THE BROWSER HACKER'S GUIDE TO

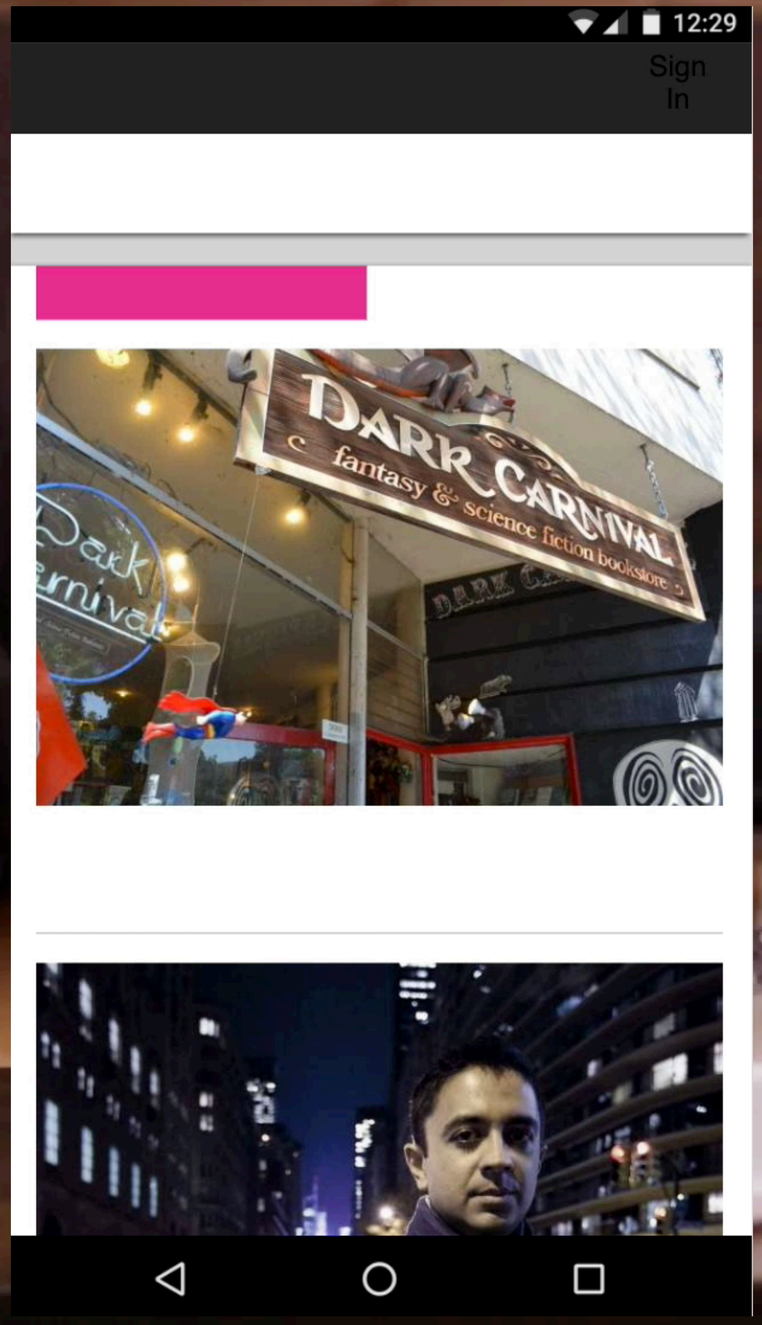
EVERYTHING

@addyosmani


LOADING IS A USER JOURNEY
WITH MANY DISPARATE EXPECTATIONS
YOU'VE PROBABLY HEARD TO REDUCE DNS LOOKUPS, REDUCE ROUND-TRIP TIMES, MINIMIZE REDIRECTS, ELIMINATE UNN

LOADING IS SLOW BECAUSE OF...

the network, idling,
JavaScript, css, parsing,
compiling, third parties,
parser blocking patterns,
disk i/o, eviction, IPC jank,
thermal throttling,
RTTs, images, fonts,
kitten GIFs...

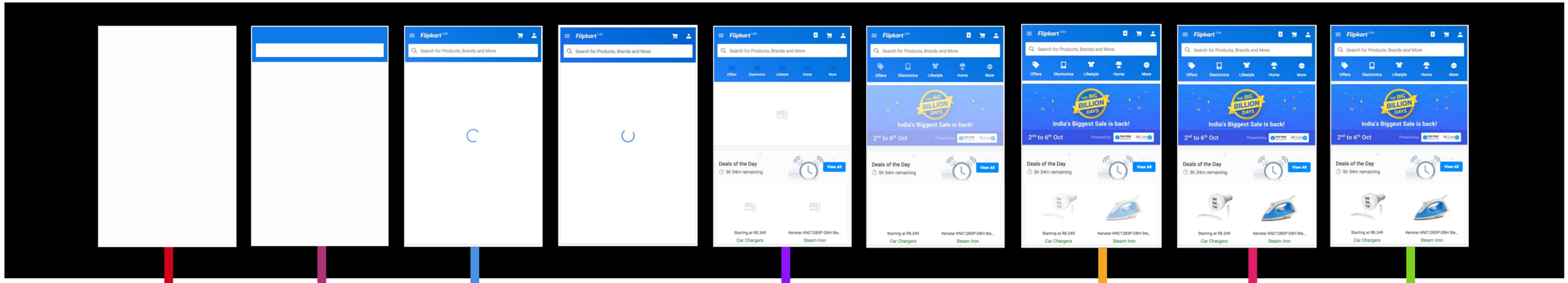


USERS LOOK FOR VISUAL FEEDBACK TO REASSURE THEM EVERYTHING IS WORKING AS EXPECTED.

is it happening?

is it useful?

is it usable?



Navigation begins

Time to first byte

First Paint

The first non-blank paint on screen

First Contentful Paint

Navigation has successfully started

First Meaningful Paint

Page's primary content is visible

Visually ready

Page looks nearly done

Time to Interactive

Visually usable and engagable

Fully Loaded

End of load lifecycle

first Interactive
consistently Interactive

GOAL

Time to Interactive

<5s

on an average mobile device over 3G

*2s on repeat-load after Service Worker registered

The average web page on mobile in 2017

16s

UNTIL INTERACTIVE

19s

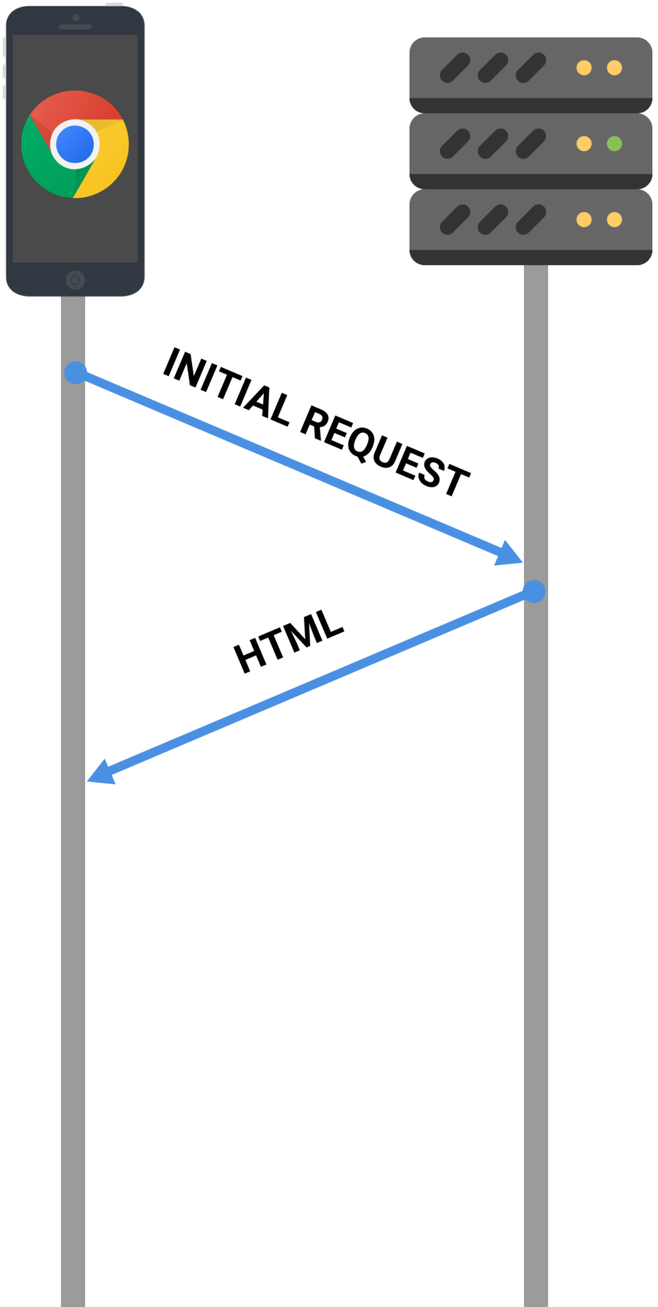
FULLY LOADED

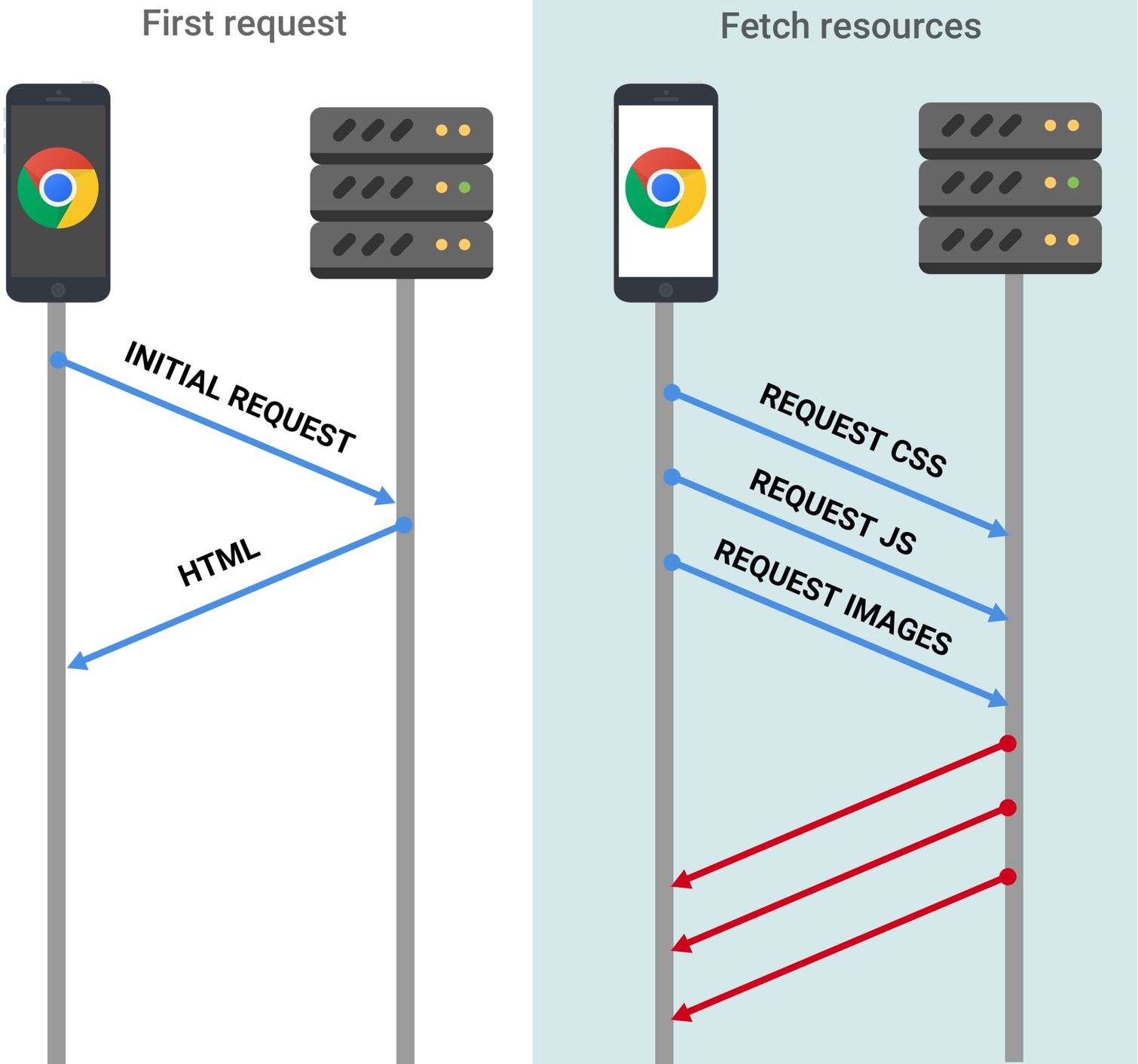
420KB

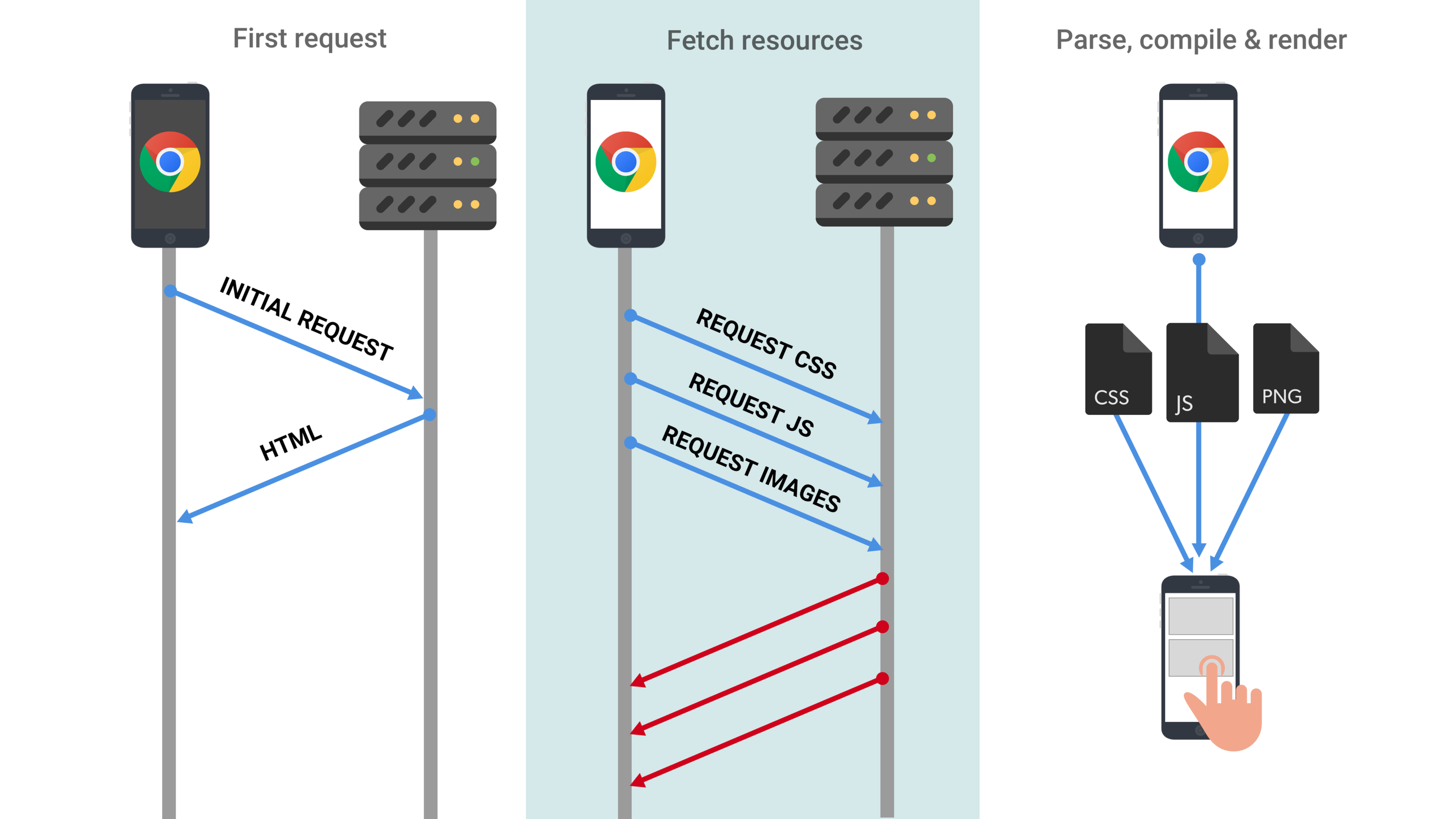
JAVASCRIPT

JavaScript Startup Performance, Double-Click Mobile Speed Matters report & the HTTP Archive

First request




First request
Fetch resources
INITIAL REQUEST
HTML
REQUEST CSS
REQUEST JS
REQUEST IMAGES


First request
INITIAL REQUEST
HTML
Fetch resources
REQUEST CSS
REQUEST JS
REQUEST IMAGES
Parse, compile & render
CSS
JS
PNG

JavaScript Start-up PERFORMANCE

Desktop

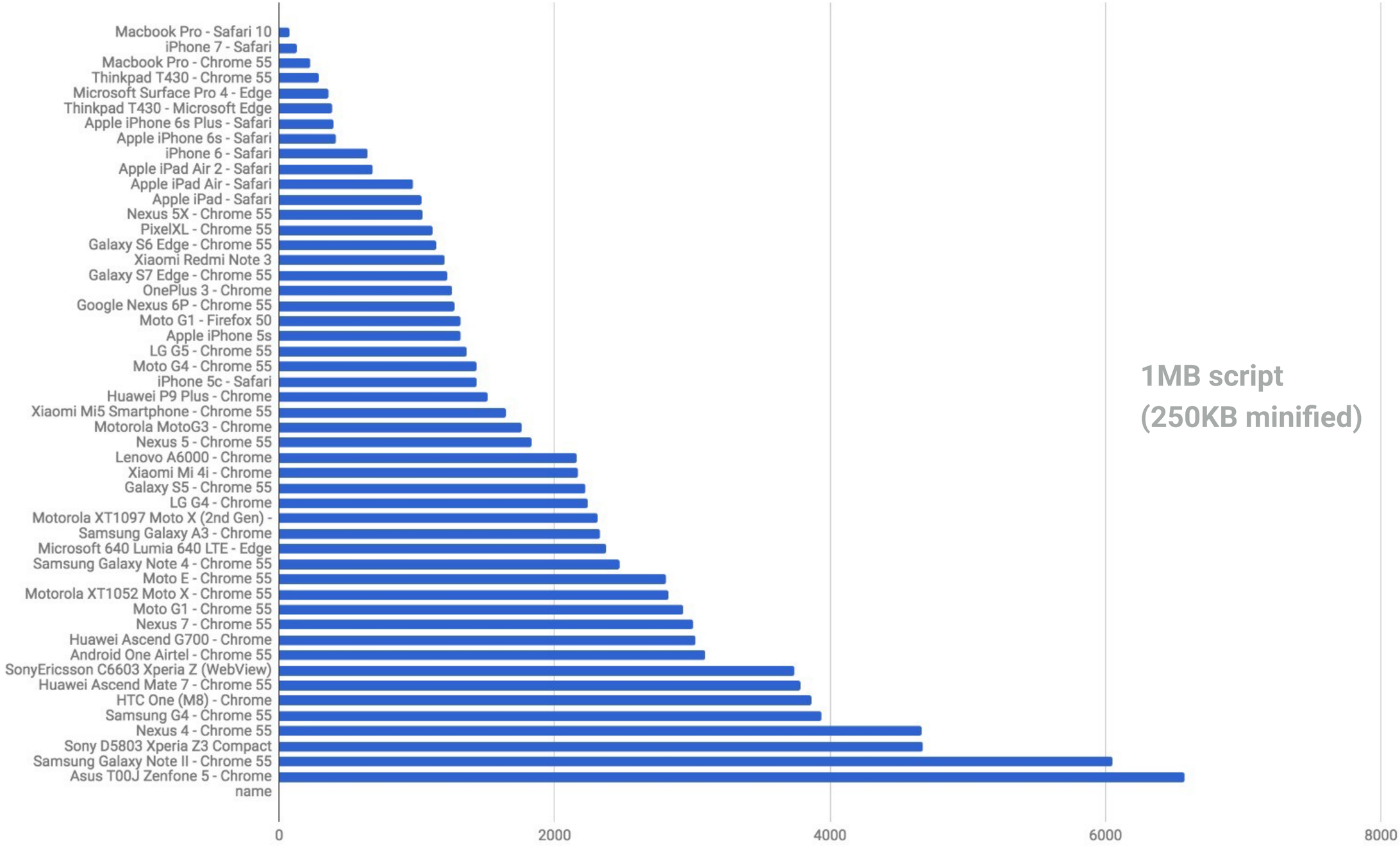
Self Time		Total Time		Activity
499.3ms	26.8%	499.3ms	26.8%	▼ [V8 Runtime]
228.1ms	12.2%	231.9ms	12.4%	▶ Parse
154.9ms	8.3%	155.1ms	8.3%	▶ Compile
19.3ms	1.0%	19.3ms	1.0%	▶ setTimeout
14.9ms	0.8%	18.4ms	1.0%	▶ split

Mobile (with slower CPU)

Self Time		Total Time		Activity
2483.2ms	32.2%	2483.2ms	32.2%	▼ [V8 Runtime]
1020.7ms	13.2%	1020.7ms	13.2%	▶ Parse
789.9ms	10.2%	790.3ms	10.2%	▶ Compile
136.5ms	1.8%	152.6ms	2.0%	▶ split
88.9ms	1.2%	88.9ms	1.2%	▶ setTimeout

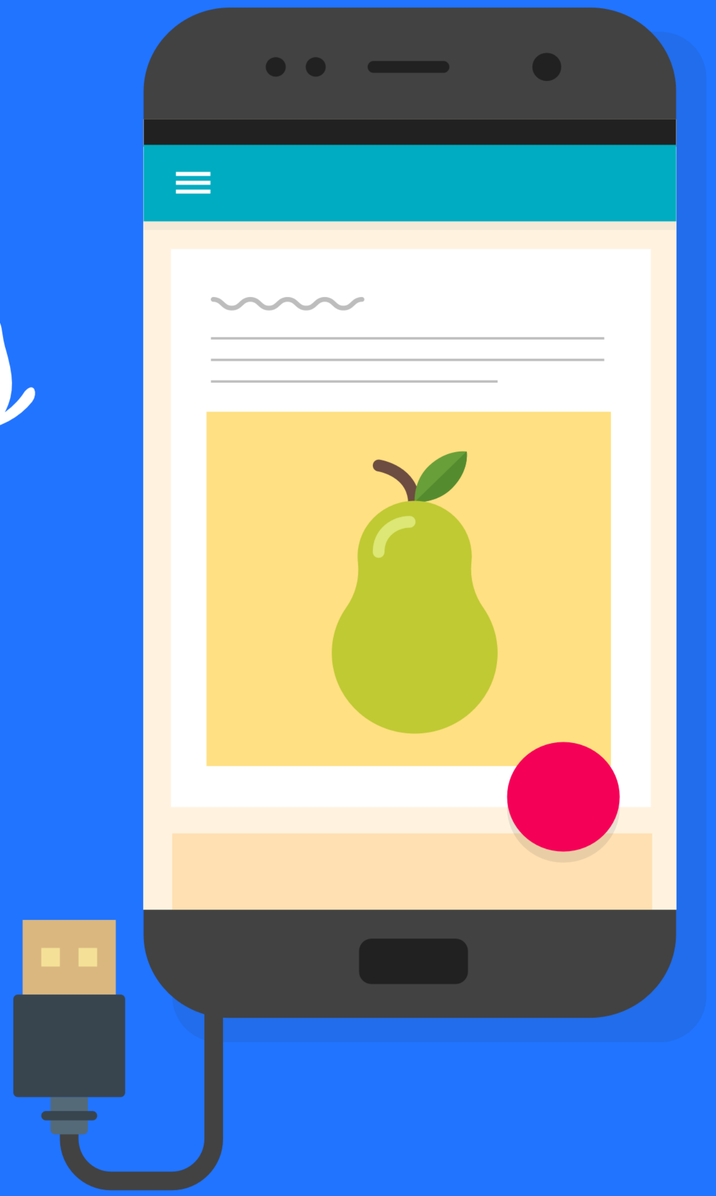
V8 Runtime Call Stats

JS Parse Time On Mobile

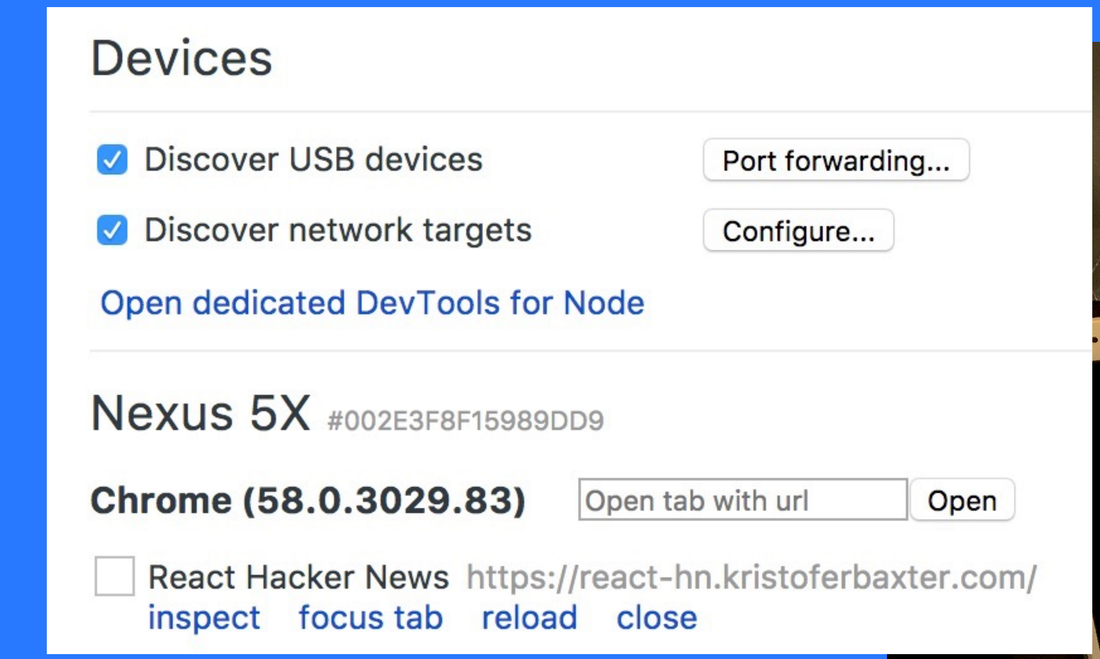


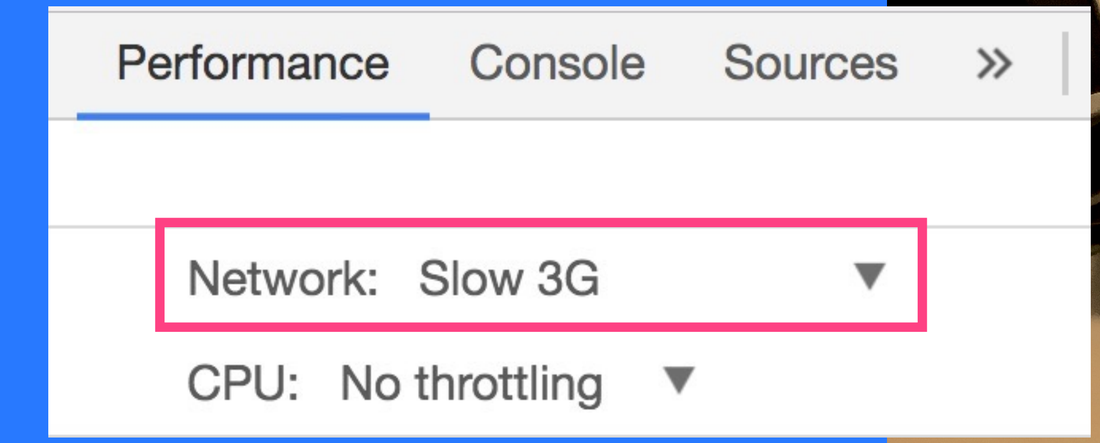
Test on real phones & real networks

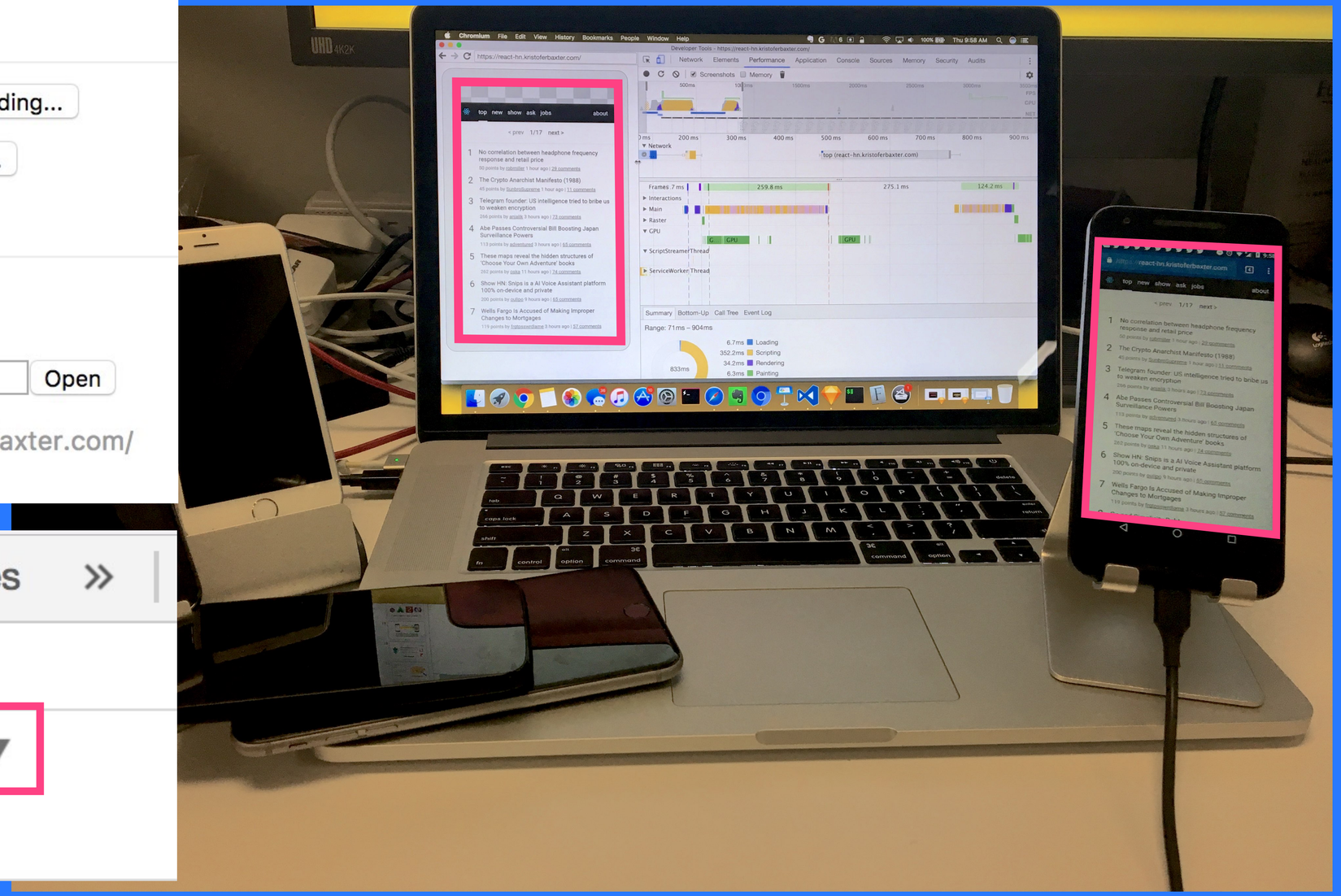
THERE'S NO SUBSTITUTE.



about:inspect in Chrome DevTools







geekaphone BETA
Compare up to 5 phones side by side

Apple iPhone 7 Plus vs Motorola Moto G4 Play

0 Like

0 G+1

Tweet

0

iPhone 7 Plus
APPLE

clock speed
2.34
GHz

ram
3
GB

size
5.5
inches

resolution
400
ppi

Moto G4 Play
MOTOROLA

clock speed
1.2
GHz

ram
2
GB

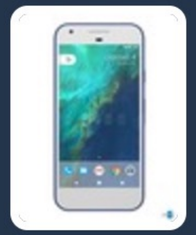
size
5
inches

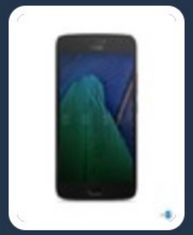
resolution
293
ppi

Compare against

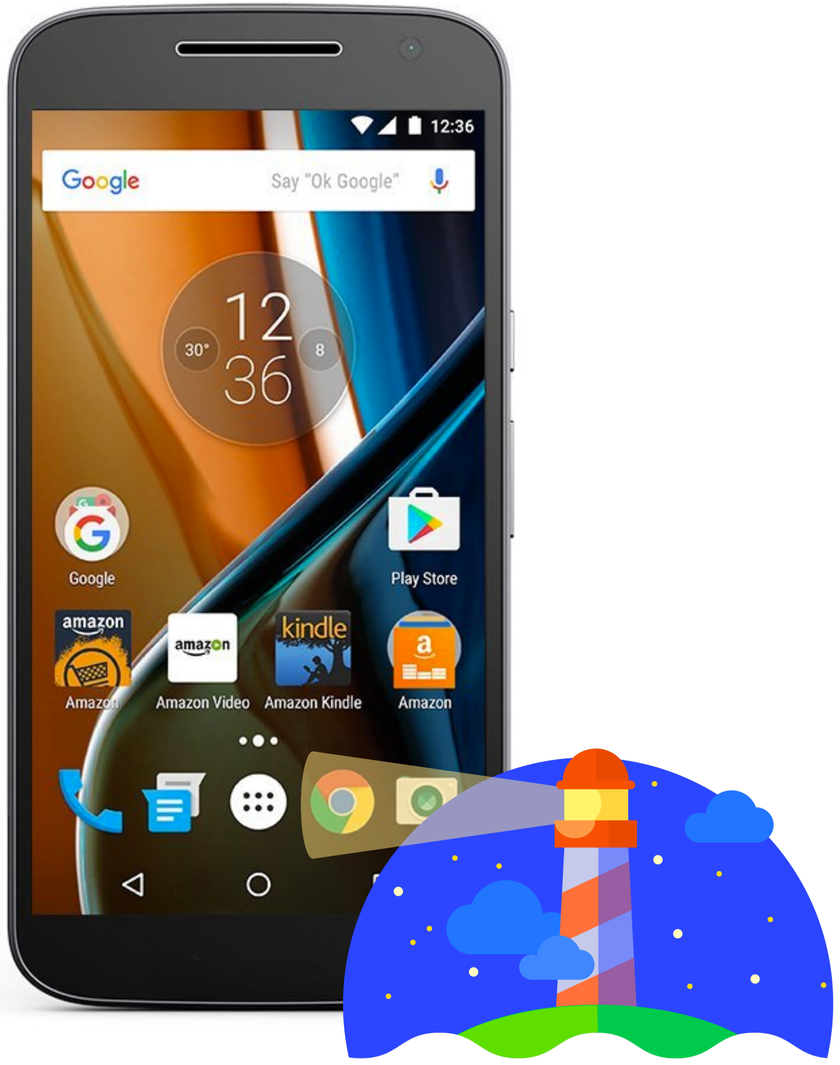

iPhone 6
APPLE


P9
HUAWEI


Pixel
GOOGLE


Moto G5 Plus
MOTOROLA

webpagetest.org/easy



Moto G4 + 3G

Test a website's performance

Advanced Testing | Simple Testing | Visual Comparison | Traceroute

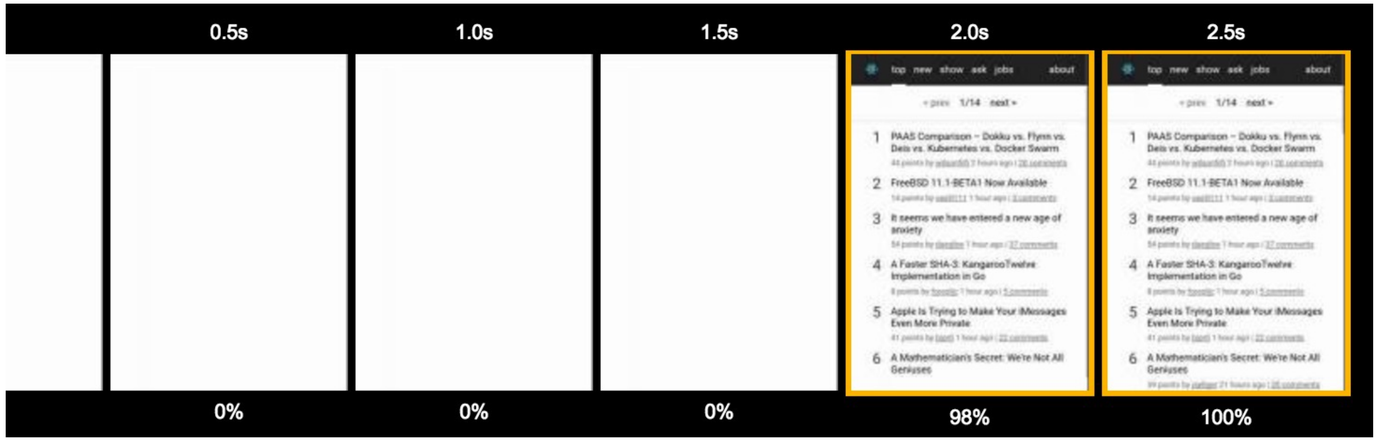
https://react-hn.kristoferbaxter.com

Test Configuration: Mobile - Emerging Markets

Chrome Beta on a Motorola G (gen 4) tested from Dulles, Virginia on a 400 Kbps 3G connection with 400ms of latency.

