



Radboud University



Nikhef

# Search for ultra-high energy neutrinos at the Pierre Auger Observatory

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# UHE neutrinos: $E \geq 10^{18}$ eV

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- How are they produced?

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## **Cosmogenic neutrinos**

Proton or heavier nuclei + cosmic microwave background photons

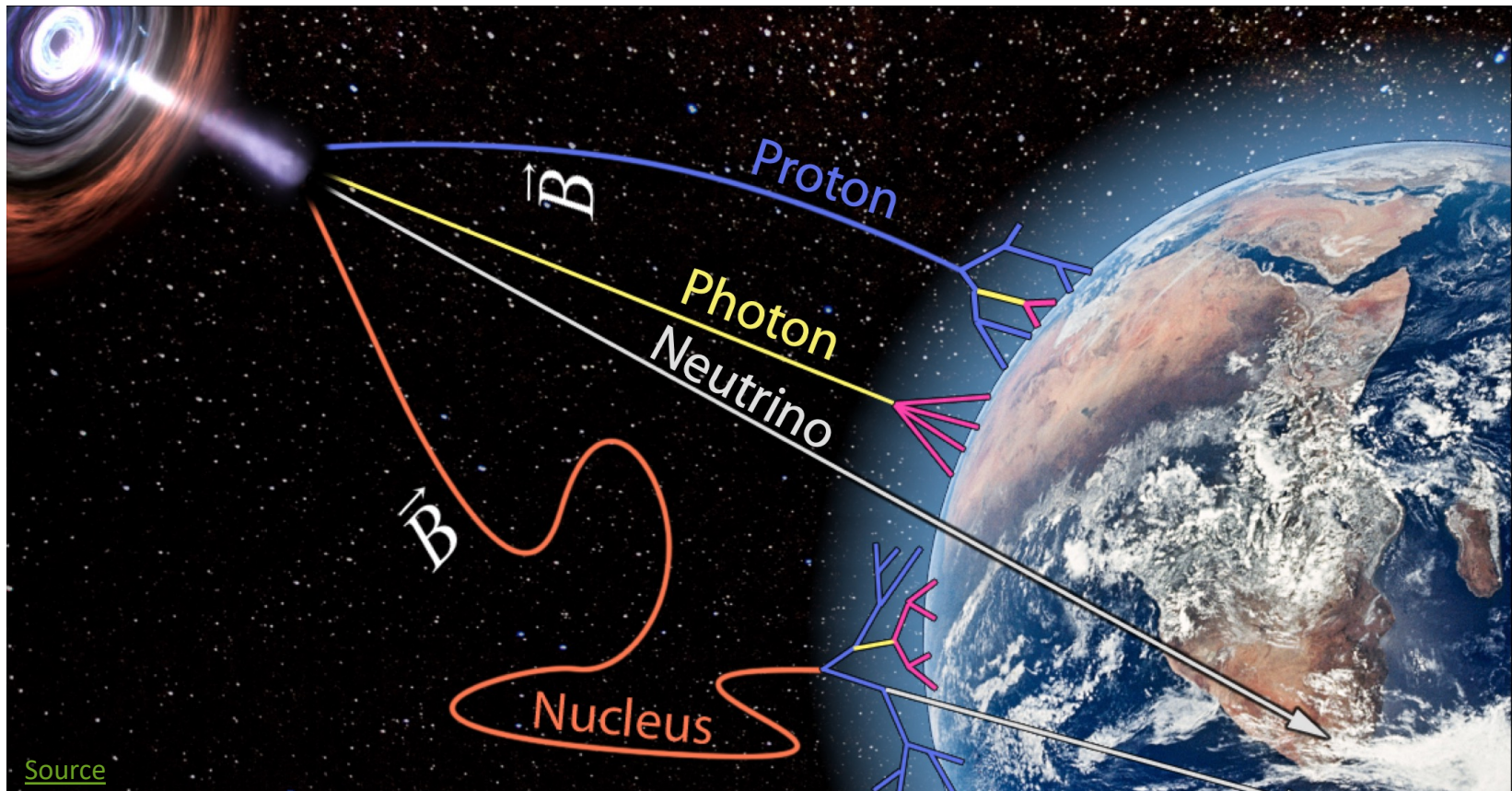
→  $\nu_e : \nu_\mu : \nu_\tau = 1 : 2 : 0$  (source) →  $1 : 1 : 1$  (Earth)

