

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017











City of West Jordan

State of Utah

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

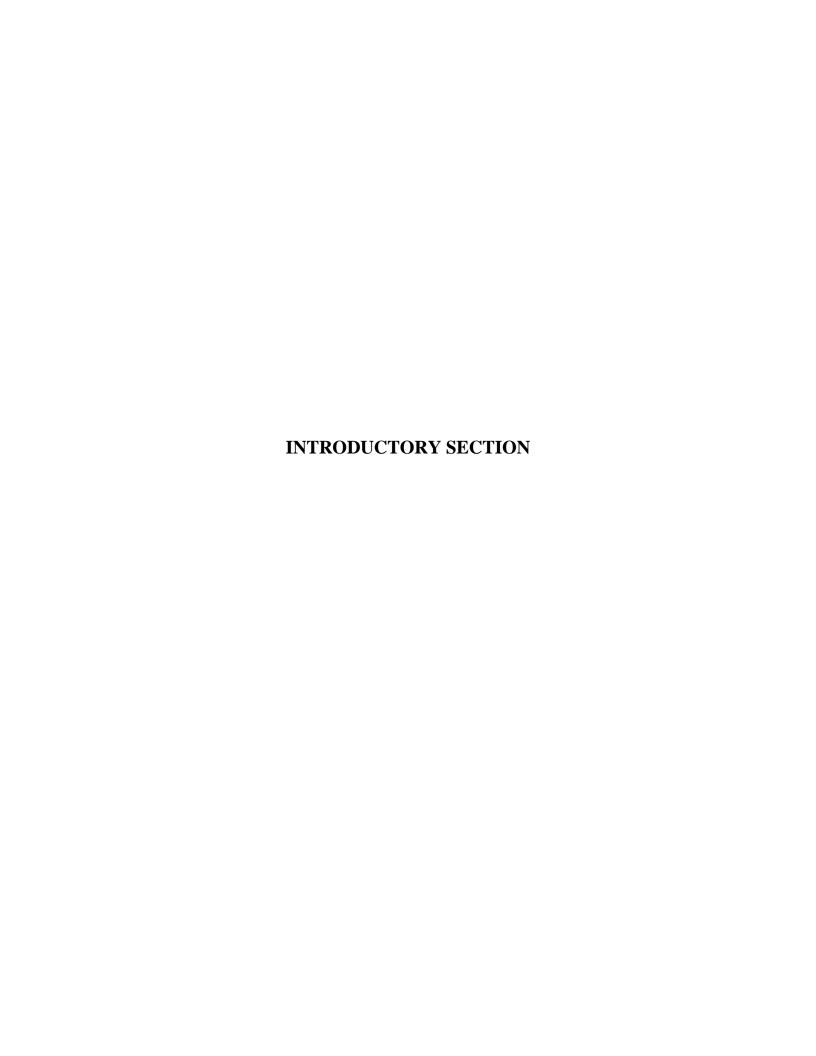
For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

CITY OF WEST JORDAN TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION:	
Letter of Transmittal	1-3
GFOA Certificate of Achievement	
Organizational Chart	
List of Principal Officials.	
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Report of Independent Certified Public Accountants	7-8
Management's Discussion and Analysis	9-19
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	20-21
Statement of Activities	
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	23
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Net Position	24
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Governmental Funds	25-26
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the	
Statement of Activities	27
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	28-29
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances – Budget and Actual – Redevelopment Agency	
Special Revenue Fund	30
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds	31-32
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net	
Position – Proprietary Funds	33-34
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	35-36
Notes to Financial Statements	37-70
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	71
Schedule of Contributions	
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Financial Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	75-76
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	77-78
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	
Fairway Estates Fund	79
Highland SID Fund	
Kraftmaid SID Fund.	
Municipal Building Authority	

CITY OF WEST JORDAN TABLE OF CONTENTS

Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual	92
Capital Support Fund	
Road Capital Improvement Fund	
Parks Capital Improvement Fund	
Buildings Capital Improvement Fund	
Community Development Block Grant Fund	87
Combining Financial Statements – Internal Service Funds	
Internal Service Funds – Combining Statement of Net Position	
Internal Service Funds – Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Posi Internal Service Funds – Combining Statement of Cash Flows	
STATISTICAL SECTION:	
Financial Trends	
Schedule 1 – Net Position by Component	
Schedule 2 – Changes in Net Position	
Schedule 3 – Fund Balances, Governmental Funds	99-100
Schedule 4 – Changes in Fund Balance, Governmental Funds	
Schedule 5 – Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds	105
Revenue Capacity	
Schedule 6 – Direct Taxable Sales by Category	106
Schedule 7 – Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	107
Schedule 8 – Property Tax Levies and Collections	108
Schedule 9 – Direct and Overlapping Sales Tax Rates	109
Schedule 10 – Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	110
Schedule 11 – Principal Sales Tax Payers	111
Schedule 12 – Principal Property Tax Payers	112
Debt Capacity	
Schedule 13 – Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	
Schedule 14 – Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	115
Schedule 15 – Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	
Schedule 16 – Legal Debt Margin Information	
Schedule 17 – Pledged-Revenue Coverage Water Revenue Bonds	
Schedule 18 – Pledged-Revenue Coverage Storm Drain Revenue Bonds	
Schedule 19 – Pledged-Revenue Coverage Sales Tax Revenue Bonds	
Schedule 20 – Pledged-Revenue Coverage Tax Increment Revenue Bonds	
Schedule 21 – Pledged-Revenue Coverage HUD Contract Payable	123
Demographic and Economic Information	
Schedule 22 – Demographic and Economic Statistics	
Schedule 23 – Principal Employers	125
Operating Information	
Schedule 24 – Full-time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function/Program	
Schedule 25 – Operating Indicators by Function/Program	
Schedule 26 - Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	129-130





City of West Jordan

8000 South Redwood Road West Jordan, UT 84088 (801) 569-5000

Letter of Transmittal

November 28, 2017

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of West Jordan:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of West Jordan, Utah (the City) for the Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2017 is submitted herewith. This report has been prepared by the City's Finance Department in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for local governments as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board.

Overview

State law requires that general-purpose local governments publish a complete set of financial statements in accordance with GAAP within six months of the close of each fiscal year. State law also requires that the report be audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a licensed certified public accounting firm.

As required by State law, an annual audit has been completed by Keddington & Christensen, LLC, an independent public accounting firm, in order to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, are free of material misstatements. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is included in the financial section of this report.

The City is required to undergo a federal single audit. Such audits are based on the provisions of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative* Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Information related to the single audit, including the opinion on the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, the auditors' reports on compliance and internal controls over financial reporting in accordance with Generally Accepted Governmental Auditing Standards (GAGAS), and the auditors' report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and internal control over compliance in accordance with Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative* Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), are available in a separate report.

GAAP require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A immediately follows the independent auditors' report.

This CAFR has been prepared by the City's Finance Department. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the presented data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures and supplementary information, rests with the City's management. Management is also responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse; and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The City's internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that these objectives are met.

Government Profile

The City of West Jordan was incorporated on January 10, 1941. The City of West Jordan has a population of 113,699 making it the fourth-largest city in the state, and a city of the first class, as defined by the State of Utah. At build-out, the City is projected to have a population of 175,000. The City of West Jordan is located within the Salt Lake metropolitan area, and is approximately 32.02 square miles in size.

The City provides a full range of services to its businesses and residents. These include police and fire protection, culinary water, sanitary sewer, solid waste and recycling collection and disposal, construction and maintenance of roadways, parks and recreation facilities, street lighting, celebrations, and other cultural events.

West Jordan operates under the council-manager form of municipal government. The City Council, composed of the mayor and six City Council members, is the legislative branch of city government. The mayor and council members each serve four-year terms. The City Council is responsible for passing ordinances, adopting the budget, and appointing committees and the city manager. The city manager, subordinate officers, and employees are the executive branch of city government. The city manager is responsible for directing the day-to-day operations of the city, and for carrying out the ordinances and policies adopted by the City Council.

Component units are entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are considered to be part of governmental operations, and so are included in the City's budget reporting and financial statements.

Utah state law requires the City to adopt a budget for all funds on an annual basis, and requires that all funds maintain a balanced budget, with some limited exceptions. State law also requires that departmental expenditures do not exceed appropriated funding levels, except in cases of emergency (such as a natural disaster). Budgetary control is maintained at the department level for the General Fund and at the fund level for all other funds. Authority to revise approved budgets rests with the City Council, which may be accomplished following the completion of noticing and hearing requirements.

Economic Condition

The national economy continues to expand at a steady rate. The Commerce Department reports that Gross Domestic Product (GDP) grew 3.1 percent in the second quarter of 2017. In the short term, it is expected that the economy will continue to grow at a modest rate with upside potential if tax and regulatory reforms are passed and have the intended consequences. The Federal Reserve increased its target interest rate in December 2016, March 2017 and June 2017. It is widely anticipated that the Federal Reserve, which is in the midst of a tightening cycle, will continue to make interest rate adjustments in the future.

Locally, the Utah economy continues to post solid growth numbers. Zion's Bank reports that the Utah Consumer Attitude index is rated at 115.2 as of June 2017, which has increased during the current year. The Zion's Bank Consumer Price Index posted a 3.2% increase in June, 2017, when compared to the same month the prior year. In West Jordan, the US Bureau of Labor Statistics reports the unemployment rate continues to decline, from 3.7% in 2014 to 3.4% in 2015 and 3.2% in 2016, reaching 3.0% through the first three quarters of 2017. It is not anticipated that unemployment will continue to fall much further, as a rate of 3.0% is generally considered full employment.

Long-term Financial Planning

The City continues to be responsive to trends and the effects of our underlying economy on our ability to sustain city-provided services. Our reporting systems provide adequate tracking and warning of potential problems, and our efforts to design and implement a comprehensive performance-based program and accountability budgeting and management system to improve accountability and transparency are firmly in place.

Growing net position and, consequently, the City's ability to appropriately address any contingency is a priority. In the past year, we were successful in significantly increasing our general operating net position. Our efforts are firmly focused now on the development of a long-term fiscal strategic plan, which will provide policies for financial management, set the philosophy and values of the City pertaining to financial management, provide five-year projections of revenue and expenditures, and prescribe specific methodologies to address the contingencies of the future.

Meanwhile, the City has been and will continue to be judicious in the use of debt financing. Currently, the City enjoys a strong bond rating and remarkably low debt for a typical community of West Jordan's size. Better monitoring and evaluation tools will help assure measured and safe progress while still addressing the challenging needs of a growth community.

Relevant Financial Policies

Cash during the year was invested in the Public Treasurer's Investment Fund, statement savings, and repurchase agreements. The City's investment policy is to minimize credit and market risks while maintaining a competitive yield on its portfolio. The City's bank deposits are un-collateralized and insured up to \$250,000 per institution by the FDIC. Utah operates under state statute allowing investments to be un-collateralized if state guidelines are followed.

The City is self-insured for unemployment costs. The City purchases commercial insurance coverage for liability claims exceeding \$250,000; as well as workers' compensation, property, automobile physical damage and crime coverages. The City pays unused vacation, holiday, compensatory time, and executive leave balances at termination. Retired employees are eligible to apply their remaining unused sick leave toward their monthly health insurance premium at a rate of 40-70%, depending on their length of service. In order to qualify, the employee is required to notify their department head at least one year prior to retirement.

Utah state law requires the City to adopt a budget for all funds on an annual basis, and requires that all funds maintain a balanced budget, with some limited exceptions. State law also requires that departmental expenditures do not exceed appropriated funding levels, except in cases of emergency (such as a natural disaster). Management cannot overspend at the department level without approval of City Council. This may be accomplished following the completion of noticing and hearing requirements.

Awards & Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of West Jordan for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This marks the 36th consecutive year the City has received this award. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award and recognizes the conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, with contents conforming to program standards.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year. This report has been prepared to strictly follow the guidelines recommended by the GFOA, and has been submitted to determine its eligibility for a Certificate of Achievement.

The preparation of this report on a timely basis could not have been accomplished without the efficient and dedicated service of the entire Finance Department staff. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report. In closing, without the leadership and support of the governing body of the City, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully Submitted,

David R. Brickey Interim City Manager Bill Pyper, CPA Finance Director

bill fyge



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

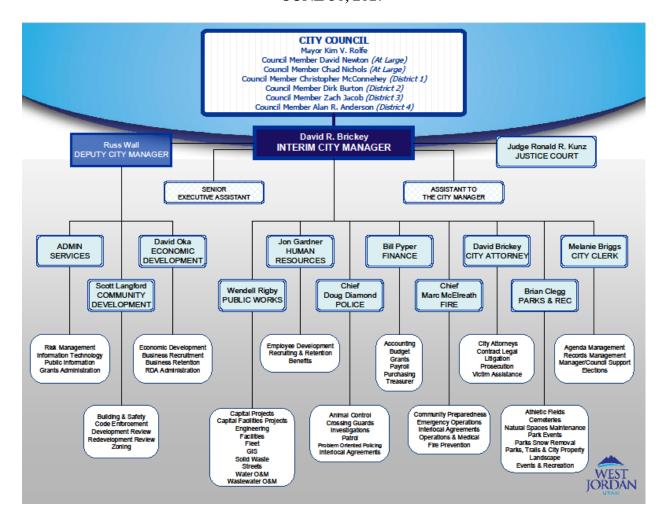
City of West Jordan Utah

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO

CITY OF WEST JORDAN ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2017



CITY OF WEST JORDAN LIST OF PRINCPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2017

PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AS OF THE DATE OF THE REPORT (NOVEMBER 28, 2017)

<u>Title</u>	<u>Name</u>
Mayor	Kim V. Rolfe
Mayor Pro-Tem/Councilmember	Christopher McConnehey
Councilmember	Alan R. Anderson
Councilmember	Dirk Burton
Councilmember	Zach Jacob
Councilmember	David Newton
Councilmember	Chad Nichols
Interim City Manager	David R. Brickey
Interim City Attorney	Paul Dodd
City Clerk	Melanie Briggs
City Treasurer	David Zobell
Chief Information Officer	Michael Oliver
Community Development Director	Scott Langford
Development Director	David Oka
Finance Director	Bill Pyper
Fire Chief	Marc McElreath
Justice Court Judge	Ronald Kunz
Police Chief	Doug Diamond
Public Works Director	Wendell Rigby



Gary K. Keddington, CPA Phyl R. Warnock, CPA Marcus K. Arbuckle, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of West Jordan City of West Jordan, Utah

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of West Jordan, Utah as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of West Jordan, Utah's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business type-activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of West Jordan, Utah as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and the Major Special Revenue Funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, the schedule of the proportionate share of the net pension liability, the schedule of contributions, and the notes to the required supplementary information, as noted on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in the appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplemental Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise City of West Jordan, Utah's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund statements and budgetary comparison schedules, listed as supplemental information in the table of contents, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Report Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated November 28, 2017, on our consideration of City of West Jordan, Utah's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of West Jordan, Utah's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keddington & Christensen, LLC

Salt Lake City, Utah November 28, 2017

Introduction

As management of the City of West Jordan, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to provide an overview of the City's financial activity. It is also intended to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues including identifying changes in the City's financial position, identifying any material deviations from the approved budget, and identifying individual fund issues or concerns. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the Transmittal Letter and the City's financial statements.

Financial Highlights

The City's net position has increased by \$26,823,379. The governmental net position increased by \$21,010,288 and the business-type net position increased by \$5,813,091.

At the close of the current fiscal year, the assets of the City exceeded its liabilities by \$529,756,898. Of this amount, \$40,876,223 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds (reflected on a current financial resource basis) reported combined ending fund balances of \$63,762,992, an increase of \$24,645,083 in comparison with the prior year.

The unassigned fund balance for the General fund at year end was \$10,692,587 or approximately 22.5% of total General fund expenditures. The total fund balance for the General fund has decreased by \$149,270, from the previous year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City of West Jordan's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City of West Jordan is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying events giving rise to the change occur, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of West Jordan that are primarily supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to cover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of West Jordan include general government, community development, police, fire, public works, and parks and recreation. The business-type activities of the City of West Jordan include water, sewer, solid waste, and storm water.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City itself (known as the primary government), but also two legally separate entities, the Redevelopment Agency and the Municipal Building Authority, for which the City is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units is blended with the financial information presented for the primary government itself. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 20-22 of this report.

Fund financial statements – A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of West Jordan, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All funds of the City of West Jordan can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on the near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental net position sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in net positions provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The City maintains eleven individual governmental funds, four major funds, and seven non-major funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental net position sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in net positions for the General fund, the redevelopment agency fund, the capital support fund, and the road capital improvement fund, which are considered major funds. Financial information for the other seven funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 23-30 of this report. The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all governmental funds. The basic financial statements include budgetary comparison statements for the General fund and the redevelopment agency fund to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary funds – The City of West Jordan maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City maintains three individual enterprise funds. Information is presented separately in the proprietary statement of net position and the proprietary statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position for the water fund, sewer fund and the solid waste fund which are all considered major funds. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City of West Jordan uses internal service funds to account for its fleet maintenance, risk management activities and a fund for computer replacement (Information Technologies Fund). Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type activities, they have been included principally within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements but are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in the report. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 31-36 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. Notes to the financial statements are located after the statements for major funds as listed in the table of contents.

Other Information

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found as listed in the table of contents.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. On June 30, 2017, the City's assets exceeded liabilities by \$529,756,898. By far the largest portion, approximately 83.3%, of the City's net position are composed of capital assets, less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. Capital assets are used to provide services to citizens and are not available for future spending. Although the investment in capital assets is reported net of any related outstanding debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

	Government	al Activities	Total				
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 93,775,857 313,080,842	\$ 67,714,223 291,798,443	\$ 36,097,818 184,477,470	\$ 59,907,108 154,134,781	\$ 129,873,675 497,558,312	\$ 127,621,331 445,933,224	
Total assets	406,856,699	359,512,666	220,575,288	214,041,889	627,431,987	573,554,555	
Total deferred outflows of resources	12,259,012	9,416,775	742,040	566,944	13,001,052	9,983,719	
Other liabilities Long-term liabilities outstanding	9,893,183 66,665,895	8,255,492 41,016,126	5,641,964 11,423,730	3,858,509 12,572,740	15,535,147 78,089,625	12,114,001 53,588,866	
Total liabilities	76,559,078	49,271,618	17,065,694	16,431,249	93,624,772	65,702,867	
Total deferred inflows of resources	16,839,132	15,606,157	212,237	151,278	17,051,369	15,757,435	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	267,165,192	269,723,910	174,147,470	168,603,708	441,312,662	438,327,618	
Restricted	43,553,297	18,571,046	3,779,313	5,490,390	47,332,610	24,061,436	
Unrestricted	14,999,012	15,756,710	26,112,614	23,932,208	41,111,626	39,688,918	
Total net position	\$ 325,717,501	\$ 304,051,666	\$ 204,039,397	\$ 198,026,306	\$ 529,756,898	\$ 502,077,972	

A portion of the City's total Net Position, \$47,332,610 (or 8.9%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position in the amount of \$41,111,626 is available to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

City of West Jordan's Changes in Net Position

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016		
Revenues:								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 9,539,982	\$ 9,439,111	\$ 33,990,829	\$ 30,403,815	\$ 43,530,811	\$ 39,842,926		
Operating grants and contributions	4,469,189	4,228,434	16,747	2,353,563	4,485,936	6,581,997		
Capital grants and contributions	23,998,270	5,176,082	7,121,524	4,027,761	31,119,794	9,203,843		
General revenues:					-	-		
Property taxes	17,719,813	17,727,082	-	-	17,719,813	17,727,082		
Sales taxes	18,583,140	17,371,482	-	-	18,583,140	17,371,482		
Other taxes	7,931,648	7,805,965	-	-	7,931,648	7,805,965		
Other revenues	1,431,476	1,391,094	442,991	183,577	1,874,467	1,574,671		
Total revenues	83,673,518	63,139,250	41,572,091	36,968,716	125,245,609	100,107,966		
Expenses:								
General government	8,223,556	8,594,338	_	_	8,223,556	8,594,338		
Community development	3,570,638	2,890,182	_	_	3,570,638	2,890,182		
Police	18,972,747	17,946,143	_	_	18,972,747	17,946,143		
Fire	11,195,725	10,659,715	_	_	11,195,725	10,659,715		
Public works	13,781,430	16,189,593	_	_	13,781,430	16,189,593		
Parks and recreation	5,560,894	4,238,244	_	_	5,560,894	4,238,244		
Interest on long-term debt	1,353,240	657,805	_		1,353,240	657,805		
Water	-,,	-	19,962,566	17,441,884	19,962,566	17,441,884		
Sewer	_	_	8,046,401	8,019,906	8,046,401	8,019,906		
Solid waste	_	_	4,440,314	4,138,162	4,440,314	4,138,162		
Storm water	_	_	2,725,263	2,741,802	2,725,263	2,741,802		
Streetlight	-	-	589,456	-,,,,,,,,	589,456	-,,,,		
Total expenses	62,658,230	61,176,020	35,764,000	32,341,754	98,422,230	93,517,774		
Increase in net position before transfers	21,015,288	1,963,230	5,808,091	4,626,962	26,823,379	6,590,192		
Transfers	(5,000)	50,000	5,000	(50,000)		-		
Increase in net position	21,010,288	2,013,230	5,813,091	4,576,962	26,823,379	6,590,192		
Net position - beginning of year	304,051,666	302,537,714	198,026,306	191,903,133	502,077,972	494,440,847		
Prior period adjustment	655,547	(499,278)	200,000	1,546,211	855,547	1,046,933		
Net position - end of year	\$ 325,717,501	\$ 304,051,666	\$ 204,039,397	\$ 198,026,306	\$ 529,756,898	\$ 502,077,972		

Governmental activities – Functions that the City performs which are supported by the collection of taxes and intergovernmental revenues are "governmental activities."

In the current year, governmental activities increased the City's net position by \$21,010,288. Key elements of the City governmental activities are as follows:

- The City received \$18,822,188 more than the previous year from Capital Grants and Contributions. This is the result of donations of land and infrastructure by developers and Utah Department of Transportation.
- Sales tax revenue increased \$1,211,658. The increase is likely a result of an increase in consumer confidence in the national economy.

Proprietary funds – The City performs some functions, referred to as "business-type activities," that are not supported by tax revenue. It is intended that these functions are funded through either user fees or charges for service.

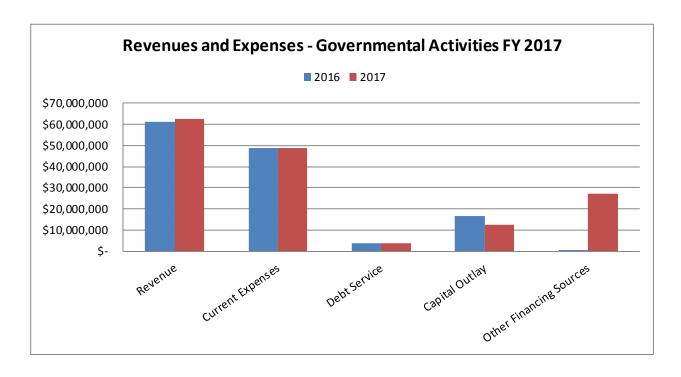
In the current year, business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$5,813,091. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

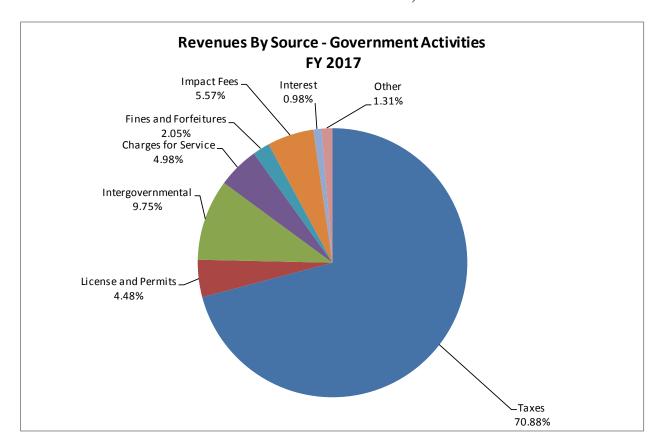
- The City's business-type activities received \$16,747 from operating grants and contributions and \$7,121,524 from capital grants and contributions.
- The majority of these contributions include capital assets donated to the City by developers (\$3,823,977) and impact fees (\$3,297,547) used to fund capital projects required by new growth and development within the City.
- Charges for services increased in the business-type activities by a net amount of \$3,587,014 over the previous year.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of West Jordan uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The following is a graph that displays revenues and expenses, and a graph that displays revenue by source for the City's fiscal year 2017 governmental activities:





The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financial requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance in the General fund and assigned funds in other governmental funds may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$63,762,992, a net increase from the previous year of \$24,645,083.

Of the ending fund balance, 1.2% (\$745,873) is in a non-spendable form, including prepaid expenditures and receivables.

Another 68.7% (\$43,788,700) constitutes restricted fund balance. The funds are restricted by enabling legislation, third-party creditors or grantors, debt service payments, or capital projects funded through bond proceeds, C-road revenues, and impact fee revenues.

Committed fund balance is 0% (\$0) of the total fund balances. Committed funds are not available for new spending because they can only be used for specific purposes, pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council, through contracts or legislation.

The remainder of the fund balance is comprised of both assigned and unassigned amounts, totaling \$19,228,419, and represents the amounts available for spending at the government's discretion. Of this total, 52.6% (\$10,115,641) is assigned and 47.4% (\$9,112,778) is unassigned.

The General fund is the chief operating fund of the City of West Jordan. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned and assigned fund balance of the General fund was \$10,692,587 and \$46,728 respectively. Total fund balance reached \$16,838,043. As a measure of the General fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 22.5% of total General fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 35.5% of that same amount.

The City's total General fund fund balance experienced a \$149,270 decrease during the current fiscal year. Total revenues in the General fund were \$12,837 lower than the final budget amount. The decrease in the General fund is due in part to an increase in expenditures for salary and benefits. These increases allowed the city to retain more of their workforce and resulted in less turnover savings. This decrease is also due to transfers of funds for capital projects. Of the total fund balance, restricted fund balance decreased by \$460,243. Restricted cash in the General fund represents C-Road revenue restricted for qualifying road maintenance and road capital projects. Utah Code Section 17-36-16(3) provides a floor set at 5% of the total budgeted General fund revenues, below which cities may not spend their resources, except in emergencies. As of June 30, 2017, the City's General fund unassigned fund balance is 20.7% of fiscal year 2017 General fund revenues.

