

**Election Report** 

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Northern Territory Electoral Commission office locations and contact details:

#### DARWIN

ALICE SPRINGS

MyVote Central

Gregory Terrace

PO Box 2304

Suite 3, Yeperenye Centre

ALIČE SPRINGS NT 0870

ALICE SPRINGS NT 0871

Head Office
2nd Floor AANT Building
79-81 Smith Street
DARWIN NT 0800
GPO Box 2419
DARWIN NT 0801

Phone:	(08) 8999 5617	Phone:	(08) 8953 7969
	1800 MYVOTE		1800 MYVOTE
Fax:	(08) 8999 5845	Fax:	(08) 8952 4216
Website	: www.ntec.nt.gov.au	Website	: www.ntec.nt.gov.au

Website: www.ntec.nt.gov.auWebsite: www.ntec.nt.gov.auEmail: ntec@nt.gov.auEmail: ntec@nt.gov.au

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# ELECTORAL COMMISSIONER'S FOREWORD

The inaugural 2008 Rural and Shire General Elections presented an enormous logistical and administrative challenge for the NT Electoral Commission.

Although significant structural changes for local government had been foreshadowed in 2007, much of the detail that is critical to election management, such as the electoral regulations and electoral boundaries, were not entirely clear until only a matter of months before the poll.

The NT Government's announcement of a Legislative Assembly General Election for 9 August 2008 also disrupted preparations and meant that many earlier plans for the local government elections had to be either modified significantly or abandoned altogether. Moreover, the roll out of the new shires also generated its fair share of political controversy at the time and this ensured a continuous sharp focus on the event from the start.



Photo: Bill Shepheard

This report essentially tries to accomplish two things. Firstly, it seeks to give a context to the event and record the arrangements and outcomes that eventuated. Secondly, it looks beyond the specifics of the Shire and Rural Council General Elections towards March 2012, when all local government councils will be part of the general elections and, as such, the event will be quite a different proposition altogether.

In closing, I would like to take this opportunity to thank my permanent and casual staff, staff from other electoral authorities, the Department of Local Government and Housing, Department of Business and Employment and Shire staff for their contribution to the successful conduct of the elections.

I would also encourage immediate efforts to review and improve arrangements for future events, bearing in mind our first operational experience with the new legislation and the structures that were created. Unfortunately, all too often, interest in improving electoral administration has tended to quickly wane the moment a poll is concluded and years down the track the same problems and challenges have to be faced again.

SC

Bill Shepheard Electoral Commissioner 11 December 2009

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# **PART 1** Election Report and Appendices





two ways :: one outcome







WAGAIT SHIRE COUNCIL











# 1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

During 2007, the NT government announced plans to replace the existing community government councils and schemes in remote areas of the Territory with regionally based 'super shire' councils. In October 2007 re-structuring orders were gazetted that established the prospective shires and deferred council elections scheduled for March 2008, except for the municipalities of Darwin, Palmerston, Katherine and Alice Springs.

The *Local Government Act* 2008 was passed by the Legislative Assembly (LA) in the April – May sittings and came into effect on 1 July 2008. Details of the new shire councils were gazetted on 30 June 2008. The Electoral Commissioner (EC) was appointed as Returning Officer (RO) for the October inaugural elections by the ten shire councils going to election and the municipality of Litchfield.

The Local Government (Electoral) Regulations 2008, providing the new legislative framework for all council elections, were gazetted 29 August 2008.

The elections commenced on 12 September by Notice inviting nominations and provided for the following:

Close of rolls	5pm 23 September 2008
Close of nominations	12 noon 2 October 2008
Polling day	25 October 2008

# 1.1 Key Result Area – Enrolment and Roll Products

Over the 12 day close of rolls period to 23 September 2008, a total of 249 enrolment forms were received for the 11 rural councils, mostly for a change of address within the same council area. Over the same period, there were 146 deletions to the roll for deceased electors and those transferring to addresses elsewhere. The relatively low level of activity was a consequence of enrolment stimulation at the LA election two months before and the federal elector in late 2007. At the close of rolls, 39 003 electors were enrolled to vote for the 11 councils.

#### 1.2 Key Result Area – Advertising and Publicity

Public awareness activities were based on schematic plans drawn up for the LA elections and customised to advertise voting services for the rural council elections. The council election public awareness



campaign was delivered mainly through the electronic media, the NTEC website and posters to shires and service centres for display in communities. To reach electors in the three rural councils in the outer Darwin area, advertising was placed in the regional newspapers whilst a postal box drop was arranged for Litchfield Council electors. The NTEC considered that this mix provided reasonable access for the largest number of electors, irrespective of location and literacy levels.

The TV campaign consisted of four TV advertisements with a total of 2500 program placements over the course of the election, broadcast where possible to regional areas. The advertising themes related to the roll close, the provision of voting services, mobile polling awareness and 'who does and who doesn't vote'. The latter message was required as 18 out of a possible 49 elections were not contested.

Radio was used extensively as the content could be more readily adapted for broadcasting indigenous languages and could provide a better coverage to the more remote communities. The four election advertising themes were presented by local radio staff and were broadcast over commercial stations and five community networks, the latter including broadcasts in nine indigenous languages, reflecting geographic coverage.

#### **1.3** Key Result Area – Election Management

As the rural council elections followed immediately after the LA election, use was made of existing operational arrangements as a starting point, particularly for mobile polling. Amended procedures were used for the receipt of nominations to meet local government legislative requirements and the logistical challenges posed by the election.

#### Nominations

The full three week period was required to distribute nomination materials to remote locations and for the return of completed nomination forms and deposits. A total of 211 nominations from 206 persons were received for the 115 councilor and two principal member positions, with elections for 17 wards not being required as the number of nominations equaled the member positions. The election for lyarrka Ward (MacDonnell Shire) partially failed due to insufficient nominations, thus generating a supplementary election at a later date.

#### **Postal Voting**

There were 542 registered postal voters enrolled for the rural councils and a further 127 electors applied for a postal vote. The first mailing took place on 6 October, almost three weeks before polling day and comprised 560 postal vote packs, with subsequent mailings as applications were received and processed. By the deadline for return on 31 October, 70% of postal votes issued had been returned. Very few postal votes were received after the deadline, indicating that the time provided for voting and the mailing arrangements were appropriate.

#### **Declaration Voting**

Only a small number of declaration votes were claimed by electors compared to the number at the LA election. A total of 1360 ballot papers (representing 8% of the total) were issued at the seven early voting centres that operated at council offices at Bees Creek, Jabiru, Nhulunbuy and Tennant Creek, at government offices at Katherine and at the two NTEC offices. In addition, 395 absent votes (2.3% of voters) were cast by persons outside of their enrolled council area and 104 other declaration votes (0.6%) claimed by persons whose name could not be found on the roll, of which 38 were admitted to the count.

#### **Mobile Polling**

The mobile polling procedures and schedules employed at the LA election were used as a base for the rural council elections. Adjustments were required to take account of the operational experience at the LA poll and those wards where polling was not required. Extensive consultation took place with council staff in developing and publicising the final schedules. Polling commenced on 13 October and over the following two weeks, 15 teams visited 208 communities in remote areas, aged care and health facilities in Katherine and Tennant Creek and hospitals and the gaols in Darwin and Alice Springs. Mobile polling accounted for 80% of votes cast in the eight new rural councils. There was an overall 10% drop in the number voting at communities and institutions compared to polling at the LA election, which is not unexpected given that this was a lower key election.

#### **Static Polling**

Static polling was available on 25 October at the 15 polling places appointed for Litchfield, Wagait and Barkly councils and in Darwin and regional centres. A total of 6508 electors voted at static booths (38.4% of the overall turnout) but the majority of these ballot papers (5013) were cast at the five polling places for Litchfield Council, with much of the remainder at Tennant Creek, Jabiru and Wagait.

#### The Scrutiny of Votes and Declaration of Results

The exhaustive preferential voting system legislated for NT council elections requires a computer system to count and allocate preferences in complex counts for multi-member constituencies to ensure timely and economical determination of the count.

After the conclusion of polling on 25 October, the scrutiny was undertaken at Darwin, Nhulunbuy, Katherine, Tennant Creek and Alice Springs. Details shown on the ballot papers in 24 complex counts were entered into computer count software. Seven counts were undertaken by manual scrutiny. The preliminary results of all elections were posted to the NTEC website as soon as they were available and were subsequently confirmed by the RO and Deputy ROs at the declaration of results held at the NTEC's office and regional centres on 3 November 2008.

#### **Participation**

Of the 34 125 electors enrolled in the council wards where polling was required, a total of 16 956 electors voted, giving an overall participation rate of 49.7% for the election. The average masks significant differences in turnout between councils and wards and, in remote areas, between communities. The participation rate for the eight new councils in the remote areas was 46.7% compared to 57.6% for the three rural councils in the Darwin region.

#### 1.4 Key Result Area – Corporate Support

#### Staffing

The NTEC's long term permanent and contract officers were supplemented by 103 temporary staff recruited for the council elections, of whom only a small number worked over the whole seven week election period. In almost all cases, the temporary staff had prior experience in managing elections in the more remote areas of the NT. Ten temporary officers were recruited for Divisional Returning Officer (DRO) and supervisory positions with six seconded from other electoral authorities.

#### Infrastructure

Infrastructure support was provided by ITC officials from the Department of Business and Employment (DBE) and office accommodation in regional centres by the councils or the Department of Local Government and Housing (DLGH). For the rural council elections, the NTEC negotiated a business arrangement with the Australian Election Commission (AEC) to use the *EasyCount* vote counting system. Prior to the election, the necessary software was installed and tested on PCs and laptops for use in Darwin and regional centres. Design software for public awareness notices was used by in-house staff to prepare copy and artwork for placing directly with the media.

#### **Election Costs**

Actual expenditure was \$995 056, of which \$900 000 was funded by councils and DLGH. The residual amount between funding allocation and actual expenditure was covered by a Treasurer's Advance. The NTEC is advised this is unlikely to be the case in the future with the intention that election costs will become a recurrent budget item for councils.

#### 1.5 Forward Planning

For a detailed discussion of issues relating to the conduct of any future general elections, see Section 7. Categorised recommendations relating to that section are as follows:

# **1.6 RECOMMENDATIONS**

#### **RO Appointment and Resourcing**

It is recommended that -

- 1. The LGA be amended to provide that the NTEC be appointed as sole provider for local government elections, at least in respect to general elections.
- 2. In the absence of more ongoing staff resources to cope with the frequency and complexity of local government general and by-elections being forthcoming, the NTEC should move to a full cost recovery charging model.
- 3. The 2012 general election funds are provided in full to the NTEC at the commencement of the 2011-12, preferably from one source only.

# **Electoral System Fundamentals**

It is recommended that -

- 4. The LGER be amended to provide a separate by-election timetable which affords more flexibility and scope for discretion to be exercised within broad by-election timetable parameters.
- A review be conducted, in consultation with the NTEC, to evaluate the effectiveness of the exhaustive voting system when applied to current council/ward boundaries in terms of representative outcomes.
- 6. A review be conducted, in consultation with the NTEC, to evaluate ways to increase the formality rate at local government elections through adopting changes to either the voting system and/or formality provisions.
- 7. A more formalised process in relation to boundary reviews be prescribed in the LGER and that the NTEC play a more active, even a leading role, in those reviews.

#### **System Procedures and Processes**

It is recommended that -

- 8. A review be conducted, in consultation with the NTEC, to evaluate the need for a candidate's deposit and, if retained, the most appropriate payment arrangements that can be put in place.
- 9. The LGER to be amended to make it clear that a nomination may only be lodged at the office of the Returning Officer or a Deputy Returning Officer.
- 10. The LGER to be amended to make it clear that the RO's investigative powers in accepting nominations are limited.
- 11. The LGER be amended to accommodate the issue of ordinary votes at a polling place outside of the council area.
- 12. The LGER be amended to restrict the issue of ordinary ballot papers for other wards (in line with current LA procedures) where the secrecy of the ballot may be compromised because of a low number of anticipated votes issued.
- 13. The LGER be amended to prescribe the methodology of a recount of ballot papers previously counted using a computer.
- 14. The LGER be amended to adopt a methodology related to resolving ties in the count that eliminates/reduces drawing by lot and causes a fresh election in the case where the last two candidates are tied after a recount.

# **Legislation Management**

It is recommended that -

- 15. A thorough review of the electoral provisions of the LGA and the LGER be undertaken before the 2012 general elections in the light of operational experience and harmonisation with the NTEA.
- 16. The legislation relating to the conduct of an election be moved from the LGA and LGER and be reestablished in a Local Government Electoral Act, which would be administered by the NTEC.

#### **Stakeholder Roles**

It is recommended that -

- 17. The roles of local government officials at future elections be clarified, documented and distributed through local government networks before the commencement of the general elections in 2012.
- 18. Councils take a more active role in roll maintenance activities in their communities, both on an ongoing basis as well as at election time, including a major enrolment drive in the lead up to the 2012 general election.
- 19. Councils take a more active role in the identification of impartial local assistants for mobile polling teams.
- 20. Councils provide out-posted DROs with adequate office facilities for the duration of the election period.
- 21. A working party made up of the RO, LGANT, DLGH, AEC be established in early 2011 to commence preparations for the 2012 general elections and to ensure roles and responsibilities are fully understood.
- 22. Prospective candidate information sessions be rolled out as a joint initiative by LGANT, NTEC and Councils to all council areas from early 2012.

#### **Promotional Activities**

It is recommended that -

- 23. A review be conducted, in consultation with the NTEC, relating to the merit of providing candidate profiles at local government elections and the legislative inclusions that would need to be made to provide a process, if candidate profiles were to be adopted.
- 24. All election advertising undertaken by councils is channelled and cleared through the RO.

# 2. INTRODUCTION

#### 2.1 Local Government Act and Regulations

Local government elections in the NT are conducted in accordance with legislation enacted by the NT Legislative Assembly. Carriage of legislative change lies with the Minister for Local Government, supported by the Department of Local Government and Housing (DLGH). As an independent agency, the Northern Territory Electoral Commission (NTEC) may be consulted over electoral legislation but does not publicly comment on matters of government policy.

On 30 January 2007, the Minister for Local Government announced a proposal for a new local governance structure for the Northern Territory. This would entail a comprehensive overhaul of local government legislation and the structure of local representative bodies, thereby replacing the existing community government councils and schemes with regionally based 'super shire councils'.

In October 2007 re-structuring orders were gazetted that established the prospective rural councils and deferred elections for all local governments with the exception of elections for the municipalities of Darwin, Palmerston, Katherine and Alice Springs scheduled for March 2008. The deferral included elections for Litchfield Council.

The Local Government Act 2008 (the Act) was introduced into the Legislative Assembly (LA) in February 2008 to give effect to the Minister's proposals. The Act was passed in the April – May sitting of the Assembly and came into effect on 1 July 2008. Chapter 8 of the Act sets out the legislative basis for local government elections and polls but the detailed procedures for their conduct are contained in the electoral regulations.

On 30 June 2008 DLGH gazetted eight new remote councils, including the number of members to be elected and the maps showing council and ward boundaries. Also gazetted were shires of Wagait (formally Cox Peninsula), Belyuen and Coomalie Community Government Council. The date of the 25 October 2008 was gazetted for elections for all rural shire councils except for Belyuen, which was under administration.

The regulations providing for the conduct of council elections were drafted during the first half of 2008 following consultations with stakeholders, including some discussions with the Electoral Commissioner (EC) that were more detailed in the latter part of that period. However, when the Act came into effect on 1 July and with the October date of the elections already confirmed, the time available for further consultation was limited. The Local Government (Electoral) Regulations 2008 (the Regulations) were gazetted on 29 August 2008.

#### 2.2 Roles and Requirements under Legislation

The Act and regulations set out the powers and obligations of the Minister, the NTEC and councils with respect to the holding of local government elections. They include powers in relation to calling elections and by-elections, appointing returning officers (ROs), preparing rolls, the voting entitlement, methods of voting, resolving electoral disputes and the penalties that apply in relation to electoral offences.

Legislative authority for the calling of elections and by-elections is provided at ss84, 85 & 86 of the Act. The Act also provides that elections are to be conducted in accordance with the regulations (s89) which contain detailed instructions for the prosecution of elections including preparations, arrangements for voting, counting of votes (the scrutiny) and the declaration of results. The regulations also provide for a range of administrative matters including the funding of election costs by councils, offences, and the return of candidate deposits and the issuing of directions by the Electoral Commission.

For an election to proceed, the council must appoint a RO (r64), or the Minister may make this appointment under section 96(2) of the Act. Once appointed, the RO is required to undertake the administrative duties set out in the regulations.

The Act and regulations place the following requirements on the Minister and the NTEC.

#### The Minister:

- Determines the date for newly constituted, amalgamated, changed areas and failed general elections by Gazette notice s84 of the Act;
- Determines the day for periodic general elections by *Gazette* notice s85;
- May extend the time for holding an election or for taking any step in relation to the holding of an election s96 regulation, r57(1);
- May appoint a person to be the RO for a particular election s96.

# The NTEC:

- Must prepare rolls for the conduct of an election s88(1);
- Must make the roll available to the RO as soon as practicable after the close of rolls s88(3);
- Must make the roll available for inspection at the NTEC's public offices s88(5);
- May, by *Gazette* notice, give directions to ROs about any aspect of the electoral process r5.

#### **Returning Officer**

Councils may appoint an RO at any time, but must make the appointment by 1 July in the year preceding a general election. If no appointment is made, the council's CEO is the RO. Councils must pay the reasonable costs and expenses to conduct an election in accordance with an agreement with the RO [r65 (1) & (2)].

In addition to the legislated obligations on councils, the RO may for practical reasons require council assistance in the following areas for the effective administration of elections:

#### **Election Roll**

- Provide written confirmation of the accuracy of council/ ward boundaries shown on the roll prior to an election in order that the election roll can be certified;
- Display the council roll for public inspection to ensure electors are listed correctly;
- Arrange for the completion of enrolment forms by eligible residents and send completed forms to reach the NTEC or the AEC before the close of rolls.

#### Liaison

Nominate an election contact officer to act as a point of contact between the returning officer and council
officials including those in service centres.

#### **Public Awareness**

- Copy, and display at council offices election notices in A3 format (if possible), including the nomination notice and mobile polling schedules;
- Publicise the election within the council area consistent with any Territory wide general election advertising campaign undertaken on behalf of all councils;
- Make nomination forms available at the council office.

#### Facilities and Infrastructure

- If appropriate, provide vehicles, mobile team support staff, office space for administrative and training needs, furniture, scrutiny and count venues and IT facilities for the conduct of the election on a no cost basis to the RO;
- Provide assistance with accommodation should electoral staff need to stay in the council area;
- Provide transportation to and from remote community airstrips, if possible;

• Identify and recruit impartial community electoral staff with appropriate literacy and linguistic skills to provide assistance to appointed electoral staff.

Full details of Returning Officer responsibilities are shown in Appendix A.

# 2.3 **Pre-Election Preparations**

Commencing in mid 2007, the NTEC reviewed the resources required if it was to undertake the council elections proposed for late 2008. The review included the staff and other resources needed, the adequacy of existing election systems, and scheduling issues relating to other election and administrative commitments. Late in the planning process, after the appointment of the EC as RO, input was sought from stakeholders and the EC responded to official requests for advice regarding the regulations.

# 2.4 Liaison Between the NTEC and Other Agencies

The NTEC entered into a preliminary dialogue with DLGH in March 2007 regarding the planned elections. Discussions took place on the procedures needed to implement legislation for the elections and likely costs, with the NTEC indicating that expenditure would be similar to that for an LA election. DLGH was advised that, as this was an inaugural election for which legislation and an operating model had yet to be finalised, any cost estimate could be only general and would depend on the election timetable, the development and costing of a broad communication strategy, and details in the regulations.

Issues raised by the NTEC in subsequent meetings with DLGH included:

- The lack of continuing representation for some councils arising from the suspension of elections from 30 June 2007 for all councils, with the exception of those for the urban municipalities and a small number of community councils where election preparations had already commenced;
- Limited opportunities to influence the drafting of the regulations covering the voting system to be adopted and the possible implications for electoral best practice;
- The need for an early resolution of the legislative framework and timetable for the elections to facilitate election planning;
- The use of existing LA division names for a number of the rural councils creating the potential for confusion by electors as to the jurisdiction in which they are located;
- The need to open a dialogue with rural council CEOs to develop a common understanding regarding election processes, notwithstanding the CEOs' immediate focus on establishing council infrastructure and staffing;
- The requirement of the NTEC to undertake other time critical tasks in 2008 including:
  - The March municipal elections;
  - Planning for an LA election that could be held between 19 July 2008 and 27 June 2009;
  - The application of boundary changes to the NT/Commonwealth roll management database (RMANS) arising from the 2008 LA redistribution; and
  - The application of boundaries for the new rural councils following their gazettal.

Separate discussions took place with the Local Government Association of the Northern Territory (LGANT) commencing in November 2007 regarding the development of an appropriate election logo and the possibility of contact with individual councils in early 2008. The NTEC discussed with LGANT the inclusion of gender and date of birth details on the nomination form to obtain a statistical profile of candidates.

The NTEC had anticipated that early discussions would take place with other stakeholders, including senior staff and transitional appointees at council offices, but it was determined that this be deferred to later in 2008 due to the interim nature of council arrangements and the existing work load on council staff. As the NTEC was fully committed in managing the LA election from mid July 2008, a formal program of consultation with senior council staff could not take place prior to the election.

It is expected that at by-elections, and the general elections in 2012, the stable governance structure now in place will make it easier for council staff and the NTEC to establish an effective working relationship.

#### 2.5 Impact of the 2008 LA Election

When writs were issued for the LA elections on 22 July 2008, council election planning had to be put on hold with the exception of the most urgent of projects. These included the commissioning of new computer count software, planning for mobile polling, developing the communication strategy and the application of council boundaries to RMANS.

Results were finalised for the LA elections on 15 August but another week was necessary for the NTEC to complete essential post-election tasks before releasing key staff to undertake council election preparations. Whilst the NTEC was able to fully complete preparations for the prosecution of the council elections on time, the timing of the LA election did limit planned election awareness and enrolment activities, and dialogue with stakeholders was restricted.

The successful completion of the elections, despite the relatively short lead time available and in the face of other election commitments, was due to the NTEC undertaking considerable planning over the 12 months prior to the appointment of the EC as the RO and the NTEC as the service provider.

# 2.6 Timetable for the Inaugural Shire and Rural Council Elections

Council Elections – 25 October 2008			
Date	Time	Election Program	
By Friday 12 September 2008		Notice Inviting Nominations LGER r6	
Tuesday 23 September 2008	5pm	Close of Electoral Roll LGER r11	
Thursday 2 October 2008	12 noon	Close of Nominations LGER r10	
Friday 3 October 2008	12 noon	Declaration of Nominations Draw for position on ballot papers LGER rs 3, 8	
	ASAP	Postal Vote Mail-out Commenced LGER r27(2)	
Wednesday 8 October 2008	8am	Early Voting Commenced LGER r3	
Monday 13 October 2008	9am	Mobile Polling Commenced LGER r3	
Tuesday 21 October 2008	6pm	Overseas Postal Voting Dispatches Ceased LGER r27(3)(b)	
Thursday 23 October 2008	6pm	All Postal Voting Dispatches Ceased LGER r27(3)(b)	
Friday 24 October 2008	6pm	Early Voting Ceased LGER r3	
Saturday 25 October 2008	8am	Polling Day LGA ss84(2), 85 Static Polling Commenced LGER rs 3, 37	
	6pm	Static & Mobile Polling Ceases LGER rs 3, 37	
		Primary Counts of Ordinary Votes in Static Polling Places Commenced LGER r52	
		Preliminary Scrutiny, Primary Counts of Postal & Early Votes Commenced LGER r46	
Monday 27 October 2008	9am	Declaration Vote Verification Checks Commenced Recheck of all counts LGER r46	
Thursday 30 October 2008	9am	Primary counts of Accepted Declaration Votes, further Postal Counts	
Friday 31 October 2008	6pm	Deadline for receipt of postal votes	
		Final Counts of Postal Votes Commenced LGER r46 Distribution of Preferences LGER rs 51	
Monday 3 November 2008	10am	Declaration of Results of Poll LGER r56	

# 3. KEY RESULT AREA – ENROLMENT AND ROLL SERVICES

#### 3.1 Application of Gazetted Council and Ward Boundaries

The NTEC commenced discussions with the AEC in early 2008 regarding the application of council boundaries to the roll, which both parties recognised could not commence until the boundaries were legally ratified.

The boundaries of the new councils were gazetted on 30 June 2008 and the information listing the towns and communities within each ward was provided to the NTEC by DLGH in early July 2008.

The AEC and NTEC commenced the application of council boundaries immediately following the gazettal. However, their translation to RMANS (the roll management system) was a lengthy process requiring frequent manual checking, especially for those areas where data could not be automatically applied. Unlike most land information systems, RMANS electoral boundary information is held in text form with each locality and address coded to the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) Census Collection District (CCD) in which they are located. Council wards and LA divisions are then defined by the set of whole or part CCDs that fall within their boundaries. As all electors are linked to a CCD via their RMANS address, the precise alignment of electoral areas is essential for the extraction of accurate election rolls.

The first task of aligning CCDs fully contained within a ward was completed by the end of July. However, where a boundary divided a CCD, considerable research was needed to ensure that individual addresses were assigned to the correct ward. Also, as the new councils added significantly to the boundary information held on RMANS, a major re-ordering of the data for all NT local government areas was required, including that for the existing municipalities.

Despite the immediate requirements of the LA election, the NTEC allocated additional staff to the alignment of council boundaries with the aim of completing the task by late August. This target was not met due to delayed responses from councils to Commission queries about the location of individual communities. This caused a further two week delay in the release of draft boundaries to councils and posed a considerable risk to the timely commencement of the elections.

In early September RMANS reports showing the new boundaries were provided to councils for checking and sign-off. Council approval took longer than anticipated and the final application of boundaries to RMANS did not take place until 12 September, the first day of the election period. Rolls were able to be extracted on time, but the compression of the time frame for the task did pose operational problems for the AEC, NTEC and council staff.

Post election, further checks were undertaken and a number of minor boundary changes were made, but these had no bearing on election outcomes. As the address base is subject to change with urban growth, redevelopment and street re-numbering, the checking of enrolment and boundary information will need to be undertaken on a regular basis to maintain the accuracy of local government rolls.

It is anticipated that current council boundaries will more or less remain in place for future elections, subject to possible changes to incorporate those areas in the top end regions currently without local government representation.

Changes to internal ward boundaries may arise from the review of electoral representation due to be finalised before March 2011. Any changes must be captured and processed on the roll database as soon as possible after formal ratification of the new boundaries has been effected.

# 3.2 Enrolment Awareness Program

The NTEC considered options in mid 2007 for an enrolment and voter awareness program for the council elections. At that early stage it was considered that the program would include field work backed up with a public awareness campaign undertaken prior to the formal commencement of the election period. DLGH would play a key role.

The proposed awareness program was modeled on that undertaken by the NTEC prior to the 2005 LA general election, when visits were made to 58 remote communities in two rounds over the three months prior to the election, initially to check the roll and then to advertise mobile polling team visits. It was anticipated that for the 2008 shire council elections, a media based public awareness program would be undertaken to reinforce the fieldwork, but detailed planning was put on hold pending the appointment of the RO.

By mid July 2008 the NTEC had agreed to participate in a joint program with DLGH and council staff to visit communities to deliver candidate and voter information sessions and undertake enrolment activities. The NTEC within its resources also agreed to provide a resource pack including enrolment forms that could be made available in communities.

With the announcement of the LA election on 21 July, the NTEC was required to withdraw the level of commitment originally envisaged to pre-election fieldwork but did continue to develop public awareness and enrolment materials so that they could be put into production at the conclusion of the LA election.

Given the close proximity of the council elections to the LA elections, benefits did accrue to the electoral roll from the sharp enrolment focus preceding the Assembly elections. It could be anticipated that the advantages of a known timetable would be more marked in 2012, though concerns do exist over the timing of the elections (at the end of the wet season) and the ability to access all areas in the run up to and during the election period.

#### 3.3 Impact of Recent Elections on Rural Council Rolls

Whilst the planned pre-election enrolment program did not take place, this did not have a significant impact on the quality of the council rolls. Over the preceding 12 months there had been three major electoral events, including the federal election in November 2007 and the municipal and LA elections in March and August 2008 respectively. Each election was preceded by an enrolment and publicity campaign that generated enrolments and, on the polling days themselves, additional forms and other roll maintenance information were received. Of particular impact was the AEC's federal election enrolment drive commencing in July 2007 that was marked by a major public awareness campaign backed up with extensive enrolment fieldwork in remote communities and regional centres.

For the whole of the NT, from July 2007 to the close of rolls for the rural council elections, approximately 39 000 enrolments were processed. These included 19 000 additions to the roll with the balance of transactions being for persons already on the NT roll who had notified a change of address. Over the same period there were 11 000 deletions to the roll, mainly transfers to other jurisdictions.

The rural councils accounted for approximately 10% of total NT enrolment activity over the 15 months to the close of rolls in September 2008. These transactions included 5500 transfers of address within the rural councils, 3000 additions to the roll and 4000 deletions and transfers out of council areas; 40% of all transactions related to the Litchfield Council roll. Compared to the rest of the Territory, enrolment activity was subdued in the eight new council areas in the lead up to both the 2008 LA and council elections.

Whilst the election activity over the previous 12 months boosted the number of NT electors, it did have an adverse impact on the accuracy of the rolls due to the restrictions the elections placed on regular roll review activities. Roll reviews identify those electors who have permanently left their enrolled address so that their names can be removed from the roll by an objection process, plus those electors who have not already been notified as deceased (generally very few). As a consequence, it is likely there were significant numbers of electors on rural council rolls who in fact had moved to new addresses outside the council area.

# 3.4 Enrolment Activity During the Election Period

An enrolment resource pack including posters, promotional material and forms was dispatched to reach remote council offices by 5 September. The NTEC also provided information in Election Bulletin No 3 to assist council and DLGH staff to witness enrolment forms and sight claimants' proof of identity documents. Detailed instructions were provided for the forwarding of completed enrolment forms to reach the AEC by the close of rolls on 23 September.

Compared to the three days available at LA elections, prospective electors had 11 days to enrol from the official announcement of the council elections to the close of rolls. During this period 249 enrolment forms were received, mainly for change of address, and 146 deletions processed for deceased electors and those transferring their enrolment to addresses outside shire council boundaries.

The NTEC received support from council and DLGH field staff in the distribution of enrolment forms, the provision of assistance to claimants and the timely forwarding of completed forms up to the close of rolls. This included the collection of completed forms in remote communities for subsequent faxing to the NTEC and AEC. Very few enrolments were received immediately after the close of rolls, indicating that the procedures were appropriate and adhered to by DLGH and council staff.

From the close of rolls until the declaration of the poll, a total of 736 enrolment forms were processed for rural councils, with 75% of these enrolments collected by polling staff at the time of voting or returned by electors shortly after the election. The majority of these forms were for transfers of enrolment across ward boundaries, but a significant number (220) were first time enrolments by young people. A total of 60 death deletions were made to the rolls during the election, based partly on information received by staff at the time of polling.

Whilst forms received after the close of rolls and especially during polling could not be added to the election rolls, the larger than anticipated number received during this period indicates the need for more field work and face-to-face contact with electors in remote areas on a regular basis, not just at election time.

Table 1. Enforment by council at the close of folis of 23 September 2000				
Rural Council	Enrolment			
Barkly	4 176			
Central Desert	2 679			
Coomalie	568			
East Arnhem	5 266			
Litchfield	10 778			
MacDonnell	3 317			
Roper-Gulf	3 667			
Tiwi Islands	1 533			
Victoria Daly	3 373			
Wagait	219			
West Arnhem	3 427			
Total	39 003			

Table 1: Enrolment by council at the close of rolls on 23 September 2008

The reduced turnout at both the LA and rural council elections in remote communities was an indicator of the rolls not being as up to date as would be the case following a full review. This was confirmed by mobile polling staff who received advice from electors about others who had either temporarily or permanently left their enrolled address as a consequence of the federal intervention in communities.

# 3.5 Roll Products

Following the close of rolls, data was supplied by the AEC for the printing of 74 reference rolls (used for enquiry purposes) and 180 certified lists (for marking off voters). The printing was undertaken by the Government Printing Office (GPO) over two days, under NTEC supervision, and comprised a total of 50 000 A4 impressions.

Due to the delays in applying council and ward boundaries, the area code printed against elector entries in both the reference rolls and certified lists was restricted to the RMANS area number. Whilst technically correct, the code was not a user friendly identifier and required the NTEC to undertake separate training for all polling staff to ensure that the correct ballot papers were issued. After the election, changes to a more recognisable alpha/numeric code to indicate shire/ward were notified to the AEC for inclusion on RMANS.

Following the application of boundaries, the NTEC printed a list of all streets and localities in the Territory showing the local government area and ward that applied. The list in the form of a booklet was provided to councils and the call centre to manage enquiries, and to mobile teams and polling places to assist with the issue of ballot papers.

#### **Reference Rolls**

Reference rolls were printed for each council showing the names and enrolled address for electors with the ward code that applied. In accordance with r11(2), the EC determined that the rolls supplied to councils were for public electoral enquiry purposes only and that CEOs would be responsible for their security and destruction after the election. A form of words was agreed to by the AEC and NTEC regarding public access to the hard copy roll and all council CEOs provided a written undertaking to make the roll available only on that basis.

No provision was made in the regulations for rolls in either printed or electronic format to be supplied to candidates for any purpose. The EC took the view that, as no change had been made to the NT Electoral Act 2004 to allow for the relevant divisional roll to be provided to a candidate at an LA election, despite a recommendation to that effect from the NTEC, it would be inappropriate to supply rolls to candidates at council elections.

Territory wide reference rolls were also printed in alternative formats showing the names of electors sorted A - Z by elector surname and separately A - Z by given name. These rolls were supplied to mobile teams and static polling places for enquiry purposes only to check the enrolled address and council and ward applying to absent voters. The A - Z roll was 600 pages in size and as there were 37 copies in each format; their production was a large and relatively expensive printing task.

#### **Certified Lists**

An average of 16 certified lists were printed for each council. The lists were in the same format as those used for federal and Territory elections and they were scannable so that elector names crossed off by polling officials could be read electronically post election to create a voters file and data extracted for analysis and reporting. The code against each elector was used to identify the relevant ward and determine the correct ballot paper to be issued.

# **Postal Voter Roll**

To improve the efficiency of postal vote processing, the NTEC developed an in-house electronic system to streamline the issue of postal ballots based on RMANS certified list data. It replaced manual procedures used at the 2008 LA election and resulted in significant improvements in mail lodgement time and operational efficiency.

#### 3.6 Post Election Processing of Voting Data

As the automated postal vote system allowed for the marking of returned postal vote envelopes, it was apparent that it could be adapted to record all electors marked off certified lists as having voted. Subsequent sorting by ward and council allowed reports of apparent voters and non-voters to be generated.

All council voting records were entered into the system over a three week period after the election, and electronic files of non-voters were extracted and loaded onto RMANS. This was matched against the current roll to cull electors who had a reason for not voting, e.g. electors notified as overseas or interstate or who had transferred their enrolled address as well as those marked as deceased since the close of rolls.

The in-house processing of voters from certified lists was more efficient and cheaper than the outsourced optical scanning system used for the LA election, but only because of the relatively small size of the task for the rural council elections.