## **Astrophysical neutrinos**

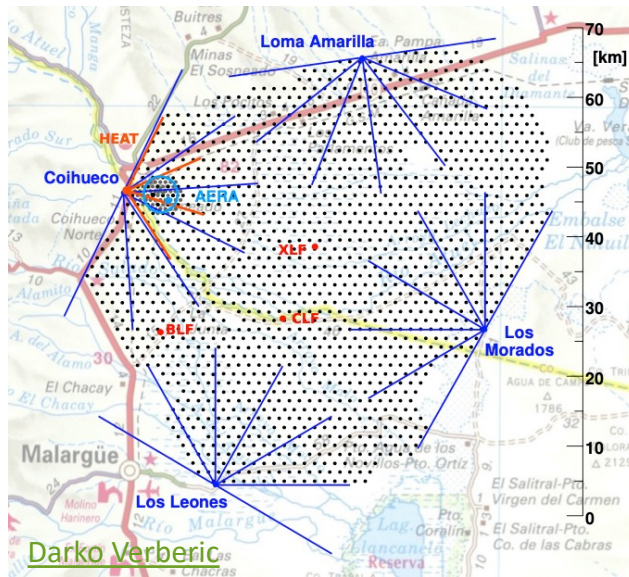
- Active galactic nuclei
- Gamma ray bursts
- ...

# How do they reach us?

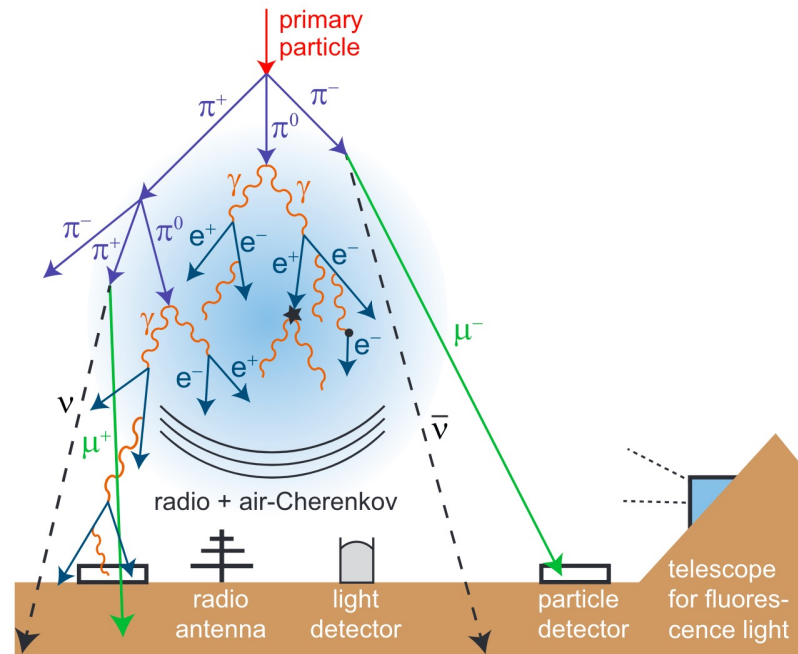
- Emitted from the sources among other charged particles (cosmic rays)



# Pierre Auger Observatory



- World's largest cosmic ray detector array in Argentina
- 1.5 km spaced Water Cherenkov Detector (WCD) array
- Area  $\sim 3000 \text{ km}^2$



