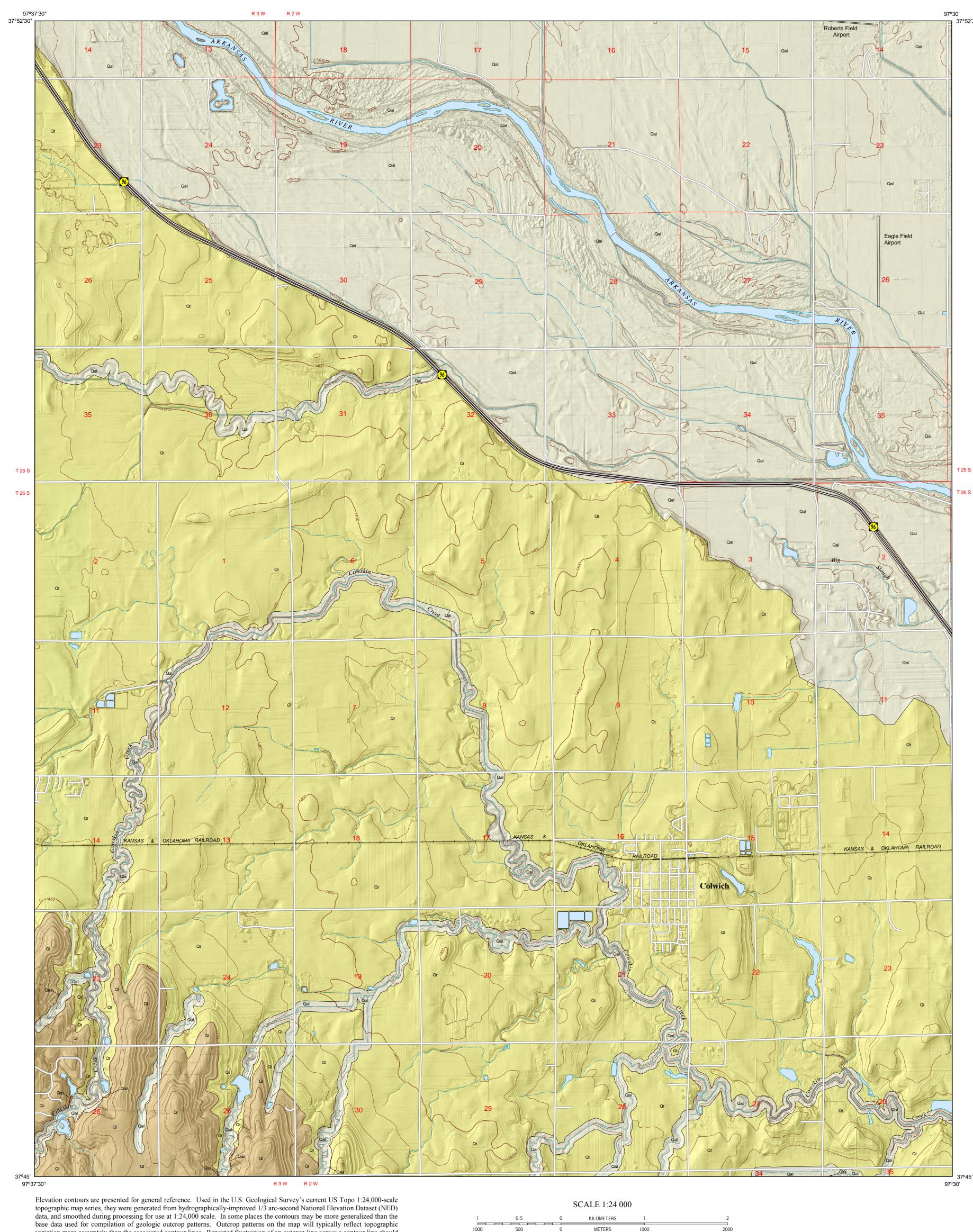
# PRELIMINARY SURFICIAL GEOLOGY OF THE COLWICH QUADRANGLE, SEDGWICK COUNTY, KANSAS

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variation more accurately than the associated contour lines. Repeated fluctuation of an outcrop line across a contour line should be interpreted as an indication that the mapped rock unit is maintaining a relatively constant elevation along a generalized