Roper-Gulf requested access to the non-voter data for that council and it was supplied in electronic form in late January 2009 after the culling against RMANS. It was provided at no cost to the council. The council did not engage the NTEC to undertake any of its non-voter follow-up.

# 4. KEY RESULT AREA – PUBLIC AWARENESS

#### 4.1 NTEC Role

During the first half of 2008 discussions took place between the NTEC and DLGH regarding public awareness (PA) programs and media support for the projected rural council elections. With the appointment of the EC as RO, the meetings with DLGH focused on the most appropriate activities for each agency to provide.

There was broad agreement that the NTEC would be responsible for activities relating to the conduct of the election tasks set out in the regulations including nominations, enrolment, voting, the scrutiny of votes and the declaration of the poll. DLGH would be responsible for raising elector awareness of the new council boundaries and representative structures and of governance issues, including the provision of information to prospective candidates. Separately, LGANT agreed to provide its website for the display of election awareness materials and make their brochure 'So You Want to be on a Shire Council' available to prospective candidates.

In June 2008 NTEC and DLGH met to further define their public awareness strategies. At this stage the NTEC was able to provide a summary of planned election awareness activities and anticipated start dates based on past campaigns. Further progress was dependent on finalising arrangements with DLGH and councils over the specific details of the awareness campaign, the gazettal of regulations and the recruitment of Deputy Returning Officers (DROs). However, the NTEC expressed some caution as to its commitments and concluded that an early LA election would impact severely on its council election preparations.

By the end of June, the main features of the NTEC's election awareness program had been identified. These included:

- Implementing an independent advertising campaign under the NTEC banner making full use of regional media;
- Using the NTEC website as a major tool to provide election information;
- Issuing regular election bulletins to stakeholders to provide information at key stages and to clarify matters as they arose;
- Establishing a dedicated call centre for general enquiries; and
- Providing materials and training to support awareness activities to be undertaken by DLGH and rural council field officers and DROs in advance of the election.

The early calling of the LA election in July 2008 required a total review of planned awareness activities for the council election as there was some overlap between the two elections. In particular, the development of specific resources for the first phase of an enrolment and public awareness campaign was put on hold, including the preparation of information materials for use by council field staff. The NTEC was of the view that the short but intensive enrolment stimulation program undertaken for the LA election would directly improve the roll for the shire council elections. Given the anticipated volume of enrolments received up to the close of rolls for the LA election and the additional forms and other information received on polling day, a separate shire election enrolment campaign would, to some extent, be redundant. This view was subsequently proved correct in the light of the 249 enrolments taken during the rural council close of rolls period.

In the short period available after the conclusion of the LA election, the NTEC focused on preparing for the publication of statutory notices in accordance with the regulations. At the same time, councils were provided with material focused directly on the election such as enrolment information, rather than the background awareness raising and training materials as originally planned.

The diminished NTEC contribution to an election period public awareness campaign was inevitable given the immediate operational demands of the LA general election. At the end of July the NTEC recruited two additional staff to assist with the management of awareness activities for both the LA and council elections. By late August a detailed strategic communications plan for the council elections had been completed and provided to DLGH for comment and circulation to their stakeholders.

The NTEC also prepared drafts of election notices and material to be used in the first phase of advertisements. Discussions were held with newspapers, initially to arrange display advertising and, whilst not intended, this led to positive reporting about the elections ahead of their commencement with articles appearing in the Arafura Times, Territory Regional Weekly (circulating in the Litchfield council area), Tennant Creek and District Times and the Darwin and Palmerston Sun.

A challenge for the public awareness campaign was to distinguish those parts of the Territory where no elections were scheduled and where electors were not required to vote. These areas included any uncontested wards, the urban municipal councils and the unincorporated areas.

See Appendix B for full details of public awareness activities.

#### 4.2 Election Notices

Election notices were prepared and approved in accordance with the regulations. They were distributed in PDF format for newspaper placement and adapted as public display posters, web pages and email attachments. The notices covered:

- Nominations;
- The close of rolls;
- Whether voting was required 31 out of a possible 49 elections were contested with another partially failing and being subject to a supplementary election in December 2008;
- Early voting;
- · Mobile polling the latter with a separate schedule by council; and
- A 'Voting Today' notice in plain English for each community.

Where feasible, the notices were individualised by council and emailed to DROs and council offices for display at community service centers, schools and roadhouses. The 'Voting Today' notice was faxed and emailed to each community in advance of mobile polling teams.

All statutory notices, plus the more general election awareness advertisements, were placed in the NT News as the most widely distributed newspaper in the Territory. They were also placed in relevant regional newspapers specific to local councils to ensure that there was a further depth and reach within the community of interest. Additional press advertising took place to advise the electors as to the council and ward they resided in, which wards were contested, the location of static polling places and where full or assisted access was available for people with disabilities.

In the case of Litchfield Council, the NTEC lodged direct mail for the approximately 3000 electors who had PO boxes at Howard Springs and Humpty Doo to advise that whilst there were contested elections for ordinary members in two wards only, the election for President required all electors to vote. This



Picture: Who does and doesn't vote poster

information was also repeated in a full page advertisement in both the Darwin Sun and Palmerston Sun.

The NTEC contacted the NT Cattlemen's Association and provided information for their members regarding postal voting deadlines and alternatives, including voting at the time of mobile team visits if more convenient.

# 4.3 Election Bulletins and Media Releases

The NTEC issued nine election bulletins commencing on 14 July with the last issued post polling on 28 October 2008. They were emailed to senior council officers and candidates after the declaration of nominations and to other stakeholders on request.

The bulletins set out:

- The responsibilities of the NTEC and council officers;
- Additional services that could be provided at the local level e.g. assistance with enrolment and nominations;
- Details regarding the NTEC's public awareness campaign;
- Key contact officers including DROs;
- Voting arrangements;
- Information for candidates e.g. requirements to authorise campaign materials (see Appendix C); and
- The post election timetable.

The bulletins were also used to flag emerging issues.

#### Media releases

Thirteen media releases were distributed throughout the course of the election and related to key events surrounding the election timetable.

#### 4.4 Electronic Media

The majority of the public awareness budget was spent on television and radio advertising as it had the potential to reach the largest number of electors, irrespective of their level of literacy or where they lived.

#### Television

Four television advertisements were developed for screening on Southern Cross (Central 7 and Darwin 7), Channel 9 and Imparja. These were all 30 second spots and pitched at the whole of the Territory, avoiding where possible reference to individual councils. The four advertisements were put to air in 717 spots over the three networks at a total cost of \$37 000 with the following topics and timing:

- Close of rolls broadcast from 12 to 23 September in waves alternating between prime time and low times to allow engagement with different target audiences;
- Provision of early voting and postal voting 11 to 23 October;
- Who votes/Who doesn't vote Advice regarding wards where voting was required and the 16 uncontested wards where it was not required - 11 to 24 October; and
- Mobile polling 11 24 October.

#### Radio

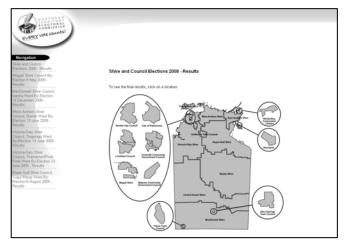
Radio was regarded by the NTEC as the most flexible of the election media as it could be used to give both a wide and general coverage and could access specific audiences in remote areas. Around 1002 advertisements were aired on seven radio stations, including the CAAMA network, with the advertisements running concurrently with those on TV. The scripts and the four themes of the TV campaign were used as the basis of the radio ads but with presentation by local radio staff. Presentations were in English and local languages including Arrente, Pitjantjatjara, Kriol, Anmatyerre, Yolngu, Warlpiri and Tiwi.

Feedback received after the election indicated that local radio was the most important communication tool in remote areas, but that it could have been more effectively used, both in the amount of coverage and by especially tailoring it to the target audience. Positive comment was made at the post election conference at Nhulunbuy on the support given to the election in East Arnhem by ARDS Yolngu Radio.

# 4.5 Web-Based Public Awareness Activities

The NTEC gave prominence to the council election on its website by providing a homepage hotlink to dedicated election pages that provided detailed election information in step with the election timetable. Details and images were provided of all approved forms (e.g. the nomination form), the candidates' handbook, all public advertising text and media releases.

Links were also established from the homepages of the NT Government's intranet and internet homepages. All statutory notices were shown on the website and an interactive map of each council allowed access to ward details without the need for users to follow complicated text.



Picture: NTEC Website screenshot

Following the declaration of nominations, the names and photos, if authorised, of candidates and their public contact details were posted to the website, together with a poster showing photos of all candidates for a ward. All media releases, TV and radio ads, information brochures and updates to the mobile polling schedule were also shown.

After the conclusion of voting, election night counts were posted to the web, with totals updated after the recheck and progressive counts during the following week.

Final results were posted after the distribution of preferences on the evening of 31 October 2008.

An analysis of traffic on the NTEC's website indicated 46 000 page views by the public from the commencement of the election to the declaration of results, a level of enquiry similar to that at the August 2008 LA election. In anticipation of the load, the Data Services Branch of the NT Dept of Business and Employment reconfigured the website to improve user navigation. These changes included improving links with other websites and installing an improved navigation menu, incorporating new page content using plain English and interactive maps.

The peaks in web enquiry were at the declaration of nominations and during the early voting and mobile polling period but, unlike the LA election, there was little enquiry from polling day to the declaration of the results. It was apparent from the pages viewed that the mobile polling schedule and the map showing the contested and uncontested wards were of most interest. All media advertising included directions to the website for further information.

# 4.6 Call Centre

A call centre was established at the NTEC Darwin office to provide a toll free, standardised and immediate response to enquiries from the public via an 1800 number. Its main function was to offer support to callers and deal with concerns and queries from electors and stakeholders. It operated during normal business hours from 22 September to 31 October with extensions to 7pm on the evenings of the close of early polling and polling day.

The call centre received 818 calls over the election period, of which 90% were received prior to or on polling day, the busiest day being 24 October with 73 calls. The centre was staffed part-time by a manager and up to three other staff. It operated at minimum cost as it was staffed on a needs basis from a pool of officers undertaking post LA election tasks. Virtually no calls were missed and there was a minimum waiting period for callers.

An analysis of calls indicates that 140 related to enrolment, 300 to polling arrangements (including the mobile polling schedule), 35 to postal voting, and 33 to election results. The remaining calls concerned staffing, publicity and advice regarding electors unable to vote.

The centre was an important election contact point with many callers being referred to the website for information about postal voting, mobile polling and election results. A significant number of callers were prospective candidates, council staff and polling officials. Generally it was the first point of contact for enquiries and complaints from stakeholders and voters as all public calls to the Commission during the election were initially directed to the call centre.

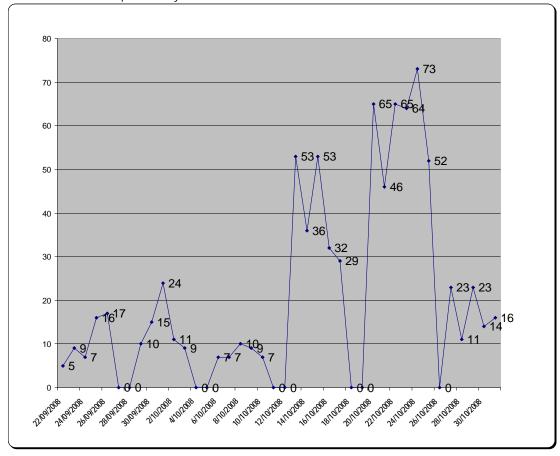


Chart: Call Centre Enquiries Daily Totals

# 4.7 Effectiveness of Public Awareness Campaign

A review of the public awareness campaign was undertaken immediately after the conclusion of the election and included interviews with electoral officers (particularly those out-posted to regional centers) and the input of DLGH and council staff at the feedback sessions held at regional centers. The NTEC also took into account comment from candidates and the public and the views of top end rural councils from meetings in Darwin.

The general view expressed by officials and other stakeholders was that the NTEC PA campaign, plus activities undertaken by DLGH and councils, was as comprehensive in coverage as needed and in some local media at saturation level. As for information for stakeholders other than the public, positive comments were received regarding the distribution and content of the NTEC election bulletins at key stages of the election.

The effective distribution of information about the mobile polling schedule was paramount in the NTEC's advertising. Feedback indicated that the schedule was widely distributed and that generally communities and institutions were made aware of the time and location of mobile polling, but visits by electoral staff prior to the election would increase awareness.

The Commission considers that all PA strategies set out in its election communication strategy were delivered. Despite some overlap and problems with timing, feedback from a range of stakeholders confirmed that the

separate PA programs undertaken by DLGH and individual councils boosted elector awareness and interest by prospective candidates.

A notable absence from the election was campaigning by candidates, including the distribution of how-to-vote (HTV) cards, other than for elections for the top end councils and in a number of wards in the remote councils. Possibly as a consequence of the subdued nature of campaigning, election articles in the media were limited and included complaints from electors regarding the lack of information provided about candidates. However, when candidates prepared and distributed HTV cards, there was evidence that some were not authorised and may have contravened the legislation. The NTEC was criticised for the lack of candidate information, but it has no role in campaign or candidate promotional activities.

# 5. KEY RESULT AREA – ELECTION MANAGEMENT

#### 5.1 Call for Nominations

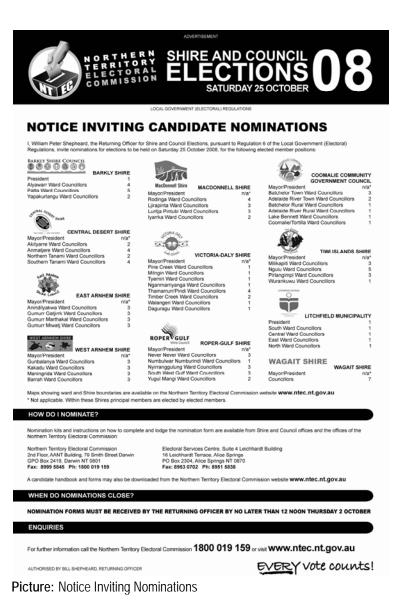
The first administrative duty in the election timetable is to invite nominations. The invitation must be made at least 43 days before polling day and be advertised by notice published in a newspaper circulating in the relevant council area and by any other means the RO considers appropriate [r6 (1)&(2)].

In accordance with the regulations, the RO published a notice on 12 September, replicated shortly after in regional press in all council areas, inviting nominations for elections to be held on 25 October 2008.

The notice set out:

- The election date;
- The member positions to be contested for each council;
- The date for close of nominations; and
- Where nomination forms and further information could be obtained.

The only adverse comment on the notice made at post election feedback sessions related to the confusion as to polling day. The election date of '25 October' was in the bolded heading and there was no separate reference to mobile polling commencing before



that date, although mobile polling arrangements were widely advertised separately in the press, the electronic media and by means of posters.

#### 5.2 Distribution of Candidate Packs

The candidate pack contained:

- A candidate's handbook;
- An information brochure; and
- The forms needed to nominate, enrol to vote, appoint scrutineers and apply for postal votes.



The packs were available from the permanent offices of the NTEC and its website and from council offices. They were also available from DROs in Nhulunbuy, Katherine and Tennant Creek when temporary offices were opened in these centers from 17 September.

An estimated 500 candidate packs were distributed directly to candidates through NTEC and council offices, and, in some cases, were made available to candidates in remote communities by DLGH field staff. The NTEC dispatched bulk supplies of the packs to council offices for the opening of nominations. Whilst community leaders were active in canvassing nominations in a number of remote areas, the NTEC is not aware that they distributed any forms.

A survey of nomination forms received indicated that 38 (18.0% of the total) were on forms downloaded from the NTEC website or photocopied from a web based original. As the majority of the downloaded forms had the candidate signatures dated early in the nomination period, it could indicate that the nominations were completed before all NTEC staff were in the field. Candidates resident in remote locations made greater use of the web based form, particularly in Barkly Shire where 14 of the 19 nominations were in web format.

Whilst the web did provide easy access for prospective candidates, it does raise concerns as to whether the nomination handbook containing background information was downloaded at the same time. A further problem noted was the compression of the page size when printed off the web. This does not appear to have inconvenienced candidates and the format has now been amended.

Feedback post election by DLGH and council staff and community representatives indicated that the distribution of forms and kits was appropriate and that the full three week nomination period was needed. Even then, it was stated by one council representative that it was not possible to contact the more remote outstations in the time available. It was also stated that it would have been preferable if all DROs had been at regional centres from the beginning of the nomination period to distribute and receive completed forms and provide information.

# 5.3 Nomination Form and Candidates Handbook

In accordance with longstanding practice at municipal elections, a single nomination form was used whether nominating solely for the position of principal or ordinary council member, or for both positions. The form was amended to conform to the new regulations and to incorporate information agreed with LGANT. The form and particularly the declaration of eligibility, was subject to further scrutiny by officers of the Department of Justice to ensure that it met election requirements.

Difficulties in completing the nomination form arising from its layout and wording reported both during the election and at post election feedback sessions included:

- The selection of the appropriate tick box that applied for nominations for principal or ordinary member, or both;
- The option to complete the field for 'Campaign Manager or Alternate Contact' as some candidates assumed that it was compulsory; and
- Providing information in English language only. At one feedback session it was considered that it would have been helpful if information was shown in other languages as well.

It was also apparent that some prospective candidates had difficulty in determining if the reference to 'senior council employee' on the declaration applied in their case, as it could disqualify them from office as set out at s37(1)(d) of the Act.

Failure by a number of candidates to complete date of birth or gender fields did not void their nomination but did prevent full reporting of candidate statistics.

Changes were made to the handbook to include a checklist to assist in the completion of the nomination form and a flowchart setting out the various stages in the election, the latter suggested by DLGH.

The NTEC will consider the comments received in any revision of the nomination form and candidates handbook, and will seek guidance from council authorities. However it needs to be noted that the form and handbook will need to meet the needs of candidates contesting both municipal and shire elections in 2012.

#### 5.4 Receipt of Nominations

Nominations had to be received by 12 noon on Thursday 2 October 2008 by the RO or authorised officers, the latter restricted to the DROs and certain NTEC staff. Whilst council and DLGH staff provided assistance in the transmission of completed forms, nominations were not deemed to have been lodged until they had been received by the RO or an authorised officer.

Prior to the election, discussions took place between the NTEC and DLGH regarding possible arrangements for the lodging of nominations at council offices, but no definite policy or procedures were agreed. With the opening of the nomination period, the NTEC circulated advice to councils regarding the faxing of completed nomination forms received at their offices, including procedures for the transmission of candidate photos and deposits (Election Bulletin No 6). The NTEC also sought a written declaration of neutrality from DLGH and council staff involved with election related tasks, including the transmission of nomination forms, this being a normal requirement for persons undertaking legislated election duties.

On 22 September (after the commencement of the election) the NTEC sought to clarify with councils in Election Bulletin No 7 that nominations could only be lodged with the RO or certain authorised officers as confusion had emerged amongst stakeholders as to the role of service centre staff in the nomination process.

Essentially, service centre staff could expect to be called upon to act as a conduit between candidates and the Returning Officer but the service centre staff members were not appointed in an official capacity by the NTEC.

However, it was, of course, inevitable that service centre staff would be drawn into the nomination process by local candidates and so the NTEC issued guidelines as to how nominations needed to be lodged. The NTEC also provided neutrality statements in accordance with past practice which sought confirmation from persons likely to handle nominations that they would do so with impartiality.

The distribution of instructions and neutrality statements did seem to create further concerns in some quarters. Neutrality statements were not signed by everyone. In fact, the NTEC became very worried that candidates might not be able to get a consistent and reliable assistance from their local service centres and candidates themselves might also be confused as to the nomination requirements. As a consequence, the NTEC put special arrangements in place with Shires to facilitate the lodgement of nomination deposits for this election only.

From an election management perspective, the arrangements that evolved were not entirely satisfactory. The neutrality of service centre staff was not guaranteed (although most council staff members who were involved in providing assistance to prospective candidates eventually did sign and return the neutrality declaration). Moreover, difficulties were encountered in obtaining common agreement across council offices and community resource centres on procedures for the handling of deposits, with at least one office refusing to accept any money and others opting to hold the deposits in their accounts pending the election results, despite the legal requirement for the RO to return deposits to candidates, where appropriate. Also, not all centres could provide secure storage of nomination forms received or scan and email candidate photos.

The requirement for nominations to be received only by the RO or DROs and other authorised officers limited the locations at which forms could be formally lodged to the NTEC offices in Darwin and Alice Springs, the NTEC's temporary offices in Katherine, Nhulunbuy and Tennant Creek and at other locations when authorised officers were present. In the latter case, NTEC staff were in attendance at Jabiru, Nguiu, Litchfield, Coomalie and Wagait council offices on the day of close of nominations.

During the nomination period, council offices and service centres provided most useful assistance in the handling of forms, especially in the first week when the NTEC was still establishing offices in regional centers. In some cases council staff held the forms until they could be formally received by a DRO or NTEC officer in person. In other cases councils faxed nominations to the NTEC's Darwin office with the photo and money forwarded electronically. A number of nominations were initially lodged at remote community service centers and faxed to the relevant DRO with separate arrangements made by the candidate for the deposit and photos to be lodged later.

It was also apparent that nominations and deposits from remote communities were hand delivered to DROs by persons other than candidates, including council staff and DLGH field officers.

Despite the early confusion in the nomination period, it was clear that the flexible arrangements that were in place at the close of nominations did not pose particular impediment to candidates.

The NTEC had effective procedures in place to check forms and no nominations were rejected due to failure to complete mandatory fields or to supply a candidate photo and deposit. Checking of nominations was limited to the correct completion of the form and declaration, confirming candidate and nominator enrolment details and the receipt of the deposit and candidate photos. The onus remained on candidates to confirm their eligibility to nominate, and serve on council if elected, by signing the declaration.

A survey of all nomination forms received indicated that:

- 67% of forms were lodged at NTEC offices or directly with DROs, the balance being handled initially at council offices;
- 20% of forms were lodged on 2 October (the last day for nominations) and of these only a relatively small number were signed by the candidate on that day. Approximately 50% of forms were received at least two business days ahead of the close and most of the balance was signed at least a week ahead.

Whilst it is not possible to draw detailed conclusions from the dates of completion and submission of nomination forms, the above statistics would indicate that prospective candidates were aware of the election, were able to obtain the nomination form, complete it correctly and submit it by the deadline on 2 October. This was supported by comments made at post election feedback sessions. Also, as fixed four year terms will apply at future elections, prospective candidates will have considerable notice of the cut-off date for lodging nominations.

#### 5.5 Nominators

All nominations were lodged with at least the minimum number of three nominators and 75% had the recommended six. This recommendation of six nominators had been made by the NTEC in the event that a nominator was not enrolled. As nominations opened before the close of rolls, there was a potential that a nomination could be rejected after lodgement if the number of nominators dropped below the minimum due to transfer of enrolment outside the council area or removal from the roll by objection action on grounds of non-residence. In no case did this eventuate.

#### 5.6 Candidate Photos

The NTEC supplied guidelines in the candidate handbook on the taking and transmission of photos and established procedures to match photos on receipt to the relevant nomination form. All candidates supplied photos, however in a number of cases it was difficult to upload them from remote sites due to poor e-mail facilities and other photos needed enhancement at the ballot paper printing stage.

#### 5.7 Nomination Deposit

There was frequent reference at post election feedback sessions about the size of the deposit required and complications it caused in lodging nominations. Concerns raised included:

- Some candidates had difficulty in raising the \$100 deposit, especially with Centrelink limiting the cash component of social security payments. In some cases public collections took place to raise the deposit.
- There were difficulties in lodgement due to the absence of formal banking facilities outside the regional centres resulting in the deposit needing to be paid in cash. A common complaint was that the deposit should be payable electronically, allowing the nomination form itself to be faxed or scanned and emailed.
- Return of deposits. Two thirds of candidates provided bank account details and this assisted in the return of
  deposits electronically. Refund cheques were posted to the remaining candidates. A number of the cheques
  posted were returned to the NTEC as unclaimed as the postal address supplied was not complete or no
  longer applied or the candidate had not picked up their mail.

The NTEC recognises that the lodgement of deposits in cash or bank cheque is a problem for candidates in remote communities. The Commission does not support suggestions that provision be made for electronic lodgement as the facilities to verify receipt are not currently available within the short deadlines involved. At the 2012 elections, the fixed date will provide prospective candidates with a longer lead time to forward deposits.

A nomination deposit is not required at local government elections in South Australia or Tasmania, with no apparent negative consequences. This could also be considered if it is deemed that the deposit issue needs to be further addressed.

#### 5.8 Declaration of Nominations and Draw for Ballot Paper Positions

The declaration of nominations and draw for ballot paper positions took place on 3 October and was managed by the RO at the NTEC office in Darwin and by DROs at Nguiu, Jabiru, Nhulunbuy, Katherine, Tennant Creek and Alice Springs. The declarations were attended by the press, candidates, DLGH and council staff and the public. No problems or delays were encountered and the names of candidates and the ballot paper order by council and ward were published and posted on the NTEC website. The process was assisted by the 24 hour delay between the close of nominations and the declaration provided for in the regulations.

Vacant positions			117
Nominations received:	President	7	
	Ordinary member	204	
Total nominations			211
Total nominations from females		66	
Candidates nominating for mayoral & ordinary member positions 5		5	
Candidates nominating for president position only 2			
Candidates standing for member positions of	only	199	
Total candidates standing			206
Total females standing		64	

Table 2: Summary of nominations received by category

At the close of nominations the status of the 47 council and two principal member elections was as follows:

- Contested 31 elections with a total of 184 candidates;
- Uncontested 17 elections with 27 candidates;
- Partially failed one election for Iyarrka Ward, MacDonnell shire. The supplementary election to fill the vacancy was held on 13 December 2008.

Sixty six of the nominations were for female candidates (31% of the total). Of the 75% of candidates who provided their age on the nomination form, 21% were aged 35-44, 37% aged 45-54, and 26% aged 55-64. See Appendix E for further details of numbers of candidates standing, gender and age range.

See Appendix D for details of candidates standing, elected in a contested election and elected unopposed.

# 5.9 Printing of Ballot Papers

The printing of ballot papers commenced immediately after the conclusion of the declaration of nominations and the draw for positions on the ballot papers so that postal vote packs could be posted and stocks supplied to regional offices for early voting. A second printing of ordinary and declaration ballot papers followed. The NTEC had effective quality control procedures in place with the Government Printing Office and, apart from improving the imaging of three candidates' photos early in the first round of printing, ballot papers were printed to specification and on time.

The volume of printing required was not large, but significantly more complicated than that for the 2008 LA election. This was due, in part, to the number of candidates, but also to the requirement to set-up, proof and print 32 separate ballot papers (including open ballot papers) and a complete postal set against a short deadline. It is anticipated that at the 2012 council elections there will be a significant increase in both the number of ballot papers to be printed and candidates shown thereon as municipal councils will also be involved.

# 5.10 Voting Services – Overview

The extensive geographic spread and to some extent the disparate nature of communities covered by the eleven rural councils posed challenges to the NTEC in providing accessible services to candidates and voters over an area of 1.3 million sq km. A further complication was the unusual circumstance where a general election was taking place for only part of the jurisdiction, in this case for the incorporated areas outside Darwin, Palmerston, Katherine and Alice Springs.

As outlined in the regulations, a range of voting services was provided to meet the needs of all electors. In the case of Litchfield and Wagait councils, the most accessible voting service for electors was to provide static booths on polling day. For the single contested ward election in Coomalie council, mobile teams operated at two locations on polling day in lieu of static booths. In the eight remote shires, voting facilities were provided principally by mobile teams operating over the two weeks up to polling day, with static booths operating in Nhulunbuy, Jabiru, Katherine, Tennant Creek and Alice Springs on polling day. Early voting facilities for electors in all rural councils were provided in the regional centers, at Litchfield Council and the NTEC Darwin office. Postal voting was provided to all registered postal voters and other electors who applied.

# 5.11 Early Voting

Early voting centres operated from Wednesday 8 October to Friday 24 October 2008. They were located at the council offices at Bees Creek, Jabiru, Nhulunbuy and Tennant Creek, at the government office in Katherine and at NTEC offices in Darwin and Alice Springs. The 1349 electors who voted at early voting centres lodged a total of 1971 ballot papers, including those for the simultaneous ballots for the popularly elected principal members for Litchfield Council and Barkly Shire Council.

Early voting takes place by electors declaring their entitlement by signing a declaration vote envelope. Despite the more complicated procedures, no specific problems were encountered in the issue of early votes or in their determination for inclusion in the count and the lodgement of low numbers of ballot papers for any particular electorate would raise the issue of the secrecy of the ballot (Note: At LA elections early voters are marked off a certified list and provided with ordinary ballot papers, in the same fashion as at a static booth on polling day.)

Approximately 8% of electors voted at early voting centers, compared to 11% at the 2008 LA election. Despite this small drop, it was apparent that where voters could access a centre, they took advantage of the facility (e.g. 12% of Litchfield voters voted early, 10% in Barkly including 20% in Patta ward based on Tennant Creek and 11% in West Arnhem including 25% for Kakadu ward based on Jabiru). See Appendix F for details of early voting by council and region and Appendix G for a full list of early voting centre locations.

# 5.12 Postal Voting

As previously described, the NTEC developed a system linked to an electronic copy of the roll to streamline the issue of postal votes. This allowed extraction for printing of personalised postal vote certificate envelopes, and generation of reports to reconcile votes issued, mail lodged and postal vote envelopes returned.

A total of 669 postal votes were dispatched by the final date for mailing on 23 October. Of these, 542 were sent to registered postal voters with a further 127 to electors who applied for a postal vote prior to or during the election period. The first lodgement for all registered postal voters took place on Monday 6 October comprising 560 postal voting packs, representing 85% of all postal votes issued during the election.

A problem arose with the quality of photographs on a small number of ballot papers for MacDonnell Shire on which the candidate photos were below standard. A number of these were included in the initial postal mail-out in order to meet deadlines, and the GPO subsequently used enhancement techniques to improve the images for later mailings.

Further mailings from Darwin were of low volume and in all cases took place on the day of receipt of the postal vote application. DROs in regional centers issued a total of 31 postal votes and all completed postal votes were returned to the office of the relevant DRO for processing.

As a follow up to the first mailing, a reminder letter was sent to all postal voters on 13 October advising them to return completed ballot papers as soon as possible; information on mobile and early voting was also provided if this would be more convenient. Electors made positive comment regarding the reminder letter as in some cases the delivery of their postal vote mail had been delayed.

The timetable provided electors with 19 days from the first mailing date to the close of polling to complete postal ballot papers and up to 6 pm on Friday of the next week (31 October) for their return. This was generally sufficient time for registered postal voters and those who submitted applications early in the election. In the final week before polling day 41 postal votes were received, of these 27 or 66% were completed and returned to the NTEC by the deadline.

The extended council election timetable allowed sufficient time for the mailing and return of postal ballots compare favourably to the nine days to polling day that applied at the 2008 LA election. Only a small number of completed postal ballot papers were received after the 31 October deadline and of these very few were from postal voters who were sent ballot papers early in the election period. An examination of those received late, or rejected prior to the count on the ground that the declaration was signed after polling day, indicated that mail to addresses in the eastern Barkly area serviced via the Mt Isa Mail Centre was significantly delayed in delivery.

Of the 669 postal votes mailed, 461 or 68.9% were returned to DROs by the cut off for admission to the scrutiny on 31 October, and a further 32 were undeliverable and returned endorsed 'RTS'. A small number of additional completed ballot paper envelopes and other mail including RTS were received after deadline. The following table summarises postal vote issues and receipts.

 Table 3: Postal voting summary

Postal Voting Details	No.	%
Postal Vote Packs Issued To		
Registered Postal Voters	542	81.0
Postal Vote Applicants	127	19.0
Total Issued	669	
Postal Vote Envelopes Returned		
Returned by deadline and admitted to further scrutiny	461	68.9
Undeliverable & Endorsed 'Returned to Sender'	32	4.8
After the deadline	6	
Total Returned	499	
Scrutiny Check		
Postal Vote Envelopes Admitted	425	92.2
Postal Vote Envelopes Rejected	36	7.8

Comparison with return rates at the 2008 LA election are not easily made due to the uncontested elections for the divisions of Macdonnell and Arnhem, but returns from remote locations were higher at the local government elections.

The overall return rate of 70% by the cut-off for admission of votes is better than the returns from remote divisions at an LA election, especially as more postal voters at the LA event cast their vote at a polling place or with a mobile team instead.

The ballot paper envelopes returned by the cut-off were scrutinised by DROs and admitted to the count if the declaration was appropriately completed. A total of 425 postal vote envelopes containing 580 ballot papers (including principal member ballot papers) were admitted to the count. Thirty six envelopes were rejected due to voters or witnesses failing to sign the declaration or the signature was dated after polling day. See Appendix F for further postal voting details by council and region.

Arrangements for postal voting at the October elections were appropriate. The 19 day period from the dispatch of mail allowed postal voters who submitted an application early in the election period to get their vote back by the cut-off for the count. The automated postal vote issuing system performed to specification and was important in the speedy lodgement of mail.

# 5.13 Mobile Polling

Mobile polling is provided for electors who reside in areas where it is impractical to establish static polling places or who, for other reasons, cannot easily get to a polling place or vote by post. This includes electors in small communities outside urban areas (but not necessarily remote) and electors confined to institutions including hospitals, aged care facilities and prisons. Mobile polling is also employed as a flexible alternative to static polling as it allows a number of small communities to be provided with attendance voting facilities for only part of the day e.g. at Acacia Store and Acacia Larrakia in Litchfield Council and Adelaide River and Batchelor in Coomalie Council.

Approximately 50% of voters at the October elections cast their ballots with mobile teams. After allowance for the predominance of static polling for Litchfield and Wagait councils and in Tennant Creek, mobile polling was the prime means of voting for communities in remote areas. See Appendix F for details of mobile voting by council and region.

#### Planning

Detailed planning for mobile polling could only commence after the gazettal of ward boundaries on 30 June 2008 and the confirmation of the date of the election. The draft schedule of communities to be mobile polled was based

on current enrolment, voting patterns at recent federal and Territory elections, the most efficient means of travel to individual or groups of communities, the availability of accommodation for staff and operational experience gained at the 2008 LA election.

Over recent elections there has been a steady move to favour road over air travel due to increasing costs of air charters, improvements in outback roads and the flexibility that vehicles provide in adjusting teams' schedules.

#### **Staffing of Mobile Teams**

Thirty six staff were seconded from other electoral authorities or recruited locally to make up the 15 two or three person mobile teams. Team leaders were composed mainly of professional officers currently working for electoral authorities. The balance was experienced casuals and temporary staff who had worked on mobile teams at federal and Territory elections. All teams included a female officer with the exception of the team based at Borroloola. The employment of eight staff from the AEC (both from the Darwin office and interstate) highlights the importance of maintaining a close relationship with experienced officers, the AEC and interstate electoral agencies to ensure effective mobile polling at all NT elections.

Team leaders were authorised to employ local assistants for the hours of polling at individual communities. Local staff can have a positive impact on the rate of formality as they are able to provide assistance with language and identify electors who may need assistance with voting. In some centers persons were available who had previously undertaken this work, but in general there were difficulties in identifying and recruiting staff immediately prior to polling, with only 29 election assistants being employed.