Marvin Gottowik



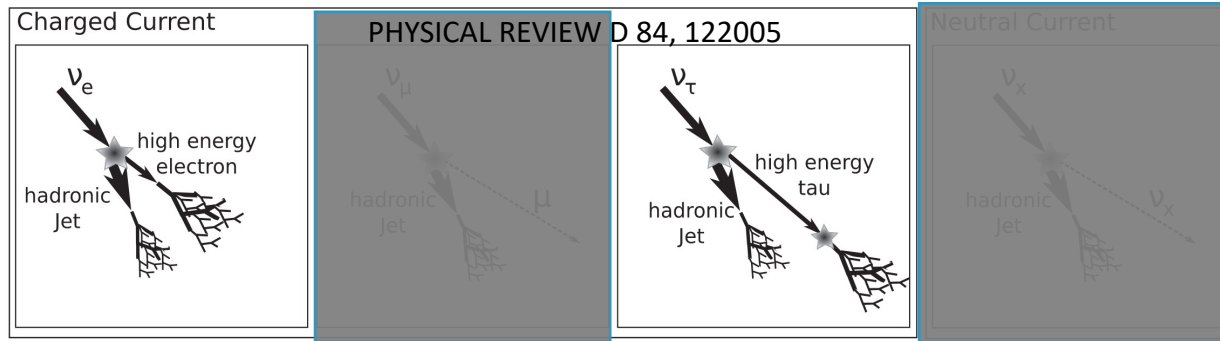
# Why are UHE neutrinos interesting?

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100 years since the discovery of cosmic rays and we still don't know:

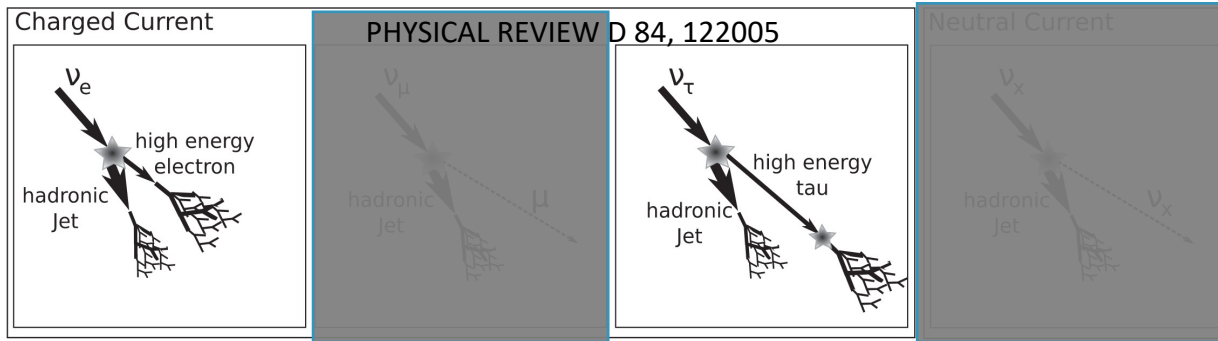
- Which astrophysical objects produce UHE cosmic rays?
- How do they accelerate these particles to such high energies?
- What are cosmic rays made of at the highest energies?
  - Are they light, e.g. protons?
  - Are they heavy, e.g. iron?
- ...
- UHE neutrinos can help us find the answer to these long-standing questions.