Include Repeat View: ☑ (Loads the page, closes the browser and then loads the page again)

Run Lighthouse Audit: ☑ (Mobile devices only)



LOADING TIP 1

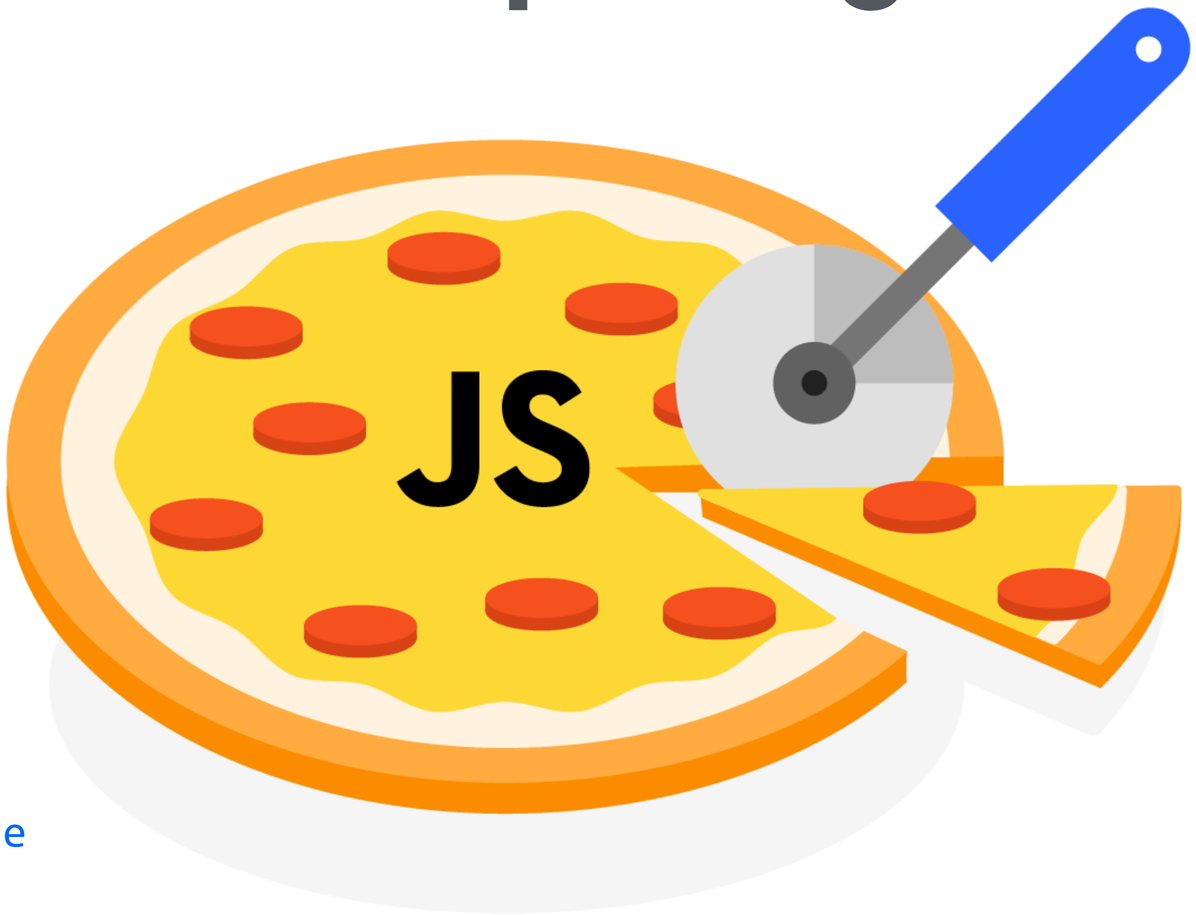
ONLY LOAD WHAT YOU NEED

webpack

Code-splitting

Webpack 2+

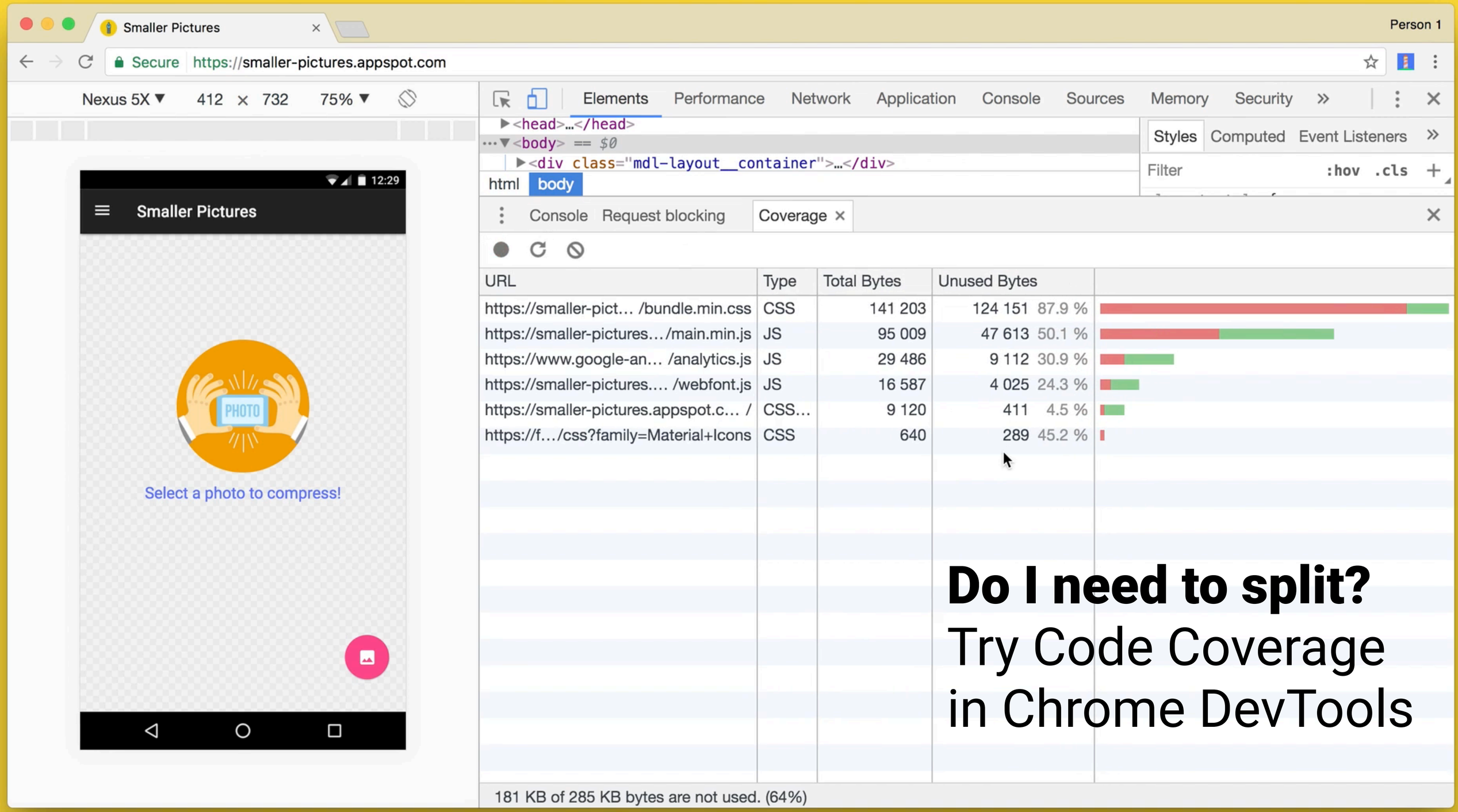
```
import('./UserProfile')
  .then(loadRoute(cb))
  .catch(errorLoading)
```



Webpack 1

```
// Defines a “split-point” for a separate bundle
require.ensure([], () => {
  const profile = require('./UserProfile', cb);
});
```

Also see Splittable, Closure Compiler or Browserify

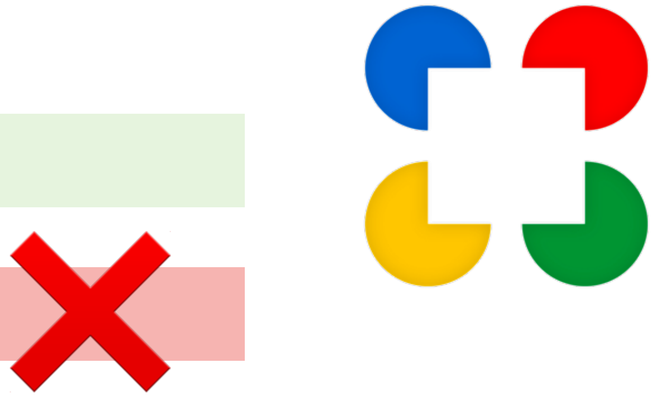

Smaller Pictures
Person 1
Secure https://smaller-pictures.appspot.com
Nexus 5X 412 × 732 75%
Elements Performance Network Application Console Sources Memory Security
<head>…</head>
<body> == $0
…
html body
Styles Computed Event Listeners
Filter :hov .cls
Console Request blocking Coverage
URL Type Total Bytes Unused Bytes
https://smaller-pict… /bundle.min.css CSS 141 203 124 151 87.9 %
https://smaller-pictures…/main.min.js JS 95 009 47 613 50.1 %
https://www.google-an… /analytics.js JS 29 486 9 112 30.9 %
https://smaller-pictures.… /webfont.js JS 16 587 4 025 24.3 %
https://smaller-pictures.appspot.c… / CSS… 9 120 411 4.5 %
https://f…/css?family=Material+Icons CSS 640 289 45.2 %
181 KB of 285 KB bytes are not used. (64%)
12:29
Smaller Pictures
PHOTO
Select a photo to compress!
Do I need to split?
Try Code Coverage
in Chrome DevTools

Tree-shaking

```
// app.js
import { a } from ‘./module.js’;

// module.js
export function a () {}

export function b () {}
```



webpack

Only transpile what you need with 

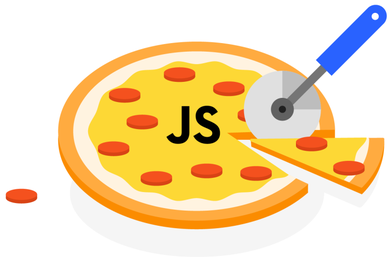
Use **babel-preset-env** to only transpile code for browsers that need it

```
{
  "presets": [
    ["env", {
      "targets": {
        "browsers": ["last 2 versions"]
      }
    }]
  ]
}
```

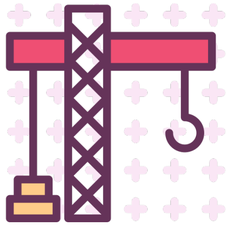
webpack workflow

Minify _everything_
Babelified ES5 w/Uglify
ES2015+ with Babili
css-loader + minimize:true

Transpile less code
babel-preset-env + modules:false
Browserlist
useBuiltIns: true



Code-splitting
Dynamic import()
Route-based chunking



Scope Hoisting:
Webpack 3
RollUp

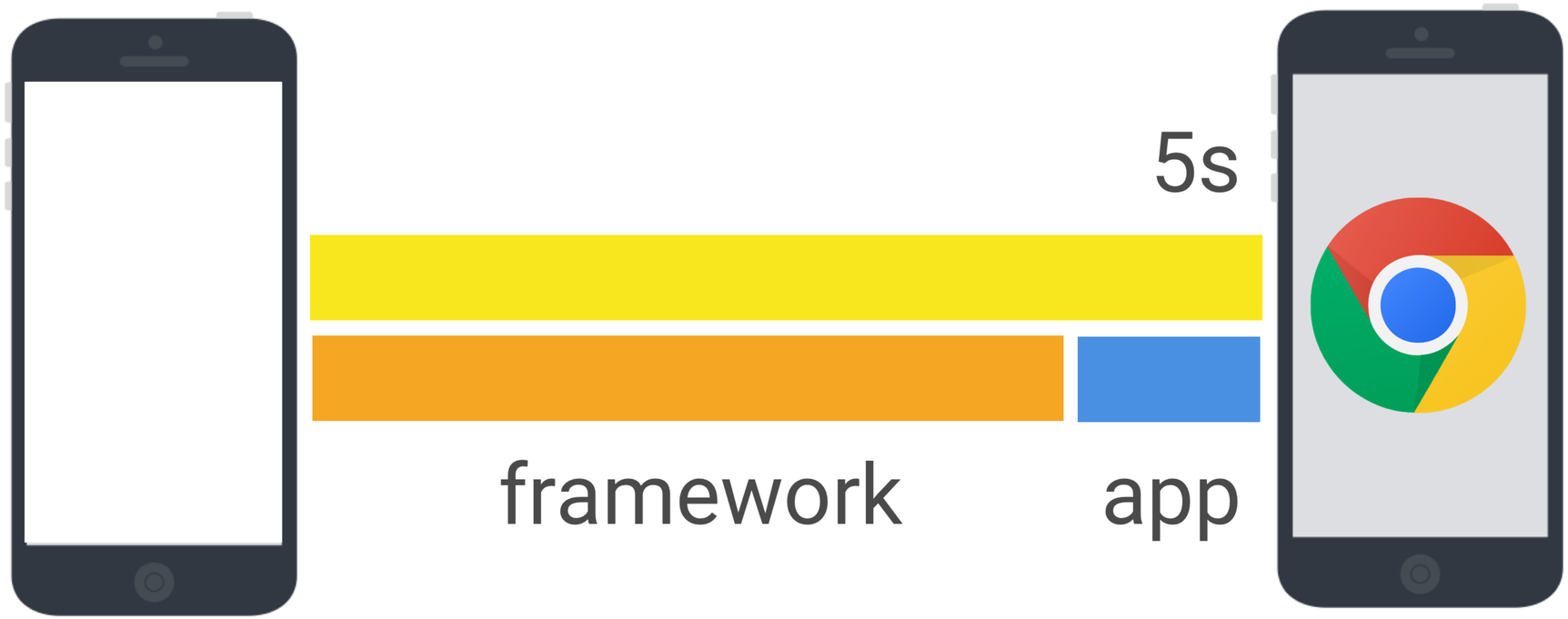
Tree-shaking
Webpack 2+ with Uglify
RollUp
DCE w/ Closure Compiler

Strip unused Lodash modules
lodash-webpack-plugin
babel-plugin-lodash

Optimize “Vendor” libs
NODE_ENV=production
CommonsChunk + HashedModuleIdsPlugin()

Fewer Moment.js locales
ContextReplacementPlugin()

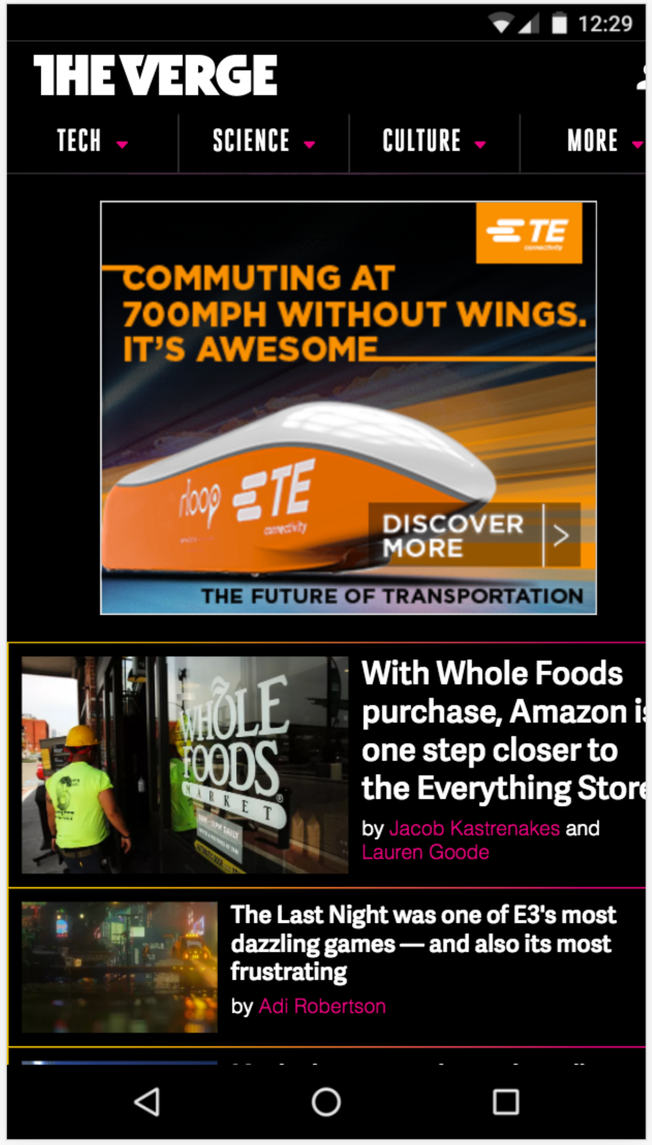
The bloat of your **baseline** defines how much headroom you have for **app code**. How much is taken by your framework?



Plenty of lightweight options for mobile

Lower total cost on size + parse times from the get-go

Attack of the Third Party Scripts



412 × 732

Application Elements Performance Network Memory Console Audits Sources Security

View: Group by frame Preserve log Disable cache Offline No throttling

Filter Regex Hide data URLs All XHR JS CSS Img Media Font Doc WS Manifest Other

Third-party Badging

storage.selectmedia.asia

Selectmedia International LTD.

Report mismatch

Name	Status	Type	Size	Time
Hitachi.Jan17.mp4	206	media	624 KB	
VXC_LIN_002_v4-1_FINAL_CONFORM…	200	webp	552 KB	
vrg_header_purpleReef.0.jpg	200	jpeg	363 KB	
tldr-logo.1473954443.png	200	png	173 KB	
AVmanager.js	200	script		
controltag.js.2b39b1cbcb1e3e057…	200	script		

323 requests | 3.8 MB transferred | Finish: 36.59 s | DOMContentLoaded: 414 ms | Load: 1.92 s

Request Blocking

Console What's New Coverage Request blocking ×

Enable request blocking

infinityid.condenastdigital.com

beacon.krxd.net

cdn0.vox-cdn.com/uploads/chorus_image/image/50858597/tldr-logo.1473954443.png

Byte savings @ Google

Display Ads from Google now served using Brotli compression!

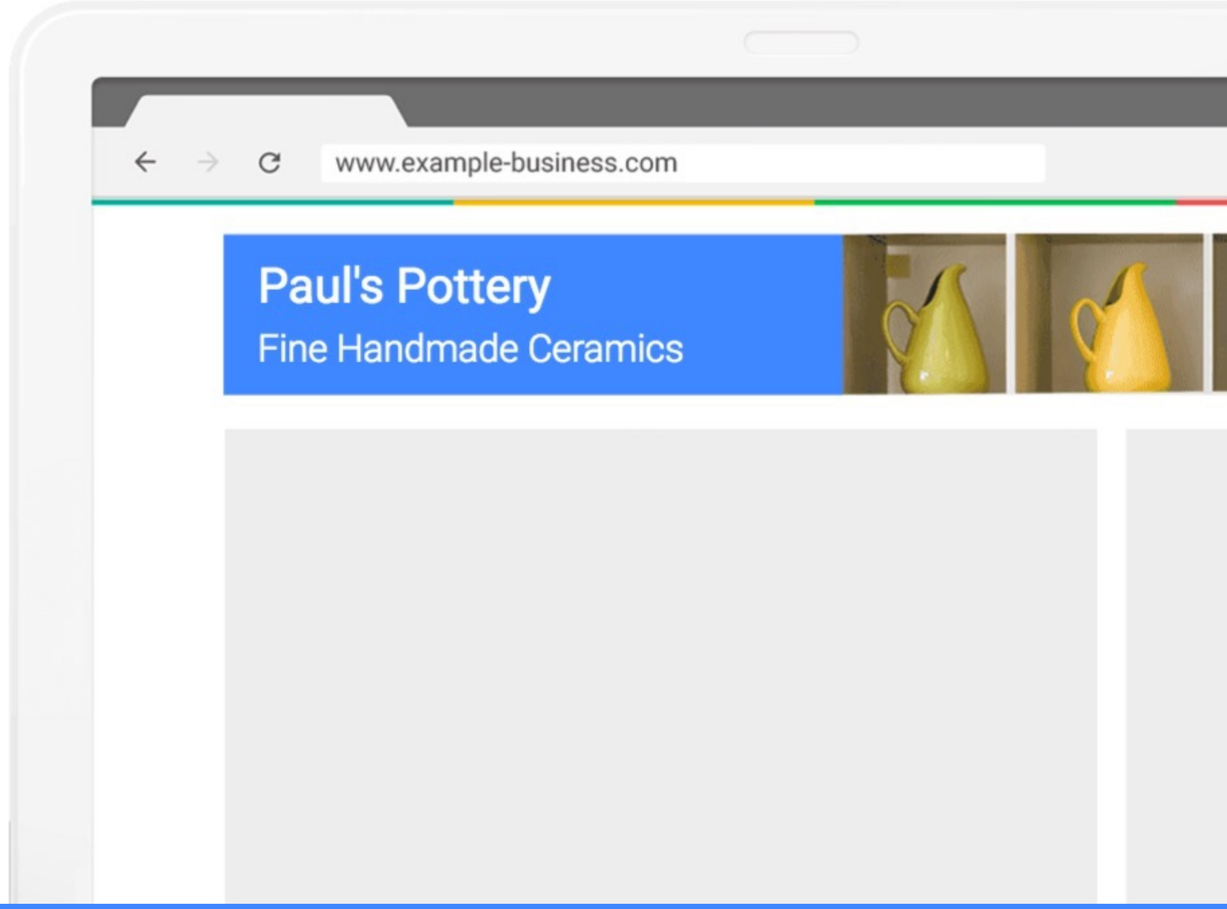
https://developers.googleblog.com/

Brotli

Data-savings up to

40%

15% in aggregate over gzip



Brotli

1.5 petabytes (million gigs) saved a day

bit.ly/playstore-brotli

Improved load time by 7% in India & 4% U.S

bit.ly/linkedin-brotli

Decreased the size of static assets by 20%

bit.ly/dropbox-brotli

17% improvement for largest JS bundles

bit.ly/certsimple-brotli

30% smaller than JPEG
25% smaller than PNG

WebP

WebP image format - UNOFF

Global 73.44% + 0.27% = 73.7%

Image format that supports lossy and lossless compression, as well as animation and alpha transparency.

Current aligned | Usage relative | Date relative | Show all

IE	Edge *	Firefox	Chrome	Safari	Opera	iOS Safari *	Opera Mini *	Android Browser *	Chrome for Android
			49						
			56						
		52	57			9.2		4.4	
	14	53	58			10.2		4.4.4	
11	15	54	59	10.1	46	10.3	all	56	59
	16	55	60	11	47	11			
		56	61	TP	48				
		57	62						

25-30%

savings for WebP on average (26% lossless)

bit.ly/webp-format

WebP

Data Saver + Web Store

Serving over 43B image requests a day

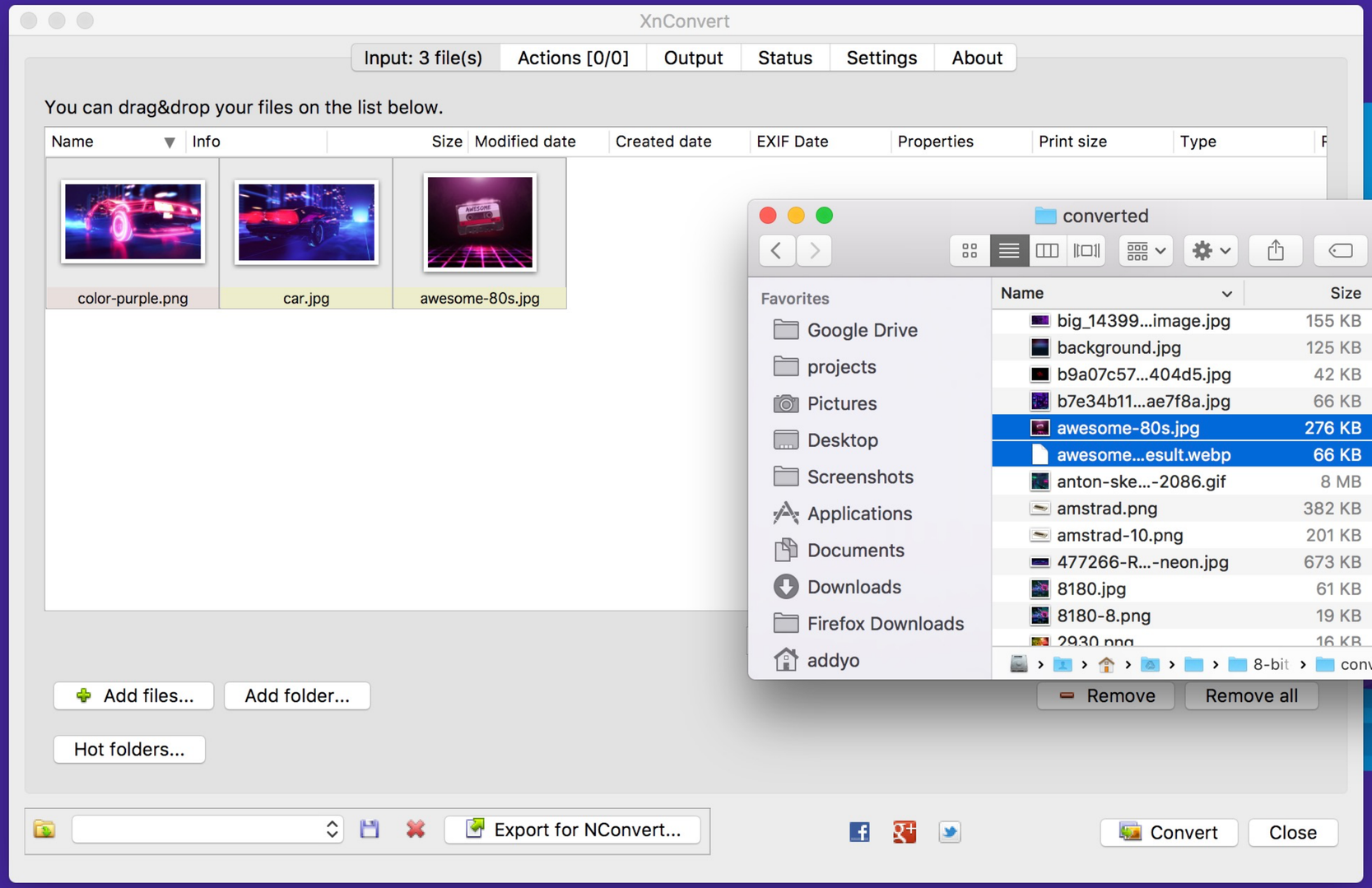
XNConvert

/ WebP Conversion

Windows/Mac/Linux
Can convert in batch
Supports most formats

Alternatively:

imagemin
Pixelmator
ImageMagick
GIMP
Leptonica



WebP Serving

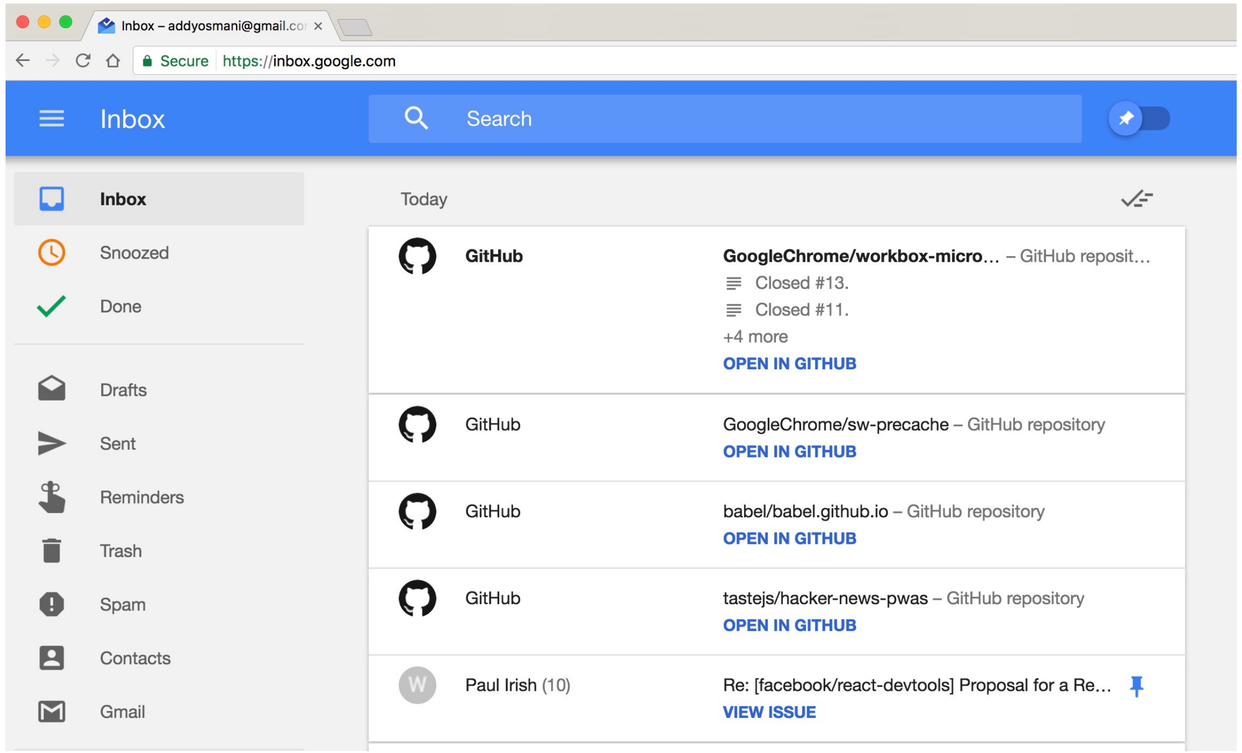
```
<picture>
   <!-- Chrome: WebP -->
   <source srcset="photo.webp" type="image/webp">
   <!-- Edge: JPEG-XR -->
   <source srcset="photo.jxr" type="image/vnd.ms-photo">
   <!-- Safari: JPEG 2000 -->
   <source srcset="photo.jp2" type="image/jp2">
   <!-- Firefox: Fallback -->
   <img srcset="photo.jpg">
</picture>
```

Or use the Accept header + .htaccess to serve WebP if a browser supports it and it exists on disk.