#### **Mobile Polling Schedule**

Council CEOs were provided with the first draft of the mobile polling schedule in early September, including communities to be visited and their current enrolment. Councils were requested to check the schedule and offer feedback based on their knowledge of whether individual communities needed to be visited and if the planned dates were appropriate. A significant number of replies were received and where reasonable the variations were incorporated into the final draft schedule. The process therefore, proved especially useful in identifying communities originally omitted.

The draft schedule was finalised after the close of nominations when it became evident that elections were not needed in a number of wards in remote areas and an amended schedule was provided to council CEOs for review. This resulted in the addition of new locations and deletion of others as they were not occupied or funerals were underway. The feedback provided was most positive and resulted in improvements to the schedule, highlighting the need for continued co-operation between the RO and council staff at future elections to develop mobile schedules.

Issues not fully resolved included the status of some outstations and whether they should be polled, the currency of enrolment statistics and access to qualitative information about communities. It was apparent once polling started that the timetable should have taken better account of the most appropriate time to visit the larger communities, especially those close to regional centers where participation was reduced when voting took place late in the week. It was also clear that where greater liaison was achieved by NTEC officers with community service centre staff, more effective mobile polling arrangements were established. The mobile polling schedule at the elections is reproduced at Appendix G.

# **Mobile Polling Publicity**

The NTEC finalised the mobile polling timetable in early October and it was immediately emailed to council offices and community service centers. The date and venue of polling for all communities was notified by press advertisements commencing on 8 October. DROs also emailed posters, customised for each community, setting out the date and venue of polling and a reminder phone call was made the day before polling. This notification was backed up in some instances with field visits by DLGH staff ahead of the mobile polling teams.

Due to limited access to print media in remote areas, the NTEC prepared a detailed program of radio advertising ready to put to air once the mobile polling timetable was finalised. This was delivered over local radio networks and was based on a short standard script that could be easily translated. The advertisement ran for 30 seconds but in the case of translated versions this could extend up to one minute. The ads referred to which wards were going to election and where mobile polling was taking place. Across the Territory, an estimated 1 000 advertisement 'spots' were put to air over the two weeks of the mobile polling period.



Picture: Polling schedule advertisement

Table 4: Mobile Polling - 14 Day Radio Advertising Campaign 11 – 24 October 2008

The mobile polling advertising campaign was extensive and focused on informing remote communities of the time and date of team visits. Feedback post-election indicated that the schedule was widely distributed and had more

Organisation	Language
ARDS	Yolngu Matha and English
CAAMA	Anmatyerre, Arrernte, Pitjantjatjara
TERRITORY FM104.1	English
8HA-SUNFM	English
RADIO LARRAKIA	English & Kriol
• TEABBA	English & Tiwi
PAW Radio	English, Warlpiri, Pitjantjatjara

coverage than at any previous electoral event. However, subsequent research by the NTEC indicates that additional radio translations would have been beneficial, including translations into Luritja (MacDonnell/Central Desert), Gurindji and Murrinhpatha (Victoria-Daly) and Warumungu (Barkly).

# Mobile Polling – Fieldwork

Mobile polling commenced with teams departing from Darwin, Nhulunbuy, Katherine, Tennant Creek and Alice Springs on Monday 13 October. Fifteen separate teams visited 208 centres in all rural councils (except Wagait) using 15 vehicles, including three from the NTEC, and the equivalent of 20 days of fixed wing aircraft and five days helicopter charter.

Not all polling was in remote areas as visits were made to aged care and health facilities in Katherine and Tennant Creek and hospitals and gaols in Darwin and Alice Springs. An additional six remote centers were visited at the lyarrka supplementary election. If elections had been held in all wards, it is anticipated that it would have required 20 mobile teams to poll the 250 voting locations identified.

Most teams traveled by 4wd, with aircraft used mainly in the northern councils to reach islands or where road access was difficult. A helicopter based at Maningrida was used for polling along the north coast of West Arnhem Shire where 22 small communities were visited for an average polling time of 45 minutes. A similar intensive schedule using fixed wing aircraft based at Nhulunbuy and Ramingining allowed 22 communities to be polled in East Arnhem Shire. In Roper-Gulf Shire, aircraft were used to poll at Bulman, Numbulwar and the communities surrounding Booroloola. Further south, aircraft were used for polling at Alpurrulam, Titjikala, Apatula, Walangurru and Kaltukatiara, all distant communities where it **Picture:** Remote mobile polling Wadeye was not efficient to poll by road teams.



Mobile teams were required to adhere to the published timetable and some flexibility was built into travel times to achieve this. If it was necessary to alter the schedule due to delays in polling or travel or where it was evident that a community had temporarily moved to another location, team leaders were required to contact the DRO so that alternative arrangements could be notified in advance.

Changes to polling arrangements were made at short notice for Papunya and Wadeve following advice that residents were temporarily absent. At Willowra a second visit by the team was required due to the absence of a significant number of electors at the time of the first visit. In Barkly Shire, long distances between polling places combined with poor roads led to the late arrival at a number of centers including Wutungurra and Ali-Curung. Generally there were few cases where polling did not start at the advertised time and no reported cases of electors not being able to cast a vote during scheduled visits, though in some cases an extension was needed to the closing time for polling. There were no interruptions to the polling schedule due to weather.

#### 5.14 Absentee Voting

An absent vote can be claimed by an elector seeking to vote at a polling place or with a mobile team operating in a different council area to that in which the elector is enrolled. It should be noted that an ordinary vote is issued if an elector is enrolled in a different ward to that in which the polling place is located provided their enrolment is in the same council area. This is an important consideration as mobile polling teams moved between different wards within the same council.

The regulations require electors who are voting outside the council area in which they are enrolled to complete and sign a declaration envelope showing their name and enrolled address. To assist in issuing the correct ballot papers, polling staff were provided with a reference roll of all electors in the 11 councils. No problems or delays were experienced in issuing absent votes or the subsequent checking to determine admission to further scrutiny.

A total of 395 electors cast absent votes, 2% of votes cast overall, with the highest rates being in the remote shire council areas. There is no clear reason for the low level of absent voting at the council elections other than voting facilities were not as widely available as at a full NT election. It was also evident to mobile polling staff that some electors in remote areas were of the view that they could only vote in the community where they were enrolled, as was the case at previous community council elections. These circumstances will change at the Territory-wide council elections scheduled for 2012 when static booths and early voting centers are likely to operate in all councils, including urban areas, making absentee voting more accessible. If there is a greater demand for absentee voting, in line with the demand at the 2008 LA general election, greater pressure will be placed on static polling staff in the issuing of declaration votes. See Appendix F for details of absent voting by council and region.

# 5.15 Provisional Voting

A person is entitled to a provisional declaration vote if:

- Their name is not shown on the roll for the council for which they claim to be enrolled [r22 (c)]; or
- Their name is shown on the roll but already marked as voted [r22 (d)].

Declaration votes were issued to 104 persons in accordance with r22 (c) & (d), of which 38 were admitted to the count. See Appendix F for details of declaration voting by council and region.

# 5.16 Static Polling

Static polling places operated between 8 am and 6 pm on polling day Saturday 25 October within Litchfield, Wagait and Barkly councils and at Darwin and regional centers. At this election, no static booth operated in the Tiwi Islands council area. Mobile teams operated for part of polling day at Adelaide River and Batchelor (for Coomalie council – Adelaide River Rural ward) and at Alyungula (for East Arnhem council).

A total of 6471 electors voted at static polling places, approximately 40% of the turnout. However, there were significant differences between councils in votes cast at these centers, directly related to the convenience polling place locations offered to electors. In Litchfield, the five static booths accounted for 5013 voters (85% of the turnout) and the one booth in Wagait recorded 171 votes (95% of the turnout). The only other static booths where a significant number of votes were recorded were at Jabiru with 226 votes (50% of the turnout in Kakadu ward) and Tennant Creek with 951 votes (70% of the turnout in Patta Ward).

In regional centers the static booths were located at the Yeperenyre Centre in Alice Springs, civic centers in Katherine and Tennant Creek, the Jabiru Youth Centre and Nhulunbuy primary school. In the Darwin region, the five regular polling places in Litchfield Shire were used, plus Wagait Council, Kormilda College, Ludmilla Primary School and the NTEC Darwin office. Full or assisted wheelchair access was available at 11 of the 13 static polling places and amenities at all centers met NTEC service delivery standards. Polling in Jabiru took place at the Youth Centre instead of the council hall normally used due to a prior booking, resulting in claims from a number of electors that the move was not widely known. See Appendix F for details of static polling by council and region and Appendix G for a full list of static polling place locations and.

# 5.17 Services to Electors with a Disability

The NTEC seeks to provide voting facilities for electors with a disability. As part of preparations, the NTEC notified disabled groups regarding the availability of specific voting facilities. Polling officials were also trained to provide assistance to electors with a disability and procedure manuals were updated to incorporate relevant instructions. The services provided at the shire council elections included:

- Mobile polling of elector's resident at institutions including hospitals, renal dialysis centers and aged care centers in addition to remote communities.
- Postal and early voting services for electors who could not attend a polling place because of illness, infirmity or approaching maternity plus electors caring for another person with a medical condition.
- Early voting centers and static polling places that offered full or assisted wheel-chair access and where possible, parking facilities for people with a disability. Polling procedures also allowed electors to vote from their vehicles if needed.
- On request, allowing electors who were unable to record their mark to obtain assistance from a nominee or an electoral officer at polling centers or from an authorised witness if voting by post.
- Increasing the font size on ballot papers and simplifying wording to allow electors with vision impairment or low literacy skills to more easily read the instructions.
- Provision of magnifying sheets to enlarge ballot papers for people with vision impairment at early voting centers and polling places.
- Providing captions with TV advertisements to assist people with a hearing impairment.

# 5.18 Vote Counting

### **The Scrutiny**

As part of the NTEC's election project plan, a timetable for the scrutiny and determination of results was prepared setting out key milestones and staff responsibilities. Council CEOs were advised of manual and computer counts (see Appendix H). The count processes, procedures and post-poll activities timetable were provided to candidates and other stakeholders in Election Bulletin 9 (see Appendices I, J).

The timetable and arrangements for the scrutiny provided for the following:

- The determination of formality and the preliminary manual count of 1st preferences on ordinary ballot papers;
- A manual count of elections for five wards and two principal member/president positions with single member vacancies;
- The examination of postal, absent and provisional voter declaration envelopes to determine if the ballot
  papers contained could be admitted to the scrutiny and the forwarding of envelopes to the relevant DRO;
- Data entry into *EasyCount* and verification of all preferences shown on ballot papers for 24 elections with multi-member vacancies;
- Counting of final postal votes after the deadline for receipt;
- The distribution of preferences in *EasyCount* or by hand and the determination of results; and
- completion of recounts, if ordered by the RO.

Counting commenced at the conclusion of voting at 6pm on Saturday 25 October. All ordinary and postal votes to hand were counted by DROs at regional centres and the Darwin office with preliminary 1st preference counts posted to the NTEC website on the Saturday evening.

Between Monday and Thursday following polling day, the ballot papers for the 24 complex counts with multimember vacancies were sorted before entry into *EasyCount*, with each ballot paper being entered twice to ensure details were verified. The counts for elections for single member vacancies were undertaken manually.

All postal voting and other declaration vote envelopes were checked against RMANS in Darwin and Alice Springs during the week and forwarded to the relevant DRO for further scrutiny. If admitted, the ballot papers were included in the count. The final postal vote envelopes were checked after the deadline for receipt at 6 pm on Friday 31 October and votes entered into *EasyCount* or manually counted for the single member elections. The RO had standby arrangements in place if postal votes were received at the close that needed transmission to another office, but in the event this was not required.

With all ballot papers entered into *EasyCount*, the system was used to allocate preferences to successively elect members until all positions were filled. In Barkly council the count for President was undertaken first so that the

successful candidate could be excluded from the subsequent ward member count as the four candidates had nominated for principal and ward member positions.

During the counts, six ties required a draw by lot. The draws were undertaken as directed by the RO and witnesses were present in all cases. A draw took place in the following counts:

- Barkly Yapakurlangu Ward (last position);
- Central Desert Southern Tanami Ward (count Nos. 4, 5 and 7);
- MacDonnell Rodinga Ward (count No. 4);
- Wagait Council (count no 8).

The RO monitored all counts as they progressed and when preliminary results were available after the distribution of preferences, the RO immediately ordered recounts in the following wards:

- · Barkly Yapakurlangu Ward no change to result after recount;
- · Roper-Gulf Never Never Ward no change to result after recount;
- West Arnhem Kakadu Ward no change to result after recount.

The initial counts of the above wards were all done under computerised counting. Consequently the recounts took the form of reading back entries to the recorded data and RO assessment of any queries raised by scrutineers or counting staff during that process.

The preliminary results of all elections were posted to the NTEC website as soon as they were available and the final results were subsequently posted by DROs and the RO at the formal declaration of results held at the NTEC's Darwin office and regional centers on Monday 3 November. See Appendix K for declaration of the poll times and venues. Appendix L summarises the number of members elected by gender and age range.

# 5.19 Participation

There were 34 125 electors enrolled for the contested wards in the eleven councils and a total of 16 956 electors voted, giving an overall participation rate of 50%. The average masks significant differences in turnout between councils and wards and in remote areas between communities. As an inaugural election for the eight remote councils, the differences are not unexpected and to some extent reflect varying experience at elections for the previous community government councils.

Whilst the elections were for all non-urban areas of the Territory plus the town of Tennant Creek, there was a clear divide between the three councils in the rural area around Darwin and the eight councils in the remote areas. Voting in the Darwin region was principally at static polling places and in the remote councils by mobile polling. Details of participation by council and ward are provided at Appendix M.

# **Turnout for Mobile Polling in the Remote Councils**

A total of 10 750 electors voted in the eight shire councils outside the Top End, giving a turnout of 47% for the 23 034 electors enrolled. Approximately 80% of ballot papers in the eight councils were lodged with mobile teams, the balance being lodged at polling places as absent, early and ordinary votes or returned as postal votes.

A direct comparison of the turnout in the eight remote councils to that at the 2008 LA election is not possible as the LA divisions of Macdonnell and Arnhem did not go to poll. However, by substituting 2005 LA election data for the council areas covered by Macdonnell and Arnhem, the overall turnout for mobile polling dropped by approximately 10% compared to the 2008/2005 LA election results, and by 20% if compared to the same area at the 2007 federal election.

There were significant variations in turnout for mobile polling between locations visited. Thirteen communities with a combined enrolment of 250 electors did not record a vote with a mobile team, and a further 48 communities recorded between one and five votes each. Team leader reports indicate that in most cases the nil returns were the result of residents being elsewhere at the time of the visit including attending funerals or voting nearby e.g.

Barkly electors at Atnarara (Soakage Bore) voted at Alparra instead. A number of the nil returns were for small communities that were only polled as they did not require a diversion off a main route and, at the time of the visit, no electors were present. Once a schedule is notified to the public, it usually must be adhered to even if subsequent information would indicate resident electors are not currently at a designated polling place.

The low turnout at a proportion of the communities visited could not be anticipated and was consistent with experience at previous NT and federal parliamentary elections.

At the other end of the scale, in 25 communities with a combined enrolment of 650, the votes cast, boosted by visitors, and exceeded the number of electors enrolled. Mobile teams reported that at smaller communities generally, all electors voted who were present at the time of the team visit.

The drop in turnout compared to that at the LA election was particularly marked at the larger centers visited by mobile teams. There were 17 communities with enrolments greater than 100 with a combined enrolment of 8000 where the turnout was 40% or less, with half of these having a turnout of 30% or less. Major communities with a relatively low turnout included Maningrida (25%), Amoonguna (25%), Milingimbi (26%), Beswick (26%), Santa Teresa (28%), Ngukurr (29%) and Yuendumu (32%). This analysis includes postal, early and absent votes cast, but in most wards these votes made up only a small proportion of the total.

In contrast, the higher overall participation in Barkly (57%) and Tiwi (60%) was due to the above average turnout in the larger communities e.g. in Tiwi Shire, Nguiu recorded a turnout of 59% and in Barkly Shire, the larger communities of Wutunugurra, Ampilatwatja, Ali Curung, Elliot, Alpurrulam and Canteen Creek had an average turnout of 65% for the 1015 electors enrolled. The town of Tennant Creek (Patta Ward) recorded a turnout of 66%, the same as at the 2008 LA election. Similarly, a turnout above the average took place in the South West Gulf and Never Never wards in Roper-Gulf, both wards where mobile polling staff reported that candidates mounted active campaigns.

There is no single reason for the drop of approximately 10% in turnout for mobile polling compared to that at the LA election, as the election advertising and the schedule and procedures were based on those used effectively at the 2008 LA and 2007 federal elections. But, in those state jurisdictions with compulsory voting, the turn-out at local government elections is significantly lower than at the respective parliamentary elections, with the drop being far more than the rate experienced in the NT.

However, there was an apparent lack of overall media interest in the election and subdued campaigning by candidates in all councils. At the LA and federal elections, party workers were present in the larger communities to hand out material and mobilise voters and it was significant at the council elections that where candidates did campaign, the voter participation rate was above the average.

An additional factor that contributed to the low turnout was the apparent movement of enrolled electors away from remote communities to the urban areas, whether temporary or not, without corresponding changes to the roll. The NTEC's processing of replies to non-voter correspondence arising from the LA election indicated that many electors had moved address away from communities and an informal review of the roll undertaken at the time of the lyarrka by-election provided quantitative data as to the extent of the movement, at least for communities in the Centre. A recent policy change by the AEC in removal of names from the roll by objection has also served to protract the objection process and roll quality and raw turnout rates have suffered to some extent as a consequence.

# **Turn-out in the Top End Councils**

The top end Councils of Litchfield and Wagait and the contested Adelaide River Ward in Coomalie collectively had an enrolment of 11 091 at the close of rolls and a turnout of 6206 or 56% of voters. Wagait recorded a turnout of 86% from an enrolment of 219 and Litchfield 55% from an enrolment of 10 778, the latter with an election for council president that at previous elections had generated significant interest.

Electors in the Darwin area had comparatively easy access to voting facilities at early voting centers operating in Darwin and Bees Creek, plus eight static booths operating on polling day. The NTEC's election awareness campaign in the electronic media had coverage equal to that in the more remote areas and was more extensive in the top end print media. The NTEC also delivered an election information brochure to all boxes at Humpty Doo and Howard Springs POs and to Robertson Barracks.

### 5.20 Informality

A total of 2147 ballot papers of the 19 103 votes cast at the rural council elections were determined as informal, an informality rate of 11.24%, significantly higher than the 4% average informality recorded for the corresponding rural divisions polled at the 2008 LA election. Even after allowance is made for the differences in the rates for a number of wards, the average informality remains at 10%, consistent with that experienced at the municipal council elections in March 2008.

The NTEC examined all informal votes from the election and grouped the results into categories of informality that were either apparently 'intentional' informality or 'unintentional' informality. A summary of findings follows:

- 30% of informality was due to difficulties by voters in marking preferences in a sequential number range i.e. numbers were duplicated or non-sequential;
- 8% of informality related to the use of ticks and crosses. This was noted in a number of wards (but not all) where there were two candidates e.g. Roper Gulf/Numbulwar Numburindi and Victoria Daly/Milngin wards;
- Informality was highest where there was a larger number of candidates e.g. 30% for East Arnhem/Gumurr Miwatj and 25% for Central Desert/Anmatjere which had nine candidates each;
- Informality in the top end councils was lower than the average, particular for Tiwi Islands and Wagait. Whilst
  informality in the three elections for Litchfield Council was lower than the average, apparent intentional
  informality (e.g. blank, scribble and 'all the same' numbers) accounted for 80% of the total;
- A significant proportion of electors, particularly in the remote rural councils, experienced difficulty in marking their ballot paper with formal preferences for all candidates in accordance with the instructions, with the level of informality rising with the number of candidates shown.

Whilst the relatively high level of informality at the rural council elections could be related to electors not having experience in preferential voting for this number of candidates, it should be noted that the same level of informality applied at the March 2008 municipal elections, with rates ranging between 6.7% and 11.6% depending on council and ward. Following that election, only the mayoral informal ballot papers were examined. At the municipal elections there was active campaigning and a wide distribution of how-to-vote cards and other candidate information that would have assisted electors to cast a formal vote.

See Appendices N and O for an analysis of the types of informality at the October elections by council and region.

# 5.21 Eligibility to Nominate – Litchfield Council Complaint

A person is, unless disqualified, eligible for election as a member of a council if they are enrolled for a place of residence that is their 'real place of living'. A nomination must be:

- In the approved form;
- Accompanied by a declaration by the nominee that they are eligible for election; and
- Received before 12 noon on nomination day.

Nominations are not made public until the declaration of nominations and draw for ballot paper positions, normally held at 12 noon on the day after nominations close at a general election. A person may withdraw their nomination at any time up to the close of nominations.

On receipt of a nomination, the RO is generally obliged to rely on the declaration by a candidate as confirmation that they are eligible to stand for election. The RO checks the enrolment details of the nominee and the nominators to confirm that they are enrolled for the council area as required by the Act. The reliance by the RO on the nomination declaration and the electoral roll to confirm a candidate's eligibility accords with electoral practice in all other jurisdictions.

After the declaration of nominations, and prior to polling day, a complaint was made to the RO and separately to DLGH officers and the Minister for Local Government that a candidate for Litchfield council might not be eligible on the ground that the person did not reside in the council area. The complainant referred to the possibility that the candidate had made an inaccurate declaration (whether knowingly or not) and requested that the RO reject the nomination in question and call off the election, despite early voting and postal voting having already commenced. The complainant also requested that the legislation be reviewed to 'tighten up' the eligibility provisions to ensure the situation was not repeated.

In response, the RO advised the complainant that no action could be taken at that stage to either declare the candidate ineligible to stand or to suspend or call off the election as the nomination form and declaration had been completed in accordance with the legislation and accepted before the close of nominations. At no time before or after the close of nominations did the candidate make any admission of mistake and there was no allegation from anyone that the candidate's enrolment was fraudulent.

Once it became clear that the election was to proceed, the complainant issued a media release calling for electors not to vote for the candidate due to the 'ineligible enrolment' and, if the result of the election was subsequently to be overturned by legal action, questioning who would be liable to fund the ensuing by-election. The media release was also provided to the Minister and RO with a covering letter seeking clarification of the relevant legislation regarding enrolment and legal liability. Immediately after the election, the candidate in question wrote directly to the Chief Minister drawing his attention to assertions made in the media release and suggesting a breach of the Act. In the event, no legal action ensued, either official or by any of the parties involved.

The Commonwealth Electoral Act (CEA), and by extension the NTEA, defines a person's real place of living for enrolment purposes as:

**'real place of living** includes the place of living to which a person, when temporarily living elsewhere, has a fixed intention of returning for the purpose of continuing to live at that place'. s4 CEA

This concept can be difficult to apply and at times relies heavily on applicants making a judgment call with respect to the particular address they consider as their residence. In this case, the candidate owned the Litchfield property and habitation at which she was enrolled. Irrespective of any lack of clarity as to a person's real place of living, if the RO considers that an elector is no longer entitled to continued enrolment for a particular address, their name can only be removed in accordance with the objection provisions set out at ss114 -118 of the CEA. This process requires investigation by the AEC (as managers of the joint Commonwealth/NT roll) and takes, in practice, a minimum of seven weeks to complete. Irrespective of any impending determination of an objection, the RO is unable to have an elector's name removed from the roll after the close of rolls for a council election (s87 of the Act) or LA election (ss8 and 48 of the NTEA).

The handling of this complaint was a challenging administrative task, given the short deadline immediately prior to polling day and the continuation of correspondence after the election. The response to the original complaint was further complicated by both parties making separate representations to a number of officials in addition to the RO regarding the application of the legislation.

The action taken by the RO in relation to the complaint was in accordance with the legislation and consistent with election practice as applied elsewhere in Australia. The official response confirmed that the Act and regulations

adequately covered the circumstances and provided a sufficient basis for the election to proceed. It also highlighted that:

- The RO is the only officer who can make determinations regarding the eligibility of candidates, subject to Court action or a gazetted direction by the EC (r5);
- The names of persons nominating remain confidential until the public declaration after the close of nominations;
- Section 39(1) (c) of the Act provides that a person ceases to be a member of a council if they are no longer enrolled in the council area. Removal under this provision (if the candidate is elected) would be dependent on a determination by the delegated AEC officer as to the continued eligibility of the person to enrolment at the claimed address, but that any investigation and action arising could only take place after the election.

The accuracy of the roll or the eligibility of a candidate is not grounds to have an election cancelled or suspended. Practice in all jurisdictions is that complaints about the eligibility of candidates are determined, if required, post election according to the prescribed legal process. It is noted that at three recent federal elections, the result in a particular division was overturned after polling day as the successful candidate was deemed ineligible either on the ground of having 'an office of profit under the crown' or not satisfying citizenship criteria. In each case the candidate declared at time of nomination they were eligible and the election proceeded accordingly.

# 5.22 Iyarrka Supplementary Election

A supplementary election for the lyarrka Ward of MacDonnell Shire was required as only one nomination was received for the two ordinary member positions at the general election. The election took place as soon as practical to make best use of voter awareness from the general election and NTEC resources. The early filling of the vacancy also allowed MacDonnell Shire Council to convene with a full complement of members.

The supplementary election was announced on 31 October for a poll on 13 December 2008. At the close of nominations, two nominations had been received and arrangements proceeded for mobile polling at eight remote locations and in Alice Springs, including the hospital and gaol. Early voting and static polling



facilities were established at the NTEC's Alice Springs office and postal voting was made available. A total of nine postal and three early votes were received, with all other votes cast with the mobile teams. Details of the mobile schedule and votes received are set out at Table 5.

Date	Polling Place	No. Enrolled 2008	Ballot Papers Counted	Turnout %	Ballot Papers Counted		Assisting Voters 2008		Enrol Forms
Date					Fed 2007	LA 2005	NTEC	OTHER	Rec'd 2008
3.12.08	Erldunda	6	1	16.7	12	3	0	0	0
3.12.08	Imanpa	123	66	<i>53.</i> 7	63	73	10	5	4
4.12.08	Curtin Springs	9	0		9	3	0	0	0
4.12.08	Mutitjulu	145	34	23.4	73	86	7	2	9
4.12.08	Uluru-Kata Tjuta Ranger Station		4						2
5.12.08	Imanpa		9				4	0	0
9.12.08	Kaltukatjara	196	103	52.6	57	101	6	2	14
10.12.08	Areyonga	158	67	42.4	84	97	0	0	7
12.12.08	AS gaol		3						
12.12.08	AS hospital/AS town		6						
	Total	637	293	46.0	298	363	27	9	36

Table 5: Iyarrka Ward – Comparative Turnout & Service Statistics

Given the 40% turnout in MacDonnell Shire at the general election, particular attention was paid to arrangements for polling at the election. Shire council and DLGH staff based in Alice Springs provided the RO with considerable assistance and traveled to communities ahead of the mobile team to raise voter awareness. Based on their advice, changes were made to the mobile schedule to include the Uluru Ranger Station and to return to Imanpa due to ceremonies at the time of their first visit. At Areyonga, voters were initially reluctant to vote as the lyarrka member elected unopposed at the general election was based in the community, but polling eventually proceeded after shire staff clarified the position with voters.

In contrast to arrangements at the general election, community electoral assistants (CEAs) were available at all centers polled. They were employed by the NTEC to interpret, identify names on the roll and, if needed, assist electors to vote. This assistance, to 36 voters, may have had a positive impact on the informality rate (6.3%), which was significantly lower than at the general election, even though only two candidates were standing.

Overall turnout at the by-election was 46% but, based on information collected by the mobile team; this significantly understates the level of participation. The team observed that, as at the general election, all electors voted who were present in communities at the time of the team visit. As a further check on participation, a review of the roll was undertaken by the team during their visits to the communities of Kaltukatjara, Areyonga and Imampa to identify electors who had not voted and to determine if they had permanently left.

The review indicated that there had been considerable movement by electors to other communities and out of the area since the last roll review and enrolment programs undertaken in mid 2007. In the three communities surveyed, an estimated 30% of enrolled electors (144 persons) were claimed to be no longer resident, having moved mainly to Alice Springs (106) or interstate (21). Additional information was also collected on deceased electors and those who were temporarily resident in Alice Springs. It was claimed by residents and local staff that most electors who had left were now resident in Alice Springs.

The information would partly account for the low turn out at the elections in communities in the Centre. It points to the need for on-going roll review activities in remote areas and regional centers and the importance of enrolment and public awareness campaigns undertaken at the community level immediately prior to an election.

# 6. KEY RESULT AREA – CORPORATE SUPPORT

# 6.1 Human Resource Recruitment, Support and Management

### Administrative and polling place staff

In common with all electoral authorities, the NTEC has a small establishment of permanent officers which is supplemented significantly at elections with temporary contract and casual staff. The NTEC followed the practice adopted for the appointment of regional co-coordinators at LA elections and filled all DRO positions for the council elections with professional electoral officers with current or recent service as electoral practitioners. As the LA election was held in early August 2008, key project staff, recruited for that event, was retained until the conclusion of the council elections.

To supplement the NTEC's permanent and long term contract officers, a total of 103 temporary staff were recruited for the council elections, of whom only a small number worked over the whole seven week election period.

Ca	tegory of staff	No. employed	Duration of employment
•	Static polling places	44	Employed on 25 October only Staffing of booths
•	Mobile polling	36	Employed for between 1 and 2 weeks Included 8 staff seconded from other electoral authorities.
•	Casual	13	Employed for varying periods for up to 5 weeks Office assistants and early voting centre staff
•	Seconded	10	Mainly employed for 6-7 weeks over election period 2 staff employed on planning prior to the election

 Table 6: Temporary and casual staff employed for council election

In almost all cases temporary staff were appointed who had experience in managing elections in the more remote areas of the NT. A total of 10 temporary officers were recruited for DRO and supervisory positions with six seconded officers being recruited from other electoral authorities.

Given the short time available after the LA election, it was not possible to have DROs in place in the four regional centers prior to the commencement of the elections. This did cause some problems early in the nomination period but generally working relationships were quickly formed with local shire and DLGH staff. If the EC is appointed as RO at the 2012 election, the fixed date will allow the finalisation of recruitment so that DROs can be in the field before the commencement of the election.

# **Training of Polling Staff**

Training manuals were updated for the election to include references to the new Act and regulations and to incorporate feedback at the recent municipal and LA elections. In addition, all staff issuing ballot papers were required to attend face-to-face training to ensure that the correct procedures were observed for marking the rolls and for issuing different ballot papers for the various wards included on the same roll. Staff were briefed to provide appropriate information to electors who attempted to vote for an uncontested ward.

A revised remote mobile polling manual was developed based on that used for the LA election together with a separate training power point presentation for the four hours of training required for all mobile staff. The extended training was necessary for team leaders to cover the new legislation and council set-up, updated OH&S policy, the handling of petty cash, recruitment of local staff and improved procedures to apply if polling was delayed at one centre that could have flow on effects later in the day.

# 6.2 Regional Centre Deployment

Deputy Returning Officers were deployed as regional co-coordinators to Alice Springs (2), Katherine (2) and Nhulunbuy (1) to provide electoral expertise at these regional hubs until after the declaration of the polls. Tennant Creek, at the request of the local shire CEO, was also allocated a DRO. Regional co-coordinators in Katherine and Alice Springs employed casual staff to assist with pre-election voting and other office duties.

Details of the allocation of DROs are shown in Appendix P.

### 6.3 Information Technology and Communication Support

### **General Support**

The Commission greatly appreciated the work of staff from the Department of Business and Employment (DBE) who provided prompt and responsive support prior to and during the election period, including updating the website. That support was provided centrally in Darwin and by other support staff in regional centres.

### **Hardware Support**

Desktop computers, printers, telephones and facsimile machines acquired for seconded and casual staff for the LA elections were retained and re-assigned for LG election projects in the Commission's offices and regional centers set up for the election.

Satellite telephones were provided to mobile polling teams traveling to remote areas of the Territory. Commission staff were able to maintain contact with mobile team leaders and the leaders to advise the Commission of voting statistics and emerging issues.

# **Software Support**

As part of preparation for the rural council elections, the NTEC entered into a fee-for-service arrangement to use *EasyCount*, the AEC's vote counting software, to replace the time-expired *Compuvote* system previously used by the NTEC. *EasyCount* is a Windows based application that allows the automatic counting and allocation of preference votes for complex multi-member constituency counts following the data entry of voters' preferences marked on ballot paper. The application is stable, well documented and widely used by other electoral authorities.

*EasyCount* was installed onto NTEC computers by an external contractor prior to the election and a system administrator with considerable AEC experience was employed to set up files, train staff, monitor the count and ensure quality control procedures were maintained. Four networked PCs were used for counts undertaken in Darwin for the Tiwi Islands, Wagait and West Arnhem shires. All other regional centers - Alice Springs (Central Desert and MacDonnell shires), Nhulunbuy (East Arnhem), Tennant Creek (Barkly) and Katherine (Roper-Gulf and Victoria-Daly shires) each had two stand-alone laptops loaded with the software, with one allocated as risk insurance in the event of laptop failure. This did not occur.

#### EasyCount provided:

- A reduction of staff time required to undertake the count and allocate preferences;
- A facility to produce reports for staff and scrutineers; and
- An ability to maintain a full audit trail at all stages of the data entry and subsequent processing.

The NTEC used its in-house election management system (EMS) to record, store and provide data to plan and conduct elections. It no longer has suitable functionality and the NTEC is seeking to replace the system.

Adobe CS3 software was acquired for the 2008 LA election and the Commission was able to retain the services of two officers with graphic design skills who supplied the NTEC with the expertise to meet industry advertising and public awareness standards for the council elections.

# 6.4 Election Budget

Budgets cover the NTEC's four strategic areas:

- Enrolment activities;
- Election awareness and publicity;
- Election conduct; and
- Corporate support.

Charges to councils for conducting elections are only made on the basis of recovery of the marginal costs incurred by the NTEC. They do not include items such as:

- Work undertaken by NTEC permanent staff during normal hours;
- Work undertaken by NTEC executive staff during normal and after hours;
- Cardboard election equipment and other general election stores;
- Indirect overhead expenses of the agency;
- The usual NTEC commercial management fees charged for fee-for-service elections;
- Fees and charges for the use of special counting software to conduct electronic counts;
- Local government stationery in stock and produced in-house;
- Time devoted to election planning and council liaison undertaken between general elections; and
- Use of NTEC office vehicles, premises and office facilities.

When an approach is made for the NTEC to conduct an election, an estimate of charges is prepared on the basis of an outlined operating environment. The estimate contemplates all elections being contested. The majority of costs are associated with advertising/public awareness and staffing costs including salaries, accommodation, travel and travel allowances.

Early estimates of costs in March 2007 for the inaugural shire elections were made in the absence of precedence, legislation, an operating model and other critical specifications. The figure was based on the costs of service delivery at the 2005 Legislative Assembly elections and adjusted for the proposed shire areas and for inflation.

In February 2008, when more clarity existed, an operating model was tentatively determined and a detailed estimate of \$1 100 000 was arrived at on the basis that all elections would be contested. These initial estimates of election costs included a component for a non-voter program.

For the purpose of budgeting, these estimated figures were not binding as marginal costs only applied and the actual costs could vary, depending on how many wards went to election, the number of electors in each ward, the amount of polling required, where the polling places were located and the logistics of travel, travel time, accommodation etc.

\$900 000 was approved as part of new local government shire establishment funding, to assist with costs associated with conducting the inaugural elections. The NTEC accordingly revisited some of its program content to take this into account.