# Measurement of neutrino showers at Auger

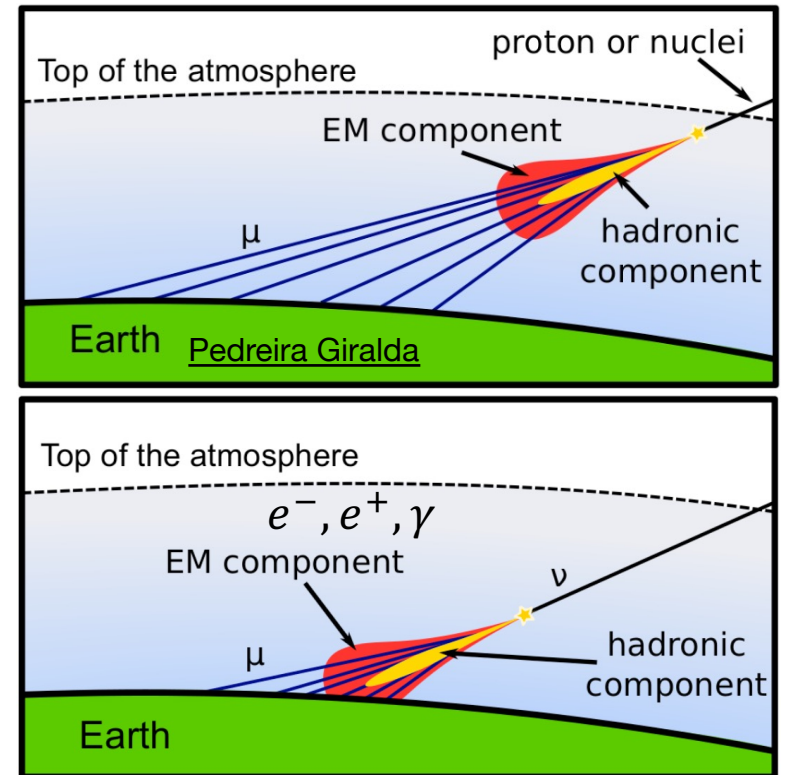




# Measurement of neutrino showers at Auger



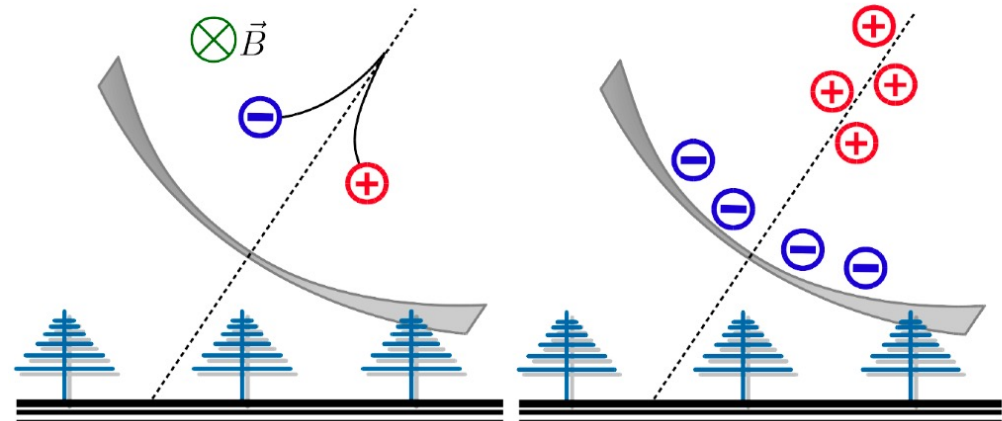
- Auger WCD sensitive to neutrinos with  $E > 10^{17}$  eV
- Identification using the EM component
- No neutrino detected so far but stringent upper limits on neutrino flux
- Room for improvement?
  - Sensitivity to distant showers



