TWO WHEEL VIEW - CALGARY LTD, FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

TELEPHONE (403) 209-0159 FAX (403) 228-3654 SUITE 507, 5920 – 1A STREETSW CALGARY, ALBERTA T2H 0G3

MBD LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Two Wheel View - Calgary Ltd.:

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of **Two Wheel View – Calgary Ltd.** (the Entity), which comprise the balance sheet as at **December 31, 2021**, and the statement of revenues, expenses and surplus, and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at **December 31, 2021**, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPOs).

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many not-for-profit organizations, the Entity derives revenue from fundraising activities the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Entity. Therefore, we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to revenues, expenses, and cash flows from operations for the year ended December 31, 2021, current assets and net assets as at December 31, 2021.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPOs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

March 24, 2022 Calgary, Alberta MBD LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

BALANCE SHEET

		December 3			
			<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
ASSETS					
Current assets:					
Cash & cash equivalents		\$	772,827	\$	588,322
Accounts receivable			1,000		-
Goods and services tax recoverable			8,601		4,135
Prepaid expenses Inventory supplies, in kind contribution			11,284 17,500		12,772 15,000
inventory supplies, in kind contribution					
			811,212		620,229
Property and equipment (Note 3)			28,465		33,679
		\$	839,677	\$	653,908
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LIABILITIES Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		\$	3,830	\$	4,838
Deferred revenue		Ψ	17,500	4	64,471
			21,330	'	69,309
			21,330		07,507
Deferred capital contributions			14,932		14,878
SURPLUS OF NET ASSETS (NO	ΓE 8)				
Invested in property and equipment			20,706		23,619
Unrestricted			782,709		546,102
			803,415		569,721
		\$	839,677	\$	653,908
Approved on behalf of the Board:					
Docusigned by:	D .				
GAECIC AZIONOMAE	, Director				
Dimmy McNamara	, Director				
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STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND SURPLUS

			ear Encecember	
Revenue: Family and Community Support Services (City of Calgary) (Note 6) Donations Program fee, interest and other Foundation and trust grants In kind donations – goods and other services Government grants & subsidies (Note 9) Fundraising events & miscellaneous revenue Raffle revenue Deferred contributions	\$	387,498 178,833 97,334 52,500 - 216,593 5,430 11,076	\$	339,456 106,702 84,657 5,500 600 163,644 950 - 4,562 706,071
Expenses: Salaries, wages and other remuneration Direct costs Rental Office and other Travel and meeting In kind donations – goods and other services Other program costs Amortization Professional and consulting fees		459,485 72,451 82,061 57,184 4,623 29,078 7,328 3,360 715,570		405,160 57,121 79,808 31,494 12,644 475 1,796 5,821 3,360 597,679
Excess of revenue over expenses for the year Surplus in net assets, beginning of year		233,694 569,721		108,392 461,329
Surplus of net assets, end of year	<u>\$</u>	803,415	<u>\$</u>	569,721

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

		Year Ended				
		December				
		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>		
Cash provided by operating activities:						
Excess of revenues over expenses for the year	\$	233,694	\$	108,392		
Add non-cash items:						
Amortization		7,328		5,821		
Deferred contributions recognized		55		(4,562)		
Change in non-cash working capital (Note 4)		(7,486)		(2,239)		
		233,591		107,412		
Cash used in investing:						
Purchase of property and equipment		(2,115)		(22,849)		
Disposition of property and equipment		_		8,516		
		(2,115)		(14,333)		
Cash used in financing:		, , ,		, , ,		
(Decrease) increase in deferred revenue		(46,971)		41,498		
Increase in cash		184,505		134,577		
Cash & cash equivalents, beginning of year		588,322		453,745		
Cash & cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$</u>	772,827	\$	588,322		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2021

1. Operations

Two Wheel View - Calgary Ltd. was incorporated under the Alberta Companies Act on August 29, 2005 as a non-profit organization. The Entity has tax-exempt status as a registered charity under paragraph 149(1(f) of the Income Tax Act. The objectives of the Entity are without purpose of gain and include the following:

- (a) To educate youth on the environment and local culture of areas in Canada and abroad through their participation in educational bicycle trips.
- (b) To do all things incidental and ancillary to the attainment of the above objectives.

Specific projects include Earn-a-Bike, Growth & Prosper, and local expeditions.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Inventory

Inventory represents in kind donations of bicycles valued at their estimated net realizable value by management. No conditions exist that indicate impairment is required.