The NTEC commonly asks for a substantial advance from councils to defray necessary costs incurred during program planning and implementation. For the October 2008 elections, advances were received as follows:

Advances received from DLGH	\$400 000
Advances from ten new shires and one rural council	\$373 863
Final payment from DLGH	\$130 000
Treasurer's Advance	\$ <u>95 056</u>
Total	\$ 995 056

# 6.5 Operating Controls

New cost centers to cater for the elections were established before the end of June 2008, by which time the Electoral Commissioner had been appointed returning officer and preliminary purchasing was being effected.

The election period commenced 12 September 2009 with the placement of advertisements advising of the opening of nominations. This allowed approximately one month after the conclusion of the Legislative Assembly elections, during which most council election planning had been placed on hold, for project personnel to change focus and rapidly coordinate with suppliers and providers over major program requirements for the October elections.

The pay and recruitment sections of DBE were approached to ensure timely processing of staff details, procurement guidelines were checked for compliance and ITC liaison was stepped up in regard to hardware and software support and implementation needs for the newly acquired vote counting system. The advertising/public awareness budget was monitored to ensure containment of expenditure within agreed limits.

The final resolution of routes and schedules for mobile polling depended on the number of contested elections and, in some instances, community events requiring amendments to approved itineraries. Processes for providing mobile teams departing Alice and Darwin with cash reserves, vehicles, and satellite phones were refined and executed. Difficulties with some normally accessible accommodation being secured by intervention officers were resolved (e.g. bookings in Nhulunbuy were problematic).

# 6.6 Overall Expenditure

Actual expenditure was \$995 056, of which \$900 000 was funded by the councils and DLGH. The residual amount between funding allocation and actual expenditure was covered by a Treasurer's Advance. The NTEC is advised this is unlikely to be the case in the future and understands that future elections for both municipal and shire councils will be fully funded by councils. Election costs may therefore need to be a recurrent budget item for councils in which an annual amount is set aside.

Similarly, councils could consider setting aside a contingency amount each year for ad-hoc by-elections: any amount not used by end April, could be expended May/June on other program areas. The contingency amount in the 2011-2012 financial year could go towards the general election costs as no by-elections will take place due to the fact that councils can effect an appointment to a casual vacancy in the 12 months preceding the next general election, if they have a policy in place to that effect [see LGA s39(5)].

As these were the inaugural elections, the NTEC can provide no comparative costs. As shown in the following table, in March 2008, the elections for the Darwin, Palmerston, Katherine and Alice Springs municipalities cost a rounded \$280 000 (76 604 electors in <1% of the NT land area compared with 39 003 electors covering most of the remaining area).

Election Type	No. Elec	tors	\$		
Election Type	On Roll	Voting	Total Expenditure		
Municipal council March 2008	76 604	54 096	280 000		
Shire and rural council October 2008	39 003	16 956	995 056		
Total	115 607	71 052	1 275 056		

 Table 7: Electors on Roll & Voting, Total Expenditure

The mobile polling program, with a higher cost per vote than attendance voting, plays a vital role in polling in shire remote areas.

Costs were divided amongst key expense areas as outlined below:

	\$	% (
OPERATIONAL EXPENSES	GST exclusive	
Property/ Premises Hire	52 802	
Communications (postage, phones etc)	16 987	
Printing	35 578	
Marketing & Promotion (advertising, publicity etc)	133 822	
Equipment (stationery, consumables etc)	4 729	
Travel (airfares, polling official TA, accommodation, charters etc)	193 615	
Vehicles (hire, fuel, etc)	46 257	
ITC charges	20 110	
Other (freight, insurance, legal, various miscellaneous etc)	32 705	
Subtotal Operational Expenses	536 605	
EMPLOYEE EXPENSES		
Permanent Staff Overtime	17 040	
Agent Services (secondments, fees including travel allowance if applicable)	172 020	
Polling Officials	229 501	
Casual Staff	15 307	
Payroll Tax/Super & Other Staff	24 583	
Subtotal Employee Expenses	458 451	
TOTAL	995 056	

Table 8: Shire and Rural Council Election Costs

Notes:

• The above costs do not include notional costs for recruitment and payroll processing by the government service provider Department of Business and Employment Services.

• The costs included expenditure for a supplementary election in Iyarrka Ward. (MacDonnell Shire) in December 2008 due to partial failure of the election for that ward at the inaugural elections.

After the event, non-voter data was provided to Roper-Gulf Shire at no cost to council.

Election type	Expenses as % of Total Expenditure				
Election type	Operational	Employee			
Municipal 29 March 2008*	41.2	58.8			
Legislative Assembly 9 August 2008	43.1	56.9			
Shire/Rural Council 25 October 2008	53.9	46.1			

\* Remote mobile polling with its associated costs is not required in municipal elections

of total costs 5.3 1.7 3.6 13.4 0.5 19.5 19.5 4.6 2.0 3.3 53.9

> 1.7 17.3 23.1 1.5 2.5 46.1

The following table shows costs to the individual elections.

Shire/Rural Council No. Electors		No. E	lections	Shire and Rural Council Election Costs			
	On Roll	Voting	Contested	Uncontested	Actual \$	% of total	Area Km.sq
Barkly#	4176	2391	4	0	116287	11.7	323800
Central Desert	2679	1038	3	1	88080	8.9	282100
East Arnhem	5266	1698	3	1	156149	15.7	33420
MacDonnell	3317	1059	3	1~	106504	10.7	268900
Roper Gulf	3667	1612	5	0	119004	12.0	185900
Tiwi Islands	1533	724	2	2	37063	3.7	7492
Victoria - Daly	3373	759	2	6	81964	8.2	167900
West Arnhem	3427	1469	4	0	105157	10.6	49910
Subtotal	27438	10750	26	11	810208	81.4	1319422
Coomalie	568	44	1	5	13465	1.4	1514
Litchfield#	10778	5976	3	2	135229	13.6	2914
Wagait	219	186	1	0	12116	1.2	6
Subtotal	11565	6206	5	7	160810	16.2	4434
Total	39003	16956	31	18	971018		1323856
Iyarrka By-election~	687	307			24038	2.4	
Grand Total	39003	16956			995056		

 Table 10: Electors on Roll, Voting, Contested & Uncontested Elections, Costs Comparisons by Council

~ partially failed election

# includes principal member elections

The costs provided in the table are actual costs incurred and provide a guide for formulating a budget for future general elections.

Charges are attributed to individual councils using the following principles:

- Council specific expenditure is charged fully to the actual council concerned (e.g. Litchfield Council's special Voting Services DL Brochure);
- Region specific expenditure was charged proportionally to the councils within the relevant region on the basis of their enrolled numbers (e.g. regional advertising according to radio and television broadcast footprints);
- Territory-wide expenditure was charged proportionally to all councils on the basis of their enrolled numbers (e.g. common polling stationery and stores).

# 7. FORWARD PLANNING

The following are matters that the NTEC suggests need to be both noted and addressed during the planning for the 2012 local government general elections. These suggestions are based on the NTEC's operational experience as RO for all municipal and shire general elections in 2008 and in anticipation that it will again be appointed to fulfill that role in 2012.

# 7.1 RO Appointment and Resourcing

# **Appointment of Returning Officer**

Under the current legislation, councils have the option of appointing the NTEC, its CEO or another person as RO. If the council has not appointed a RO six months before the general election, the CEO becomes the RO by default.

The NTEC believes it should be made sole provider, at least for general elections. There are a number of reasons to support its position, namely:

- The NTEC is the sole provider for NT LA elections and local government elections are run largely along the same lines;
- The NTEC does not charge councils commercial rates, only marginal costs. As a consequence no other tender would be able to provide the service near the price that the NTEC charges;
- There is no competitive market for electoral services in the NT. The AEC is the only other possible service
  provider and it charges commercial rates far in excess of the NTEC marginal costs for its fee-for-service
  elections. The AEC also does not have resources in Central Australia and would therefore only ever
  contemplate running elections in Darwin. The AEC would also be unavailable to conduct a general election if it
  clashed with a federal election, and it does not operate on fixed federal election dates;
- The NTEC conducts general elections by seconding staff from other electoral authorities, primarily the AEC. This operational model has fostered a strong collegiate and co-operative basis for the delivery of electoral services and information sharing in the NT, which would be jeopardised by the establishment of any form of commercial competitiveness;
- The NTEC was established as an independent statutory body in 2004 and its operations are geared around delivery of electoral services in accordance with professional standards and impartiality;
- At a NT local government general election, unlike the case in many interstate jurisdictions, absent voting services are offered Territory-wide on a reciprocal basis by councils and it is best run by one provider;
- The management of general elections by the one electoral authority is the most logical and practical approach, especially with the need for a uniform approach to policy and procedures and the requirement for a Territory-wide generic advertising campaign and centralised production of forms, ballot papers and equipment; and
- A common RO at general elections ensures the achievement of economies of scale for all councils.

The NTEC also believes serious consideration should be given to it being made sole provider for all by-elections. Experience so far would suggest that nearly all councils engage the NTEC to run its by-elections, with some even putting a standing arrangement in place. Also, any CEO appointed to the position of RO would rely on help to some degree from the NTEC and an internal appointment may, rightly or wrongly, create perceptions of bias or lack of professionalism.

A summary of service provision arrangements in other jurisdictions is shown in Appendix Q.

### **NTEC Resources**

The NTEC is a small stand alone agency which currently has seven permanent staff positions. It is has been temporarily funded for the equivalent of another three positions for two years (ending 2009/10) to meet its obligations in setting up a second office in Alice Springs and running additional elections related to the local government reforms. The NTEC's ongoing staff levels needs to be determined before the end of the 2009/10 financial year.

Before the establishment of the new shire and rural councils, on average, the NTEC ran one LA general election, one municipal general election, two LA by-elections and six municipal by-elections in a four-year election cycle. It's only other election commitments related to the occasional conduct of some community government elections but these were comparatively small tasks which did not involve mobile polling. The NTEC charged municipal councils at marginal rates only and did not charge for its services at community government elections.

In 2008, the NTEC conducted the LA Redistribution (November 2007- June 2008), the municipal council general elections (March 2008), the LA general elections (August 2008) and the inaugural shire and rural council general elections (October 2008). It also had to convert the electoral roll to new boundaries set after both the LA redistribution and the establishment of the new shire and rural councils. This placed its resources under tremendous strain.

Following the inaugural shire and rural council general elections and up until December 2009, the NTEC was approached to provide an estimate of charges for 11 shire and rural council by-elections, excluding the failed election in lyarrka Ward (MacDonnell Shire). The shire by-elections are far more complex and time consuming to conduct than the community government elections of the past.

The Electoral Commissioner was eventually appointed by the councils to run nine of those elections, of which one was in the top end, six in Roper Gulf/Victoria Daly region and two in Barkly/Central Desert/Macdonnell region. By way of comparison, the Aboriginal Torres Strait Islander Commission (ATSIC) conducted an average of six byelections per annum over a long period of time and those casual vacancies were filled by undertaking a fresh count of the original ballot papers cast at the general election and electing the next popular candidate who was still willing to take office. It rarely had to conduct another poll between general elections.

It is clear that the NTEC will need to boost its permanent staff ranks to meet possible future election commitments if local government legislation remains the same.

If the current frequency of by-elections continues as expected under the current legislation, then the NTEC will require a self sufficient complement of experienced ongoing staff in Alice Springs and will need to effectively dedicate a couple of staff positions in Darwin to work solely on local government election preparation and management. At the very least, this will mean the establishment of four more ongoing positions, including two in Alice Springs, in addition to the Commissions existing positions.

The additional ongoing staff numbers could be funded either by government or through an ongoing levy on DLGH or the councils or both. It could also be funded by the NTEC charging more than marginal costs but this is likely to have detrimental implications on a number of fronts. Any rise in cost will see more councils seeking to run elections themselves and perhaps running elections more on economic lines rather than established electoral administrative and democratic principles. By putting both agencies on a more competitive footing, it may also upset the current co-operative and collegiate NTEC/AEC working relationship which has been so efficient and effective in delivering electoral services at all major electoral events.

# **Election Funding**

The marginal cost incurred by the NTEC in respect to the shire and rural council elections in October 2008 was nearly one million dollars. This accorded with the NTEC estimate for the elections, once the legislative details were finally known.

The funding for those inaugural elections was provided by DLGH. It provided the NTEC initially with \$400 000 but also provided \$40 000 to every remote shire council as an advance. The NTEC then had to retrieve the advance from councils and this took some time and effort. In addition, some of councils had already used part of their advance to promote their own election. Eventually, the NTEC had to seek a further \$130 000 from DLGH and nearly \$100 000 from Treasury to reimburse its own budget for monies spent on the election.

Where the NTEC has conducted municipal elections in the past, it has usually asked the councils for an advance (up to 75%) and settled accounts on the completion of the election. The municipal elections in 2008 cost under \$300 000 and only involved four councils. However, the NTEC's own budget will not be able to absorb the bulk of the cost of the 2012 local government general election (expected to be \$1.3m plus inflation). Soliciting advances from a significant number of councils in 2012 could also be problematical and time-consuming.

The 2012 local government general elections will be the largest logistical electoral event in the NT's history. Significant planning and project work will need to commence well in advance of the conduct of the event in March 2012.

Assuming the NTEC will be appointed as RO for the general election (in line with longstanding precedent); it believes the best approach will be to provide the NTEC with full funding for the election at the commencement of the 2011-12 financial year. From the NTEC's perspective, it would preferable if there was only one funding provider, such as DLGH or Treasury.

# RECOMMENDATIONS

# **RO Appointment and Resourcing**

It is recommended that -

- 1. The LGA be amended to provide that the NTEC be appointed as sole provider for local government elections, at least in respect to general elections.
- 2. In the absence of more ongoing staff resources to cope with the frequency and complexity of local government general and by-elections being forthcoming, the NTEC should move to a full cost recovery charging model.
- 3. The 2012 general election funds are provided in full to the returning officer at the commencement of the financial year 2011-12, preferably from one source only.

# 7.2 Electoral System Fundamentals

# **Election Timetable**

The Electoral Regulations prescribe a set 43 day timetable for all local government elections. Although it is not specifically prescribed, the current timetable is built around polling day being a Saturday and the timing of key dates are directly or indirectly calculated from the day assigned as polling day.

Whilst Saturday is the most appropriate day for a polling day at a general election where voting facilities are being used Territory-wide, it is not necessarily, in fact unlikely to be, the best day for by-elections in remote shires.

Although an alternate polling day to Saturday may be appointed under the current legislation, it results in practical problems with the fall of other key dates.

In addition, the current 43 day timetable may unnecessarily protract the holding of an election, particularly where a single, very small ward is involved.

It would be better if the regulations provided separate and flexible parameters for the by-election timetable, allowing the returning officer some scope to set dates within those parameters.

# Voting System (Representation)

The voting system used at the shire and rural council elections came in for some criticism after the event. The criticism focused on the outcomes in some electorates and asserted that those results were unrepresentative in terms of local interests. In particular, critique centered on results for individual wards where a group of candidates from a single large community were elected to all positions and no candidates were elected from smaller communities, despite the latter collectively receiving a significant minority of 1st preference votes.

These apparently 'skewed' results arise with Exhaustive Preferential (EP) as once a candidate is elected with an absolute majority, the ballot papers used to elect them are returned to further counts with the subsequent preferences counted at full value. If preferences are passed from one candidate to another in a single group i.e. the candidates 'swap' preferences, then there is the possibility that all will be elected, even if that group overall receives only a bare majority of 1st preference votes. For this reason, EP has been referred to as a 'winner takes all' voting system. As an example, in Central Desert Shire – Southern Tanami Ward, the successful candidates collectively received 58% of the 1st preference vote and were elected to all four vacancies. This result was in accord with the rules, but it did leave the two smaller communities in the ward without representation despite their three candidates receiving 42% of the 1st preference votes.

The EP system of vote counting that applied at the inaugural rural council elections also applied at previous municipal elections and a number of the former community council elections. It is a majoritarian voting system that requires a candidate to receive an absolute majority (i.e. at least 50% plus 1) of all formal votes cast, which may be made up of 1st and subsequent preference votes received from eliminated candidates.

The EP system has been used at all levels of government in the NT for a considerable time. It is not as simple as First Past the Post (FPP) but nowhere near as complicated as proportional representation (PR). It works well in single member constituencies but can easily lead to a winner-takes-all result in multimember constituencies, especially where the number of candidates and vacancies is large and the vote becomes widely spread.

The NT is the only Australian jurisdiction to continue to use EP at council elections. Variations of the PR system are used in NSW, SA, Vic and Tasmania (with NSW also using optional preferential at single member and mayoral elections), SA, Vic and Tasmania for multi-member constituencies. WA uses FPP for both single and multi-member elections whilst Queensland uses FPP for multi-member elections and optional preferential for single member elections. See Appendix Q for a summary of the management and voting systems by jurisdiction.

All voting systems for multi-member constituencies have advantages and disadvantages, influenced by the:

- Grouping of candidates;
- Distribution of community of interest and voting allegiances;
- Emphasis put on equal representation in the location of electoral boundaries; and
- Number of members.

Where there are a number of distinct rural communities in a single ward, the voters in the largest communities will have the strongest influence on who is elected and under EP, arguably an undue domination under the most extreme circumstances.

Other jurisdictions switched to PR systems to replace EP as it consistently left small communities unrepresented, requiring the redrawing of boundaries into smaller wards to allow representation. The Victorian Parliament passed legislation as recently as 2004 to replace EP with PR for council elections. The same change took place in 1948 for the election of senators to the federal parliament and at various times since then in the upper houses of state jurisdictions.

Any discussion regarding the extent to which EP provides fair representation needs to take into account the ward structure. The EP system could provide results allowing representation from a wider range of communities in a council area if ward boundaries were altered, including the creation of additional wards and/or adjustments made to the number of members to be elected in each. The use of eight wards in Victoria Daly shire based on each of the main communities resulted in council members being elected from all parts of the council area. Further examples of ward boundaries matching the main population centers and communities of interest are the five wards in Roper Gulf and the four wards in the Tiwi Islands. See Appendix R for details on the representative allocations in place for the elections.

All voting systems have their strong and weak points. PR certainly guarantees more representative outcomes by allowing minority groups to be elected, as candidates may get elected on a quota which is only a small proportion of the total vote. Those that argue against PR usually concede that it leads to more diversity in representation but this comes at the risk of domination by fringe groups and increased instability amongst elected members. They also contend that individual constituents do not have a clear representative reference point for any issues they wish to raise and that the increased size of electorates usually associated with PR make campaigning difficult for anyone not associated with a large support group, like a party machine. As a consequence, it is asserted that PR therefore encourages the operation of tickets and the introduction of party politics. Further, the PR system itself is less understood by the voting public than any of the alternatives.

The first past the post system is simple, easily understood and usually eliminates some unintentional informality and donkey voting. However, it may also deliver a successful candidate who does not have majority support, especially where two or more popular candidates split the vote. Vote marking and counting would also be inconsistent with House of Representatives and LA elections in the NT and this would give rise increased informality at those particular polls.

The shire boundaries were determined by DLGH in consultation with stakeholders. It would appear endeavors' have been made to draw the boundaries, including ward boundaries, on a community of interest basis. Presumably, council boundaries were guided by some common parameters and formulae in regard to the number of elected members for each council ward. It would appear; however, that during the whole process it was not fully appreciated that to be confident in getting an appropriate representative outcome, both the boundaries and the features of the voting system to be applied must simultaneously be considered.

The application of any ward boundaries is critical with respect to the effectiveness of a voting system to deliver a representative outcome. If a consistent approach by all councils is desirable regarding the application of a voting system at their elections, a consistent approach is also required in relation to the application of ward boundaries for all councils. In the NTEC's view, a proportional representation system sits most comfortably with council areas in which no ward structure operates. An EP system would sit best with single member constituencies and may also be acceptable in multi-member electorates where only a very low number of elected members are allocated. (Note: A recent re-examination of the 2008 municipal general election for wards of the Darwin City Council ballot papers under proportional representation returned almost all the same candidates as did the EP).

Other voting system alternatives might also be considered in the search for the most appropriate voting system. 'Bottoms-up' preferential (BUP) requires the elector to complete a ballot paper in the same way as a full preferential; the difference lies in the counting, where those with the fewest votes are eliminated in succession and their preferences distributed until only the number of candidates remaining in the count is the same as the number of vacancies. However, this system still places great importance on the primary vote as it is possible that an elector's primary vote is in effect the only one taken into account in a multi-member electorate, even though more than one member is to be elected.

A variation of the 'bottoms-up' could be the treatment of all preferences up to the number to be elected as primary votes. This is more complex to count but could be done by computer and it would give, for instance, each elector three votes for three vacancies and would mitigate to some extent against the winner-takes-all outcome of full preferential where multi-member electorates are involved.

Another alternative option is for EP to be used where a ward structure is in place, whilst PR would be used where no wards apply.

However, perhaps the first step in any consideration of the best system to be employed in the NT lies with seeing whether boundary alterations will deliver a more representative result under EP.

# Voting System (Meaningful Participation)

Unintentional informality usually reflects elector shortcomings in relation to either numeracy and/or literacy skills. It can also be a result of a lack of understanding of marking requirements. The instructions are imparted to electors on the ballot paper itself and verbally by the issuing officer; however, the elector may not have the necessary literacy/numeracy skills to fulfill requirements or may simply not fully understand the instructions provided.

There is also a strong co-relation between the number of candidates on a ballot paper and the level of informality. Where there are only two candidates contesting, there is usually a surprising amount of unintentional informality because many electors are drawn to marking the ballot paper with a tick or cross rather than numbers. The other general trend is for informality to rise with the number of candidates. A high number of candidates particularly tests those with numeracy skill limitations and provides a greater risk of duplication of numbers or breaks in sequencing.

The incidence of donkey voting (or at least partial completion of a ballot using a donkey voting approach) is known to rise where large numbers of candidates are involved. At local government elections, where no party affiliations are present and how-to-vote material is sometimes scarce, electors are confronted with having to show a preference for all candidates in order to make their vote count. As a result, they may put a meaningful preference against candidates that they know and then mark sequentially (top to bottom or bottom to top) the other candidates whom they don't know. Alternatively, they may choose to deliberately vote informally because it is all too hard. The current worst example of the prevalence of this kind of voter behaviour is a full aldermanic ordinary member election in Alice Springs where up to two dozen candidates can be expected to contest eight positions.

Apart from reducing the number of candidates (and thereby improving elector recognition of those standing) by forcing the implementation of wards, safety net provisions could be legislated to enable certain ballot papers to be included in the count that are currently being ruled out as informal. For instance, although instructions to electors would remain the same, under safety net provisions, ticks and crosses may be accepted and a vote might be considered valid up to where an error in sequencing takes place. ATSIC had a similar system in place at its elections in the past.

Of course, with the resultant acceptance of exhausted votes, a safety net provision would then potentially allow a candidate to get elected without an absolute majority of formal votes. However, this is unlikely in cases other than where the closest of margins exists and, even in those circumstances, could be justified as giving more legitimacy to the outcome as it has allowed more electors to have had their say.

A more radical step to the improve formality rate, would be to implement an optional preferential system. However, NT electors, for their part, currently have the same requirements in marking a ballot at Commonwealth, Territory and local government elections. A move to optional preferential voting at the local government level is likely to detrimentally affect formality at Legislative Assembly and Commonwealth elections in the NT. This has clearly been demonstrated in Queensland where optional preferential voting exists at State and local government elections but not at Commonwealth elections and the Commonwealth informality rate is the highest of any of the States because electors are not marking a preference for all candidates at a Commonwealth election.

### **Boundary Reviews**

The current legislation charges councils with the responsibility of conducting its own review of its council boundaries in consultation with the NTEC. Unlike legislation governing LA redistributions, the formal process to be followed in these reviews is lacking in detail. The legislation also does not give any detail on what consultation with the NTEC would entail.

Certain ward boundaries have come in for criticism. Under the new LG Act, some of the councils will need to review significant disparities in elector numbers in some of their current wards. In addition, the effectiveness of current boundaries in giving adequate representation in some shires has also been questioned.

Roles performed by independent electoral commissions in local government boundary reviews vary. See Appendix S for details.

The NTEC would like its role to be more clearly defined in the Act and believes that a very active role in the process would be particularly beneficial since the NTEC is impartial and is publicly perceived as such. The NTEC also possesses a great deal of redistribution expertise and experience that would be invaluable to the process.

Councils currently have the option of setting ward boundaries or not. Clearly some council areas have a large number of electors and this may impact adversely on candidate recognition and formality rates in those particular electorates.

The Act requires councils to complete boundary reviews at least 12 months before the next general election. This means that reviews probably should commence early in the 2010 calendar year. Roles and processes need to be clearly defined before that time.

### **Compulsory Voting**

Compulsory voting is a common feature of Commonwealth, Territory and local government elections. Local government elections in other jurisdictions are often voluntary.

Turnout at elections for different levels of government in the NT vary. Generally speaking, Commonwealth elections achieve about a 90% turnout, LA elections about 80%, municipal elections about 70% and shires achieved 40-60%.

Without doubt, compulsory voting is largely responsible for the relatively high turnout rates at local government elections in the NT. In interstate jurisdictions where compulsory voting does not apply, turnout rates are as low as 30-40%, even when postal ballots are mailed to every person on the roll.

The compulsory voting aspect of NT local government elections is emphasised in all election advertising and publicity. This is done, despite the fact that councils very rarely enforce compulsory voting.

The NTEC was disappointed to discover that some rural shires had already planned to and, in one case had, passed motions not to pursue non-voters before the election had even started. Of course, whether or not a council decides to pursue non voters is a matter for them; however, that decision is best made after an election, so there is no conflict of information circulating in the lead up to the poll.

The failure to follow up non voters after an election also does result in some lost opportunities to educate the electorate and improve the quality of the roll. Even if no fines are imposed, mail-outs or other forms of follow up can target electors to issue warnings and educative messages. It can also help to identify deaths and other removals from the roll.

# RECOMMENDATIONS

# **Electoral System Fundamentals**

It is recommended that -

- 4. The LGER be amended to provide a separate by-election timetable which affords more flexibility and scope for discretion to be exercised within broad by-election timetable parameters.
- A review be conducted, in consultation with the NTEC, to evaluate the effectiveness of the exhaustive voting system when applied to current council/ward boundaries in terms of representative outcomes.
- 6. A review be conducted, in consultation with the NTEC, to evaluate ways to increase the formality rate at local government elections through adopting changes to either the voting system and/or formality provisions.
- 7. A more formalised process in relation to boundary reviews be prescribed in the LGER and that the NTEC play a more active, even a leading role, in those reviews.

# 7.3 Electoral System Processes

### Nominations

From an electoral perspective, the nomination process is a most critical one. The nomination process has immutable deadlines attached to it and any mistake in the nomination process is usually irretrievable as voting commences soon after the public declaration of candidates. At any large scale election, there are always several nominations that are received that require follow up, many of which are lodged late in the process.

The legislation currently requires that candidates pay \$100 in cash or bank cheque as a nomination deposit. The money is refunded to the candidate if s/he is elected or receives at least a fifth of the successful candidate's primary vote. The purpose of the deposit is to discourage frivolous or mischievous nominations.

# Nominations – forms and deposits

The nomination process also demands the lodgement of a duly completed nomination form and a candidate photo. Although a candidate photo is part of the prescribed lodgement, legal opinion is that a nomination can be accepted in its absence. Therefore, only a nomination form and a deposit are critical to acceptance.

The nomination form can be submitted electronically to the RO; however, lodging a deposit with the RO in Darwin or the Deputy Returning Officer (DRO) in the nearest regional centre does pose more difficulty for some nominees.

The nomination period at the 2008 poll commenced on 12 September and the deadline for receipt was 2 October. Following representation from DLGH after the commencement of the nomination period, the NTEC reluctantly authorised the Chief Financial Officer (including staff at council service centers) to take nomination deposits. This concession was made on a 'one-off' basis due to reports that there was significant confusion about lodgement arrangements amongst potential candidates for this inaugural election.

A nomination process along these lines is not one that the NTEC would like to see repeated at future elections. Such a service needs to be strictly controlled by the RO and proper training should be supplied to anyone who will be acting as an agent in the official process. Moreover, the RO needs to have total confidence in the impartiality of those acting in an official capacity and be assured that any advertised service is available at all times during business hours and especially as the closure approaches. The confidentiality of nominations is also considered to be more at risk with increased localised involvement. It must be remembered that in 2012 the council general election will involve all councils across the NT, not just the shire and rural ones. It is expected that a more planned prospective candidate education program will be established well before the event and that potential candidates will be aware of requirements before the actual nomination period commences. In addition, the NTEC would be happy to post DROs to regional locations for the full nomination period, although it suspects that those lodging early nominations are not the ones who would contend they encounter problems.

The main contention from those identifying a problem seemed to be that candidates could lodge the nomination form electronically but could not find someone reliable to lodge the nomination deposit on their behalf at any NT regional centre. Whilst this may be a legitimate concern for a prospective candidate, those persons will have ample warning of the election and nomination requirements in 2012. Moreover, if elected, these candidates will have to attend regular meetings at the same regional centers where deposits can now be lodged.

In this context, it should be noted that nominations for the Commonwealth and Territory elections may only be lodged directly with the returning officer at one of his or her offices. In many years of operation, ATSIC elections also required nomination deposits to be lodged at the office of its returning officer. In the case of past Commonwealth and Territory elections, no fixed polling date existed and elections were usually called at short notice. Moreover, in the case of the Legislative Assembly elections, the nomination period was only three days.

The NTEC is concerned about the problematical nature of the system that applied in 2008. It believes that if accessibility with regard to lodgement of deposits is still seen to be an issue in 2012, then other ways to address the matter may be more appropriate than using the shire service centre network, such as:

- Doing away with a nomination deposit altogether for local government elections (perhaps imposing a need for more nominees in lieu). There is no current evidence to suggest that the \$100 deposit has discouraged frivolous and mischievous nominations in the past. If anything, anecdotal evidence suggests it sometimes is a barrier to potential candidates.
- Provide for a nomination charge to be levied by councils on unsuccessful candidates who would normally forfeit a deposit under current conditions after the poll result is known.
- Provide for electronic transfer of a nomination deposit (although this may also be problematical and therefore a deadline for such receipts would need to be at least a few days before the nomination deadline).
- Extend the nomination period.

The post-poll handling of candidates' deposits was also affected by the special receipting arrangements. Under those arrangements, monies should have been forwarded to the NTEC, so that it could directly manage the refund as required by law and forfeiture transactions. One council refused to forward the monies to the NTEC whilst some others found it easier to refund the deposits actually received by them.

# Nominations – Candidate Eligibility

At the 2008 poll and subsequent elections, some local government authorities displayed an expectation that the RO would thoroughly investigate a range of aspects concerning the eligibility of a candidate as part of nomination processing. Requests from council authorities to reject publicly known nominations before the close of nominations were received for reasons associated with owing the council monies, enrolment qualifications, court convictions, etc.

As in all jurisdictions and confirmed by legal opinion, the RO will only make checks against the roll in respect to the nominee and nominator. Other than that the RO must rely on the signed statement by the candidate as to his or her eligibility. That being said, a legislative provision to that effect may help in clarifying the matter, especially where full-time electoral practitioners may not be conducting an election.

# **Appointment of Static Polling Places**

The regulations suggest that ordinary votes are to be issued at 'local polling places', i.e. polling places within any ward of a council area.

A capacity to issue ordinary votes at polling places outside of a council area is required and the capacity to appoint these polling places should be made clear in the Act. Large numbers of voters often report to vote at a polling place in another council area, particularly close to electorate boundaries. Moreover, at ward by-elections, once mobile polling is complete, the most logical place to conduct polling day services may be in a nearby regional centre to capture those who may have missed out.

# **Absent Voting**

Legislation governing the absent voting process was changed for the shire elections in October 2008. The NTEC has problems with the new system and the areas of concern will be exacerbated in 2012 when the number of elections increases with the municipal and shire elections being held conjointly and the possibility of increases to the number of current wards.

Under the current legislation, where wards apply, an elector may vote as an ordinary voter for any ward in the elector's own council area. This means that the person is crossed off the roll and may deposit their completed and folded ballot paper directly into the ballot box at the polling place. At the close of poll, all such ballots are counted and results are recorded and transmitted to the tally centre.

The problem with allowing ballot papers to go directly into the ballot box and be counted on polling night in potentially very small numbers is that the secrecy of the ballot may be compromised. Polling places in council areas that have a lot of wards will also be burdened with much more paperwork in their tally sheets and results transmissions on the night.

At LA elections, a distinction is made, on a regional basis, between polling locations in adjoining electorates which are likely have large numbers of ballot papers for adjoining electorates and those that are unlikely to have many at all. Where high volume is expected, the ballot papers can be directly placed in the ballot box and counted immediately at the close of poll. The ballot papers of other electorates are placed in an envelope that only bears the electorate name and these ballots are passed on to be counted in major counts conducted centrally in the week following polling day.

As an alternative, it might be better to simply rely on the RO's capacity to appoint polling place for more than one electorate where circumstances of special need occur.

# **Counting Rules**

Counts were undertaken by hand or by computer on a case-by-case basis. Computer counting was used where multiple vacancies applied and the number of ballot papers/candidates involved in the count was significant.

As a number of the elections do not have many ballot papers included in their counts, there is a high likelihood that ties will have to be determined during the progressive counts or even at the finish. It is also likely that there will be cases where a recount will be called by the RO or be granted at the request of an interested party.

The resolution of ties under the current legislation is by lot. At the 2008 election, candidates were eliminated in the candidate exclusion counts on several occasions in this way. In one case the winner of an election was actually determined by lot.

Wherever a winner is determined by lot, it usually draws criticism from candidates, media and the public. Basically, it is not perceived by its critics as the way a democratic process should end.

Generally speaking, determining exclusion by lot is common and widely accepted practice by stakeholders; however, it is not the only method that can be used in such circumstances. Some other systems use a count-back system to identify the candidate to be eliminated and only turn to a determination by lot if all preceding progressive count totals for the tied candidates are identical. At least, that method turns to the ballot papers of the electors to resolve the impasse, rather than resort to an exercise of chance.

The current legislation also provides an apparent quirk in that it prescribes on one hand that the name drawn by lot to determine exclusion is the one to be eliminated (i.e. the loser) whilst, on the other hand, prescribes that the one drawn to determine the final outcome of a tied election is the successful candidate (i.e. the winner). This might therefore be deserving of some legislative review.

Alternatively, a final tied election outcome may be determined in ways other than by lot. A count-back system may be applied, although this might be less palatable to many when the actual election result hinges on its outcome. The other option is to call the election a tie and have a fresh election. As the chances of a tied final result are rare and usually restricted to very small polls, the preservation of the principle of being elected by the electors might be worth the cost of an additional election.

Inevitably, recounts will be called where results are close. Where the original count was done by hand, the recount is also done by hand. However, where the original count was done by computer, the question has been raised as to whether the recount could be done by hand. The NTEC policy position on this has been that where an original count has been done by computer (obviously for efficiency reasons), then a recount will also be done by computer. Where a computer recount applies, under the observation of scrutineers, all ballot papers are read out against the computer record and re-evaluated, if necessary in terms of formality. Whilst this methodology has been generally accepted by those involved in a computer recount, it would be better if that methodology was prescribed rather than left as a policy decision by the RO.