10%

improvement in Time-to-Interactive

Service Workers



Inbox by Gmail

Inbox by Gmail

LOADING TIP 2

CACHE AGGRESSIVELY

HTTP Caching Checklist

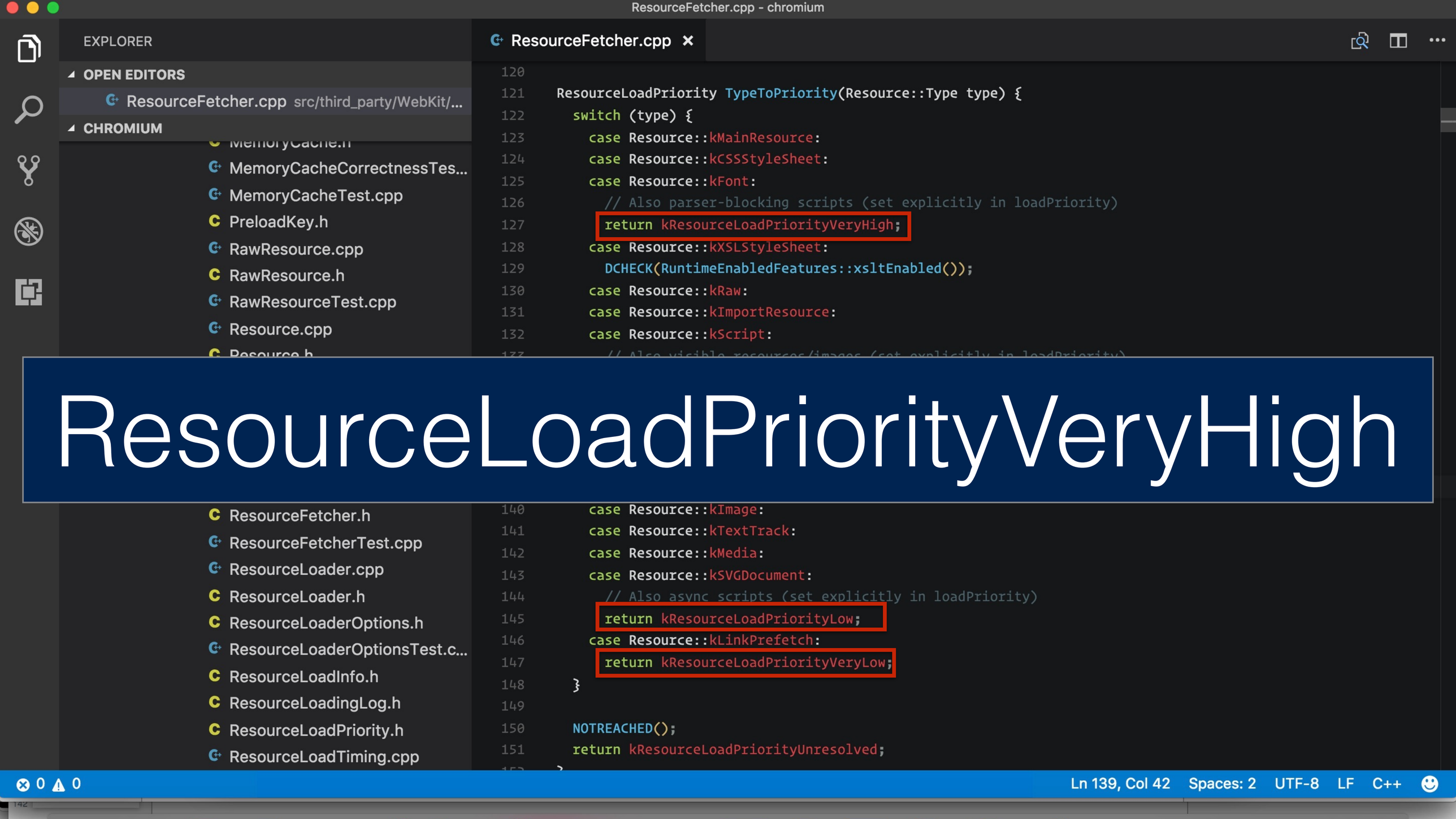
bit.ly/caching-checklist

1. Use consistent URLs and minimize resource churn
2. Provide a validation token (ETag) to avoid transferring unchanged bytes
3. Identify resources that can be cached by intermediaries (like CDNs)
4. Determine the optimal cache lifetime of resources (max-age)
5. Consider a Service Worker for more control over your repeat visit caching

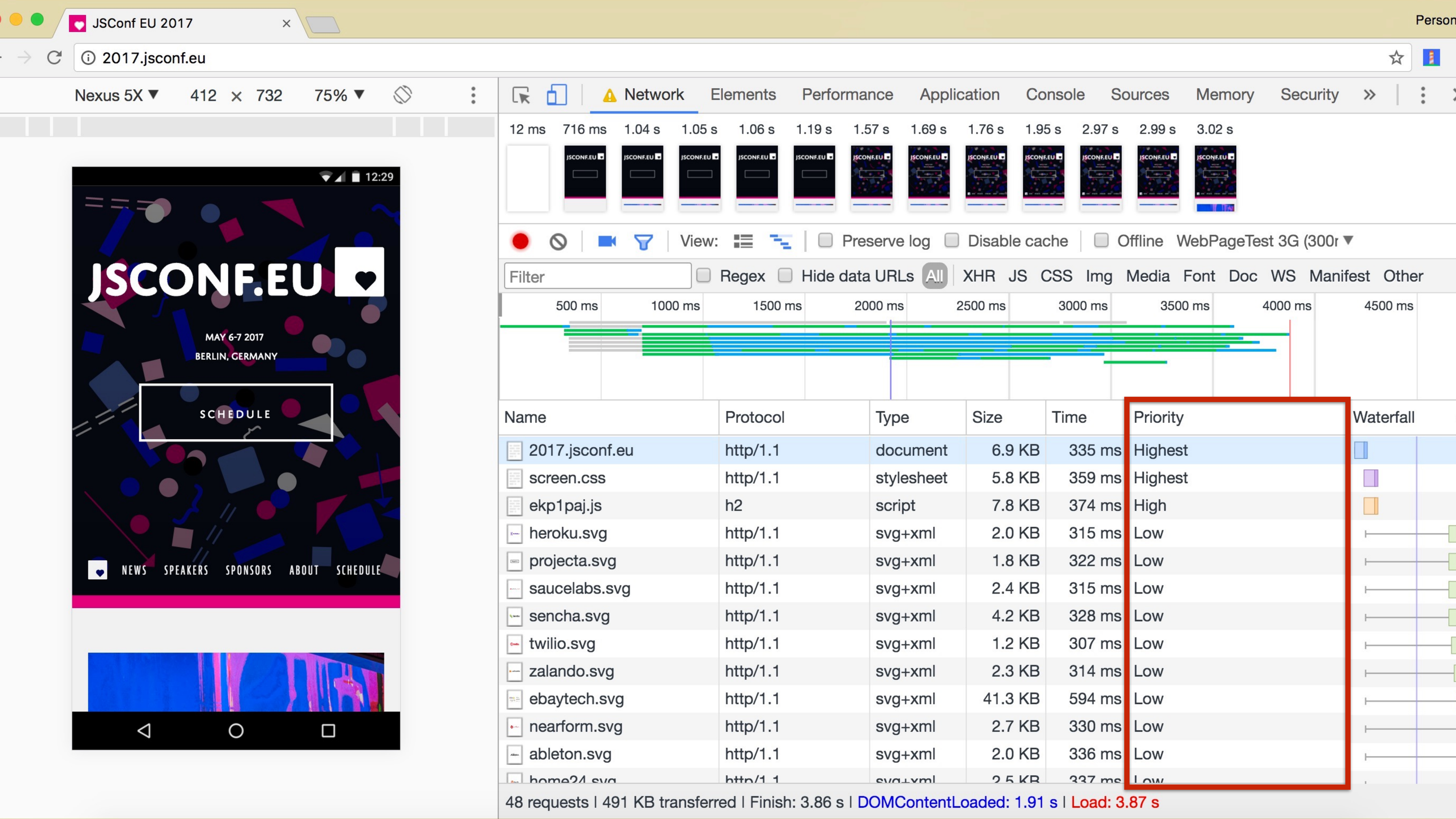
LOADING TIP 3

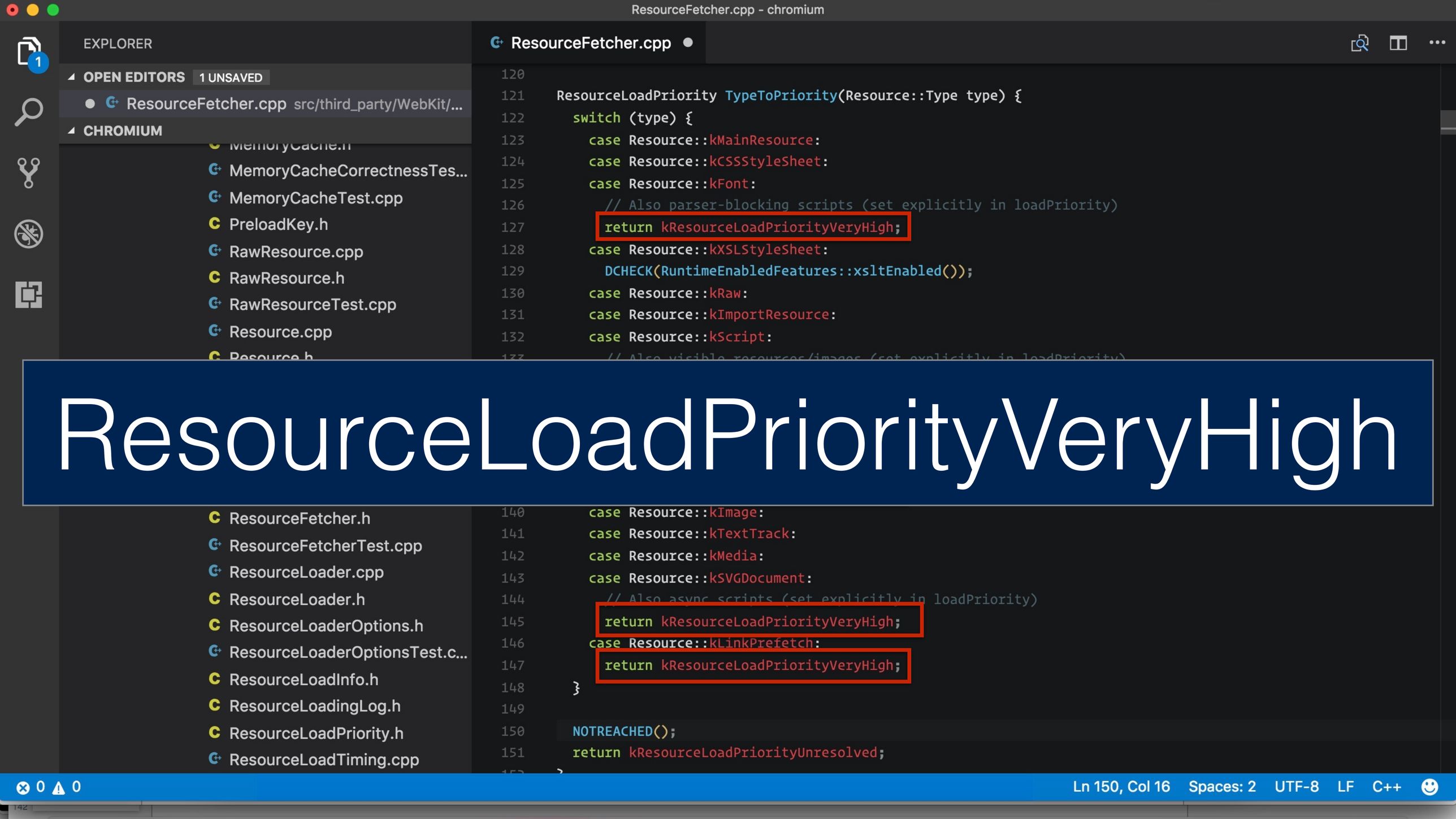
ORDER LOADING THOUGHTFULLY


Let’s hack


ResourceFetcher.cpp - chromium
EXPLORER
OPEN EDITORS
ResourceFetcher.cpp src/third_party/WebKit/...
CHROMIUM
MemoryCacheCorrectnessTes...
MemoryCacheTest.cpp
PreloadKey.h
RawResource.cpp
RawResource.h
RawResourceTest.cpp
Resource.cpp
ResourceFetcher.h
ResourceFetcherTest.cpp
ResourceLoader.cpp
ResourceLoader.h
ResourceLoaderOptions.h
ResourceLoaderOptionsTest.c...
ResourceLoadInfo.h
ResourceLoadingLog.h
ResourceLoadPriority.h
ResourceLoadTiming.cpp
ResourceFetcher.cpp
ResourceLoadPriority TypeToPriority(Resource::Type type) {
switch (type) {
case Resource::kMainResource:
case Resource::kCSSStyleSheet:
case Resource::kFont:
// Also parser-blocking scripts (set explicitly in loadPriority)
return kResourceLoadPriorityVeryHigh;
case Resource::kXSLStyleSheet:
DCHECK(RuntimeEnabledFeatures::xsltEnabled());
case Resource::kRaw:
case Resource::kImportResource:
case Resource::kScript:
case Resource::kImage:
case Resource::kTextTrack:
case Resource::kMedia:
case Resource::kSVGDocument:
// Also async scripts (set explicitly in loadPriority)
return kResourceLoadPriorityLow;
case Resource::kLinkPrefetch:
return kResourceLoadPriorityVeryLow;
}
NOTREACHED();
return kResourceLoadPriorityUnresolved;
ResourceLoadPriorityVeryHigh
0 0
Ln 139, Col 42
Spaces: 2
UTF-8
LF
C++

	Layout-blocking	Load in layout-blocking phase	Load one-at-a-time in layout-blocking phase		
Net Priority	**Highest**	**Medium**	**Low**	**Lowest**	**Idle**
Blink Priority	**VeryHigh**	**High**	**Medium**	**Low**	**VeryLow**
DevTools Priority	**Highest**	**High**	**Medium**	**Low**	**Lowest**
	Main Resource				
	CSS (match)				CSS (mismatch)
		Script (early** or not from preload scanner)	Script (late**)	Script (async)	
	Font	Font (preload)			
		Import			
		Image (in viewport)		Image	
				Media	


JSConf EU 2017
2017.jsconf.eu
Nexus 5X 412 × 732 75%
12:29
JSCONF.EU
MAY 6-7 2017
BERLIN, GERMANY
SCHEDULE
NEWS SPEAKERS SPONSORS ABOUT SCHEDULE
Network Elements Performance Application Console Sources Memory Security
12 ms 716 ms 1.04 s 1.05 s 1.06 s 1.19 s 1.57 s 1.69 s 1.76 s 1.95 s 2.97 s 2.99 s 3.02 s
View: Preserve log Disable cache Offline WebPageTest 3G (300r
Filter Regex Hide data URLs All XHR JS CSS Img Media Font Doc WS Manifest Other
500 ms 1000 ms 1500 ms 2000 ms 2500 ms 3000 ms 3500 ms 4000 ms 4500 ms
Name Protocol Type Size Time Priority Waterfall
2017.jsconf.eu http/1.1 document 6.9 KB 335 ms Highest
screen.css http/1.1 stylesheet 5.8 KB 359 ms Highest
ekp1paj.js h2 script 7.8 KB 374 ms High
heroku.svg http/1.1 svg+xml 2.0 KB 315 ms Low
projecta.svg http/1.1 svg+xml 1.8 KB 322 ms Low
saucelabs.svg http/1.1 svg+xml 2.4 KB 315 ms Low
sencha.svg http/1.1 svg+xml 4.2 KB 328 ms Low
twilio.svg http/1.1 svg+xml 1.2 KB 307 ms Low
zalando.svg http/1.1 svg+xml 2.3 KB 314 ms Low
ebaytech.svg http/1.1 svg+xml 41.3 KB 594 ms Low
nearform.svg http/1.1 svg+xml 2.7 KB 330 ms Low
ableton.svg http/1.1 svg+xml 2.0 KB 336 ms Low
48 requests | 491 KB transferred | Finish: 3.86 s | DOMContentLoaded: 1.91 s | Load: 3.87 s


ResourceFetcher.cpp - chromium
EXPLORER
OPEN EDITORS 1 UNSAVED
ResourceFetcher.cpp src/third_party/WebKit/...
CHROMIUM
MemoryCacheCorrectnessTes...
MemoryCacheTest.cpp
PreloadKey.h
RawResource.cpp
RawResource.h
RawResourceTest.cpp
Resource.cpp
ResourceFetcher.cpp
120
121 ResourceLoadPriority TypeToPriority(Resource::Type type) {
122 switch (type) {
123 case Resource::kMainResource:
124 case Resource::kCSSStyleSheet:
125 case Resource::kFont:
126 // Also parser-blocking scripts (set explicitly in loadPriority)
127 return kResourceLoadPriorityVeryHigh;
128 case Resource::kXSLStyleSheet:
129 DCHECK(RuntimeEnabledFeatures::xsltEnabled());
130 case Resource::kRaw:
131 case Resource::kImportResource:
132 case Resource::kScript:
ResourceFetcher.h
ResourceFetcherTest.cpp
ResourceLoader.cpp
ResourceLoader.h
ResourceLoaderOptions.h
ResourceLoaderOptionsTest.c...
ResourceLoadInfo.h
ResourceLoadingLog.h
ResourceLoadPriority.h
ResourceLoadTiming.cpp
140 case Resource::kImage:
141 case Resource::kTextTrack:
142 case Resource::kMedia:
143 case Resource::kSVGDocument:
144 // Also async scripts (set explicitly in loadPriority)
145 return kResourceLoadPriorityVeryHigh;
146 case Resource::kLinkPrefetch:
147 return kResourceLoadPriorityVeryHigh;
148 }
149
150 NOTREACHED();
151 return kResourceLoadPriorityUnresolved;
ResourceLoadPriorityVeryHigh
0 0
Ln 150, Col 16
Spaces: 2
UTF-8
LF
C++

FLUENTinium

Original

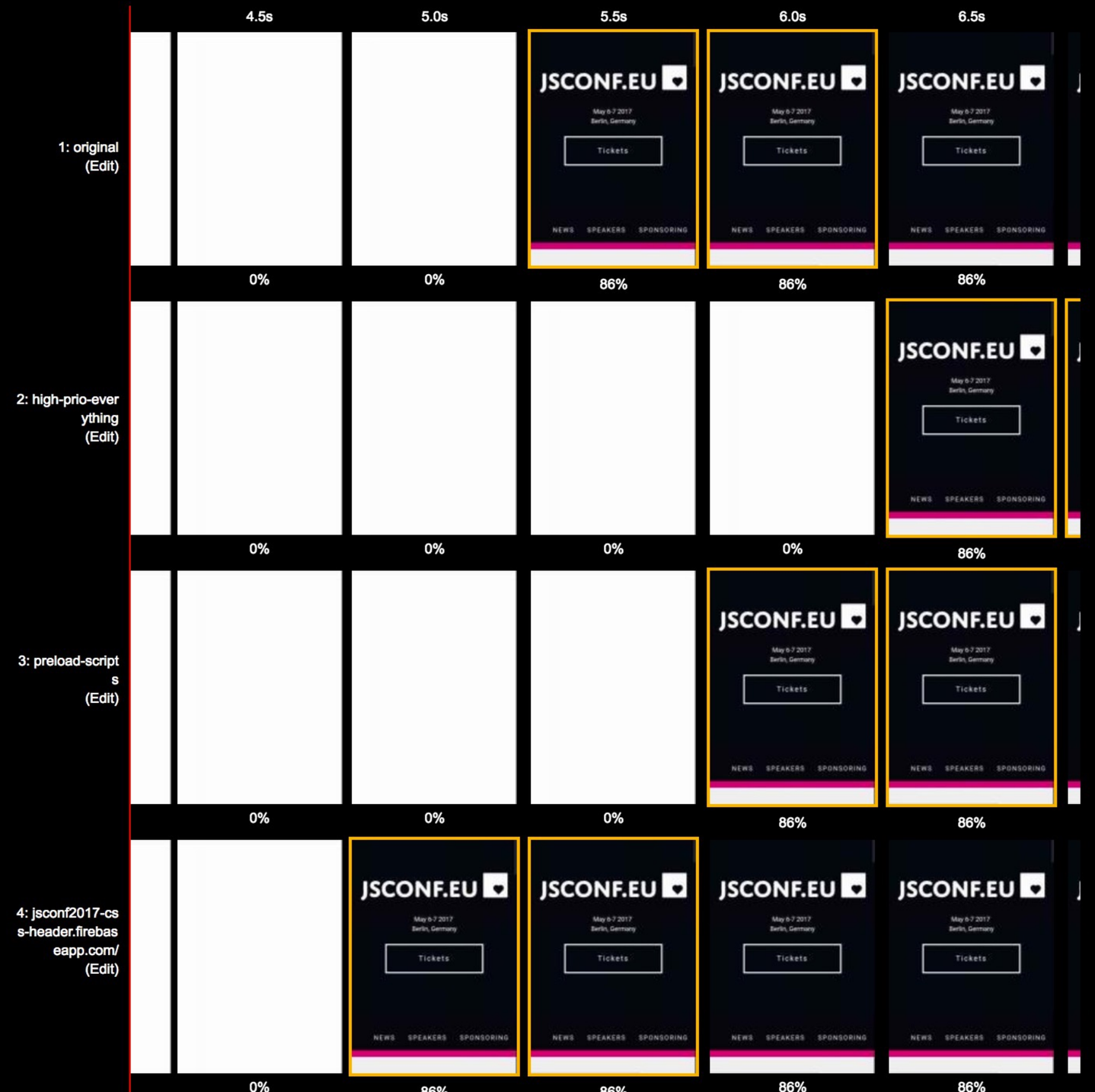
Everything is high priority

Original

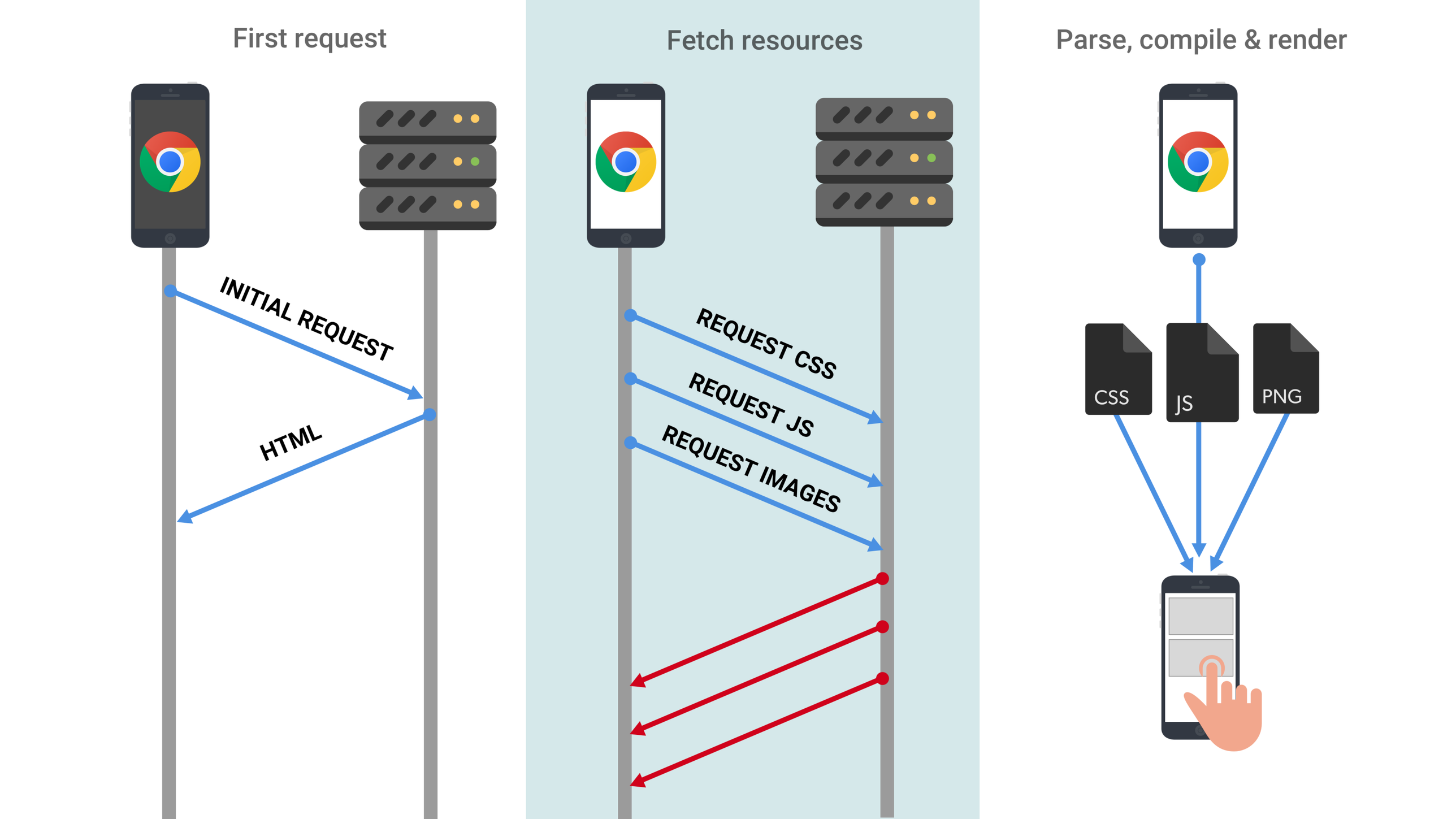
Everything is high priority

JS + CSS is high priority

CSS + fonts are high prio

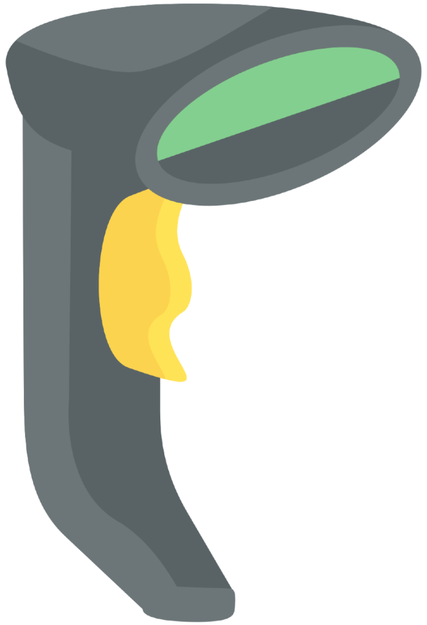


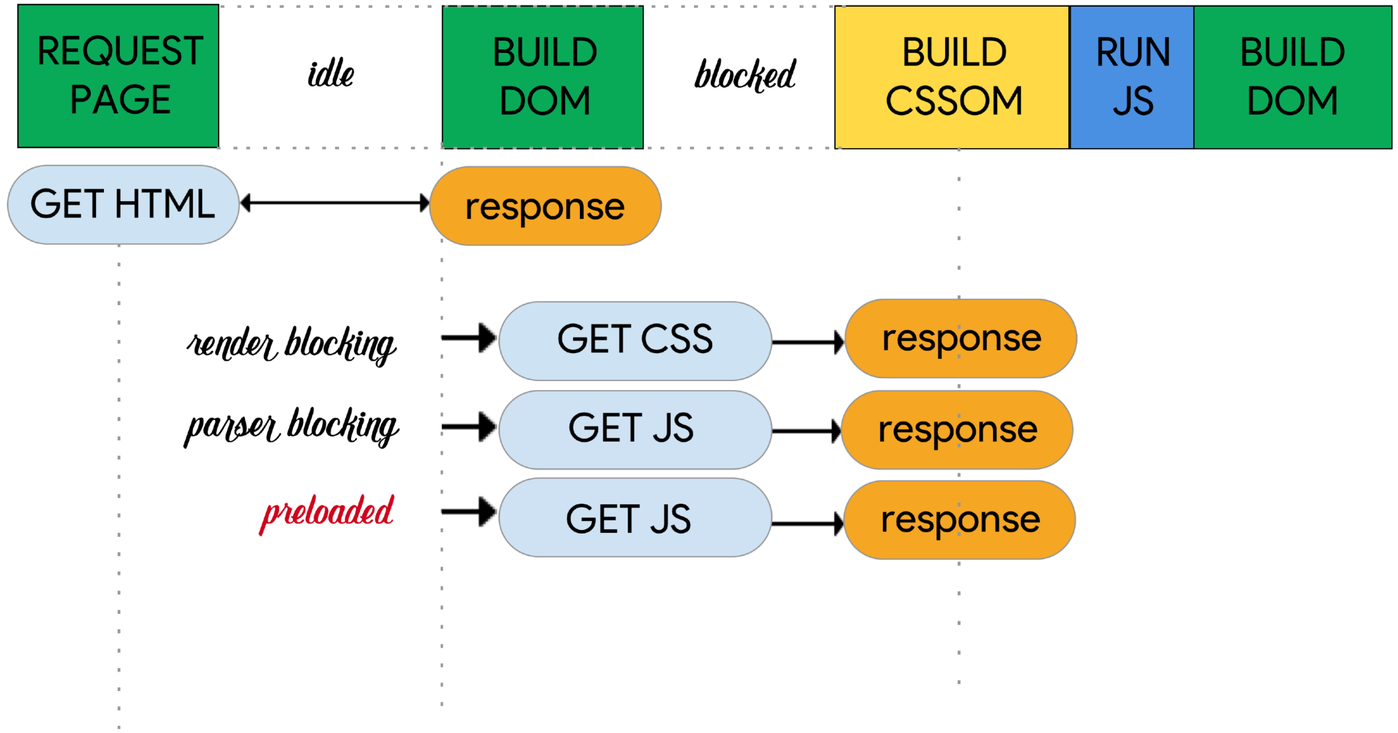
FIRST DO IT.
THEN DO IT RIGHT.
THEN DO IT BETTER.


First request
INITIAL REQUEST
HTML
Fetch resources
REQUEST CSS
REQUEST JS
REQUEST IMAGES
Parse, compile & render
CSS
JS
PNG

PRELOAD SCANNER

```
<html>
  <head>
    <link href="style.css" rel="stylesheet">
    <script src="a.js"></script>
    <script src="b.js"></script>
  </head>
  <body>...</body>
</html>
```





DOCUMENT PARSER BLOCKED? PRELOAD SCANNER LOOKS AHEAD FOR RESOURCES WE CAN DOWNLOAD


00.68
44.02
33.91
99.57
55.1 3
00.68
44.02
77.35
77.35
5
99.35
3.91
99.57
22.80

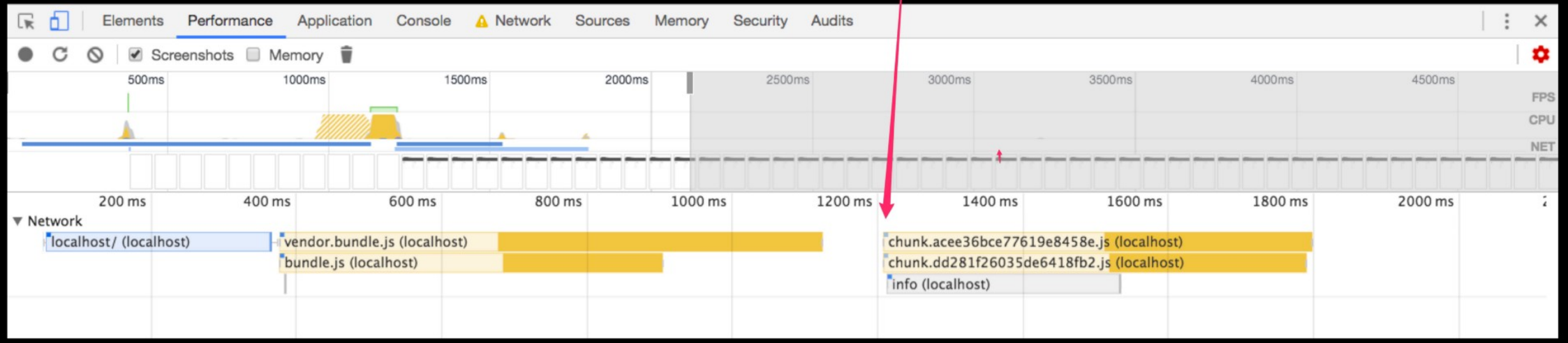

PRELOAD

<link rel=“preload”>

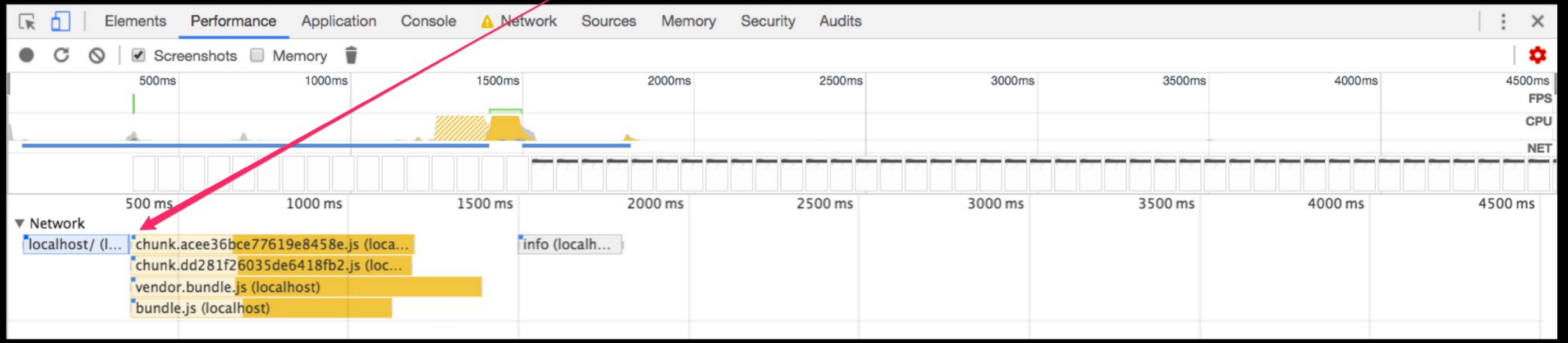
```
<head>
<link rel="preload" as="script" href="1.js">
<link rel="preload" as="script" href="2.js">
<link rel="preload" as="script" href="3.js">
..
```

```
Link: 1.js; rel="preload"; as="script"
```

Before preload, the network request started here



After preload, it has shifted left - right at parse time




```
<link rel="preload" href="/chunk.acee36bce77619e8458e.js" as="script">
<link rel="preload" href="/chunk.dd281f26035de6418fb2.js" as="script">
```

