



GTA 475 4/3/2 Channel Power Amplifier



Enjoy it.

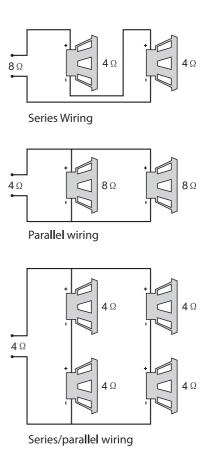
Installation Instruction

Proper system planning is vital in order to maximize your amplifier's performance. Plan your installation carefully to avoid compromising performance reliability of the system. Consult an authorized Blaupunkt dealer for installation and reparation.

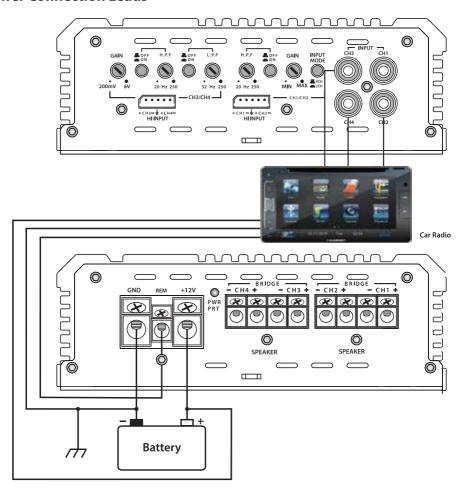
Speaker Requirements

Each channel of the amplifier is able to drive 4 Ω speaker loads when used in stereo mode. When a channel-pair is bridged, the recommended minimum load impedance is 3 Ω for subwoofer use and 4 Ω for full range operation. Operation with lower impedances is not likely to cause immediate damage to the internal circuitry but might cause overheating, causing the thermal protection to shut down the amplifier. It will resume back to normal operation after chassis is cooled down. It is not recommended to continue to operate amplifier under these circumstances as it will reduce its life expectancy.

Most speakers are designed for 4 Ω impedance car audio operation. It is not recommended to connect a pair of speaker in parallel with bridged channel of your amplifier as it will result to 2 Ω nominal impedance.



Power Connection Leads



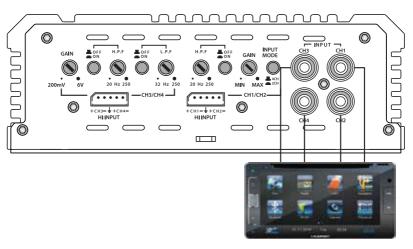
Power Supply

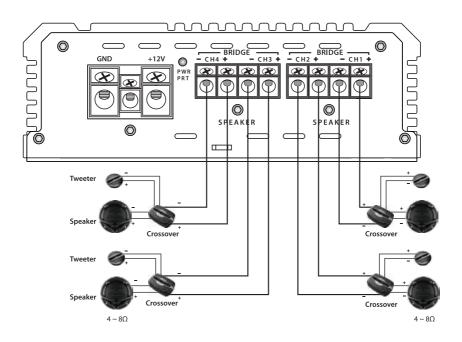
Complete other leads connection before connecting +12V power input lead. Ensure the connection of the ground wire is firmly attached to the metal part of the vehicle. Loose connection may cause amplifier to malfunction.

ON/OFF Amplifier: The remote received power supply of +12V from its terminal. 18 Gauge and yellow color wire is recommended for wiring as it does not draw heavy current. Antenna wire may be splice into it if its already in used. This method allows the unit to turn on automatically with the radio. Use the power supply lead with correct fuse.

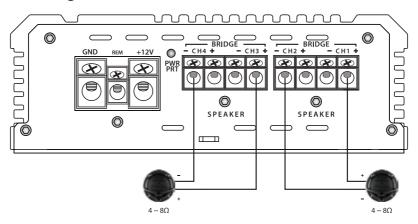
Ensure the leads which will be connected to the +12V and GND terminals of the units are larger than 10 Gauge (AWG10) before activating the system to full power operation in maximum current.

