

We can compute the **FF heuristic** directly from a PDDL description and achieve **state-of-the-art performance** among **lifted planners**.

Relaxed Plans Using Annotated Datalog Programs

```

(:action A
  :parameters (?X ?Y)
  :precondition
  (and (P ?X ?Y)
        (S ?X)))
  :effect
  (and (Q ?X)
        (R ?Y)))
(:goal (Q 0))

```

→

```

A-app(X,Y) :- P(X, Y), S(X) [Add A(X, Y) to the plan]
Q(X) :- A-app(X,Y) [ ]
R(Y) :- A-app(X,Y) [ ]
goal() :- Q(0). [ ]

```

Annotations

- Sequence of **instructions**
- **Ground** with the rule
- Executed after **deriving** goal()
- **Backchain** through **achievers**

Transformations

Direct encoding **does not scale**.

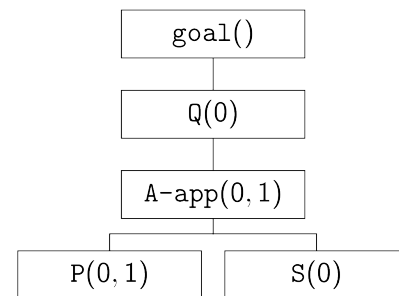
We need to apply **transformations**:

- Rule Splitting
- Rule Merging
- Predicate Collapsing
- Variable Renaming

Semantics preserved with transformations

Example

Justification Tree



Order annotations **bottom-up** and **execute** instructions to compute FF

The FF Heuristic for Lifted Classical Planning

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Heuristics

IPC

HTG

Total

Lifted FF + Lazy P.O.

782

691

1473

Lifted Additive + Lazy P.O.

762

663

1425

Lifted Goalcount + Unary Relax.

575

641

1216

Ground FF + Lazy P.O.

862

595

1457