RESOURCE HINTS

<link rel="dns-prefetch">

<link rel="prefetch">

<link rel="prerender">

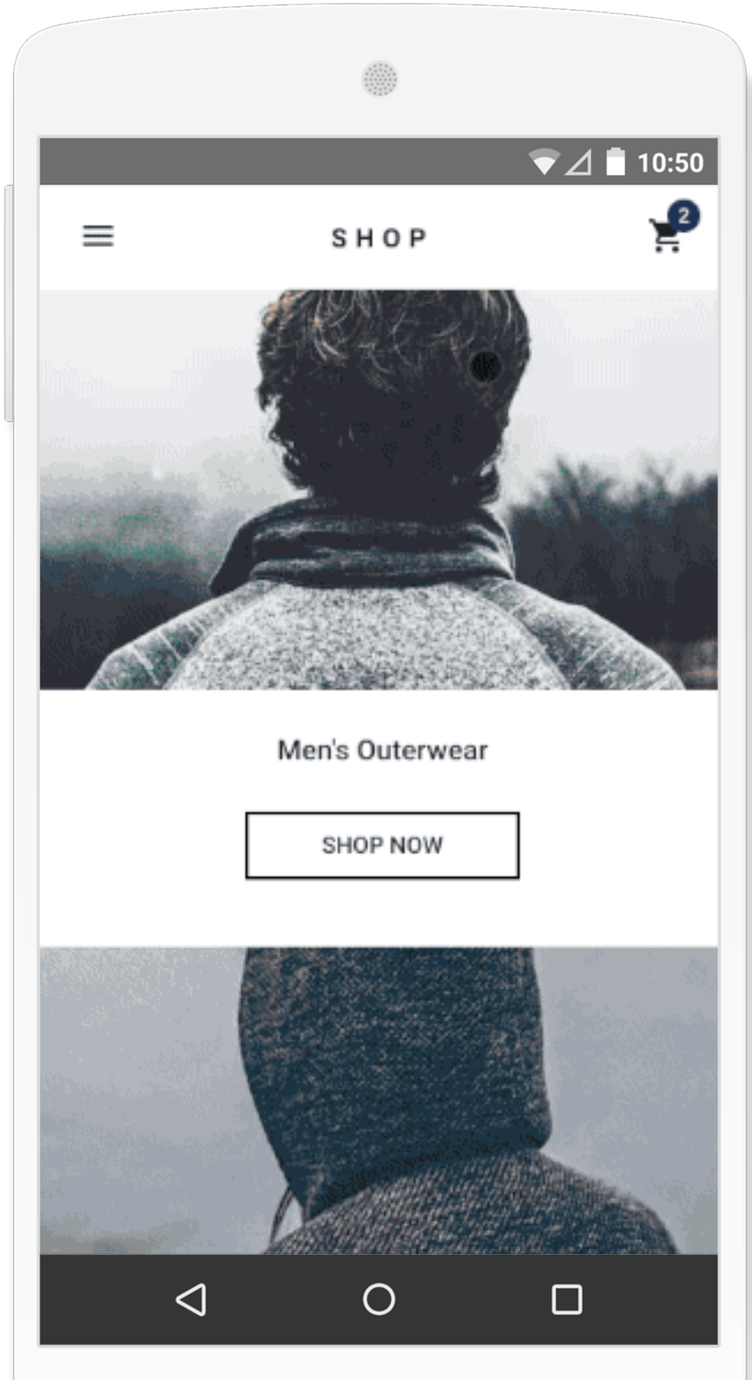
DNS Lookup

HTTP Request

Socket Connection

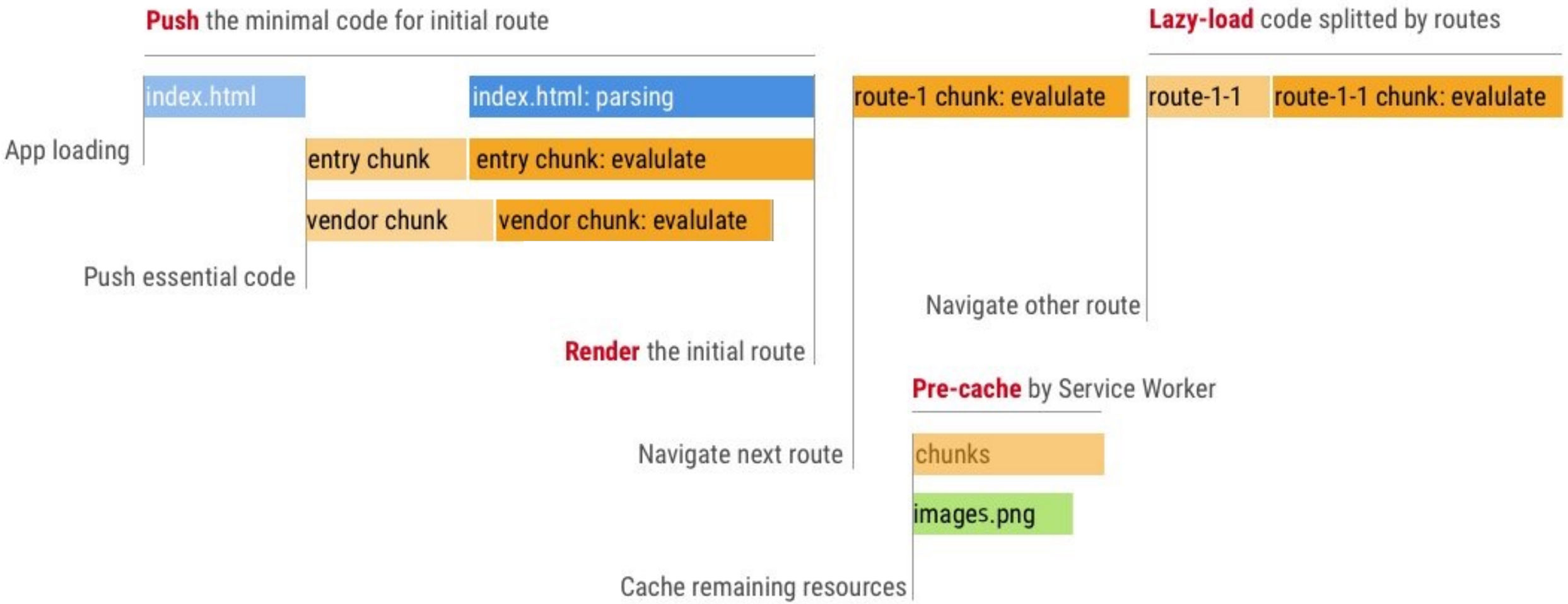
Content Download

<link rel="preconnect">

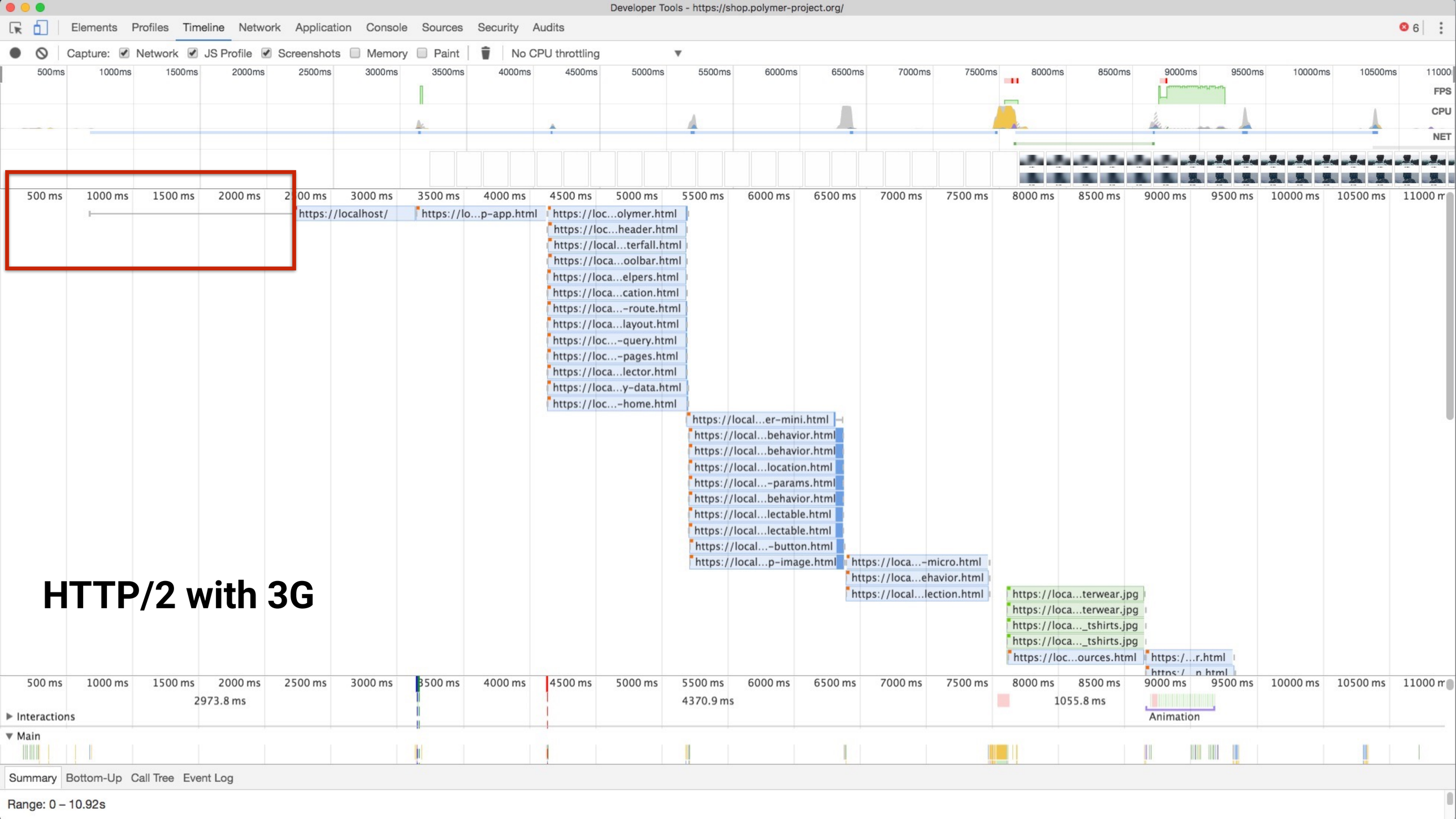

10:50
SHOP
2
Men's Outerwear
SHOP NOW


PRPL
PATTERN

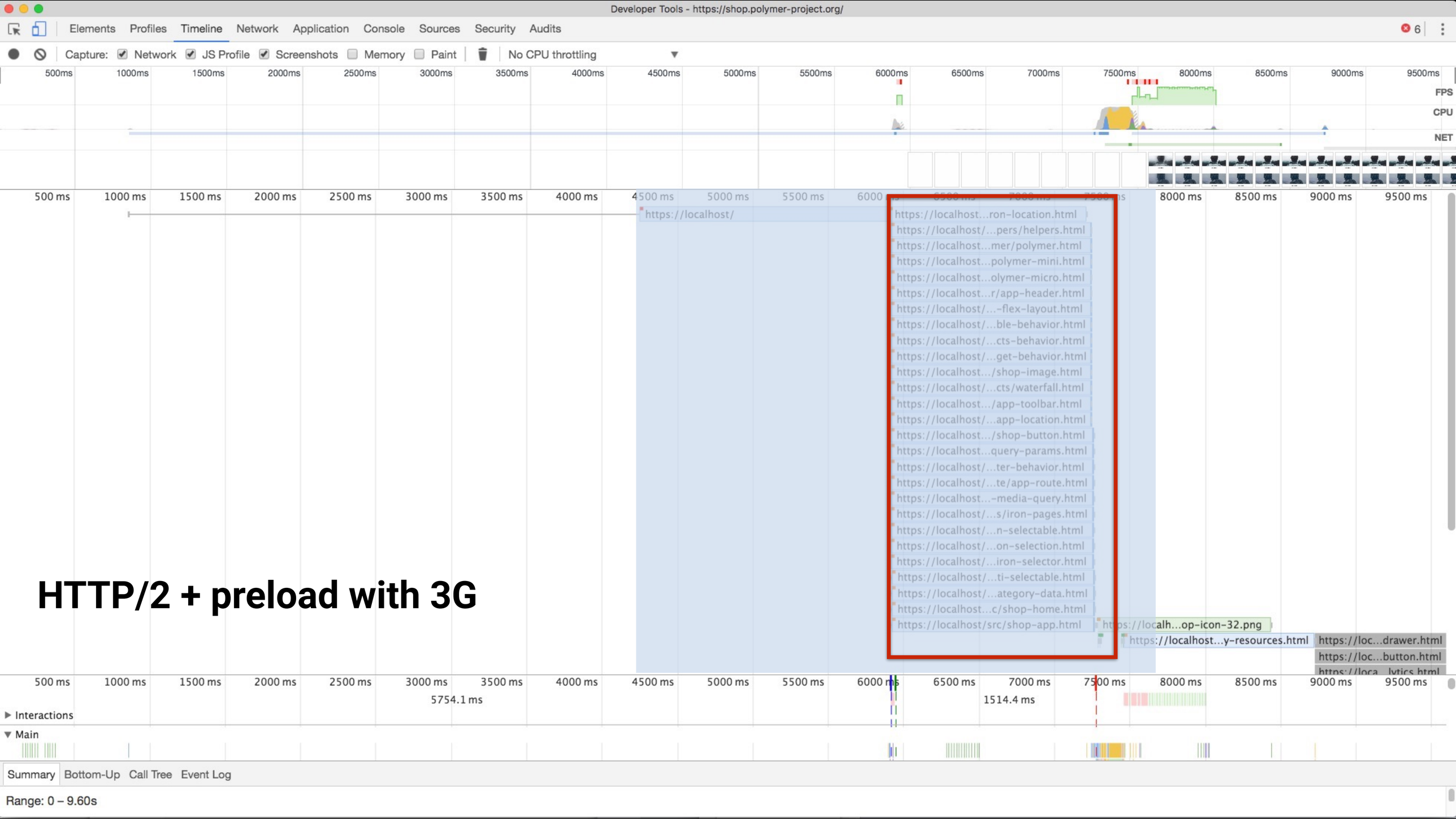
PRPL



bit.ly/prpl-pattern



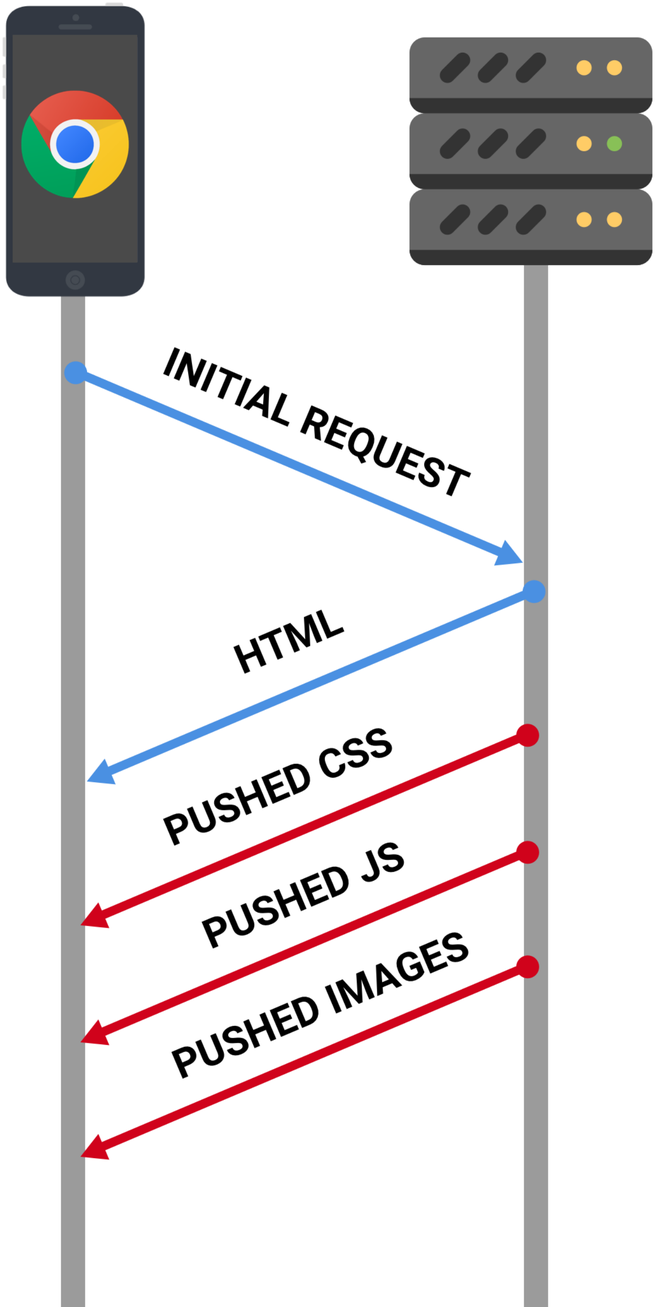
HTTP/2 with 3G

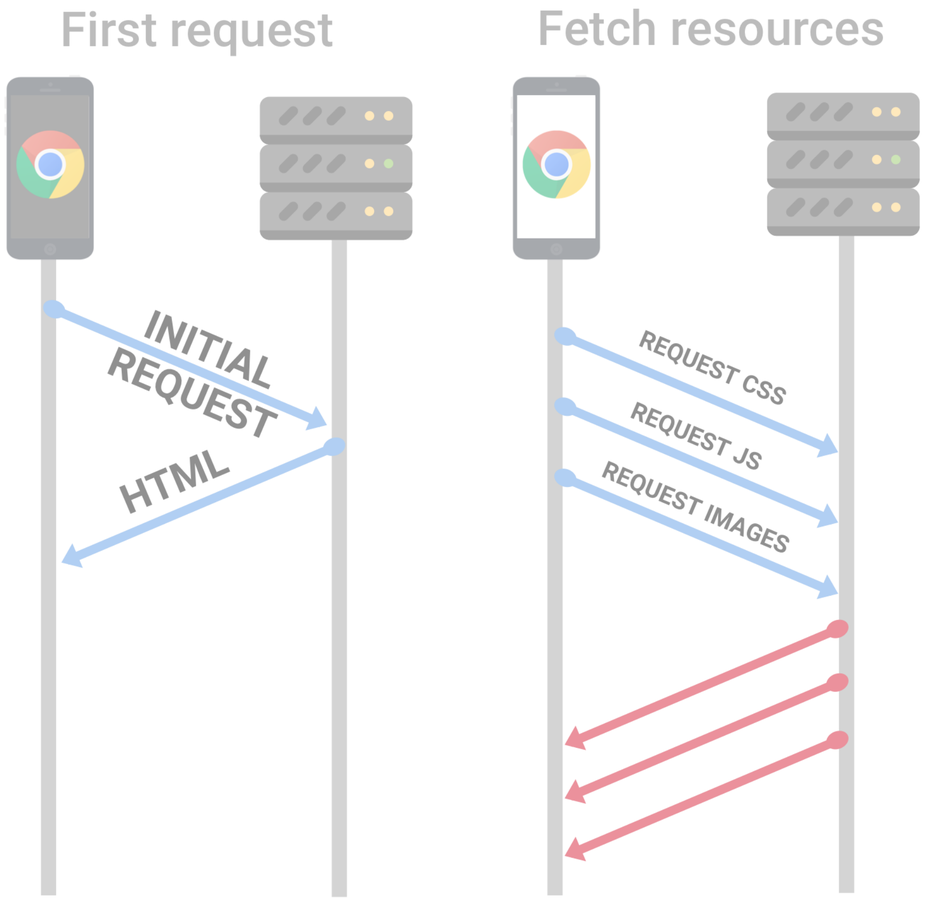


HTTP/2 + preload with 3G


HTTP2
PUSH

H/2 Server Push





2 ROUND TRIPS

Express + HTTP/2 Push Headers

```
const express = require('express'),
let app = express();

app
   .use('/js', express.static('js'))
   .get('/', function (req, res) {
         res.set('Link', `
         </style.css>; rel=preload; as='style',
         </js/vendor.bundle.js>; rel=preload; as='script',
         </js/app.bundle.js>; rel=preload; as='script'`)
```

Developer Tools - https://shop.polymer-project.org/

Elements Profiles Timeline Network Application Console Sources Security Audits

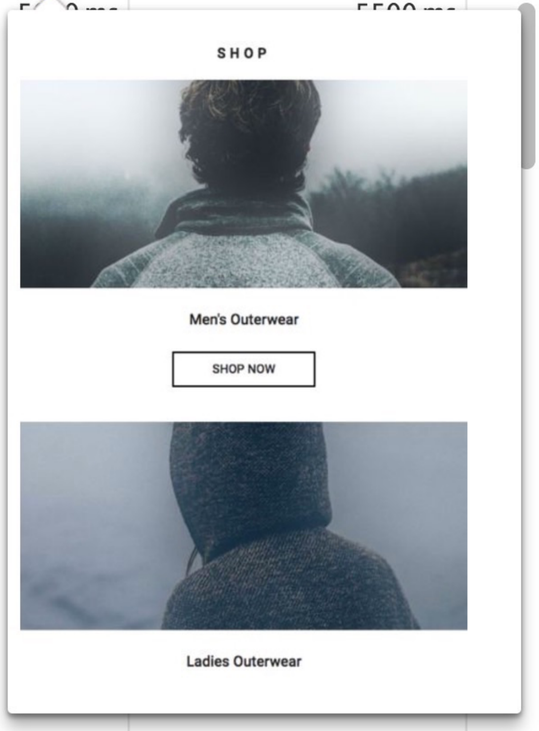
Capture: Network JS Profile Screenshots Memory Paint No CPU throttling

500ms 1000ms 1500ms 2000ms 2500ms 3000ms 3500ms 4000ms 4500ms 5000ms 5500ms 6000ms

FPS CPU NET

2000 ms 2500 ms 3000 ms 4000 ms 4500 ms

https://shop.polymer-project.org/ https://shop.pol...rc/shop-app.html



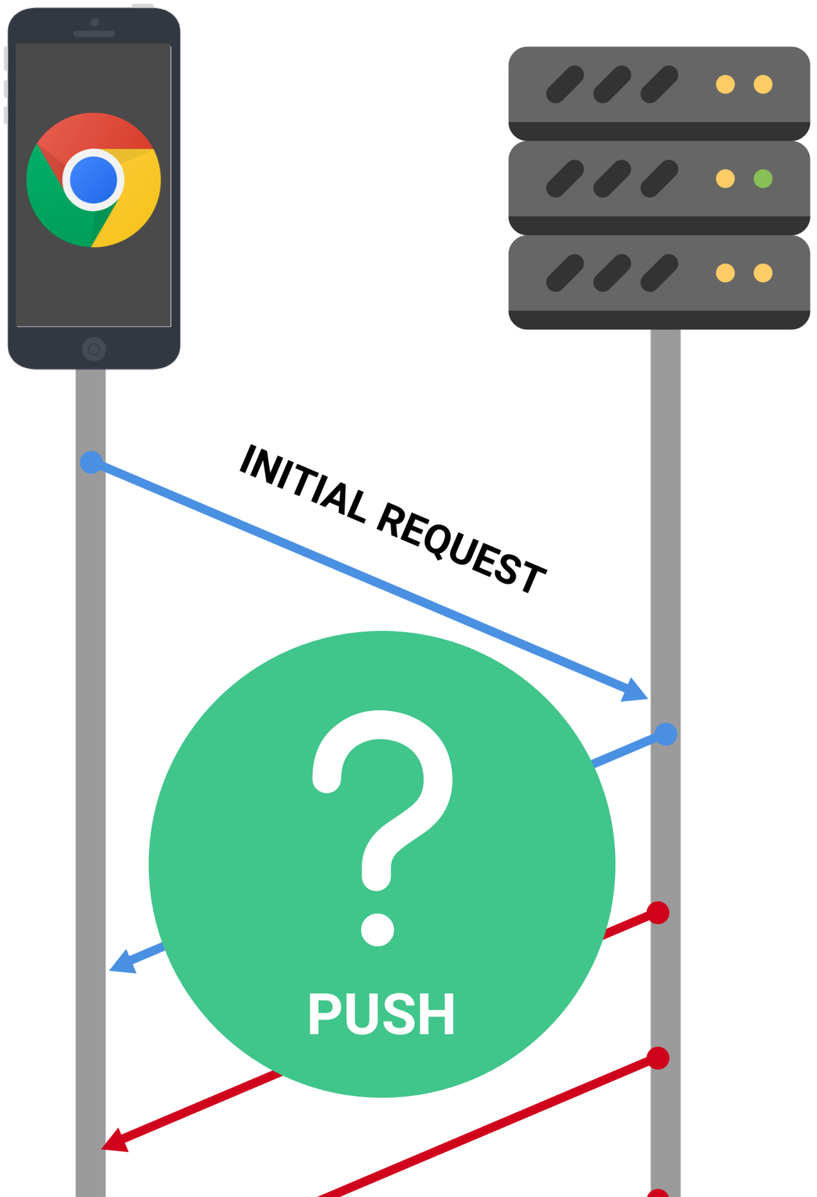
H/2 Push

2000 ms 2500 ms 3000 ms 3500 ms 4000 ms 4500 ms 5000 ms 5500 ms

Summary Bottom-Up Call Tree Event Log

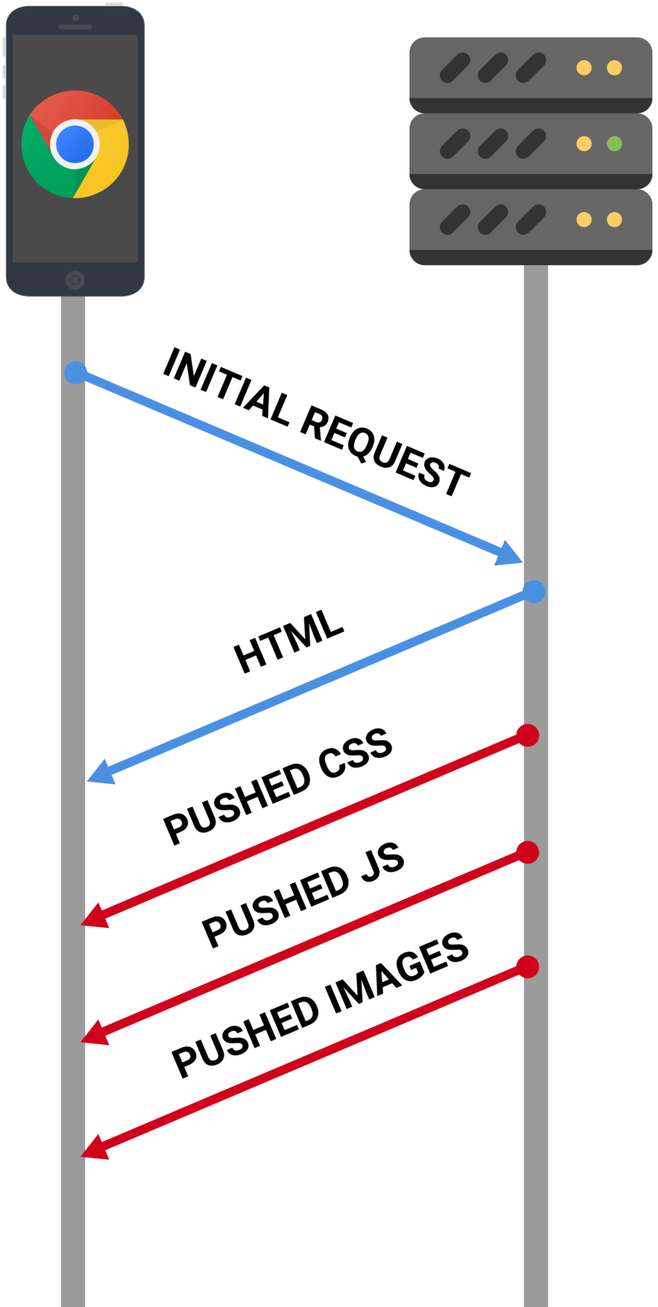
Range: 1.78s – 5.57s

When can we run into problems?

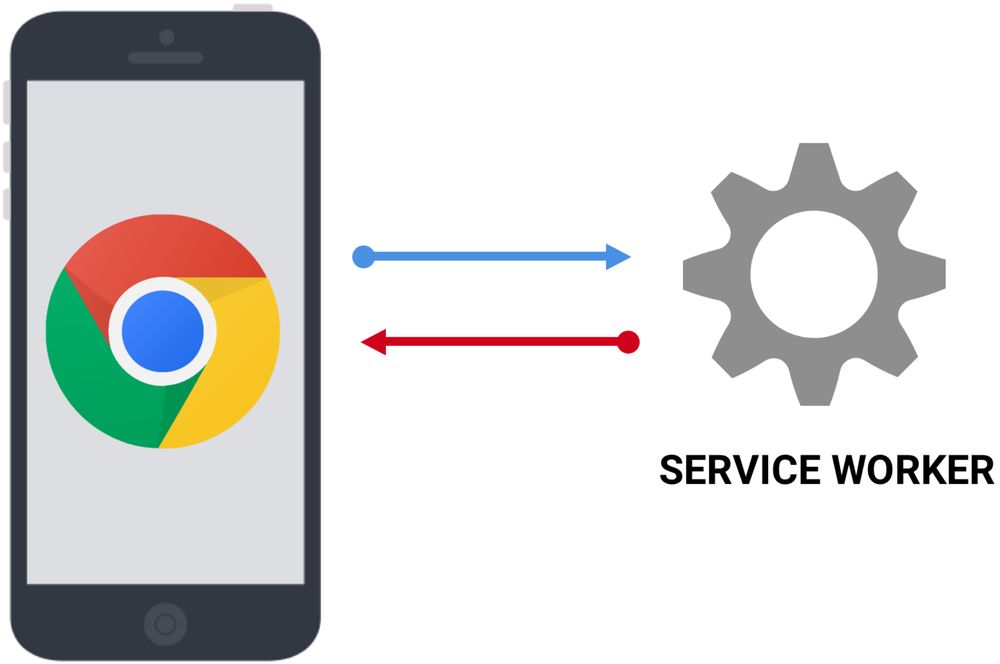


1. Client may already have the resource
2. H/2 Push might delay response from origin

INITIAL LOAD



FUTURE LOADS



H/2 Server Push + Service Worker

Alternatively: Track cache content using cookies

```
if (supports_http2() && !http_cached('/app.js')) {
    header('link:</app.js>;  rel=preload;  as=script’);
    setcookie('/app.js', 'is-cached', 0, '/');
}
```

Alternatively: Track cache content using cookies

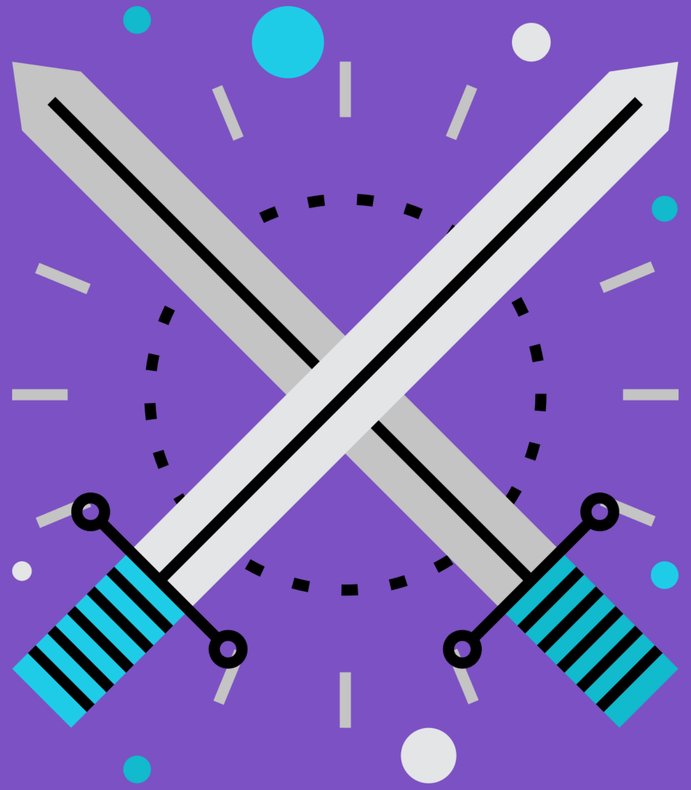

```
function http_cached($filename) {
    if ('is-cached' === $_COOKIE[$filename]) {
        return true;
    } else {
        return false;
    }
}
```

Push Vs. preload

Cuts out an RTT

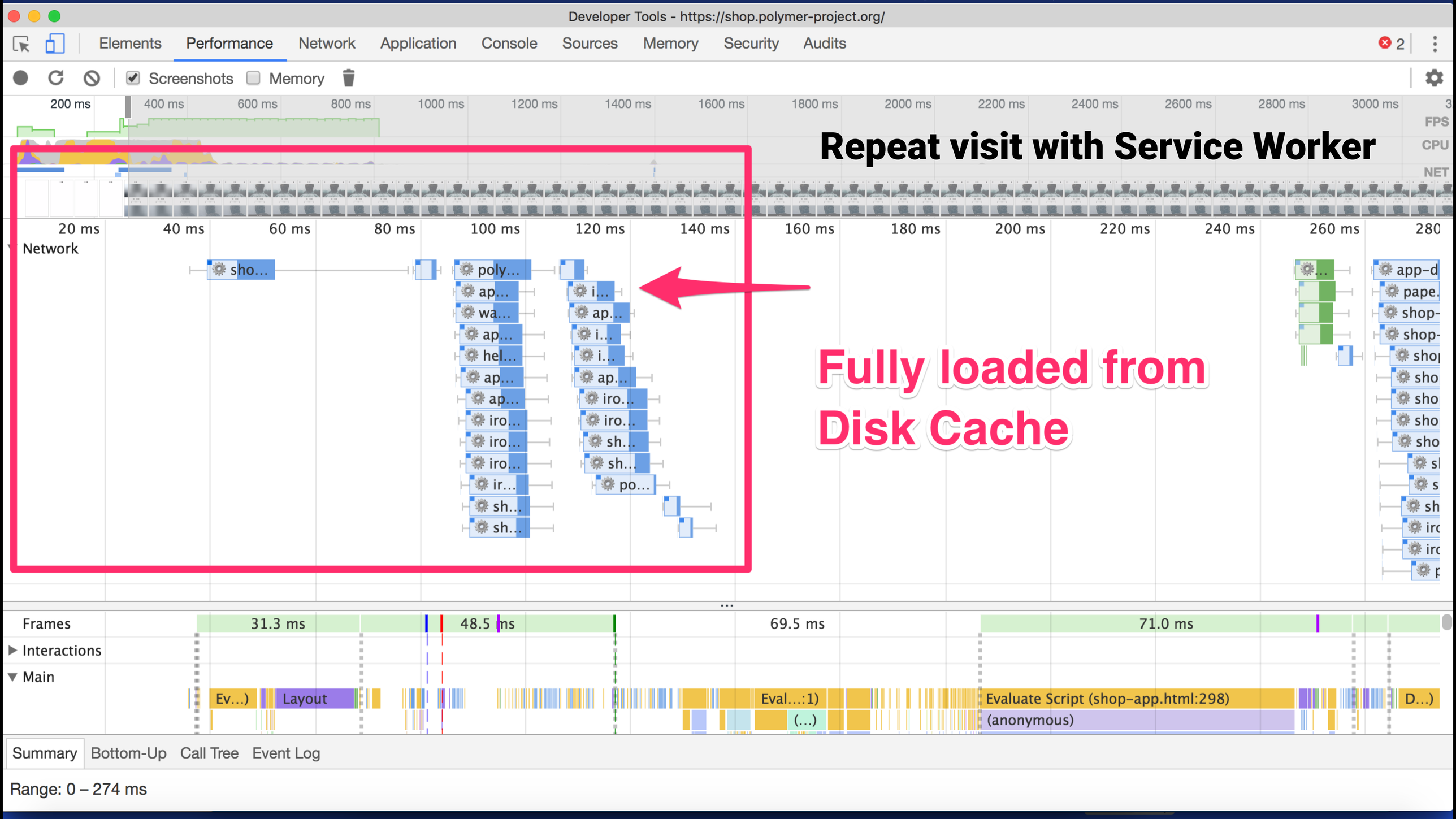
Useful if you have a Service Worker or Cache Digests

Not cache aware
No prioritization



Move resource download time closer to initial request

Cross-origin
Cache & cookies
Load/error events
Content negotiation


Developer Tools - https://shop.polymer-project.org/
Elements
Performance
Network
Application
Console
Sources
Memory
Security
Audits
Screenshots
Memory
Repeat visit with Service Worker
Fully loaded from Disk Cache
Network
Frames
31.3 ms
48.5 ms
69.5 ms
71.0 ms
Interactions
Main
Ev...)
Layout
Eval...:1)
Evaluate Script (shop-app.html:298)
(anonymous)
Summary
Bottom-Up
Call Tree
Event Log
Range: 0 – 274 ms

Next: Differential Serving based on browser compatibility?

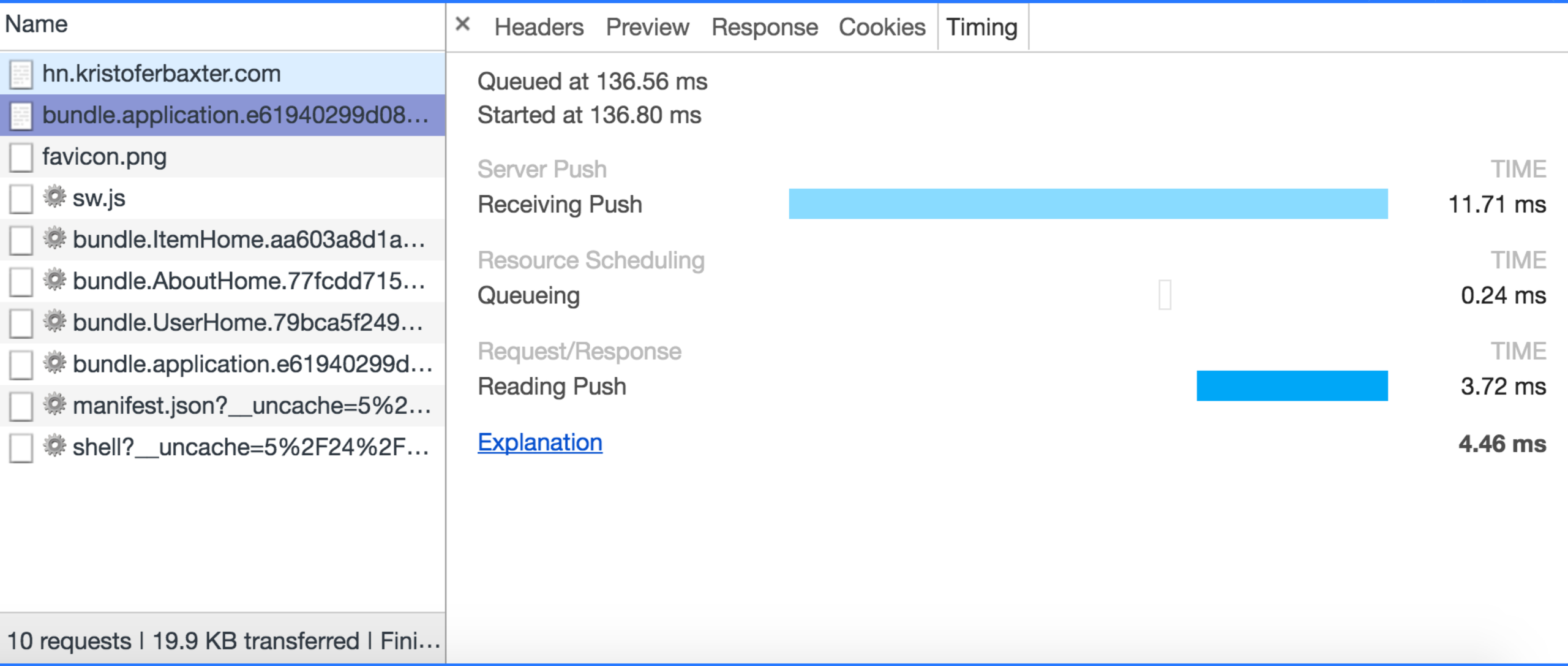
HTTP/2 works better when resources are more granular (unbundled)

Serve an unbundled build for server/browser combinations supporting HTTP/2. Trigger delivery with <link rel="preload"> or HTTP/2 Push

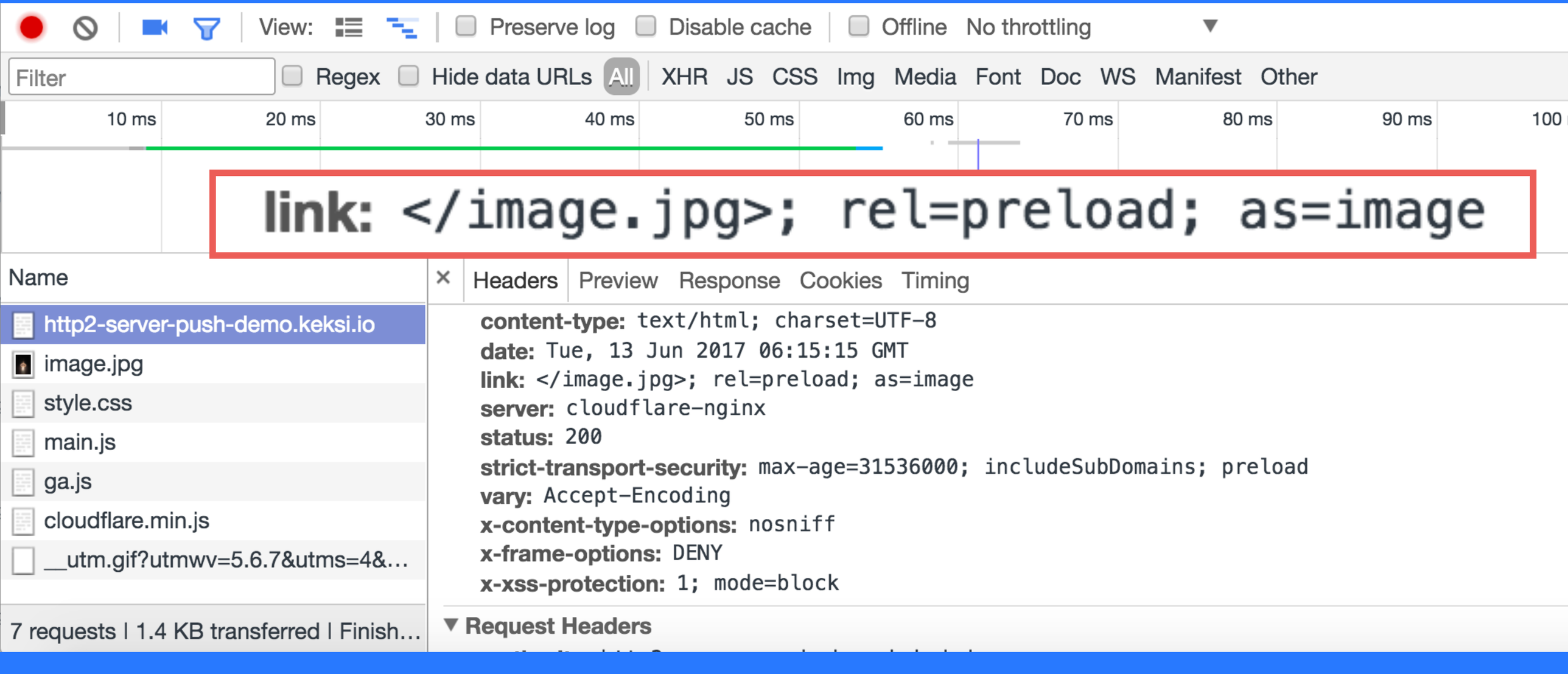
HTTP/1 works better when resources are concatenated (bundled)

Serve a bundled build to minimize round-trips to get the app running on server/browser combinations that don't support HTTP/2 Push

Debugging: HTTP/2 Server Push in DevTools



Debugging: HTTP/2 Server Push in DevTools



HTTP/2 Server Push Rules Of Thumb

bit.ly/h2push

1. **Push just enough resources to fill idle network time**, and no more.
2. **Push resources in evaluation-dependence** order.
3. **Consider using strategies to track the client-side cache.**
4. **Use the right cookies** when pushing resources.
5. **Use server push to fill the initial cwnd. Consider preload links to reveal remaining critical resources.**

Jake Archibald wrote...