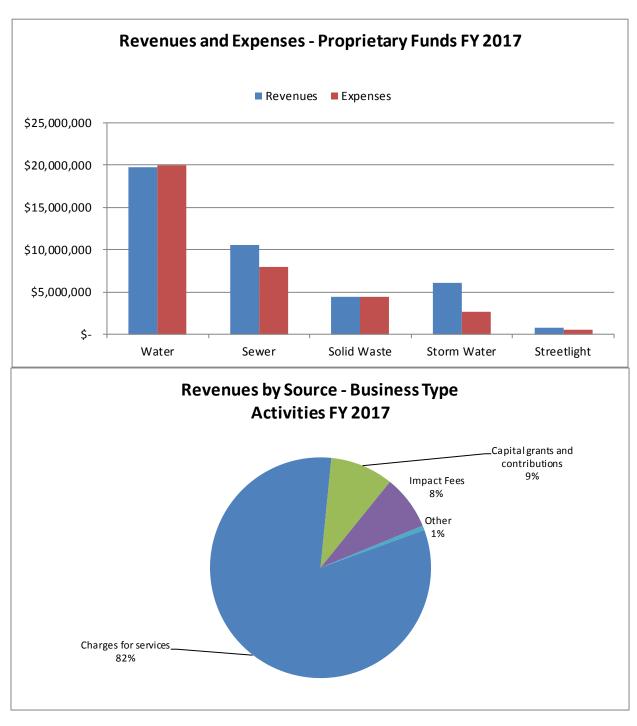
Unassigned fund balance was \$10,692,587, an increase in comparison to the prior year unassigned fund balance in the amount of \$1,267,845.

The Redevelopment Agency fund had a total fund balance of \$7,063,821, an increase from the previous year in the amount of \$2,023,949. The increase results from a decrease in expenditures. The Redevelopment Agency fund has fund balance restricted for debt service in the amount of \$1,195,569.

The Municipal Building Authority has a fund balance of \$24,399,991, an increase in the amount of \$22,413,028 from the prior year. The Municipal Building Authority issued debt of \$27,275,356 and incurred expenditures of \$5,074,247 during the current fiscal year.

The Road Capital Improvement fund has a total fund balance of \$8,992,628, an increase from the prior year of \$566,067. The projects in the Road Capital Improvement fund are funded by impact fee revenues, telecommunication tax revenues transferred from the General fund, and B&C Road fund revenues transferred in from the General fund. Fund balance in the Road Capital Improvement fund is restricted for road projects.

Proprietary funds –The City performs some functions, referred to as "business-type activities," that are not supported by tax revenue. It is intended that these functions are funded through either user fees or charges for service. Following is a graph that displays the revenues and expenses, and a graph the displays revenue by source for the City's fiscal 2017 enterprise funds, which are the business activities:



The City of West Jordan's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements business-type activities, but in more detail.

At the end of the year, unrestricted net position in the water fund was \$4,751,727. In the current year, the water fund had a net operating loss of \$2,546,513, compared to an operating loss of \$1,237,112 in fiscal year 2016.

Unrestricted net position of the sewer fund was \$9,664,248 as of June 30, 2017. This total increased due to the fund having an operating income of \$807,045. The unrestricted net position in solid waste are \$5,653,504, remaining relatively unchanged from the previous year. Unrestricted net position in the storm water fund was \$6,048,401 as of June 30, 2017.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

During the year, there was an increase in appropriation between the original and final amended budget of the Gneral fund in the amount of \$7,753,269 and can be briefly summarized as follows:

- Budgeted intergovernmental and miscellaneous revenues were increased \$55,202 and \$8,234, respectively.
- Charges for services were decreased \$400,000.
- The city increased budgeted expenditures for C-Road projects in the amount of \$281,840.
- Budgeted transfers out to the Road Capital and Park Capital Funds were increased \$5,620,732 and \$300,000, respectively.
- Budgeted expenditures (not including C-Road Projects and transfers out) increased in the amount of \$1,663,265, reflecting increased budget in the following departments: general government, community development, police and public works. Budgeted expenditures for the fire department and parks and recreation were decreased \$449,132.

Based on budgeted revenues and expenditures, fund balance was projected to decrease in the amount of \$6,213,183. During the year, expenditures were \$4,445,607 less than budgeted, while transfers out were \$9,484,412 less than budgeted. The transfers were primarily due to C-Road capital projects that were budgeted, but not completed in fiscal year 2017. The lower expenditures were primarily a result of unfilled personnel positions and carryover projects. The variance in revenues combined with the variance in expenditures resulted in a net position decrease in the amount of \$149,270.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets – The City of West Jordan's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2017 amounts to \$475,062,014, (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, water rights, construction in process, machinery and equipment, computer equipment, building, building improvements, improvements other than buildings, and infrastructure.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Infrastructure and land were donated to the City by developers and became the City's responsibility to maintain. The estimated fair value of the infrastructure and land donated in the proprietary funds totaled \$3,823,977.
- The City spent the following amounts for improvements over the course of the fiscal year: \$6,430,834 on roads, \$1,427,784 on parks, \$4,761,846 on buildings, \$3,599,815 on storm water, \$2,691,553 on water, and \$1,072,135 on sewer.

City of West Jordan's Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	Government	al Activities		Business-ty	pe A	ctivities	Total			
	2017	2016		2017		2016	2017	2016		
Land	\$ 160,910,584	\$ 160,433,842	\$	\$ 4,498,262		4,498,262	\$ 165,408,846	\$ 164,932,104		
Water rights	-	-		283,731	283,731		283,731 283,731			
Infrastructure	90,594,932	83,893,024		-		- 90,594,932		83,893,024		
Buildings	18,354,746	18,951,068		84,907		90,600 18,439,653		19,041,668		
Improvements other than buildings	28,706,692	14,212,997		157,097,879		149,235,767 185,804,571		163,448,764		
Machinery and equipment	5,729,868	6,114,008		16,393		26,421	5,746,261	6,140,429		
Construction in progress	8,784,020	8,193,504						-	8,784,020	8,193,504
	\$ 313,080,842	\$ 291,798,443	\$ 161,981,172		161,981,172		\$ 475,062,014	\$ 445,933,224		

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 4 to the basic financial statements.

Long-term debt – At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had \$63,495,458 in outstanding long-term debt.

City of West Jordan's Outstanding Debt

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total				
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016			
Revenue bonds	\$ 33,220,000	\$ 9,880,000	\$ 10,330,000	\$ 11,590,000	\$ 43,550,000	\$ 21,470,000			
Special assessment bonds	2,706,000	3,008,000	-	-	2,706,000	3,008,000			
General obligation bonds	5,420,000	6,045,000	-	-	5,420,000	6,045,000			
Unamortized premiums	2,253,964	-	-	-	2,253,964	-			
Unamortized discounts	(19,286)	(25,555)	-	-	(19,286)	(25,555)			
Capital leases	2,070,123	2,769,018	-	-	2,070,123	2,769,018			
Other liabilities	7,265,928	7,475,813	248,729	253,607	7,514,657	7,729,420			
	\$ 52,916,729	\$ 29,152,276	\$ 10,578,729	\$ 11,843,607	\$ 63,495,458	\$ 40,995,883			

The City's total debt (including compensated absences and other long-term liabilities) increased in the amount of \$22,499,575 during the current fiscal year. The net change is a result of normally scheduled debt service payments in the amount of \$4,645,895, compensated absences of \$560,474 and amortization of discounts, premiums and refunding cost in the amount of \$55,123. During fiscal year 2017, the City issued lease revenue bonds in the amount of \$24,960,000 to construct a public works facility.

The City's bond rating is Aa3 for its lease revenue bonds, sales tax bonds, and general obligation bonds. The City has \$5,420,000 in outstanding general obligation debt as of June 30, 2017. The Utah Constitution limits general obligation debt to 4% of the market value of real property. Considering present market value, the City's debt limit is \$378,585,463.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 to the basic financial statements.

Economic Factors and the Next Year's Budgets and Rates

In fiscal year 2017, sales tax revenue increased 7.0% over the previous year. Sales tax revenue for fiscal year 2018 is budgeted to be slightly higher than fiscal year 2017. The most recent sales tax revenue estimates project actual sales tax revenues to be slightly above the original budget.

During the Fiscal Year 2018 budget process, the City approved several major capital projects.

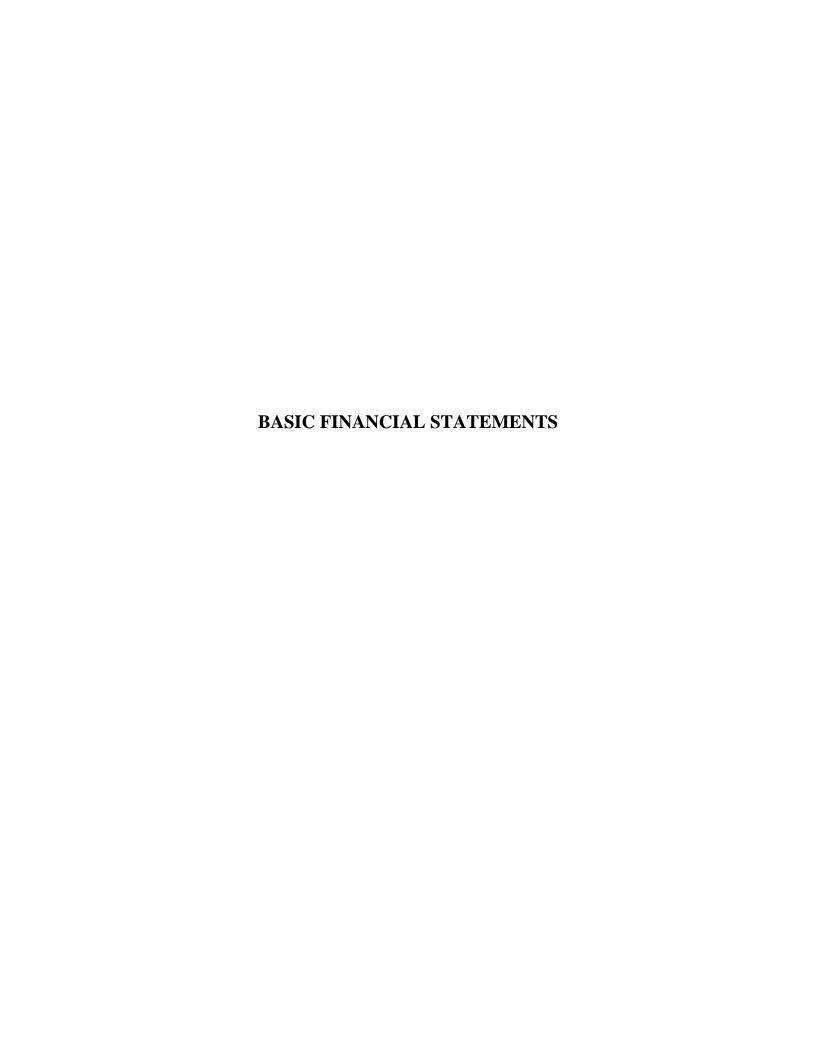
• The City plans to issue lease revenue bonds in the amount of \$20,000,000 to construct water infrastructure.

Development activity is expected to continue to grow in the near future. This trend will result in revenue increases from impact and building permit fees, as well as other general revenues. Interest in future development on the City's west side continues to be relatively strong for both residential and commercial.

City Council and management will continue to monitor the economic outlook and proactively deal with the challenges the City is experiencing.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of West Jordan's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Finance Department, 8000 South Redwood Road, West Jordan, Utah, 84088.



CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

	overnmental Activities	usiness-type Activities	 Total
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 23,382,183	\$ 20,491,871	\$ 43,874,054
Accounts receivable, net	905,123	5,774,847	6,679,970
Taxes receivable	18,644,036	-	18,644,036
Loans receivable	689,081	-	689,081
Intergovernmental receivable	206,711	-	206,711
Internal balances	199,089	(199,089)	-
Prepaid items	753,666	-	753,666
Inventory	38,762	398,839	437,601
Investment in joint venture	-	4,739,725	4,739,725
Restricted assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	48,944,381	4,890,837	53,835,218
Intangible	-	22,496,298	22,496,298
Capital assets not being depreciated	169,694,604	4,781,993	174,476,597
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	143,386,238	157,199,179	300,585,417
Net pension asset	 12,825	 788	 13,613
Total Assets	 406,856,699	 220,575,288	 627,431,987
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pensions	12,073,861	742,040	12,815,901
Deferred charge on refunding	185,151		 185,151
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	12,259,012	742,040	 13,001,052
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 419,115,711	\$ 221,317,328	\$ 640,433,039

CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION (Continued) June 30, 2017

	Governmental Activities		B1	usiness-type Activities		Total
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	1,996,446	\$	4,333,161	\$	6,329,607
Accrued liabilities		2,079,326		83,442		2,162,768
Accrued interest		383,475		46,262		429,737
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:						
Accounts payable		3,230,991		1,068,679		4,299,670
Deposits		2,160,093		42,845		2,202,938
Accrued liabilities		-		-		=
Unearned revenue		42,852		67,575		110,427
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year:						
Compensated absences		3,123,736		128,538		3,252,274
Bonds payable		2,245,000		1,300,000		3,545,000
Capital leases		693,674		-		693,674
Contracts payable		145,000		-		145,000
Due in more than one year:						
Compensated absences		3,692,192		120,191		3,812,383
Bonds payable		41,335,678		9,030,000		50,365,678
Capital leases		1,376,449		-		1,376,449
Contracts payable		305,000		-		305,000
Net pension liability		13,749,166		845,001		14,594,167
Total Liabilities		76,559,078		17,065,694		93,624,772
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
Pensions		3,453,352		212,237		3,665,589
Deferred revenue-property taxes		13,385,780				13,385,780
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		16,839,132		212,237		17,051,369
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets		267,165,192		174,147,470		441,312,662
Restricted for:						
Projects		18,320,319		3,779,313		22,099,632
Debt service		25,057,400		-		25,057,400
Community development		175,578		-		175,578
Unrestricted		14,999,012	26,112,614 41,111,6			
Total Net Position		325,717,501		204,039,397		529,756,898
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Net Position	\$	419,115,711	\$	221,317,328	\$	640,433,039

CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

				Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position																		
	1		Expenses		Expenses		Expenses		Fynenses		Expenses		E			Charges for Services	G	perating rants and ntributions		Capital Frants and Intributions	_	overnmental Activities	В	usiness-type Activities		Total
Functions/Programs																										
Government Activities																										
General governmental	\$	8,223,556	\$	2,167,320	\$	48,617	\$	-	\$	(6,007,619)	\$	-	\$	(6,007,619)												
Community development		3,570,638		3,496,111		-		2,380		(72,147)		-		(72,147)												
Police		18,972,747		963,457		71,601		101,822		(17,835,867)		-		(17,835,867)												
Fire		11,195,725		1,809,865		69,664		183,872		(9,132,324)		-		(9,132,324)												
Public Works		13,781,430		847,858		4,100,311		22,777,856		13,944,595		-		13,944,595												
Parks and recreation		5,560,894		255,371		178,996		932,340		(4,194,187)		-		(4,194,187)												
Interest on long-term debt		1,353,240						_		(1,353,240)				(1,353,240)												
Total Governmental Activities		62,658,230		9,539,982		4,469,189		23,998,270		(24,650,789)		-		(24,650,789)												
Business-type Activities																										
Water		19,962,566		17,260,761		16,747		2,447,865		-		(237,193)		(237,193)												
Sewer		8,046,401		8,804,803		-		1,619,023		-		2,377,425		2,377,425												
Solid Waste		4,440,314		4,231,374		-		-		_		(208,940)		(208,940)												
Storm Water		2,725,263		2,966,459		-		3,054,636		_		3,295,832		3,295,832												
Streetlight		589,456		727,432				-				137,976		137,976												
Total Business-type Activities		35,764,000		33,990,829		16,747		7,121,524		-		5,365,100		5,365,100												
Total Government	\$	98,422,230	\$	43,530,811	\$	4,485,936	\$	31,119,794		(24,650,789)		5,365,100		(19,285,689)												
				General I	2evenues																					
				Propert						12,912,284		_		12,912,284												
				•	•	or redevelopmen	t agency			3,772,971		_		3,772,971												
				Sales ta						18,583,140		_		18,583,140												
					ise taxes					7,931,648		_		7,931,648												
						perty taxes				1,034,558		_		1,034,558												
					-	apital assets				422,433		_		422,433												
						estment earnings				514,856		275,371		790,227												
				Miscell						494,187		167,620		661,807												
				Transfers	s					(5,000)		5,000														
				Total G	eneral R	evenues and Tra	nsfers			45,661,077		447,991		46,109,068												
				Changes	in Net Po	sition				21,010,288		5,813,091		26,823,379												
				Net Posit	ion, Begi	nning				304,051,666		198,026,306		502,077,972												
				Prior Per	iod Adjus	tments				655,547		200,000		855,547												
				Net Posit	ion, Endi	ng			\$	325,717,501	\$	204,039,397	\$	529,756,898												

CITY OF WEST JORDAN BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

	 General	Re	edevelopment Agency	Municipal Building Authority		Road Capital Improvement Fund		Improvement		Improvement		Other overnmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
Assets														
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,324,084	\$	10,360,716	\$ 2,071,868	\$	-	\$	2,061,781	\$	16,818,449				
Accounts receivable - net	901,570		-	-		-		3,553		905,123				
Taxes receivable	17,238,609		636,345	-		-		769,082		18,644,036				
Loans receivable	-		-	-		-		689,081		689,081				
Prepaid items	56,792		-	-		-		-		56,792				
Due from other governments	-		-	-		-		206,711		206,711				
Due from other fund	5,575,698		-	-		-		-		5,575,698				
Restricted assets:														
Cash and cash equivalents	 8,242,532		1,195,569	 24,659,369		10,313,589		4,533,322		48,944,381				
Total Assets	\$ 34,339,285	\$	12,192,630	\$ 26,731,237	\$	10,313,589	\$	8,263,530	\$	91,840,271				
Liabilities														
Accounts payable	\$ 845,255	\$	1,964	\$ -	\$	178,853	\$	221,774	\$	1,247,846				
Accrued liabilities	2,064,318		-	-		-		2,094		2,066,412				
Unearned revenue	42,852		-	-		-		-		42,852				
Due to other funds	· -		4,490,500	-		290,489		794,709		5,575,698				
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:														
Accounts payable	40,503		-	2,331,246		851,619		7,623		3,230,991				
Deposits	 2,160,093		-			<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		2,160,093				
Total Liabilities	5,153,021		4,492,464	2,331,246		1,320,961		1,026,200		14,323,892				
Deferred Inflows of Resources														
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	11,980,614		636,345	-		-		768,821		13,385,780				
Unavailable revenue-ambulance	 367,607		<u> </u>			=				367,607				
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	 12,348,221	,	636,345					768,821		13,753,387				
Fund Balance														
Nonspendable	56,792		_	_		_		689,081		745,873				
Restricted	6,041,936		1,195,569	22,328,123		9,461,970		4,525,699		43,553,297				
Assigned	46,728		5,868,252	2,071,868		-,,		2,128,793		10,115,641				
Unassigned	10,692,587		-	-		(469,342)		(875,064)		9,348,181				
Total Fund Balances	16,838,043		7,063,821	24,399,991		8,992,628		6,468,509		63,762,992				
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of														
Resources, and Fund Balance	\$ 34,339,285	\$	12,192,630	\$ 26,731,237	\$	10,313,589	\$	8,263,530	\$	91,840,271				

CITY OF WEST JORDAN RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Total fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 63,762,992
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	307,290,230
Accrued interest expense is not due and payable in the current period and therefore is not recorded in the funds.	(365,841)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds, capital leases, notes, and compensated absences, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(50,836,555)
Deferred outflows relating to the loss on refunding of debt is not current available resources and therefore is not included in the funds.	185,151
Pension liabilities, pensions assets, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources relating to pensions are not current available resources, and are therefore not included in the governmental funds.	(5,115,832)
Certain revenue is deferred in the governmental funds but is not in the statement of net position because it qualifies for recognition under the economic resources measurement focus.	367,607
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance, information technology, and risk management to other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund is included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position. This is the net effect of the assets, and liabilities of the internal service funds.	 10,429,749
Total net position - governmental activities	\$ 325,717,501

CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

		General		levelopment Agency	I	Aunicipal Building Authority		oad Capital provement Fund	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues	_		_		_		_		_		_	
Taxes	\$	38,587,972	\$	3,780,491	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,873,658	\$	44,242,121
Licenses and permits		2,796,975		-		-		-		-		2,796,975
Intergovernmental		5,199,302		-		-		80,600		809,322		6,089,224
Charges for services		3,111,151		-		-		-		37,085		3,148,236
Fines and forfeitures		1,283,137		-		-		-		-		1,283,137
Impact fees		-		-		-		2,318,915		1,160,082		3,478,997
Interest		118,363		112,235		211,919		95,965		73,108		611,590
Miscellaneous		582,152		-		-		238,507		=		820,659
Total Revenues		51,679,052		3,892,726		211,919		2,733,987		3,953,255		62,470,939
Expenditures												
Current:												
General government		7,789,359		-		-		-		-		7,789,359
Community development		2,325,817		899,273		-		-		298,279		3,523,369
Police		18,005,651		-		-		-		-		18,005,651
Fire		10,665,418		-		-		-		-		10,665,418
Public works		4,942,593		-		-		-		-		4,942,593
Parks and recreation		3,652,474		-		-		-		29,032		3,681,506
Debt service:												
Principal		51,356		700,000		-		-		1,987,000		2,738,356
Interest		1,523		67,887		563,914		-		446,172		1,079,496
Capital outlay:												
Parks		-		-		-		-		1,427,784		1,427,784
Buildings		-		-		4,510,333		-		251,513		4,761,846
Roads								6,207,051		223,783		6,430,834
Total Expenditures	\$	47,434,191	\$	1,667,160	\$	5,074,247	\$	6,207,051	\$	4,663,563	\$	65,046,212

CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued)

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	General	Redevelopment Agency	Municipal Building Authority	Road Capital Improvement Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 4,244,861	\$ 2,225,566	\$ (4,862,328)	\$ (3,473,064)	\$ (710,308)	\$ (2,575,273)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	-	-	-	4,039,131	744,984	4,784,115
Transfers out	(4,394,131)	(201,617)	-	-	(243,367)	(4,839,115)
Issuance of debt	-	-	24,960,000	-	-	24,960,000
Premium on issuance of debt			2,315,356			2,315,356
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	(4,394,131)	(201,617)	27,275,356	4,039,131	501,617	27,220,356
Net Change in Fund Balances	(149,270)	2,023,949	22,413,028	566,067	(208,691)	24,645,083
Fund Balance, Beginning	16,987,313	5,039,872	1,986,963	8,426,561	6,021,653	38,462,362
Prior Period Adjustment					655,547	655,547
Fund Balance, Ending	\$ 16,838,043	\$ 7,063,821	\$ 24,399,991	\$ 8,992,628	\$ 6,468,509	\$ 63,762,992

CITY OF WEST JORDAN

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 24,645,083
Governmental funds have reported capital outlays, past and present, as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	(7,874,139)
Governmental funds report current capital outlays as expenditures. However, these expenditures are reported as capital assets in the Statement of Net Position.	9,190,085
Governmental funds do not report contributions of infrastructure from developers as a revenue in the governmental statements. It is recorded as part of the government-wide presentation.	20,214,708
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds) provide current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt uses current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items:	(24,537,000)
The Statement of Activities reports net pension expense and benefit expense from application of GASB 68, which is not reported in the fund statements.	(43,647)
In the Statement of Activities, the amortization of bond premiums and discounts is recorded.	55,123
In the Statement of Activities, accrued interest on debt is recorded.	(274,917)
The Statement of Activities reports the allocation of the deferred loss on bond refunding as interest expense, which is not reported on the fund statements.	(6,779)
The long-term portion of accrued leave does not require the use of current financial resources and therefore is not recorded as an expenditure in the funds.	68,687
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.	112,825
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of fleet maintenance, information technology, and risk management to individual funds. The net revenues or (costs) of these activities are eliminated at the government-wide level and a portion is allocated to the governmental activities.	(539,741)
Change in net position - governmental activities	\$ 21,010,288

CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with final budget	
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 38,818,780	\$ 38,818,780	\$ 38,587,972	\$ (230,808)	
Licenses and permits	2,410,470	2,410,470	2,796,975	386,505	
Intergovernmental revenues	4,643,141	4,698,343	5,199,302	500,959	
Charges for services	3,988,950	3,588,950	3,111,151	(477,799)	
Fines and forfeitures	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,283,137	(216,863)	
Interest income	58,000	58,000	118,363	60,363	
Miscellaneous	609,112	617,346	582,152	(35,194)	
Total Revenues	52,028,453	51,691,889	51,679,052	(12,837)	
Expenditures					
General government:					
Mayor & City Council	421,515	421,515	438,489	(16,974)	
Court	767,312	767,312	732,607	34,705	
City manager	501,364	501,364	361,319	140,045	
Events	501,465	501,465	472,188	29,277	
Human resources	358,449	358,449	338,107	20,342	
Information technologies	1,248,119	1,248,119	853,031	395,088	
Finance	897,180	897,180	733,195	163,985	
Recorder	255,557	255,557	261,941	(6,384)	
Attorney	1,144,530	1,205,007	1,057,344	147,663	
Non-departmental	555,971	1,625,971	1,331,239	294,732	
Facilities	1,169,663	1,443,576	1,209,899	233,677	
Total general government	7,821,125	9,225,515	7,789,359	1,436,156	
Community develoment:					
Economic development	192,027	232,443	154,794	77,649	
Planning and zoning	1,287,782	1,287,782	1,243,867	43,915	
Building safety	914,581	990,437	927,156	63,281	
Total community development	2,394,390	2,510,662	2,325,817	184,845	
Police:					
Support services	8,865,303	8,885,689	8,259,482	626,207	
Line services	9,404,311	9,436,308	9,173,450	262,858	
Animal control	598,725	598,725	572,719	26,006	
Total police	\$ 18,868,339	\$ 18,920,722	\$ 18,005,651	\$ 915,071	

CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND (Continued) For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original Final		Actual Amounts	Variance with final budget	
Expenditures (continued)	Original		Timounus		
Fire	\$ 11,008,699	\$ 10,829,160	\$ 10,665,418	\$ 163,742	
Public works:					
Highway and streets	2,765,934	2,765,934	2,164,104	601,830	
C road projects	1,210,590	1,492,430	1,322,460	169,970	
Administration	702,520	752,524	654,787	97,737	
Engineering	1,004,813	1,045,029	801,242	243,787	
Total public works	5,683,857	6,055,917	4,942,593	1,113,324	
Parks and recreation:					
Parks	4,427,684	4,156,591	3,527,074	629,517	
Cemeteries	127,852	129,352	125,400	3,952	
Total parks and recreation	4,555,536	4,285,943	3,652,474	633,469	
Debt service:					
Principal	51,879	51,879	51,356	523	
Interest	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1,523	(1,523)	
Total debt service	51,879	51,879	52,879	(1,000)	
Total Expeditures	50,383,825	51,879,798	47,434,191	4,445,607	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	1,644,628	(187,909)	4,244,861	4,432,770	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out	(7,957,811)	(13,878,543)	(4,394,131)	9,484,412	
Sale of capital assets	100,000	100,000		(100,000)	
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(7,857,811)	(13,778,543)	(4,394,131)	9,384,412	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (6,213,183)	\$ (13,966,452)	(149,270)	\$ 13,817,182	
Fund Balance, Beginning			16,987,313		
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ 16,838,043		

CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts							
						Actual	Vai	riance with
		Original		Final		Amounts	fin	al budget
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	4,136,309	\$	4,136,309	\$	3,780,491	\$	(355,818)
Interest						112,235		112,235
Total Revenues		4,136,309		4,136,309		3,892,726		(243,583)
Expenditures								
Community development		2,475,678		2,488,051		899,273		1,588,778
Debt Service:								
Principal		700,000		700,000		700,000		-
Interest		67,438		67,438		67,887		(449)
Total Expenditures		3,243,116		3,255,489		1,667,160		1,588,329
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		893,193		880,820		2,225,566		1,344,746
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(201,617)		(201,617)		(201,617)		
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)		(201,617)		(201,617)		(201,617)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	691,576	\$	679,203		2,023,949	\$	1,344,746
Fund Balance, Beginning						5,039,872		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	7,063,821		

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds											Governmental		
		Water		Sewer	So	olid Waste	St	orm Water	St	reetlight	1	Total Enterprise]	ctivities - Internal rvice Funds
Assets														
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable, net Prepaid items Inventory	\$	4,184,422 3,517,393 - 398,839	\$	9,330,867 1,126,092	\$	609,966 629,462 -	\$	6,215,362 427,881	\$	151,254 74,019 -	\$	20,491,871 5,774,847 - 398,839	\$	6,563,734 - 696,874 38,762
Total Current Assets		8,100,654		10,456,959		1,239,428		6,643,243		225,273		26,665,557		7,299,370
		6,100,034		10,430,939		1,239,426		0,043,243		223,213		20,003,337		1,299,310
Noncurrent Assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents Intangible asset Investment in joint venture Capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Net pension asset		1,688,591 - - 3,369,049 84,960,083 480		22,496,298 - - 35,328,987 224		4,739,725 - - 23		3,202,246 - - 1,412,944 36,910,109 61		- - - - -		4,890,837 22,496,298 4,739,725 4,781,993 157,199,179 788		- - 114,950 5,675,662
Total Noncurrent Assets		90,018,203		57,825,509		4,739,748		41,525,360				194,108,820		5,790,612
Total Assets	•	98,118,857		68,282,468		5,979,176		48,168,603		225,273		220,774,377		13,089,982
Deferred Outflows of Resources Pensions		452,401		210,180		21,787		57,672		-		742,040		<u>-</u>
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	98,571,258	\$	68,492,648	\$	6,000,963	\$	48,226,275	\$	225,273	\$	221,516,417	\$	13,089,982
Liabilities														
Current Liabilities														
Accounts payable Other liabilities Accrued interest Payable from restricted assets:	\$	2,927,729 35,457 8,048	\$	599,384 24,596 -	\$	308,827 4,365	\$	465,771 19,024 38,214	\$	31,450	\$	4,333,161 83,442 46,262	\$	748,602 12,914 17,634
Accounts payable Deposits Unearned revenue		139,598 42,845 67,575		498,635		- - -		430,446		- - -		1,068,679 42,845 67,575		
Current portion, compensated absences Current portion, bonds payable Current portion, capital lease payable		58,207 690,000		39,685		3,225		27,421 610,000		- - -		128,538 1,300,000		24,662 - 659,645
Total Current Liabilities	\$	3,969,459	\$	1,162,300	\$	316,417	\$	1,590,876	\$	31,450	\$	7,070,502	\$	1,463,457

The notes to the basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued) June 30, 2017

		Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds												ernmental
Liabilities (Continued)		Water		Sewer	So	olid Waste	Sto	orm Water	St	reetlight		Total Enterprise		ctivities - Internal vice Funds
Noncurrent Liabilities														
Compensated absences	\$	60,223	\$	39,991	\$	-	\$	19,977	\$	_	\$	120,191	\$	19,419
Bonds payable		3,700,000		-		-		5,330,000		-		9,030,000		-
Capital lease payable		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,376,448
Net pension liability		515,174		239,344		24,810		65,673				845,001		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		4,275,397		279,335		24,810		5,415,650		-		9,995,192		1,395,867
Total Liabilities		8,244,856		1,441,635		341,227		7,006,526		31,450		17,065,694		2,859,324
Deferred Inflows of Resources														
Pensions		129,395		60,115		6,232		16,495		-		212,237		
Net Position														
Net investment in capital assets		83,939,132		57,825,285		-		32,383,053		-		174,147,470		3,754,519
Restricted for:												-		
Projects		1,506,148		(498,635)		-		2,771,800		-		3,779,313		-
Unrestricted		4,751,727		9,664,248		5,653,504		6,048,401		193,823		26,311,703		6,476,139
Total Net Position		90,197,007		66,990,898		5,653,504		41,203,254		193,823		204,238,486		10,230,658
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position	\$	98,571,258	\$	68,492,648	\$	6,000,963	\$	48,226,275	\$	225,273	\$	221,516,417	\$	13,089,982
	Net P	osition Reconci	liation f	from Proprietar	y Funds	to Business-ty	pe Activ	ities on the Stat	tement of	Net Position:	\$	204,238,486		
	Adjustment to report the cumulative internal balance for the net effect of the activity between the internal service funds and the enterprise funds over time								ne	(199,089)				
		Net Position of Business-type activities (page 21) \$\\ \\$ 20									204,039,397	397		

CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds										
	Water	Sewer	Solid Waste	Storm Water	Streetlight	Total Enterprise	Activities - Internal Service Funds				
Operating Revenues											
Charges for services	\$ 17,260,761	\$ 8,804,803	\$ 4,231,374	\$ 2,966,459	\$ 727,432	\$ 33,990,829	\$ 4,566,184				
Total Operating Revenues	17,260,761	8,804,803	4,231,374	2,966,459	727,432	33,990,829	4,566,184				
Operating Expenses											
Sources of supply	10,948,098	-	-	-	-	10,948,098	-				
Depreciation	2,404,308	1,066,372	-	1,002,514	-	4,473,194	2,155,533				
Salaries and benefits	1,426,997	826,377	182,800	691,105	59,324	3,186,603	599,390				
Contracted services	-	-	2,719,120	-	-	2,719,120	-				
Sewage treatment	-	4,587,609	-	-	-	4,587,609	-				
Fleet lease	226,955	178,601	69,054	190,167	-	664,777	-				
Utilities and telephone	620,784	7,923	524	4,287	274,569	908,087	-				
Professional and technical	114,738	30,078	-	19,695	4,353	168,864	1,160,839				
Interfund charges	2,066,389	1,181,435	462,798	545,916	-	4,256,538	-				
Garbage cans	-	-	210,130	-	-	210,130	-				
Landfill	-	-	658,304	-	-	658,304	-				
Supplies and maintenance	1,999,005	119,363	34,037	133,569	251,210	2,537,184	1,796,356				
Total Operating Expenses	19,807,274	7,997,758	4,336,767	2,587,253	589,456	35,318,508	5,712,118				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (2,546,513)	\$ 807,045	\$ (105,393)	\$ 379,206	\$ 137,976	\$ (1,327,679)	\$ (1,145,934)				

CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued)

For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Governmental				
<u>Water</u>	Sewer	Solid Waste	Storm Water	Streetlight	Total Enterprise	Activities - Internal Service Funds
		(,)				\$ -
	85,970	5,999	*	847		65,041
, , , ,	-	-	(124,018)	-		(47,171)
16,747	-	167,620	-	-	184,367	-
						422,433
(27,691)	85,970	80,229	(9,217)	847	130,138	440,303
(2,574,204)	893,015	(25,164)	369,989	138,823	(1,197,541)	(705,631)
963,340	665,348	-	1,668,859	-	3,297,547	-
1,484,525	953,675	-	1,385,777	-	3,823,977	-
-	-	-	-	55,000	55,000	50,000
(25,000)	(25,000)				(50,000)	
(151,339)	2,487,038	(25,164)	3,424,625	193,823	5,928,983	(655,631)
90,348,346	64,503,860	5,678,668	37,578,629	-	198,109,503	10,886,289
			200,000		200,000	
\$ 90,197,007	\$ 66,990,898	\$ 5,653,504	\$ 41,203,254	\$ 193,823	\$ 204,238,486	\$ 10,230,658
rietary Funds to Bus	siness-type Activi	ties on the Stater	ment of Activities	:	\$ 5,928,983	
net loss from	internal customers	s applicable to bu	siness-type activ		(115,892) \$ 5,813,091	
	\$ - 67,754 (112,192) 16,747 - (27,691) (2,574,204) 963,340 1,484,525 (25,000) (151,339) 90,348,346 - \$ 90,197,007 rietary Funds to Bus Adjustment to e net loss from	Water Sewer \$ - \$ - 67,754 85,970 (112,192) - 16,747	Water Sewer Solid Waste \$ - \$ - \$ (93,390) 67,754 85,970 5,999 (112,192) 167,620 - 167,620 - (27,691) 85,970 80,229 80,229 (2,574,204) 893,015 (25,164) 963,340 665,348 - 1,484,525 953,675 - (25,000) (25,000) - (25,000) - (151,339) 2,487,038 (25,164) 90,348,346 64,503,860 5,678,668 (25,007) - \$ 90,197,007 \$ 66,990,898 \$ 5,653,504 \$ 5,653,504 rietary Funds to Business-type Activities on the States Adjustment to eliminate the current fiscal year's intent loss from internal customers applicable to business applicable appl	Water Sewer Solid Waste Storm Water \$ - \$ - \$ (93,390) \$ - 67,754 (124,018) (112,192) (124,018) (16,747 - 167,620 (27,691) (25,7691) (27,691) (25,970) (25,164) (25,	\$ - \$ - \$ (93,390) \$ - \$ - 67,754 85,970 5,999 114,801 847 (112,192) (124,018) (124,018) (124,018) (124,018)	Water Sewer Solid Waste Storm Water Streetlight Total Enterprise \$ - \$ - \$ (93,390) \$ - \$ - \$ (93,390) \$ - \$ \$ (93,390) \$ - \$ \$ (93,390) \$ 67,754 \$ 85,970 \$ 5,999 \$ 114,801 \$ 847 \$ 275,371 (112,192) - \$ (124,018) - \$ (236,210) \$ 167,47 - \$ 184,367 - \$ 130,138 - \$ 130

CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds											Governmental		
		Water		Sewer	So	olid Waste	Sto	orm Water	s	treetlight		Total Enterprise	Activities - Internal Service Funds	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities														
Receipts from customers and users	\$	15,902,431	\$	8,581,898	\$	4,087,928	\$	2,886,806	\$	653,413	\$	32,112,476	\$	-
Receipts from interfund services provided		608,307		5,350		10,452		16,139		-		640,248		4,566,184
Receipts from customer deposits		17,066		-		-		-		-		17,066		-
Payments to suppliers for goods or services		(13,125,765)		(4,710,818)		(3,607,195)		(159,546)		(498,682)		(22,102,006)		(3,163,113)
Payments to employees and related benefits		(1,501,813)		(854,684)		(189,460)		(686,458)		(59,324)		(3,291,739)		(621,796)
Payments for interfund services used		(2,293,344)		(1,360,036)		(531,852)		(736,083)				(4,921,315)		
Net cash flows from operating activities		(393,118)		1,661,710		(230,127)		1,320,858		95,407		2,454,730		781,275
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activities														
Other non-capital receipts		16,747		-		167,620		-		-		184,367		-
Transfers from other funds		-		-		-		-		55,000		55,000		50,000
Transfers to other funds		(25,000)		(25,000)								(50,000)		
Net cash flows from non-capital financing														
activities		(8,253)		(25,000)		167,620		<u> </u>		55,000		189,367		50,000
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities														
Acquisition of capital assets		(2,691,553)		(1,072,135)		-		(3,599,815)		-		(7,363,503)		(1,921,523)
Purchase of intangible assets		-		(1,322,946)		-		-		-		(1,322,946)		-
Proceeds from sales of capital assets		-		-		-		-		-		-		436,677
Principal payments on bonds		(675,000)		-		-		(585,000)		-		(1,260,000)		-
Interest paid on revenue bonds		(113,430)		-		-		(139,426)		-		(252,856)		-
Payments on capital leases		-		-		-		-		-		-		(647,539)
Interest paid on capital leases		-		-		-		-		-		-		(50,797)
Impact fees collected		963,340		665,348		-		1,668,859				3,297,547		
Net cash flows from capital and														
related financing activities		(2,516,643)		(1,729,733)		-		(2,655,382)				(6,901,758)		(2,183,182)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities														
Change in equity investment		-		-		52,460		-		-		52,460		-
Interest on investments		67,754		85,970		5,999		114,801		847		275,371		65,041
Net cash flows from investing activities	\$	67,754	\$	85,970	\$	58,459	\$	114,801	\$	847	\$	327,831	\$	65,041

CITY OF WEST JORDAN STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS – PROPRIETARY FUNDS (Continued) For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds											Governmental		
		Water		Sewer	So	lid Waste	Ste	orm Water	St	reetlight	<u>I</u>	Total Enterprise]	ctivities - Internal rvice Funds
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(2,850,260)	\$	(7,053)	\$	(4,048)	\$	(1,219,723)	\$	151,254	\$	(3,929,830)	\$	(1,286,866)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning Restated		8,723,273		9,337,920		614,014		10,637,331				29,312,538		7,850,600
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	5,873,013	\$	9,330,867	\$	609,966	\$	9,417,608	\$	151,254	\$	25,382,708	\$	6,563,734
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows from operating activities														
Earnings (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile earnings (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:	\$	(2,546,513)	\$	807,045	\$	(105,393)	\$	379,206	\$	137,976	\$	(1,327,679)	\$	(1,145,934)
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities		2,404,308		1,066,372		-		1,002,514		-		4,473,194		2,155,533
Accounts receivable, net Inventory		(737,026) (131,477)		(217,555)		(132,994)		(63,514)		(74,019)		(1,225,108) (131,477)		6,748
Prepaid items		-		-		-		-		-		-		(696,874)
Net pension asset		580		269		28		74		-		951		- '
Pension deferred outflows		(106,751)		(49,595)		(5,141)		(13,609)		-		(175,096)		- '
Accounts payable		688,337		34,155		14,920		(1,995)		31,450		766,867		484,208
Other accrued payables		(50,523)		(26,143)		(6,355)		(19,919)		-		(102,940)		(21,208)
Compensated absences		(25,929)		(2,923)		(384)		24,358		-		(4,878)		(1,198)
Net pension liability		70,642		32,819		3,402		9,005		_		115,868		-
Pension deferred inflows		37,165		17,266		1,790		4,738		_		60,959		
Customer deposits		17,066		-		-		-		-		17,066		
Unearned revenue		(12,997)										(12,997)		
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	(393,118)	\$	1,661,710	\$	(230,127)	\$	1,320,858	\$	95,407	\$	2,454,730	\$	781,275
Schedule of noncash capital and related financing act	tivities:													
Contributions of capital assets	\$	1,484,525	\$	953,675	\$	-	\$	1,385,777	\$	-	\$	3,823,977	\$	

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of the City of West Jordan, Utah (the City) have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing GAAP. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

A. The Reporting Entity

The City, incorporated in 1941, is a municipal corporation governed by an elected mayor and six-member council. The reporting entity consists of the primary government and component units. Component units are entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations. Data from these units is combined with data from the primary government. The West Jordan Redevelopment Agency (RDA) and the West Jordan Municipal Building Authority (MBA) are included as blended component units. The RDA, a separate legal entity, is governed by a board composed of the members of the city council. Therefore, the RDA is reported as if it were part of the primary government because of the city's ability to impose its will upon the operations of the RDA. The RDA is reported as a Special Revenue Fund. The MBA, a separate legal entity, is governed by a board composed of the members of the city council. Therefore, the MBA is reported as if it were part of the primary government because of the city's ability to impose its will upon the operations of the MBA. The MBA is reported as a Capital Projects Fund. Separate financial statements are not issued for either of these component units. The City has no discretely presented component units.

B. Basic Financial Statements – Government-wide Financial Statements

The basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the City as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the City's major funds). Both the government-wide financial statements and fund financial statements distinguish between those activities of the City that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities are government-wide and include the financial activities of the primary government. Assets and liabilities are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long term assets and receivables as well as long term debt and obligations. The City's net position is reported in three parts; invested in capital assets-net of related debt, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position. The City first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities. The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the City as of the end of the fiscal year.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment, are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those which are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided be a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The financial structure of the City has been organized on the basis of individual funds. Each fund is a self-balancing set of accounts consisting of its assets, liabilities, fund balance or retained earnings, revenue, and expenditures or expenses. Detailed accounting records are maintained for each individual fund; however, to provide maximum interest earnings on all idle funds of the City, all cash of the City is pooled for investment purposes. Interest earnings are allocated based upon a percentage method using the month-end cash balances of the individual funds. The various funds are summarized by type in the basic financial statements.

These statements focus on the major funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are presented in separate columns while non-major funds are aggregated and then presented in a single column.

GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund financial statements) is upon determination of financial position (sources, uses and balances of financial resources). The following is a description of the governmental funds of the City:

General Fund – The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those to be accounted for in another fund. Administrative services rendered to other funds are charged to such funds and are shown as charges for services.

Special Revenue Funds – Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Capital Projects Funds – The Capital Projects Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of the major capital facilities of the City other than those financed by the proprietary funds.

The following four funds are presented as major funds in the financial statements; (1) the General Fund, (2) the Redevelopment Agency, to account for the financial activity of the Agency which derives its revenue from tax increment financing that will be utilized to rehabilitate and develop the defined redevelopment area, (3) the Municipal Building Authority, a capital project fund used to account for the construction of municipal buildings constructed in the City and service related debt from lease revenues collected, and (4) the Road Capital Improvement Fund, a capital project fund used to account for major road projects.

PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES

The proprietary financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The cities proprietary funds consist of:

Enterprise Funds – Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the cost (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

The existing enterprise funds account for construction, operation, maintenance, related debt, and property, plant and equipment within each fund. The City-owned water utility, wastewater utility, solid waste service, storm water service, and streetlights are presented as major funds.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Internal Service Funds – Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided to other departments or agencies of the City on a cost-reimbursement basis. The City maintains internal service funds for fleet management, information technologies (computer replacement & management), and insurance/claims.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred. The proprietary fund statements distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues are charges for services. Operating expenses include costs of services as well as materials, contracts, personnel, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Unbilled services in the proprietary funds have been recorded as revenue and accounts receivable at June 30, 2017. The accounts receivable for these revenues are reported net of the allowance for doubtful accounts.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Property tax, sales tax, franchise tax, inter-governmental revenue, ambulance service revenue, and interest earned in the current period are accrued and reported as revenue. All other revenues are not subject to accrual because they are either not available soon enough to pay liabilities of the current period or are not measurable. Expenditures are recorded when fund liabilities are incurred. Exceptions to this rule are (a) principal and interest on long term debt, which are recorded as fund liabilities only when due, and (b) compensated absences, which are recorded as a liability only when payment is due. Fund liabilities and expenditures are recorded for compensated absence amounts when employment is terminated.

The effect of interfund activity has generally been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements in accordance GAAP.

E. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with a cost of \$20,000 or greater and an estimated useful life of at least three years. Capital assets are recorded at historical costs or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value as of the date of donation. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Capital outlays are recorded as expenditures of the governmental funds and capital assets of the proprietary funds. In accordance with GAAP, all City infrastructure has been capitalized. Infrastructure includes all transportation corridors as well as storm sewer systems.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

E. Capital Assets (Continued)

All capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	45
Building Improvements	15
Computer Equipment	3
Machinery and Equipment	5-15
Vehicles	5-15
Improvements other than Buildings	20
Roads	30
Sidewalk	45
Storm Sewer	45
Water and Sewer Systems	50

F. Intangible Asset

The City has an intangible asset related to South Valley Water Reclamation Facility (SVWRF). The City has capitalized their contributions that helped build the SVWRF sewage treatment plant for which the City has certain capacity rights for sewage treatment.

G. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposits as well as short term investments with an original maturity date of less than 90 days. Investments are stated at cost, which approximates fair value in accordance with GASB 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*.

H. Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments that are legally restricted to their use. Impact fees are restricted within the capital projects, water, and sewer funds. Also, cash and investments are held by trustees for the debt service payments on bonded debt and for acquisition and construction of capital projects.

I. Inventory

Inventory is valued at cost using the first-in first-out method (FIFO). The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time individual items are used (Consumption Method). Reported inventories are equally offset by fund balance non-spendable which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources even though they are component of current assets.

J. Prepaid Expenditures

Prepaid amounts appear in the General Fund for the Western Stampede fund for expenditures related to the July 4th celebrations. Reported prepaid expenditures are equally offset by fund balance nonspendable which indicates that they do not constitute available spendable resources.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

K. Investment in Joint Venture

The City has an investment in Trans-Jordan Cities Landfill, a joint venture. The City's 21.19% interest in this joint venture is accounted for using the equity method. The City's equity interest represents its explicit, measurable right to the net present or future resources of the joint ventures. Under this method, the Solid Waste Fund (Enterprise Fund) records its share of the joint venture's net income or loss for each period. This joint venture does not meet the criteria for inclusion in the City's financial reports as a component unit because the City does not exercise administrative control. The complete financial statements for the Trans-Jordan Landfill, for the year ended June 30, 2017, can be obtained from the Trans-Jordan Landfill at 10873 South 7200 West, South Jordan, Utah 84095.

L. Compensated Absences

Vacation is earned on a biweekly basis at a rate determined by an employee's years of service. Proprietary funds recognize an expense for all accrued vacation amounts when the vacation is earned. Governmental funds recognize an expenditure when vacation leave is used by employees or at termination. Comp-time is earned by non-exempt employees at a rate of time and one-half, while exempt employees earn comp time on an hour for hour basis. Exempt employees can earn a maximum of 80 hours of comp-time annually. The recognition of a liability is treated similarly to vacation.

Employees also accumulate sick leave on a biweekly basis. Each year employees are eligible to be paid out 25% of their current year accrued, unused sick leave. Governmental funds recognize an expenditure when the sick leave is used. Proprietary funds recognize 25% of the current year accrued, unused sick leave at the end of the fiscal year.

In the governmental funds, the liability for compensated absences is reported only if they have matured (i.e., unused reimbursable leave still outstanding following an employee's resignation or retirement). These compensated absences are typically liquidated through the General Fund. The noncurrent portion of these amounts for government funds is recognized within the government-wide statements and will appear as a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide statements and the fund statements.

M. Deferred outflows/inflows of resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The government only has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The government has items that qualify for reporting in this category. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and ambulance. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the City before it has earned them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the City has earned the resources, the revenue is recognized.

O. Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the City has transactions between funds to distribute administrative costs. These transactions are generally reflected as a reduction to the originally booked expenditure. In addition, short term loans have been made between funds and are reflected as "due to, due from" on the respective funds' balance sheets.

P. Taxes

On or before June 22 of each year, the City sets the property tax rate for various municipal purposes. If the City intends to increase property tax revenues above the certified tax rate, state law requires the City to provide public notice to property owners and hold public hearings. When these special public hearings are necessary, the adoption of the final budget is made subsequent to June 22. All property taxes levied by the City are assessed and collected by Salt Lake County. Taxes are attached as an enforceable lien as of January 1, are levied as of October 1, and are due November 30; any delinquent taxes are subject to a penalty. Unless the delinquent taxes and penalties are paid before January 15, a lien is attached to the property, and the amount of taxes and penalties bears interest from January 1 until paid. If after five years, delinquent taxes have not been paid, the County sells the property at a tax sale. Tax collections are remitted to the City from the County on a monthly basis.

Sales taxes and telecommunications related taxes are collected by the Utah State Tax Commission and remitted to the City monthly.

Franchise taxes are collected by natural gas, electric utilities, and cable television companies and remitted to the City periodically.

Q. Fund Equity Classification

Presentation of net position is classified in the government-wide financial statements as net position and is displayed in three components:

- 1. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- 2. Restricted net position consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. Unrestricted net position all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

O. Fund Equity Classification (Continued)

The governmental fund equity is presented as Fund Balance; and is further classified as Non-spendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned or Unassigned.

- 1. Non-spendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted fund balance is fund balance with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislations.
- 3. Committed fund balance classification include those funds that can only be used for specific purpose pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Council (ordinance for the City, RDA and MBA), which is this government's highest level of decision making authority and remain binding unless removed in the same manner.
- 4. Assigned fund balance classification includes amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to use the funds for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, as established by the City Council. The City Council has authorized the City Manager to recommend accounts to be included in assigned fund balance. This also includes all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund that are not classified as non-spendable, restricted nor committed or in the General Fund, that are intended to be used for specific purposes.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance classification is the residual classification for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

When restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, followed by committed, and assigned resources, and then unassigned resources as they are needed.

R. Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in the proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of capital assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction.

S. Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

T. Budgets

Utah State statute establishes budgetary procedures for the City. The basis of accounting applied to each fund budget is the same basis as the related fund's financial statements. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budget as amended.

