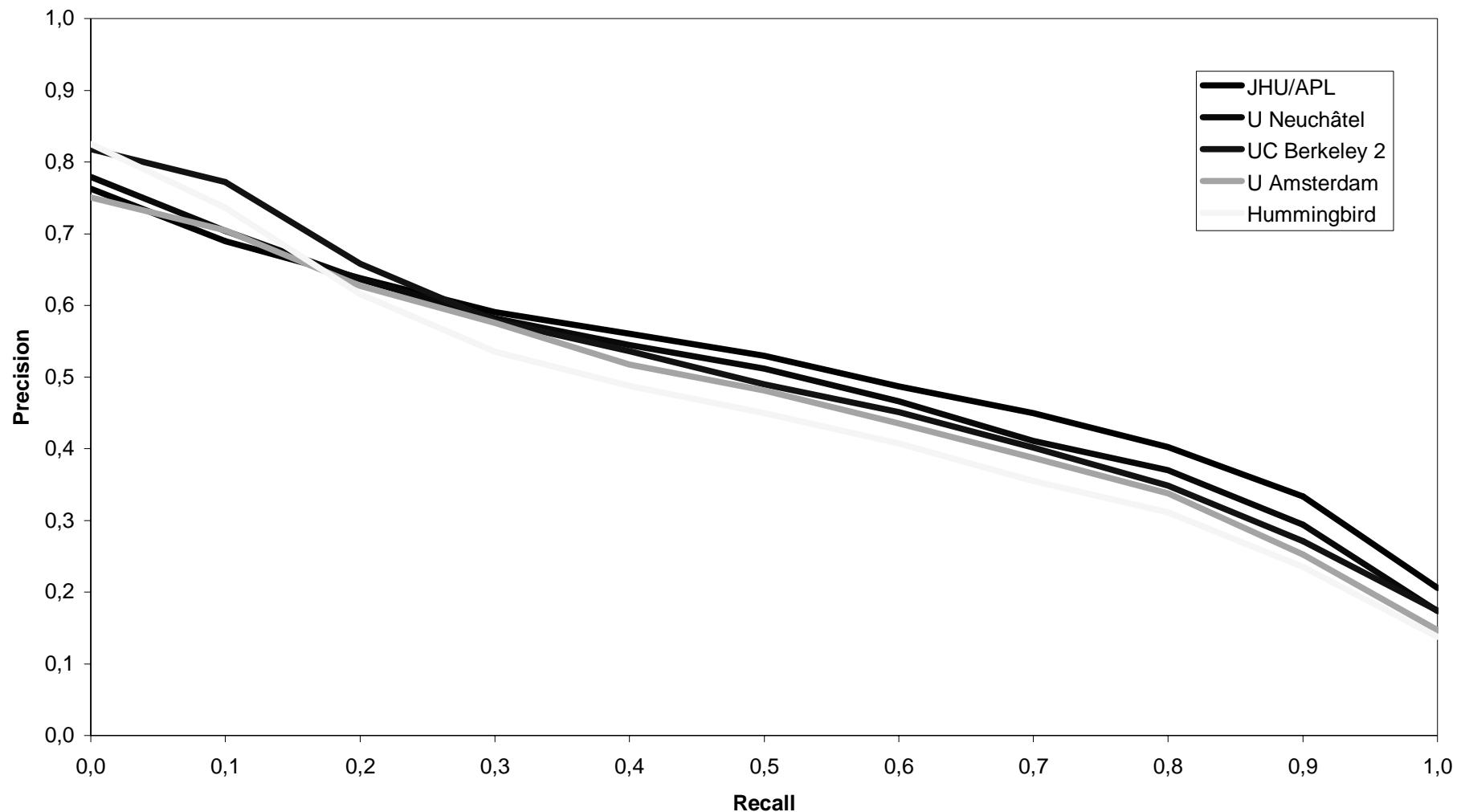
CLEF 2002 Monolingual French - Automatic



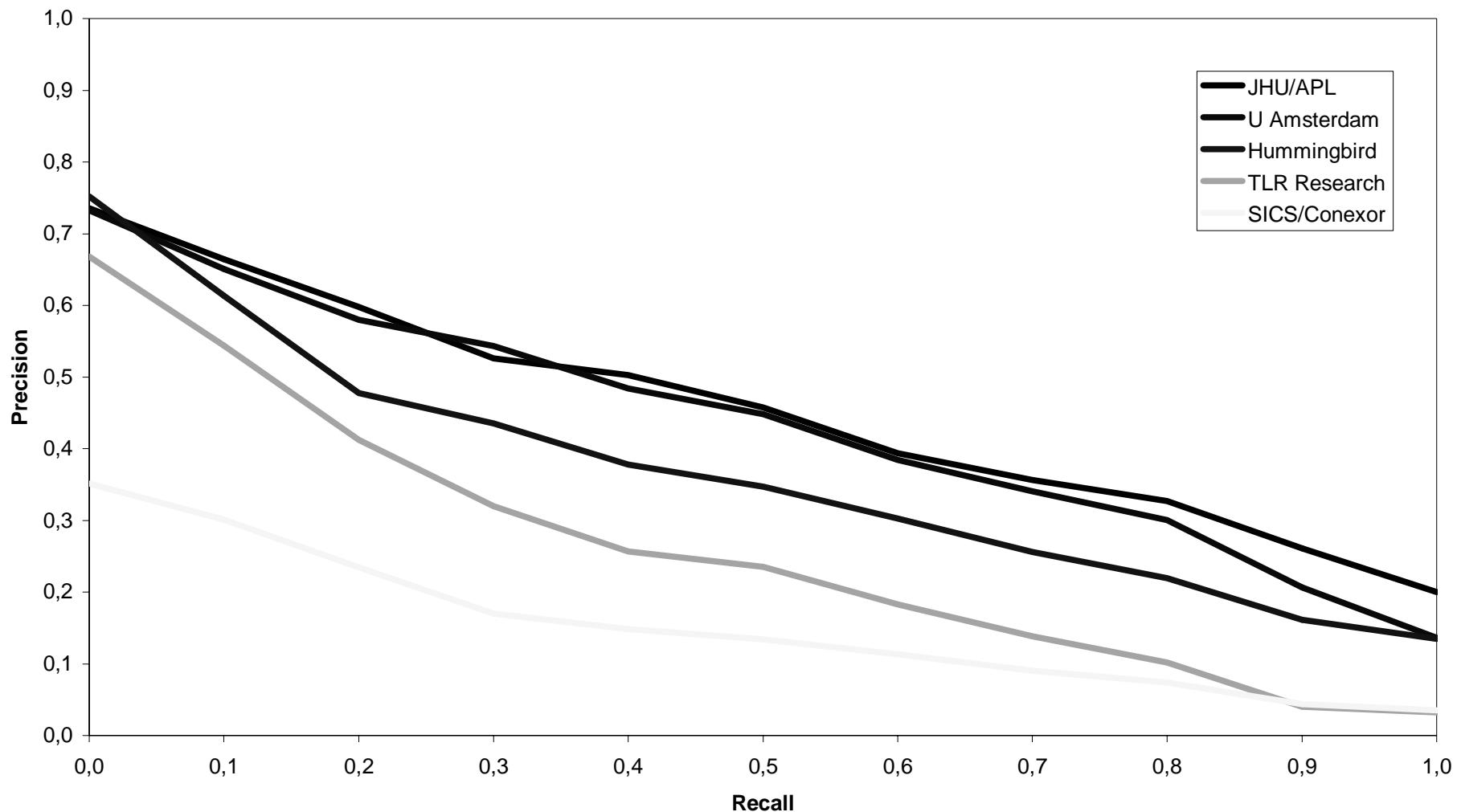
CLEF 2002 Monolingual Italian - Automatic



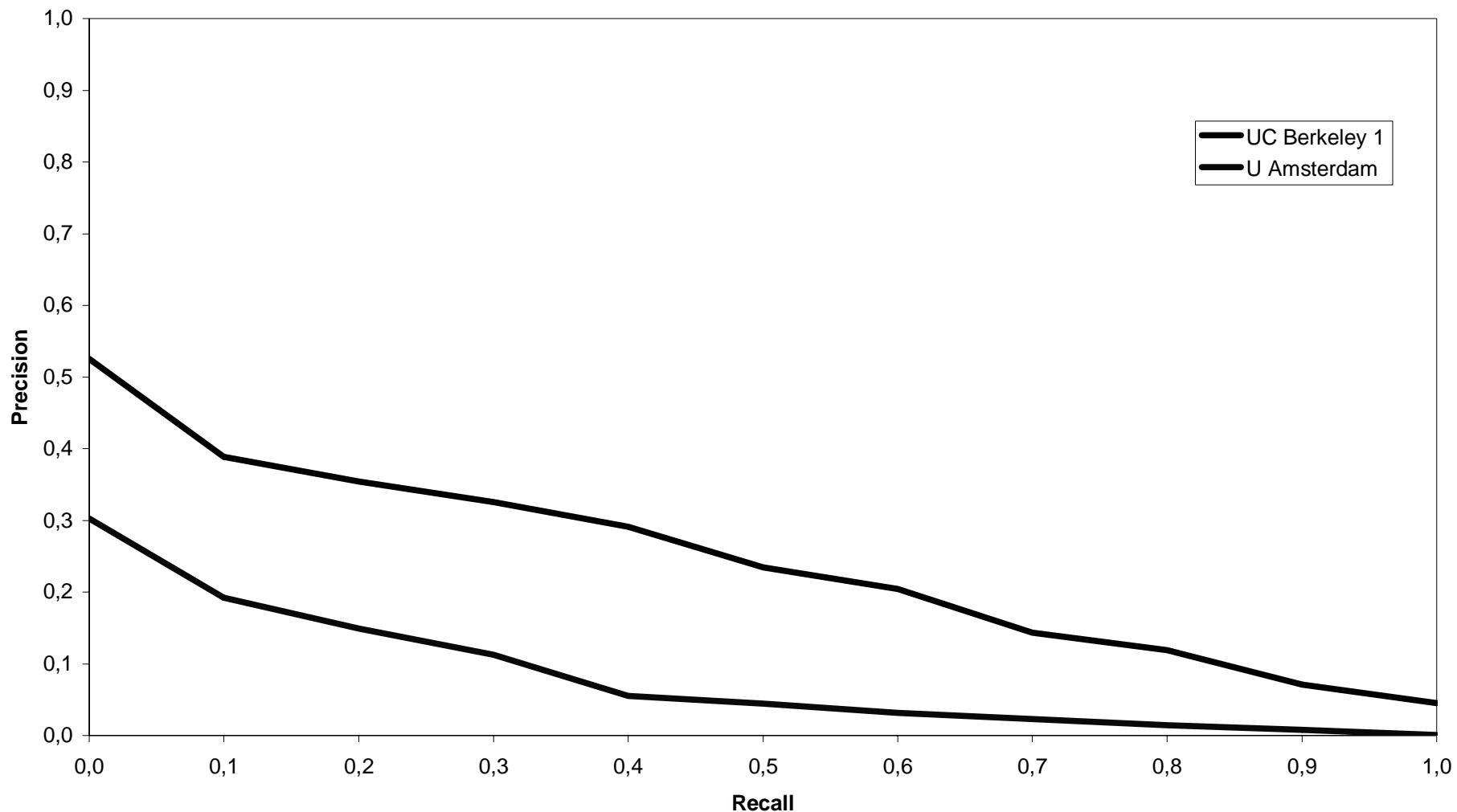