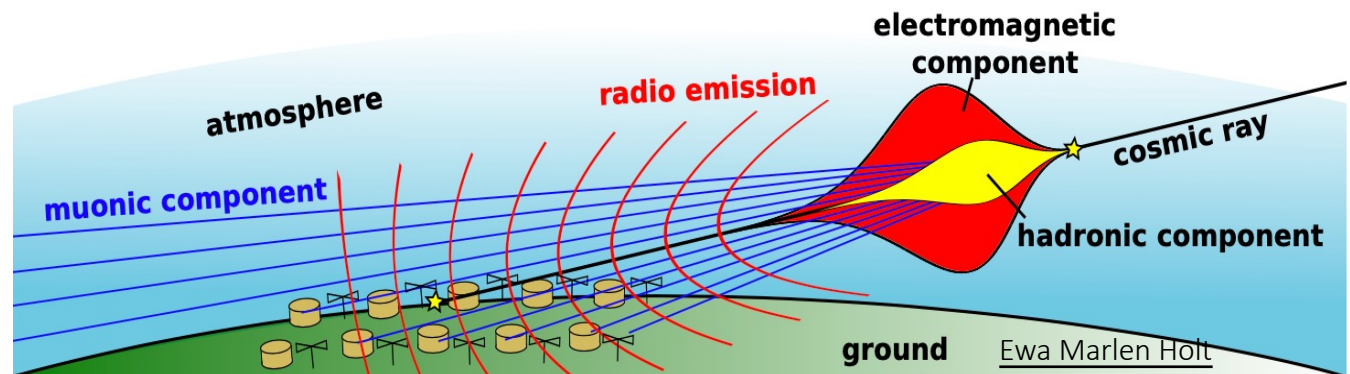


# Radio emission from air showers

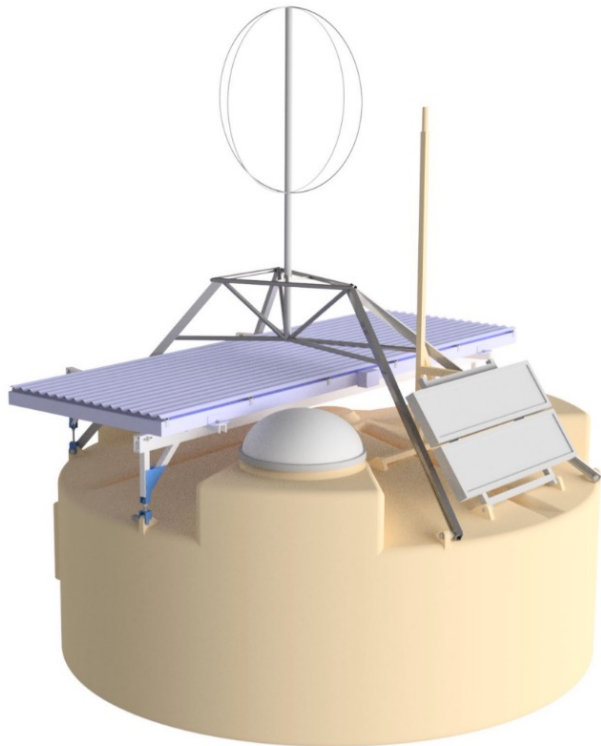
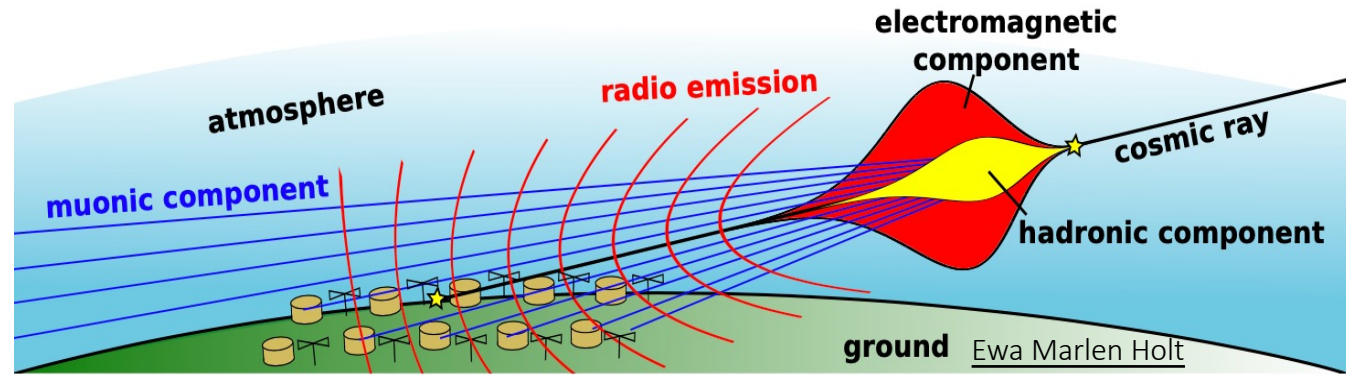
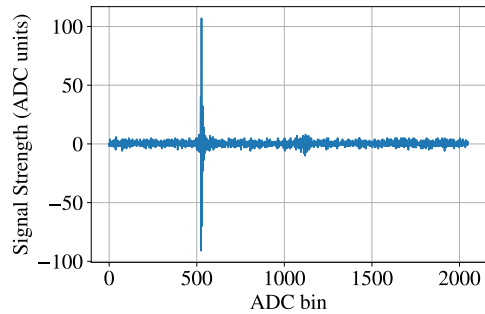
- Ionisation of air due to the motion of fast-moving highly energetic particles
- Change in currents  $\rightarrow$  radio waves
- Travels  $\sim$  unattenuated  $\rightarrow$  sensitivity to distant showers