HTTP/2 push is tougher than I thought

Posted 30 May 2017

"HTTP/2 push will solve that" is something I've heard a lot when it comes to page load performance problems, but I didn't know much about it, so I decided to dig in.

HTTP/2 push is more complicated and low-level than I initially thought, but what really caught me off-guard is how inconsistent it is between browsers – I'd assumed it was a done deal & totally ready for production.

This isn't an "HTTP/2 push is a douchebag" hatchet job – I think HTTP/2 push is really powerful and will improve over time, but I no longer think it's a silver bullet from a golden gun.

Map of fetching

Hello, I'm Jake and that is my face. I'm a developer advocate for Google Chrome.

Elsewhere

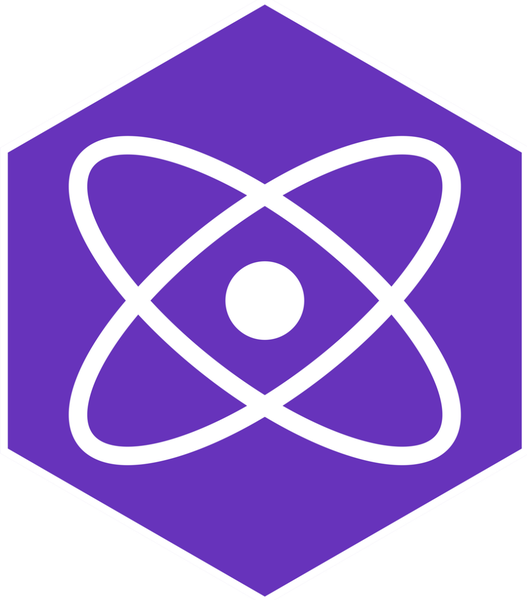
Twitter
Lanyrd
Github
Google+
Flickr

Contact

Feel free to throw me an email, unless you're a recruiter, in which case destroy every email-capable device you own to prevent this possibility.

PRPL In-A-Box

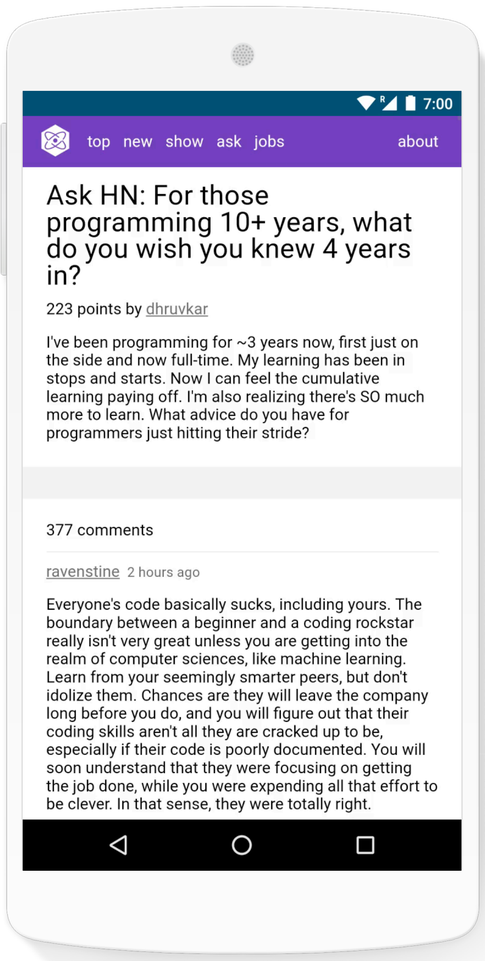
Polymer App Toolbox

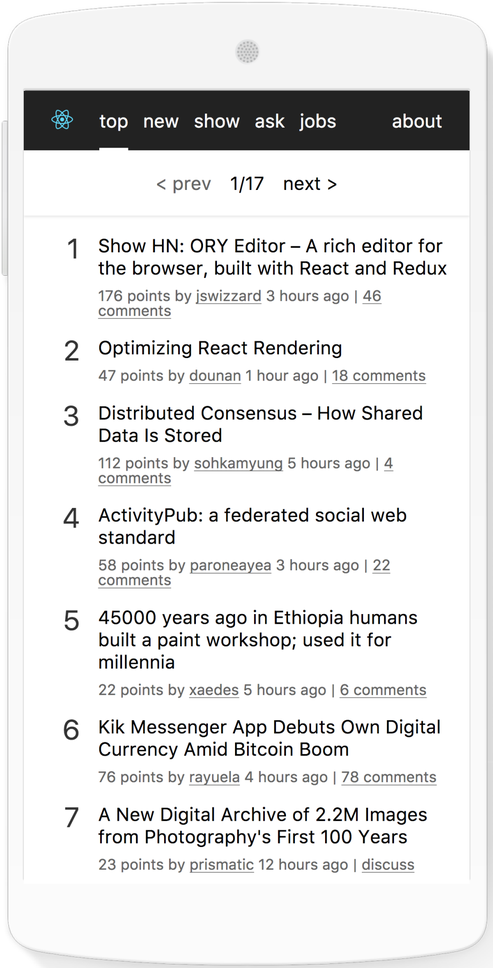


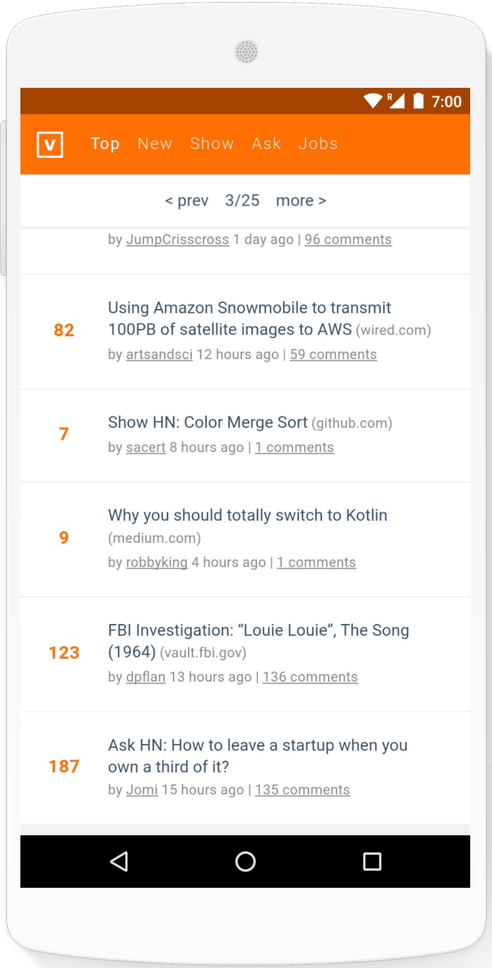
PREACT CLI

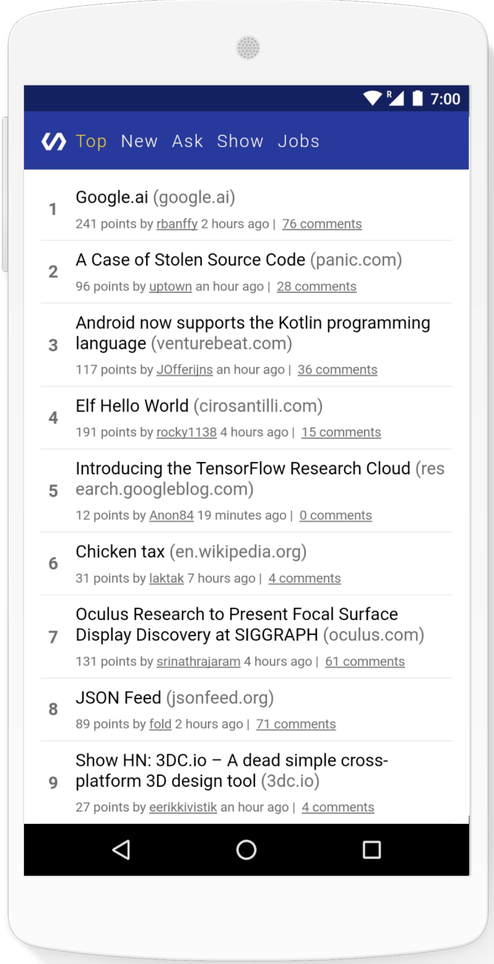
HNPWA

Hacker News readers as Progressive Web Apps









HNPWA

Hacker News readers as Progressive Web Apps

Preact HN

kristoferbaxter/preact-hn

Lighthouse: 93/100

Interactive (Emerging Markets): 2.3s

Interactive (Faster 3G): 1.7s

Framework/UI libraries: Preact, Preact Router

Module bundling: Webpack

Service Worker: Application Shell with OfflinePlugin

Performance patterns:
HTTP/2 with Server Push, Brotli and Zopfli static assets

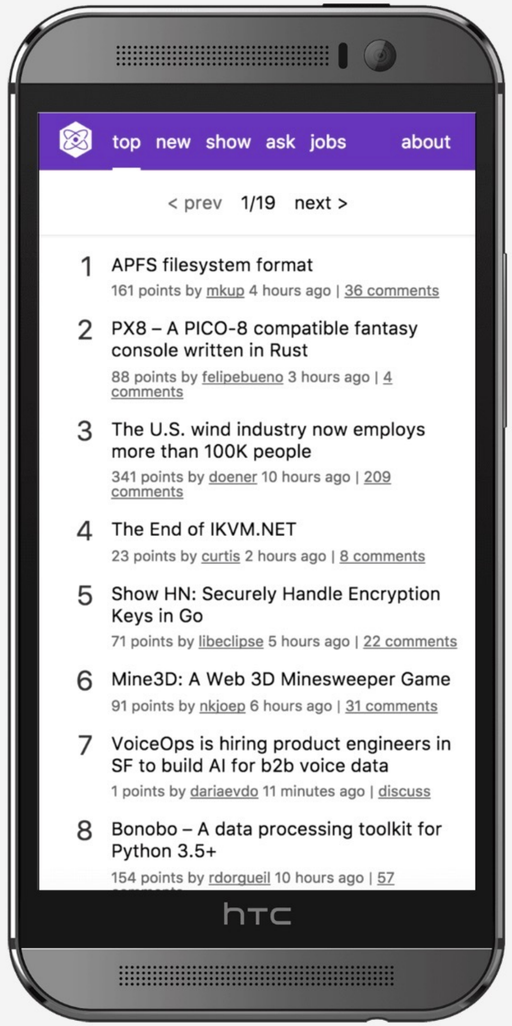
Server-side rendering: Yes

API: In-memory cached Hacker News Firebase API

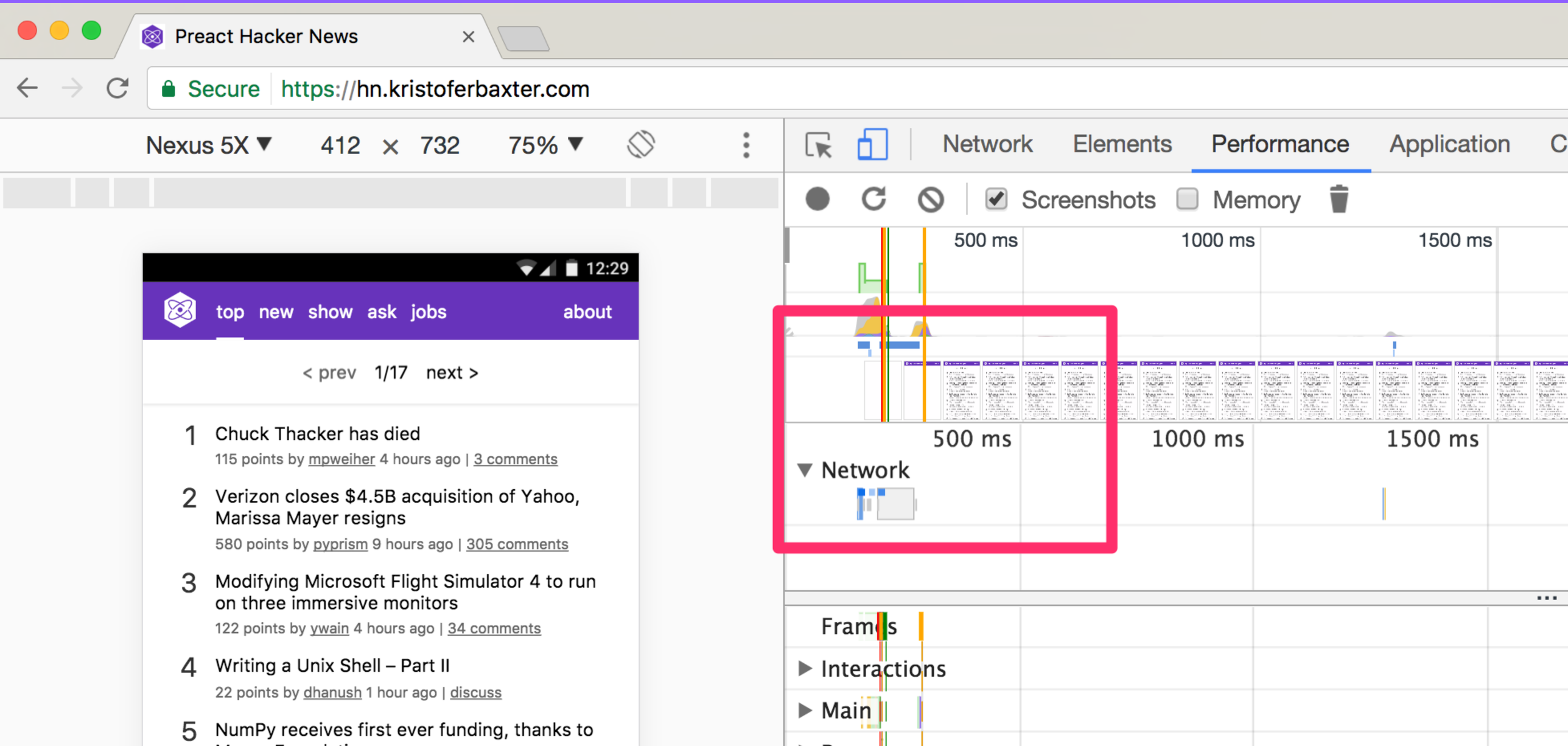
Hosting: Webfaction + Cloudflare

Author:

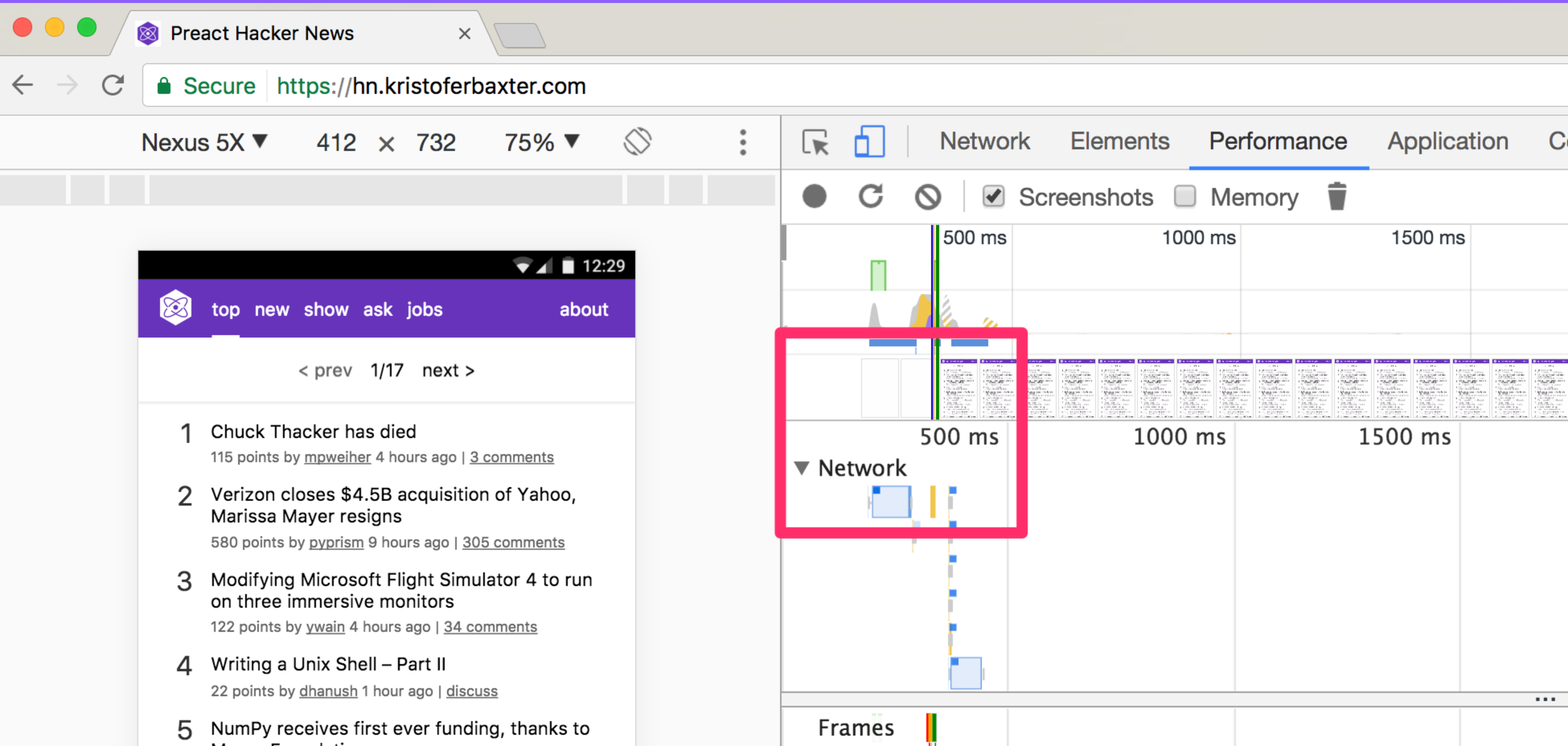
VIEW APP SOURCE CODE



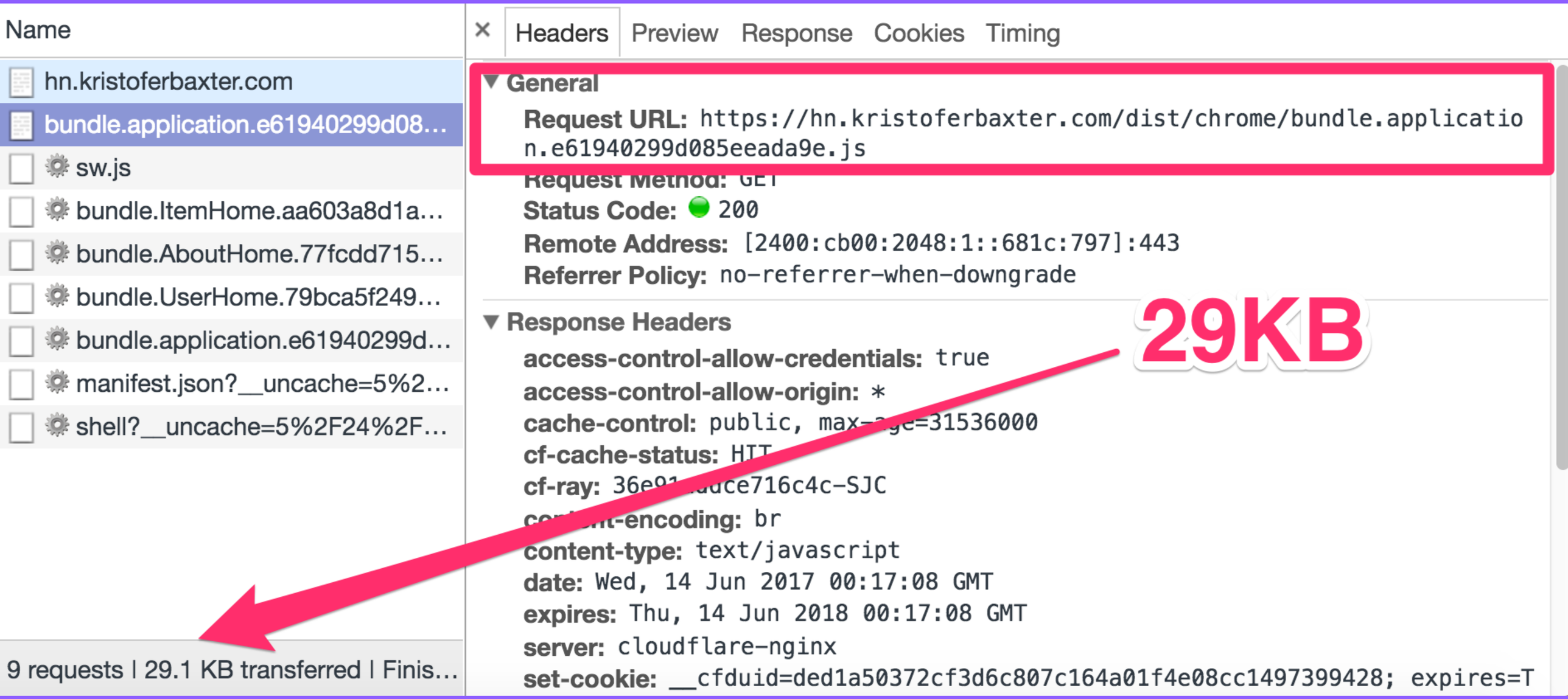
With Service Workers



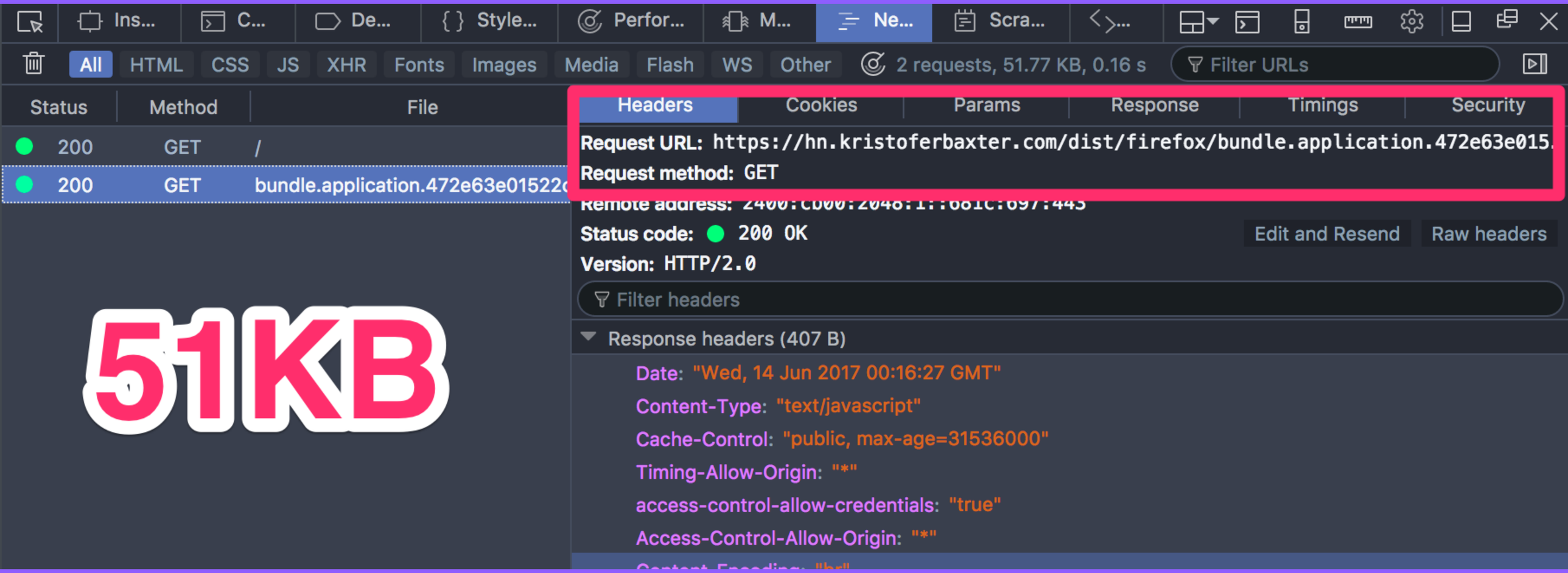
With HTTP/2 Server Push

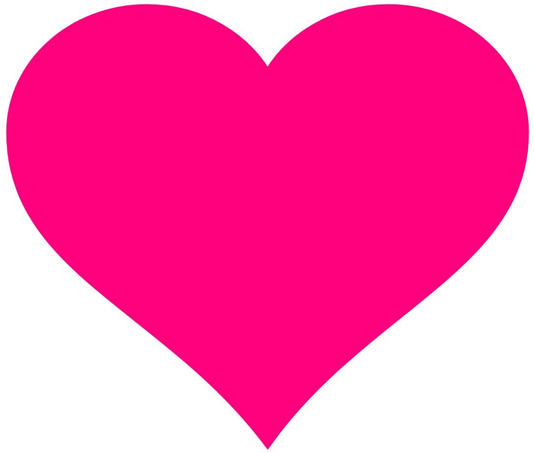


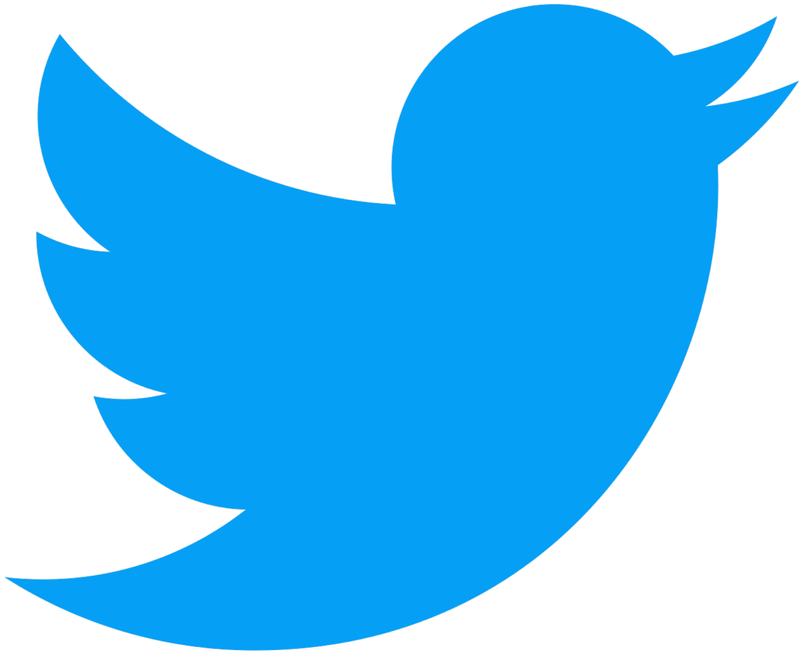
babel-preset-env + per-browser bundles



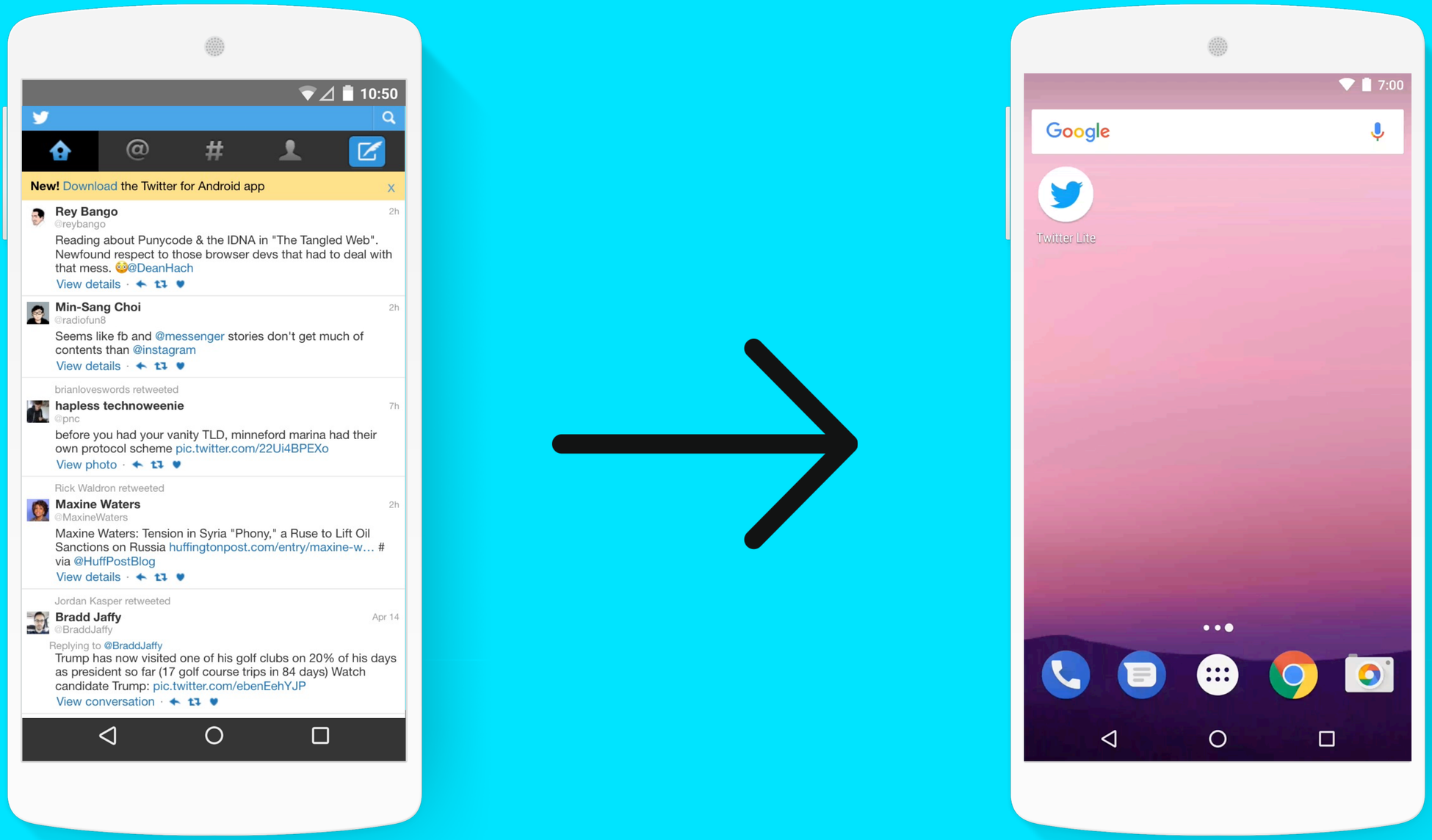
babel-preset-env + per-browser bundles







Twitter Lite


10:50
New! Download the Twitter for Android app
Rey Bango
@reybango
2h
Reading about Punycode & the IDNA in "The Tangled Web". Newfound respect to those browser devs that had to deal with that mess. @DeanHach
View details
Min-Sang Choi
@radiofun8
2h
Seems like fb and @messenger stories don't get much of contents than @instagram
View details
brianloveswords retweeted
hapless technoweenie
@pnc
7h
before you had your vanity TLD, minneford marina had their own protocol scheme pic.twitter.com/22Ui4BPEXo
View photo
Rick Waldron retweeted
Maxine Waters
@MaxineWaters
2h
Maxine Waters: Tension in Syria "Phony," a Ruse to Lift Oil Sanctions on Russia huffingtonpost.com/entry/maxine-w… # via @HuffPostBlog
View details
Jordan Kasper retweeted
Bradd Jaffy
@BraddJaffy
Apr 14
Replying to @BraddJaffy
Trump has now visited one of his golf clubs on 20% of his days as president so far (17 golf course trips in 84 days) Watch candidate Trump: pic.twitter.com/ebenEehYJP
View conversation
7:00
Google
Twitter Lite

https://mobile.twitter.com/necolas

0.0

Interactive in <5s on 3G

Page load performance is fast

Users notice if sites and apps don't perform well. These top-level metrics capture

97 First meaningful paint: **1543.0ms** (target: 1,600ms)

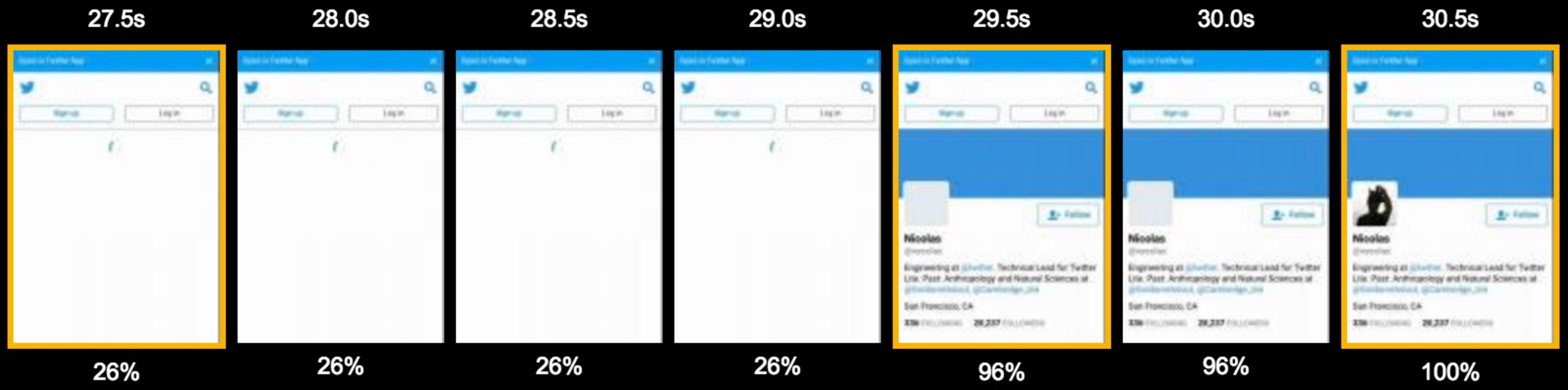
88 Perceptual Speed Index: **2399** (target: 1,250)

First Visual Change: **233ms**

Last Visual Change: **3739ms**

100 Estimated Input Latency: **16.2ms** (target: 50ms)

71 Time To Interactive (alpha): **3647ms** (target: 5,000ms)



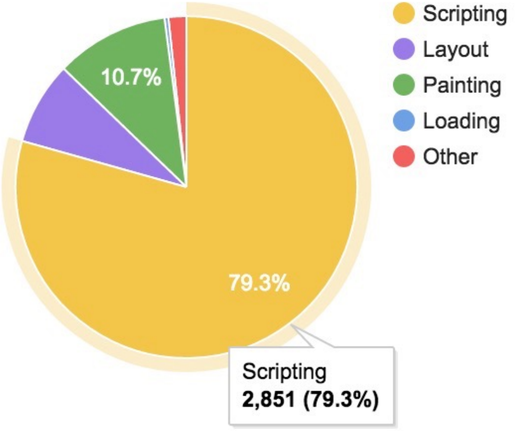
Page load performance is fast

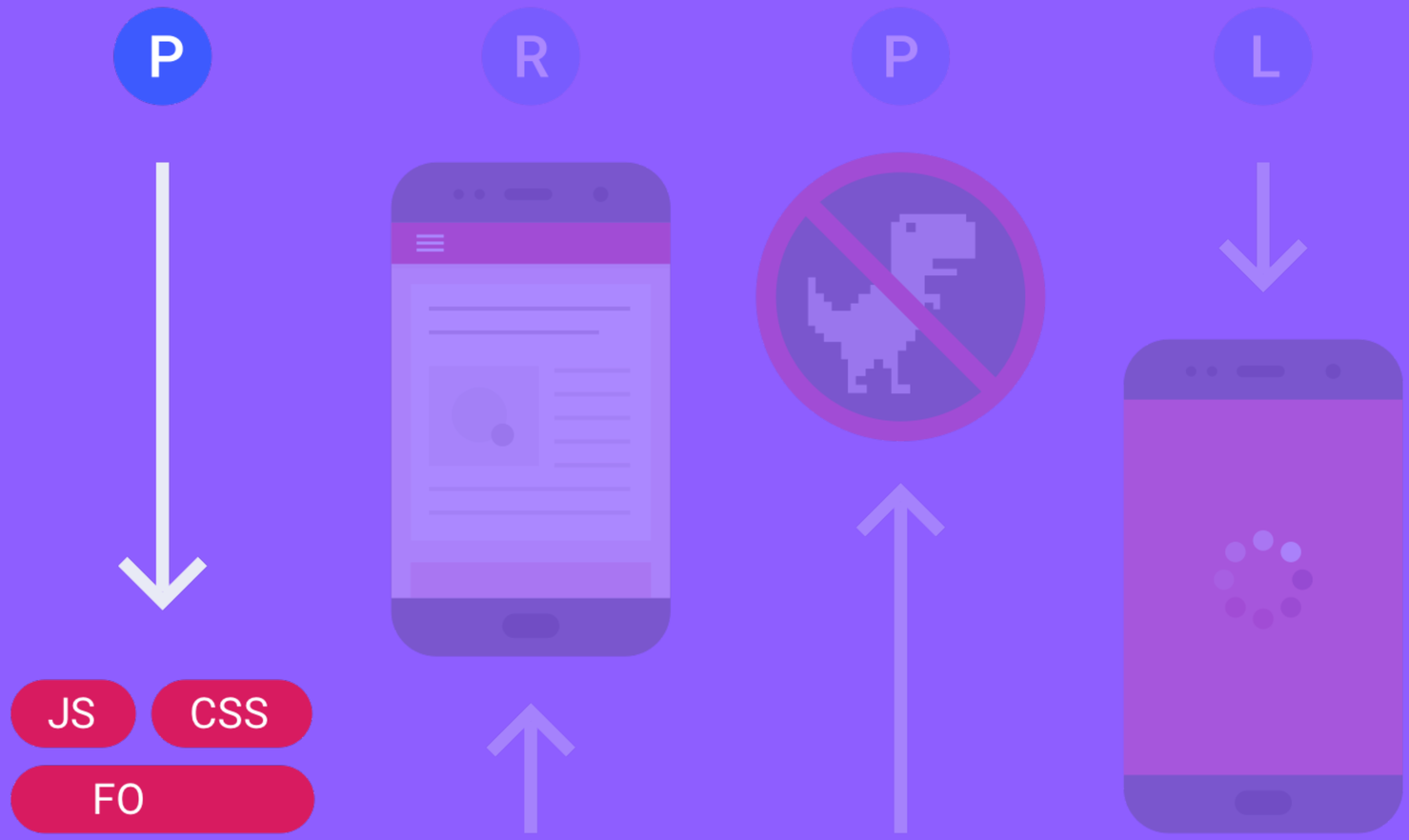
Users notice if sites and apps don't perform well. These top-level metrics capture the most important perceived performance concerns

- 4 First meaningful paint: **9965.1ms** (target: 1,600ms)
- 16 Perceptual Speed Index: **11101** (target: 1,250)
  - First Visual Change: **5189ms**
  - Last Visual Change: **15573ms**
- 1 Estimated Input Latency: **278.7ms** (target: 50ms)
- 3 Time To Interactive (alpha): **14764.7ms** (target: 5,000ms)

Can we get fast across the boar 3G?