USGS National Elevation Dataset 1/3-arc-second 15 x 15 minute hillshade grids and 1-m 2009 U.S. Department of Agriculture-Farm Services Agency (USDA-FSA) National Agriculture Imagery Program (NAIP) digital imagery were used as references in the digital mapping. USGS 7.5-min 1:24,000-scale topographic maps, USDA-Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Web Soil Survey Geographic Database (SSURGO), and other geologic maps and bulletins were used to supplement the mapping. Roads and highways are shown on the base map as represented by data from the Kansas Department of Transportation (KDOT), U.S. Census Bureau, and other sources. U.S. Department of Agriculture-Farm Services Agency (USDA-FSA) National Agriculture Imagery Program (NAIP) imagery also was used to check road locations.

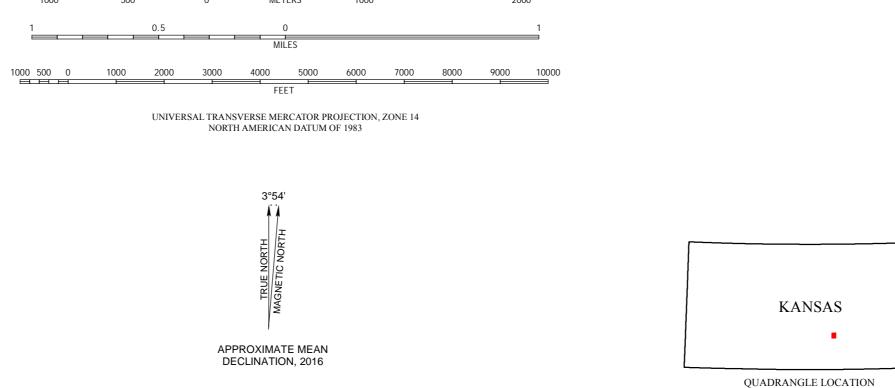
Shaded relief is based on 1-meter hydroflattened bare-earth DEMs from the City of Wichita-Sedgwick County LiDAR project. The original 1-meter DEM images, in ERDAS IMAGINE format, State Plane Kansas-South projection, North American Datum of 1983 (NAD 83), were resampled to 3-meter resolution, mosaicked into a single output DEM, which was reprojected to Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) Zone 14. The output DEM was then converted to a hillshade, a multidirectional shadedrelief image using angles of illumination from 0°, 225°, 270°, and 315° azimuths, each 45° above the horizon, with a 4x vertical

- This geologic map was funded in part by the USGS National Cooperative Geologic Mapping Program, award number
- This map was produced using the ArcGIS system developed by Esri (Environmental Systems Research Institute, Inc.).
- This map is a preliminary product and has had less scientific and cartographic review than the Kansas Geological Survey's Mseries geologic maps. KGS does not guarantee this map to be free from errors or inaccuracies and disclaims any responsibility

### SUGGESTED REFERENCE TO THE MAP

or liability for interpretations made from the map or decisions based thereon.

Parcell, W. C., Dinkel, G. L., and Curtis, M. D., 2016, Preliminary surficial geology of the Colwich quadrangle, Sedgwick County, Kansas: Kansas Geological Survey, Open-File Report 2016-17, scale 1:24,000, unpublished.





### Open-File Report 2016-17

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#### **GEOLOGIC UNITS** CENOZOIC **Quaternary System**

Pleistocene-Holocene

Active sand - Active sand deposits are reworked sediments derived from alluvium, loess and Paleozoic units. The sediments are found along long gentle slopes and in streambeds eroding loess, alluvium and Paleozoic units (Lane and Miller, 1965). The unit is represented by fine to coarse quartz sand and fine to coarse arkosic sand containing minor amounts of silt and clay (Albert and Stramel, 1966), as well as weathered and eroded Paleozoic silt, shale, and carbonates. Thickness of the unit ranges up to 30 feet (Lane and Miller, 1965).