In accordance with state law, all appropriations lapse at the end of the budget year. However, unexpended capital projects may be re-appropriated. The following are the legal procedures followed by the City:

- On or before the first regularly scheduled meeting of the City Council in May, the City Manager, authorized
 under state statute to be appointed Budget Officer, submits a proposed operating budget for all governmental
 fund types and an operating and capital budget for all proprietary fund types for the subsequent fiscal year.
 The budget documents include financing sources and the proposed budget amounts requested by the
 department heads along with the proposed budget amounts requested by the City Manager.
- 2. A public hearing is held to receive input on all aspects of the proposed budget. The hearing is preceded by a notice in the local newspaper. The notice is given at least seven days before the hearing and includes the time, date, and place of the hearing. All budget documents are required to be available for public inspection ten days prior to the public hearing.
- 3. On or before June 30, a final balanced budget must be adopted for the subsequent fiscal year beginning July 1. If a tax increase is proposed, a hearing must be held on or before August 10, which does not conflict with other taxing entities that have proposed a tax increase. At this time the final balanced budget is adopted.
- 4. The City Manager, acting as Budget Officer, has the authority to transfer budget appropriations between individual line items within any department of any budgetary fund. Budgetary control is maintained at the department level for the General Fund and at the fund level for all other funds.
- 5. The City Council, by resolution, has the authority to transfer budget appropriations between the individual departments of any budgetary fund.
- 6. A public hearing, as required in (2) above, must be held to increase the total appropriations of any one governmental fund type. However, after the original public hearing, operating and capital budgets of proprietary fund types may be increased by resolution without an additional hearing.
- 7. The appropriate director or department head is the authorized officer charged with the responsibility of staying within the department budget and authorizing no expenditures in excess of said budget as required by the Utah Fiscal Procedures Act.
- 8. Monthly financial reports are prepared by the Finance Director and reviewed by the City Manager. They are also presented to the City Council. These reports contain a budgetary statement showing a comparison of budget to actual for all budgetary funds of the City.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

T. Budgets (Continued)

9. Budgets for the governmental funds are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the Budgetary Comparison Schedule for the General Fund presents actual expenditures in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States on a basis consistent with the legally adopted budgets as amended. Encumbrances lapse at year end and are automatically re-appropriated and reencumbered as part of the subsequent year's budget.

U. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Utah Retirement Systems Pension Plan (URS) and additions to/deductions from URS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by URS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The City's deposits and investments are governed by the Utah Money Management Act (Utah Code, Title 51, Chapter 7) and rules of the State of Utah Money Management Council. Also, the City has its own written investment policies. City funds are invested only in the following: (1) negotiable or nonnegotiable deposits of qualified depositories (see definition of "qualified depository" in the Utah Money Management Act), (2) repurchase agreements with qualified depositories or certified dealers, acting as principal for securities of the United States Treasury or other authorized investments (only if these securities are delivered to the custody of the City Treasurer or the City's safekeeping bank or are conducted with a qualified depository), (3) commercial paper which is rated P-1 by Moody's Investor Services or A-1 by Standard and Poor's, Inc. and having a remaining term to maturity of 270 days or less (commercial paper can be purchased directly from the issuer provided proper delivery and safekeeping procedures are followed with a qualified depository or the City Treasurer's safekeeping bank or trust company), (4) bankers' acceptances that are eligible for discount at a federal reserve bank and which have a remaining term to maturity of 270 days or less, (5) negotiable certificates of deposit of \$100,000 or more which have a remaining term to maturity of 365 days or less, (6) obligations of the United States Treasury including United States Treasury Bills, United States Treasury Notes, and United States Treasury Bonds, and (7) the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund which is a pooled investment fund managed by the Utah State Treasurer. The City maintains pooled cash and investments that are available for use by all funds. The pooled interest earned is allocated to the funds based on average month-end cash and investment balances.

Cash Bond trust accounts Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$ 8,435,395 29,981,730 59,292,147
Total	\$ 97,709,272
Included in the accompanying statement of net assets as follows:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 43,874,054
Restricted assets - cash and cash equivalents	 53,835,218
Total	\$ 97,709,272

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

A. Cash Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counter party, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The city complies with the custody requirement of the Utah Money Management Act and Rules of the Money Management Council. All investment securities are required to be held by the public treasurer, in safekeeping by a bank or trust company, or in a book-entry-only record maintained by a securities depository, in the federal book entry system or in the book-entry records of the issuer of the security in the name of the public entity. All investment securities are held in a qualified depository certified by the Commissioner of Financial Institutions as adhering to the rules of the Utah Money Management Council or in the book-entry records of the issuer of the security.

The Act requires the depositing of public funds only in a "qualified depository" or a "permitted depository". A "qualified depository" is a Utah depository institution which complies with capital ratios and public deposit limits established by rule of the Council and which has been certified by the State Commissioner of Financial Institutions for deposit of public funds. A "permitted depository" is an out-of- state financial institution that meets quality criteria established by rule of the Council. The City's deposits are insured up to \$250,000 per institution by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The deposits in the bank in excess of the insured amount are uninsured and uncollateralized. Uninsured deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by State statute. At June 30, 2017 the bank balance was \$10,225,873. Of this amount, \$500,000 was covered by federal depository insurance, and the remaining bank balance of \$9,725,873 was uninsured. Deposits are not collateralized nor are they required to be by the State statute. The City does not have a formal policy relating to custodial credit risk for deposits.

B. Investments

The Money Management Act defines the types of securities authorized as appropriate investments and the conditions for making investment transactions. Investment transactions may be conducted only through qualified depositories, certified dealers, or directly with issuers of investment securities.

As of June 30, 2017, the City had the following investment:

Investment Type	 Amount	Investment Maturity
Debt Securities Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund	\$ 59,292,147	54.71

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The City's policy for managing its exposure to interest rate risk is to comply with the Money Management Act. Section 51-7-11 of the Act requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments may not exceed the period of availability of the funds to be invested. The Money Management Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, fixed rate negotiable deposits, and fixed rate corporate obligations to 270 days or less. In addition, variable rate negotiable deposits and variable rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years.

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Investments (Continued)

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the Money Management Act. The Act details authorized investments which are high-grade securities and, therefore, subject to very little credit risk except in the most unusual and unforeseen circumstances. The City's only investment is with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund and the Fund is unrated as to credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City does not have a formal policy for managing custodial credit risk.

All of the City's investments at June 30, 2017 were with the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund and therefore are not categorized as to custodial credit risk. Additional information regarding the Utah Public Treasurer's Investment Fund is available in Note 3.

Concentration of Credit Risk – Investments

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of a loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The City's policy for reducing the risk of loss is to comply with the Rules of the Money Management Council. Rule 17 of the Money Management Council limits investments in single issuer of commercial paper and corporate obligations to between 5-10% depending upon the total dollar amount held in the portfolio. The Money Management Council limitations do not apply to securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies.

C. Restricted Assets, Restricted Fund Balance and Restricted Net position

Assets are reported as restricted when external constraints are placed on the use of the assets, these constraints change the normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Below is a schedule of restricted cash, related liabilities and the resulting restricted fund balance:

	I	Restricted	L	iabilities -]	Restricted
Governmental Activities		Cash	Res	tricted Cash	Fu	ınd Balance
Restricted for bond proceeds, debt service						
and repair and replace reserves	\$	27,388,646	\$	2,331,246	\$	25,057,400
Restricted for impact fees		7,591,677		623,839		6,967,838
Restricted for Class B & C Road projects		6,639,136		40,503		6,598,633
Restricted for grant purposes		4,989,251		-		4,989,251
Restricted for community development		175,578		-		175,578
Restricted for developer and customer deposits		2,160,093		2,160,093		
Total Governmental Activities	\$	48,944,381	\$	5,155,681	\$	43,788,700
Business-type Activities						
Restricted for bond proceeds, debt service and repair and replace reserves	\$	2,593,083	\$	-	\$	2,593,083
Restricted for impact fees		2,254,909		1,068,679		1,186,230
Restricted for developer and customer deposits		42,845		42,845		
Total Business-type Activities	\$	4,890,837	\$	1,111,524	\$	3,779,313

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

C. Restricted Assets, Restricted Fund Balance and Restricted Net position (Continued)

Fund balances are presented on the governmental fund balance sheets, in compliance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board, Statement 54. The detail of the fund balances categories is presented below.

	General	Redevelopment Agency	Municpal Building Authority	Road Capital Improvement Fund	Total Major Governmental Funds
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	\$ 56,792	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 56,792
Restricted for:					
Externally imposed by creditors					
Bond proceeds	-	-	24,659,369	-	24,659,369
Less Liability	-	-	(2,331,246)	-	(2,331,246)
Debt reserve	-	1,195,569	-	-	1,195,569
Customer deposits	2,160,093	-	-	-	2,160,093
Less Liability	(2,160,093)	-	-	-	(2,160,093)
Imposed by law or legislation					
Capital projects - impact fee	-	-	-	4,767,641	4,767,641
Less liability	-	-	-	(616,216)	(616,216)
Capital projects - grant revenue	-	-	-	4,989,251	4,989,251
Capital projects - C Road	6,082,439	-	-	556,697	6,639,136
Less liability	(40,503)			(235,403)	(275,906)
Total restricted	6,041,936	1,195,569	22,328,123	9,461,970	39,027,598
Assigned for:					
Encumbrance carry-overs	46,728	-	48,598	-	95,326
Municpal building authority	-	-	2,023,270	-	2,023,270
Redevelopment agency		5,868,252			5,868,252
Total assigned	46,728	5,868,252	2,071,868	-	7,986,848
Unassigned	10,692,587			(469,342)	10,223,245
Total fund balances	\$ 16,838,043	\$ 7,063,821	\$ 24,399,991	\$ 8,992,628	\$ 57,294,483

NOTE 2 CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

C. Restricted Assets, Restricted Fund Balance and Restricted Net position (Continued)

	Special Revenue Funds							Capital Projects Funds								Total	
	Fairway Estates		Highland		Kraftmaid SID		Capital Support		Park Capital Improvement Fund		~ .			ommunity velopment ock Grant	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Nonspendable: Loans receivable	s		s		\$		\$		\$		s		\$	689,081	\$	689,081	
	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	002,001	Ψ	002,001	
Restricted for: Externally imposed by creditors																	
Bond Proceeds		-		-		1,417		1,140		1,531,043		108		-		1,533,708	
Imposed by law or legislation																.	
Capital projects - impact fee		-		-		-		-		2,169,307		654,729		-		2,824,036	
Less liability		-		-		-		-		(4,381)		(3,242)		-		(7,623)	
Grant Proceeds										-	. —			175,578		175,578	
Total restricted		-		-		1,417		1,140		3,695,969		651,595		175,578		4,525,699	
Assigned for:																	
Encumbrance carry-overs		-		-		-		-		-		-		27,794		27,794	
Respective funds		43,354		14,761		321,339		1,075,220		-		608,731		37,594		2,100,999	
Total assigned		43,354		14,761		321,339		1,075,220		-		608,731		65,388		2,128,793	
Unassigned		-				-	_			(875,064)						(875,064)	
Total fund balances	\$	43,354	\$	14,761	\$	322,756	\$	1,076,360	\$	2,820,905	\$	1,260,326	\$	930,047	\$	6,468,509	

NOTE 3 EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL

The Public Treasurer's Investment Fund (PTIF) is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The PTIF is authorized and regulated by the Money Management Act, Chapter 51-7, Utah Code Annotated, 1953, as amended. The Act establishes the Money Management Council, which oversees the activities of the State Treasurer and the PTIF. The Act details the investments that are authorized which are high-grade securities and, therefore, there is very little credit risk except in the most unusual and unforeseen circumstances. Deposits in the PTIF are not insured or otherwise guaranteed by the State of Utah and participants share proportionally in any realized gains or losses on investments.

The PTIF has securities maturing on a regular basis to fund day-to-day operating expenses. However, due to the current lack of liquidity in financial markets, if the need arose to liquidate an investment prior to maturity, a substantial loss would be realized. Any loss will be allocated fairly to pool participants. Large, extraordinary withdrawals by participants will be reviewed on a case by case basis until liquidity returns to the markets. The PTIF allocates income and issues statements on a monthly basis. The PTIF operates and reports to participants on an amortized cost basis. The participants' balance is their investment deposited in the PTIF plus their share of income, gains and losses, net of administration fees, which are allocated to each participant on the ratio of each participant's share to the total funds in the PTIF. Additional information is available at the Utah State Treasurer's Office.

As of June 30, 2017, the City had \$59,292,147 invested in the PTIF, which had a fair value of \$59,571,962 for a gain of \$279,815. The City measures its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices for identical investments in active markets;
- Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs

The fair value of the PTIF investments is measured using Level 2 inputs as noted above.

NOTE 3 EXTERNAL INVESTMENT POOL (Continued)

The table below shows statistical information about the investment pool:

Investment Type	Investment Percentage
Corporate bonds and notes	77.03%
Money market accounts and certificates of deposit	11.38%
Commercial paper	9.34%
Repos	2.25%
	100.00%

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2017 was as follows:

	Be	ginning				Ending
Governmental activities:	B	alance	Additions	1	Deletions	Balance
Capital assets, not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 16	50,433,842	\$ 476,742	\$	-	\$ 160,910,584
Construction in progress		8,193,504	7,786,428		(7,195,912)	 8,784,020
Total capital assets not being depreciated	16	68,627,346	8,263,170		(7,195,912)	 169,694,604
Capital assets, being depreciated:						
Machinery and equipment	1	18,854,493	1,909,931		(1,843,230)	18,921,194
Computer equipment		1,936,791	116,717		-	2,053,508
Buildings and building improvements	2	29,370,824	96,864		-	29,467,688
Improvements other than buildings	3	30,242,331	16,167,225		-	46,409,556
Infrastructure	20	09,739,587	11,968,320			221,707,907
Total capital assets being depreciated	29	90,144,026	30,259,057		(1,843,230)	318,559,853
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Machinery and equipment	(1	13,608,775)	(1,947,671)		1,828,986	(13,727,460)
Computer equipment		(1,068,501)	(448,873)		-	(1,517,374)
Buildings and building improvements	(1	10,419,756)	(693,186)		-	(11,112,942)
Improvements other than buildings	(1	16,029,334)	(1,673,530)		-	(17,702,864)
Infrastructure	(12	25,846,563)	(5,266,412)			(131,112,975)
Total accumulated depreciation	(16	66,972,929)	(10,029,672)		1,828,986	(175,173,615)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	12	23,171,097	20,229,385		(14,244)	 143,386,238
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 29	91,798,443	\$ 28,492,555	\$	(7,210,156)	\$ 313,080,842

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS (Continued)

]	Beginning					Ending	
Business-type activities:	Balance			Additions	Deletions	Balance		
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	4,498,262	\$	-	\$ -	\$	4,498,262	
Water rights		283,731			 		283,731	
Total capital assets not being depreciated		4,781,993					4,781,993	
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings		321,357		-	-		321,357	
Improvements other than buildings		216,518,547		12,319,585	-		228,838,132	
Machinery and equipment		2,132,117					2,132,117	
Total capital assets being depreciated		218,972,021		12,319,585			231,291,606	
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings		(230,757)		(5,693)	-		(236,450)	
Improvements other than buildings		(67,282,780)		(4,457,473)	-		(71,740,253)	
Machinery and equipment		(2,105,696)		(10,028)			(2,115,724)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(69,619,233)		(4,473,194)			(74,092,427)	
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		149,352,788		7,846,391	 		157,199,179	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	154,134,781	\$	7,846,391	\$ 	\$	161,981,172	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 739,604
Community development	48,887
Police	428,969
Fire	476,286
Public works (includes depreciation on general infrastructure assets)	6,438,278
Parks and recreation	1,897,648
Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 10,029,672
Business-type activities:	
Water	\$ 2,404,308
Sewer	1,066,372
Storm	1,002,514
Total depreciation expense-business-type activities	

NOTE 5 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

South Valley Water Reclamation Facility (SVWRF) was created by an Interlocal Cooperative Agreement dated June 23, 1978 for the purpose of developing, acquiring, constructing, financing, maintaining and repairing, owning and operating a regional sewage and water treatment plant and related facilities located in the south part of Salt Lake County, Utah. On May 20, 2004, the Interlocal Agreement was amended for the purpose of converting SVWRF to a separate legal entity (a special district under State law rather than a joint administrative entity) and to clarify ownership status, facilitate transfers of ownership, and clarify capacity rights. The City has determined that this should be accounted for using the cost method, rather than the equity method.

During fiscal year 2012, SVWRF completed an expansion project increasing the operation from 38 MGD (Million Gallons per Day) to 50 MGD. The right to the capacity has been adjusted in accordance with the proportion of the expansion paid by the participating entity. Participation in plant expansion is not required.

The following entities have rights to the Facility's capacity as of December 31, 2016 as follows:

	Percent	MGD
South Valley Sewer District	32.40%	16.20
City of West Jordan	36.44%	18.22
Sandy Suburban Improvement District	17.32%	8.66
Midvalley Improvement District	7.68%	3.84
Midvale City Corporation	6.16%	3.08
Total	100.00%	50.00

Each entity appoints one member to the board, and voting power is not related to ownership. Therefore, each entity is equal to another for voting privileges. Each entity is billed its share of operating costs based on the entity's metered usage. The City paid operating costs of \$4,191,127 and capital contributions of \$0 to SVWRF for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The City annually assesses whether an impairment of this intangible has occurred. Impairment would occur if SVWRF could not provide the capacity the City has a right to receive.

NOTE 6 LONG TERM DEBT

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2017 consist of the following:

Governmental Activities:	Beginning Balance			Additions		Deletions	Ending Balance		Due Within One Year	
Bonds payable: 2005 RDAtax increment revenue bonds 2013 Sales tax revenue bonds	\$	1,230,000 2,720,000	\$	-	\$	(700,000) (310,000)	\$	530,000 2,410,000	\$	530,000 320,000
2015 Sales tax revenue bonds 2016 MBA lease revenue bonds 2008 Special assessment bonds		5,930,000 - 3,008,000		24,960,000		(610,000) - (302,000)		5,320,000 24,960,000 2,706,000		625,000 - 135.000
2014 General obligation refunding bonds Plus: unamortized premiums		6,045,000		2,315,356		(625,000) (61,392)		5,420,000 2,253,964		635,000
Less: unamortized discounts Total bonds payable		(25,555) 18,907,445		27,275,356		(2,602,123)		(19,286) 43,580,678		2,245,000
Other liabilities:		2.7(0.010				(500,005)		2.070.122		602 674
Capital leases Contract payable Compensated absences		2,769,018 590,000 6,885,813		- - 458,656		(698,895) (140,000) (528,541)		2,070,123 450,000 6,815,928		693,674 145,000 3,123,736
Total other liabilities		10,244,831		458,656		(1,367,436)		9,336,051		3,962,410
Total governmental activities long term liabilities	\$	29,152,276	\$	27,734,012	\$	(3,969,559)	\$	52,916,729	\$	6,207,410
Business-type Activities: Bonds payable: 2013 Water revenue bonds	\$	5,065,000	\$	-	\$	(675,000)	\$	4,390,000	\$	690,000
2016 Storm drain revenue bonds Total bonds payable		6,525,000				(585,000)		5,940,000		1,300,000
Other liabilities: Compensated absences		253,607		27,055		(31,933)		248,729		128,538
Total business-type activities long term liabilities	\$	11,843,607	\$	27,055	\$	(1,291,933)	\$	10,578,729	\$	1,428,538
Governmental Activities:										
2005 RDA Tax Increment Revenue Bor The RDA issued 2005 tax increment reinfrastructure and improvements in the installments of \$530,000 and \$700,000 to	even le re lhro	edevelopme ugh June o	nt a f 20	area. The b 18; interest	ond at 4	s are due in 1.790% to 5.	n ar	nnual %, to		
be repaid by taxes levied on property i Less: Unamortized Discount	n oı	ne of the Ci	ty's	redevelopi	ment	t areas.		\$		530,000 (9,164)
Total 2005 RDA Tax Increment Reve	nue	Bonds								520,836

NOTE 6 LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

2013 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds On December 20, 2013, the City issued \$3,335,000 in Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2013, which have a maturity date of April 15, 2024 with an interest rate of 2.290%. Currently the bond annual principal installments are due in payments of \$310,000 to \$370,000 beginning in October 2014 through April 2024, secured by the City's sales tax revenue.	\$ 2,410,000
2015 Sales Tax Revenue Bonds On April 15, 2015, the City issued \$6,530,000 in Sales Tax Revenue Bonds, Series 2015, which have a maturity date of October 15, 2024 with an interest rate of 2.05%. Currently the bond annual principal installments are due in payments of \$595,000 to \$715,000 beginning in October 2015 through October 2024, secured by the City's sales tax revenue.	5,320,000
2016 MBA Lease Revenue Bonds On December 1, 2016, the MBA issued \$24,960,000 in Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2016, to finance the construction of a new public works facility. Principal is due in annual installments beginning October 2018, interest at 3% to 5% due in semi-annual installments beginning April 2017. The final payment is due October 2038. The bonds are secured by lease payments between the MBA and the City. Plus: Unamortized Premium	 24,960,000 2,253,964
Total 2016 MBA Lease Revenue Bonds	27,213,964
2008 Special Assessment Bonds On January 28, 2008, the City issued special assessment bonds in the amount of \$4,497,000 to finance infrastructure within the KraftMaid Special Assessment District (SID). Interest only payments at 4.45% are due in annual installments of \$200,117 beginning in June 2010 through June 2013. In 2014 and 2017 the city made early principal payments of \$1,489,000 and \$302,000, respectively. The bond annual principal installments are due in payments of \$135,000 to \$905,000, beginning in June 2018 through June 2022. The bonds are to be repaid by assessments levied on property within the KraftMaid SID. Less: Unamortized Discount	2,706,000 (10,122)
Total 2008 Special Assessment Bonds	2,695,878
2014 General Obligation Refunding Bonds On February 6, 2014, the City issued \$7,260,000 in General Obligation Refunding Bonds, Series 2014, which have a maturity date of April 1, 2025 with interest rates between 0.85% to 3.30%, to refund \$7,240,000 of the outstanding Series 2016 General Obligation Refunding Bonds with interest rates of 3.70% to 4.00%.	5,420,000
Capital Leases On May 31, 2013, the City entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of a new sewer vactor truck. The original amount of the lease was \$346,498. The terms of the lease require annual payments of \$53,045 through May 2019, at which time ownership will transfer to the City. The stated rate of interest in the lease agreement is 2.37%.	102,435

NOTE 6 LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

On May 1, 2012, the City entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of two new fire engines in the amount of \$1,279,552. The terms of the lease require annual payments of \$192,543 through May 2018, at which time ownership will transfer to the City. The stated rate of interest in the lease agreement is 1.77%.	\$ 189,198
In February 2014, the City entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of six new trucks in the amount of \$1,125,000. The terms of the lease require annual payments of \$168,760 through February 2020, at which time ownership will transfer to the City. The stated rate of interest in the lease agreement is 1.66%.	489,925
On July 15, 2014, the City entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of commercial lawn mowers in the amount of \$135,000. The terms of the lease require one annual payment between \$34,608 and \$32,901 through July of 2017, at which time ownership will transfer to the City. The stated rate of interest in the lease agreement is 1.7%.	34,030
On December 15, 2014, the City entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of three utility vehicles in the amount of \$619,000. The terms of the lease require one annual payment, between \$93,741 and 83,288 through December 2020, at which time ownership will transfer to the City. The stated rate of interest in the lease agreement is 1.99%.	357,026
On December 3, 2015, the City entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of two utility vehicles, two bobtail trucks and two dump trucks in the amount of \$1,256,991. The terms of the lease require one annual payment, between \$172,567 and \$190,248 through December 2021, at which time ownership will transfer to the City. The stated rate of interest in the lease agreement is 1.97%.	897,509
Total Capital Leases - Governmental Activities	2,070,123
Contract Payable The City borrowed \$2,090,000 from HUD to finance the construction of a senior center. The contract payable is due to HUD in annual principal installments of \$65,000 to \$155,000 through August of 2019; interest at 7.5% to 7.9%.	450,000
Business-type activities:	
2013 Water Revenue Bonds On November 19, 2013, the City issued \$6,045,000 in Water Revenue Bonds, which have a maturity date of June 1, 2023, at an interest rate of 2.2%. The series 2013 bonds were issued to finance water system improvements throughout the City. Secured by revenue from the water fund.	4,390,000

NOTE 6 LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

2016 Storm Drain Revenue Bonds

On January 26, 2016, the City issued \$6,525,000 in Storm Drain Revenue Bonds, which have a maturity date of September 1, 2026, at an interest rate of 1.93%. The series 2016 bonds were issued to finance storm drain system improvements throughout the City. Secured by revenue from the storm drain fund.

\$ 5,940,000

As of June 30, 2017, annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activities - Revenue Bonds												
	2005 RDA Tax Increment					2013 Sales Tax				2015 Sales Tax			
Year Ending June 30,		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		nterest	
2018	\$	530,000	\$	28,488	\$	320,000	\$	51,525	\$	625,000	\$	93,140	
2019		-		-		325,000		44,140		635,000		81,422	
2020		-		-		335,000		36,583		645,000		69,518	
2021		-		-		345,000		28,797		660,000		57,381	
2022		-		-		355,000		20,782		675,000		44,966	
2023-2027						730,000		16,832		2,080,000		58,497	
Total		530,000	\$	28,488	\$	2,410,000	\$	198,658	\$	5,320,000	\$	404,922	
Less: unamortized discount		(9,164)											
Total	\$	520,836											

Governmental Activities	-	
Revenue Bonds		

	Revenu	e Bonds	Governmental Activities - Bonds					
	2016 MI	BA Lease	2008 Specia	al Assessment	2014 General Obligation Refunding			
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest		
2018	\$ -	\$ 1,141,950	\$ 135,000	\$ 120,417	\$ 635,000	\$ 119,968		
2019	720,000	1,131,150	755,000	114,410	645,000	111,396		
2020	745,000	1,105,450	815,000	80,812	655,000	101,721		
2021	775,000	1,075,050	905,000	44,545	670,000	90,258		
2022	805,000	1,043,450	96,000	4,272	680,000	76,858		
2023-2027	4,670,000	4,576,250	-	-	2,135,000	129,831		
2028-2032	6,010,000	3,248,000	-	-	-	-		
2033-2037	7,680,000	1,575,025	-	-	-	-		
2038-2039	3,555,000	143,700						
Total	24,960,000	\$ 15,040,025	2,706,000	\$ 364,455	\$ 5,420,000	\$ 630,031		
Less: unamortized discount	_		(10,122)					
Plus: unamortized premium	2,253,964							
Total	\$ 27,213,964		\$ 2,695,878	:				

NOTE 6 LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

	Governmental Activities -						Business-type Activities - Revenue Bonds							
		Contrac				2013	Water	•		2016 Sto	rm Dr	ain		
Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	<u>h</u>	nterest	1	Principal	I	nterest	F	Principal	I	nterest		
2018	\$	145,000	\$	11,905	\$	690,000	\$	96,580	\$	610,000	\$	114,642		
2019		150,000		7,455		710,000		81,400		625,000		102,869		
2020		155,000		2,558		725,000		65,780		635,000		90,807		
2021		-		-		740,000		49,830		645,000		78,551		
2022		-		-		755,000		33,550		660,000		66,103		
2023-2027						770,000		16,940		2,765,000		134,714		
Total	\$	450,000	\$	21,917	\$	4,390,000	\$	344,080	\$	5,940,000	\$	587,685		

NOTE 7 CAPITAL LEASES

The City has entered into certain capital lease agreements under which the related equipment will become the property of the City when the terms of the lease agreement are met. The following is a schedule by year of future minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2017.