# RECOMMENDATIONS

# **System Procedures and Processes**

It is recommended that -

- 8. A review be conducted, in consultation with the NTEC, to evaluate the need for a candidate's deposit and, if retained, the most appropriate payment arrangements that can be put in place.
- 9. The LGER to be amended to make it clear that a nomination may only be lodged at the office of the Returning Officer or a Deputy Returning Officer.
- 10. The LGER to be amended to make it clear that the RO's investigative powers in accepting nominations are limited.
- 11. The LGER be amended to accommodate the issue of ordinary votes at a polling place outside of the council area.
- 12. The LGER be amended to restrict the issue of ordinary ballot papers for other wards (in line with current LA procedures) where the secrecy of the ballot may be compromised because of a low number of anticipated votes being issued.
- 13. The LGER be amended to prescribe the methodology of a recount of ballot papers previously counted using a computer.
- 14. The LGER be amended to adopt a methodology related to resolving ties in the count that eliminates/reduces drawing by lot and causes a fresh election in the case where the last two candidates are tied after a recount.

# 7.4 Legislation Management

# Legislative Framework and Responsibility

Local government elections are run under the Local Government Act 2008 and the Local Government (Electoral) Regulations 2008. The Act deals with a range of matters, with elections being only a very small element. Nearly all of the electoral procedures that govern an election are contained in the electoral regulations.

The Local Government (Electoral) Regulations gazetted on 29 August 2008 brought local government election practice into line with many, but unfortunately not all, relevant provisions of the Northern Territory Electoral Act 2004. Most significantly, changes included the following:

- Draw by lot to determine the position of candidate names on the ballot paper;
- Common assisted voting procedures;
- The capacity for the Electoral Commissioner to approve certain forms that previously were prescribed; and
- Substitution of current electoral nomenclature to replace outdated terms e.g. 'early voting' for 'pre-poll'.

There are however, a number of minor technical amendments that could be effected to provide more clarity and consistency with the NT Electoral Act. A summary of such possible amendments is provided in Appendix T.

The development of the Act and electoral regulations during the recent reforms rested with the DLGH and a Steering Committee. LGANT served to advise the Steering Committee on electoral systems, procedures and matters. DLGH handled the drafting of electoral legislation, with the NTEC being consulted only when drafting was well advanced.

The NTEC believes it would be better if the legislative base for the conduct of local government elections was contained in a Local Government Electoral Act and that responsibility for that Act rested with the NTEC rather than the DLGH. NTEC responsibility for the legislation would ensure ongoing harmonisation with the NT Electoral Act, wherever appropriate, and future development would also benefit greatly from the NTEC's well established networks and constant monitoring of developments in other State jurisdictions in regard to State and local government elections.

The next elections for both municipal and shire councils are scheduled for March 2012. Feedback indicated that, ideally, council personnel would like early briefings and consideration for the elections as they realise the complexity of the planning processes. It would provide certainty to program development if changes to the legislation were in place prior to that point to enable comprehensive discussion of election processes.

### RECOMMENDATIONS

#### **Legislation Management**

It is recommended that -

- 15. A thorough review of the electoral provisions of the LGA and the LGER be undertaken before the 2012 general elections in the light of operational experience and harmonisation with the NTEA.
- 16. The legislation relating to the conduct of an election be moved from the LGA and LGER and be reestablished in a Local Government Electoral Act, which would be administered by the NTEC.

# 7.5 Stakeholder Roles

### **Role of Local Government Officials**

Officers of DLGH, municipal and shire staff and staff at council service centres, all have some capacity to contribute to the successful conduct of the election process but roles need to be clearly delineated and, because of their often vested interest in outcomes, kept as much as possible at arm's length from the authority conducting the election.

At the 2008 poll, DLGH field staff did a lot of groundwork in generating and gathering nominations. They also did some educative and promotional work in the field. Shire and shire service centre staff assisted the Commission in taking candidate deposits and publicising voting arrangements locally.

It is difficult for a local government and/or council official to get involved in dealing with candidates without creating perceptions of bias or a conflict of interest. It is for this very reason that the NTEC's view is that the RO cannot, and therefore should not, take responsibility for the actions or lack of actions by local government staff. Of course, the RO should remain prepared to keep those officers fully informed of relevant matters as active players in the process; however, the NTEC believes the service centres should be seen purely as distribution points for its information and not an official electoral service centre. Under that arrangement, the NTEC would hope and expect that the service centres would distribute and display notices and information on request, just as it would for any government department with an important message to convey. Also, as a corollary, with any role it plays for a candidate, it acts as the candidate's agent not the NTEC's agent.

From an NTEC perspective, the 2008 poll experience demonstrated how difficult it is to get the service centre network to maintain a consistent approach and standards. Whilst some communities displayed notices widely, others didn't. Whilst some were happy to stay out of the candidate promotion debate, others wanted to get involved. All Shires were asked for feedback on the locality and elector lists for their community but very few gave any significant feedback. Identification of locals who may be able to provide impartial linguistic help in the polling place would have be welcomed but, in most cases, was difficult to obtain.

The NTEC would suggest that local government and council officials at all levels be released from any official electoral role, so they are free and accountable for any role they deem appropriate to play locally. The councils and council service centres should, however, help in providing quality and timely enrolment system feedback, facility support and help in the identification of linguistic support in polling places, transport and periodic roll reviews (especially immediately following an election, when non voting data can be used most effectively in roll cleansing). The establishment of a joint working party and delivery of a co-ordinated prospective candidate Territory-wide program, incorporating sessions delivered by various stakeholders covering their area of expertise, would also be a productive initiative in the lead up to a general election.

# **Council Infrastructure Support**

The NTEC experienced a great deal of difficulty in acquiring business and private accommodation for out-posted regional DROs. The acquisition of private accommodation in March 2012, this time with even more advance notice, should help prevent a repetition of the problems faced in 2008. It is important, however, that during business hours the DRO has ready access to relevant local government staff and business facilities from the outset.

Given that the next general election is known well in advance (and an outside RO appointment may be made), councils should make plans for a suitably appointed office and facilities for the RO or his delegate over the election period. This will not only ensure that adequate facilities are provided but will also keep costs down for council.

# RECOMMENDATIONS

### **Stakeholder Roles**

It is recommended that -

- 17. The roles of local government officials at future elections be clarified, documented and distributed through local government networks before the commencement of the general elections in 2012.
- 18. Councils take a more active role in roll maintenance activities in their communities, both on an ongoing basis as well as at election time, including a major enrolment drive in the lead up to the 2012 general election.
- 19. Councils take a more active role in the identification of impartial local assistants for mobile polling teams.
- 20. Councils provide out-posted DROs with adequate office facilities for the duration of the election period.
- 21. A working party made up of the RO, LGANT, DLGH, AEC be established in early 2011 to commence preparations for the 2012 general elections and to ensure roles and responsibilities are fully understood.
- 22. Prospective candidate information sessions be rolled out as a joint initiative by LGANT, NTEC and Councils to all council areas from early 2012.

# 7.6 Promotional Activities

# **Candidate Information**

There was much criticism throughout the campaign regarding the lack of information on candidates. Suggestions that candidate profiles should be produced became a common catch cry. Complainants often expected the NTEC to supply more information on candidates and found it hard to understand that this was not the Commission's role. It should also be mentioned that the NTEC received similar complaints at the municipal general elections in March 2008.

Candidate profiles are produced in some other jurisdictions where polls are conducted entirely by postal ballot. These profiles are mailed out with the postal ballot papers. Where this occurs, legislation dictates deadlines and rules on length and content. Even in the most sophisticated of jurisdictions, the management of profiles at a general election for a large number of candidates in a tight timeframe has been found to be time consuming and problematic.

The introduction of candidate profiles at future elections would be a particularly significant burden on the electoral administration conducting the elections in the NT. The introduction of profiles should also not be contemplated unless there is significant legislative prescription to cover the principles, processes and procedures involved.

Generally speaking, the onus for the promotion of candidates lies with the candidates themselves. In the case of the remote and rural shires, candidates did very little to promote themselves. It is likely the lack of campaigning was due to a lack of awareness about how campaigns are organised, a lack of campaign funds or a perceived lack of benefits that campaigning might bring where they are already well known within their own communities.

At municipal elections, LGANT and the NTEC have conducted prospective candidate sessions that help raise candidate awareness about public office and the machinations of the electoral process. This could be extended to all council areas but, given that sort of scale, would need to be commenced a long time in advance of the election and would require significant funds to be implemented.

In addition, if they wish, governance authorities could conduct their own campaign education sessions also well in advance of the election; however, it would not be appropriate for the NTEC to become involved in these as it needs to remain at arm's length from candidates and their promotional activities.

# **Polling Day Advertising**

In some feedback sessions, early advertising of polling day as the 25/10/08 was said to be confusing to some sections of the remote community as polling in their area was conducted beforehand.

The NTEC believes that any such confusion was overstated as all remote areas are traditionally polled before the advertised official 'Saturday polling day' at Commonwealth and Territory elections. Moreover, community government elections were nearly always conducted on a day other than Saturday as part of their individual scheme. There was also ample generic advertising on the electronic media and at the local level regarding mobile polling and a number of other measures were taken by the NTEC is promoting local polling arrangements.

In 2012, the vast majority of voters will be voting on the official polling day and so it will need to be advertised widely across the Territory again. As a consequence, those local government authorities on the ground who experienced problems on this occasion will perhaps need to be more alert to their local polling arrangements and be prepared to play a greater role in spreading that information locally in 2012.

# RECOMMENDATIONS

# **Promotional Activities**

It is recommended that -

- 23. A review be conducted, in consultation with the NTEC, relating to the merit of providing candidate profiles at local government elections and the legislative inclusions that would need to be made to provide a process, if candidate profiles were to be adopted.
- 24. All election advertising undertaken by councils is channelled and cleared through the RO.

# 8. APPENDICES

- A Returning Officer Responsibilities
- **B** Summary of Public Awareness Activities
- C Advice to Candidates Campaigning and Authorisation of Campaign Materials
- D List of Candidates and Members Elected
- E Candidates by Gender and Age Range
- F Voting Outcomes by Vote Type by Shire Council
- G Voting Services Mobile Polling Schedule, Early Voting Centre and Static Polling Place Locations
- H Count Types Adopted
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#### APPENDIX A

### **Returning Officer Responsibilities**

#### Prior to the election

- Confirm:
  - the timetable/key dates with the Minister's office prior to Gazettal
- Appoint:
  - authorised officers to carry out election duties
  - polling places
- Provide:
  - an Election Notice for display in the council communities or for circulation to council electors
  - an electoral roll for each council and ward if applicable
  - a Nomination Notice for inclusion in a newspaper circulating in the council and for display in communities within the council area
  - an approved nomination form which sets out the eligibility and any prescribed criteria, nominee and nominator details and provides administrative checks
- Receive and assess completed nominations for acceptance or rejection, declare the nominations and conduct the draw for positions on the ballot paper
- Produce and/or supply
  - ballot papers for issuing to council residents who are eligible to vote
  - ballot boxes
  - voting screens
  - other necessary electoral materials
- Organise
  - early voting facilities, including postal voting, mobile and remote polling and the advertisement of their availability by publication of notices
  - training for authorised officers
  - static voting facilities
  - appropriate recording mechanisms for postal voting
  - authorization and give reasonable notice of variations to polling schedules

#### For the scrutiny and count

- Count the ballot papers in accordance with the electoral regulations
- Adjourn proceedings from time to time
- Adjudicate on admissibility of ballot papers
- Examine postal and declaration voting envelopes
- Declare the result of the election/order a recount if necessary

#### After the election

- Provide a Results Notice for the council CEO and for posting on the council website
- Forward a copy of the Results Notice together with specified documentation, if appropriate, to the Minister
- Return refundable candidate deposits to candidates
- Return any forfeited candidates deposits to council
- Destroy ballot papers after a specified date

At any time, advise on electoral matters, within the responsibilities of the Returning Officer, about the conduct of the election.

Medium	Key Messages	No.
Newspaper Placements	Notice of election, calling for enrolment/update enrolment details Call for nomination and procedures;	45
	Early voting and postal voting services	
	Remote mobile polling	
Dadia Dia amanda	Static polling place locations (including who does and who doesn't vote)	1000
Radio Placements	Notice of election, calling for enrol/update enrolment details Early voting	1002
(10 stations) English	Who does and who doesn't vote	
Language*	Remote mobile polling and polling services	
Television	Notice of election, calling for enrol/update enrolment details	717
Placements ( 4	Early voting services	
Advertisements)	Who does and who doesn't vote	
,	Polling services	
Media Releases	Notice of election; electoral roll closing, close of roll figures	13
	Nominations open/nominations closing; invitation for declaration of nominations; nominations	
	closed/draw for positions on ballot papers	
	Mobile polling; postal voting; early voting starts/ closing today; polling place locations	
	Litchfield Council nominations	
Election Bulletins	Polls closed, declaration of the polls Notice of election; timetable, general guidelines; resources, general information	9
Election Dulletins	Election facilities, contacts, general services, candidate information, legislation, signage	9
	Enclinent, authorisation, election materials, nominations, receipt of nominations, declaration of	
	nominations, step by step guidelines, role clarification	
	Candidates, campaigning and authorisation of campaign materials, voting and vote counting	
	Post election reporting, count process and procedures, declaration of polls	
Posters	Customised mobile polling schedule for each community	546
Distributed	Full mobile polling schedules to communities and organisations	
by Email/Fax	Candidates	
	Voting services	
	Who does and who doesn't vote	
Website Page Views	Enrolment; voting services; candidate information; forms, advertisements, election results etc	46160
Website Page	Link from council websites and Local Government website to NTEC website	7
Links		,
Call Centre	Enrolment; voting services; general enquiries	818
Enquiries		
DL Brochure	Direct mail out to Litchfield electors (PO Box holders at Howard Springs and Humpty Doo)	3000
Enrolment	Advertising campaign, DLGH field staff and council assistance on the ground in the distribution	249
(Forms Received)	and forwarding of enrolment forms	
Direct Mail	Election timetable, enrol/update enrolment details prior to roll close and voting services	N/A
(E-mails)	(councils, service centres, Cattlemen's Association, mining companies, special needs groups	
	and schools for inclusion in newsletters)	
Public Events	Declaration of nominations; declaration of the poll	N/A
Election	Electronic advertising; media releases; posters, election bulletins; public events; website	N/A
Specific Branding	Electronic devoluting, model recebber, postera, creditor buildina, public eventa, Webbilt	1 1/7 1

# **Summary of Public Awareness Activities**

\*Note: Radio advertisements relating to mobile polling were produced in language (Kriol, Warlpiri, Arrente, Pitjantjatjara, Tiwi, Yolngu and Anmatyerre)

# Advice to Candidates - Campaigning - Authorisation of Campaign Materials

#### Candidates and campaigning

Questions may arise over the use of Council facilities for candidates wanting to copy campaign material,

access telephones, email etc and the posting of campaign material on council premises. These are issues for individual councils and are not governed by electoral law.

Several established councils have policies relating to the use of council facilities by candidates and also the sizing, placement and removal of electoral materials. Should policies be in place, they could perhaps be communicated to all service centres, with advice that any decision should be implemented in an even-handed manner to all candidates.

#### Authorisation

As advised in the Candidate Handbook, local government legislation requires all published electoral campaign material (including matter published on the internet) to have the **name** of the person authorising its publication printed at the end.

The Commonwealth *Broadcasting Services Act 1992* Schedule 2 requires that political matter broadcast by a person other than a political party should state (and record in word images on screen if using television):

- The name of the person authorising the broadcast; and
- The town, city or suburb in which the person lives or, if the person is a corporation or association, in which the principal office is situated.

The required particulars must be broadcast in the same language as the political matter.

#### See www.acma.gov.au

FACT sheet on Broadcasting and communication of political and election matter.

**NOTE:** No advertising blackout applies to local government elections.

#### Canvassing

Candidates are reminded that:

- They are unable to be present when polling takes place except to cast their own vote;
- Campaigning may not take place within 10 metres of the entrance to a polling location it is the responsibility of the officer in charge (OIC) to determine the boundary. If necessary, confirm with the OIC of the polling location where you can and cannot place any signage;
- Scrutineers wanting to observe polling and counting must present an authorisation signed by the candidate to the officer in charge (OIC) of polling appointment forms are included in the candidate packs.

Scrutineers must refer any questions to the OIC.

Scrutineers may:

- Observe all procedures including a polling official assisting a voter to mark his/her ballot papers
- Object to the right of any person to vote; NB: The decision to disallow such a vote rests with the officer in charge (OIC) who will record any such objection
- Enter and leave the polling place at any time; their place may be taken by another duly appointed scrutineer.

Scrutineers may not:

- Use transport provided for electoral officials;
- Touch or remove ballot material;
- Interfere with, or attempt to influence, any voter;
- Disclose any knowledge they might gain concerning any vote;
- Wear or display badges, T-shirts, emblems or other representations of candidates or political affiliations within the polling place;
- Deliberately show, hand out or leave 'how-to-vote' material in the polling place;
- Approach the voting compartments except to observe while a voter is being assisted to mark his/her ballot paper.

During election campaigns a number of complaints are received concerning the placement of signs in public areas. Candidates should check their council's policies and guidelines when determining where to place their campaign material and be mindful of safety, size and content.

Please note the details relating to election signage restrictions provided by the Power and Water Corporation and the Department of Planning and Infrastructure that follow. *(Not provided here)* 

#### List of Candidates and Members Elected

Council	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
Barkly Shire		
Barkly President	KUNOTH-MONKS, Rosalie SHAW, Barb RUGER, Hal	ELECTED
	BOULTER, William Charles NELSON, Harold KUNOTH, Alan	ELECTED ELECTED
Barkly Shire - Alyawarr	FOSTER, Karen TILMOUTH, Ricky KUNOTH-MONKS, Rosalie KAIRUPAN, Tom PERCY, John	ELECTED ELECTED
	BRAUN, Pat BRAHIM, Pat	ELECTED
Parkly Chira Datta	SMITH, Gina GOULD, Randall	ELECTED
Barkly Shire - Patta	BOULTER, William Charles CURTIS, Pene SHAW, Barb	ELECTED
	BREMNER, Narelle RUGER, Hal	ELECTED
Barkly Shire - Yapakurlangu	RENNIE, Mona Barbara BAGNALL, Bob	ELECTED ELECTED
	AYLETT, Ray	
Central Desert Shire		
Central Desert Shire - Akityarre	SCHABER, Louis WEBB, Raymond PETRICK, Anthony Phillip	ELECTED
	FINTER, Bruce	ELECTED
Central Desert Shire - Anmatjere	BLOOMFIELD, Patrick BIRD, Benedy DIXON, Adrian CARTER, Ted FRANCIS, Ant	ELECTED
	HEENAN, Noel HAINES, Jasper GLENN, James Jampajimpa LECHLEITNER, Walter Japangardi	ELECTED ELECTED ELECTED
Central Desert Shire - Northern Tanami	JOHNSON, Willie PATRICK, Norbert	Elected Unopposed Elected Unopposed
	BROWN, Jean WAYNE, Maisie WALIT, Connie	ELECTED ELECTED
Central Desert Shire - Southern Tanami	WALIT, Robbie WILLIAMS, Freddy	ELECTED
Cenuar Desert Sillite - Southerff Tallallill	HARGRAVES, Ned SPENCER-WILSON, Georgina KITSON, Julie POULSON, Christopher GIBSON, Teddy Jakamarra JUTTNER, Tony	ELECTED

Council	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
Coomalie Community Government Council		
Coomalie CG Council - Adelaide River Rural	PAGE, Jaemie JESSER, David	ELECTED
Coomalie CG Council - Adelaide River Town	FAWCETT, Tommy KOCH, Deb	Elected Unopposed Elected Unopposed
Coomalie CG Council - Batchelor Rural	BULMER, Sue	Elected Unopposed
	DOUGLAS, Linda Joan	Elected Unopposed
Coomalie CG Council - Batchelor Town	JONES, Bruce	Elected Unopposed
	McGINN, Judy	Elected Unopposed
Coomalie CG Council - Lake Bennett	SULLIVAN, Trevor	Elected Unopposed
Coomalie CG Council - Coomalie/Tortilla	TURNER, Andrew	Elected Unopposed
East Arnhem Shire		
East Arnhem Shire – Anindilyakwa	MAMARIKA, Keith MAMARIKA, Phillip LALARA, Wendy NUMAMURDIRDI, Helen JARAGBA, Lionel HANSEN, Keith	ELECTED ELECTED ELECTED
	GURRALPA, Jack Munyarirr	ELECTED
East Arnhem Shire - Gumurr Galjirrk	WARRAYA, David Daymirringu BAKER, Djandjay BARRAMALA, Ronnie	ELECTED
	DANGANBARR, Mavis	Elected Unopposed
East Arnhem Shire - Gumurr Marthakal	THURLOW, Kaye	Elected Unopposed
	WININBA, Don	Elected Unopposed
East Arnhem Shire - Gumurr Miwatj	WUNUNGMURRA, Dhambarra MARIKA, Bakamumu GUMANA, Waturr MUNUNGGURR, Barayuwa WUNUNGMURRA, Bininydjirri MUNUNGGURR, Yananymul MARIKA, Marrpalawuy WANAMBI, Yangipuy WUNUNGMURRA, Banambi	ELECTED ELECTED ELECTED
Litchfield Council		
Litchfield President	WALSHE, Mary BOWLER, Geoff HARLAN, Kevin	ELECTED
Litchfield Council - Central Ward	McLOUGHLIN, Bernice IRLAM, Sandy	ELECTED
Litchfield Council - East Ward	BOWMAN, Mike VENES, Anthony HARLAN, Kevin	ELECTED
Litchfield Council - North Ward	PURICH, Plaxy	Elected Unopposed
Litchfield Council - South Ward	STATHAM, Vic	Elected Unopposed

## List of Candidates and Members Elected (cont'd)

List of Candidates and Members Elected (cont'd)							
Council	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status					
MacDonnell Shire							
MacDonnell Shire - Iyarrka*	WILSON, Peter Ross	Elected Unopposed					
	WILLIAMS, Gus Ntjalka						
	BRAYBON, Sonya						
	ABBOTT, Bernard						
MacDonnall Shira Liiraninta	KENNY, Roxanne	ELECTED					
MacDonnell Shire - Ljirapinta	INKAMALA, Carl	ELECTED					
	WILLIAMS, Baydon						
	INKAMALA, Mildred	ELECTED					
	ABBOTT, Barry						
	ABBOTT, Lance	ELECTED					
	NANGALA, Irene Wilpinta	ELECTED					
MacDonnell Shire - Luritja Pintubi	ANDERSON, Sid	ELECTED					
-	MULTA, Cynthia						
	LECHLEITNER, Ada						
	KIERNAN, Raymond	ELECTED					
	WILYUKA, Lisa	ELECTED					
	McMASTERS, Anthony						
	RAWSON, Joseph	ELECTED					
MacDonnoll Shiro Dodingo	DOOLAN, David	ELECTED					
NacDonnell Shire - Rodinga	ANDERSON, Julie						
	CONWAY, Robert Micheal						
	CLIFFORD, Russell Wallace						
	MATASIA, Harold						
	ROSS TURNER, Sabella Mary						
Roper Gulf Shire							
	LANSEN, Peter						
	HERZOG, Michael						
	O'BRIEN, Clair	ELECTED					
Roper Gulf Shire - Never Never	JOSHUA, Sheila	ELECTED					
	SULLIVAN, Rohan McDonald	ELECTED					
	SWANSON, Sweeney						
	SMILER, Robert						
Papar Culf Shira Numbulwar Numburindi	NUMAMURDIRDI, Kathy-Anne	ELECTED					
Roper Gulf Shire - Numbulwar Numburindi	IDAI, Isaac						
	ANDREWS, Andrea	ELECTED					
	LANE, David	ELECTED					
Roper Gulf Shire - Nyirranggulung	MURRAY, Lazarus	ELECTED					
	JUMBIRI, Mavis						
	HARNAS, Phill						
	BAKER, Frazer	ELECTED					
	ANDERSON, Stephen	ELECTED					
Roper Gulf Shire - South West Gulf	JACK, Tony	ELECTED					
Roper Guil Stille - South West Guil	EVANS, Samuel						
	ALLEN, Stanley Edward						
	RORY, Keith						
	LANSEN, Jacob	ELECTED					
Donor Cult Shiro Vugul Mongi	ROGERS, KEITH						
Roper Gulf Shire - Yugul Mangi	DANIELS, David	ELECTED					
	TAPAU, Callas						

## List of Candidates and Members Elected (cont'd)

Council	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
Tiwi Islands Shire		
	BOYD, David	Elected Unopposed
Tiwi Islands Shire - Milikapiti	DE SANTIS, Lynette Jane	Elected Unopposed
	MUNGATOPI, Raelene Joyce	Elected Unopposed
	KERINAIUA, Adam	
	TUNGATULUM, Leslie	
	TIPILOURA, Bernard	
	MINNIECON, Frank	
Tiwi Islands Shire - Nguiu	KERINAUIA, Walter	ELECTED
5	JOHNSON, Crystal	
	TUNGUTALUM, Richard	ELECTED
	PURUNTATAMERI, Teresita	ELECTED
	PURUNTATAMERI, Barry	ELECTED
	KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier	ELECTED
	DUNN, Henry	ELECTED
Tiwi Islands Shire - Pirlangimpi	PURUNTATAMERI, Alberta	
	RIOLI, Manyi	ELECTED
The latenda China Managhanan	PURUNTATAMERI, Marius Snr TIPANGWUTI, Kathleen	ELECTED
Tiwi Islands Shire - Wurankuwu Victoria Daly Shire	TIPANGWUTI, Kathieen	Elected Unopposed
Victoria Daly Shire - Daguragu	FRITH, Roslyn	Elected Unopposed
, , ,	McTAGGART, Andrew	ELECTED
Victoria Daly Shire - Milngin	SULLIVAN, Betty	
Victoria Daly Shire - Nganmarriyanga	MINJIN, Wally	Elected Unopposed
Victoria Daly Shire - Pine Creek	WOOLDRIDGE, Ray	Elected Unopposed
	PARRY, Bernard	ELECTED
	HEWITT, David	
Victoria Daly Shire - Thamarrurr/Pindi Pindi	BUNDUCK, Michael	ELECTED
,	DUMOO, Timothy	ELECTED
	MURIELLE, Bryan	ELECTED
Viotoria Daly Shira Timber Creak	HENNESSY, Steve	Elected Unopposed
Victoria Daly Shire - Timber Creek	WEGENER, Don	Elected Unopposed
Victoria Daly Shire - Tyemirri	WILSON, Harold Stephen	Elected Unopposed
Victoria Daly Shire - Walangeri	KING, Reginald	Elected Unopposed
Wagait Shire		
	WENTRIRO, Warren	EL EQTES
	MAGNOLI, Rocco	ELECTED
	DUNCAN, Karen	ELECTED
	SUTTON, Trevor	
	CARRIGAN, Jane	ELECTED
	WITHNALL, Darryl	ELECTED
	CLEE, Peter	ELECTED
	MCINTYRE, Trish	ELECTED
	LAMONT, Vera	ELECTED
	WALFORD, Simon	

### List of Candidates and Members Elected (cont'd)

Council	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
West Arnhem Shire		
West Arnhem Shire - Barrah	PERRY, Anne MARRAWAL, James COOPER, Reuben OGDEN, Ken LAMILAMI, Ronald GALAMINDA, Bunug WAUCHOPE, Kenneth YARMIRR, Mary	ELECTED ELECTED ELECTED
West Arnhem Shire - Gunbalanya	WAUCHOPE, Barbara SIEBERT, Angie Mary ROURKE, Samantha LAKER, Syd DANN, Otto-Keith SIEBERT, Lothar GARNARRADJ, Andy GUMURDUL, Gabby NADJAMERREK, Lois	ELECTED ELECTED ELECTED ELECTED
West Arnhem Shire - Kakadu	BALDWIN, Stephen COULSTON, John HENRY, Sampson WILLIAMS, Bairbre-Terese NORTON, David BLYTH, Ralph Francis IDDON, Donna NEWNHAM, Ian Stanley	ELECTED ELECTED ELECTED
West Arnhem Shire - Maningrida	HERREEN, Dene Nigel WILLIAMS, Helen Djimbarrwala RYAN, Matthew NAMANURKI, Shane DANAJA, Peter	ELECTED ELECTED ELECTED

List of Candidates and Members Elected	(cont'd)	)
	(00110 0)	£

 MacDonnell Shire

 MacDonnell Shire - Iyarrka supplementary election
 ABBOTT, Marlene
 ELECTED

 13.12.08
 LUCKEY, Tanya
 ELECTED

#### APPENDIX E

#### Candidates by Gender and Age Range

				(inclu				<b>ge Rang</b> ary electi		2.08)	
Council Name	No. Nominations	No. Vacancies	Female Candidates	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	Not Given	Total
Barkly President	4	1	2				1		2	1	4
Litchfield President	3	1	1			1	1	1			3
Principal Member Candidate Details	7	2	3			1	2	1	2	1	7
% of nominations			42.9			14.3	28.6	14.3	28.6	14.3	
Barkly Shire	19	11	9			3	4	3	4	5	19
Central Desert Shire	26	12	5	1	2	4	7	4	1	7	26
Coomalie CG Council	10	9	4			1	6	2	1		10
East Arnhem Shire	22	12	7			2	9	7		4	22
Litchfield Council	7	4	3			2	2	2	1		7
MacDonnell Shire*	26	12	11		2	5	6	2	2	9	26
Roper Gulf Shire	24	12	6		1	8	7	2	2	4	24
Tiwi Islands Shire	18	12	6		1	3	3	2	1	8	18
Victoria Daly Shire	14	12	2		1	1	4	3	1	4	14
Wagait Shire Council	10	7	4			2	4	3		1	10
West Arnhem Shire	30	12	9		3	2	11	5	1	8	30
Ordinary Member Candidate Details	206	115	66	1	10	33	63	35	14	50	206
% of nominations			32.0	0.5	4.9	16.0	30.6	17.0	6.8	24.3	

\* lyarrka had 2 nominations for the supplementary election on 13.12.08

#### APPENDIX F

#### F(i) Voting Outcomes by Vote Type by Shire Council

Region*	Shire Council	President/Ward	Static	Mobile	Early Votes	Postal	Absent	Declaration	Total
3	BARKLY	Alyawarra	47	757	4	20	28	6	862
		Patta Yapakurlangu	886 18	88 177	225 4	22 57	59 21	1 0	1281 277
		President	946	1020	231	97	89	8	2391
	% of Barkly vote		39.6	42.7	9.7	4.1	3.7	0.3	
3	CENTRAL DESERT	Akityarre	0	76	3	31	9	0	119
		Anmatjere	2	485	24	27	19	0	557
	Total Central Desert Vote	Southern Tanami	5	293 854	33 60	16 74	15 43	0	362 1038
	% of Central Desert vote		0.7	82.3	5.8	7.1	4.1	0.0	1050
1	COOMALIE	Adelaide River Rural	0	30	3	7	1	3	44
	% of Coomalie vote		0.0	68.2	6.8	15.9	2.3	6.8	
1	EAST ARNHEM	Anindilyakwa	2	412	1	1	2	1	419
		Gumurr Gatjirrk Gumurr Miwatj	0 41	393 760	0 17	2 2	29 17	5 13	429 850
	Total East Arnhem Vote	Guillult Miwalj	41	1565	17	<u> </u>	48	13	1698
	% of East Arnhem vote		2.5	92.2	1.1	0.3	2.8	1.1	1070
1	LITCHFIELD	Central	1143	3	173	30	7	3	1359
		East	1375	0	218	25	7	1	1626
		President	5038	51	730	129	23	5	5976
3	% of Litchfield vote MACDONNELL	Ljirapinta	84.3 16	0.9 243	12.2 19	2.2 5	0.4	0.1	316
3	WACDONNELL	Lutitja Pintubi	10	243 305	6	3 4	33 28	0	354
		Rodinga	40	252	41	32	24	0	389
	Total MacDonnell Vote		67	800	66	41	85	0	1059
	% of MacDonnell vote		6.3	75.5	6.2	3.9	8.0	0.0	
2	ROPER GULF	Never Never Numbulwar	5	303	32	30	2	3	375
		Numburindi	0	178	1	0	14	0	193
		Nyirranggulung	4	326	18	5	7	0	360
		South West Gulf	0	418	11	22	11	0	462
	Tatal Danar Culf Vata	Yugul Mangi	1	197	12 74	2 59	10 44	0	222
	Total Roper Gulf Vote % of Roper Gulf vote		10 0.6	1422 88.2	74 4.6	59 3.7	44 2.7	3 0.2	1612
1	TIWI ISLANDS	Nguiu	0.0	545	4.0	2	15	0.2	562
		Pirlangimpi	0	157	2	0	3	0	162
	Total Tiwi Islands Vote		0	702	2	2	18	0	724
	% of Tiwi Islands vote		0.0	97.0	0.3	0.3	2.5	0.0	
2	VICTORIA DALY	Milngin Thomarrurr/Dindi	0	217 525	7	3	0	0	227
	Total Victoria Daly Vote	Thamarrurr/Pindi	0	525 742	3 10	3	1	0	<u>532</u> 759
	% of Victoria Daly vote		0.0	97.8	1.3	0.8	0.1	0.0	737
1	WAGAIT	Wagait	171	0	8	3	4	0	186
	% of Wagait vote		91.9	0.0	4.3	1.6	2.2	0.0	
1	WEST ARNHEM	Barrah	0	229	7	0	0	0	236
		Gunbalanya	6	412	31	1	14	0	464
		Kakadu Maningrida	220 0	62 336	116 4	6 0	9 16	0 0	413 356
	Total West Arnhem Vote	Maningnaa	226	1039	158	7	39	0	1469
	% of West Arnhem vote		15.4	70.7	10.8	0.5	2.7	0.0	
	NET TOTAL#		6508	8225	1360	430	395	38	16956
	% of total shire/council vote		38.4	48.5	8.0	2.5	2.3	0.2	
	2008 Municipal Election Tota	als	44592	201	5519	816 1 F	2890	78	54096
	% of total municipal vote		82.4	0.4	10.2	1.5	5.3	0.1	

\* Note: Region 1 - Northern Region, Region 2 - Big Rivers, Region 3 - Central Australian # The NET TOTAL includes President only voting figures for Barkly and Litchfield.