System 1 - 4 Channel Mode





System 2 - Bridged Connection Subwoofer



Specification

• Amplifier Class : AB

• No of Channel : 4/3/2 Channel

 No of PCB Layer : 2-layer • Max. Output Power : 160W x 4 • RMS Power (4 ohms) :75W x 4 • RMS Power (2 ohms) : 120W x 4 • Max Total Power Bridged (4 ohms) : 240W x 2 • Frequency Response : 10Hz - 50kHz Signal-To-Noise Ratio :=>96dB Voltage Supply : 11- 16V DC

Idling Current : 0.8A
 Gain Adjust : 200mV - 6V
 Crossover Type : Variable LPF
 Crossover Frequency (Low Pass Filter) : 32Hz - 250Hz
 Crossover Frequency (High Pass Filter) : 20Hz - 250Hz
 Crossover Slope :-12dB/oct

• Hi-Volt Input Level Control : 3V

Lo-Volt Input Level Control : 200mV - 6V
 Total Harmonic Distortion : <= 0.05%
 RCA Input : 4 Channel
 Speaker Input : Yes

Fuse : 40A x 1
 Power/Ground Terminal : Screw-Type
 Speaker Terminal : Screw-Type
 Net Weight : 2.85kg

Dimension (W x H x D) : 260 x 165 x 58.5mm

Troubleshooting

PROBLEM	CAUSE	SOLUTION
No audio output	Remote wire failed to work	Examine voltage output and repair
		accordingly.
	Fuse failed to work	Examine power integrity and reversed
		polarity, repair or replace fuse accordingly.
	Disconnected power wires	Examine power wire and ground
		connections. Replace and repair accordingly.
	Missing output from source or	Examine input connection and signal
	audio input not connected	integrity. Replace or repair accordingly.
	Disconnected speaker wires	Examine speaker wires.
		Replace or repair accordingly.
Unstable audio cycle	Broken speaker	Examine radio system.
		Replace or repair accordingly.
	Thermal protection will be	Improve amplifier's ventilation accordingly.
	activated when amplifier	
	temperature exceeds 90°C	
	Poor audio input	Examine input connection.
		Replace or repair accordingly.
Audio distortion	High amplifier sensitivity setting,	Refer to manual to reset gain setting.
	exceed maximum output	
	capability of amplifier	
	Low impedance	Examine speaker impedance. Rewire speaker
		accordingly, if below 2Ω stereo or 4Ω mono.
	Improper connection of	Examine speaker wire, replace or repair
	speaker and amplifier	accordingly. Refer to manual for installation
		instruction.
	Broken speaker	Examine radio system.
D I	N/	Replace or repair accordingly.
Poor bass response	Wrong speaker wire polarity	Examine speaker polarity and repair
	connection causing phase	accordingly.
Broken battery fuse	cancellation	Examine speaker impedance. Rewire speaker
broken battery luse	Low impedance	accordingly, if below 2Ω stereo or 4Ω mono.
	Incorrect power connection	Examine power wire and ground connections.
	incorrect power connection	Repair accordingly.
	Fuse used is smaller than	Replace with recommended fuse type.
	recommended	neplace with recommended ruse type.
	Over drawn current	Examine speaker impedance. Rewire speaker
	over diawir current	and replace fuse accordingly, if below
		2Ω stereo or 4Ω mono.
	Incorrect power wire	Examine power wire and ground connections.
		Repair accordingly.
Broken amplifier fuse	Over drawn current	Examine speaker impedance. Rewire speaker
		and replace fuse accordingly, if below
		2Ω stereo or 4Ω mono.
	Fuse used is smaller than	Examine power wire and ground connections
	recommended	and repair accordingly with correct fuse.
	. ccommended	and open accordingly with confect tase.