Year Ending June 30,	Governmental Activities
2018	732,945
2019	505,794
2020	452,749
2021	283,989
2022	190,248
Total minimum lease payments	2,165,725
Less: Amount representing interest	(95,603)
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 2,070,123

Equipment and related accumulated depreciation under capital leases are as follows:

Cost of equipment	\$ 4,909,787
Accumulated depreciation	(2,261,478)
	\$ 2,648,308

NOTE 8 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Unavailable Property Taxes

In conjunction with the implementation of GASB Statement No. 33, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions" the City has accrued a property tax receivable and a deferred inflow of resources for unavailable property tax revenue in the General Fund, Redevelopment Agency, Capital Support, and Fairway Estates in the amounts of \$11,980,614, \$636,345, \$758,718, and \$10,103 respectively.

NOTE 8 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Continued)

Property taxes in the governmental funds are recorded using the modified accrual basis of accounting, wherein revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available (expected to be received within 60 days). Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of the first day of January. Taxes are levied on October 1, and then are due and payable at November 30. Since the property tax to be levied on October 1, 2017 is not expected to be received within 60 days after the year ended June 30, 2017, the City is required to record a receivable and a deferred inflow of resource of the estimated amount of the total property tax to be levied on October 1, 2017.

Unavailable Ambulance Revenue

Ambulance revenue in the governmental fund is recorded using the modified accrual basis of accounting, wherein revenues are recognized when they are both measurable and available (expected to be received within 60 days). A portion of the ambulance receivable at June 30, 2017 was not received within 60 days therefore the City is required to record a receivable and a deferred inflow of resources of \$367,607.

NOTE 9 PLEDGED REVENUES

A tax increment bond and a special assessment bond have been issued to finance infrastructure within the KraftMaid Special Improvement District. The bonds are payable solely from the incremental property tax generated by the increased property tax in the district. Incremental property taxes were projected to produce 140% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds. The first bond was issued through the redevelopment agency in 2005 in the amount of \$8,020,000. The principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$558,488, payable through fiscal year 2018. For the current year, principal and interest paid was \$700,000 and \$65,938, respectively. The second bond was issued in 2008 through the KraftMaid SID in the amount of \$4,497,000. The principal and interest remaining on the bonds is \$3,070,455, payable through fiscal year 2022. In the current year, principal and interest paid was \$302,000 and \$133,856, respectively. Total incremental property tax revenues were \$1,373,123.

NOTE 10 RECEIVABLES

A. Accounts Receivable

Receivables as of June 30, 2017 for the government's individual major funds, nonmajor funds, proprietary funds, and internal service funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General	levelopment Agency	Gov	Other ernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Receivables Accounts Taxes Loans	\$ 1,527,495 17,238,609	\$ 636,345	\$	3,553 769,082 689,081	\$	1,531,048 18,644,036 689,081
Gross Receivables Less: allowance for uncollectibles	18,766,104 (625,925)	636,345		1,461,716		20,864,165 (625,925)
Net total receivables	\$ 18,140,179	\$ 636,345	\$	1,461,716	\$	20,238,240

NOTE 10 RECEIVABLES (Continued)

	Water	Sewer	So	lid Waste	Sto	orm Water	St	reetlight	E	Total Interprise Funds
Receivables Accounts	\$ 3,591,447	\$ 1,129,086	\$	637,062	\$	431,366	\$	74,859	\$	5,863,820
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	 (74,054)	 (2,994)		(7,600)		(3,485)		(840)		(88,973)
Net total receivables	\$ 3,517,393	\$ 1,126,092	\$	629,462	\$	427,881	\$	74,019	\$	5,774,847

B. Loans Receivable

Loans receivable consist of rehabilitation loans and down payment assistance loans made with Federal grant monies. These loans bear interest at rates ranging from 0% to 6.61%, depending on the borrower's income level and family size. Certain loans are received in monthly or annual installments; others are due upon the sale or transfer of ownership of the related property. At June 30, 2017, the outstanding balance of the loans is \$689,081.

NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS

Plan Description

Eligible plan participants are provided with pensions through the Utah Retirement Systems. The Utah Retirement Systems are comprised of the following Pension Trust Funds:

Defined Benefit Plans

- Public Employees Noncontributory Retirement System (Noncontributory System);
- Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Contributory System);
- Firefighters Retirement System (Firefighters System); Are multiple employer, cost sharing, retirement systems.
- Public Safety Retirement System (Public Safety System) is a mixed agent and cost-sharing; multipleemployer public employee retirement system;
- Tier 2 Public Employees Contributory Retirement System (Tier 2 Public Employees System) is a multiple employer cost sharing, public employee retirement system;
- Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter Contributory Retirement system (Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters System) is a multiple employer, cost sharing, public employee retirement system.

The Tier 2 Public Employees System became effective July 1, 2011. All eligible employees beginning on or after July 1, 2011, who have no previous service credit with any of the Utah Retirement Systems, are members of the Tier 2 Retirement System.

The Utah Retirement Systems (Systems) are established and governed by the respective sections of Title 49 of the Utah Code Annotated 1953, as amended. The Systems' defined benefit plans are amended statutorily by the State Legislature. The Utah State Retirement Office Act in Title 49 provides for the administration of the Systems under the direction of the Utah State Retirement Board, whose members are appointed by the Governor. The Systems are fiduciary funds defined as pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds. URS is a component unit of the State of Utah. Title 49 of the Utah Code grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms.

NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Benefits Provided

URS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Retirement benefits are as follows:

Summary of Benefits by System

System	Final Average Salary	Years of service required and/or age eligible for benefit	Benefit percentage per year of service	COLA**
Noncontributory System	Highest 3 Years	30 years any age 25 years any age* 20 years age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	2.0% per year all years	Up to 4%
Contributory System	Highest 5 Years	30 years any age 25 years any age* 20 years age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	1.25% per year to June 1975; 2.00% per year July 1975 to present	Up to 4%
Public Safety System	Highest 3 Years	20 years any age 10 years age 60 4 years age 65	2.5% per year up to 20 years; 2.0% per year over 20 years	Up to 2.5% or 4% depending upon employer
Firefighters System	Highest 3 Years	20 years any age 10 years age 60 4 years age 65	2.5% per year up to 20 years; 2.0% per year over 20 years	Up to 4%
Tier 2 Public Employees System	Highest 5 Years	35 years any age 20 years age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	1.50% per year all years	Up to 2.5%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter System	Highest 5 Years	25 years any age 20 years age 60* 10 years age 62* 4 years age 65	1.5% per year all years	Up to 2.5%

^{*} with actuarial reductions

^{**} All post-retirement cost-of living adjustments are non-compounding and are based on the original benefit except for Judges, which is a compounding benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments are also limited to the actual Consumer Price Index (CPI) increase for the year, although unused CPI increases not met may be carried forward to subsequent years.

NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Contributions

As a condition of participation in the Systems, employers and/or employees are required to contribute certain percentages of salary and wages as authorized by statute and specified by the Utah State Retirement Board. Contributions are actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions (where applicable) is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Contribution rates as of June 30, 2017 are as follows:

			Employer
Utah Retirement Systems	Employee	Employer	401(k)
Contributory System:			
11 Local Government Div - Tier 1	6.00%	14.46%	N/A
111 Local Governent Div - Tier 2	N/A	14.91%	1.78%
Noncontributory System			
15 Local Government Div - Tier 1	N/A	18.47%	N/A
Public Safety System			
Contributory			
122 Tier 2 DB Hybrid Public Safety	N/A	20.39%	1.33%
Noncontributory			
49 Other Div B with 2.5% COLA	N/A	32.20%	N/A
Firefighters Retirement System			
32 Other Division B	16.71%	6.66%	N/A
132 Tier 2 DB Hybrid Firefighters	N/A	10.75%	1.33%
Tier 2 DC Only			
211 Local Government	N/A	6.69%	10.00%
222 Public Safety	N/A	9.72%	12.00%
232 Firefighters	N/A	0.08%	12.00%

Tier 2 rates include a statutory required contribution to finance the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of the Tier 1 plans.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the employer and employee contributions to the Systems were as follows:

		Employer		mployee	
System	Co	ntributions	Contributions		
Noncontributory System	\$	1,883,503		N/A	
Contributory System		8,864	\$	3,678	
Public Safety System		1,907,382		-	
Firefighters System		320,243		367,848	
Tier 2 Public Employees System		442,470		-	
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter		231,630		-	
Tier 2 DC Only System		33,012		N/A	
Tier 2 DC Public Safety and Firefighter System		22,731		N/A	
Total Contributions	\$	4,849,835	\$	371,526	

NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Contributions reported are the URS Board approved required contributions by System. Contributions in the Tier 2 Systems are used to finance the unfunded liabilities in the Tier 1 Systems.

Pension Assets, Liabilities, Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2017, we reported a net pension asset of \$13,613 and a net pension liability of \$14,594,167.

	 Measurem	ent D	ate): Decemb			
	 Pension Asset		et Pension Liability	Proportionate Share	Proportionate Share December 31, 2015	Change (Decrease)
Noncontributory System	\$ -	\$	7,782,348	1.2119729%	1.2273040%	-0.0153311%
Contributory	-		92,702	0.2825332%	0.4138862%	-0.1313530%
Public Safety System	-		5,865,818	9.4109506%	9.0737310%	0.3372196%
Firefighters System	-		820,411	5.5464135%	5.4646755%	0.0817380%
Tier 2 Public Employees System	-		32,888	0.2948270%	0.2704988%	0.0243282%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter	 13,613		-	1.5682947%	2.0154316%	-0.4471369%
	\$ 13,613	\$	14,594,167			

The net pension asset and liability was measured as of December 31, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset and liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The proportion of the net pension asset and liability is equal to the ratio of the employer's actual contributions to the Systems during the plan year over the total of all employer contributions to the System during the plan year.

For the year ended June 30, 2017, we recognized pension expense of \$4,882,497.

At June 30, 2017 we reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of desources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	2,074,479	\$	1,186,165	
Changes in assumptions		3,200,697		1,060,820	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		4,600,817		1,356,008	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions and proportionate share of contributions		519,875		62,596	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		2,420,033		-	
	\$	12,815,901	\$	3,665,589	

NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

\$2,420,033 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from contributions made by us prior to our fiscal year end, but subsequent to the measurement date of December 31, 2016.

These contributions will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the upcoming fiscal year. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended December 31,	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
2017	\$ 1,954,865
2018	1,960,801
2019	2,043,025
2020	386,399
2021	346,567
Thereafter	38,618
	\$ 6,730,275

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2016, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.60 Percent
Salary increases 3.35 – 10.35 percent, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return 7.20 percent, net of pension plan investment expense,

including inflation

Mortality rates were developed from actual experience and mortality tables, based on gender, occupation and age, as appropriate, with adjustments for future improvement in mortality based on Scale AA, a model developed by the Society of Actuaries.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2016, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five year period ending December 31, 2013.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class and is applied consistently to each defined benefit pension plan. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Expected	ic Basis	
Asset Class	Target Asset Allocation	Real Return Arithmetic Basis	Long Term expected portfolio real rate of return
Equity securities	40%	7.06%	2.82%
Debt securities	20%	0.80%	0.16%
Real assets	13%	5.10%	0.66%
Private equity	9%	11.30%	1.02%
Absolute return	18%	3.15%	0.57%
Cash and cash equivalents	0%	0.00%	0.00%
Totals	100%		5.23%
	Inflation		2.60%
	Expected arithme	tic nominal return	7.83%

The 7.20% assumed investment rate of return is comprised of an inflation rate of 2.60%, a real return of 4.60% that is net of investment expense.

Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.20 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from all participating employers will be made at contractually required rates that are actuarially determined and certified by the URS Board. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate does not use the Municipal Bond Index Rate. The discount rate was reduced to 7.20 percent from 7.50 percent from the prior measurement period.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset and Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.20 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.20 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.20 percent) than the current rate:

System	1% Decrease (6.20%)		Discount Rate (7.20%)		1% Increase (8.20%)	
Noncontributory System	\$	16,119,883	\$	7,782,349	\$	825,134
Contributory System		223,166		92,702		(17,200)
Public Safety System		12,155,492		5,865,818		725,759
Firefighters System		7,830,284		820,411		(4,961,934)
Tier 2 Public Employees System		223,856		32,888		(112,391)
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter		95,246		(13,614)		(97,270)
Total	\$	36,647,927	\$	14,580,554	\$	(3,637,902)

NOTE 11 RETIREMENT PLANS (Continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

Defined Contributions Savings Plans

The Defined Contribution Savings Plans are administered by the Utah Retirement Systems Board and are generally supplemental plans to the basic retirement benefits of the Retirement Systems, but may also be used as a primary retirement plan. These plans are voluntary tax-advantaged retirement savings programs authorized under sections 401(k), 457(b), and 408 of the Internal Revenue code. Detailed information regarding plan provisions is available in the separately issued URS financial report.

City of West Jordan participates in the following Defined Contribution Savings Plans with Utah Retirement Systems:

- 401(k) Plan
- 457(b) Plan
- HRA Plan

Employee and employer contributions to the Utah Retirement Defined Contribution Savings Plan for fiscal year ended June 30, were as follows:

	2017		2016		2015	
401(k) Plan						
Employer Contributions	\$	275,388	\$	138,634	\$	77,353
Employee Contributions		8,895		6,345		6,505
457 Plan						
Employer Contributions	\$	73,318	\$	59,777	\$	53,065
Employee Contributions		27,574		24,408		17,669
HRA Plan						
Employer Contributions	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,097
Employee Contributions		N/A		N/A		N/A

NOTE 12 DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The City offers its employees a deferred compensation plan (the plan) through ICMA Retirement Corporation or through the Utah State Retirement System (USRS) created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457. The ICMA plan, available to all City employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. Participation in this plan is optional. The USRS plan is only available to part-time employees on a noncontributory basis. Both investment plans are managed by the plans' trustee under one of four investment options or a combination thereof. The choice of investment options are made by the participants. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death or unforeseeable emergency. These investments are within the legal provisions of the State of Utah.

Defined Contribution Money Purchase Plan

The City also participates in insured, contributory defined contribution retirement plans administered by ICMA Retirement Corporation. Under the plan, the City contributes amounts from 0% to 32.2% depending upon the defined contribution system to which each employee class belongs. Employees are classified as follows: Management, General Employees, Police, and Fire.

NOTE 12 DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN (Continued)

An employee is vested immediately with the first contribution to ICMA Retirement Corporation. Contributions to the plan were authorized by Council resolution. The plan was established by, and can be amended by City Council. No other federal or state laws obligate the City to participate in this plan. The program is pursuant to section 401(A) and 401(C) the Internal Revenue Service Code. Withdrawals of monies, per federal law are subject to a mandatory withdrawal penalty in the amount of 10% unless the employee has attained the age of 59 1/2. Most of the City's full-time employees participate in the ICMA Retirement Corporation.

Sick Leave Conversions

At retirement employees may choose to participate in the City's health insurance programs at their own cost. Qualified employees may convert their sick leave balance, upon leaving City employment, to pay for continued medical and dental insurance premiums. To qualify for the City's sick leave conversion benefit, an employee must be a full-time employee with at least ten (10) years of service with the City or five (5) years of service with the City at age 60 to be considered a retired employee with the City of West Jordan.

The percentage of convertible sick leave hours varies based on the retiree's years of service, as follows: employees with 5 to 9 years of service are eligible to convert 40% of their sick leave hours; employees with 10 to 14 years of service are eligible to convert 50% of their sick leave hours; employees with 15 to 19 years of service are eligible to convert 60% of their sick leave hours; employees with 20 or more years of service are eligible to convert 70% of their sick leave hours. The City's regular health and dental care benefit providers underwrite the retiree's policies and 100% of the cost is the responsibility of the retiree. As of year-end, there were 14 employees participating in this program.

In the governmental funds, the liability for sick leave conversion is reported only if they have matured, (i.e., unused sick leave has been converted to pay a health insurance premium for a retired employee). These conversion costs are typically liquidated through the General Fund. The noncurrent portion of these amounts for government funds is recognized within the government-wide statements. A liability for the sick leave conversion has been accrued in the amount of \$2,454,323 for the governmental funds, and \$107,960 in the proprietary funds, for a total accrual amount of \$2,562,283.

NOTE 13 REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

Tax increment money was generated by the following project areas within the Redevelopment Agency:

Oracle Data Center	\$ 1,359,868
1700 West 6600-7000 South	308,062
1300-1600 West 7800 South	113,641
3200-3600 West 8600 South	7,520
1300-1700 West 9000 South	328,773
Independence Square Area	280,459
Briarwood	9,045
Kraftmaid	 1,373,123
Total	\$ 3,780,491

NOTE 13 REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY (Continued)

During the year, the RDA expended monies in the categories below as follows:

Administration Costs	\$ 899,273
Interest	67,887
Principal	 700,000
Total	\$ 1,667,160

Outstanding loans to finance RDA projects as of June 30, 2017:

Tax increment revenue bonds 2005 \$ 530,000

NOTE 14 INTERFUND TRANSFERS IN/TRANSFERS OUT

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2017 were as follows:

	oad Capital provement		Other ernmental	Stı	eetlight	_	nternal Service	Total Transfers Out		
Transfers Out		•						•		
General	\$ 4,039,131	\$	300,000	\$	55,000	\$	-	\$	4,394,131	
Redevelopment agency	-		201,617		-		-		201,617	
Water	-		-		-		25,000		25,000	
Sewer	 -						25,000		25,000	
Total Transfers In	\$ 4,039,131	\$	501,617	\$	55,000	\$	50,000	\$	4,645,748	

The purpose of transfers is to redistribute unrestricted cash to various funds for construction of capital assets or debt service payments. In the entity-wide statements, transfers within governmental activities and business-type activities are eliminated.

NOTE 15 RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts such as theft; damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City maintains a self-insurance fund to finance its risk of loss uncovered by commercial insurance. The City has insurance policies to cover its major assets, general liability and workers compensation. The City is also self-insured for unemployment.

The City has purchased commercial insurance for workers compensation, property damage to its buildings and damage to its heavy equipment, large fire apparatuses, street sweepers, and sewer trucks. The amounts of settlements for these categories have not exceeded insurance coverage for any of the past three fiscal years. All other City vehicles are not covered for property damage.

NOTE 16 INVESTMENT IN JOINT VENTURE

The City of West Jordan has a 21.19% ownership in the Trans-Jordan Cities Landfill (Trans-Jordan) that is accounted for by the equity method. The primary purpose of the Trans-Jordan is the operation, maintenance, and control of a refuse dumping site situated east of Bingham Canyon in Salt Lake County. Residents and businesses from all member cities and Salt Lake County can use the facility by paying a tipping fee for each refuse load. Trans-Jordan is also used for the disposal of weekly garbage pickups of the cities in Trans-Jordan for which an assessment is charged. In addition to West Jordan, the Trans-Jordan Landfill is owned by the cities of Draper, Midvale, Murray, Riverton, Sandy, and South Jordan that have ownership interests of 10.27%, 5.18%, 8.27%, 11.18%, 29.60%, and 14.31% respectively. The complete financial statements for the Trans-Jordan Landfill for the year ended June 30, 2017 can be obtained from the Trans-Jordan Landfill at 10873 South 7200 West, South Jordan, Utah 84095.

Summary financial information for the Trans-Jordan joint venture at June 30, 2017, and for the year then ended is as follows:

	Tr	ans-Jordan	WJC %			
Total Assets Total Liabilities	\$	27,273,209 4,905,463	\$	5,779,193 1,039,468		
Total Fund Equity	\$	22,367,746	\$	4,739,725		
Total Revenues Total Expenses	\$	8,742,821 9,183,549		1,852,604 1,945,994		
Net Loss Before Contributions Contributions From Members		(440,728)		(93,390)		
Changes in Net Assets	\$	(440,728)	\$	(93,390)		

NOTE 17 CONDUIT DEBT

The City has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received on the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. The City is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2017, there were three series of Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding. The aggregate principal amount payable for the series could not be determined. However, their original issue amounts totaled \$34,072,500.

NOTE 18 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 9, 2017 the Water Fund issued revenue bonds in the amount of \$10,025,000 to finance the acquisition, construction, and completion of improvements to the water system of the City. Principal payments for the bonds are due in annual installments of \$945,000 to \$1,100,000 beginning in 2018 through 2027; interest at 2.25%, secured by water revenue; and to be repaid by the City.

On November 20, 2017, the Redevelopment Agency of the City of West Jordan purchased land and a building for \$12,000,000. The RDA plans to issue bonds in an amount not to exceed \$7,000,000. The bonds will be due in annual installments beginning in 2018 through 2037, interest at a rate not to exceed 12%, with an initial rate not to exceed 6%, and secured by the land and building.

NOTE 19 COMMITMENTS & CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The City is a defendant in a number of lawsuits that have arisen in the normal course of operations. It is not possible to state the ultimate liability, if any, in these matters. However, the City Attorney, after consultation with the City Council, intends to vigorously defend the City's position and is of the opinion that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the basic financial statements of the City.

B. Open Contracts

At year end, the City had open contracts. Work that has been completed, but not yet paid for, is reflected as accounts payable and construction work in progress. The unpaid balance on open contracts for work that has been contracted, but not completed as of year-end, totals \$43,910,448. See detail of open construction contracts in the table below:

	Open Contracts										
Fund		overnmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total						
General fund	\$	34,133	\$	-	\$	34,133					
Municpal Building Authority		23,030,975		-		23,030,975					
Road capital		5,589,196		-		5,589,196					
Nonmajor		2,811,261		-		2,811,261					
Water		-		3,993,374		3,993,374					
Sewer		-		3,198,404		3,198,404					
Storm water				5,253,105		5,253,105					
Total	\$	31,465,565	\$	12,444,883	\$	43,910,448					

C. Developer Reimbursements

The City routinely enters into agreements with developers to reimburse costs of installing public improvements constructed within the City. Terms of the agreement require the City to repay the developers' costs when sufficient impact fee revenues are collected. The impact fees collected must be in excess of funds needed for current projects, before repayment to the developers is required. If sufficient impact fee revenues are not received, the City has no obligation to repay the costs. As of year-end, the City has unpaid developer reimbursement agreements in the amount of \$3,516,244. See detail of developer reimbursements in the table below:

	 Developer Reimbursements										
Fund	 vernmental Activities		siness-Type Activities	Total							
Road capital	\$ 2,255,296	\$	-	\$	2,255,296						
Storm water	-		918,981		918,981						
Water	-		276,582		276,582						
Sewer	 		65,385		65,385						
Total	\$ 2,255,296	\$	1,260,948	\$	3,516,244						

NOTE 19 COMMITMENTS & CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

D. Related Party Debt

The City is party to an interlocal agreement with South Valley Water Reclamation Facility (SVWRF). SVWRF expanded plant operations from 38 MGD (Million Gallons per Day) to 50 MGD. The cost of plant expansion has been partially funded with debt.

Following is a schedule of the City's estimated share of expansion costs and related debt service Payment:

Year Ending June 30,	 Principal	Interest		
2018	\$ 695,000	\$ 643,031		
2019	720,000	614,250		
2020	750,000	579,750		
2021	785,000	541,375		
2022	830,000	501,000		
2023 - 2027	4,810,000	1,824,500		
2028 - 2032	4,795,000	493,625		
	\$ 13,385,000	\$ 5,197,531		

NOTE 20 PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

Deposit in Transit

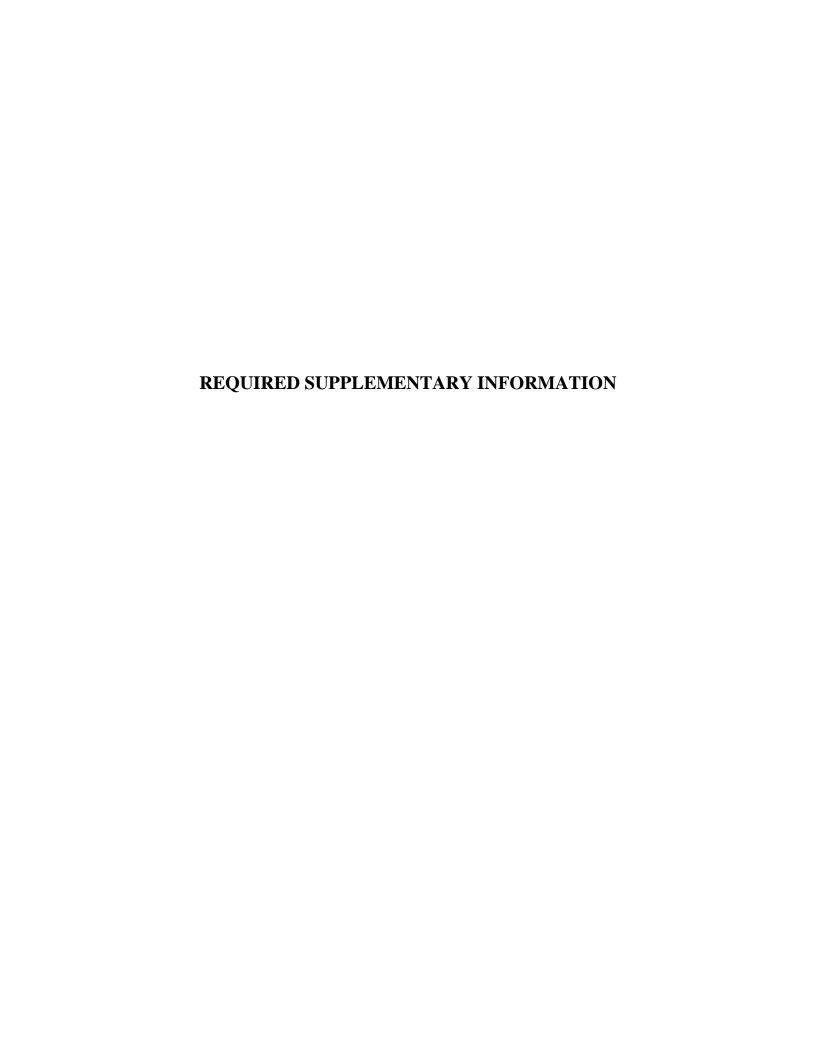
Subsequent to June 30, 2016, the City realized a deposit in transit was not recorded in the Storm Water Fund as of June 30, 2016. The net effect of this accounting required a prior period adjustment increasing net position to proprietary-type activities by \$200,000.