#### APPENDIX F

#### F (ii) Voting Outcomes by Vote Type by Region

	F (II) Voting Outcomes by Vote Type by Region								
Region*	Shire Council	President/Ward	Static	Mobile	Early Votes	Postal	Absent	Declaration	Total
1	COOMALIE	Adelaide River Rural	0	30	3	7	1	3	44
	% of Coomalie vote		0.0	68.2	6.8	15.9	2.3	6.8	
1	EAST ARNHEM	Anindilyakwa	2	412	1	1	2	1	419
		Gumurr Gatjirrk	0	393	0	2	29	5	429
		Gumurr Miwatj	41	760	17	2	17	13	850
	Total East Arnhem Vote		43 <i>2.5</i>	1565 <i>92.2</i>	18	5	48	19 <i>1.1</i>	1698
1	% of East Arnhem vote LITCHFIELD	Central	1143	92.2	<i>1.1</i> 173	<i>0.3</i> 30	<i>2.8</i> 7	3	1359
1 '	LITCHFIELD	East	1375	0 0	218	25	7	3 1	1626
		President	5038	51	730	129	23	5	5976
	% of Litchfield vote	Tresident	84.3	0.9	12.2	2.2	0.4	0.1	5770
1	TIWI ISLANDS	Nguiu	0	545	0	2	15	0	562
		Pirlangimpi	0	157	2	0	3	0	162
	Total Tiwi Islands Vote	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0	702	2	2	18	0	724
	% of Tiwi Islands vote		0.0	97.0	0.3	0.3	2.5	0.0	
1	WAGAIT	Wagait	171	0	8	3	4	0	186
	% of Wagait vote		91.9	0.0	4.3	1.6	2.2	0.0	
1	WEST ARNHEM	Barrah	0	229	7	0	0	0	236
		Gunbalanya	6	412	31	1	14	0	464
		Kakadu	220	62	116	6	9	0	413
		Maningrida	0	336	4	0	16	0	356
	Total West Arnhem Vote		226	1039	158	7	39	0	1469
	% of West Arnhem vote		15.4	70.7	10.8	0.5	2.7	0.0	
2	ROPER GULF	Never Never	5	303	32	30	2	3	375
		Numbulwar Numburindi	0	178	1	0	14	0	193
		Nyirranggulung	4	326	18	5	7	0	360
		South West Gulf	0	418	11	22	11	0	462
	Total Roper Gulf Vote	Yugul Mangi	1 10	197 1422	12 74	2 59	10 44	0	222 1612
	% of Roper Gulf vote		0.6	1422 <i>88.2</i>	4.6	3.7	2.7	0.2	1012
2	VICTORIA DALY	Milngin	0.0	217	4.0 7	3	0	0.2	227
2	VIOTORIA DALT	Thamarrurr/Pindi	0	525	3	3	1	0	532
	Total Victoria Daly Vote		0	742	10	6	1	0	759
	% of Victoria Daly vote		0.0	97.8	1.3	0.8	0.1	0.0	
3	BARKLY	Alyawarra	47	757	4	20	28	6	862
		Patta	886	88	225	22	59	1	1281
		Yapakurlangu	18	177	4	57	21	0	277
		President	946	1020	231	97	89	8	2391
	% of Barkly vote		39.6	42.7	9.7	4.1	<i>3.</i> 7	0.3	
3	CENTRAL DESERT	Akityarre	0	76	3	31	9	0	119
		Anmatjere	2	485	24	27	19	0	557
		Southern Tanami	5	293	33	16	15	0	362
	Total Central Desert Vote		7 0.7	854 <i>82.3</i>	60 <i>5.8</i>	74	43	0	1038
3	% of Central Desert vote	Liiropinto			<i>5.8</i> 19	<i>7.1</i>	4.1	0.0	316
3	MACDONNELL	Ljirapinta Lutitja Pintubi	16 11	243 305	6	5 4	33 28	0 0	316 354
		Rodinga	40	305 252	41	4 32	20 24	0	304 389
	Total MacDonnell Vote	rtouingu	67	800	66	41	85	0	1059
1	% of MacDonnell vote		6.3	75.5	6.2	3.9	8.0	0.0	1007
L	NET TOTAL#		6508	8225	1360	430	395	38	16956
	% of total shire/council vote		38.4	48.5	8.0	2.5	2.3	0.2	10,00
	2008 Municipal Election Total	S	44592	201	5519	816	2890	78	54096
	% of total municipal vote		82.4	0.4	10.2	1.5	5.3	0.1	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	horn Dogion Dogion 2				Australia			

\* Note: Region 1 - Northern Region, Region 2 - Big Rivers, Region 3 - Central Australian # The NET TOTAL includes President only voting figures for Barkly and Litchfield.

#### **APPENDIX F**

		-			<u> </u>			
Region*	Shire Council	Static	Mobile	Early Votes	Postal	Absent	Declaration	Total
1	COOMALIE	0	30	3	7	1	3	44
-	EAST ARNHEM	43	1565	18	5	48	19	1698
	LITCHFIELD	5038	51	730	129	23	5	5976
	TIWI ISLANDS	0	702	2	2	18	0	724
	WAGAIT	171	0	8	3	4	0	186
	WEST ARNHEM	226	1039	158	7	39	0	1469
	REGION 1 TOTALS	5478	3387	919	153	133	27	10097
	% of Region 1 Vote	54.3	33.5	9.1	1.5	1.3	0.3	
2	ROPER GULF	10	1422	74	59	44	3	1612
	VICTORIA DALY	0	742	10	6	1	0	759
	REGION 2 TOTALS	10	2164	84	65	45	3	2371
	% of Region 2 Vote	0.4	91.3	3.5	2.7	1.9	0.1	
3	BARKLY	946	1020	231	97	89	8	2391
	CENTRAL DESERT	7	854	60	74	43	0	1038
	MACDONNELL	67	800	66	41	85	0	1059
	REGION 3 TOTALS	1020	2674	357	212	217	8	4488
	% of Region 3 Vote	22.7	59.6	8.0	4.7	4.8	0.2	
	NET TOTAL#	6508	8225	1360	430	395	38	16956
	% of total shire/council vote	38.4	48.5	8.0	2.5	2.3	0.2	
	2008 Municipal Election Totals	44592	201	5519	816	2890	78	54096
	% of total municipal vote	82.4	0.4	10.2	1.5	5.3	0.1	

## F (iii) Voting Outcomes by Vote Type by Region Summary

\* Note: Region 1 - Northern Region, Region 2 - Big Rivers, Region 3 - Central Australian # The NET TOTAL includes President only voting figures for Barkly and Litchfield.

Voting Services – Mobile Polling Schedule

Council/Shire	Date	Time	Enrolment	Ord. Votes
West Arnhem, Mobile Team: 1				
WARRUWI	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	9am - 12 noon	256	101
BLACK POINT	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	2pm - 3pm	19	4
MINJILANG	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	9am - 12 noon	178	98
Tiwi, Mobile Team: 2				
NGUIU	Thursday, 23 October 2008	9am - 3pm	969	533
PIRLANGIMPI	Friday, 24 October 2008	9am - 12 noon	252	169
West Arnhem, Mobile Team: 3				
KAPALGA	Monday, 13 October 2008	10:45am - 11:15am	11	4
SOUTH ALLIGATOR	Monday, 13 October 2008	12 noon - 12:30pm	10	6
MUMAKALA	Monday, 13 October 2008	1:30pm - 2pm	5	4
KAKADU NATIONAL PARK HQ	Monday, 13 October 2008	3pm - 3:30pm	13	13
MANABADURMA	Monday, 13 October 2008	4:15pm - 4:45pm	39	10
NOURLANGIE	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	8:30am - 9am	6	0
PATONGA	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	10am - 11am	39	0
COOINDA	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	12 noon - 12:30pm	24	2
SPRING PEAK	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	1:15pm - 1:45pm	6	2
GUNBALANYA	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	9am - 3pm	606	341
BORDER STORE	Thursday, 16 October 2008	9am - 9:30am	6	1
CANNON HILL	Thursday, 16 October 2008	11am - 11:30pm	15	4
MUDGINBERRI	Thursday, 16 October 2008	12:30pm - 1pm	22	2
DJIRRBIYAK	Thursday, 16 October 2008	2:15pm - 2:45pm	3	12
MAMADAWERRE	Monday, 20 October 2008	9:30am - 10:15am	36	25
GUMARRINBANG	Monday, 20 October 2008	11am - 11:30pm	14	14
MARRKOLIDJBAN	Monday, 20 October 2008	12:30pm - 1:30pm	50	5
KUMURRULU	Monday, 20 October 2008	2:15pm - 3pm	14	1
MUMEKA	Monday, 20 October 2008	3:45pm - 4:15pm	35	14
ANKABADBIRRI	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	9:30am - 10am	7	3
NGANKORLORD	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	10:45am - 11:15am	8	1
KORLOBIRRAHDA	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	12 noon - 12:30pm	14	2
MANMOYI	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	1:30pm - 3pm	64	7
YIKARRAKKAL	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	4pm - 4:30pm	0	1
JI-MARDI	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	8am - 8:45am	35	13
YILAN	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	9:30am - 10am	3	4
DJIMALAWA (JI-MALAWA)	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	10:45am - 11:30pm	32	8
WURDEJA	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	12:15pm - 1:45pm	10	2
JIBANA	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	2:30pm - 3pm	10	10
GOCHAN JINY-JIRRA	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	3:45pm - 4:45pm	42	2
JI BALBAL	Thursday, 23 October 2008	8am - 8:30am	10	9
GAMARDI	Thursday, 23 October 2008	9:15am - 10am	34	10
MALYANGARNAK	Thursday, 23 October 2008	11am - 11:30pm	17	0
BULUHKADURU	Thursday, 23 October 2008	12:30pm - 1:30pm	46	1
BOLKJAM	Thursday, 23 October 2008	2:15pm - 2:45pm	17	6
KABULWARNAMYO	Thursday, 23 October 2008	3:30pm - 4pm	2	11
MANINGRIDA	Friday, 24 October 2008	8am - 2:30pm		266

## APPENDIX G

#### Voting Services – Mobile Polling Schedule (cont'd)

Voting Services – Mobile Polling Schedule (cont'd)								
Council/Shire	Date	Time	Enrolment	Ord. Votes				
East Arnhem, Mobile Team: 4								
BARRKIRA	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	9:30am - 10am	12	8				
LANGARRA	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	11:15am - 11:45pm	14	0				
RAYMANGIRR	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	1:15pm - 2pm	50	8				
DHALINYBUY	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	3:30pm - 4pm	46	22				
GURRUMURU	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	9am - 9:30am	27	9				
GARRTHALALA	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	11am - 11:30pm	29	20				
BIRANY BIRANY	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	12:45pm - 1:45pm	23	26				
WANDAWUY	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	3pm - 4pm	44	16				
GAN GAN	Thursday, 16 October 2008	9:30am - 10:15am	77	114				
DHURUPUTJPI	Thursday, 16 October 2008	11:30pm - 12 noon	22	15				
BANIYALA	Thursday, 16 October 2008	1:15pm - 2:15pm	26	28				
BARRARATJPI	Thursday, 16 October 2008	3:30pm - 4pm	18	5				
DONYDJI	Friday, 17 October 2008	9:30am - 10am	23	8				
BALMA	Friday, 17 October 2008	11:30pm - 12 noon	12	0				
BREMER ISLAND	Monday, 20 October 2008	8:45am - 9:30am	4	0				
GALUPA	Monday, 20 October 2008	12 noon - 12:45pm	31	6				
GOVE HOSPITAL	Monday, 20 October 2008	2:45pm - 4:15pm	0	1				
GUNYANGARA	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	8:30am - 11am	127	27				
YIRRKALA	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	8:30am - 12:30pm	550	217				
UMBAKUMBA	Thursday, 23 October 2008	9:30am - 12 noon	243	115				
MALKALA	Thursday, 23 October 2008	2:30pm - 3pm	14	11				
ANGURUGU	Friday, 24 October 2008	8:15am - 1:15pm	513	258				
MILYAKBURRA	Friday, 24 October 2008	3pm - 4:30pm	119	28				
ALYANGULA AREA SCHOOL	Saturday, 25 October 2008	10am - 1pm	0	0				
East Arnhem, Mobile Team: 5								
MILINGIMBI	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	10:30am - 3pm	648	156				
RAMINGINING	Thursday, 23 October 2008	8am - 2pm	536	190				
YATHALAMARRA	Thursday, 23 October 2008	3:15pm - 3:45pm	25	23				
NANGALALA	Friday, 24 October 2008	8:45am - 9:15am	27	23				
GAPUWIYAK	Friday, 24 October 2008	10:45am - 4:30pm	498	225				
Roper-Gulf, Mobile Team: 6								
NUMBULWAR	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	8:30am - 12:30pm	482	172				
WEEMOL	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	3pm - 4pm	93	21				
BULMAN	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	8:30am - 10:30am	119	73				
KATHERINE HOSPITAL	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	2:15pm - 4:30pm						
KATHERINE RENAL UNIT	Thursday, 16 October 2008	9am - 10am						
CORROBOREE HOSTEL	Thursday, 16 October 2008	11:15am - 12 noon						
KATHERINE RENAL UNIT	Thursday, 16 October 2008	2:30pm - 3:15pm						
CORROBOREE HOSTEL	Thursday, 16 October 2008	4pm - 5pm						
BESWICK	Monday, 20 October 2008	9am - 12 noon	295	87				
BARUNGA	Monday, 20 October 2008	1:30pm - 3:30pm	188	72				
EVA VALLEY	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	9:30am - 10:30am	78	50				
JILKMINGGAN	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	1:30pm - 3pm	165	73				
RITTARANGU	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	10am - 10:45am	36	11				
BADAWARKA	Wednesday, 22 October 2008 Wednesday, 22 October 2008	11:45pm - 12:15pm	13	2				
NGUKURR	Wednesday, 22 October 2008 Wednesday, 22 October 2008	1:30pm - 5:30pm	615	165				
ROPER BAR	Thursday, 23 October 2008	8:45am - 9:15am	6	3				
MINYERRI	Thursday, 23 October 2008 Thursday, 23 October 2008	11am - 1pm	282	145				
DALY WATERS	Friday, 24 October 2008	8:45am - 9:15am	5	2				
LARRIMAH	Friday, 24 October 2008	11am - 11:30pm	11	6				
MATARANKA	Friday, 24 October 2008	1pm - 3pm	131	60				
			131					
MULGAN CAMP	Friday, 24 October 2008	3:45pm - 4:15pm	າາ	9				
JODETLUK	Saturday, 25 October 2008	10am - 10:30am	33	14				
NITMILUK GORGE	Saturday, 25 October 2008	11am - 11:30pm		1				

Voting Services – Ivic	•		England	Oral Mater
Council/Shire	Date	Time	Enrolment	Ord. Votes
Roper-Gulf, Mobile Team: 7				
KIANA	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	8:30am - 9am	31	50
WOLLOGORANG	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	10:15am - 10:45am	11	80
ROBINSON RIVER	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	12 noon - 3pm	145	73
KING ASH BAY	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	8am - 10am	63	24
WANDANGULA	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	11am - 12 noon	30	4
MUNYALINI	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	1pm - 2pm	18	8
MARA	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	3pm - 5pm	79	81
BORROLOOLA	Thursday, 23 October 2008	8am - 3pm	415	212
Victoria-Daly, Mobile Team: 8				
TIPPERARY STN	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	9:30am - 10am	28	10
WOOLIANA	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	12:15pm - 12:45pm	6	26
NAUIYU	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	2pm - 5:45pm	288	163
DALY RIVER	Thursday, 16 October 2008	08:45am - 09:15am	43	9
WOODYCUPALDIYA	Thursday, 16 October 2008	11:45pm - 12:30pm	41	16
MULINGI	Thursday, 16 October 2008	1:45pm - 2:15pm	6	0
DELEYE	Thursday, 16 October 2008	3:30pm - 4pm	0	4
EMU POINT	Friday, 17 October 2008	10:30am - 11:15am	46	35
NADIRR	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	11am - 11:45pm	13	4
NEMARLUK	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	2pm - 2:45pm	10	6
WADEYE	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	8:30am - 12 noon	1094	207
NAMA	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	2:30pm - 3pm		13
WADEYE	Thursday, 23 October 2008	8:30am - 12 noon		67
WUDAPULI	Thursday, 23 October 2008	2:30pm - 3pm	31	23
WADEYE	Friday, 24 October 2008	8:30am - 12 noon	51	159
Barkly, Mobile Team: 9	111ddy, 24 October 2000	0.0001112110011		137
WOGYALA	Monday, 13 October 2008	1:30pm - 2pm	17	6
ROCKHAMPTON DOWNS STN	Monday, 13 October 2008	3pm - 3:30pm	14	0
BRUNETTE DOWNS STN	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	10am - 10:30am	41	2
CORELLA CREEK	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	12 noon - 12:30pm	20	13
BARKLY HOMESTEAD	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	3:45pm - 4:15pm	4	3
ALEXANDRIA STN	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	11am - 11:30pm	19	2
ILUWURRU	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	12:45pm - 1:15pm	0	0
CONNELLS LAGOON	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	2:30pm - 3pm	10	3
MUNGALAWURRU	Thursday, 16 October 2008	10am - 10:30am	16	8
KURUNDI STN	Thursday, 16 October 2008	2pm - 2:30pm	12	5
KALINJARRI	Thursday, 16 October 2008	4pm - 4:30pm	15	5
AMPILATWATJA	Monday, 20 October 2008	8am - 12 noon	197	, 114
ATNWENGERRPE	Monday, 20 October 2008	1:30pm - 2:15pm	13	9
IRRULTJA	Monday, 20 October 2008	3:30pm - 5pm	43	22
CAMEL CAMP	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	8:45am - 9:45am	21	15
ANKERRAPW	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	10:45am - 11:15am	104	8
TOMMYHAWK SWAMP	Tuesday, 21 October 2008		104	
ATNELTYEY	Tuesday, 21 October 2008 Tuesday, 21 October 2008	12:15pm - 1pm 2:15pm - 3:15pm	38	0 13
	Tuesday, 21 October 2008		29	
APUNGALINDUM INDARINGINYA		4pm - 5pm 09:15am - 10:15am	29	4
	Wednesday, 22 October 2008			
INKAWENYERRE AMENGERNTERNEAH	Wednesday, 22 October 2008 Wednesday, 22 October 2008	11:30pm - 12:30pm 1:30pm - 2:30pm	32 1	22 5
			20	
ATHELEY	Wednesday, 22 October 2008 Thursday, 23 October 2008	3:15pm - 4:30pm 8am - 12 noon	20 97	15 76
IYLENTYE SOAKAGE BODE	Thursday, 23 October 2008	1pm - 2pm 2pm 4pm	29 20	10
SOAKAGE BORE	Thursday, 23 October 2008	3pm - 4pm	29	0
INKWELAYE ARAWERR	Friday, 24 October 2008 Friday, 24 October 2008	9am - 10am 11am - 12 noon	31 59	6 5
	FUCAV 74 UCIODEL 7008	11200 - 17 0000		h

	blie Folling Schedule	(cont d)		
Barkly, Mobile Team: 10				
TARA	Monday, 20 October 2008	11am - 12 noon	52	16
MUNGKARTA	Monday, 20 October 2008	2:30pm - 3:15pm	14	16
CANTEEN CREEK	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	11am - 12:30pm	103	64
WUTUNGURRA	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	2:30pm - 4:30pm	138	95
ALI CURUNG	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	09:15am - 12 noon	239	117
IMANGARA	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	1:15pm - 1:45pm	53	41
ELLIOTT	Thursday, 23 October 2008	8am - 11:30pm	234	131
MARLINJA	Thursday, 23 October 2008	1pm - 2pm	36	41
ALPURRURULAM	Friday, 24 October 2008	9am - 12:30pm	279	153
Central Desert, Mobile Team: 11		·		
MULGA BORE	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	10am - 10:30am	55	4
ALYUEN	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	2:15pm - 2:45pm	18	11
AILERON	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	4:15pm - 4:45pm	9	6
WILORA	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	9:15am - 10:45am	22	29
PMARA JUTUNTA	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	12:45pm - 3:15pm	133	76
WILLOWRA	Thursday, 16 October 2008	10:30am - 12:30pm	196	49
TITREE	Friday, 17 October 2008	9am - 12 noon	122	75
NYIRRIPI	Saturday, 18 October 2008	09:30am - 11:30pm	165	66
LARAMBA	Monday, 20 October 2008	11:30pm - 1:30pm	168	125
TILMOUTH ROADHOUSE	Monday, 20 October 2008	3:30pm - 4pm	1	2
YUENDUMU	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	8:45am - 2:45pm	557	117
YUELAMU	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	9:30am - 12 noon	167	76
ENGAWALA	Thursday, 23 October 2008	08:30am - 10am	76	72
ATITJERE	Thursday, 23 October 2008	12:30pm - 1:30pm	74	39
IRRERLIRRE	Thursday, 23 October 2008	3:15pm - 3:45pm	34	12
ORRTIPA-THURRA	Friday, 24 October 2008	10:30am - 11:30pm	53	19
MT EAGLEBEAK	Friday, 24 October 2008	2pm - 2:30pm	15	0
ALICE SPRINGS CORRECTIONAL		-hh		
CENTRE	Saturday, 25 October 2008		0	51
MacDonnell, Mobile Team: 12				
BLACKTANK BORE	Monday, 13 October 2008	9:15am - 9:45am	8	0
TURNERS CAMP	Monday, 13 October 2008	10:30am - 11am	1	2
ARTEKERRE	Monday, 13 October 2008	12 noon - 12:30pm	20	0
BURT CREEK	Monday, 13 October 2008	1:30pm - 2pm	22	1
ALKUPITJA	Monday, 13 October 2008	3:30pm - 4pm	13	0
MT LIEBIG	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	12:30pm - 2:30pm	149	56
WARREN CREEK	Tuesday, 14 October 2008	4pm - 4:30pm	9	0
PAPUNYA	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	8:30am - 12 noon	288	81
HAASTS BLUFF	Wednesday, 15 October 2008	1:45pm - 3:30pm	118	59
MBUNGHALA	Thursday, 16 October 2008	9:30am - 10am	21	9
ALICE SPRINGS HOSPITAL	Saturday, 25 October 2008			

#### Voting Services – Mobile Polling Schedule (cont'd)

#### APPENDIX G

Council/Shire	Date	Time	Enrolment	Ord. Votes
MacDonnell-Central Desert, Mobile Team: 13				
TITJIKALA	Monday, 20 October 2008	8:15am - 10:15am	150	95
FINKE	Monday, 20 October 2008	11:45pm - 1:30pm	121	28
KINTORE	Tuesday, 21 October 2008	9am - 12 noon	219	79
UKAKA	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	9:30am - 10am	21	5
WANMARRA	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	11:45pm - 12:15pm	8	9
KINGS CREEK STN	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	1:15pm - 2pm	6	4
ULPANYALI	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	4pm - 4:30pm	22	10
KINGS CANYON	Wednesday, 22 October 2008	5:30pm - 6:15pm	18	8
AMOONGUNA	Thursday, 23 October 2008	1:30pm - 3:30pm	162	54
SANTA TERESA	Friday, 24 October 2008	9:30am - 12:30pm	318	66
WILLOWRA	Friday, 24 October 2008	4pm - 5pm		26
Coomalie, Mobile Team: 14				
ADELAIDE RIVER	Saturday, 25 October 2008	9am - 12 noon	81	25
BATCHELOR	Saturday, 25 October 2008	1:30pm - 2:30pm		5
Litchfield, Mobile Team: 15				
DARWIN CORRECTIONAL CENTRE	Friday, 24 October 2008	9am - 09:30am	0	0
ROYAL DARWIN HOSPITAL	Friday, 24 October 2008	10:30am - 1:30pm	0	4
ACACIA STORE	Saturday, 25 October 2008	9am - 11am	39	42
ACACIA LARRAKIA	Saturday, 25 October 2008	12:30pm - 2:30pm	32	5

## Voting Services – Mobile Polling Schedule (cont'd)

#### Voting Services – Early Voting Centre Locations

Place	Location	Date and Time
DARWIN	Northern Territory Electoral	
	Commission	Wed 8 – Thurs 23 October 8am – 4.30pm
	Level 2, AANT Building, 79 Smith Street	Fri 24 October 8.30am – 6pm
<ul> <li>FREDS PASS</li> </ul>	Litchfield Shire Council	Wed 8 – Thurs 23 October 8.30am – 4.30pm
	7 Bees Creek Road	Fri 24 October 8.30am – 6pm
<ul> <li>KATHERINE</li> </ul>	Northern Territory Government Centre	Wed 8 – Thurs 23 October 8am – 4.21pm
	Ground Floor, First Street	Fri 24 October 8.30am – 6pm
<ul> <li>JABIRU</li> </ul>	West Arnhem Shire Council Office	Wed 8 – Thurs 23 October 8.30am – 4.00pm
0/12/110	1 Tasman Cresent	Fri 24 October 8.30am – 6pm
<ul> <li>TENNANT CREEK</li> </ul>	Tennant Creek Council Chambers	Wed 8 – Thurs 23 October 8.30am – 4.15pm
	58 Peko Road	Fri 24 October 8.30am – 6pm
<ul> <li>ALICE SPRINGS</li> </ul>	Yeperenye Centre	Wed 8 – Thurs 23 October 8am – 4.30pm
	52 Hartley Street	Fri 24 October 8.30am – 6pm
<ul> <li>NHULUNBUY</li> </ul>	Nhulunbuy East Arnhem Shire Council	Wed 8 – Thurs 23 October 8am – 4.21pm
	Franklyn Śtreet	Fri 24 October 8.30am – 6pm

#### **Voting Services – Static Polling Place Locations**

Region	Location	Date and Time
DARWIN	Northern Territory Electoral Commission, 79 Smith Street	Saturday 25 October 8am – 6pm
	Ludmilla Primary School, Bagot Road	Saturday 25 October 8am – 6pm
BERRIMAH	Kormilda College, Berrimah Road	Saturday 25 October 8am – 6pm
HOWARD SPRINGS	Howard Springs Hall, Whitewood Road	Saturday 25 October 8am – 6pm
BEES CREEK	Bees Creek Primary School, 2235 Sattlers Crescent	Saturday 25 October 8am – 6pm
<ul> <li>HUMPTY DOO</li> </ul>	Taminmin High School, Challenor Circuit	Saturday 25 October 8am – 6pm
BERRY SPRINGS	Berry Springs Primary School, 1150 Cox Peninsula Road	Saturday 25 October 8am – 6pm
WAGAIT	Wagait Shire Council, Wagait Tower Road	Saturday 25 October 8am – 6pm
KATHERINE	Katherine Civic Centre, Stuart Highway	Saturday 25 October 8am – 6pm
<ul> <li>JABIRU</li> </ul>	Jabiru Youth Centre, Litchfield Drive	Saturday 25 October 8am – 6pm
TENNANT CREEK	Pyramid Centre, Peko Road	Saturday 25 October 8am – 6pm
ALICE SPRINGS	Yeperenye Centre, 52 Hartley Street	Saturday 25 October 8am – 6pm
NHULUNBUY	Nhulunbuy Primary School, Chesterfield Circuit	Saturday 25 October 8am – 6pm

#### APPENDIX H

## **Count Types Adopted**

A distribution of preferences was not required for the following polls:

Council-Ward Name	Estimate of Ballot Papers in Count (at 65% turnout)	No. Candidates	No. Vacancies	Scrutiny Site
Coomalie - Adelaide River Rural	61	2	1	Darwin
Litchfield - Central	1470	2	1	Darwin
Roper Gulf – Numbulwar Numburindi	320	2	1	Katherine
Victoria Daly - Milngin	249	2	1	Katherine

#### A distribution of preferences was conducted **BY HAND** for the following polls:

Barkly President	2714	4	1	Tennant Creek
Litchfield President	7005	3	1	Darwin
Litchfield Council – East	1647	3	1	Darwin

#### A distribution of preferences was conducted **BY COMPUTER** for the following polls:

Council/Shire	Ward	Estimate of Ballot Papers in Count (at 65% Turnout)	No. Candidates	No. Vacancies	Scrutiny Site
	Alyawarr	1102	7	4	Tennant Creek
BARKLY	Patta	1254	9	5	Tennant Creek
	Yapakurlangu	357	3	2	Tennant Creek
	Akityarre	170	4	2	Alice Springs
CENTRAL DESERT	Anmatjere	648	9	4	Alice Springs
	Southern Tanami	615	11	4	Alice Springs
	Anindilyakwa	590	6	3	Nhulunbuy
EAST ARNHEM	Gumurr Gatjirrk	841	4	3	Nhulunbuy
	Gumurr Miwatj	1213	9	3	Nhulunbuy
	Ljirapinta	440	8	3	Alice Springs
MACDONNELL	Luritja Pintubi	546	5	3	Alice Springs
	Rodinga	723	10	4	Alice Springs
	Never Never	448	7	3	Katherine
ROPER GULF	Nyirranggulung	580	5	3	Katherine
NOF EN GOLI	South West Gulf	590	6	3	Katherine
	Yugul Mangi	444	4	2	Katherine
TIWI ISLANDS	Nguiu	624	10	5	Darwin
TIWITSLANDS	Pirlangimpi	163	4	3	Darwin
VIC DALY	Thamarrurr/Pindi Pindi	822	5	4	Katherine
WAGAIT	Wagait	142	10	7	Darwin
	Barrah	309	8	3	Darwin
WEST ARNHEM	Gunbalanya	476	9	3	Darwin
	Kakadu	493	8	3	Darwin
	Maningrida	949	5	3	Darwin

#### **Advice to Stakeholders - Count Processes and Procedures**

#### Election night – count of 1<sup>st</sup> preference (primary) votes (25 October 2008)

Immediately after the close of polling (6pm) on polling day:

- 1st preference votes counted each static polling place;
- 1<sup>st</sup> preference votes counted for early votes, mobiles; some postal votes counted where enough ballot papers are received not to compromise the confidentiality of the elector *the local headquarters of the deputy returning officer on election night*.

#### Week after polling day (27 to 30 October 2008)

During the week after polling day:

- check of all ballot papers counted on election night;
- check of further postal ballot paper envelopes and those of persons whose eligibility to vote requires verification;
- absent ballot papers taken in polling places on polling day are forwarded in their envelopes to the relevant Deputy Returning Officer for inclusion in the count.

#### Friday after polling day (31 October 2008)

Electors voting by post have until 6pm on the Friday after polling day to return their postal ballot papers. A distribution of preferences on ballot papers to determine the elected candidates is not normally undertaken until after the cut-off for the return of postal ballot papers.

#### Count order

The count of ballot papers for an election for **principal member**/president is conducted first, the result determined and then those ballot papers are set aside.

Candidates standing for principal member AND ordinary member

If a candidate stands for both a principal member and ordinary member vacancy and is elected to the position of principal member, that candidate is then excluded from the count for ordinary member. His/her ballot papers are distributed to the next available candidate according to the preferences marked by the voter.

The ballot papers for any ordinary member election are then scrutinised:

- the 1<sup>st</sup> preferences on the ballot papers are counted:
- the ballot papers of a person elected as principal member who also stood for an ordinary member position in that election are distributed to other candidates remaining in the count according to the 2<sup>nd</sup> preference on the ballot paper.

#### Distribution of preference process

#### Principal member

Any candidate who obtains more than 50% of the formal 1<sup>st</sup> preference votes is elected to the vacancy. If no candidate obtains more than 50% of the formal votes:

- the candidate with the least number of votes is 'excluded' or removed from the count;
- his/her ballot papers are distributed to candidates remaining in the count according to the next available
  preference on the ballot paper; a candidate obtaining a majority of the formal votes is elected.

#### If no candidate obtains a majority, the exclusion process continues until a majority is gained by a candidate. Ordinary Members

The same principle applies for an election for ordinary members. If vacancies remain after the election of a candidate to the first vacancy:

- all formal ballot papers are sorted back to the 1<sup>st</sup> preferences;
- elected candidates cannot receive further preferences so ballot papers from elected candidates are distributed to continuing candidates, according to the next available preference, before the exclusion of candidates with the least number of votes.

Further vacancies are determined using the same count procedures. All ballot papers are first sorted back to 1<sup>st</sup> preferences.

#### APPENDIX J

#### Advice to Stakeholders - Post Poll Activities Timetable

Day/date	Activity	Location
	Count of 1 <sup>st</sup> preferences (primary votes) on ballot papers cast by electors voting within their council/ward taken in the polling places on polling day	At polling places
		At regional centres: <i>Coomalie, Tiwi, Darwin/Litchfield , Darwin/Wagait</i> NTEC Darwin;
Polling night – Saturday 25 October	Count of 1 <sup>st</sup> preferences (primary votes) on ballot papers cast by electors voting before polling day either: • by post or	<i>West Arnhem</i> – Youth Centre, Jabiru <i>East Arnhem</i> – Primary School, Nhulunbuy t
	<ul> <li>in person voting by mobile team or at an early voting centre</li> <li>Note: Where insufficient early and postal ballot</li> </ul>	<i>Roper-Gulf/Victoria-Daly</i> - Katherine Town Council, Katherine
	papers were to hand in the regional centre and confidentiality of the vote could be compromised, counts are deferred until the receipt of ballot papers	<i>Barkly</i> – Civic Centre, Peko Road, Tennant Creek
	from all centres the week after polling day	<i>Central Desert/MacDonnell</i> - NTEC Office, Gregory Terrace, Alice Springs
		NB ONLY for their designated regional council/s
Sunday 26 October	No counting – consolidation of materials from	
	Monday commencing 9am:	<i>Coomalie, Litchfield, Tiwi, Wagait, West Arnhem</i> NTEC Level 1 79 Smith Street, Darwin
	<ul> <li>single member vacancy elections (7 including 2 for president) - check count of all ballot papers scrutinised on Saturday night</li> </ul>	<i>East Arnhem</i> DLGH Office, Shop 2, Arnhem Village, Nhulunbuy
Monday 27 October to Thursday 30 October	<ul> <li>multi-member vacancy elections (24)         <ul> <li>commencement of input and verification of ordinary ballot paper details into <i>EasyCount</i> (count software)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<i>Roper-Gulf/Victoria –Daly</i> DLGH Office, Government Building, First Street, Katherine
	From Wednesday: Absent and declaration vote counts/input and further postal scrutiny and input	<i>Barkly</i> Shire Council Office, Council Chambers, Tennant Creek
		<i>Central Desert and MacDonnell</i> NTEC office, Shop 3 Yeperenye Centre, 52 Hartley St, Alice Springs (access via
Friday 31 October 6pm	Final postal count and distribution of preferences	Gregory Tce. next to the Commonwealth Bank)
Saturday/Sunday 1 <sup>st</sup> /2 <sup>nd</sup> November	Reserved	
Monday 3 November	Declaration of the poll 9.30am – East Arnhem 10am – Barkly, Central Desert, Litchfield, MacDonnell, Roper-Gulf, Victoria -Daly 12 noon - Coomalie, Tiwi Islands, Wagait and West Arnhem	At relevant regional centre/council office as advised

#### APPENDIX K

#### **Declaration of the Polls**

Declaration of the polls took place on Monday 3 November 2008 at the following venues and times:

Council	Venue	Time
Litchfield Council	Litchfield Council Office 7 Bees Creek Road, Freds Pass	10am
Coomalie Community Government Council Wagait Shire	Northern Territory Electoral Commission Level 1, AANT Building 79 Smith Street, Darwin	12 noon
East Arnhem Shire	Shire Office, Franklyn Street, Nhulunbuy	9.30am
Roper-Gulf Shire Victoria-Daly Shire	Dept. of Local Government & Housing NTG Centre, First Street, Katherine	
Barkly Shire	Shire Council Chamber 58 Peko Road, Tennant Creek	10am
Central Desert Shire MacDonnell Shire	Yeperenye Centre, 52 Hartley St, Alice Springs (access via Gregory Terrace next to the Commonwealth Bank)	
Tiwi Islands Shire	Shire Office, Tutti Drive, Nguiu	12 noon
West Arnhem Shire	Shire Office, 1 Tasman Crescent, Jabiru	

Invitations were sent out inviting all candidates to be present at the declarations at which they had an opportunity to speak if they wished.

#### **Removal of Signage**

The NTEC reminded candidates that complaints after polling day often related to signage remaining on property and trees. Candidates were asked to remove any campaign material **promptly** from polling places and other locations where candidate material had been posted including:

- signs posted on private property
- all posters, adhesive material and string from school pillars and walls.

