CBSE Class 10 Science MCQ Chapter 5 Periodic Classification of Elements

Q1) Which of the following forms the basis of the modern periodic table?

a) Atomic massb) Atomic numberc) Number of nucleonsd) All of these

Correct Answer: Option (b)

Q2) Which of the following is the most reactive element of the group 17?

- a) Oxygen
- b) Sodium
- c) Fluorine
- d) Magnesium

Correct Answer: Option (c)

Q3) Which of the following is the correct order of the atomic radii of the elements oxygen, fluorine and nitrogen?

a) O < F < N b) N < F < O c) O < N < F d) F < O < N

Correct Answer: Option (d)

Q4) Element X forms a chloride with the formula XCI_2 , which is a solid with a high melting point. X would most likely be in the same group of the Periodic Table as

a) Na

b) Mg

c) Al

d) Si

Correct Answer: Option (b)

Q5) What happens to the electropositive character of elements on moving from left to right in a periodic table?

- a) Increase
- b) Decreases
- c) First increases then decreases
- d) First decreases then increases

Correct Answer: Option (b)

Q6) What is the other name for group 18th elements?

- a) Noble gases
- b) Alkali metals
- c) Alkali earth metals
- d) Halogens

Correct Answer: Option (a)

Q7) Which group elements are called transition metals?

a) Group number 1 to 2

- b) Group number 13 to 18
- c) Group number 3 to 12
- d) Group number 1 to 8

Correct Answer: Option (c)

Q8) The electronic configuration of an element M is 2, 8, 4. In modern periodic table, the element M is placed in

a) 4th group

- b) 2nd group
- c) 14th group
- d) 18th group

Correct Answer: Option (c)

Q9) Which of the following elements has 2 shells and both are completely filled?

- a) Helium
- b) Neon
- c) Calcium
- d) Boron

Correct Answer: Option (b)

Q10) Which option describes the achievements of the Mendeleev's Periodic Table?

(a) prediction of noble gases

(b) it eliminated the blank spaces left in the table

- (c) predicting that the elements can be arranged based on their properties
- (d) an element in a trend has an average atomic mass of the elements above and below it

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Correct Answer: Option (a)
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Q11) The image shows an element with its atomic number and mass number.

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15

P

Phosphorus

31.0

Which option arranges the element in the periodic table?

(a) group - 1; period - 1

(b) group - 5; period - 3

(c) group - 10; period - 1

(d) group - 15; period - 3
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Correct Answer: Option (d)

Q12) A student learns that the atomic size depends on the atomic radius of the elements. How does the atomic radius of elements in the third-period change as one goes from sodium to argon?

(a) Option 1: atomic radius increases from sodium to argon

- (b) atomic radius decreases from sodium to argon
- (c) atomic radius increases as new shells are added
- (d) atomic radius decreases due to the addition of new shells

Correct Answer: Option (b)

Q13) Boron is a non-metal and is placed under group 13 and period 2. How can boron form bonds with other elements?

- (a) by sharing 5 electrons
- (b) by sharing 3 electrons
- (c) by sharing 2 electrons
- (d) by sharing 1 electron

Correct Answer: Option (b)

Q14) Electronegativity is defined as the ability of an element to form bonds by gaining electrons. How does the electronegativity of elements vary across the periods?

- (a) it increases as the number of shells increases
- (b) decreases as the number of shells decreases
- (c) increases as the more of electrons are added to the same shell
- (d) it decreases as the more of electrons are added to the same shell

Correct Answer: Option (c)

Q15) What is the order of the metallic character down the group?

- (a) it decreases as new shells are added to the element
- (b) it increases as electrons move away from the nucleus
- (c) increases as new atoms are added in the same shell
- (d) it decreases as the effective nuclear charge on the electron increases

Correct Answer: Option (b)

Q16) An element X has atomic number 9. In which period and group, it can be placed in the modern periodic table?

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Period	Group		
2	17		
(b)			
Period	Group		
7	17		

(-)
(C)
(0)

Period	Group		
2	7		

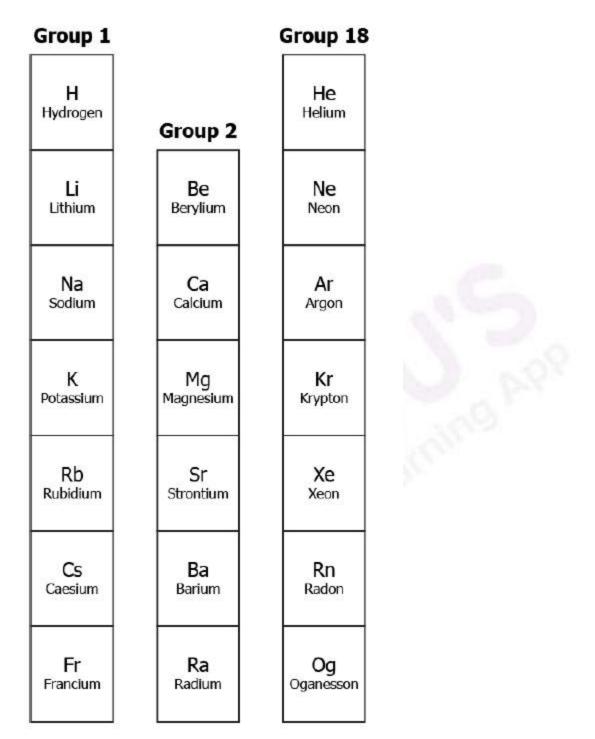
(d)

Period	Group		
7	7		

Correct Answer: Option (a)

Q17) A student studying Modern periodic table arranges some elements in different groups, as shown.





Which group supports the guidelines of the Modern Periodic table?

- (a) group 1
- (b) group 18
- (c) groups 1 and 2
- (d) groups 1 and 18

Correct Answer: Option (d)

Q18) A student studies about Mendeleev's periodic table and lists some statements.

- P. No fixed position was given to carbon in the periodic table.
- Q. The atomic masses do not increase in a regular manner.
- R. Isotopes of an element have different chemical properties but similar atomic masses.

Which option lists the limitations of the Mendeleev's Periodic Table?

(a) only P

(b) only R

(c) both P and Q

(d) both Q and R

Correct Answer: Option (a)

Q19) Which option arranges the elements of period four in the correct groups?

(a)							
	Mn 54.94	Cr 50.20	V 50.94	Ti 47.90	Sc 44.96	Ca 40.08	K 39.102
(b)							
	K 39.102	Ca 40.08	Ti 47.90	Sc 44.96	V 50.94	Cr 50.20	Mn 54.94
(c)							
	K 39.102	Ca 40.08	Sc 44.96	Ti 47.90	V 50.94	Cr 50.20	Mn 54.94
(d)							
	Mn 54.94	Cr 50.20	V 50.94	Sc 44.96	Ti 47.90	Ca 40.08	K 39.102

Correct Answer: Option (c)

Q20) What is the trend of valency along the periods in the modern periodic table?

- (a) it increases from left to right
- (b) it decreases from right to left
- (c) it increases and then decreases
- (d) it decreases and then increases

Correct Answer: Option (c)