Processing Categories



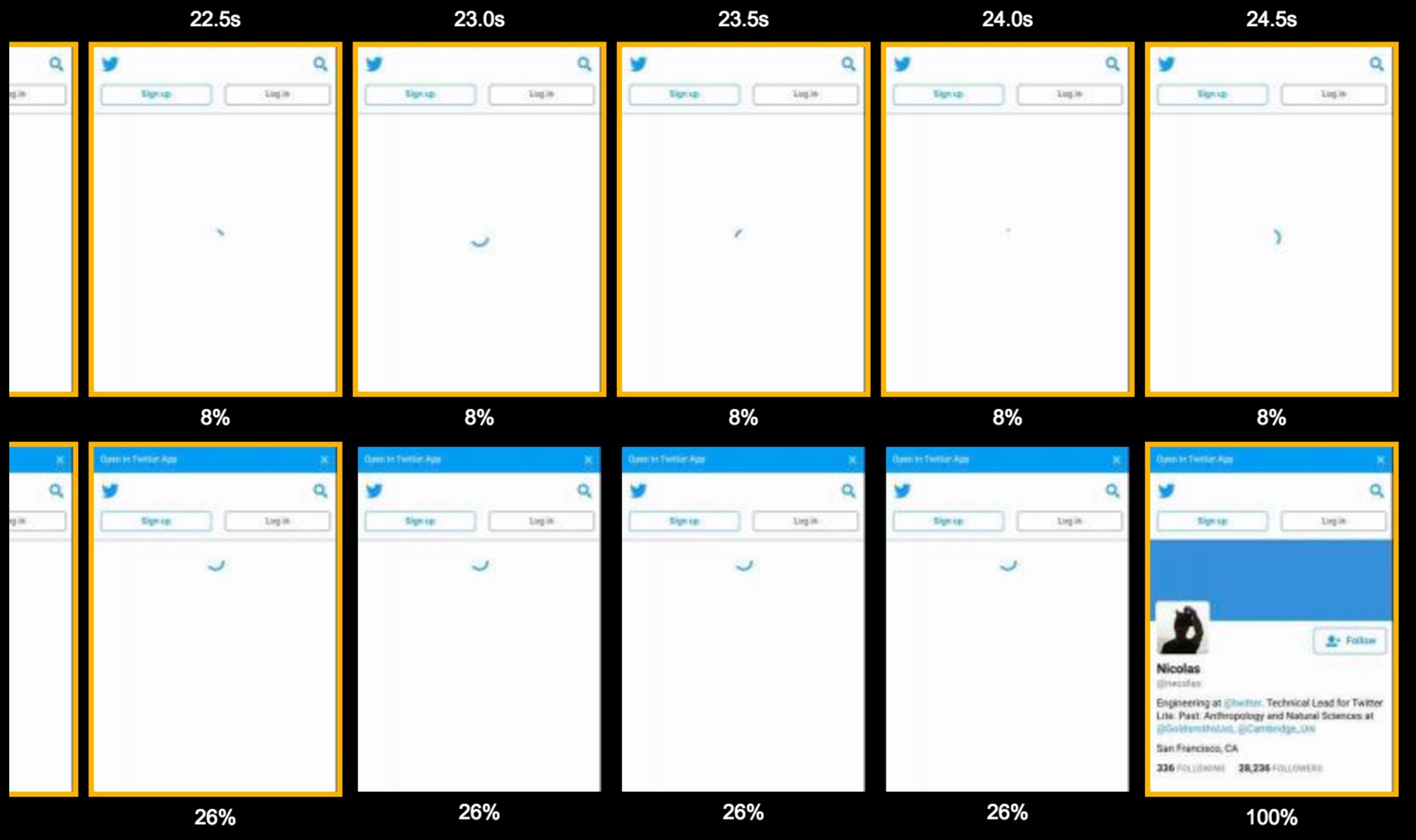


Push / Preload

```
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width,initial-scale=1,maximum-scale=1,user-scalable=0">
▶<noscript>…</noscript>
<link rel="dns-prefetch" href="//ma-0.twimg.com">
<link rel="dns-prefetch" href="//api.twitter.com">
<link rel="dns-prefetch" href="//o.twimg.com">
<link rel="dns-prefetch" href="//pbs.twimg.com">
<link rel="dns-prefetch" href="//video.twimg.com">
<link rel="preload" as="script" crossorigin="anonymous" href="https://ma-0.twimg.com/twitter-assets/responsive-web/web/ltr/manifest.276ed8680c5220ce.js">
```

18% improvement

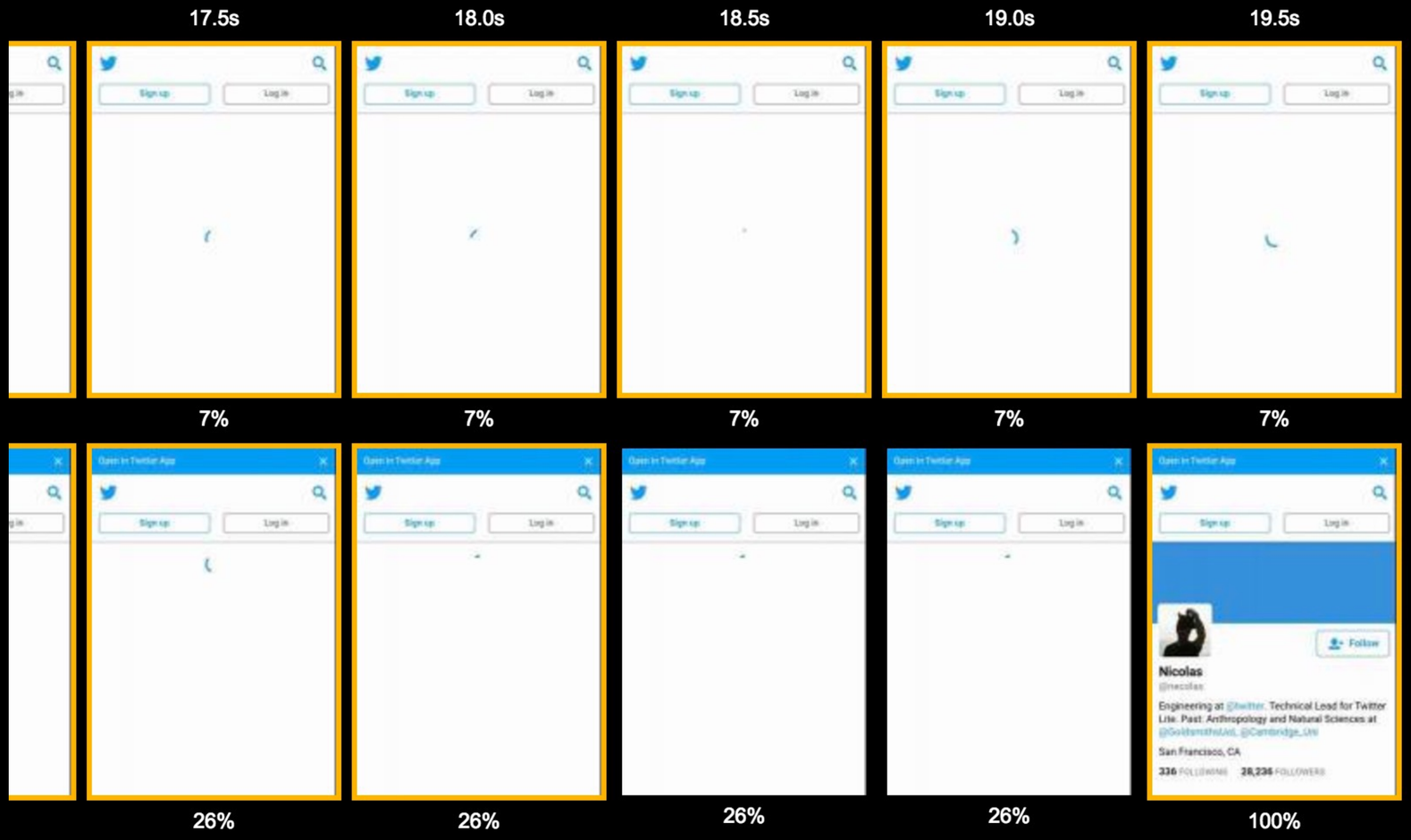
<link rel=dns-prefetch>

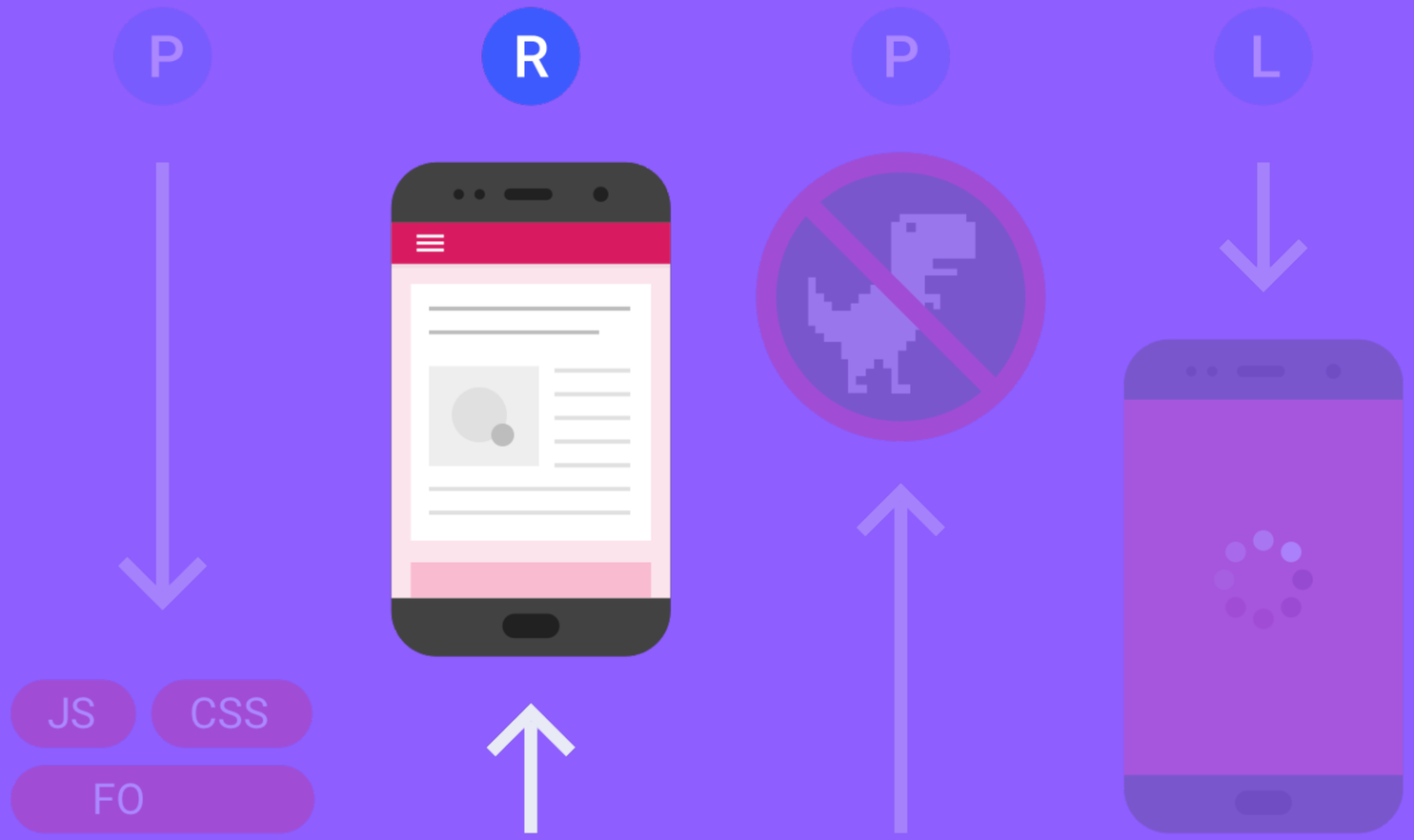


```
<link rel="dns-prefetch" href="//video.twimg.com">
<link rel="preload" as="script" crossorigin="anonymous" href="https://ma-0.twimg.com/twitter-assets/responsive-web/web/ltr/manifest.276ed8680c5220ce.js">
<link rel="preload" as="script" crossorigin="anonymous" href="https://ma-0.twimg.com/twitter-assets/responsive-web/web/ltr/vendor.01aa8c5c98c1f889.js">
<link rel="preload" as="script" crossorigin="anonymous" href="https://ma-0.twimg.com/twitter-assets/responsive-web/web/ltr/i18n/en.fe36e33b4bbfefc0.js">
<link rel="preload" as="script" crossorigin="anonymous" href="https://ma-0.twimg.com/twitter-assets/responsive-web/web/ltr/main.6b6582a4f8df8d8f.js">
<meta property="fb:app_id" content="2231777543">
```

36% improvement

<link rel=preload>

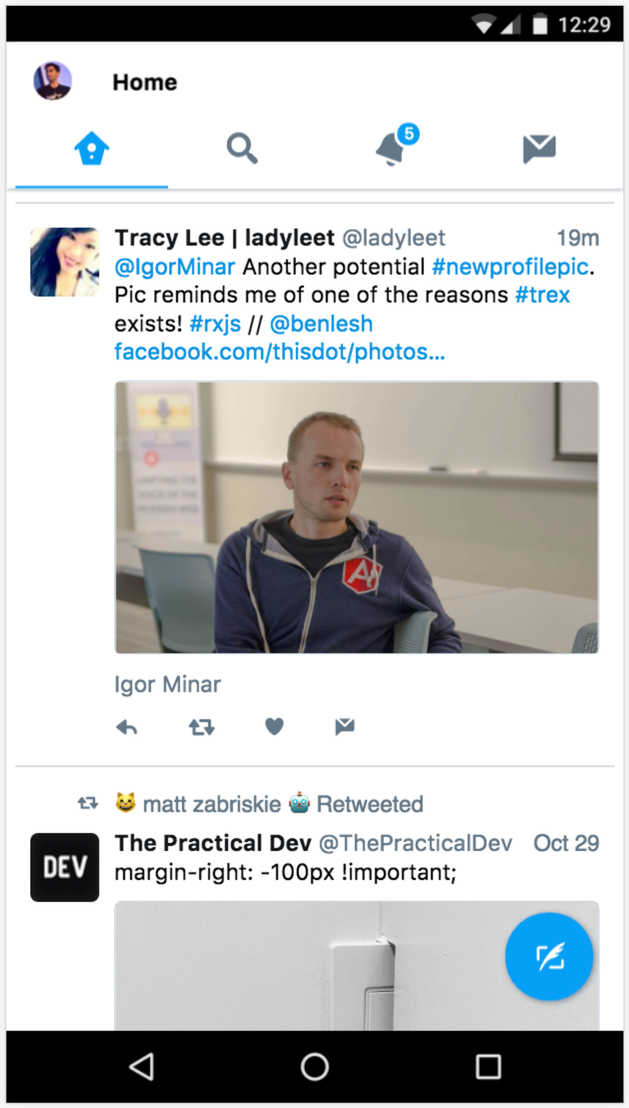




Render

HTML Streaming reduced TTFB by 30% (200ms), increasing time user's spent in the app.

Nicolas Gallagher, Technical lead for Twitter Lite



Nexus 5X ▼ 412 × 732 75% ▼

Elements Performance Network Application Console Sources Memory Security Audits

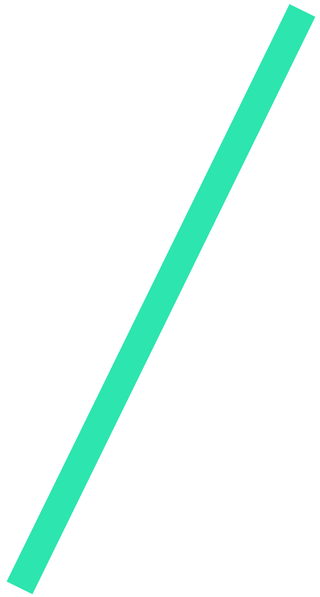
View: Preserve log Disable cache Offline No throttling

Filter Regex Hide data URLs All XHR JS CSS Img Media Font Doc WS Manifest Other

1000000 ms 2000000 ms 3000000 ms 4000000 ms 5000000 ms 6000000 ms 7000000 ms 8000000 ms

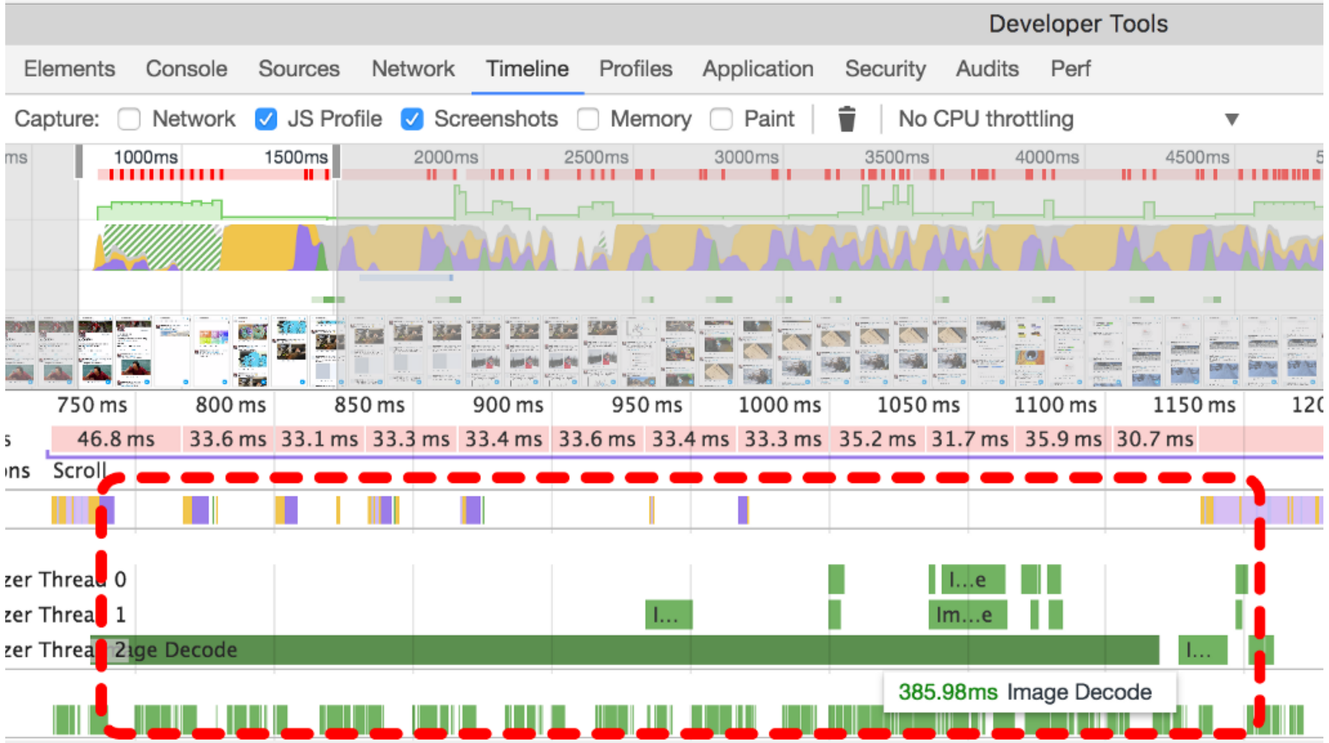
Name	Type	Size	Time	Priority
C9qFrS8UAAAvQqQ.jpg	jpeg	147 KB	46 ms	Low
Cv-mxS0WEAA9kAU.jpg	jpeg	124 KB	32 ms	Low
C9qGriYV0AEH-Qw.jpg	jpeg	113 KB	34 ms	Low
C9qFfpFUAAAq50h.jpg	jpeg	96.2 KB	19 ms	Low
C9npwAYWsAAiOcy.jpg	jpeg	88.1 KB	20 ms	Low
nyantocat_1__normal.gif	gif	35.2 KB	32 ms	Low
C9pvESTUAAE1Mc0.jpg	jpeg	32.7 KB	28 ms	Low
600x200	jpeg	29.6 KB	14 ms	Low
vauUFZMu?format=jpg&name=386x202	jpeg	21.4 KB	15 ms	Low
HkNSLgk4?format=jpg&name=386x202	jpeg	12.0 KB	18 ms	Low
mikeyyyy_normal.png	png	7.6 KB	19 ms	Low
Picture_24_normal.png	png	7.6 KB	13 ms	Low
me05_normal.jpg	jpeg	7.6 KB	389 ms	Low
horse-js_normal.png	png	7.6 KB	18 ms	Low
squirrelfish_bigger_normal.png	png	7.6 KB	39 ms	Low
player-placeholder.png	png	7.2 KB	22 ms	Low
IT16ds_A_normal.png	png	6.5 KB	17 ms	Low
HbdmXJ1X_normal.png	png	6.0 KB	14 ms	Low

128 / 282 requests | 863 KB / 990 KB transferred | Finish: 1.1 min | DOMContentLoaded: 251 ms | Load: 422 ms



4x improvement to render perf by using requestIdleCallback() to defer JS loading of images.

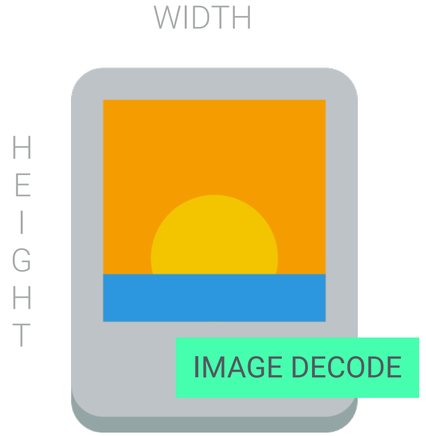
Nicolas Gallagher, Technical lead for Twitter Lite


Developer Tools
Elements Console Sources Network Timeline Profiles Application Security Audits Perf
Capture: Network JS Profile Screenshots Memory Paint No CPU throttling
1000ms 1500ms 2000ms 2500ms 3000ms 3500ms 4000ms 4500ms
750 ms 800 ms 850 ms 900 ms 950 ms 1000 ms 1050 ms 1100 ms 1150 ms
46.8 ms 33.6 ms 33.1 ms 33.3 ms 33.4 ms 33.6 ms 33.4 ms 33.3 ms 35.2 ms 31.7 ms 35.9 ms 30.7 ms
Scroll
385.98ms Image Decode
385.98ms to decode a single image!
Heavy image decode
Bottom-Up Call Tree Event Log

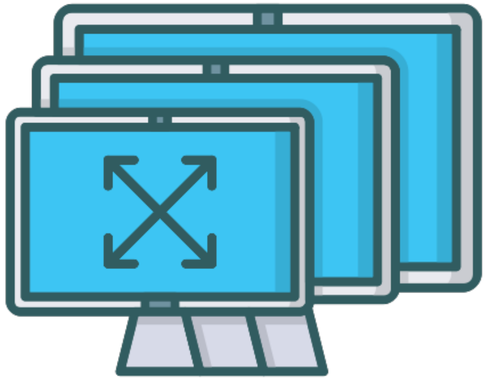

Developer Tools
Perf
3500ms 4000ms 4500ms 5000ms 5500ms 6000ms
1250 ms 1300 ms 1350 ms 1400 ms
303.6 ms
19.09ms Image Decode (pbs-h2.twimg.com/media/C6MZdU3UwAAcBh
Largest image
19.09ms to decode!
Lower image decode

High-perf Images

Choose the right format



Size appropriately

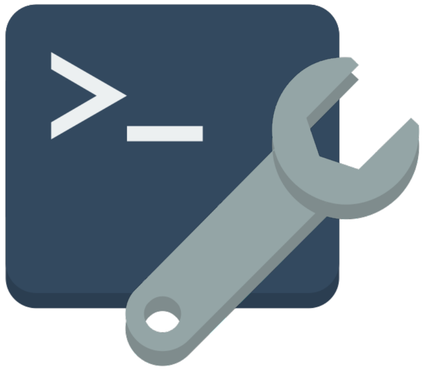


Adapt intelligently

Compress carefully

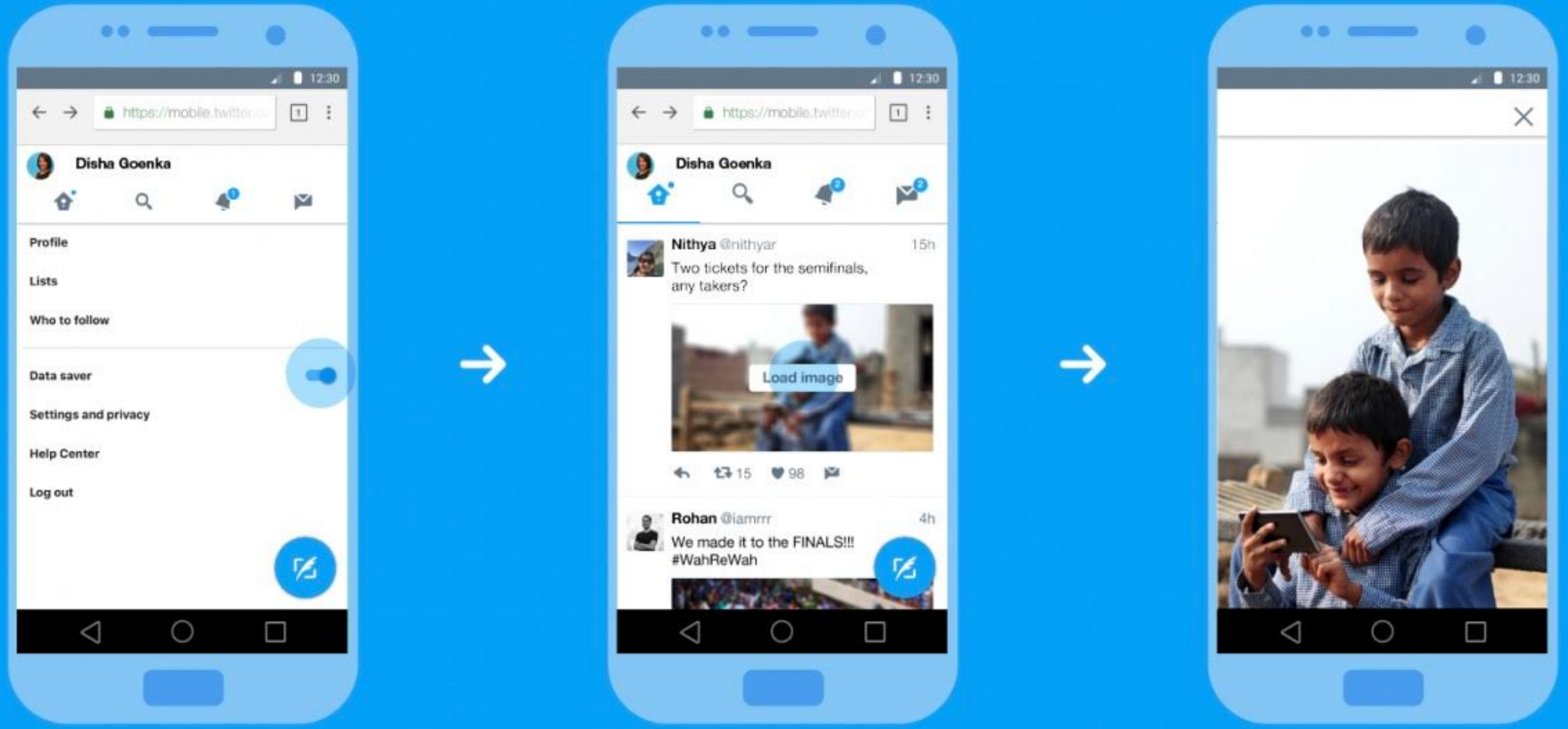
Prioritize critical images

Lazy-load the rest

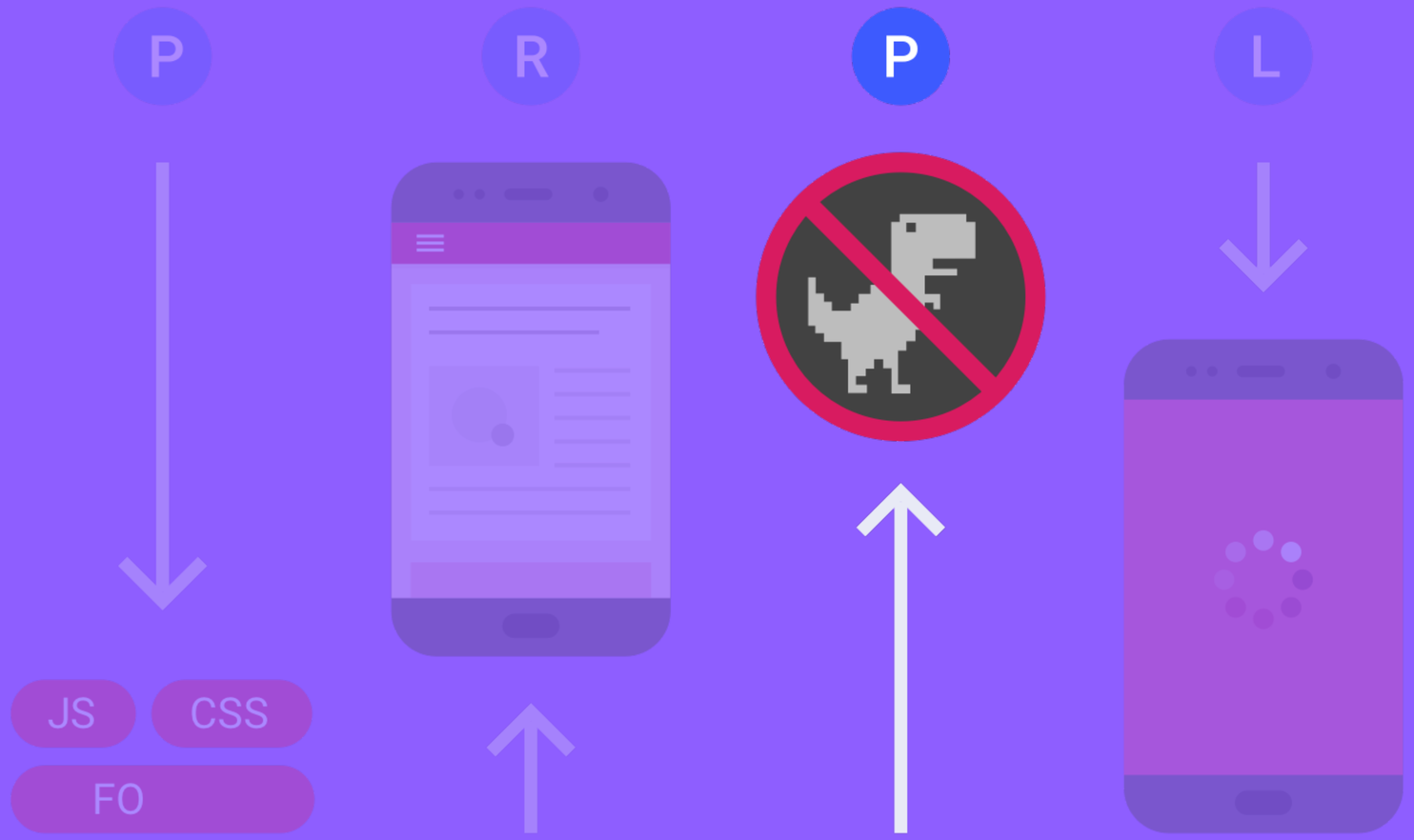


Take care with tools

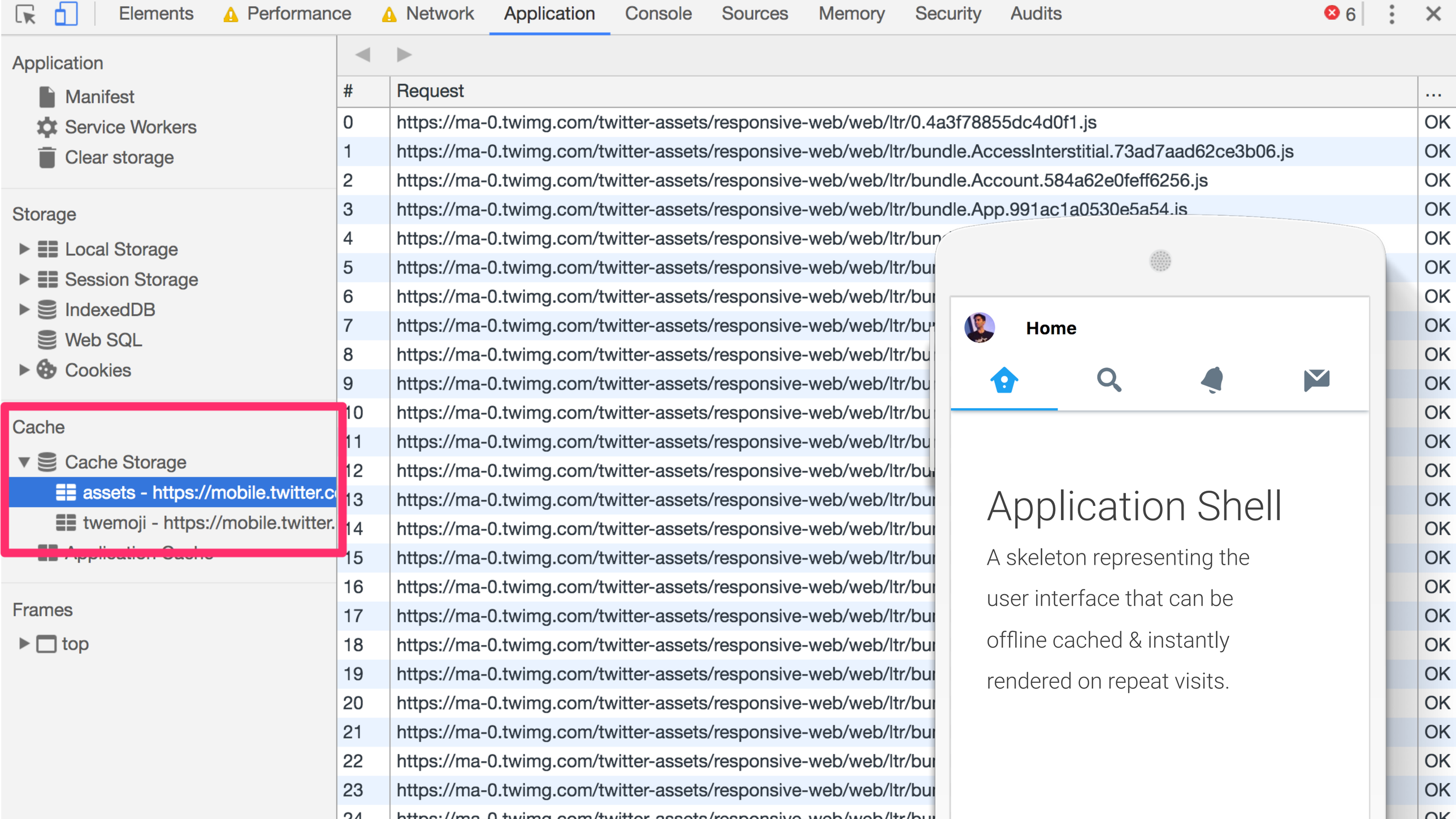
Data Saver Mode introduced up to 70% savings