#### APPENDIX L

## Elected Members by Gender and Age Range

	nations ncies Elected			Elected Representatives by Age Range (includes lyarrka Ward supplementary election 13.12.08)							
Council Name	No. Nominations	No. Vacancies	Females Elec	18-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65+	Not Given	Total
Elected Principal Member Details#	7	2	2				1		1		2
% of positions			100.0				50.0		50.0		
				-				_			
Barkly Shire	19	11	5			1	2	2	3	3	11
Central Desert Shire	26	12	2		1	1	3	2	1	4	12
Coomalie CG Council	10	9	4			1	5	2	1		9
East Arnhem Shire	22	12	3			1	5	4		2	12
Litchfield Council	7	4	2			1	1	1	1		4
MacDonnell Shire*	26	12	5			3	3	1		5	12
Roper Gulf Shire	24	12	4		1	3	4	2		2	12
Tiwi Islands Shire	18	12	4			3	3			6	12
Victoria Daly Shire	14	12	1		1	1	3	2	1	4	12
Wagait Shire Council	10	7	4			1	4	1		1	7
West Arnhem Shire	30	12	4		1	1	5	1		4	12
Elected Ordinary Member Details	206	115	38	0	4	17	38	18	7	31	115
% of positions			33.0	0.0	3.5	14.8	33.0	15.7	6.1	27.0	

# details relate to Barkly and Litchfield Principal Member elections \* Iyarrka Ward had 2 nominations for the by-election on 13.12.08 when 1 female was elected

#### APPENDIX M

## M(i): Enrolment, Turnout and Informality

Region	Council - Ward Name	Enrolment	No. Nominations	No. Vacancies	Average Candidates per Contested Election	Election Turnout Contested Elections %	Turnout by Council - CONTESTED Elections %	Informality Contested Elections %	Informality by Council - CONTESTED Elections %
1	Coomalie CG Council - Adelaide River Rural	94	2	1		46.8		11.4	
1	Coomalie CG Council - Adelaide River Town	86	2	2					
1	Coomalie CG Council - Batchelor Rural	118	1	1	2		46.8		11.4
1	Coomalie CG Council - Batchelor Town	192	3	3			40.0		11.4
1	Coomalie CG Council - Coomalie/Tortilla	33	1	1					
1	Coomalie CG Council - Lake Bennett	45	1	1					
1	East Arnhem Shire - Anindilyakwa	908	6	3		46.1		14.6	
1	East Arnhem Shire - Gumurr Gatjirrk	1295	4	3	6	33.1	41.7	10.3	21.2
1	East Arnhem Shire - Gumurr Marthakal	1196	3	3					21.2
1	East Arnhem Shire - Gumurr Miwatj	1867	9	3		45.5		30.0	
1	Litchfield President		3	1		55.4		7.1	
1	Litchfield Council - East Ward	2535	3	1		64.1		7.1	
1	Litchfield Council - Central Ward	2263	2	1	2	60.1	55.4 President - not all wards	9.7	7.5
1	Litchfield Council - North Ward	3159	1	1			contested		
1	Litchfield Council - South Ward	2821	1	1					
1	Tiwi Islands Shire - Milikapiti	284	3	3					
1	Tiwi Islands Shire - Nguiu	960	10	5		58.5	59.8	6.2	4.8
1	Tiwi Islands Shire - Pirlangimpi	251	4	3	7	64.5		0.0	
1	Tiwi Islands Shire - Wurankuwu Wagait Shira Caunail	38	1 10	1	10	04.0	0.1.0		2.2
1	Wagait Shire Council West Arnhem Shire - Barrah	219			10	84.9	84.9	3.2	3.2
1	West Arnhem Shire - West Arnhem Shire - Gunbalanya	476 732	8 9	3		49.6 63.4	42.9	11.4 17.0	10.2
1	West Arnhem Shire - Kakadu	759	8	3	7	54.4	42.9	3.6	10.2
1	West Arnhem Shire - Maningrida	1460	5	3	1	24.4		8.1	

#### APPENDIX M

## M (ii): Enrolment, Turnout and Informality

2         Roper Gulf Shire - Never Never         690         7         3         54.3         8.3           2         Roper Gulf Shire - Numbulwar Numburindi         493         2         1         39.1         11.4           2         Roper Gulf Shire - Nyirranggulung         893         5         3         5         40.3         44.0         7.8	by Council - CONTESTED Elections %									
Z         Numburindi         493         Z         1         39.1         11.4										
2 Roper Gulf Shire - Nvirranggulung 893 5 3 5 40.3 44.0 7.8										
	-									
2         Roper Gulf Shire - South West Gulf         908         6         3         50.9         7.4	_									
2         Roper Gulf Shire - Yugul Mangi         683         4         2         32.5         9.0										
2   Victoria Daly Shire - Daguragu   434   1   1										
2         Victoria Daly Shire - Milngin         383         2         1         59.3         8.8										
2     Victoria Daly Shire - Nganmarriyanga     206     1     1										
2         Victoria Daly Shire - Pine Creek         251         1         1         3         46.1	7.4									
2Victoria Daly Shire - Thamarrurr/Pindi Pindi12655442.16.8	7.1									
2 Victoria Daly Shire – Timber Creek 437 2 2										
2 Victoria Daly Shire - Tyemirri 103 1 1										
2 Victoria Daly Shire - Walangeri 294 1 1										
3         Barkly President         4         1         57.3         7.5										
3     Barkly Shire - Alyawarr     1696     7     4       3     Barkly Shire - Alyawarr     1696     7     4	8.5									
3         Barkly Shire - Patta         1930         9         5         6         66.4         contested         8.0	0.5									
3         Barkly Shire - Yapakurlangu         550         3         2         50.4         5.4										
3         Central Desert Shire - Akityarre         261         4         2         45.6         5.9										
3         Central Desert Shire - Anmatjere         998         9         4         55.8         25.5										
3     Central Desert Shire – Northern Tanami     474     2     2     8     47.1	20.0									
3Central Desert Shire – Southern Tanami94611438.316.3										
3 MacDonnell Shire - Iyarrka 687 1 2										
3         MacDonnell Shire - Ljirapinta         677         8         3         8         46.7         7.3	10.0									
3         MacDonnell Shire – Luritja Pintubi         840         5         3         42.1         40.3         8.5	10.3									
3         MacDonnell Shire - Rodinga         1113         10         4         35.0         14.4										
39003 211 117										
Turnout % (inc President not ward turnout Barkly & Litchfield)       49.7										
Informality % (all informals /all BPs counted - presidential + wards) 9.6										

#### APPENDIX N

#### N(i) Informality Analysis by Council/Ward

	T	Obdition/		arent Deli	berate I	nforma	lity			Apparent		ed Informali	ty					
Council/Ward								Only	Y		Numb	ering				Incor-		
Council/Ward					All the		Sub-	1st			Non-				Alpha	rect	Sub-	
		No. Candidates	Blank	Scribble	same	Other		preference	√ or ×	Duplicated		Incomplete	Illegible	Signed	used	issue	Total	Total
<sup>3</sup> Barkly/President	No. %	4	15 <i>8.3</i>	7 3.9	12 <i>6.7</i>	0.0	34 <i>18.9</i>	13 <i>7.2</i>	1 <i>0.6</i>	9 5.0	115 <i>63.9</i>	8 4.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	146 <i>81.1</i>	18 7.
<sup>3</sup> Barkly/Alyawarr	No. %	7	15 <i>13.2</i>	1	3	0.0	19 <i>16.7</i>		1 0.9	17 14.9	54	21 <i>18.4</i>	0.0		0.0		95 <i>83.3</i>	11 <i>13.</i>
<sup>3</sup> Barkly/Patta	% No.	9	7.8	5 4.9	2.0 7 6.9	0.0	20 19.6		0.0	26 25.5				0.0	0.0	0.0	82 80.4	10.
<sup>3</sup> Barkly/Yapakurlangu	% No. %	3	1.0 1 6.7	0.0	2 13.3	0.0	3 20.0	2.7	0.0	0.0	10 66.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		12 80.0	5. 5.
<sup>3</sup> Central Desert/ Akityarre	No.	4		3			3			1	3						4	
<sup>3</sup> Central Desert/ Anmatjere	% No.	9	0.0	42.9	0.0 11	0.0	<i>42.9</i> 20	0.0 16	0.0	30		45	0.0	0.0	0.0		<i>57.1</i> 122	5. 14
<sup>3</sup> Central Desert/ Southern Tanami	% No.	11	<i>2.1</i> 1	4.2	7.7	0.0	<i>14.1</i> 6	11.3	1.4	<i>21.1</i> 16			0.0		0.7	0.0	<i>85.9</i> 53	25
l Coomalie/Adelaide River Rural	% No.	2	<i>1.7</i> 0		<i>6.8</i> 1	0.0	<i>10.2</i> 5	6.8	1.7	27.1	30.5	23.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	<i>89.8</i> 0	16
<sup>1</sup> East Arnhem/ Anindilyakwa	% No.	6	0.0	80.0	<i>20.0</i> 1	0.0	<i>100.0</i> 1	<i>0.0</i> 6	<i>0.0</i> 17	4	14	19			0.0		<i>0.0</i> 60	11.
East Arnhem/Gumurr Gatjirrk	% No.	4	0.0	<i>0.0</i> 1	<i>1.6</i> 9	0.0	<i>1.6</i> 10	<i>9.8</i> 10	<i>27.9</i> 7	6.6	<i>23.0</i> 9	8	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	<i>98.4</i> 34	14
	% No.	9	0.0	2.3	<i>20.5</i> 3	0.0	<i>22.</i> 7 7	<i>22.</i> 7 6	15.9 7	<i>0.0</i> 38		<i>18.2</i> 154	0.0	0.0	0.0	<i>0.0</i> 2	<i>77.3</i> 248	10 2
East Arnhem/Gumurr Miwatj	% No.	3	<i>1.6</i> 130	<i>0.0</i> 116	<i>1.2</i> 76	<i>0.0</i>	<i>2.7</i> 322	<i>2.4</i> 30	<i>2.7</i> 51	<i>14.9</i> 6	16.1 7	<i>60.4</i> 7	0.0	<i>0.0</i> 1	0.0	<i>0.8</i> 0	<i>97.3</i> 102	<i>30</i> 4
Litchfield/ President	% No.	2	<i>30.7</i> 48	27.4	17.9 21	<i>0.0</i>	75.9	7.1	<i>12.0</i> 16	1.4	1.7 3	1.7	0.0	0.2	0.0	-	24.1 21	7
Litchfield/Central	NO. % No.	2	36.4 43	42 <i>31.8</i> 26	15.9 21	0.0	<i>84.1</i> 90	0.0	<i>12.1</i> 14	0.0	2.3	0.0	0.8	0.0	0.0	0.8	15.9 26	9 9
Litchfield/East	%	3	43 <i>37.1</i>	20 22.4	21 18.1	0.0	90 77.6	8 6.9	14 <i>12.1</i>	1.7	0.9	0.9	0.0	0.0	0.0	v	22.4	7
MacDonnell/ Ljirapinta	No. %	8	4.3	4.3	2 <i>8.</i> 7	0 0.0	4 17.4	2 <i>8.</i> 7	0.0	4 17.4	5 <i>21.7</i>	8 <i>34.8</i>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19 <i>82.6</i>	;
<sup>3</sup> MacDonnell/Lutitja Pintubi	No. %	5	1 <i>3.3</i>	0.0	2 <i>6</i> .7	0.0	3 10.0	5 <i>16.7</i>	2 6.7	3 10.0	6 20.0	11 <i>36.</i> 7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	27 90.0	8
<sup>3</sup> MacDonnell/Rodinga	No. %	10	6 10.7	11 <i>19.6</i>	6 <i>10.7</i>	0.0	23 <i>41.1</i>	0.0	2 <i>3.6</i>	7 12.5	6 10.7	18 <i>32.1</i>	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	33 <i>58.9</i>	14

#### APPENDIX N

#### N(ii) Informality Analysis by Council/Ward (cont'd)

				arent Deli		nforma	ality			Apparent	Uninforme	d Informali	ty					
							-	Only	y		Numb	ering				Incor		
Council/Ward					All the		Sub-	1st			Non-				Alpha	Incor- rect	Sub-	
Seg		No. Candidates	Blank	Scribble	same	Other		preference	√ or ×	Dunlicated		Incomplete	Illegible	Signed		Issue	Sub- Total	Total
2	No.		2	1			3	1	2.	5 Duplicated	10			Signed		Issue	28	31
<sup>2</sup> Roper-Gulf/Never Never	%	,	6.5	3.2	0.0	0.0	9.7	3.2	6.5	16.1	32.3	32.3		0.0	0.0	0.0	90.3	8.3
2	No.	2	1	0.2	2	0.0	3	1	16	10.1	02.0	2.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	19	22
<sup>2</sup> Roper-Gulf/ Numbulwar Numburindi	%	-	4.5	0.0	9.1	0.0	13.6	4.5	72.7	0.0	0.0	9.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	86.4	11.4
2	No.	5			1		1	4		4	9						27	28
<sup>2</sup> Roper-Gulf/ Nyirranggulung	%		0.0	0.0	3.6	0.0	3.6	14.3	0.0	14.3	32.1	35.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	96.4	7.8
<sup>2</sup> Roper-Gulf/South West Gulf	No.	6	1	2			3	4	1	7	9	10					31	34
	%		2.9	5.9	0.0	0.0	8.8	11.8	2.9	20.6	26.5	29.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	91.2	7.4
<sup>2</sup> Roper-Gulf/Yugul Mangi	No.	4	0	0	7	0	7	5	3	0	Ű	2	0	0	0	0	13	-
	%		0.0	0.0	35.0	0.0	35.0	25.0	15.0	0.0	15.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	65.0	9.0
<sup>1</sup> Tiwi islands/Nguiu	No.	10			1		2		3	13							33	35
	%		3.2	0.0	3.2	0.0	5.7	0.0	9.7	41.9	25.8	29.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	94.3	6.2
	No.	4					0										0	0
Tiwi islands/ Pirlangimpi	%		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	<i>0.0</i> 20
<sup>2</sup> Victoria-Daly/Milngin	No. %	2	3 10.7	2 7.1	3	0.0	8 <i>40.0</i>		10 <i>35.7</i>	0.0	3.6	0.0	0.0	0.0	3.6	0.0	12 <i>60.0</i>	20 <i>8.8</i>
2	<i>7</i> о No.	E	10.7	7.1	<i>10.7</i> 2	0.0	40.0	<i>0.0</i> 10	35.7	0.0	3.0			0.0	3.0	0.0	34	36
<sup>2</sup> Victoria-Daly/ Thamarrurr/Pindi Pindi	1NO. %	5	0.0	0.0	5.9	0.0	5.6	29.4	4 11.8	0.0		26.5	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	94.4	6.8
1	No.	10		0.0	0.7	0.0	3.0	27.4	0	0.0		20.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	74.4 A	0.0
' Wagait	%	10	5.0	5.0	0.0	0.0	33.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	20.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	66.7	3.2
1	No.	8		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	2	2	5	6.0	12		0.0	0.0	0.0	27	27
West Arnhem/Barrah	%	_	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	6.5	6.5	16.1	19.4	38.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	11.4
1 West Amberry Combelence	No.	9		1	4		5	1	6	9	13					1	74	79
West Arnhem/ Gunbalanya	%		0.0	4.5	18.2	0.0	6.3	4.5	27.3	40.9	59.1	200.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	4.5	<i>93.</i> 7	17.0
<sup>1</sup> West Arnhem/Kakadu	No.	8	3	1			4	1	2	2	3	3					11	15
	%		10.7	3.6	0.0	0.0	26.7	3.6	7.1	7.1	10.7	10.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	73.3	3.6
<sup>1</sup> West Arnhem/ Manigrida	No.	5	1		4		5	5	2			10				1	24	29
	%		2.9	0.0	11.8	0.0		14.7	5.9	5.9		29.4	0.0	0.0	0.0	2.9	82.8	8.1
TOTAL	No.	184		232	205	0	726	141	172	210		457	1	1	2	5	1421	2147
	%		13.5	10.8	9.5	0.0	33.8	6.6	8.0	9.8	20.1	21.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	66.2	ı

#### Informality Analysis by Region

Decion		No.	Apparent Deliberate Informality							
Region		Candidates	Blank	Scribble	All the same	Other	Sub- Total			
Total Region 1	No.	83	231	192	141	0	564			
	%		18.8	15.6	11.5	0.0	45.9			
Total Region 2	No.	31	7	5	15	0	27			
Total Region 2	%		3.7	2.6	7.9	0.0	14.1			
Total Region 3	No.	70	51	35	49	0	135			
Total Region 5	%		7.0	4.8	6.7	0.0	18.5			
TOTAL ALL REGIONS	No.	184	289	232	205	0	726			
	%		13.5	10.8	9.5	0.0	33.8			

#### O(i) Summary by Region of Apparent Deliberately Informal Ballot Papers

#### O(ii) Summary by Region of Apparent Uninformed Informal Ballot Papers

				Apparen	t Uninfor	med Infor	mality						
	No. Candidates		Or	nly		Numb	ering						als
Region			1st preference	🖌 or X	Duplicated	Non- sequential	Incomplete	Illegible	Signed	Alpha used	Incorrect Issue	Sub-Total	Total of Sub-totals
Total Region 1	No.	83	69	127	81	109	271	1	1	0	5	664	1228
Total Region 1	%		5.6	10.3	6.6	8.9	22.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.4	54.1	
Total Region 2	No.	31	25	36	16	43	43	0	0	1	0	164	191
Total Region 2	%		13.1	18.8	8.4	22.5	22.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	85.9	
Total Region 3	No.	70	47	9	113	280	143	0	1	1	0	594	729
	%		6.4	1.2	15.5	38.4	19.6	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	81.5	
TOTAL ALL	No.	184	141	172	210	432	457	1	1	2	5	1421	2147
REGIONS	%		6.6	8.0	9.8	20.1	21.3	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.2	66.2	

#### LEGEND

LLOLIND	
Blank	No markings
Scribble	Slashes or comments dismissive of voting
All the same	e.g. 2, 2, 2, 2, 2 or 3, 3, 3, 3, 3
Other	Insertion of own candidate's name
1st preference	Marked with 1 only
✓ or X	Marked with a tick or cross only
Duplicated	Preferences repeated e.g. 1, 2, 2, or 1, 2, 3, 3
Non-sequential	Sequential preferences omitted e.g. 1, 2, 4, 6,
Incomplete	Insufficient preferences recorded e.g. 1, 2, 3, and 11 candidates on the ballot paper
Illegible	As described
Signed	Elector identified
Alpha used	Elector used e.g. A, B, C, D to indicate preferences
Incorrect Issue	Wrongly declared/wrong ballot paper issue
<b>REGIONS COUNCIL</b>	S
Region 1 Coomalie,	East Arnhem, Litchfield, Tiwi, Wagait, West Arnhem
Region 2 Roper-Gu	If Victoria Daly

Region 2Roper-Gulf, Victoria DalyRegion 3Barkly, Central Desert, MacDonnell

#### **Deputy Returning Officer Arrangements**

Deputy Returning Officers were appointed for the elections and were allocated to specific shires to establish local networks, liaise with stakeholders and assist with the planning and conduct of the polls in those shires.

A nomination could <u>ONLY</u> be lodged with the Returning Officer in Darwin or any Deputy Returning Officer in regional centres.

Deputy Returning Officer details were as follows:

Council/Shire	Deputy Returning Officer	Posting Locat	tion in Region/Centre	Contact details Mobile/email	il
Litchfield Municipality, Coomalie Community Government Council & Wagait Shire	Kylie Horton	NTEC Office, Darwin	2 <sup>nd</sup> Flr AANT Bld 79-81 Smith St Darwin NT 0800	0488 924 159 kylie.horton@nt.gov.au	8999 5609 Fax: 8999 5845
Tiwi Islands & West Arnhem Shires	Annie Sherwood	NTEC Office, Darwin	2 <sup>nd</sup> Flr AANT Bldg 79-81 Smith St Darwin NT 0800	0437 792 048 annie.sherwood@nt.gov.au	8999 5607 Fax: 8999 5845
East Arnhem Shire	Peter Panayiotou	-	DLGH Shop 2,Arnhem Vlge, Arnhem Rd Nhulunbuy NT 0881	0439 830 419 peter. panayiotou@nt.gov.au	8987 0520 Fax: 8987 0535
Victoria-Daly & Roper-Gulf Shires	Craig Rickards Wendy Stow (from after close of noms)	-	Ground Floor NT Govt Cntre 1 <sup>st</sup> St Katherine NT 0850	0427 714 418 craig.rickards@nt.gov.au	8973 8469 Fax: 8973 8999
Barkly, Macdonnell & Central Desert Shires	Wendy Stow <i>(until close of nominations)</i> Don Boyd ( <i>after close of nominations until after poll declared</i> ) Alan Willcox <i>(from 22/9/08)</i>	NTEC Office, Alice Springs	16 Leichhardt Tce Alice Springs NT 0870	0428 102 601 wendy.stow@nt.gov.au 0428 894 611 donald.boyd@nt.gov.au 0488 589 949 allan.willcox@nt.gov.au	8951 5838 Fax: 8953 0702

#### APPENDIX Q Management and Voting Systems for Council Elections by Jurisdiction

	General Election	Appointment of RO	Voting System	Funding
NT	Attendance/ fixed date each 4 years.	Council appoints RO. For all 2008 elections EC appointed as RO.	Exhaustive preferential	2008 Municipal and rural Top End by tender and remote councils appointed NTEC by invitation. AEC staff seconded to NTEC for some of election work.
NSW	Attendance/ fixed date each 4 years.	EC appoints all ROs.	Proportional Representation (PR) for multi member; Optional Preferential (OP) for single member and mayor.	Full cost recovery on basis of NSWEC costing. NSWEC manages elections.
Qld	Attendance or postal depending on council. Fixed date elections with 4 year terms.	EC is RO for Brisbane City, – for other councils prior to 2008 generally the RO was CEO and appointed by council with ECQ oversight. Yet to be determined if 2008 council elections arrangements to apply in future.	First Past the Post (FPP) for multi-member elections; OP for single member or mayor.	ECQ manages Brisbane City Council under separate Act with full cost recovery. ECQ managed all 2008 council elections and funded by govt.
SA	Postal only. Fixed date each 4 years.	EC is RO who then appoints Deputy RO for each council, who is generally an SAEC officer.	PR for all elections.	Full recovery of SAEC costs from councils includes staff & overheads & on-going permanent SAEC positions.
Vic	Postal plus limited number of attendance ballots for small councils/ fixed date each 4 years.	EC appoints all ROs from panel of experienced officers and agreed to with council.	PR for all elections.	Competitive tender for 'electoral commissions' only. Since 2004 all elections managed by VEC with recovery of all direct costs & proportion of permanent staff and overheads from councils.
TAS	Postal only. Fixed date each 2 years with 50% of councillors elected for 4 year term. Mayors elected for 2 year terms.	EC appoints RO to each council.	PR for all elections.	Agreed rate with TEC recovering reasonable costs. TEC sub-contracts significant volume of operational work to AEC.
WA	Postal or attendance depending on council Fixed date elections with 4 year terms. Elections each 2 years for 50% of reps.	EC is RO for WAEC managed elections. Council CEO must be RO if council manages elections.	FPP for both single and multi member elections.	WAEC managing 50% of elections for 2009, balance managed by councils. WAEC has full recovery of costs including permanent staff and overheads.
ACT	N/A as no councils			

N/A - Not Applicable

#### R

P(i) Pural Shire C	ouncils – Wards and I	Ponrosontation	AP	PENDIX R
K(I) Kulai Shire CC			No.	
Council Type/Name	Ward	Elected Councillor Representatives	Electors on Roll 25.10.08	Electors per Representative
	Alyawarr Ward	4	1696	424
Barkly Elected PRESIDENT	Patta Ward	5	1930	386
j	Yapakurlangu Ward	2	550	275
		11	4176	379
	Akityarre Ward	2	261	130
Control Docort	Anmatjere Ward Northern Tanami Ward	4	998 474	249
Central Desert		2	474	237
	Southern Tanami Ward	4	946	236
	Principal member from within           Adelaide River Rural Ward	12	94	<u>223</u> 94
	Adelaide River Town Ward	-	94 86	43
	Batchelor Rural Ward	2	118	43
Coomalie	Batchelor Town Ward		118	
Coomane	Coomalie/Tortilla Ward	3	33	64 33
	Lake Bennett Ward	1	33 45	45
	Principal member from within	9	568	63
	Anindilyakwa Ward	3	908	302
	Gumurr Gatjirrk Ward	3	1295	431
East Arnhem	Gumurr Marthakal Ward	3	1295	398
Last Aminem	Gumurr Miwatj Ward	3	1867	622
	Principal member from within	12	5266	438
	Iyarrka Ward	2	687	343
	Ljirapinta Ward	3	677	225
MacDonnell	Luritja Pintubi Ward	3	840	280
	Rodinga Ward	4	1113	278
	Principal member from within	12	3317	276
	Never Never Ward	3	690	230
	Numbulwar Numburindi Ward	1	493	493
	Nyirranggulung Ward	3	893	297
Roper-Gulf	South West Gulf Ward	3	908	302
	Yugul Mangi Ward	2	683	341
	Principal member from within	12	3667	305
	Milikapiti Ward	3	284	94
	Nguiu Ward	5	960	192
Tiwi Islands	Pirlangimpi Ward	3	251	83
	Wurankuwu Ward	1	38	38
	Principal member from within	12	1533	127
	Daguragu Ward	1	434	434
	Milngin Ward	1	383	383
	Nganmarriyanga Ward	1	206	206
	Pine Creek Ward	1	251	251
Victoria-Daly	Thamarrurr/Pindi Pindi Ward	4	1265	316
	Timber Creek Ward	2	437	218
	Tyemirr Ward	1	103	103
	Wanlangeri Ward	1	294	294
	Principal member from within	12	3373	281
Wagait	Members	7	219	31
	Principal member from within	7	219	31
	Parrah Ward	2	176	150

Barrah Ward

Kakadu Ward

West Arnhem

Gunbalanya Ward

Maningrida Ward

Principal member from within

#### **APPENDIX R**

			No.	
Council	Ward	Elected Councillor Representatives	Electors on roll 25.10.08	Electors per representative
Alice Springs Town Council	Alderman*	8	14676	1834
Elected MAYOR		8	14676	1834
	Chan	3	10058	3352
Darwin City	Lyons	3	13172	4390
Elected LORD MAYOR	Richardson	3	10465	3488
LIECIEU LORD WATOR	Waters	3	9521	3173
		12	43216	3601
Katherine Town Council	Alderman*	6	4902	817
Elected MAYOR		6	4902	817
	Central Ward	1	2263	2263
Litchfield #	East Ward	1	2535	2535
Elected PRESIDENT	North Ward	1	3159	3159
	South Ward	1	2821	2821
		4	10778	2694
Palmerston City Council	Alderman*	6	14533	2422
Elected MAYOR		6	14533	2422

## R(ii) Municipal Councils – Wards and Representation

\* Terminology used at 29 March 2008 elections under legislation in force 1 January 2008 # Litchfield electors only were required to vote on 25 October 2008

#### R(iii) Special Purpose and Other Towns

Not required to vote	Ward	Elected Councillor Representatives	Electors on roll	Electors per representative
Belyuen	NA (under	NA	131	NA
	administration)			
Alyangula	NA	NA	457	NA
Nhulunbuy	NA	NA	2166	NA
Yulara	NA	NA	342	NA

NA - Not Applicable

#### APPENDIX S Electoral Commission Involvement in LG Representation Reviews by Jurisdiction

EC	Timing of Review	Form of Review	Role of State/Territory Electoral Commission	Comment
NT	Once every 4 years, a council is required to assess the effectiveness of its current constitutional arrangements. The review must be completed 12 months before the next general election.	The review is made under s23(2) of the Act and must consider the matters set out at Part 6 of the Regulations, including community of interest. If there are wards, then the review must also consider the equality of representation.	Regulation 63(5) prescribes that councils must consult with the Electoral Commission; the degree and nature of consultation is not specified.	The NTEC has a legislated requirement to provide roll data to councils.
NSW	A review is required if there is a 10% difference in representation between the highest and lowest ward. The NSW Electoral Commission provides councils with enrolment data on a monthly basis; reviews are commenced 18 months before the next general election.	Councils undertake the review process. A first proposal is prepared and made available for public comment. Council considers submissions to the proposal and makes amendments if needed. The final review must be certified by a full council meeting.	Councils must consult with the NSWEC in accordance with the LG Act before dividing a council into wards. The NSWEC provides extensive support to councils at each stage of the review of existing representation. This includes providing maps and statistics, aligning to census boundaries and input of changes to the electoral roll.	The NSWEC maintains a continuous check of representation and adherence to the quota. This can be especially complicated for the very small councils in western NSW with ward enrolments of 300-400 electors.
Qld	Reviews take place at the direction of the Minister or if a council applies to the EC. They take place each 8 years or if representation deviates from quota by plus or minus 10%, except for councils of less than 10,000 electors where quota is 20%. A slightly modified trigger applies to reviews for Brisbane City Council.	Reviews are categorised as Special (Brisbane City Council only), Major or Minor References (depending on complexity) and Limited external boundary reviews. Reviews are undertaken by the Commission by appropriate enquiry, publication of proposals, public comment and preparation of a final report. New boundaries apply at the next general election.	The EC has a prescribed role as a member of the LG Electoral and Boundaries Review Commission, set up following a reference to the EC by the Minister. Limited reviews may be undertaken outside the Review Commission framework following direct application by council to the EC, generally for minor changes to external boundaries to correct anomalies.	The reviews in Qld follow procedures similar to those used for the redistribution of parliamentary boundaries. A separate Commission is established on which the EC has a central role, with administrative support provided by the ECQ. In the case of minor changes, the process can be undertaken directly by ECQ.
SA	Once every 8 years or if representation falls outside 20% of the quota. The SA Electoral Commission checks changes in enrolment each 6 months and advises councils if a review is required.	Councils undertake the reviews with administrative support from the SAEC. An options paper setting out proposals must be made available for public comment for 6 weeks, followed by a 3 week consultative process. The final report setting out the decisions in light of public comment requires the EC's certification before gazettal by the council.	The EC has a prescribed role in reviews and is required to certify final reports before gazettal by council. The SAEC monitors each stage of a council's review with respect to adherence to process, provision of notices and the extent of public consultation.	SAEC undertakes extensive monitoring of the review process and provides support to individual councils, if required. It recovers pro-rata costs from all councils in the form of an annual fee.

#### APPENDIX S Electoral Commission Involvement in LG Representation Reviews by Jurisdiction

EC	Timing of Review	Form of Review	Role of State/Territory Electoral Commission	Comment
Vic	Subdivision reviews of councils are undertaken as directed by the Minister. They take place if it is considered that existing boundaries will not meet the legislated equality provisions at the next general election. The law provides that electors represented by each councillor are within 10% of quota for all councillors	A summary of enrolment is prepared by VEC and changes to boundaries are modelled on mapping software for a 'minimal change' result. Modelling takes into account the considerations set out in the Act. The proposals are published and comment sought. Replies are considered and a public hearing may take place. Final recommendations are prepared and provided to the Minister at least 6 months before an election	The VEC is required under legislation to undertake all subdivision reviews. The VEC can only consider the location of boundaries and not the number of councillors, names or issues of council amalgamation.	The VEC's management of council boundary reviews is a major task of the office, using considerable staff resources and supported by extensive mapping and modelling software. The Subdivision Review Reports are detailed documents that are widely circulated and made available on the VEC website.
TAS	Infrequent – last review was in 1985. Councils do not have wards. Reviews only occur if there is adjustment to external boundaries or amalgamations.	No review - the number of members can only range from 7 to 12, as determined by formula based on the total number of electors in the council area.	There is no prescribed role for the Tasmanian Electoral Commission. Reviews are undertaken by the LG Board administered through the Office of Local Government.	
WA	Councils submit requests to the LG Advisory Board for changes to ward boundaries, adjustment to external boundaries, amalgamations of councils.	Reviews are undertaken by the LG Advisory Board that reports its findings to the Minister of Local Government.	There is no prescribed role for the WA Electoral Commission in undertaking reviews.	There is a convention that reviews reflect '1 vote 1 value' but this is not legislated.
ACT	N/A as no councils			

**Note:** Electoral Commissions in all jurisdictions provide extensive administrative and technical support to the local government representation review process whether their role is prescribed or not. This can include the provision of up to date enrolment dated sorted to Census Collection District (CCD) boundaries, mapping resources and specialised redistribution tools that allow the modelling of proposed changes to boundaries.

#### APPENDIX T

## Minor and Technical Legislative Amendments

Issue	Concern	Suggestion
Postal voting	No definition of postal voting	See NTEA
Campaign material to be authorised LGA S 99 (1)	Currently, campaign material is only required to provide the name of the person authorising the material and not the address as in the NTEA	Campaign material to have the name and address of the authorising person. Should be the same as NTEA
Failed election	Contains an inadequate definition of a failed election	Include the death of a candidate before the declaration of the poll
Death of a candidate	The Regs/Act does not refer to the death of a candidate between acceptance of the nomination and the declaration of nominations.	Clarify procedure to be followed when a candidate dies before the ballot papers are printed

Leg. Reference	Description of issue	Recommendation/s
LGER reg 7(2)(b)	Currently can be difficult to obtain photographs endorsed on the reverse	Photographs to be allowed to be provided electronically as long as an original is appropriately endorsed.
LGER reg 20(3)	The definition of a polling place does not allow for ordinary voting outside a council area e.g. a Litchfield polling place outside the Litchfield area, a static in Alice Springs for Central Desert and/or MacDonnell	Remove the definition of a local polling place to allow electors to be served in a polling place outside their area.
LGER reg 53(2)	Wording is erroneous as only one candidate can be excluded at a time	Clarify that there can only be one exclusion
LGER reg 54 (4)(a)	Exclusion methodology describes something that cannot occur i.e. 'for the same vacancy'	Remove wording
LGER reg 68	The return of a deposit on the death of a candidate may conflict with forfeit of deposit provisions where an election occurs	Clarify the position
Infringement Notice Schedule	Penalties for offences for not voting differ from parliamentary elections	Consider aligning penalties with those of NTEA

# PART 2 Council Snapshots and Results

BARKLY SHIRE COUNCIL	100		142	
two ways is die outcome	110		152	
- Commenter Contraction	118	Victoria Daly	160	
East ARnhem Shire Council	120	WAGAIT SHIRE COUNCIL	166	
	128	WEST ARNHEM SHIRE	172	
MacDonnell Shire	134			

Table: Enrolment, Turnout and Informality

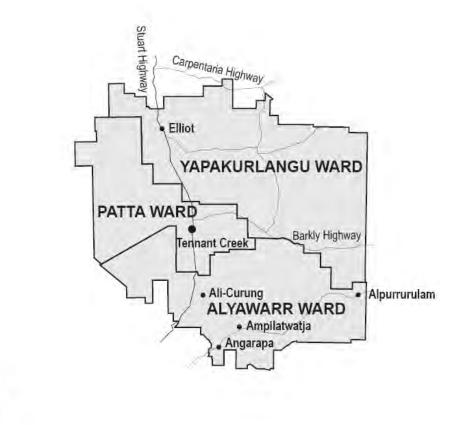
Table: Enrolment, Turnout and Informality			
		(	
		No. Nominations	6
		atic	No. Vacancies
	ц	ina	рС
	Jer	IJ	ca
	οlu	No	Va
	Enrolment	<u>о</u>	
Council - Ward Name	Ē	ž	ž
Barkly President		4	1
Barkly Shire - Alyawarr	1696	7	4
Barkly Shire - Patta	1930	9	5
Barkly Shire - Yapakurlangu	550	3	2
Central Desert Shire - Akityarre	261	4	2
Central Desert Shire - Anmatjere	998	. 9	4
Central Desert Shire - Northern Tanami	474	2	2
Central Desert Shire - Southern Tanami	946	11	4
Coomalie CG Council - Adelaide River Rural	94	2	4
Coomalie CG Council - Adelaide River Town		2	2
Coomalie CG Council - Adelaide River Town	86	2 1	2 1
Coomalie CG Council - Batchelor Town	118		
	192	3	3
Coomalie CG Council - Coomalie/Tortilla	33	1	1
Coomalie CG Council - Lake Bennett	45	1	1
East Arnhem Shire - Anindilyakwa	908	6	3
East Arnhem Shire - Gumurr Gatjirrk	1295	4	3
East Arnhem Shire - Gumurr Marthakal	1196	3	3
East Arnhem Shire - Gumurr Miwatj	1867	9	3
Litchfield President		3	1
Litchfield Council - East Ward	2535	3	1
Litchfield Council - Central Ward	2263	2	1
Litchfield Council - North Ward	3159	1	1
Litchfield Council - South Ward	2821	1	1
MacDonnell Shire - Iyarrka	687	1	2
MacDonnell Shire - Ljirapinta	677	8	3
MacDonnell Shire - Luritja Pintubi	840	5	3
MacDonnell Shire - Rodinga	1113	10	4
Roper Gulf Shire - Never Never	690	7	3
Roper Gulf Shire - Numbulwar Numburindi	493	2	1
Roper Gulf Shire - Nyirranggulung	893	5	3
	908		3
Roper Gulf Shire - South West Gulf		6	2
Roper Gulf Shire - Yugul Mangi	683	4	
Tiwi Islands Shire - Milikapiti	284	3	3
Tiwi Islands Shire - Nguiu	960	10	5
Tiwi Islands Shire - Pirlangimpi	251	4	3
Tiwi Islands Shire - Wurankuwu	38	1	1
Victoria Daly Shire - Daguragu	434	1	1
Victoria Daly Shire - Milngin	383	2	1
Victoria Daly Shire - Nganmarriyanga	206	1	1
Victoria Daly Shire - Pine Creek	251	1	1
Victoria Daly Shire - Thamarrurr/Pindi Pindi	1265	5	4
Victoria Daly Shire - Timber Creek	437	2	2
Victoria Daly Shire - Tyemirri	103	1	1
Victoria Daly Shire - Walangeri	294	1	1
Wagait Shire Council	219	10	7
West Arnhem Shire - Barrah	476	8	3
West Arnhem Shire - Gunbalanya	732	9	3
West Arnhem Shire - Kakadu	759	8	3
West Arnhem Shire - Maningrida	1460	5	3
TOTAL	39003	211	117

Note: Contested elections shown shaded – 31; Un-contested elections shown un-shaded - 18 (including one partially failed election)

EVERY Vote counts!