Alluvium — Alluvium in Sedgwick County is fine to coarse sand and fine to coarse arkosic gravel containing minor amounts of silt and clay that grades upward into clayey silt. Alluvium from the Arkansas River is composed of unconsolidated gravel, sand, and silt and has an estimated thickness of 75 feet (Williams and Lohman, 1949). Pleistocene-age alluvium is present to a depth of nearly 50 feet and Pleistocene to possibly Pliocene to a depth of over 180 feet total depth (Lane and Miller, 1965). Alluvium of Quaternary age lines the floodplain of the Little Arkansas River with limited extension up smaller creeks. In certain areas alluvium may form low terraces of 10-20 feet above the floodplain (Aber, 1991). Alluvium found in smaller creeks is composed of finer sediments and is variable in lithology (Moore, Jewett, and O'Connor, 1951). Its source is the shales and carbonates in the Permian Wellington Formation and

Loess — Wind-blown loess deposits in Sedgwick County are tan to pink-tan calcareous silt with zones of caliche and fine sand (Bevans, 1989). The loess ranges from Pleistocene to Holocene in age. Loess covers many of the upland surfaces in Sedgwick County (Welch and Hale, 1987) and rests unconformably on the Permian Wellington Formation and stratigraphically below thick (>5ft)

**Terraces** — Terraces consist of unconsolidated sediments in the Arkansas River floodplain (Lane, 1998). Terraces are predominately gravel, sand, clay, and silt varying in thickness and occasionally contain clay and silt lenses (Bayne and O'Connor 1968). Terraces were subdivided by Bayne (1962) as representing deposition in the Illinoisan Stage (approximately equivalent to marine isotope stage [MIS] 6) and the Wisconsinan Stage (MIS 2 to 5). The older Illinoisan Stage (MIS 6) terrace deposits are primarily silt and sandy silt (Bayne and O'Connor, 1968). Sand and gravel beds are also known to locally contain clay and silt lenses (Bayne and O'Connor, 1968). Loess-derived silts, largely yellowish to reddish-brown in color, are found in the upper portion of these terrace deposits. These loess-derived deposits are approximately 40 feet thick in Sedgwick County. (Lane and Miller, 1965). Later rejuvenation of the Arkansas River during the Wisconsinan Stage (MIS 2-5) caused the river's incision into earlier terrace deposits. This process deposited arkosic sand and gravel and subsequently silt and clay deposits (Bayne, 1962). In south-central Kansas, this unit is derived from Paleozoic and Mesozoic deposits and can reach 55 feet in thickness (Bayne, 1962).

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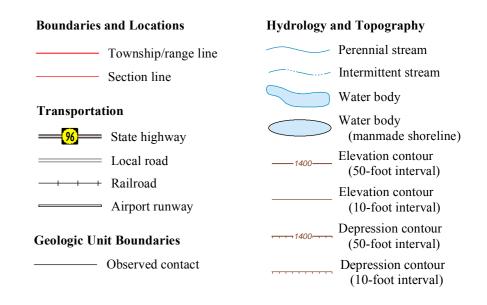
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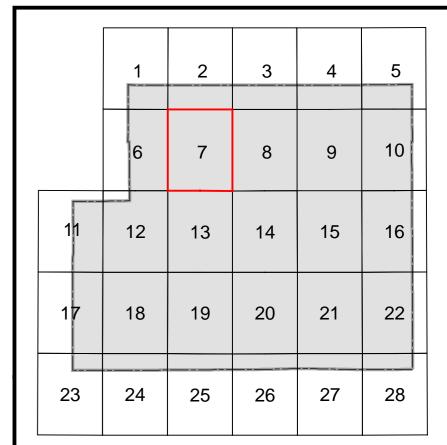
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## **EXPLANATION**





#### SEDGWICK COUNTY QUADRANGLES 15 Wichita East

- 1 Patterson 2 Bentley

- 3 Sedgwick 4 Sedgwick NE
- 5 Whitewater 6 Mount Hope
- 7 Colwich 8 Maize
- 9 Valley Center 10 Greenwich
- 11 Cheney 12 Garden Plain
- 13 Goddard 14 Wichita West
- 24 Conway Springs 25 Millerton 26 Zyba 27 Belle Plaine

16 Andover

17 Cheney SE

18 Lake Afton

19 Clearwater

20 Bayneville

22 Rose Hill

23 Norwich

28 Mulvane

21 Derby