The proprietary-type increase of \$200,000 is only in the Storm Water Fund.

Change of Accounting Method

Management determined that loans receivable in the Nommajor Governmental Funds do not require an offsetting liability nor does the grant revenue related to the loans require to be matched with expenditures. The offset of the loans receivable has been moved to nonspendable fund balance. The net effect of this accounting required a prior period adjustment increasing net position to governmental-type activities by \$655,547.

The governmental-type increase of \$655,547 is only in the Nommajor Governmental Funds.



CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY December 31, 2016 Last 10 Fiscal Years *

For the year ended December 31,	Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	sl n	oportionate nare of the et pension pility (asset)	Covered Payroll	Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its cowered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll
Noncontributory Retirement System						
2016	1.2119729%	\$	7,782,349	\$ 10,382,002	74.96%	87.30%
2015	1.2273040%		6,944,683	10,412,970	66.69%	87.80%
2014	1.1701100%		5,080,893	10,037,607	50.60%	90.20%
Contributory System						
2016	0.2825332%	\$	92,702	\$ 67,790	136.75%	92.90%
2015	0.4138862%		290,902	176,350	164.96%	85.70%
2014	0.3240027%		93,456	173,319	53.90%	94.00%
Public Safety System						
2016	9.4109506%	\$	5,865,818	\$ 6,036,397	97.17%	86.10%
2015	9.0737310%		4,427,539	5,659,403	78.23%	87.60%
2014	8.2965555%		3,280,729	5,135,804	63.90%	89.00%
Firefighters Retirement System						
2016	5.5464135%	\$	820,411	\$ 5,225,937	15.70%	98.40%
2015	5.4646755%		929,860	5,024,250	18.51%	98.10%
2014	4.9048915%		(539,772)	4,487,493	-12.00%	101.30%
Tier 2 Public Employees Retirement	System					
2016	0.2948270%	\$	32,888	\$ 2,417,827	1.36%	95.10%
2015	0.2704988%		(590)	1,747,810	-0.03%	100.20%
2014	0.2024813%		(6,136)	994,300	-0.06%	103.50%
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighters	Retirement					
2016	1.5682947%	\$	(13,614)	\$ 1,295,752	-1.05%	103.60%
2015	2.0154316%		(29,446)	1,199,072	-2.46%	110.70%
2014	2.0681995%		(30,595)	855,275	-3.60%	120.50%

^{*}The 10-year schedule will be built prospectively. The schedule above is only for the years listed.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS June 30, 2017

Last 10 Fiscal Years *

		actuarial etermined	in	ntributions relation to the ntractually required		ribution ciency	Covered	Contributions as a percentage of covered employee	
As of fiscal year ended June 30,	Cor	ntributions	co	ntribution	(ex	cess)	payroll	payroll	
Noncontributiory System									
2017	\$	1,883,503	\$	1,883,503	\$	-	\$ 10,386,083	18.13%	
2016		1,895,144		1,895,144		-	10,456,544	18.12%	
2015		1,849,992		1,849,992		-	10,195,584	18.15%	
2014		1,688,521		1,688,521		-	9,915,750	17.03%	
Contributory System									
2017	\$	8,864	\$	8,864	\$	-	\$ 61,298	14.46%	
2016		18,197		18,197		-	123,358	14.75%	
2015		25,231		25,231		-	174,485	14.46%	
2014		22,708		22,708		-	170,991	13.28%	
Public Safety System									
2017	\$	1,907,382	\$	1,907,382	\$	-	\$ 5,992,379	31.83%	
2016		1,871,960		1,871,960		-	5,885,461	31.81%	
2015		1,685,006		1,685,006		-	5,322,889	31.66%	
2014		1,613,136		1,613,136		-	5,149,019	31.33%	
Firefighters System									
2017	\$	320,243	\$	320,243	\$	_	\$ 5,165,166	6.20%	
2016		318,364		318,364		_	5,133,223	6.20%	
2015		299,046		299,046		_	4,707,165	6.35%	
2014		177,099		177,099		-	4,766,632	3.72%	
Tier 2 Public Employees System*									
2017	\$	442,470	\$	442,470	\$	_	\$ 2,976,227	14.87%	
2016		315,373		315,373		_	2,116,383	14.90%	
2015		210,262		210,262		_	1,398,883	15.03%	
2014		115,448		115,448		-	825,825	13.98%	
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter	r Systei	n*							
2017	\$	231,630	\$	231,630	\$	-	\$ 1,424,489	16.26%	
2016		197,640		197,640		-	1,210,354	16.33%	
2015		180,387		180,387		-	1,082,932	16.66%	
2014		112,573		112,573		-	667,638	16.86%	
Tier 2 Public Employees DC Only S	ystem*						 		
2017	\$	33,012	\$	33,012	\$	-	\$ 479,860	6.88%	
2016		24,459		24,459		-	314,525	7.78%	
2015		14,185		14,185		-	168,086	8.44%	
2014		9,127		9,127		-	141,643	6.44%	
Tier 2 Public Safety and Firefighter	r DC Oı	nly System*							
2017	\$	22,731	\$	22,731	\$	-	\$ 284,258	8.00%	
2016		20,314		20,314		-	256,941	7.91%	
2015		16,194		16,194		-	201,646	8.03%	
2014		11,877		11,877		-	139,202	8.53%	

^{*}Contributions in Tier 2 include an amortization rate to help fund the unfunded liabilities in the Tier 1 Systems. Tier 2 Systems were created effective July 1, 2011.

Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll may be different than the Board certified rate due to rounding or other administrative issues.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION UTAH RETIREMENT SYSTEMS JUNE 30, 2017

Changes of Assumptions

The following assumption changes were adopted January 1, 2016. The assumed investment return assumption was decreased from 7.50% to 7.20% and the assumed inflation rate was decreased from 2.75% to 2.60%. With the decrease in the assumed rate of inflation, both the payroll growth and wage inflation assumptions were decreased by 0.15% from the prior year's assumption.



COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Combining Financial Statements – Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular puposes.

<u>Fairway Estates Special Service District</u> – This fund is used to develop and maintain recreation areas within the Fairway Estates subdivision.

<u>Highland Special Improvement District</u> – This fund is used to support ongoing maintenance of the higher level of public improvements contemplated in the Highlands Master Development area.

<u>KraftMaid Special Improvement District</u> – This fund is used to account for the collection of revenue to service debt related to the KraftMaid business development.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Capital Support Fund – This fund is used to account for the construction of buildings and other improvements.

<u>Park Capital Improvement Fund</u> – This fund is used for the acquisition or construction of major park capital facilities.

<u>Building Capital Improvement Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for impact fee revenue and to construct buildings or major building improvements.

<u>Community Development Block Grant</u> – This fund is used to account for programs funded by Community Development Block Grant funds.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2017

				Special Rev	enue	Funds		
		airway Estates	Hi	Highland SID		Kraftmaid SID		Total
Assets	_							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	43,115	\$	12,864	\$	321,339	\$	377,318
Accounts receivable - net Taxes receivable		10.264		3,553		-		3,553
Loans receivable		10,364		-		-		10,364
Due from other governments		_		_		<u>-</u>		_
Restricted assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents		-		-		1,417		1,417
Total Assets	\$	53,479	\$	16,417	\$	322,756	\$	392,652
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	22	\$	1,656	\$	-	\$	1,678
Accrued liabilities		-		-		-		-
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:								
Accounts payable		-				-		
Total Liabilities		22		1,656				1,678
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue-property taxes		10,103						10,103
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted		-		-		1,417		1,417
Assigned		43,354		14,761		321,339		379,454
Unassigned								
Total Fund Balances		43,354		14,761		322,756		380,871
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						<u></u>		
Resources, and Net Position	\$	53,479	\$	16,417	\$	322,756	\$	392,652

CITY OF WEST JORDAN COMBINING BALANCE SHEET – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) June 30, 2017

	Total								
	-		rk Capital provement Fund	ding Capital provement Fund	De	ommunity velopment ock Grant	Total		Nonmajor vernmental Funds
\$	1,075,220	\$	-	\$ 609,243	\$	-	\$ \$ 1,684,463		2,061,781
	-		-	-		-	-		3,553
	758,718		-	-		-	758,718		769,082
	-		-	-		689,081	689,081		689,081
	-		-	-		206,711	206,711		206,711
	1,140		3,700,350	654,837		175,578	 4,531,905		4,533,322
\$	1,835,078	\$	3,700,350	\$ 1,264,080	\$	1,071,370	\$ 7,870,878	\$	8,263,530
\$	- - -	\$	124,689 - 750,375	\$ 512 - -	\$	94,895 2,094 44,334	\$ 220,096 2,094 794,709	\$	221,774 2,094 794,709
	-		4,381	3,242		-	7,623		7,623
	-		879,445	3,754		141,323	1,024,522		1,026,200
	758,718		<u>-</u>	 			 758,718		768,821
	-		-	-		689,081	689,081		689,081
	1,140		3,695,969	651,595		175,578	4,524,282		4,525,699
	1,075,220		-	608,731		65,388	1,749,339		2,128,793
			(875,064)	 			(875,064)		(875,064)
	1,076,360		2,820,905	1,260,326		930,047	 6,087,638		6,468,509
\$	1,835,078	\$	3,700,350	\$ 1,264,080	\$	1,071,370	\$ 7,870,878	\$	8,263,530

CITY OF WEST JORDAN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Special Revenue									
		airway Estates	Hi	ighland SID	Kraftmaid SID			Total		
Revenues										
Taxes	\$	10,934	\$	-	\$	-	\$	10,934		
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-		
Charges for services		-		37,085		-		37,085		
Impact fees		-		-		-		-		
Interest		383				7,147		7,530		
Total Revenues		11,317		37,085		7,147		55,549		
Expenditures										
Community development		-		-		-		-		
Parks and recreation		6,530		22,502		-		29,032		
Debt service:										
Principal		-		-		302,000		302,000		
Interest		-		-		136,876		136,876		
Capital outlay:										
Parks		-		-		-		-		
Buildings		-		-		-		-		
Roads										
Total Expenditures		6,530		22,502		438,876		467,908		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over (Under) Expenditures		4,787		14,583	-	(431,729)		(412,359)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Trans fer in		-		-		201,617		201,617		
Transfer out		_				-				
Total Other Financing										
Sources (Uses)						201,617		201,617		
Net Change in Fund Balances		4,787		14,583		(230,112)		(210,742)		
Fund Balance, Beginning		38,567		178		552,868		591,613		
Prior Period Adjustment		-								
Fund Balance, Ending	\$	43,354	\$	14,761	\$	322,756	\$	380,871		

CITY OF WEST JORDAN COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Continued) For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

Capital Projects Funds											
Capital Support Fund		Park Capital Improvement Fund		uilding Capital Improvement Fund	Community Development Block Grant		Total		Total Jonmajor ernmental Funds		
\$	1,862,724 125,000	\$	- \$		\$ - 684,322	\$	1,862,724 809,322	\$	1,873,658 809,322 37,085		
	3,497),221 3,157	279,861 13,519	405		1,160,082 65,578		1,160,082 73,108		
	1,991,221	928	3,378	293,380	684,727		3,897,706		3,953,255		
	-		-	- -	298,279 -		298,279		298,279 29,032		
	1,545,000 293,419		-	- -	140,000 15,877		1,685,000 309,296		1,987,000 446,172		
	- - -	1,427	7,784 - -	- 251,513 -	- - 223,783		1,427,784 251,513 223,783		1,427,784 251,513 223,783		
	1,838,419	1,427	7,784	251,513	677,939		4,195,655		4,663,563		
	152,802	(499	9,406)	41,867	6,788		(297,949)		(710,308)		
	243,367	300),000 <u>-</u> _	(243,367)	-	_	543,367 (243,367)		744,984 (243,367)		
	243,367	300),000	(243,367)			300,000		501,617		
	396,169	(199	9,406)	(201,500)	6,788		2,051		(208,691)		
	680,191	3,020),311	1,461,826	267,712		5,430,040		6,021,653		
				-	655,547		655,547		655,547		
\$	1,076,360	\$ 2,820),905	1,260,326	\$ 930,047	\$	6,087,638	\$	6,468,509		

SCHEDULES OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL Special Revenue and Capital Projects Funds

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – FAIRWAY ESTATES FUND For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts						
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts		ance with budget
Revenues							
Taxes	\$	10,907	\$	10,907	\$	10,934	\$ 27
Interest				-		383	 383
Total Revenues		10,907		10,907		11,317	 410
Expenditures							
Parks and recreation		9,710		11,693		6,530	\$ 5,163
Total Expenditures		9,710		11,693		6,530	5,163
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		1,197		(786)		4,787	 5,573
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	1,197	\$	(786)		4,787	\$ 5,573
Fund Balance, Beginning						38,567	
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	43,354	

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL - HIGHLAND SID FUND For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted Amounts							
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts			ance with l budget
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	24,000	\$	24,000	\$	37,085	\$	13,085
Total Revenues		24,000		24,000		37,085		13,085
Expenditures								
Parks and recreation		24,000		31,398		22,502		8,896
Total Expenditures		24,000	-	31,398		22,502	-	8,896
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		-		(7,398)		14,583		21,981
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	(7,398)		14,583	\$	21,981
Fund Balance, Beginning						178		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	14,761		

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL - KRAFTMAID SID FUND For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with final budget
Revenues				
Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,147	\$ 7,147
Total Revenues			7,147	7,147
Expenditures Debt Service:				
Principal	-	-	302,000	(302,000)
Interest	201,617	201,617	136,876	64,741
Total Expenditures	201,617	201,617	438,876	(237,259)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(201,617)	(201,617)	(431,729)	(230,112)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	201,617	201,617	201,617	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	201,617	201,617	201,617	<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	(230,112)	\$ (230,112)
Fund Balance, Beginning			552,868	
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ 322,756	

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – MUNICIPAL BUILDING AUTHORITY For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	d Amounts				
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Variance with final budget		
Revenues						
Interest	\$ 6,000	\$ 6,000	\$ 211,919	205,919		
Total Revenues	6,000	6,000	211,919	205,919		
Expenditures						
Debt service:						
Interest	1,500	589,306	563,914	25,392		
Capital outlay:						
Buildings	15,300,000	26,500,000	4,510,333	21,989,667		
Total Expenditures	15,301,500	27,089,306	5,074,247	22,015,059		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(15,295,500)	(27,083,306)	(4,862,328)	22,220,978		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	7,500,000	7,500,000	-	7,500,000		
Issuance of debt	7,800,000	17,500,000	24,960,000	(7,460,000)		
Premium on issuance of debt			2,315,356	(2,315,356)		
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	15,300,000	25,000,000	27,275,356	(2,275,356)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (15,295,500)	\$ (27,083,306)	22,413,028	\$ 22,220,978		
Fund Balance, Beginning			1,986,963			
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ 24,399,991			

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – CAPITAL SUPPORT FUND For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with final budget
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 1,862,724	\$ 1,862,724	\$ 1,862,724	\$ -
Intergovernmental	1,000,000	1,125,000	125,000	(1,000,000)
Interest	2,600	2,600	3,497	897
Total Revenues	2,865,324	2,990,324	1,991,221	(999,103)
Expenditures				
Debt Service:				
Principal	1,545,000	1,545,000	1,545,000	-
Interest	1,014,837	1,014,837	293,419	721,418
Total Expenditures	2,559,837	2,559,837	1,838,419	721,418
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	305,487	430,487	152,802	(277,685)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	243,367	243,367
Transfers out	(38,000,000)	(38,250,000)	-	38,250,000
Issuance of debt	38,000,000	38,000,000		38,000,000
Total Other Financing				
Sources (Uses)		(250,000)	243,367	76,493,367
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 305,487	\$ 180,487	396,169	\$ 76,215,682
Fund Balance, Beginning			680,191	
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ 1,076,360	

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – ROAD CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts			ınts				
	Or	riginal		Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with final budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,750,000	\$	1,750,000	\$	80,600	\$	(1,669,400)
Impact fees		1,250,000		1,250,000		2,318,915		1,068,915
Interest		18,000		18,000		95,965		77,965
Miscellaneous						238,507		238,507
Total Revenues		3,018,000		3,018,000		2,733,987		(284,013)
Expenditures								
Capital outlay:								
Roads		7,163,127		21,060,920		6,207,051		14,853,869
Total Expenditures		7,163,127		21,060,920		6,207,051		14,853,869
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(4,145,127)		(18,042,920)		(3,473,064)		14,569,856
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		3,750,000		9,370,732		4,039,131		5,331,601
Total Other Financing								
Sources (Uses)		3,750,000		9,370,732		4,039,131		5,331,601
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(395,127)	\$	(8,672,188)		566,067	\$	19,901,457
Fund Balance, Beginning						8,426,561		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	8,992,628		

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – PARKS CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Budgeted A			Amounts			
		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	 riance with nal budget
Revenues							
Intergovernmental	\$	200,000	\$	200,000	\$	-	\$ (200,000)
Impact fees		485,760		485,760		880,221	394,461
Interest		53,000		53,000		48,157	 (4,843)
Total Revenues		738,760		738,760		928,378	 189,618
Expenditures Capital Outlay:							
Parks		1,308,178		4,628,488		1,427,784	 3,200,704
Total Expenditures		1,308,178		4,628,488		1,427,784	3,200,704
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(569,418)		(3,889,728)		(499,406)	 (3,390,322)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in				300,000		300,000	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		300,000		300,000	- -
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(569,418)	\$	(3,589,728)		(199,406)	\$ (3,390,322)
Fund Balance, Beginning						3,020,311	
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	2,820,905	

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – BUILDINGS CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts					
	Origina	1	Final		Actual Amounts	 riance with al budget
Revenues						
Impact fees	\$ 170,	000 \$	170,000	\$	279,861	\$ 109,861
Interest	15,	000	15,000		13,519	 (1,481)
Total Revenues	185,000		185,000		293,380	108,380
Expenditures						
Capital Outlay:						
Buildings	40,000,	000	40,250,000		251,513	 39,998,487
Total Expenditures	40,000,000		40,250,000		251,513	39,998,487
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over (Under) Expenditures	(39,815,	000)	(40,065,000)		41,867	 40,106,867
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	38,000,	000	38,250,000		-	(38,250,000)
Transfers out	(247,	700)	(247,700)		(243,367)	4,333
Developer contribution	2,000,	000_	2,000,000			 (2,000,000)
Total Other Financing						
Sources (Uses)	39,752,	300	40,002,300		(243,367)	(40,245,667)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (39,815,	000) \$	(62,700)		(201,500)	\$ (138,800)
Fund Balance, Beginning					1,461,826	
Fund Balance, Ending				\$	1,260,326	

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT BLOCK GRANT FUND

	Budgeted Amounts							
		Original		Final	Actual Amounts		Variance with final budget	
Revenues								
Intergovernmental	\$	685,341	\$	685,341	\$	684,322	\$	(1,019)
Interest				<u> </u>		405		405
Total Revenues		685,341		685,341		684,727		(614)
Expenditures								
Community development		524,791		587,295		298,279		289,016
Debt Service:								
Principal		160,000		160,000		140,000		20,000
Interest		-		-		15,877		(15,877)
Capital outlay:								
Roads		150,000		150,000		223,783		(73,783)
Total Expenditures		834,791		897,295		677,939		219,356
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(149,450)		(211,954)		6,788		218,742
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	685,341	\$	685,341		6,788	\$	438,098
Fund Balance, Beginning						267,712		
Prior Period Adjustment						655,547		
Fund Balance, Ending					\$	930,047		

COMBINING FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the City and to other government units.

<u>Fleet Operations Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the costs of operating a maintenance facility for automotive equipment used by other City departments. A service fee is charged to the other departments monthly.

<u>Information Technologies Lease Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for the costs of replacing, updating, or adding computer equipment within the City. A replacement schedule has been implemented ensuring that equipment is replaced in order of the highest need. A service fee is charged to the other departments monthly.

<u>Risk Management</u> – This fund is used to account for the costs of insurance premiums and claims made against the City. Monies are accumulated in this fund to pay premiums for liability and property damage insurance and other claims. The City participates in the Utah Risk Management Mutual Association for its liability and property damage insurance and is responsible for annual premiums as well as 100% of losses above the deductible in an amount equal to 20% of all net loss payments made during the previous five years on behalf of the City.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION For The Year Ended June 30, 2017

	(Fleet Operations	formation chnologies	Ma	Risk nagement	Inte	Total ernal Service Funds
Assets			 				
Current Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,175,327	\$ 1,180,492	\$	207,915	\$	6,563,734
Prepaid items		-	-		696,874		696,874
Inventory		38,762	 				38,762
Total Current Assets		5,214,089	 1,180,492		904,789		7,299,370
Noncurrent Assets							
Capital assets not being depreciated		114,950	-		-		114,950
Capital assets, net of							
accumulated depreciation		5,169,764	 505,898				5,675,662
Total Noncurrent Assets		5,284,714	505,898				5,790,612
Total Assets	\$	10,498,803	\$ 1,686,390	\$	904,789	\$	13,089,982
Liabilities							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$	390,971	\$ 97,962	\$	259,669	\$	748,602
Accrued liabilities	·	12,914	-	·	-	·	12,914
Accrued interest		17,634	-		-		17,634
Compensated absences		24,662	-		-		24,662
Current portion, capital lease payable		659,645	-				659,645
Total Current Liabilities		1,105,826	 97,962		259,669		1,463,457
Non-current liabilities:							
Compensated absences		19,419	-		-		19,419
Capital lease payable		1,376,448	-		-		1,376,448
Total non-current liabilities		1,395,867	-		_		1,395,867
Total Liabilities		2,501,693	 97,962		259,669		2,859,324
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		3,248,621	505,898		-		3,754,519
Unrestricted		4,748,489	 1,082,530		645,120		6,476,139
Total Net Position		7,997,110	 1,588,428		645,120		10,230,658
Total Liabilities and							
Net Position	\$	10,498,803	\$ 1,686,390	\$	904,789	\$	13,089,982

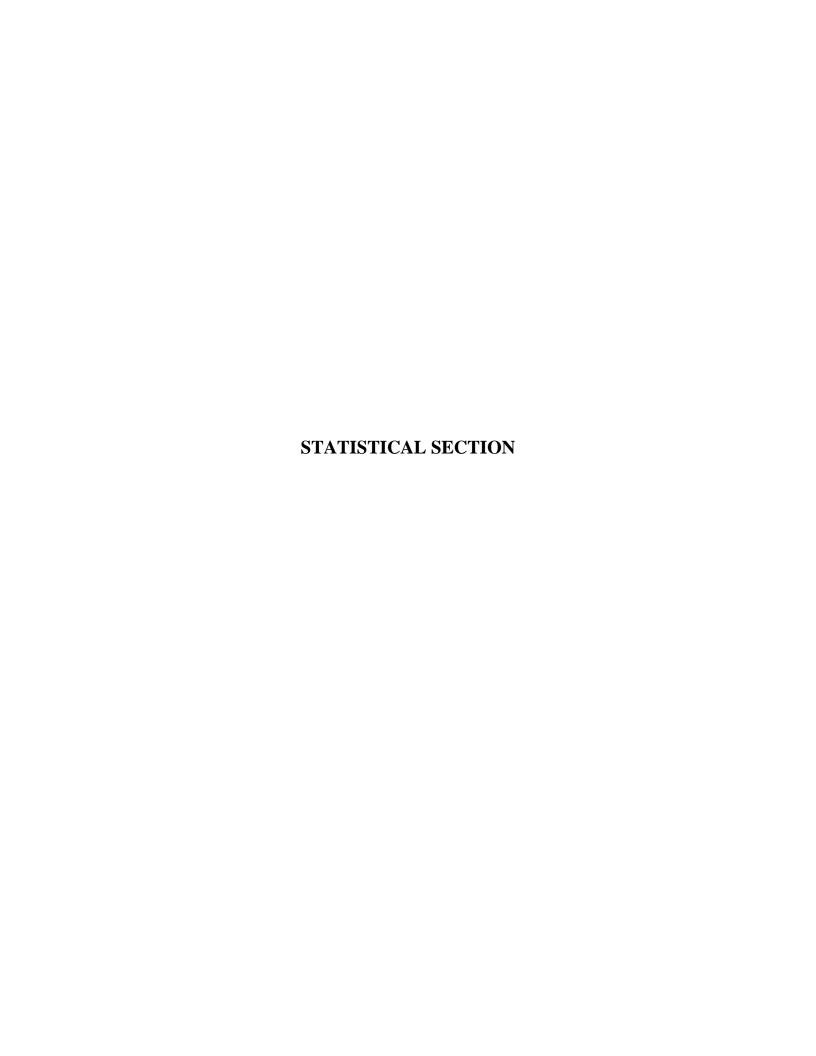
CITY OF WEST JORDAN INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

								Total
		Fleet		formation		Risk	Internal Service	
	_0	perations	Tec	chnologies	Ma	nagement		Funds
Operating Revenues								
Charges for services - internal	\$	3,457,427	\$	200,000	\$	908,757	\$	4,566,184
Total Operating Revenues		3,457,427		200,000		908,757		4,566,184
Operating Expenses								
Depreciation		1,769,320		386,213		-		2,155,533
Salaries and benefits		599,390		-		-		599,390
Professional and technical		18,498		-		1,142,341		1,160,839
Supplies and maintenance		1,680,206		116,150				1,796,356
Total Operating Expenses		4,067,414		502,363		1,142,341		5,712,118
Operating Income (Loss)		(609,987)		(302,363)		(233,584)		(1,145,934)
Nonoperating Income (Expense)								
Interest earnings		54,011		11,030		-		65,041
Interest expense		(47,171)		-		-		(47,171)
Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment		422,433				-		422,433
Total Nonoperating								
Income (Expense)		429,273		11,030		-		440,303
Income (loss) before transfers		(180,714)		(291,333)		(233,584)		(705,631)
Transfers in				-		50,000		50,000
Changes in Net Position		(180,714)		(291,333)		(183,584)		(655,631)
Net Position, Beginning		8,177,824		1,879,761		828,704		10,886,289
Net Position, Ending	\$	7,997,110	\$	1,588,428	\$	645,120	\$	10,230,658