CLEF 2002 Monolingual Dutch - Automatic



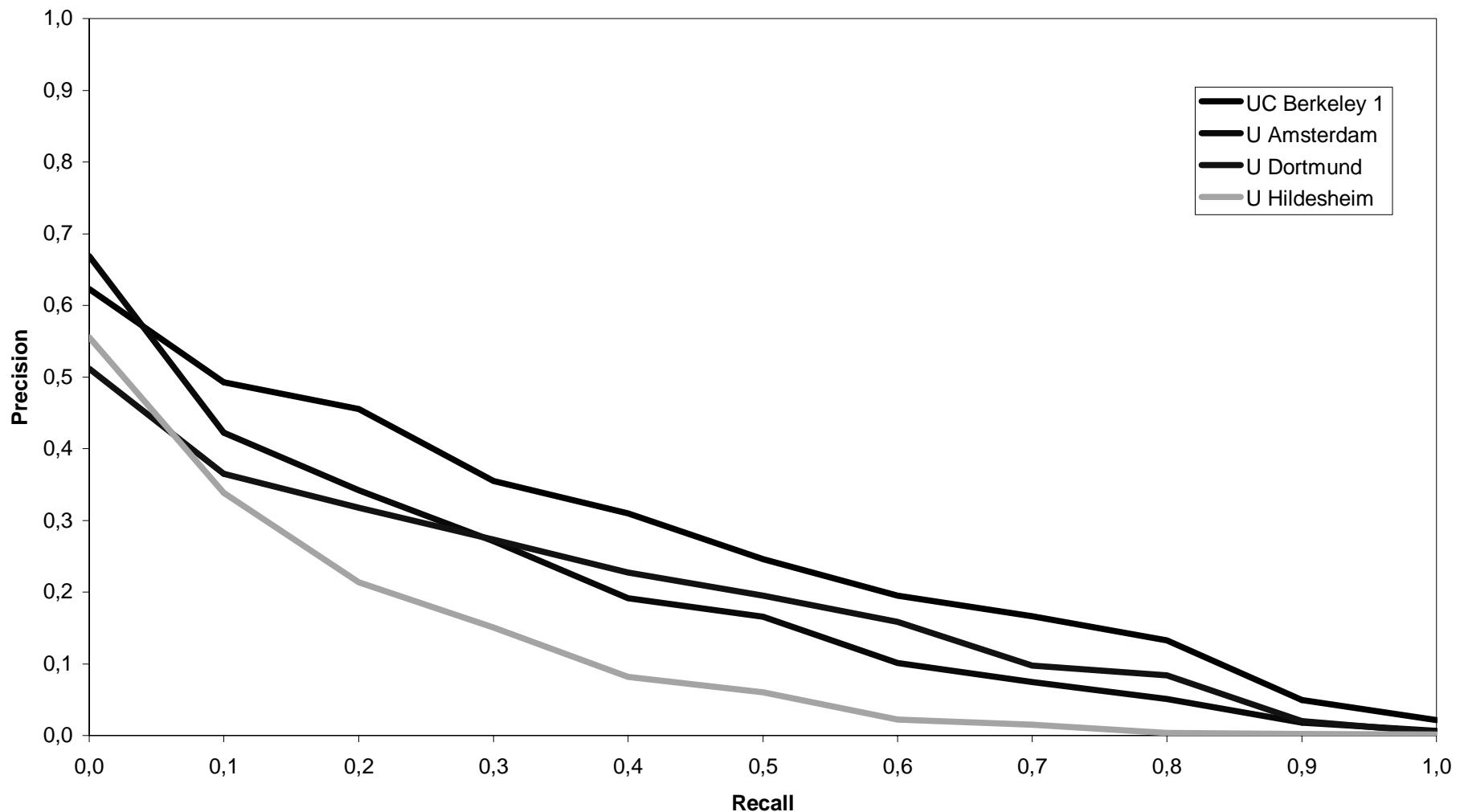
CLEF 2002 Monolingual Swedish - Automatic



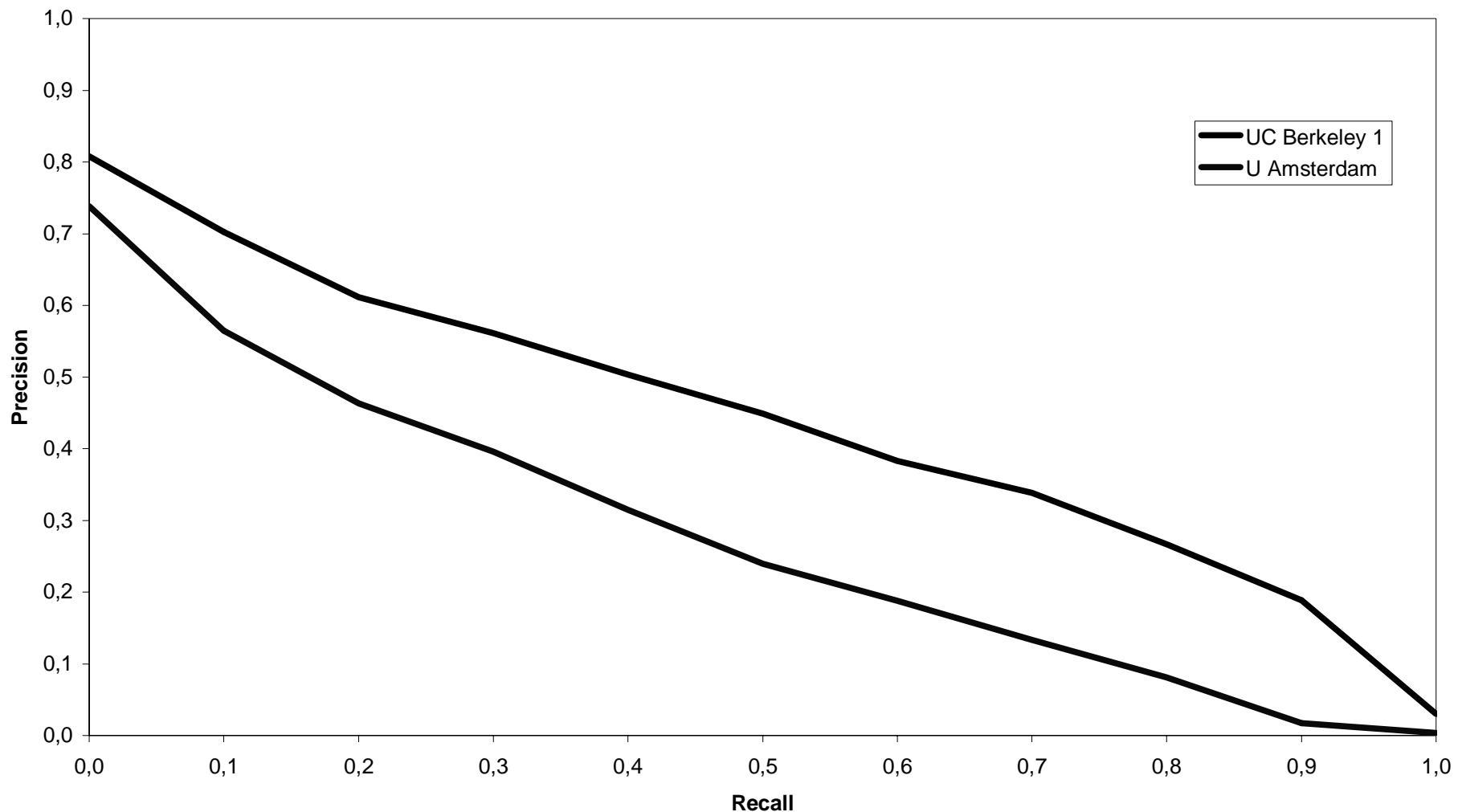