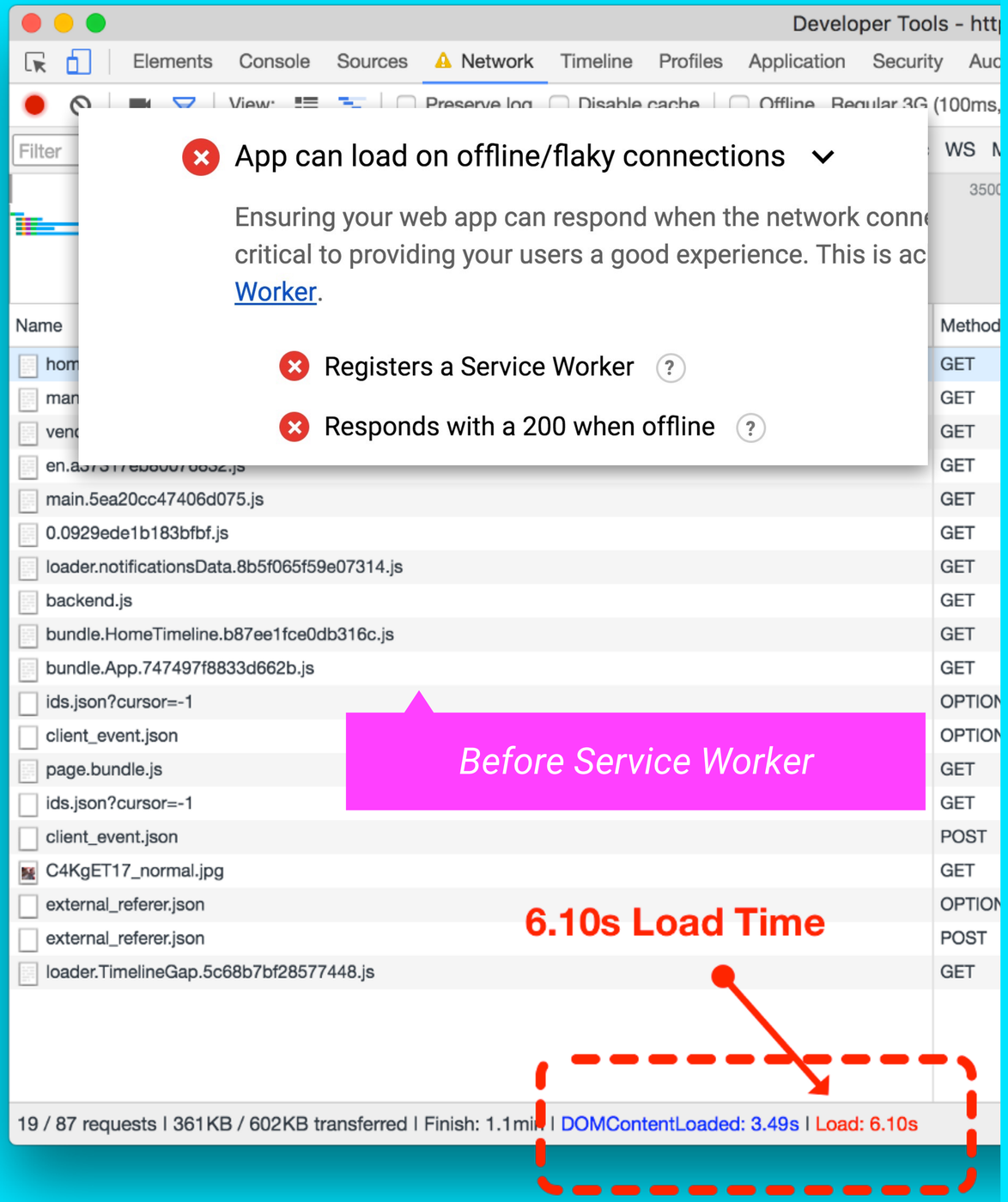


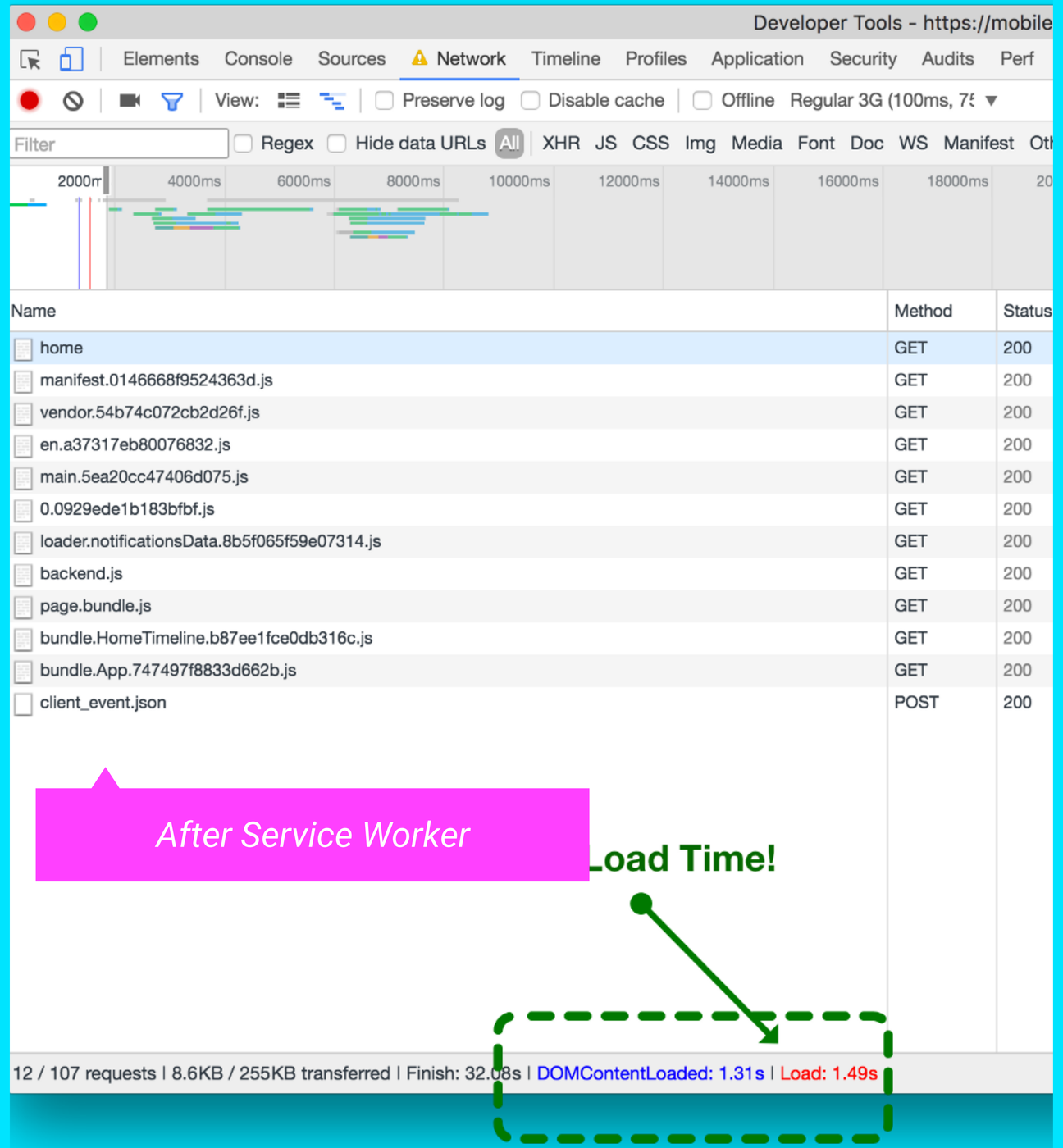
Next up: Save-Data client hint

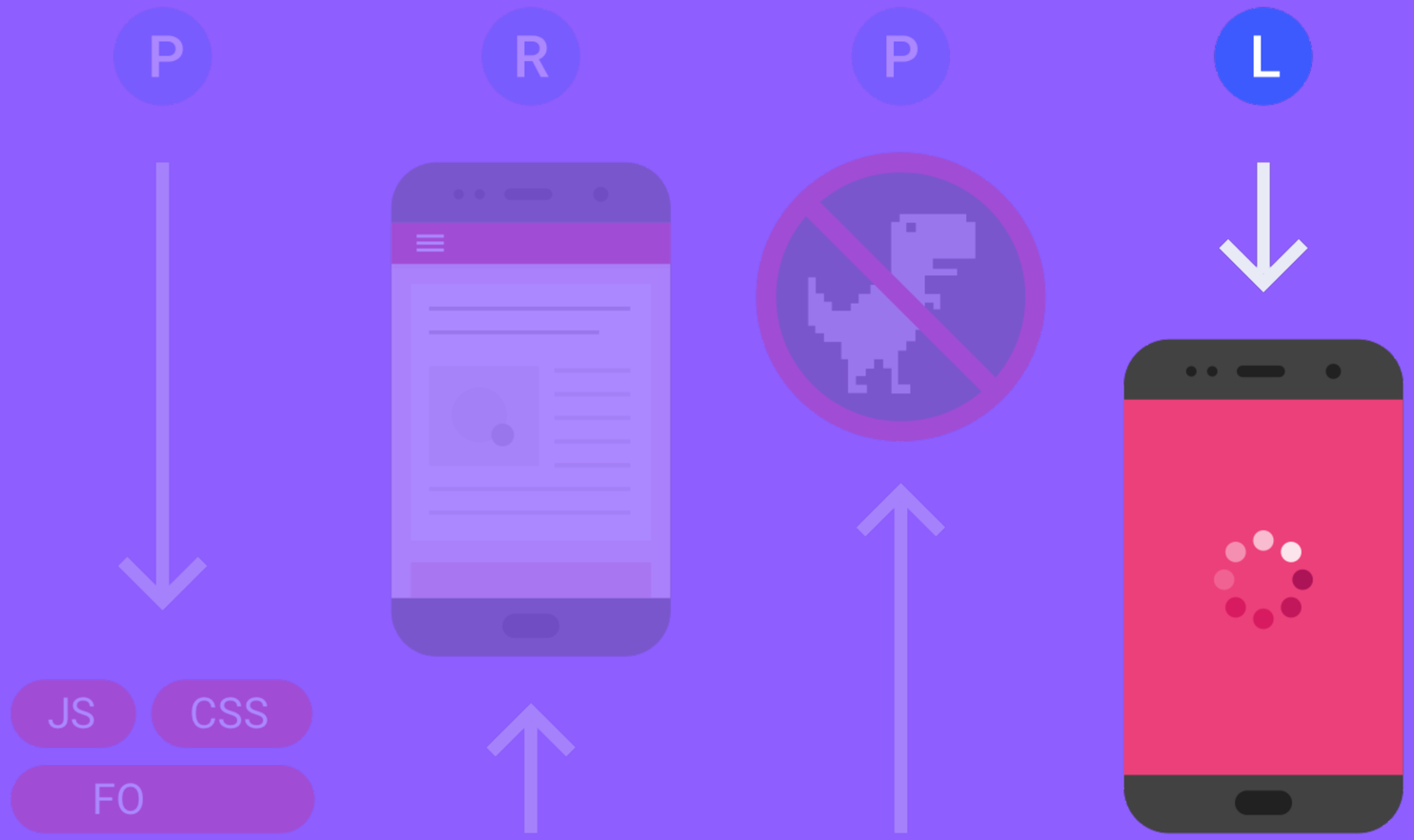


Precache


Elements
Performance
Network
Application
Console
Sources
Memory
Security
Audits
6
Application
Manifest
Service Workers
Clear storage
Storage
Local Storage
Session Storage
IndexedDB
Web SQL
Cookies
Cache
Cache Storage
assets - https://mobile.twitter.c
twemoji - https://mobile.twitter.
Frames
top
Request
0 https://ma-0.twimg.com/twitter-assets/responsive-web/web/ltr/0.4a3f78855dc4d0f1.js OK
1 https://ma-0.twimg.com/twitter-assets/responsive-web/web/ltr/bundle.AccessInterstitial.73ad7aad62ce3b06.js OK
2 https://ma-0.twimg.com/twitter-assets/responsive-web/web/ltr/bundle.Account.584a62e0feff6256.js OK
3 https://ma-0.twimg.com/twitter-assets/responsive-web/web/ltr/bundle.App.991ac1a0530e5a54.js OK
Home
Application Shell
A skeleton representing the user interface that can be offline cached & instantly rendered on repeat visits.


Developer Tools - htt
Elements
Console
Sources
Network
Timeline
Profiles
Application
Security
Aud
App can load on offline/flaky connections
Ensuring your web app can respond when the network conne
critical to providing your users a good experience. This is ac
Worker.
Registers a Service Worker
Responds with a 200 when offline
Name
Method
GET
main.5ea20cc47406d075.js
0.0929ede1b183bfbf.js
loader.notificationsData.8b5f065f59e07314.js
backend.js
bundle.HomeTimeline.b87ee1fce0db316c.js
bundle.App.747497f8833d662b.js
ids.json?cursor=-1
client_event.json
page.bundle.js
C4KgET17_normal.jpg
external_referer.json
loader.TimelineGap.5c68b7bf28577448.js
Before Service Worker
6.10s Load Time
19 / 87 requests | 361KB / 602KB transferred | Finish: 1.1min | DOMContentLoaded: 3.49s | Load: 6.10s


Developer Tools - https://mobile
Elements
Console
Sources
Network
Timeline
Profiles
Application
Security
Audits
Perf
Preserve log
Disable cache
Offline
Regular 3G (100ms, 7
Regex
Hide data URLs
All
XHR
JS
CSS
Img
Media
Font
Doc
WS
Manifest
2000ms
4000ms
6000ms
8000ms
10000ms
12000ms
14000ms
16000ms
18000ms
Name
Method
Status
home
GET
200
manifest.0146668f9524363d.js
vendor.54b74c072cb2d26f.js
en.a37317eb80076832.js
main.5ea20cc47406d075.js
0.0929ede1b183bfbf.js
loader.notificationsData.8b5f065f59e07314.js
backend.js
page.bundle.js
bundle.HomeTimeline.b87ee1fce0db316c.js
bundle.App.747497f8833d662b.js
client_event.json
POST
After Service Worker
Load Time!
12 / 107 requests | 8.6KB / 255KB transferred | Finish: 32.08s | DOMContentLoaded: 1.31s | Load: 1.49s

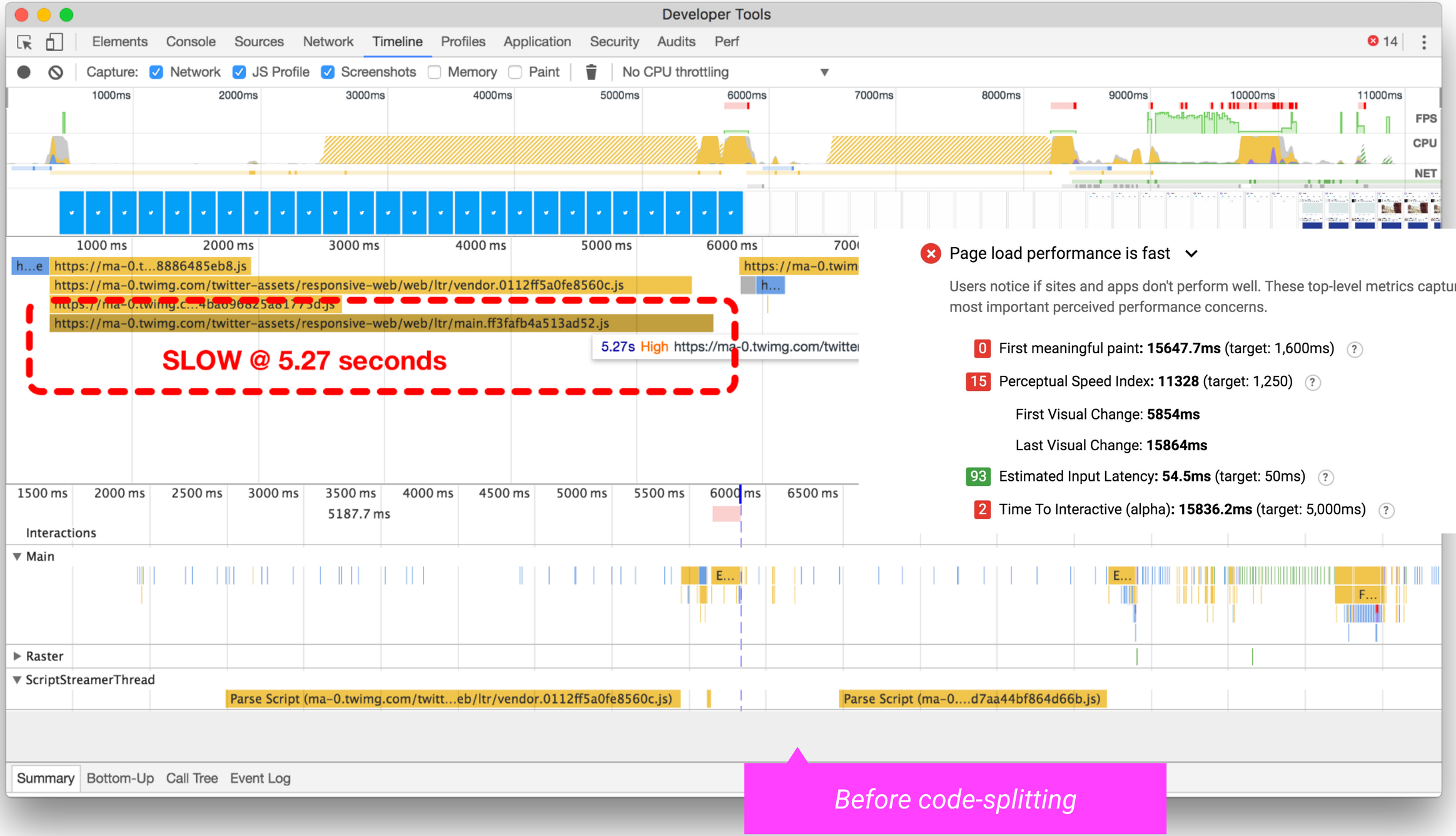


Lazy-load

Page load performance is fast

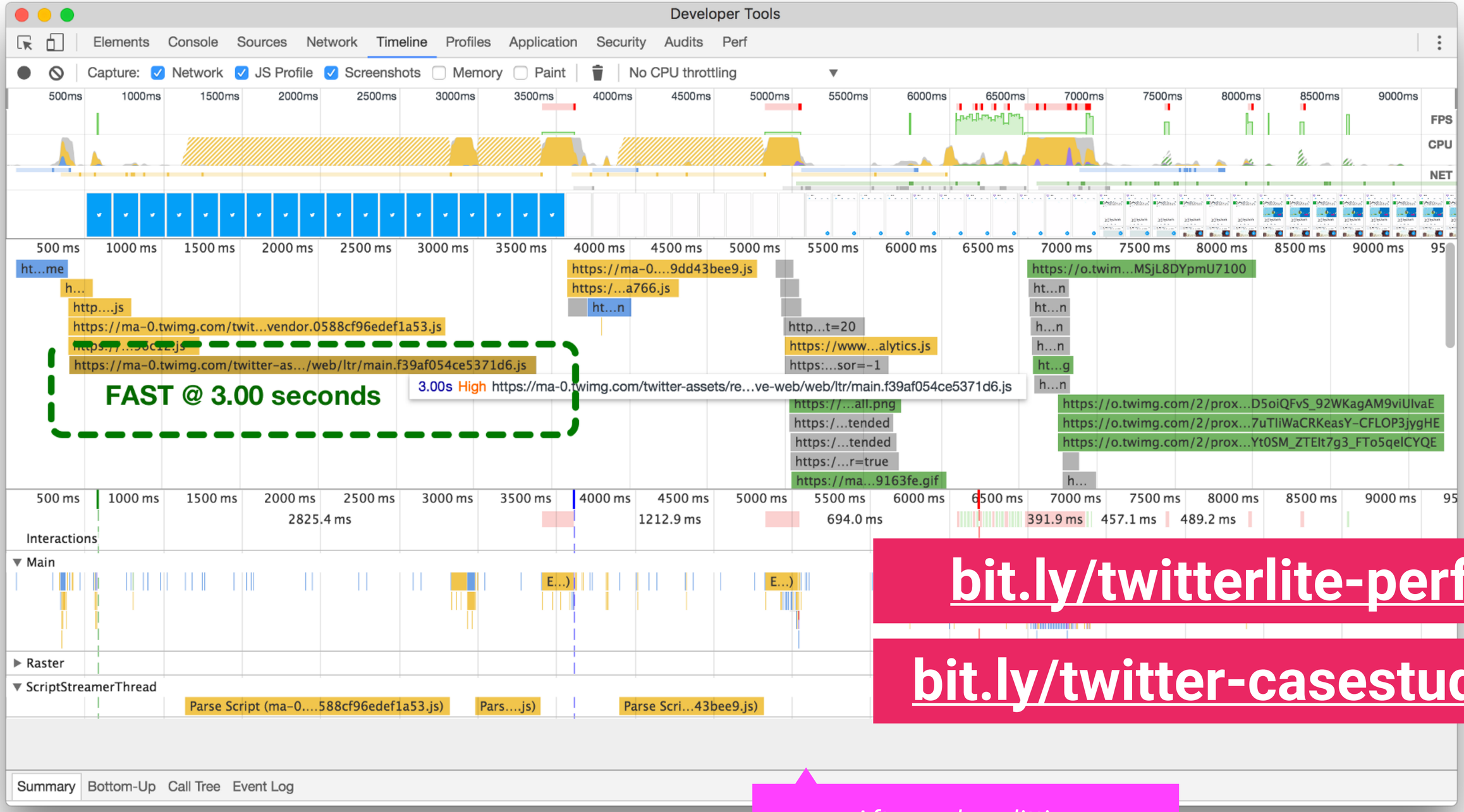
Users notice if sites and apps don't perform well. These top-level metrics capture the most important perceived performance concerns.

- 0 First meaningful paint: **15647.7ms** (target: 1,600ms)
- 15 Perceptual Speed Index: **11328** (target: 1,250)
  - First Visual Change: **5854ms**
  - Last Visual Change: **15864ms**
- 93 Estimated Input Latency: **54.5ms** (target: 50ms)
- 2 Time To Interactive (alpha): **15836.2ms** (target: 5,000ms)


Developer Tools
Elements
Console
Sources
Network
Timeline
Profiles
Application
Security
Audits
Perf
Capture:
Network
JS Profile
Screenshots
Memory
Paint
No CPU throttling
FPS
CPU
NET
https://ma-0.twimg.com/twitter-assets/responsive-web/web/ltr/vendor.0112ff5a0fe8560c.js
https://ma-0.twimg.com/twitter-assets/responsive-web/web/ltr/main.ff3fafb4a513ad52.js
SLOW @ 5.27 seconds
5.27s High
5187.7 ms
Interactions
Main
Raster
ScriptStreamerThread
Parse Script (ma-0.twimg.com/twitt...eb/ltr/vendor.0112ff5a0fe8560c.js)
Parse Script (ma-0....d7aa44bf864d66b.js)
Summary
Bottom-Up
Call Tree
Event Log
Page load performance is fast
Users notice if sites and apps don't perform well. These top-level metrics capture the most important perceived performance concerns.
First meaningful paint: 15647.7ms (target: 1,600ms)
Perceptual Speed Index: 11328 (target: 1,250)
First Visual Change: 5854ms
Last Visual Change: 15864ms
Estimated Input Latency: 54.5ms (target: 50ms)
Time To Interactive (alpha): 15836.2ms (target: 5,000ms)
Before code-splitting

webpack-web.config.js

```
const plugins = [
  // extract vendor and webpack's module manifest
  new webpack.optimize.CommonsChunkPlugin({
    names: [ 'vendor', 'manifest' ],
    minChunks: Infinity
  }),
  // extract common modules from all the chunks (requires no
'name' property)
  new webpack.optimize.CommonsChunkPlugin({
    async: true,
    children: true,
    minChunks: 4
  })
];
```


Developer Tools
Elements
Console
Sources
Network
Timeline
Profiles
Application
Security
Audits
Perf
Capture:
Network
JS Profile
Screenshots
Memory
Paint
No CPU throttling
FPS
CPU
NET
FAST @ 3.00 seconds
3.00s High https://ma-0.twimg.com/twitter-assets/re...ve-web/web/ltr/main.f39af054ce5371d6.js
https://ma-0.twimg.com/twitter-as.../web/ltr/main.f39af054ce5371d6.js
https://ma-0.twimg.com/twit...vendor.0588cf96edef1a53.js
Interactions
Main
Raster
ScriptStreamerThread
Parse Script (ma-0....588cf96edef1a53.js)
Summary
Bottom-Up
Call Tree
Event Log
bit.ly/twitterlite-perf
bit.ly/twitter-casestudy
After code-splitting

ARIAL

HELVETICA

GEORGIA

TIMES NEW ROMAN

GOTHAM BOLD

FIRA MONO

ROBOTO MONO

OCTOBER STORM

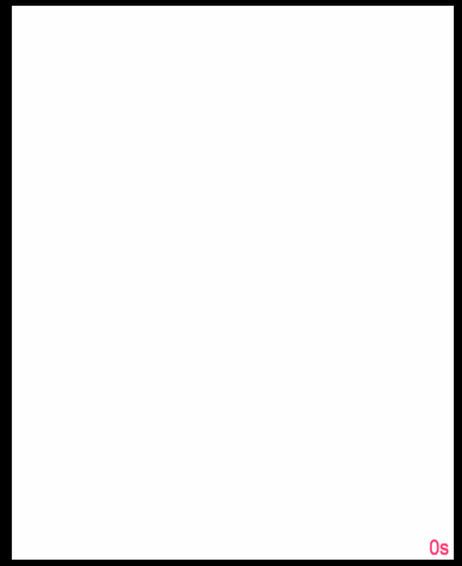
MONTSERRAT

ARCADE CLASSIC

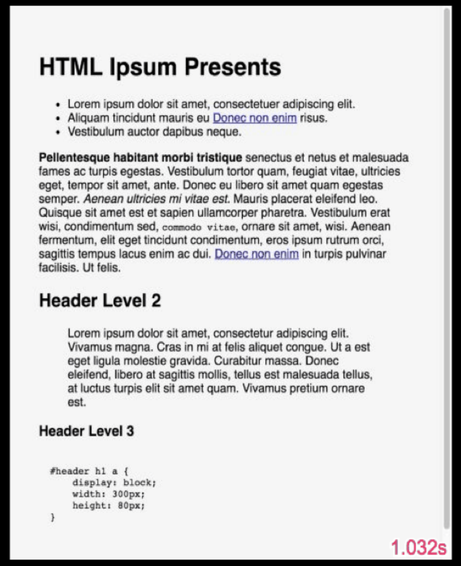
Have a Web Font Loading Strategy

FOUT

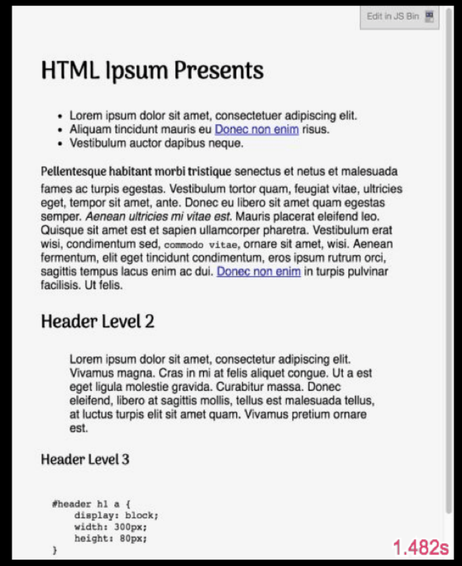
FLASH OF UNSTYLED TEXT



REQUEST CONTENT



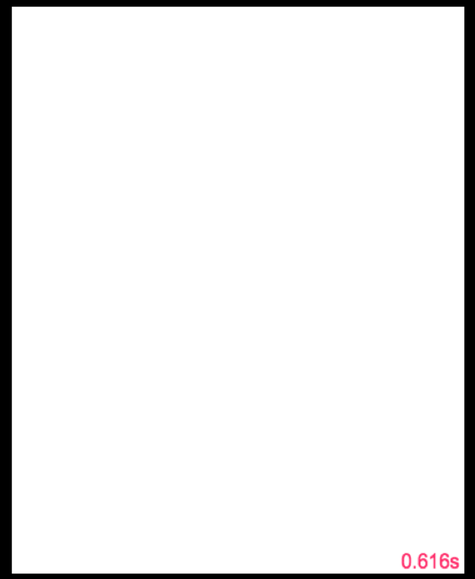
CONTENT LOADS



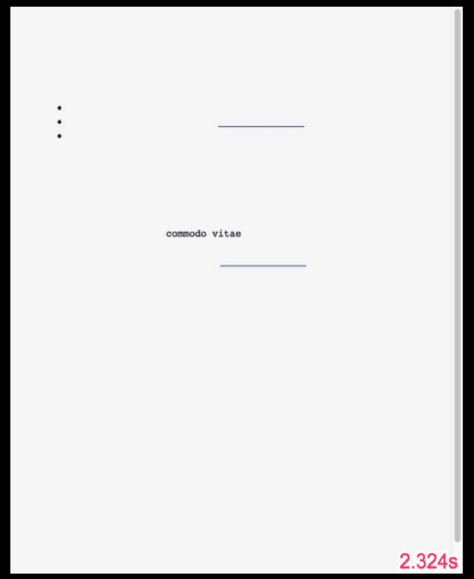
WEB FONT LOADS

FOIT

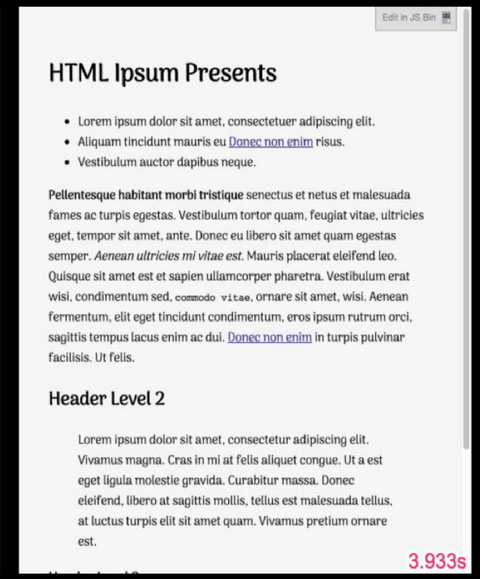
FLASH OF INVISIBLE TEXT



REQUEST CONTENT



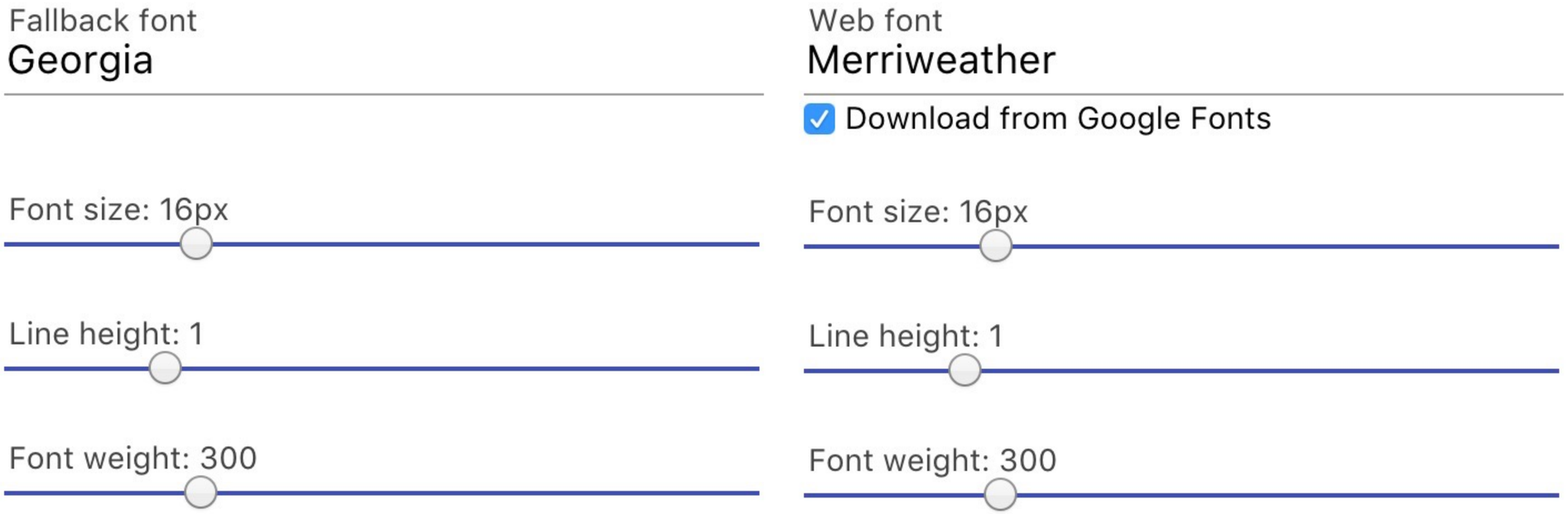
CONTENT LOADS



WEB FONT LOADS

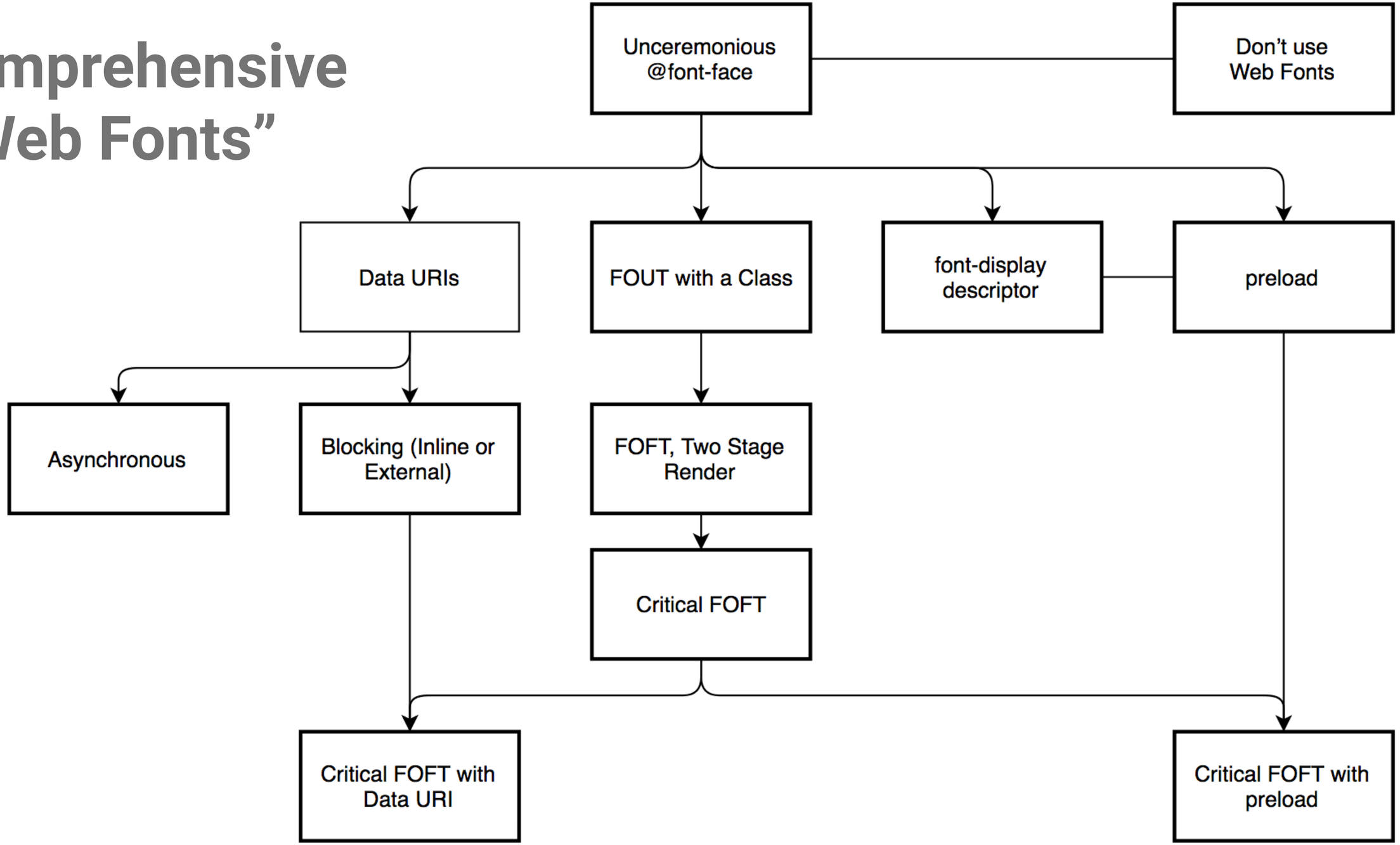
Font style matcher

If you're using a web font, you're bound to see a flash of unstyled text (or FOUC), between the initial render of your websafe font and the webfont that you've chosen. This usually results in a jarring shift in layout, due to sizing discrepancies between the two fonts. To minimize this discrepancy, you can try to match the fallback font and the intended webfont's x-heights and widths [1]. This tool helps you do ***exactly*** that.