CITY OF WEST JORDAN INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	0	Fleet perations	formation chnologies	M	Risk anagement	Inte	Total rnal Service Funds
Cash Flows From Operating Activities Receipts from interfund services provided Payments to suppliers for goods or services Payments to employees and related benefits	\$	3,457,427 (1,414,578) (621,796)	\$ 200,000 (69,455)	\$	908,757 (1,679,080)	\$	4,566,184 (3,163,113) (621,796)
Net cash flows from operating activities		1,421,053	 130,545		(770,323)		781,275
Cash Flows From Non-Capital Financing Activit Transfers from other funds	ies:				50,000		50,000
Net cash flows from non-capital financing activities					50,000		50,000
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing	Acti						
Acquisition of capital assets		(1,804,805)	(116,718)		-		(1,921,523)
Payments made on capital leases		(647,539)	-		-		(647,539)
Interest paid on capital leases		(50,797)	-		-		(50,797)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		436,677	 				436,677
Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities		(2,066,464)	 (116,718)				(2,183,182)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities Interest on investments		54,011	11,030				65,041
Net cash flows from investing activities		54,011	 11,030				65,041
Net Increase (Decrease) In Cash and Cash Equivalents		(591,400)	24,857		(720,323)		(1,286,866)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning		5,766,727	1,155,635		928,238		7,850,600
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$	5,175,327	\$ 1,180,492	\$	207,915	\$	6,563,734
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash flows from operating activities							
Earnings (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile earnings (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:	\$	(609,987)	\$ (302,363)	\$	(233,584)	\$	(1,145,934)
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities		1,769,320	386,213		-		2,155,533
Inventory		6,748	-		-		6,748
Prepaid items		-	-		(696,874)		(696,874)
Accounts payable		277,378	46,695		160,135		484,208
Other accrued payables		(21,208)	-		-		(21,208)
Compensated absences		(1,198)	 -				(1,198)
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	1,421,053	\$ 130,545	\$	(770,323)	\$	781,275



STATISTICAL SECTION INTRODUCTION

(Unaudited)

The Statistical Section of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the City of West Jordan presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosers, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules provide information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and economic condition have changed over time.	93-105
Revenue Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources: sales taxes and property taxes	106-112
Debt Capacity These schedules provide information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	113-123
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules present demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place	124-125
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	126-130

Note: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 1 NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year					
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	
Governmental activities						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 254,489,657	\$ 257,846,259	\$ 281,944,748	\$ 276,142,424	\$ 255,043,663	
Restricted	13,780,323	17,459,735	16,705,648	17,176,241	15,204,118	
Unrestricted	23,859,937	21,460,099	15,392,021	19,002,545	19,212,938	
Total governmental activities net assets	292,129,917	296,766,093	314,042,417	312,321,210	289,460,719	
Business-type activities						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	99,404,483	102,008,613	107,511,850	105,552,765	146,127,052	
Restricted	14,371,221	5,602,588	4,474,702	6,472,563	3,520,764	
Unrestricted	17,783,716	26,631,846	26,375,873	29,796,131	23,746,191	
Total business-type activities net assets	131,559,420	134,243,047	138,362,425	141,821,459	173,394,007	
Primary government						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	353,894,140	359,854,872	389,456,598	381,695,189	401,170,715	
Restricted	28,151,544	23,062,323	21,180,350	23,648,804	18,724,882	
Unrestricted	41,643,653	48,091,945	41,767,894	48,798,676	42,959,129	
Total primary government net assets	\$ 423,689,337	\$ 431,009,140	\$ 452,404,842	\$ 454,142,669	\$ 462,854,726	

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 1 (continued) NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year						
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
Governmental activities							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$ 252,858,540	\$ 260,066,438	\$ 259,058,234	\$ 269,723,910	\$ 267,165,192		
Restricted	15,709,625	19,888,028	20,911,236	18,571,046	43,553,297		
Unrestricted	25,927,735	28,212,230	22,568,244	15,756,710	14,999,012		
Total governmental activities net assets	294,495,900	308,166,696	302,537,714	304,051,666	325,717,501		
Business-type activities							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	146,812,580	150,964,781	159,663,409	168,603,708	174,147,470		
Restricted	3,974,690	3,860,284	1,073,020	5,490,390	3,779,313		
Unrestricted	27,604,860	29,815,550	31,166,704	23,932,208	26,112,614		
Total business-type activities net assets	178,392,130	184,640,615	191,903,133	198,026,306	204,039,397		
Primary government							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	399,671,120	411,031,219	418,721,643	438,327,618	441,312,662		
Restricted	19,684,315	23,748,312	21,984,256	24,061,436	47,332,610		
Unrestricted	53,532,595	58,027,780	53,734,948	39,688,918	41,111,626		
Total primary government net assets	\$ 472,888,030	\$ 492,807,311	\$ 494,440,847	\$ 502,077,972	\$ 529,756,898		

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 2 CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year						
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012		
Expenses							
Governmental activities							
General government	\$ 9,746,551	\$ 9,764,413	\$ 9,627,266	\$ 9,204,699	\$ 7,386,329		
Community development	2,109,908	2,402,580	2,852,768	4,430,459	3,079,432		
Police	13,972,204	14,986,605	14,921,245	14,368,579	13,795,007		
Fire	8,649,704	8,936,255	9,353,437	8,949,115	9,396,340		
Public works	12,489,299	12,182,007	16,794,385	14,836,808	11,661,882		
Parks and recreation	3,410,474	3,461,999	3,339,110	4,065,496	3,365,411		
Interest on long-term debt	1,928,458	1,691,323	1,588,550	1,330,674	1,085,725		
Total governmental activities	52,306,598	53,425,182	58,476,761	57,185,830	49,770,126		
Business-type activities							
Water	13,090,117	12,335,078	12,159,629	12,496,849	13,499,824		
Sewer	6,488,427	6,110,727	6,480,880	6,935,784	5,528,029		
Solid waste	3,735,913	3,883,289	3,656,295	3,771,748	3,817,376		
Storm Water	-	-	-	-	1,396,140		
Streetlight							
Total business-type activities	23,314,457	22,329,094	22,296,804	23,204,381	24,241,369		
Total primary government expenses	\$75,621,055	\$75,754,276	\$80,773,565	\$80,390,211	\$74,011,495		
Program Revenues							
Governmental activities							
Charges for services							
General government	\$ 6,319,951	\$ 6,800,536	\$ 7,573,566	\$ 8,016,942	\$ 3,014,444		
Community development	1,583,019	2,411,231	1,475,898	1,690,057	1,893,432		
Police	252,266	547,971	548,533	749,985	828,015		
Fire	1,015,782	1,025,915	854,380	1,294,747	1,538,673		
Public works	5,911,063	4,733,786	817,446	1,446,393	1,832,517		
Parks and recreation	862,782	270,929	355,798	351,241	427,743		
Operating grants and contributions	884,265	3,141,675	3,404,029	3,478,389	3,675,138		
Capital grants and contributions	6,021,089	3,725,269	2,750,186	2,393,179	2,908,877		
Total governmental activities	22,850,217	22,657,312	17,779,836	19,420,933	16,118,839		

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 2 (continued) CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year					
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	
Expenses						
Governmental activities						
General government	\$ 8,182,881	\$ 10,686,318	\$ 7,929,819	\$ 8,594,338	\$ 8,223,556	
Community development	2,501,360	3,825,771	2,955,072	2,890,182	3,570,638	
Police	13,942,290	14,705,289	15,465,279	17,946,143	18,972,747	
Fire	9,005,992	9,816,334	8,555,754	10,659,715	11,195,725	
Public works	12,874,347	14,175,755	14,002,468	16,189,593	13,781,430	
Parks and recreation	3,574,050	4,144,507	4,055,172	4,238,244	5,560,894	
Interest on long-term debt	861,782	803,748	627,550	657,805	1,353,240	
Total governmental activities	50,942,702	58,157,722	53,591,114	61,176,020	62,658,230	
Business-type activities						
Water	13,698,113	15,132,025	16,113,765	17,441,884	19,962,566	
Sewer	6,597,816	7,606,052	7,997,176	8,019,906	8,046,401	
Solid waste	4,189,136	3,639,087	4,070,686	4,138,162	4,440,314	
Storm Water	1,734,665	1,982,908	2,011,798	2,741,802	2,725,263	
Streetlight	-				589,456	
Total business-type activities	26,219,730	28,360,072	30,193,425	32,341,754	35,764,000	
Total primary government expenses	\$77,162,432	\$86,517,794	\$83,784,539	\$93,517,774	\$98,422,230	
Program Revenues						
Governmental activities						
Charges for services						
General government	\$ 2,306,462	\$ 5,611,682	\$ 2,122,238	\$ 2,445,318	\$ 2,167,320	
Community development	2,277,240	2,333,176	2,340,831	2,729,430	3,496,111	
Police	856,497	866,135	867,960	936,072	963,457	
Fire	1,597,259	1,405,916	1,605,451	2,014,099	1,809,865	
Public works	1,489,053	1,263,039	1,258,748	1,078,120	847,858	
Parks and recreation	238,959	258,422	255,239	236,072	255,371	
Operating grants and contributions	3,776,881	3,702,428	3,991,215	4,228,434	4,469,189	
Capital grants and contributions	2,338,469	13,962,510	3,114,390	5,176,082	23,998,270	
Total governmental activities	14,880,820	29,403,308	15,556,072	18,843,627	38,007,441	

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 2 (continued) CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

			Fiscal Year		
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Business-type activities					
Charges for services					
Water	10,827,252	10,733,630	10,474,173	12,885,254	14,071,562
Sewer	5,880,083	6,139,043	6,427,663	7,548,753	7,790,530
Solid waste	4,386,064	4,033,183	3,955,366	4,089,160	4,149,462
Storm Water	-	-	-	-	806,368
Streetlight	-	-	-	-	-
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-
Capital grants and contributions	2,724,600	3,925,345	4,333,621	2,141,867	3,867,206
Total business-type activities	23,817,999	24,831,201	25,190,823	26,665,034	30,685,128
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 46,668,216	\$ 47,488,513	\$ 42,970,659	\$ 46,085,967	\$ 46,803,967
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental activities	\$ (29,456,381)	\$ (30,767,870)	\$ (40,696,925)	\$ (37,764,897)	\$ (33,651,287)
Business-type activities	503,542	2,502,107	2,894,019	3,460,653	6,443,759
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$ (28,952,839)	\$ (28,265,763)	\$ (37,802,906)	\$ (34,304,244)	\$(27,207,528)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position	on				
Governmental activities					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 9,575,021	\$ 9,608,570	\$ 10,127,235	\$ 10,494,095	\$ 9,811,737
Tax increments for redevelopment agency	2,584,234	2,679,868	2,714,436	2,651,201	2,282,629
Sales taxes	16,256,386	14,598,750	13,404,929	13,559,906	14,467,761
Franchise taxes	4,919,397	6,383,768	6,911,183	7,129,083	7,409,499
Fee-in-lieu of property taxes	1,048,851	1,081,519	976,689	992,661	814,006
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	113,745	780,903	188,175
Earnings on investments	2,002,604	697,912	205,146	157,793	179,373
Miscellaneous	487,383	287,215	44,312	909,826	261,443
Transfers	(1,248,421)	66,444	60,000	63,458	(21,118,076)
Total governmental activities	35,625,455	35,404,046	34,557,675	36,738,926	14,296,547
Business-type activities					
Gain on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	389,957
Earnings on investments	751,109	247,964	88,210	61,839	115,005
Transfers	1,248,421	(66,444)	(60,000)	(63,458)	21,118,076
Total business-type activities	1,999,530	181,520	28,210	(1,619)	21,623,038
Total primary government	\$ 37,624,985	\$ 35,585,566	\$ 34,585,885	\$ 36,737,307	\$ 35,919,585
Change in Net Position					
Governmental activities	\$ 6,169,074	\$ 4,636,176	\$ (6,139,250)	\$ (1,025,971)	\$ (19,354,740)
Business-type activities	2,503,072	2,683,627	2,922,229	3,459,034	28,066,797
Total primary government	\$ 8,672,146	\$ 7,319,803	\$ (3,217,021)	\$ 2,433,063	\$ 8,712,057

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 2 (continued) CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

			Fiscal Year		
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Business-type activities					
Charges for services					
Water	15,117,355	16,480,954	15,777,748	16,077,931	17,260,761
Sewer	7,642,599	8,350,251	8,485,034	8,120,428	8,804,803
Solid waste	4,242,337	4,032,845	4,140,013	4,032,383	4,231,374
Storm Water	1,540,476	1,869,019	1,777,496	2,173,073	2,966,459
Streetlight	-	-	-	-	727,432
Operating grants and contributions	-	-	3,185,887	2,353,563	184,367
Capital grants and contributions	4,631,560	3,835,397	2,617,774	4,027,761	7,121,524
Total business-type activities	33,174,327	34,568,466	35,983,952	36,785,139	41,296,720
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 48,055,147	\$ 63,971,774	\$ 51,540,024	\$ 55,628,766	\$ 79,304,161
Net (Expense)/Revenue					
Governmental activities	\$ (36,061,882)	\$ (28,754,414)	\$ (38,035,042)	\$ (42,332,393)	\$ (24,650,789)
Business-type activities	6,954,597	6,208,394	5,790,527	4,443,385	5,532,720
Total primary government net (expense)/revenue	\$(29,107,285)	\$ (22,546,020)	\$ (32,244,515)	\$(37,889,008)	\$(19,118,069)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position Governmental activities					
Taxes					
Property taxes	\$ 12,949,847	\$ 12,668,980	\$ 12,378,578	\$ 12,735,526	\$ 12,912,284
Tax increments for redevelopment agency	2,794,439	3,398,395	3,824,806	3,977,946	3,772,971
Sales taxes	15,161,672	15,976,144	16,845,871	17,371,482	18,583,140
Franchise taxes	7,964,188	8,112,830	7,871,219	7,805,965	7,931,648
Fee-in-lieu of property taxes	1,143,559	999,394	1,010,266	1,013,610	1,034,558
Gain on sale of capital assets	102,560	28,548	723,340	278,510	422,433
Earnings on investments	195,920	213,766	198,997	294,968	514,856
Miscellaneous	247,671	947,153	552,430	817,616	494,187
Transfers	925,000	80,000	(1,950,000)	50,000	(5,000)
Total governmental activities	41,484,856	42,425,210	41,455,507	44,345,623	45,661,077
Business-type activities					
Gain on sale of capital assets	189,161	_	_	_	_
Earnings on investments	135,529	120.091	112,917	183,577	275,371
Transfers	(925,000)	(80,000)	1,950,000	(50,000)	5,000
•					
Total business-type activities	(600,310)	40,091	2,062,917	133,577	280,371
Total primary government	\$ 40,884,546	\$ 42,465,301	\$ 43,518,424	\$ 44,479,200	\$ 45,941,448
Change in Net Position					
Governmental activities	\$ 5,422,974	\$ 13,670,796	\$ 3,420,465	\$ 2,013,230	\$ 21,010,288
Business-type activities	6,354,287	6,248,485	7,853,444	4,576,962	5,813,091
Total primary government	\$ 11,777,261	\$ 19,919,281	\$ 11,273,909	\$ 6,590,192	\$ 26,823,379

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 3

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year								
		2008		2009		2010		2011	2012
General Fund									
Reserved	\$	5,204,521	\$	4,598,621	\$	2,851,500	\$	-	\$ -
Unreserved		6,057,814		3,268,157		1,809,974		-	-
Nonspendable		-		-		-		282,415	6,313
Restricted		-		-		-		4,411,953	6,002,475
Committed		-		-		-		-	-
Assigned		-		-		-		18,931	620,108
Unassigned								5,015,139	 8,262,619
Total general fund		11,262,335		7,866,778		4,661,474		9,728,438	 14,891,515
All Other Governmental Funds									
Reserved		12,578,879		16,334,218		14,339,295		-	-
Unreserved, reported in:									
Capital projects funds		9,458,035		10,347,383		10,933,091		-	-
Special revenue funds		685,985		1,039,201		2,223,725		-	-
Nonspendable		-		-		-		48,070	80,180
Restricted		-		-		-		12,461,286	9,201,643
Committed		_		-		-		1,001,680	1,849,200
Assigned		-		-		-		10,564,353	7,184,366
Unassigned									
Total all other governmental funds		22,722,899		27,720,802		27,496,111		24,075,389	 18,315,389
Total governmental funds	\$	33,985,234	\$	35,587,580	\$	32,157,585	\$	33,803,827	\$ 33,206,904

Note: Fund balance classifications changed in 2011 as part of the implementation of GASB 54.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 3 (continued)

FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year							
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017			
General Fund								
Reserved	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Unreserved	-	-	-	-	- ,			
Nonspendable	90,343	160,717	163,491	167,409	56,792			
Restricted	6,307,594	5,794,095	5,232,878	6,502,179	6,041,936			
Committed	-	-	-	-	-			
Assigned	597,766	568,305	769,975	892,983	46,728			
Unassigned	13,042,225	12,513,823	11,362,288	9,424,742	10,692,587			
Total general fund	20,037,928	19,036,940	17,528,632	16,987,313	16,838,043			
All Other Governmental Funds								
Reserved	-	-	-	-	-			
Unreserved, reported in:								
Capital projects funds	-	-	-	-	- ,			
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-	- ,			
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	689,081			
Restricted	9,402,031	14,093,933	15,678,358	12,068,867	37,746,764			
Committed	500,000	500,000	-	-	-			
Assigned	10,896,667	11,501,153	13,969,887	9,406,182	10,068,913			
Unassigned	(133,766)	(60,012)			(1,579,809)			
Total all other governmental funds	20,664,932	26,035,074	29,648,245	21,475,049	46,924,949			
Total governmental funds	\$ 40,702,860	\$ 45,072,014	\$ 47,176,877	\$ 38,462,362	\$ 63,762,992			

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 4

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year							
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012			
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 34,383,889	\$ 34,352,462	\$ 34,134,473	\$ 34,826,946	\$ 34,785,632			
Licenses and permits	1,695,805	1,673,568	1,673,932	1,680,397	1,805,455			
Intergovernmental	4,352,402	8,472,052	4,198,469	5,242,493	6,287,634			
Charges for services	2,185,107	2,751,936	2,993,569	3,640,563	3,753,976			
Fines and forfeitures	1,959,221	1,799,419	1,663,079	1,928,949	1,738,670			
Interfund charges	3,968,247	4,041,904	4,608,585	4,692,945	4,188,392			
Impact fees	2,752,946	3,326,905	2,513,126	1,326,688	1,261,709			
Interest	1,653,469	468,217	220,715	167,323	207,240			
Donations	-	-	-	-	- ,			
Miscellaneous	489,512	626,272	240,797	984,730	498,536			
Total revenues	53,440,598	57,512,735	52,246,745	54,491,034	54,527,244			
Expenditures								
General government	9,444,899	9,303,529	8,665,800	8,813,422	8,784,265			
Community development	2,889,794	2,366,317	2,813,022	3,408,062	3,150,767			
Police	13,837,413	13,968,643	13,878,366	13,768,480	13,175,846			
Fire	8,385,349	8,498,186	8,951,999	8,606,718	8,603,467			
Public works	6,210,680	6,084,022	5,514,854	5,093,640	4,892,084			
Parks and recreation	2,471,939	2,276,192	2,162,521	2,728,228	2,030,602			
Debt Service								
Principal payments	3,963,380	4,035,472	4,214,011	4,088,184	7,790,116			
Interest and fiscal charges	1,897,585	1,703,130	1,542,530	1,329,180	1,058,828			
Bond issuance costs	45,686	-	-	-	- ,			
Capital outlay	8,731,613	7,342,494	9,057,433	5,373,215	6,074,326			
Total expenditures	57,878,338	55,577,985	56,800,536	53,209,129	55,560,301			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	(4,437,740)	1,934,750	(4,553,791)	1,281,905	(1,033,057)			

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 4 (continued) CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year							
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017			
Revenues								
Taxes	\$ 40,013,705	\$ 41,155,743	\$ 41,930,740	\$ 43,077,434	\$ 44,279,206			
Licenses and permits	1,743,329	2,135,523	2,392,798	2,762,043	2,796,975			
Intergovernmental	5,043,243	4,919,958	4,904,124	5,589,575	6,089,224			
Charges for services	4,316,123	4,401,716	4,623,638	4,882,395	3,111,151			
Fines and forfeitures	1,488,686	1,477,766	1,481,938	1,366,330	1,283,137			
Interfund charges	3,901,211	3,913,136	-	-	-			
Impact fees	1,317,061	1,868,390	2,641,465	2,685,500	3,478,997			
Interest	228,085	231,655	204,022	307,477	611,590			
Donations	-	-	-	-	-			
Miscellaneous	774,167	538,036	98,876	237,737	820,659			
Total revenues	58,825,610	60,641,923	58,277,601	60,908,491	62,470,939			
Expenditures								
General government	9,295,043	10,209,762	8,489,415	9,086,241	7,789,359			
Community development	2,653,183	3,924,630	3,095,117	2,714,401	3,523,369			
Police	13,896,329	14,536,544	16,160,702	17,500,251	18,005,651			
Fire	9,449,440	9,606,907	9,993,547	10,896,351	10,665,418			
Public works	5,291,603	5,356,121	4,897,352	5,739,055	4,942,593			
Parks and recreation	2,374,055	2,909,834	3,088,446	2,744,266	3,681,506			
Debt Service								
Principal payments	2,450,627	10,850,927	2,656,543	3,217,890	2,738,356			
Interest and fiscal charges	813,288	791,967	549,982	583,431	1,079,496			
Bond issuance costs	-	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	5,882,971	16,094,544	12,236,500	16,646,394	12,620,464			
Total expenditures	52,106,539	74,281,236	61,167,604	69,128,280	65,046,212			
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	6,719,071	(13,639,313)	(2,890,003)	(8,219,789)	(2,575,273)			

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 4 (continued) CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year							
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Issuance of debt	4,497,000	-	-	-	3,290,000			
Discount on issuance of debt	(26,982)	-	-	-	-			
Premium on is suance of debt	-	-	-	-	-			
Issuance of capital lease	-	-	220,000	-				
Road project proceeds	-	-	-	-	-			
Developer contributions	-	-	-	-	-			
Sale of capital assets	2,936	8,645	234,834	747,390	-			
Transfers in	7,036,428	6,912,152	8,615,346	4,783,521	5,191,299			
Transfers out	(7,834,299)	(7,253,201)	(8,784,092)	(5,069,776)	(4,539,413)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	3,675,083	(332,404)	286,088	461,135	3,941,886			
Net change in fund balances	\$ (762,657)	\$ 1,602,346	\$ (4,267,703)	\$ 1,743,040	\$ 2,908,829			
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	12.0%	11.8%	10.9%	10.8%	17.2%			

Note: Noncapital expenditures are total expenditures less capital outlay and expenditures for capitalized assets included within the functional expenditure categories.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 4 (continued) CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year							
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Issuance of debt	-	10,595,000	6,530,000	-	24,960,000			
Discount on issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	-			
Premium on issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	2,315,356			
Issuance of capital lease	-	-	135,009	-	-			
Road project proceeds	-	9,900,000	-	-	-			
Developer contributions	-	683,467	-	-	-			
Sale of capital assets	-	-	164,500	4,552				
Transfers in	6,206,245	11,684,277	11,587,254	3,032,210	4,784,115			
Transfers out	(5,429,359)	(14,854,277)	(13,587,254)	(3,032,210)	(4,839,115)			
Total other financing sources (uses)	776,886	18,008,467	4,829,509	4,552	27,220,356			
Net change in fund balances	\$ 7,495,957	\$ 4,369,154	\$ 1,939,506	\$ (8,215,237)	\$ 24,645,083			
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	6.6%	19.4%	6.2%	7.1%	6.8%			

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 5 TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Property Tax (1)	Fe	otor Vehicle e-in-lieu of operty Tax	 Sales Tax	I	Franchise Tax (2)	 Total
2008	\$ 12,159,255	\$	1,048,851	\$ 16,256,386	\$	4,919,397	\$ 34,383,889
2009	12,288,438		1,081,519	14,598,750		6,383,768	34,352,475
2010	12,841,671		976,689	13,404,929		6,911,183	34,134,472
2011	13,145,296		992,661	13,559,906		7,129,083	34,826,946
2012	12,094,366		814,006	14,467,761		7,409,499	34,785,632
2013	15,744,286		1,143,559	15,161,672		7,964,188	40,013,705
2014	16,067,375		999,394	15,976,144		8,112,830	41,155,743
2015	16,203,384		1,010,266	16,845,871		7,871,219	41,930,740
2016	16,713,472		1,013,610	17,371,482		7,805,965	42,904,529
2017	16,685,255		1,034,558	18,583,140		7,931,648	44,234,601
Growth							
2008-2017	37.2%		-1.4%	14.3%		61.2%	28.6%

⁽¹⁾ Includes penalties and interest.

⁽²⁾ A telecommunications tax was implemented in 2009.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 6 DIRECT TAXABLE SALES BY CATEGORY LAST TEN CALENDAR YEARS

		Cate				
			Business			City Direct
Calendar			Equipment			Sales Tax
Year	Retail	Services	& Utilities	Other	Total	Rate
2007	\$ 896,521,301	\$ 77,333,631	\$ 203,463,655	\$ 126,530,263	\$1,303,848,850	1.000 %
2008	840,773,887	80,591,718	298,670,106	102,267,897	1,322,303,608	1.000
2009	828,022,960	82,399,762	259,685,855	32,070,469	1,202,179,046	1.000
2010	793,464,695	103,958,444	254,839,010	32,502,668	1,184,764,817	1.000
2011	721,045,458	247,509,130	221,084,342	41,939,927	1,231,578,857	1.000
2012	742,836,960	262,226,673	239,780,736	45,668,906	1,290,513,275	1.000
2013	775,684,054	359,063,551	185,857,212	36,431,721	1,357,036,538	1.000
2014	789,609,154	367,672,604	204,421,596	53,965,617	1,415,668,971	1.000
2015	826,025,346	390,211,536	205,074,080	59,512,570	1,480,823,532	1.000
2016	851,709,139	400,680,330	202,872,948	73,223,845	1,528,486,262	1.000

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 7 ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Primary Residential Property	Other Property	Less: Adjustments	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
2008	\$3,511,535,262	\$1,748,285,317	\$399,449,078	\$4,860,371,501	0.001856	\$8,132,894,884	59.76
2009	3,536,115,426	2,109,356,697	380,599,510	5,264,872,613	0.001810	8,538,657,472	61.66
2010	3,148,488,044	1,996,323,713	411,371,675	4,733,440,082	0.002080	7,720,847,429	61.31
2011	3,119,933,190	1,936,404,242	348,844,042	4,707,493,390	0.002128	7,609,010,042	61.87
2012	3,015,103,177	1,938,017,434	374,382,067	4,578,738,544	0.002069	7,420,023,210	61.71
2013	2,844,974,289	1,965,996,252	464,953,994	4,346,016,547	0.002674	7,138,676,777	60.88
2014	3,048,600,250	2,075,413,401	521,909,837	4,602,103,814	0.002562	7,618,322,946	60.41
2015	3,361,903,767	2,191,420,614	492,165,439	5,061,158,942	0.002368	8,303,972,918	60.95
2016	3,595,378,140	2,345,525,635	517,707,149	5,423,196,626	0.002251	8,882,576,799	61.05
2017	3,857,227,834	2,451,495,056	477,751,077	5,830,971,813	0.002139	9,464,636,572	61.61

Note: Property in Salt Lake County is reassessed once every five years on average. The county assesses non-residential property at actual value and assesses residential property at 55 percent of actual value. Estimated actual value of residential property is calculated by dividing assessed value by 55 percent. Tax rates are per dollar of assessed value.