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# The AugerPrime Radio Upgrade



- Deployment in progress
- 7 Stations active in the field since 3 years
- Upgrade of all 1660 stations
- World's largest radio detector array
- Improved sensitivity to highly inclined cosmic ray and neutrino showers.

# RD self-trigger

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## Concept

- If Radio signal  $>$  Threshold in either polarisation  $\rightarrow$  RD trigger
- Combine with WCD or RD triggers from neighbouring stations
- If a trigger cluster (T3)  $\rightarrow$  Save the event to the disk

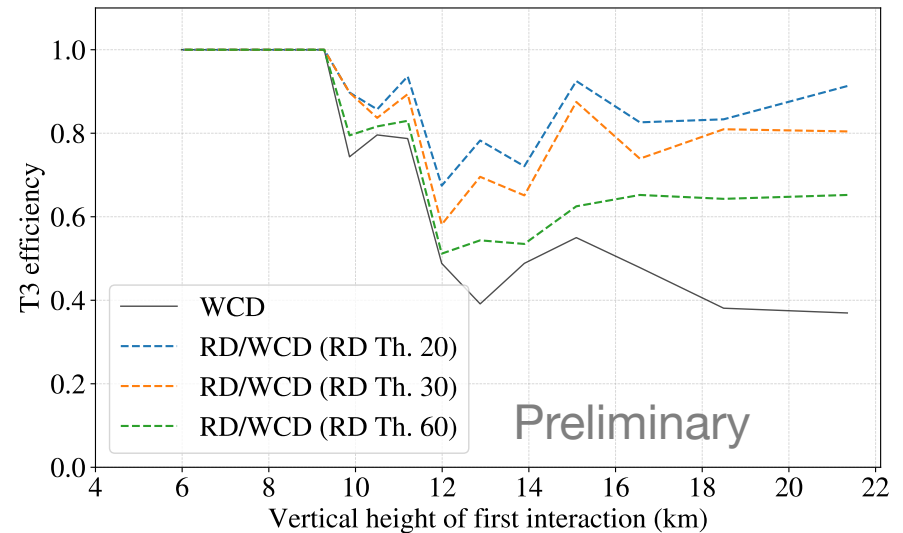
## Development

- Still in very early phase
- First set of workable parameters available; need further optimisation
- Likely a test of radio trigger in the field this month



# Trigger efficiency for $\nu_e$

- Preliminary tests show significant increase in trigger efficiency for distant neutrino shower simulations.
- A long way to go for new limits
  - Tests for other energies, zeniths, flavours...
  - New identification criteria
  - Implementation in hardware
  - Data collection
  - Search



# Summary

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- UHE neutrinos can help answer long-standing questions about the nature of cosmic rays.
- Auger, the world's largest cosmic ray detector array, is sensitive to neutrinos at highest energies with  $E > 10^{17}$  eV.
- No neutrinos detected so far but stringent limits.
- The AugerPrime Radio Detector upgrade is expected to increase the sensitivity of Auger Observatory towards UHE neutrinos.
- The AugerPrime RD deployment is in progress.
- RD self-trigger is under development.
- Preliminary tests show significant improvement in trigger efficiency for distant neutrino shower simulations.
- First test in the field this month but it's a long way to go for new limits.