(b) Revenue recognition:

The Entity follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Program fees are recognized in revenue once the program events are held. Fundraising revenues are recognized in revenue when proceeds are received, and the fundraising event has been completed. Interest and miscellaneous revenue is recognized in the year it is earned.

(c) Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue represents funds advanced for programs to be carried out in future periods.

(d) Property, plant and equipment

All property, plant and equipment purchased, are recorded at cost. Donated property plant and equipment are recorded at the estimated fair value at the date the contribution is received. These assets are depreciated over their estimated useful life. Amortization is charged on an annual basis using the declining balance method over their estimated useful life as follows:

Automotive	30%
Bicycles	30%
Tools	20%
Old computers	45%
New computers	55%

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(e) In-kind donations

Donated assets and services are recorded when they would have otherwise been purchased and fair market value can be reasonably estimated. These items are recorded in revenue and expenses at the estimated fair value at the date the assets were received, or services rendered and when they are considered to be earned.

(f) Deferred capital contributions

Contributions provided or allocated for the purposes of acquiring property and equipment are recognized as revenues on the same basis as the related property and equipment is amortized.

(g) Financial instrument measurement

The Entity initially measures its financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value. It subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at amortized cost.

Financial assets subsequently measured at amortized cost include cash, term deposits, accounts receivable, and prepaid expenses. Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost includes accounts payable and accrued liabilities.

(h) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian Accounting Principles for Not-for-Profit Organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Specifically, some in kind donations, including inventory, are recorded at fair market value using estimates prepared by management. Actual results could differ from and affect the results reported in these financial statements.

3. Property and Equipment

	Cost	 cumulated nortization	Net Book Value December 31			
				<u>2021</u>		2020
Automotive	\$ 37,385	\$ 16,672	\$	20,713	\$	23,014
Bicycles	20,538	18,887		1,651		2,359
Tools	5,374	3,788		1,586		1,982
Computers & Equipment	 14,691	 10,176		4,515		6,324
	\$ 77,988	\$ 49,523	\$	28,465	\$	33,679

Bicycles reported in property and equipment above are fleet bicycles used for trips. Bicycles reported in inventory, not included in the balance above, are those donated to the Entity for program use.

4. Net Change in Non-Cash Working Capital

	December 31					
Accounts receivable			<u>2020</u>			
	\$	(1,000)	\$	2,131		
Goods and services tax payable		(4,466)		791		
Prepaid expenses		1,488		(1,655)		
Inventory		(2,500)		-		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		(1,008)		(3,506)		
	<u>\$</u>	(7,486)	\$	(2,239)		

5. Lease commitments

Management signed a five-year lease for office space for the term June 1, 2022 to May 31, 2027. Basic rent obligations with respect to this lease are as follows:

2022	29,400
2023	50,400
2024	50,400
2025	50,400
2026	50,400
2027	21,000
	\$ 252,000

6. Family and Community Support Services (The City of Calgary)

	December 31				
		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>	
Total funds received for Earn-A-Bike CAS Program Total funds received for Crime Prevention & Investment Program Prior year deferred amounts realized Amount deferred for future period	\$	266,027 97,000 24,471	\$	263,027 97,000 3,900 (24,471)	
Total revenue earned per the financial statements	\$	387,498	<u>\$</u>	339,456	

7. Financial Instruments

(a) Fair values

The carrying value of the Entity's financial instruments including cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued liabilities and deferred revenue approximate their fair value due to their short-term nature or existing terms similar to those that could be obtained currently.

(b) Credit risk

Account's receivables are with known and reliable sources, and are subject to normal credit risks.

(c) Interest rate risk

The Entity is not subject to significant interest rate risk as it does not currently carry significant liabilities subject to interest.

8. Net Assets

				December 31				
	<u>Inve</u>	stments in				<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
		perty and uipment	<u>Un</u>	<u>rrestricted</u>		<u>Total</u>		<u>Total</u>
Balance, beginning of year	\$	23,619	\$	546,102	\$	569,721	\$	461,329
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses		(2,913)		236,607		233,694		108,392
Balance end of year	\$	20,706	\$	782,709	\$	803,415	\$	569,721

Unrestricted surpluses represent funds allocated internally by the Entity for future planned educational bicycle trips.

9. Government Assistance

Government assistance related to the Canada Emergency Rent Subsidy (CERS) and the Canada Emergency Wage Subsidy (CEWS) are recognized as income in the period in which eligible expenditures are incurred.

Government grants are recorded when there is a reasonable assurance that the Entity had complied with, and will continue to comply with, all necessary conditions to obtain the grants.