CLEF 2002 GIRT Bilingual - Automatic



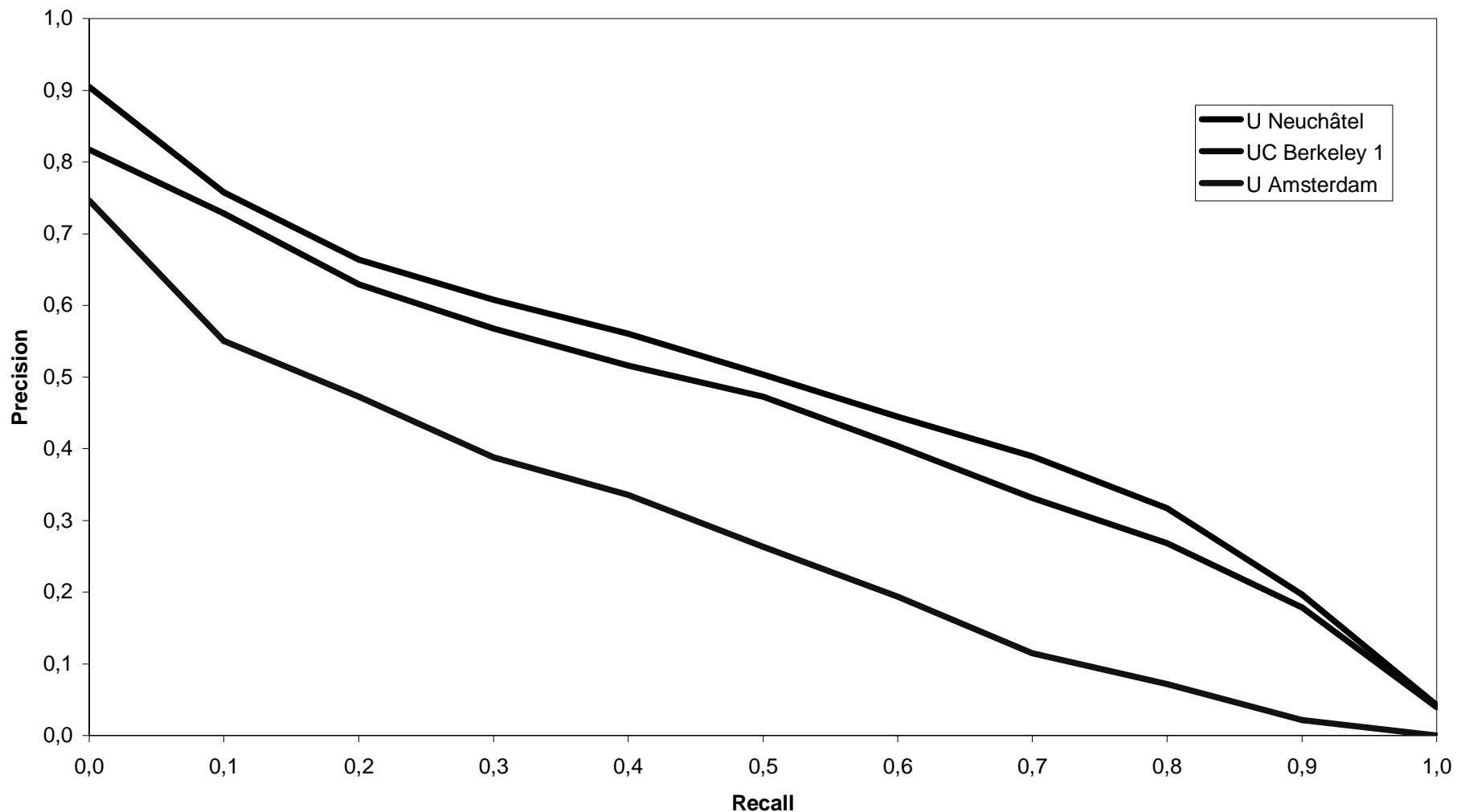
CLEF 2002 GIRT Monolingual - Automatic



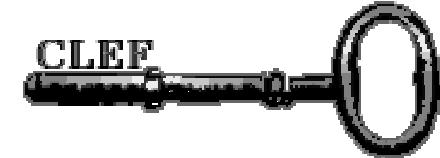
CLEF 2002 Amaryllis Bilingual - Automatic



CLEF 2002 Amaryllis Monolingual - Automatic



Conclusions and Outlook



- Returning groups improve performance and move to new tasks
- If you want top performance in the monolingual, you have to optimize the individual languages
- Groups show flexibility – they adapt lots of ideas, change approaches from year to year, combine new things
- Two of the main issues are merging and feedback
- Challenge will be how to handle the exploding number of “subtasks”
- How can we keep the tasks interesting for “veterans”, while still allowing new groups to catch up?