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission; Salt Lake County Auditor's Office

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 8 PROPRTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Collected within the Total Fiscal Year of the Levy Collections Total Collections to Date Fiscal Tax Percentage in Subsequent Percentage Year Levy Amount of Levy Years Amount of Levy 2008 \$ 9,847,784 \$ 9,327,041 94.71 \$ 286,962 \$ 9,614,003 97.63 2009 10,259,693 9,351,921 91.15 341,370 9,693,291 94.48 2010 92.03 448,949 10,564,715 9,722,647 10,171,595 96.28 2011 10,784,995 10,091,756 93.57 271,188 10,362,944 96.09 2012 9,533,958 94.06 253,939 9,787,897 96.57 10,135,638 2013 12,678,409 12,321,900 97.19 267,384 12,589,284 99.30 2014 97.34 13,017,951 12,671,927 249,050 12,920,977 99.26 2015 13,166,025 12,919,871 98.13 207,548 13,127,419 99.71 2016 13,353,233 13,056,003 97.77 136,954 13,192,957 98.80 2017 97.89 13,535,866 13,250,088 97.89 13,250,088

Source: Salt Lake County Treasurer

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 9 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Overlapping Rates							
	City				Botanical,					
Fiscal	Direct	State of	Salt Lake	Mass	Cultural,					
<u>Year</u>	Rate (1)	Utah	County	Transit	Zoo	Total				
2008	1.000	4.650	0.500	0.550	0.100 %	6.800 %				
2009	1.000	4.700	0.500	0.550	0.100	6.850				
2010	1.000	4.700	0.500	0.550	0.100	6.850				
2011	1.000	4.700	0.500	0.550	0.100	6.850				
2012	1.000	4.700	0.500	0.550	0.100	6.850				
2013	1.000	4.700	0.500	0.550	0.100	6.850				
2014	1.000	4.700	0.500	0.550	0.100	6.850				
2015	1.000	4.700	0.500	0.550	0.100	6.850				
2016	1.000	4.700	0.500	0.550	0.100	6.850				
2017	1.000	4.700	0.500	0.550	0.100	6.850				

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments and agencies that apply to taxable sales within the City.

(1) Of the total sales taxes assessed by municipalities within the state, 50 percent is distributed based on point of sale and 50 percent is pooled and distributed based on population.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 10 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	City	City Direct Rates (1)			Overlapping Rates				
					Jordan				
Fiscal		Debt	Total	Salt Lake	School				
Year	Operating	Service	Direct	County	District	Other	Total		
2008	0.001686	0.000170	0.001856	0.002511	0.006617	0.000725	0.011709		
2009	0.001654	0.000156	0.001810	0.002431	0.006150	0.000692	0.011083		
2010	0.001906	0.000174	0.002080	0.002842	0.005980	0.000825	0.011727		
2011	0.001953	0.000175	0.002128	0.003176	0.006485	0.000881	0.012670		
2012	0.002003	0.000066	0.002069	0.003300	0.007319	0.000912	0.013600		
2013	0.002481	0.000193	0.002674	0.003420	0.007360	0.000919	0.014373		
2014	0.002384	0.000178	0.002562	0.003935	0.007132	0.000891	0.014520		
2015	0.002218	0.000150	0.002368	0.003751	0.006700	0.000841	0.013660		
2016	0.002111	0.000140	0.002251	0.003214	0.006872	0.000824	0.013161		
2017	0.002009	0.000130	0.002139	0.003010	0.006906	0.000790	0.012845		

Note: Overlapping rates are those of other governments and agencies that apply to property owners within the City. Tax rates are per dollar of assessed value.

(1) The City's certified property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the city council, after holding one or more truth-in-taxation public hearings.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 11 PRINCIPAL SALES TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2017		2008			
Tarmarian	Sales	Percentage of Total		Sales	Douls	Percentage of Total	
Taxpayer	Tax (1)	Rank	Sales Tax(1)	Tax (1)	Rank	Sales Tax(1)	
Smith's	N/A	1	N/A	N/A	2	N/A	
Wal-Mart Stores	N/A	2	N/A	N/A	1	N/A	
Rocky Mountain Power	N/A	3	N/A	N/A	5	N/A	
Sam's Club	N/A	4	N/A	N/A	3	N/A	
The Home Depot	N/A	5	N/A	N/A	7	N/A	
Target	N/A	6	N/A	N/A	4	N/A	
BMC West	N/A	7	N/A	N/A	8	N/A	
Lowe's	N/A	8	N/A	N/A	6	N/A	
Sysco Foods	N/A	9	N/A	N/A	9	N/A	
SME Industries	N/A	10	N/A	N/A		N/A	
Stock Building Supply	N/A		N/A	N/A	10	N/A	
Total	\$ 5,364,832		28.87 %	\$ 4,480,299		27.56 %	

(1) Sales tax information is considered proprietary and cannot be shown by individual payer, so the group is shown in the aggregate.

N/A = Not applicable

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 12 PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAX PAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2017			2008	
	Percentage of				Percentage of	
	Assessed		Total Assessed	Assessed		Total Assessed
Taxpayer	Valuation	Rank	Valuation	Valuation	Rank	Valuation
Jordan Landing LLC	\$ 125,798,800	1	2.16 %	\$ 128,532,600	1	2.64 %
Jordan Valley Medical Ctr	60,503,400	2	1.04	31,026,200	3	0.64
Mtn America Credit Union	49,163,300	3	0.84	23,598,800	6	0.49
Oracle America Inc	47,436,200	4	0.81	-		-
Boeing	43,158,300	5	0.74	-		0.00
Willowcove Intntl LLC	32,097,450	6	0.55	26,098,710	5	0.54
Campus View LLC	29,118,600	7	0.50	-		-
Serengeti Springs	22,962,142	8	0.39	-		-
Southwillow LLC	21,711,030	9	0.37	-		-
Broadmoor Village LLC	21,334,940	10	0.37	-		-
Masco Cabinet Group LLC	-		-	58,806,600	2	1.21
WRI West Jordan LLC	-		-	26,616,600	4	0.55
Wal-Mart Stores	-		-	19,593,300	8	0.40
Sysco Foods	-		-	17,775,100	9	0.37
Dannon Company Inc	-		-	21,647,000	7	0.45
Grand Central Inc				16,281,400	10	0.33
Total	\$ 453,284,162		7.77 %	\$ 369,976,310		7.61 %

Source: Salt Lake County Assessor

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 13 RATIOS OF OUSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Governmental Activities									
	Tax									
	General	Lease	Sales Tax	Excise Tax	Increment	Special	Notes			
Fiscal	Obligation	Revenue	Revenue	Road	Revenue	Assessment	Payable to			
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Bonds	Developers			
2008	\$10,015,000	\$ 5,185,000	\$ 6,410,000	\$ 1,550,000	\$ 7,615,000	\$ 4,497,000	\$ 1,264,681			
2009	9,590,000	4,705,000	4,910,000	1,050,000	6,605,000	4,497,000	1,244,209			
2010	9,145,000	4,200,000	3,360,000	540,000	5,520,000	4,497,000	837,708			
2011	8,685,000	3,675,000	1,725,000	-	4,730,000	4,497,000	837,708			
2012	8,210,000	3,290,000	-	_	3,960,000	4,497,000	-			
2013	7,700,000	2,485,000	-	_	3,225,000	4,497,000	-			
2014	7,260,000	1,670,000	3,335,000	_	2,535,000	3,008,000	-			
2015	6,665,000	840,000	9,690,000	_	1,880,000	3,008,000	-			
2016	6,045,000	-	8,650,000	_	1,230,000	3,008,000	-			
2017	5,420,000	24,960,000	7,735,000	-	530,000	2,706,000	-			

Note: Amounts shown do not include deferred amounts related to discounts, premiums, or refunding activities. Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ See Schedule 22 for personal income and population data.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 13 (continued) RATIOS OF OUSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Business-Type
Governmental Activities	Activities

Fiscal Year	Capital Leases	Contracts Payable	Utility Revenue Bonds	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Per apita (1)
2008	\$ 704,204	\$ 1,530,000	\$ 3,790,000	\$ 143,000	\$ 42,703,885	1.11	\$ 416
2009	574,059	1,430,000	2,465,000	-	37,070,268	0.93	357
2010	644,762	1,325,000	1,040,000	-	31,109,470	0.83	296
2011	778,951	1,215,000	2,530,000	-	28,673,659	0.75	270
2012	1,617,873	1,850,000	1,710,000	-	25,134,873	0.61	235
2013	1,480,783	1,480,000	1,030,000	-	21,897,783	0.50	203
2014	2,105,811	1,355,000	6,380,000	-	27,648,811	0.62	255
2015	2,239,565	725,000	5,730,000	-	30,777,565	0.65	279
2016	2,769,019	590,000	11,590,000	-	33,882,019	0.68	304
2017	2,070,123	450,000	10,330,000	-	54,201,123	1.03	477

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 14 RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	General E	Bonded Debt Out	tstanding	Percentage of		
	General			Actual Taxable		
Fiscal	Obligation	Other		Value of]	Per
Year	Bonds	Bonds	Total	Property (1)	ty (1) Capita	
2008	\$ 10,015,000	\$29,047,000	\$39,062,000	0.80 %	\$	380
2009	9,590,000	24,232,000	33,822,000	0.64		326
2010	9,145,000	19,157,000	28,302,000	0.60		270
2011	8,685,000	17,157,000	25,842,000	0.55		243
2012	8,210,000	13,457,000	21,667,000	0.47		203
2013	7,700,000	11,237,000	18,937,000	0.44		175
2014	7,260,000	16,928,000	24,188,000	0.53		223
2015	6,665,000	21,148,000	27,813,000	0.55		252
2016	6,045,000	24,478,000	30,523,000	0.56		274
2017	5,420,000	46,261,000	51,681,000	0.89		455

Note: Amounts shown do not include deferred amounts related to discounts, premiums, or refunding activities.

⁽¹⁾ See Schedule 7 for property value data.

⁽²⁾ See Schedule 22 for population data.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 15 DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Governmental Unit	C	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to West Jordan (1)	Estimated Amount Applicable to West Jordan	
Jordan School District Salt Lake County	\$	64,515,000 194,540,000	32.68 % 6.89	\$	21,083,502 13,403,806
Total overlapping debt					34,487,308
City of West Jordan (2)	\$	43,871,123	100.00		43,871,123
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$	78,358,431

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of West Jordan. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt, of each overlapping government.

- (1) The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using taxable assessed property values. Applicable percentages were estimated by dividing the City's taxable assessed value by each overlapping unit's total taxable assessed value.
- (2) Amounts shown do not include deferred amounts related to discounts, premiums, or refunding activities.

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission; Jordan School District; Salt Lake County Auditor's Office

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 16 LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	-		Fiscal Year		
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Debt Limit	\$ 325,315,795	\$ 341,546,299	\$ 308,833,897	\$ 304,360,402	\$ 296,800,928
Total debt applicable to limit (1)	10,015,000	9,590,000	9,145,000	8,685,000	8,210,000
Legal debt margin	\$ 315,300,795	\$ 331,956,299	\$ 299,688,897	\$ 295,675,402	\$ 288,590,928
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	3.08%	2.81%	2.96%	2.85%	2.77%
Legal Debt Margin Calculation	for Fiscal Year 20	17			
Estimated market value Debt limit (4% of market value Debt applicable to limit (1)	e)		\$ 9,464,636,572 378,585,463 5,420,000		
Legal debt margin			\$ 373,165,463		

⁽¹⁾ Amounts shown do not include deferred amounts related to discounts, premiums, or refunding activities.

Sources: Utah State Tax Commission; Salt Lake County Auditor's Office

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 16 (continued) LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year						
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017		
Debt Limit	\$ 285,547,071	\$ 304,732,918	\$ 332,158,917	\$ 355,303,072	\$ 378,585,463		
Total debt applicable to limit (1)	7,700,000	7,260,000	6,665,000	6,045,000	5,420,000		
Legal debt margin	\$ 277,847,071	\$ 297,472,918	\$ 325,493,917	\$ 349,258,072	\$ 373,165,463		
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	2.70%	2.38%	2.01%	1.70%	1.43%		

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 17 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE WATER REVENUE BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Net Revenue

Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Available for Debt	Debt S	Service Require	ments	
Year	Revenues(1)	Expenses(2)	Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2008	\$ 12,514,128	\$ 10,951,456	\$ 1,562,672	\$ 1,585,000	\$ 92,225	\$ 1,677,225	0.93
2009	12,770,209	10,243,566	2,526,643	1,325,000	155,390	1,480,390	1.71
2010	12,330,587	10,044,419	2,286,168	1,425,000	101,065	1,526,065	1.50
2011	13,678,673	10,425,154	3,253,519	1,035,000	68,819	1,103,819	2.95
2012	15,822,089	11,362,423	4,459,666	820,000	66,057	886,057	5.03
2013	16,172,170	11,593,674	4,578,496	680,000	41,576	721,576	6.35
2014	17,001,425	12,816,500	4,184,925	695,000	93,949	788,949	5.30
2015	16,965,634	13,657,873	3,307,761	650,000	140,542	790,542	4.18
2016	16,955,828	14,965,284	1,990,544	665,000	126,060	791,060	2.52
2017	18,291,855	17,402,966	888,889	675,000	111,430	786,430	1.13

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) Total revenues (including interest and impact fees).
- (2) Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 18 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE STORM DRAIN REVENUE BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Net Revenue

Fiscal	Gross	Operating	Available for Debt	Debt S	Service Require	ments	
Year	Revenues(1)	Expenses(2)	Service	Principal	Interest	Total	Coverage
2008	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ N/A	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	N/A
2009	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	-	N/A
2010	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	-	N/A
2011	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	-	N/A
2012	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	-	N/A
2013	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	-	N/A
2014	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	-	N/A
2015	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	-	N/A
2016	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	-	N/A
2017	4,750,119	1,584,739	3,165,380	585,000	138,176	723,176	4.38

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

- (1) Total revenues (including interest and impact fees).
- (2) Total operating expenses exclusive of depreciation.

N/A = Not applicable

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 19 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE SALES TAX REVENUE BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	Sales Tax		Debt					
Year	 Revenue]	Principal		Interest		Total	Coverage
2008	\$ 16,256,386	\$	1,480,000	\$	369,875	\$	1,849,875	8.79
2009	14,598,750		1,500,000		310,675		1,810,675	8.06
2010	13,404,929		1,550,000		250,675		1,800,675	7.44
2011	13,559,906		1,635,000		184,800		1,819,800	7.45
2012	14,467,761		1,725,000		94,875		1,819,875	7.95
2013	15,161,672		-		-		-	N/A
2014	15,976,144		-		24,396		24,396	654.87
2015	16,845,871		310,000		72,822		382,822	44.00
2016	17,371,482		905,000		193,546		1,098,546	15.81
2017	18,583,140		920,000		174,154		1,094,154	16.98

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

N/A = Not applicable

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 20 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE TAX INCREMENT REVENUE BONDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		1 421							
Fiscal	al Increment Debt Service Requirements								
Year		Revenue		Principal		pal Interest		Total	Coverage
2008	\$	2,584,234	\$	940,000	\$	434,413	\$	1,374,413	1.88
2009		2,679,868		1,010,000		390,213		1,400,213	1.91
2010		2,714,436		1,085,000		341,565		1,426,565	1.90
2011		2,651,201		790,000		289,315		1,079,315	2.46
2012		2,282,629		770,000		249,341		1,019,341	2.24
2013		2,794,439		735,000		209,686		944,686	2.96
2014		3,398,395		690,000		171,466		861,466	3.94
2015		3,824,806		655,000		135,103		790,103	4.84
2016		3,977,946		650,000		100,388		750,388	5.30
2017		3,772,971		700,000		65,938		765,938	4.93

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 21 PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE HUD CONTRACT PAYABLE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Community
Development

	Dev	relopment							
Fiscal	scal Block Grant								
Year	R	levenue	Principal		Interest		Total		Coverage
2008	\$	501,969	\$	95,000	\$	121,167	\$	216,167	2.32
2009		743,878		100,000		114,127		214,127	3.47
2010		451,102		105,000		106,740		211,740	2.13
2011		613,096		110,000		98,865		208,865	2.94
2012		496,435		115,000		26,078		141,078	3.52
2013		647,419		120,000		25,240		145,240	4.46
2014		514,068		125,000		23,886		148,886	3.45
2015		500,955		130,000		21,879		151,879	3.30
2016		455,691		135,000		19,224		154,224	2.95
2017		684,322		140,000		15,877		155,877	4.39

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 22 DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Per Capita	
Fiscal		Personal	Personal	Unemployment
Year	Population	 Income (1)	 Income (2)	Rate (3)
2008	102,660	\$ 3,858,373,440	\$ 37,584	2.5 %
2009	103,740	4,006,023,840	38,616	3.4
2010	104,969	3,763,243,619	35,851	7.1
2011	106,286	3,816,623,974	35,909	7.7
2012	106,954	4,100,402,452	38,338	6.6
2013	108,062	4,374,457,822	40,481	5.3
2014	108,362	4,440,349,674	40,977	4.4
2015	110,171	4,701,106,741	42,671	3.7
2016	111,273	4,973,012,916	44,692	3.4
2017	113,699	5,279,499,366	46,434	3.2

- (1) Estimates of total personal income are derived by multiplying per capita personal income amounts by the corresponding population.
- (2) Per capita personal income amounts are for Salt Lake County. The amounts shown are for the calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year, e.g., amounts for calendar year 2016 are shown in fiscal year 2017.
- (3) Unemployment rates are for the Salt Lake City, UT metropolitan area. The rates shown are for the calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year, e.g., rates for calendar year 2016 are shown in fiscal year 2017.

Sources: Population information provided by the U.S Census Bureau. Per capita personal income information provided by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis. Unemployment rates provided by the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 23 PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2017	7		2008	3
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
	1 2	1				• • •
Jordan School District	3,452	1	5.58 %	2,575	1	6.18 %
Jordan Valley Medical Center	781	2	1.26	667	3	1.60
Smith's	739	3	1.19	364	9	0.87
West Jordan City	620	4	1.00	566	6	1.36
Sysco Intermountain Food Services	443	5	0.72	538	7	1.29
Mountain America Credit Union	405	6	0.65	355	10	0.85
SME Industries	375	7	0.61	375	8	0.90
Wal-Mart	372	8	0.60	581	4	1.39
Northstar Manufacturing	323	9	0.52	-		-
National Benefit Services	238	10	0.38	-		-
Masco Retail Cabinet Group	_		0.00	798	2	1.91
Fairchild Semi-conductor			0.00	575	5	1.38
Total	7,748		12.52 %	7,394	:	17.74 %

Sources: West Jordan Business License Division; Jordan School District; U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 24

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
General government										
Mayor & city council	4.60	4.60	4.56	4.62	4.62	4.62	5.11	5.61	5.25	4.00
Administration	15.90	15.10	6.45	6.07	7.07	10.42	8.84	8.84	9.40	10.00
Finance/Admin. services	23.33	23.33	31.51	29.25	30.00	30.35	33.74	34.74	35.86	34.75
Information Technologies	7.00	7.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Facilities	6.93	6.93	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	5.27	5.44	5.00
Attorney	11.00	11.00	10.00	11.90	12.50	15.38	18.50	19.50	20.00	14.01
Court	11.00	11.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00
Community development										
Planning & zoning	10.50	10.50	11.29	9.79	9.79	7.10	7.50	7.90	8.90	8.00
Economic development	-	-	1.71	1.71	1.71	0.40	-	1.00	1.00	1.00
Building safety	11.62	10.20	9.23	9.23	9.23	8.23	8.23	8.23	8.10	9.00
Police										
Support services	62.50	64.50	61.97	60.62	61.52	72.50	67.00	68.00	68.00	71.00
Line services	89.25	90.10	89.78	89.13	89.23	82.53	84.30	85.30	85.30	84.30
Animal control	6.00	6.00	6.28	6.28	9.28	9.00	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50
Fire	85.00	86.00	86.00	86.00	86.00	85.00	85.00	85.00	85.00	86.50
Public works										
Public works admin.	7.00	6.75	6.00	6.00	6.00	5.26	5.26	5.26	5.00	9.00
Engineering	24.40	24.90	17.75	17.75	17.25	15.61	15.96	16.69	16.79	21.75
Streets	24.00	24.00	21.60	21.10	23.10	22.09	22.03	23.03	23.49	26.00
Storm drain	2.00	2.00	2.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fleet operations	8.00	9.00	7.00	7.00	8.00	8.47	6.12	8.12	8.12	8.00
Parks and recreation	18.00	18.00	15.00	15.00	14.00	14.75	15.00	16.00	16.00	17.00
Water	18.00	17.25	18.00	19.00	17.00	17.54	19.38	21.38	21.68	19.00
Sewer	11.00	11.00	11.00	13.00	12.00	9.07	9.26	11.26	12.96	12.00
Solid waste	1.50	1.50	1.90	2.40	2.40	2.10	2.05	2.05	2.05	3.00
Stormwater						9.12	9.12	11.12	10.22	8.00
Total	458.53	460.66	433.03	429.85	434.70	443.54	446.90	463.80	468.06	470.81

Note: Full-time equivalent employees shown are based on authorized positions as determined by the salary schedule and the personnel budgets for the specified year.

Source: West Jordan Human Resources Division

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 25 OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year								
Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012				
Community development									
Residential building permits issued	721	641	770	611	682				
Commercial building permits issued	267	270	232	188	211				
Police									
Calls for service	54,506	55,183	65,186	66,820	62,414				
Arrests	3,437	3,738	3,719	3,654	3,514				
Violations cited	16,996	13,452	13,686	14,610	13,170				
Fire									
Medical responses	3,586	3,448	3,441	3,562	3,792				
Fire responses	1,558	1,356	1,286	1,233	1,218				
Water									
Residential accounts serviced	19,852	19,877	19,923	20,072	20,315				
Commercial accounts serviced	1,381	1,416	1,489	1,549	1,569				
Average daily consumption									
(thousands of gallons)	18,092	17,613	16,015	16,596	18,530				
Sewer									
Sewer line miles inspected	38	37	41	39	22				
Sewer line miles cleaned	99	113	112	124	93				

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government, public works, parks & recreation, or solid waste functions. Some of the amounts shown are for the calendar year that ended during the specified fiscal year, e.g., amounts for calendar year 2016 would be shown in fiscal year 2017.

Sources: West Jordan Community Development Department, Police Department, Fire Department, and Public Works Department

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 25 (continued) OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year							
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017			
727	809	965	1,406	2,003			
186	197	229	226	237			
61,501	60,017	64,291	64,019	60,645			
3,042	2,981	2,900	3,677	2,846			
11,113	12,144	13,868	15,165	13,797			
3,798	3,902	4,341	4,191	4,950			
1,879	1,760	1,934	1,059	1,280			
20,545	20,761	21,055	21,544	21,679			
1,567	1,605	1,657	1,664	1,749			
18,817	18,517	17,488	19,054	20,503			
18	20	13	23	27			
83	87	88	111	94			
	727 186 61,501 3,042 11,113 3,798 1,879 20,545 1,567 18,817	727 809 186 197 61,501 60,017 3,042 2,981 11,113 12,144 3,798 3,902 1,879 1,760 20,545 20,761 1,567 1,605 18,817 18,517	2013 2014 2015 727 809 965 186 197 229 61,501 60,017 64,291 3,042 2,981 2,900 11,113 12,144 13,868 3,798 3,902 4,341 1,879 1,760 1,934 20,545 20,761 21,055 1,567 1,605 1,657 18,817 18,517 17,488 18 20 13	2013 2014 2015 2016 727 809 965 1,406 186 197 229 226 61,501 60,017 64,291 64,019 3,042 2,981 2,900 3,677 11,113 12,144 13,868 15,165 3,798 3,902 4,341 4,191 1,879 1,760 1,934 1,059 20,545 20,761 21,055 21,544 1,567 1,664 18,817 18,517 17,488 19,054 18 20 13 23			

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 26 CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012					
Police										
Marked patrol vehicles (1)	71	75	77	77	77					
Fire										
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4					
Fire engines	6	6	6	6	6					
Ambulances	5	5	5	5	5					
Public works										
Street miles	335	328	309	316	329					
Parks and recreation										
Park acreage	304	321	329	331	336					
Baseball/softball diamonds	19	19	19	19	19					
Soccer fields	24	24	20	20	20					
Water										
Water main miles (2)	343	347	360	362	378					
Storage capacity										
(thousands of gallons)	30,500	30,500	30,500	30,500	30,500					

Note: Indicators are not available for the general government, community development, sewer, or solid waste functions.

Sources: West Jordan Police Department, Fire Department, and Public Works Department

⁽¹⁾ Beginning in 2015, the Police Department began to lease (rent) patrol vehicles on a three-year rotational basis. The program will be phased in over a three-year time period.

⁽²⁾ During 2017, the Public Works Department refined the process for recording water main infrastructure, resulting in a net reduction to water main inventory.

CITY OF WEST JORDAN SCHEDULE 26 (continued) CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
Function/Program	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017					
Police										
Marked patrol vehicles (1)	77	77	49	29	13					
Fire										
Fire stations	4	4	4	4	4					
Fire engines	6	6	6	6	6					
Ambulances	5	5	5	5	6					
Public works										
Street miles	329	334	336	339	343					
Parks and recreation										
Park acreage	338	348	354	354	342					
Baseball/softball diamonds	19	19	19	19	19					
Soccer fields	20	20	20	20	20					
Water										
Water main miles (2)	380	436	439	445	417					
Storage capacity										
(thousands of gallons)	30,500	30,500	37,500	37,500	37,500					