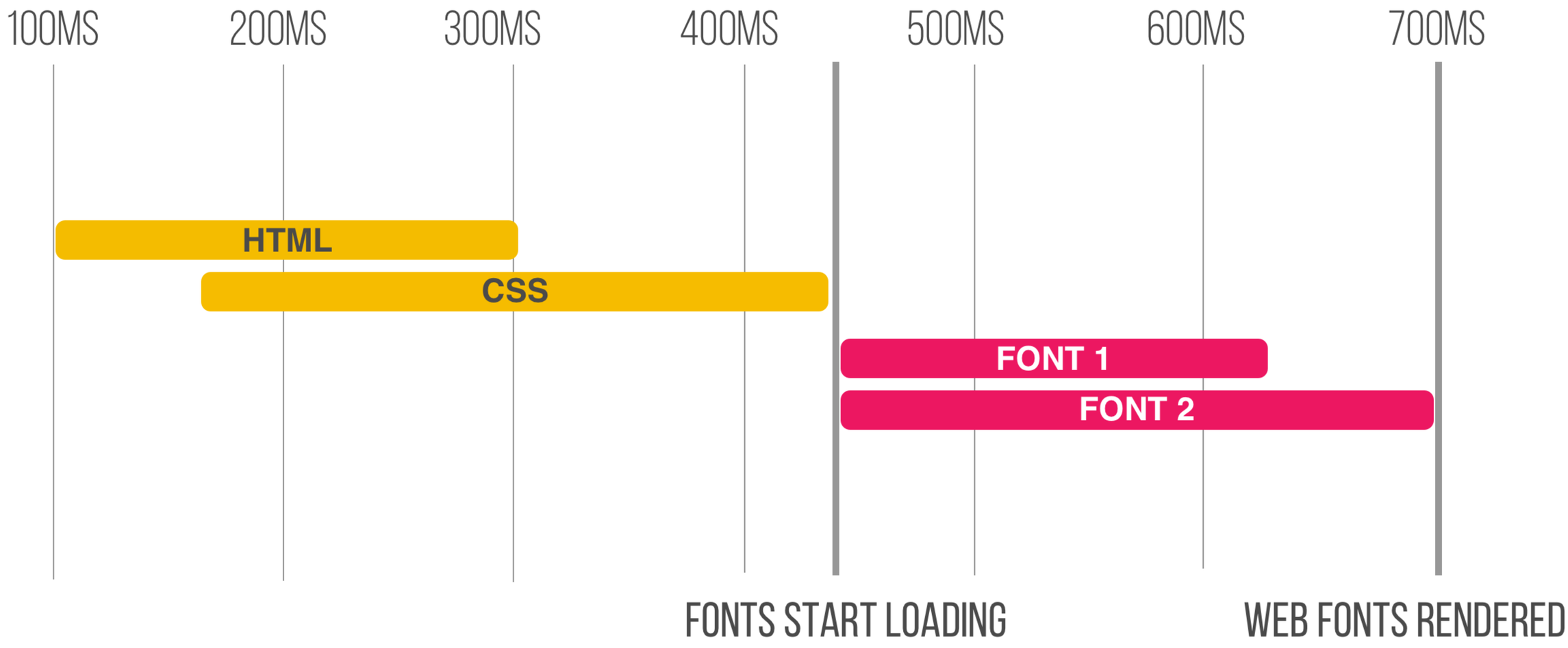
https://meowni.ca/font-style-matcher/

“Comprehensive Web Fonts”

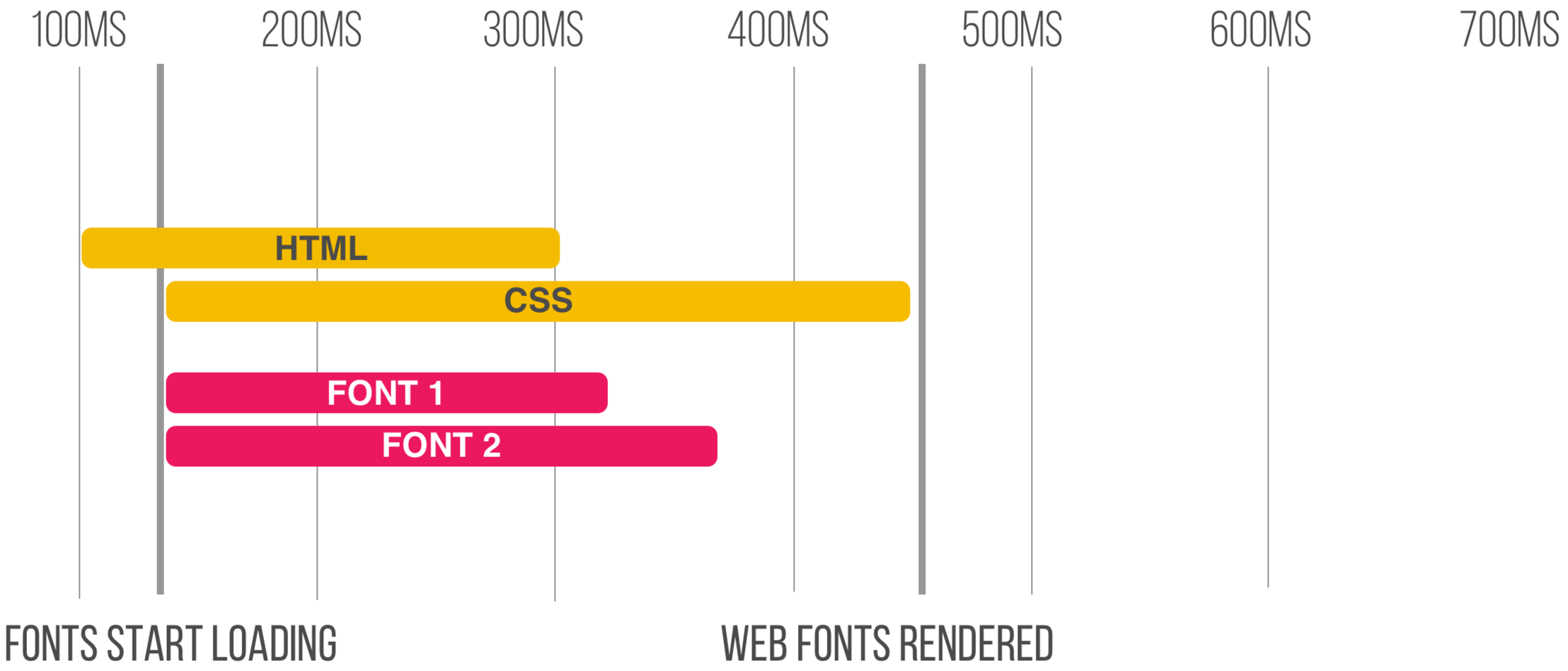


https://www.zachleat.com/web/comprehensive-webfonts/

Without Preload



With Preload



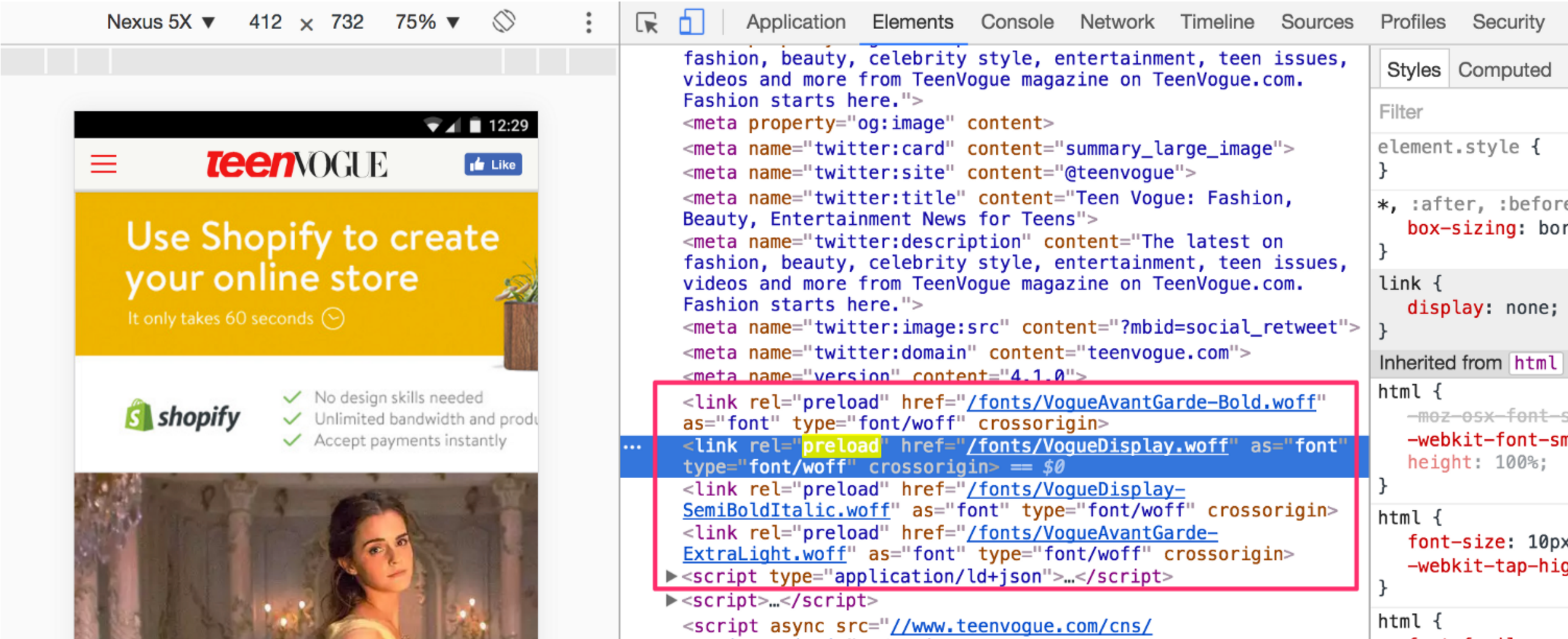
With Preload

```
<link rel="preload" as="font" href="font.woff"
type="font/woff">
```

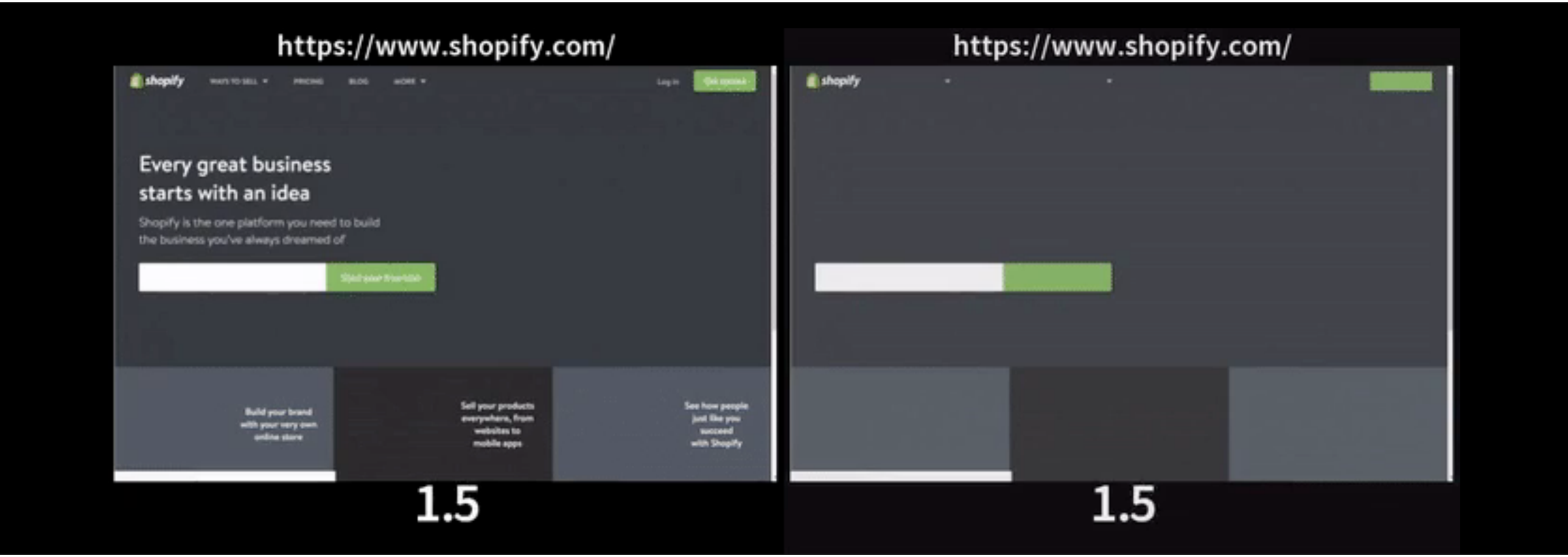
```
Link: <font.woff>; rel=preload; as=font;
type='font/woff'
```

Heaviest use of rel=preload is for Web Fonts

HTTPArchive



Preloading Web Fonts = 50% (1.2s) improvement in time-to-text-paint



shopify

Control font performance with font-display

auto: uses whatever font display strategy the user-agent uses

block: draws "invisible" text at first if the font is not loaded, but swaps the font face in as soon as it loads

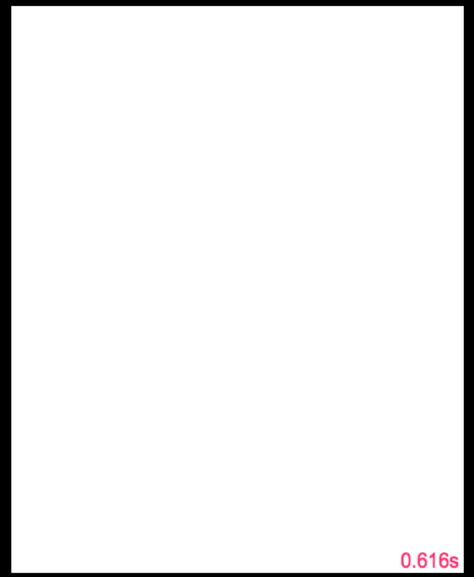
swap: draws text immediately with a fallback if the font face isn’t loaded, but swaps the font face in as soon as it loads

fallback: font face is rendered with a fallback at first if it’s not loaded, but the font is swapped as soon as it loads

optional: if the font face can’t be loaded quickly, just use the fallback

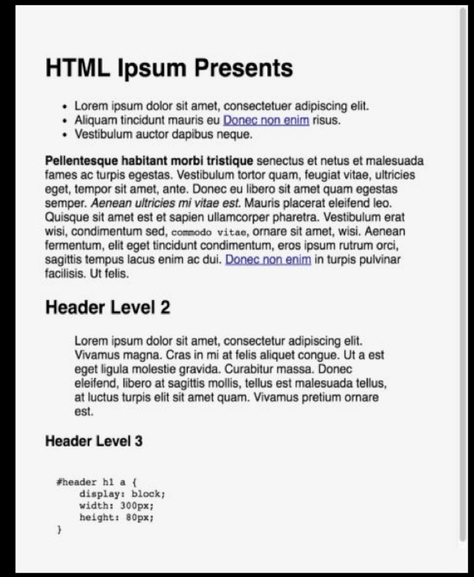
font-display:
optional

Fonts not in the cache



REQUEST CONTENT

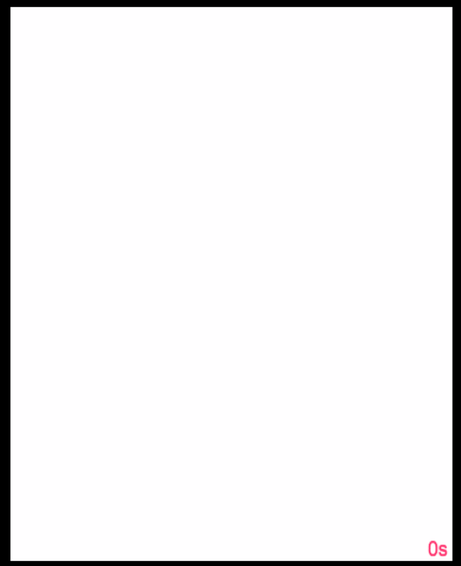
CONTENT LOADS



WEB FONT LOADS

font-display:
optional

Fonts in the cache



REQUEST CONTENT

CONTENT LOADS

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z
À	Á	Â	Ã	Ä	Ā	Ă	Å	Ǻ	Ą	Æ	Ǽ	Ć	Ĉ	Č	Ċ	Ç	Ď	Đ	È	É	Ê	Ě	Ë	Ē	Ĕ	Ė
Ę	Ĝ	Ğ	Ġ	Ģ	Ĥ	Ħ	Ì	Í	Î	Ĩ	Ï	Ī	Ĭ	İ	Į	Ĳ	Ĵ	Ķ	Ĺ	Ľ	Ļ	Ŀ	Ł	Ń	Ň	Ñ
Ņ	Ò	Ó	Ô	Õ	Ö	Ō	Ŏ	Ő	ø	Ǿ	Œ	Ŕ	Ř	Ŗ	Ś	Ŝ	Š	Ş	Ș	Ť	Ţ	Ŧ	Ù	Ú	Û	Ũ
Ü	Ū	Ŭ	Ů	Ű	Ų	Ẁ	Ẃ	Ŵ	Ẅ	Ỳ	Ý	Ŷ	Ÿ	Ź	Ž	Ż	Ŋ	Ð	Þ	a	b	c	d	e	f	g
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bit.ly/font-subsetting

Web Font Subsetting

Supported by Google Fonts

```
https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Inconsolata
```

~3KB

ABCDEFGHIJKLM
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ
abcdefghijklm
nopqrstuvwxyz
1234567890

```
https://fonts.googleapis.com/css?family=Inconsolata&text=Hello
```

~880 bytes

H
W
del
or

The browser can also handle subsetting!

ABCDEFGHIJKLM
NOPQRSTUVWXYZ
abcdefghijklm
nopqrstuvwxyz
1234567890

```
/* Large subset, normal weight */
@font-face {
  font-family: whatever;
  src: url('reg-extended.woff')
  format('woff');
  unicode-range: U+A0-FFFF;
  font-weight: normal;
}
```

Firefox 44

Chrome 36

https://jakearchibald.com/2014/minimising-font-downloads/

CSS Font Loading API


```
const font = new FontFace("Awesome Font", "url(/fonts/awesome.woff2)", {
  style: 'normal', unicodeRange: 'U+000-5FF', weight: '400'
});

// don't wait for the render tree, initiate an immediate fetch!
font.load().then(function() {
  // apply the font (which may re-render text and cause a page reflow)
  // after the font has finished downloading
  document.fonts.add(font);
  document.body.style.fontFamily = "Awesome Font, serif";
  // OR... apply your own render strategy here...
});
```

https://developers.google.com/web/fundamentals/performance/optimizing-content-efficiency/webfont-optimization

Web Font Loading Tips

https://meowni.ca/posts/web-fonts/

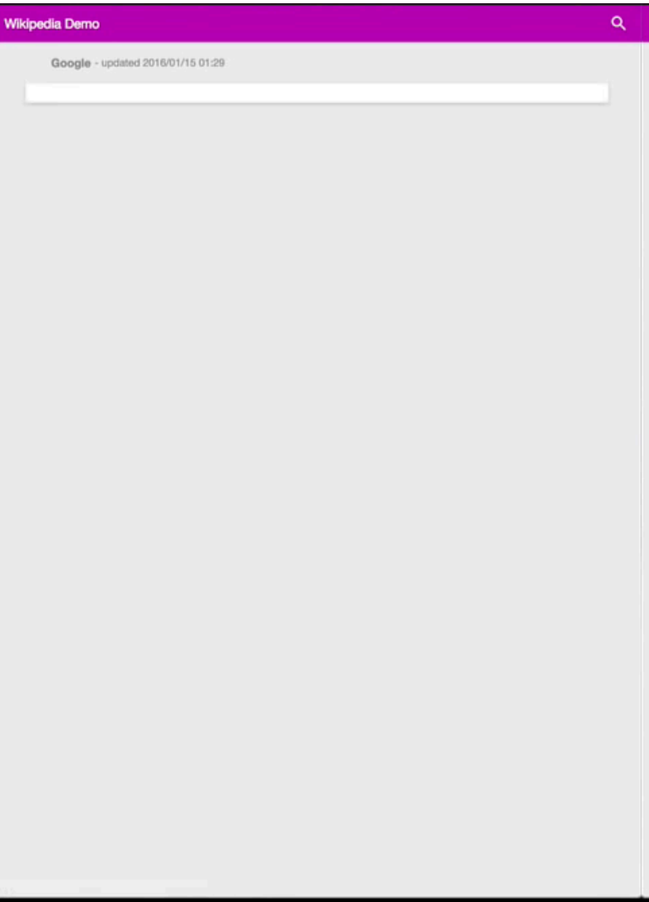
1. Understand the anatomy of a web font and how browsers load
2. font-display: optional (i.e if you can’t do it fast, load a fallback)
3. Minimize font downloads by limiting range of characters you’re loading
4. Minimize FOIT by using <link rel=“preload”>
5. If you need more control try out the Font Loading API

THE FUTURE?

PROGRESSIVE LOADING.....

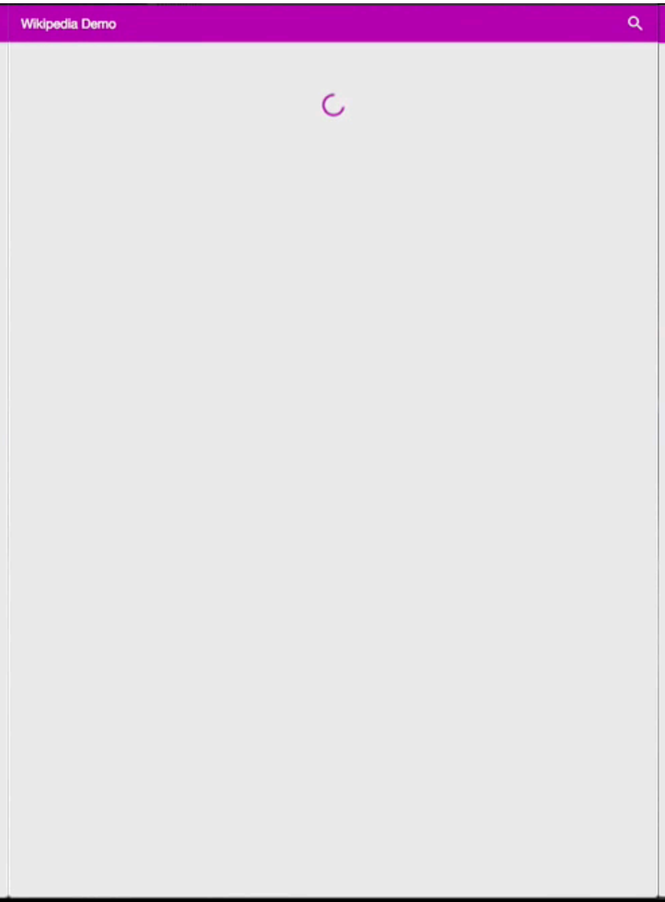
Progressive Loading: HTML

bit.ly/streams-ftw / Streams API



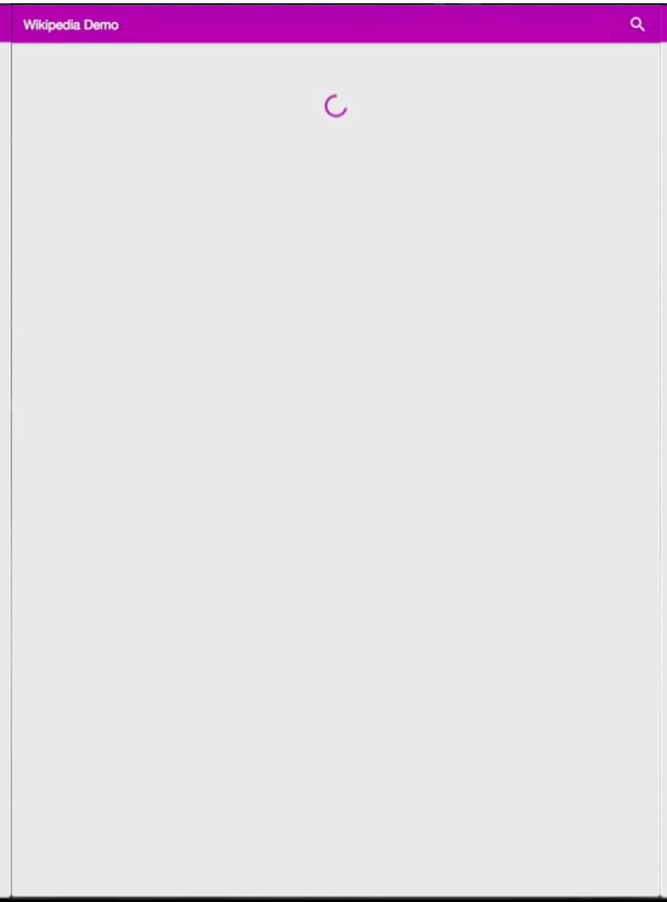
Server render

0.73s /



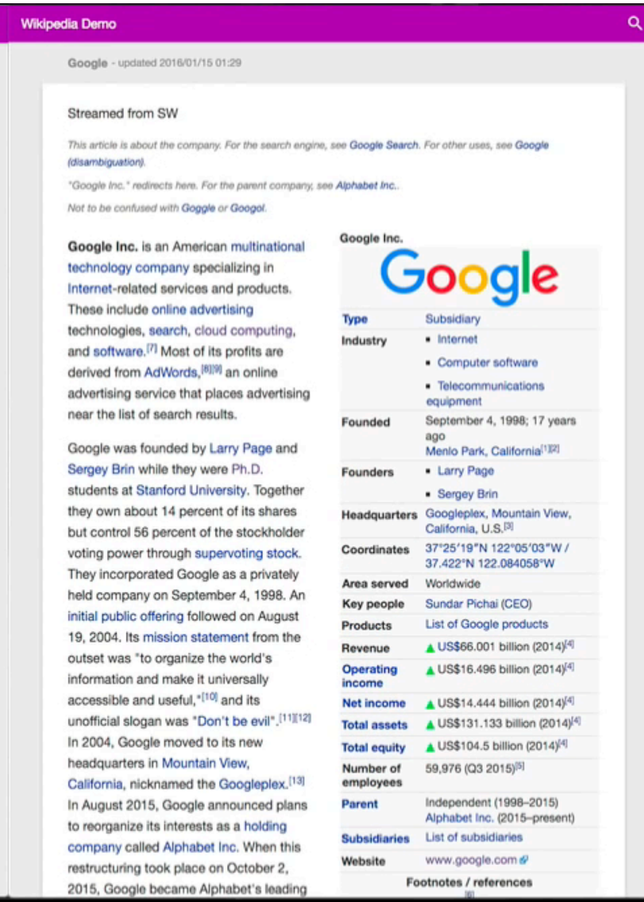
Service worker client render

0.10s /



Service worker client render + hacks

0.10s /

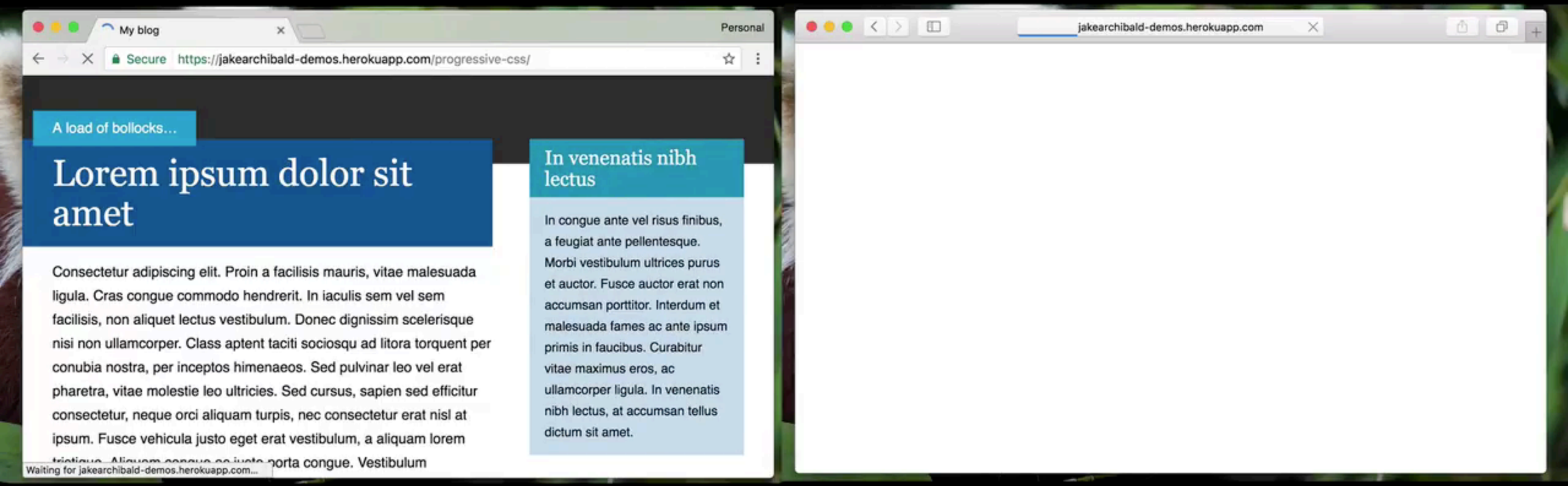


Service worker streamed response

0.10s / 1.00s

Progressive Loading: CSS

bit.ly/progressive-css / <link> in body



With progressive CSS

Without

Progressive Loading: CSS

bit.ly/progressive-css / <link> in body

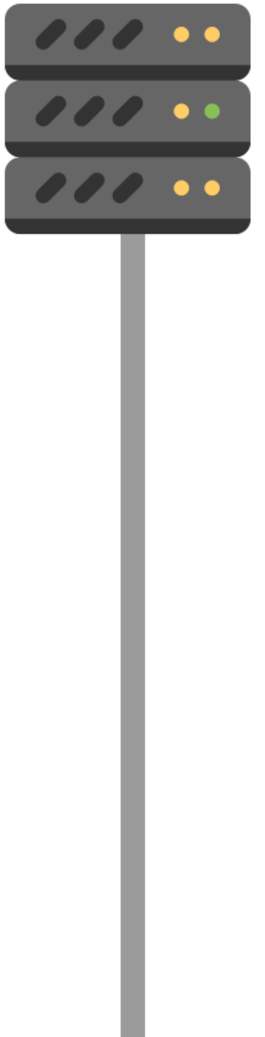
```
<body>
  <!-- HTTP/2 push this resource, or inline it, whichever's faster -->
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="/site-header.css">
  <header>…</header>

  <link rel="stylesheet" href="/article.css">
  <main>…</main>

  <link rel="stylesheet" href="/comment.css">
  <section class="comments">…</section>

  <link rel="stylesheet" href="/about-me.css">
  <section class="about-me">…</section>
</body>
```

DATA-DRIVEN LOADING

USER RESEARCH

ANALYTICS

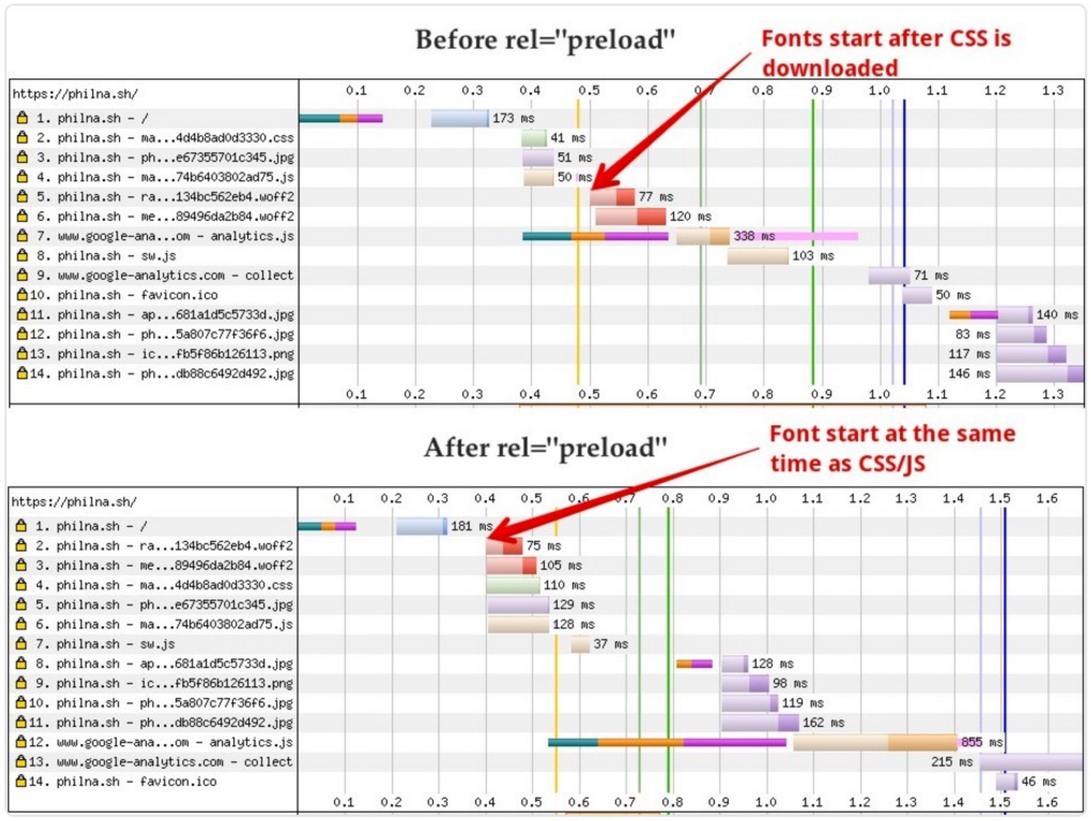
MACHINE LEARNING



Phil Nash
@philnash

Following

I got a 200-300ms improvement on render time using rel="preload" for fonts on philna.sh after reading @addyosmani's medium.com/reloading/prel …



RETWEETS 186 LIKES 629

re:loading

Ideas for efficient loading on the web

medium.com/reloading


PERF MATTERS
@ADDYOSMANI