## Council Snapshot





#### Table: Turnout and Informality Summary

	TURN	IOUT	INFORM	ALITY				
Council - Ward Name	Enrolment	No. Nominations	No. Vacancies	Average Candidates per Contested Election	Election Turnout Contested Elections %	Turnout by Council - CONTESTED Elections %	Informality Contested Elections %	Informality by Council - CONTESTED Elections %
Barkly President		4	1		57.3	57.3	7.5	
Barkly Shire - Alyawarr	1696	7	4	6	50.8	President + all	13.2	0.5
Barkly Shire - Patta	1930	9	5		66.4	wards	8.0	8.5
Barkly Shire - Yapakurlangu	550	3	2		50.4	contested	5.4	

Table: Result of Poll Summary - 25 October 2008

Ward	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
	KUNOTH-MONKS, Rosalie	ELECTED
Parkly President	SHAW, Barb	
Barkly President	RUGER, Hal	
	BOULTER, William Charles	
	NELSON, Harold	ELECTED
	KUNOTH, Alan	ELECTED
	FOSTER, Karen	ELECTED
Barkly Shire - Alyawarr	TILMOUTH, Ricky	ELECTED
	KUNOTH-MONKS, Rosalie	
	KAIRUPAN, Tom	
	PERCY, John	
	BRAUN, Pat	ELECTED
	BRAHIM, Pat	
	SMITH, Gina	ELECTED
	GOULD, Randall	
Barkly Shire - Patta	BOULTER, William Charles	ELECTED
	CURTIS, Pene	
	SHAW, Barb	ELECTED
	BREMNER, Narelle	
	RUGER, Hal	ELECTED
	RENNIE, Mona Barbara	ELECTED
Barkly Shire - Yapakurlangu	BAGNALL, Bob	ELECTED
	AYLETT, Ray	

#### RESULT OF POLL 25 OCTOBER 2008

#### BARKLY SHIRE

#### ELECTION OF PRESIDENT

Electors on Roll:	4176
% Counted:	57.3
No. Votes Required for Election:	1106

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidate being elected:

Final Votes 1147

KUNOTH-MONKS, Rosalie

Count of First Preference Votes

	1st Pi		Votes for lidate	each	Ballot Papers Counted		
Polling Place/Declaration Type	k UNOTH- MONKS, Rosalie	SHAW, Barb	RUGER, Hal	BOULTER, William Charles	Formal	Informal	Total
Tennant Creek	129	401	161	197	888	58	946
Mobile Team 9 Mobile Team 10	311 350	25 138	9 30	5 47	350 565	48 57	398 622
Early Votes	24	71	43	85	223	8	231
Postal (inc 2 absent)	13	12	23	46	94	5	99
Absent	40	32	6	5	83	4	87
Regulation 22c	6	1	1	0	8	0	8
Ballot Papers Counted %	873 <i>39.5</i>	680 <i>30.8</i>	275 <i>12.4</i>	385 1 <i>7.4</i>	2211 <i>92.5</i>	180 <i>7.5</i>	2391

Distribution of Preferences

	KUNOTH- MONKS, Rosalie	SHAW, Barb	RUGER, Hal	BOULTER, William Charles	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	873	680	273	385	2211	180	2391
RUGER, Hal excluded	65	89	-273	119	0		
Progressive Total	938	769	0	504	2211		
BOULTER, William Charles excluded	209	295	0	-504	0		
Total Votes	1147	1064	0	0	2211		
%	51.9	48.1					

KUNOTH-MONKS, Rosalie elected

#### BARKLY SHIRE

### ALYAWARR WARD - ELECTION OF FOUR ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:	1696
% Counted:	50.8
No. Votes Required for Election:	375

### Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

resulted in the following candidates	being elected:	
	Final Votes	

	Final voles
1 NELSON, Harold	432
2 FOSTER, Karen	398
3 KUNOTH, Alan	436
4 TILMOUTH, Ricky	384

Count of First Preference Votes

		1st P	reference	Votes fo	r each Car	ndidate		Ballot Papers Counted			
Polling Place/Declaration Type	Nelson, Harold	KUNOTH, Alan	FOSTER, Karen	TILMOUTH, Ricky	KUNOTH-MONKS, Rosalie	KAIRUPAN, Tom	PERCY, John	Formal	Informal	Total	
Tennant Creek	12	1	15	2	9	0	4	43	4	47	
Mobile Team 9 Mobile Team 10	126 50	23 4	13 88	14 3	100 109	1 31	4 92	281 377	46 53	327 430	
Early Votes	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	4	0	4	
Postal	2	0	0	2	6	3	0	13	7	20	
Absent	6	1	5	3	8	1	0	24	4	28	
Regulation 22c	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	6	0	6	
Ballot Papers Counted %	200 <i>26.7</i>	29 <i>3.9</i>	123 <i>16.4</i>	24 <i>3.2</i>	236 <i>31.6</i>	36 <i>4.8</i>	100 <i>13.4</i>	748 <i>86.8</i>	114 <i>13.2</i>	862	

### Distribution of Preferences

Vacancy 1	NELSON, Harold	KUNOTH, Alan	FOSTER, Karen	TILMOUTH, Ricky	KUNOTH- MONKS, Rosalie	KAIRUPAN, Tom	PERCY, John	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes KUNOTH-MONKS, Rosalie elected as President	200 94	29 12	123 55	24 30	236 -236	36 21	100 24	748 0	114	862
Progressive Total KUNOTH, Alan excluded	294 32	41 - 41	178 8	54 1	0 0	57 0	124 0	748 0		
Progressive Total TILMOUTH, Ricky excluded	326 19	0 0	186 21	55 -55	0 0	57 8	124 7	748 0		
Progressive Total KAIRUPAN, Tom excluded	345 14	0 0	207 17	0 0	0 0	65 -65	131 34	748 0		
Progressive Total PERCY, John excluded	359 73	0 0	224 92	0 0	0 0	0 0	165 -165	748 0		
Total Votes %	432 <i>57.8</i>	0	316 <i>42.2</i>	0	0	0	0	748		

NELSON, Harold elected

Vacancy 2	NELSON, Harold	KUNOTH, Alan	FOSTER, Karen	TILMOUTH, Ricky	KU NOTH- MONKS, Rosalie	KAIRUPAN, Tom	PERCY, John	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	200	29	123	24	236	36	100	748	114	862
President	94	12	55	30	-236	21	24	0		
Progressive Total	294	41	178	54	0	57	124	748		
NELSON, Harold elected	-294	198	40	17	0	12	27	0		
Progressive Total	0	239	218	71	0	69	151	748		
KAIRUPAN, Tom excluded	0	9	21	4	0	-69	35	0		
Progressive Total	0	248	239	75	0	0	186	748		
TILMOUTH, Ricky excluded	0	32	27	- 75	0	0	16	0		
Progressive Total	0	280	266	0	0	0	202	748		
PERCY, John excluded	0	70	132	0	0	0	-202	0		
Total Votes	0	350	398	0	0	0	0	748		
	%	46.8	<i>53.2</i>							

FOSTER, Karen elected

Vacancy 3		NELSON, Harold	KUNOTH, Alan	FOSTER, Karen	TILMOUTH, Ricky	KUNOTH- MONKS, Rosalie	KAIRUPAN, Tom	PERCY, John	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes		200	29	123	24	236	36	100	748	114	862
President		94	12	55	30	-236	21	24	0		
Progressive Total		294	41	178	54	0	57	124	748		
NELSON, Harold elected		-294	217	0	23		15	39	0		
Progressive Total		0	258	178	77	0	72	163	748		
FOSTER, Karen elected		0	65	-178	43		15	55	0		
Progressive Total		0	323	0	120	0	87	218	748		
KAIRUPAN, Tom excluded		0	17	0	15		-87	55	0		
Progressive Total		0	340	0	135	0	0	273	748		
TILMOUTH, Ricky excluded		0	96	0	-135		0	39	0		
Total Votes		0	436	0	0	0	0	312	748		
	%		<i>58.3</i>					41.7			

KUNOTH, Alan elected

Vacancy 4		NELSON, Harold	KUNOTH, Alan	FOSTER, Karen	TILMOUTH, Ricky	KUNOTH- MONKS, Rosalie	KAIRUPAN, Tom	PERCY, John	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes		200	29	123	24	236	36	100	748	114	862
President		94	12	55	30	-236	21	24	0		
Progressive Total		294	41	178	54	0	57	124	748		
NELSON, Harold elected		-294	0	0	210		25	59	0		
Progressive Total		0	41	178	264	0	82	183	748		
FOSTER, Karen elected		0	0	-178	89		22	67	0		
Progressive Total		0	41	0	353	0	104	250	748		
KUNOTH, Alan elected		0	-41	0	31		4	6	0		
Total Votes		0	0	0	384	0	108	256	748		
	%				51.3		14.4	34.2			

TILMOUTH, Ricky elected

#### BARKLY SHIRE PATTA WARD - ELECTION OF FIVE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:	1930
% Counted:	66.4
No. Votes Required for Election:	590

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

Sui	led in the following candidates	being elec
	Fi	nal Votes
1	SHAW, Barb	597
2	SMITH, Gina	716
3	BRAUN, Pat	652
4	BOULTER, William Charles	608
5	RUGER, Hal	625

#### Count of First Preference Votes

			1st Pref	erence	Votes for	each C	Candidat	ie		Ballo	Ballot Papers Counted			
Polling Place/Declaration Type	BRAUN, Pat	BRAHIM, Pat	SMITH, Gina	GOULD, Randall	BOULTER, William Charles	CURTIS, Pene	SHAW, Barb	BREMNER, Narelle	RUGER, Hal	Formal	Informal	Total		
Tennant Creek	96	34	108	100	123	29	169	58	94	811	75	886		
Mobile Team 9 Mobile Team 10	6 2	0 1	9 8	2 2	1 0	4 3	6 19	1 1	4 4	33 40	10 5	43 45		
Early Votes	14	10	18	24	49	12	33	20	33	213	12	225		
Postal	0	1	2	0	8	2	4	1	2	20	0	20		
Absent (inc 2 postal)	3	4	20	5	4	2	20	0	3	61	0	61		
Regulation 22c	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1		
Ballot Papers Counted %	121 <i>10.3</i>	50 <i>4.2</i>	165 <i>14.0</i>	133 <i>11.3</i>	185 <i>15.7</i>	52 <i>4.4</i>	251 <i>21.3</i>	81 <i>6.9</i>	141 <i>12.0</i>	1179 <i>92.0</i>	102 <i>8.0</i>	1281		

#### Distribution of Preferences

Vacancy 1	BRAUN, Pat	BRAHIM, Pat	SMITH, Gina	GOULD, Randall	BOULTER, William Charles	CURTIS, Pene	SHAW, Barb	BREMNER, Narelle	RUGER, Hal	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	121	50	165	133	185	52	251	81	141	1179	102	1281
BRAHIM, Pat excluded	10	-50	24	1	3	0	12	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	131	0	189	134	188	52	263	81	141	1179		
CURTIS, Pene excluded	1	0	9	9	6	-52	15	10	2	0		
Progressive Total	132	0	198	143	194	0	278	91	143	1179		
BREMNER, Narelle excluded	7	0	9	8	36	0	16	-91	15	0		
Progressive Total	139	0	207	151	230	0	294	0	158	1179		
BRAUN, Pat excluded	-139	0	99	5	5	0	24	0	6	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	306	156	235	0	318	0	164	1179		
GOULD, Randall excluded	0	0	36	-156	42	0	17	0	61	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	342	0	277	0	335	0	225	1179		
RUGER, Hal excluded	0	0	88	0	82	0	55	0	-225	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	430	0	359	0	390	0	0	1179		
BOULTER, William Charles excluded	0	0	152	0	-359	0	207	0	0	0		
Total Votes	0	0	582	0	0	0	597	0	0	1179		
%			49.4				50.6					

SHAW, Barb elected

Vacancy 2 First Preference Votes SHAW, Barb elected Progressive Total CURTIS, Pene excluded Progressive Total BRAHIM, Pat excluded Progressive Total BREMNER, Narelle excluded Progressive Total GOULD, Randall excluded Progressive Total BRAUN, Pat excluded Progressive Total BRAUN, Pat excluded Progressive Total RUGER, Hal excluded Total Votes	IPA         IPA           121         66           187         5           192         30           222         13           235         22           257         -257           0         0           0         0	1PCd WIHHWARD 50 24 74 10 84 -84 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	eui) HLIWS 66 231 19 250 42 292 16 308 41 349 216 565 151 716 <i>60.7</i>	IIII IIII IIIII IIIII IIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	Upper Construction of the second seco	52 21 73 -73 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	queg /WPHS 251 -20 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	81 11 92 12 104 0 104 -104 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	IPH 25 166 3 169 2 171 20 191 73 264 21 285 -285 0	Formal 1179 0 1179 1179 1179 1179 1179 1179 1179 1179 1179 1179 1179 1179 1179 1179 1179 1179 1179	Informal 102	Total 1281
SMITH, Gina elected											_	
Vacancy 3 First Preference Votes SHAW, Barb elected Progressive Total SMITH, Gina elected Progressive Total CURTIS, Pene excluded Progressive Total BREMNER, Narelle excluded Progressive Total BRAHIM, Pat excluded Progressive Total RUGER, Hal excluded Progressive Total RUGER, Hal excluded Progressive Total GOULD, Randall excluded Total Votes BRAUN, Pat elected	tet         tet           121         100           221         66           287         18           305         16           321         124           445         50           495         157           %         55.3	18d WIHV88 50 33 52 135 14 149 11 160 -160 0 0 0 0 0	euio 'HLIWS 165 0 165 -165 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	List Control of Contro	William Wi William William Wil	auad     SLLND2       52     23       75     7       82	qieg 'MVHS251 -251 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	81 14 95 4 99 15 114 -114 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Imp           141           31           172           6           178           4           182           26           208           8           216           -216           0           0           0	Formal 1179 0 1179	Informal 102	Total 1281
Vacancy 4 First Preference Votes SHAW, Barb elected Progressive Total SMITH, Gina elected	0 121 0 121 0 121	28 HIM, Pat	HIHH Cina 165 165 -165	133 38 171 21	11 Charles 12 Charles 13 Charles	900 - 200 52 - 200 81	0 0	8 001 8 MAREWINER, Narelle	141 36 177 12	Formal 1179 0 1179 0	Informal	Total
Progressive Total	0 121	92 236	-165 0	21 192	235	98	0	8	12	0 1179		
BRĂUN, Pat elected	-121	230 88	0	9	8	5	0	4	7	0		
Progressive Total CURTIS, Pene excluded	0	324	0	201	243	103	0	112	196	1179		
Progressive Total	0	36 360	0	22 223	20 263	-103 0	0	17 129	8 204	0 1179		
BRĚMNER, Narelle excluded	0	23	0	15	59	0	0	-129	32	0		
Progressive Total RUGER, Hal excluded	0 0	383	0	238 05	322 07	0	0	0	236	1179 0		
Progressive Total	0	44 427	0	95 333	97 419	0	0	0	-236 0	1179		
GOŬLD, Randall excluded	0	144	0	-333	189	0	0	0	0	0		
Total Votes	0	571 49 4	0	0	608 51.4	0	0	0	0	1179		
BOULTER William Charles elected	%	48.4			51.6						l	

BOULTER, William Charles elected

Vacancy 5	BRAUN, Pat	BRAHIM, Pat	SMITH, Gina	GOULD, Randall	BOULTER, William Charles	CURTIS, Pene	SHAW, Barb	BREMNER, Narelle	RUGER, Hal	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	121	50	165	133	185	52	251	81	141	1179	102	1281
SHAW, Barb elected	0	101	0	47	0	35	-251	21	47	0		
Progressive Total	121	151	165	180	185	87	0	102	188	1179		
SMITH, Gina elected	0	97	-165	24	0	19	0	8	17	0		
Progressive Total	121	248	0	204	185	106	0	110	205	1179		
BRAUN, Pat elected	-121	93	0	10	0	6	0	4	8	0		
Progressive Total	0	341	0	214	185	112	0	114	213	1179		
BOULTER, William Charles elected	0	16	0	35	-185	28	0	57	49	0		
Progressive Total	0	357	0	249	0	140	0	171	262	1179		
CURTIS, Pene excluded	0	48	0	37	0	-140	0	37	18	0		
Progressive Total	0	405	0	286	0	0	0	208	280	1179		
BREMNER, Narelle excluded	0	42	0	39	0	0	0	-208	127	0		
Progressive Total	0	447	0	325	0	0	0	0	407	1179		
GOULD, Randall excluded	0	107	0	-325	0	0	0	0	218	0		
Total Votes	0	554	0	0	0	0	0	0	625	1179		
%		47.0							53.0			
RUGER, Hal elected											•	

BARKLY SHIRE YAPAKURLANGU WARD - ELECTION OF TWO ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:	550
% Counted:	50.4
No. Votes Required for Election:	132

# Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

1 2 Final Votes

BAGNALL, Bob	146
RENNIE, Mona Barbara	131

Count of First Preference Votes

		ference V ch Candio		Ballot Papers Counted			
Polling Place/Declaration Type	RENNIE, Mona Barbara	BAGNALL, Bob	AYLETT, Ray	Formal	Informal	Total	
Tennant Creek	11	4	3	18	0	18	
Mobile Team 9 Mobile Team 10	10 39	14 53	1 46	25 138	7 7	32 145	
Postal (inc 4 Early Votes)	3	37	20	60	1	61	
Absent	10	9	2	21	0	21	
Ballot Papers Counted %	73 <i>27.9</i>	117 <i>44.7</i>	72 <i>27.5</i>	262 <i>94.6</i>	15 <i>5.4</i>	277	

**Distribution of Preferences** 

Vacancy 1	RENNIE, Mona Barbara	BAGNAL L, Bob	AYLETT, Ray	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	73	117	72	262	15	277
AYLETT, Ray excluded	43	29	-72	0		
Total Votes	116	146	0	262		
%	44.3	55.7				

BAGNALL, Bob elected

Vacancy 2		RENNIE, Mona Barbara	BAGNALL, Bob	AYLETT, Ray	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes		73	117	72	262	15	277
BAGNALL, Bob elected		58	-117	59	0		
Total Votes		131	0	131	262		
	%	50.0		50.0			

RENNIE, Mona Barbara elected

as a result of a draw by lot

# Council Snapshot CENTRAL DESERT SHIRE two ways :: one outcome Lajamanu NORTHERN TANAMI WARD Willowra • SOUTHERN TANAMI WARD Yuelamu Ti-Tree Yuendumu Plenty Highway . ANMATJERE Nyirripi • Laramba WARD Engavala Alice Springs

### Table: Turnout and Informality Summary

					TUF	NOUT	INFOR	MALITY
Council - Ward Name	Enrolment	No. Nominations	No. Vacancies	A verage Candidates per Contested Election	Election Turnout Contested Elections %	Turnout by Council - CONTESTED Elections %	Informality CONTESTED Elections %	Informality by Council - CONTESTED Elections %
Central Desert Shire - Akityarre	261	4	2		45.6		5.9	
Central Desert Shire - Armatjere	998	9	4	8	55.8	47.1	25.5	20.0
Central Desert Shire - Northern Tanami	474	2	2			4/.1		20.0
Central Desert Shire - Southern Tanami	946	11	4		38.3		163	

Table: Result of Poll Summary - 25 October 2008

Ward	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
	SCHABER, Louis	ELECTED
Central Desert Shire – Akityarre	WEBB, Raymond	
Central Desert Shile – Aktiyarte	PETRICK, Anthony Phillip	
	FINTER, Bruce	ELECTED
	BLOOMFIELD, Patrick	
	BIRD, Benedy	
	DIXON, Adrian	ELECTED
	CARTER, Ted	
Central Desert Shire – Anmatjere	FRANCIS, Ant	
	HEENAN, Noel	ELECTED
	HAINES, Jasper	ELECTED
	GLENN, James Jampajimpa	ELECTED
	LECHLEITNER, Walter Japangardi	
Central Desert Shire - Northern Tanami	JOHNSON, Willie	Elected Unopposed
	PATRICK, Norbert	Elected Unopposed
	BROWN, Jean	ELECTED
	WAYNE, Maisie	ELECTED
	WALIT, Connie	
	WALIT, Robbie	ELECTED
	WILLIAMS, Freddy	
Central Desert Shire - Southern Tanami	HARGRAVES, Ned	ELECTED
	SPENCER-WILSON, Georgina	
	KITSON, Julie	
	POULSON, Christopher	
	GIBSON, Teddy Jakamarra	
	JUTTNER, Tony	

# CENTRAL DESERT SHIRE AKITYARRE WARD - ELECTION OF TWO ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:	2
% Counted:	45
No. Votes Required for Election:	

261 5.6 57

# Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

The following candidates being elected.	
	Final Votes
1 FINTER, Bruce	59
2 SCHABER, Louis	64

**Count of First Preference Votes** 

	1st Pre	ference Vote	s for each Ca	Ballot Papers Counted			
Polling Place/Declaration Type	SCHABER, Louis	WEBB, Raymond	PETRICK, Anthony Phillip	FINTER, Bruce	Formal	Informal	Total
Alice Springs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mobile Team 11	21	9	20	22	72	4	76
Early Voting	0	1	1	1	3	0	3
Postal	7	3	1	17	28	3	31
Absent	0	3	6	0	9	0	9
Ballot Papers Counted %	28 <i>25.0</i>	16 <i>14.3</i>	28 <i>25.0</i>	40 <i>35.7</i>	112 <i>94.1</i>	7 5.9	119

**Distribution of Preferences** 

Vacancy 1	SCHABER, Louis	WEBB, Raymond	PETRICK, Anthony Phillip	FINTER, Bruce	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	28	16	28	40	112	7	119
WEBB, Raymond excluded	7	-16	6	3	0		
Progressive Total	35	0	34	43	112		
PETRICK, Anthony Phillip excluded	18	0	-34	16	0		
Total Votes	53	0	0	59	112		
%	47.3			<i>52.7</i>			

FINTER, Bruce elected

Vacancy 2	SCHABER, Louis	WEBB, Raymond	PETRICK, Anthony Phillip	FINTER, Bruce	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	28	16	28	40	112	7	119
FINTER, Bruce elected	15	18	7	-40	0		
Progressive Total	43	34	35	0	112		
WEBB, Raymond excluded	21	-34	13	0	0		
Total Votes	64	0	48	0	112		
%	57.1		42.9				

SCHABER, Louis elected

RESULT OF POLL 25 OCTOBER 2008 CENTRAL DESERT SHIRE ANMATJERE WARD - ELECTION OF FOUR ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:	998
% Counted:	55.8

No. Votes Required

for Election:	208
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### Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

	3	Final Votes
1	HAINES, Jasper	208
2	DIXON, Adrian	223
3	GLENN, James Jampajimpa	257
4	HEENAN, Noel	220

Count of First Preference Votes

			1st Pr	eference	Votes for	each Car	ididate			Ballot	Papers Co	unted
Polling Place/Declaration Type	BLOOMFIELD, Patrick	BIRD, Benedy	DIXON, Adrian	CARTER, Ted	FRANCIS, Ant	HEENAN, Noel	HAINES, Jasper	GLENN, James Jampajimpa	LECHLETINER, Walter Japangardi	Formal	Informal	Total
Alice Springs	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	2
Mobile Team 11	33	35	80	9	37	22	92	20	39	367	118	485
Early Voting	2	1	2	1	2	2	6	1	1	18	6	24
Postal	2	2	1	3	5	0	0	0	0	13	14	27
Absent	0	1	1	3	1	0	5	4	0	15	4	19
Ballot Papers Counted	37 % <i>8.9</i>	41 9.9	84 <i>20.2</i>	16 <i>3.9</i>	45 <i>10.8</i>	24 5.8	103 <i>24.8</i>	25 <i>6.0</i>	40 <i>9.6</i>	415 <i>74.5</i>	142 <i>25.5</i>	557

**Distribution of Preferences** 

Vacancy 1	BLOOMFIELD, Patrick	BIRD, Benedy	DIXON, Adrian	CARTER, Ted	FRANCIS, Ant	HE ENAN, Noel	HAINES, Jasper		LECHLEITNER, Walter Janandardi		Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	37	41	84	16	45	24	103	25	40	415	142	557
CARTER, Ted excluded	1	1	0	-16	9	1	3	1	0	0		
Progressive Total	38	42	84	0	54	25	106	26	40	415		
HEENAN, Noel excluded	1	0	2	0	0	-25	3	3	16	0		
Progressive Total	39	42	86	0	54	0	109	29	56	415		
GLENN, James Jampajimpa excluded	3	1	2	0	1	0	18	-29	4	0		
Progressive Total	42	43	88	0	55	0	127	0	60	415		
BLOOMFIELD, Patrick excluded	-42	38	3	0	0	0	1	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	81	91	0	55	0	128	0	60	415		
FRANCIS, Ant excluded	0	7	14	0	-55	0	29	0	5	0		
Progressive Total	0	88	105	0	0	0	157	0	65	415		
LECHLEITNER, Walter Japangardi excluded	0	9	32	0	0	0	24	0	-65	0		
Progressive Total	0	97	137	0	0	0	181	0	0	415		
BIRD, Benedy excluded	0	-97	70	0	0	0	27	0	0	0		
Total Votes	0	0	207	0	0	0	208	0	0	415		
9	6		49.9				50.1					

HAINES, Jasper elected

Vacancy 2	BLOOMFIELD, Patrick	BIRD, Benedy	DIXON, Adrian	CARTER, Ted	FRANCIS, Ant	HEENAN, Noel	HAINES, Jasper	GLENN, James Jampajimpa	LE CHLETTNER, Walter Janandardi	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	37	41	84	16	45	24	103	25	40	415	142	557
HAINES, Jasper elected	7	3	15	0	19	3	-103	55	1	0		
Progressive Total	44	44	99	16	64	27	0	80	41	415		
CARTER, Ted excluded	1	1	0	-16	9	1	0	4	0	0		
Progressive Total	45	45	99	0	73	28	0	84	41	415		
HEENAN, Noel excluded	2	1	2	0	1	-28	0	4	18	0		
Progressive Total	47	46	101	0	74	0	0	88	59	415		
BIRD, Benedy excluded	34	-46	3	0	1	0	0	6	2	0		
Progressive Total	81	0	104	0	75	0	0	94	61	415		
LECHLEITNER, Walter Japangardi excluded	10	0	31	0	5	0	0	15	-61	0		
Progressive Total	91	0	135	0	80	0	0	109	0	415		
FRANCIS, Ant excluded	14	0	15	0	-80	0	0	51	0	0		
Progressive Total	105	0	150	0	0	0	0	160	0	415		
BLOOMFIELD, Patrick excluded	-105	0	73	0	0	0	0	32	0	0		
Total Votes	0	0	223	0	0	0	0	192	0	415		
	%		<i>53.7</i>					46.3				

Vacancy 3	BLOOMFIELD, Patrick	BIRD, Benedy	DIXON, Adrian	CARTER, Ted	FRANCIS, Ant	HEENAN, Noel	HAINES, Jasper	J /	LECHLEITNER, Walter Janandardi		Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	37	41	84	16	45	24	103	25	40	415	142	557
HAINES, Jasper elected	9	3	0	0	22	9	-103	58	2	0		
Progressive Total	46	44	84	16	67	33	0	83	42	415		
DIXON, Adrian elected	7	11	-84	1	2	20	0	36	7	0		
Progressive Total	53	55	0	17	69	53	0	119	49	415		
CARTER, Ted excluded	1	1	0	-17	9	1	0	4	1	0		
Progressive Total	54	56	0	0	78	54	0	123	50	415		
LECHLEITNER, Walter Japangardi excluded	4	1	0	0	1	36	0	8	-50	0		
Progressive Total	58	57	0	0	79	90	0	131	0	415		
BIRD, Benedy excluded	44	-57	0	0	2	2	0	9	0	0		
Progressive Total	102	0	0	0	81	92	0	140	0	415		
FRANCIS, Ant excluded	15	0	0	0	-81	21	0	45	0	0		
Progressive Total	117	0	0	0	0	113	0	185	0	415		
HEENAN, Noel excluded	41	0	0	0	0	-113	0	72	0	0		
Total Votes %	158	0	0	0	0	0	0	257 61.9	0	415		

GLENN, James Jampajimpa elected

Vacancy 4	BLOOMFIELD, Patrick	BIRD, Benedy	DIXON, Adrian	CARTER, Ted	FRANCIS, Ant	HEENAN, Noel	HAINES, Jasper	GLENN, James Jampajimpa	LECHLEITNER, Walter Janandardi		Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	37	41	84	16	45	24	103	25	40	415	142	557
HAINES, Jasper elected	14	14	0	5	42	17	-103	0	11	0		
Progressive Total	51	55	84	21	87	41	0	25	51	415		
DIXON, Adrian elected	9	11	-84	1	5	42	0	0	16	0		
Progressive Total	60	66	0	22	92	83	0	25	67	415		
GLENN, James Jampajimpa elected	0	6	0	5	8	3	0	-25	3	0		
Progressive Total	60	72	0	27	100	86	0	0	70	415		
CARTER, Ted excluded	4	3	0	-27	14	3	0	0	3	0		
Progressive Total	64	75	0	0	114	89	0	0	73	415		
BLOOMFIELD, Patrick excluded	-64	53	0	0	8	3	0	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	128	0	0	122	92	0	0	73	415		
LECHLEITNER, Walter Japangardi excluded	0	9	0	0	4	60	0	0	-73	0		
Progressive Total	0	137	0	0	126	152	0	0	0	415		
FRANCIS, Ant excluded	0	58	0	0	-126	68	0	0	0	0		
Total Votes	0	195	0	0	0	220	0	0	0	415		
C.	6	47.0				53.0						

# RESULT OF POLL 25 OCTOBER 2008 CENTRAL DESERT SHIRE SOUTHERN TANAMI WARD - ELECTION OF FOUR ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll: 946

% Counted: No. Votes Required for Election:

38.3 152

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected: Final Votes ROWN, Jean 173

	Final Vo
1 BROWN, Jean	173
2 HARGRAVES, Ned	188
3 WALIT, Robbie	181
4 WAYNE, Maisie	183

Count of First Preference Votes

				1st P	reference	Votes for	each Can	didate				Ba	Ballot Papers Counted			
Polling Place/Declaration Type	BROWN, Jean	WAYNE, Maisie	WALIT, Connie	WALIT, Robbie	WILLIAMS, Freddy	HARGRAVES, Ned	SPENCER- WILSON, Georgina	KITSON, Julie	POULSON, Christopher	GIBSON, Teddy Jakamarra	JUTTNER, Tony	Formal	Informal	Total		
Alice Springs	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	3	2	5		
Mobile Team 11	33	6	1	9	16	33	19	41	20	46	25	249	44	293		
Early Voting	0	0	0	0	14	4	1	0	0	3	5	27	6	33		
Postal	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	3	6	12	4	16		
Absent	2	1	0	0	1	4	2	0	1	1	0	12	3	15		
Ballot Papers Counted %	36 5 <i>11.9</i>	7 2.3	1 0.3	10 <i>3.3</i>	31 <i>10.2</i>	42 13.9	23 7.6	42 <i>13.9</i>	21 <i>6.9</i>	53 <i>17.5</i>	37 12.2	303 <i>83. 7</i>	59 <i>16.3</i>	362		

Distribution of Preferences

Vacancy 1	BROWN, Jean	WAYNE, Maisie	WALIT, Connie	WALIT, Robbie	WILLIAMS, Freddy	HARGRAVES, Ned	SPENCER-WILSON, Georgina	KITSON, Julie	POULSON, Christopher	GIBSON, Teddy Jakamarra	JUTTNER, Tony	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	36	7	1	10	31	42	23	42	21	53	37	303	59	362
WALIT, Connie excluded	1	0	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	37	7	0	10	31	42	23	42	21	53	37	303		
WAYNE, Maisie excluded	2	-7	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0		
Progressive Total	39	0	0	12	31	42	24	42	21	54	38	303		
WALIT, Robbie excluded	6	0	0	-12	0	1	0	1	3	1	0	0		
Progressive Total	45	0	0	0	31	43	24	43	24	55	38	303		
SPENCER-WILSON, Georgina excluded	13	0	0	0	2	3	-24	2	0	2	2	0		
Progressive Total	58	0	0	0	33	46	0	45	24	57	40	303		
POULSON, Christopher excluded	6	0	0	0	1	7	0	7	-24	1	2	0		
Progressive Total	64	0	0	0	34	53	0	52	0	58	42	303		
WILLIAMS, Freddy excluded	12	0	0	0	-34	19	0	2	0	0	1	0		
Progressive Total	76	0	0	0	0	72	0	54	0	58	43	303		
JUTTNER, Tony excluded	13	0	0	0	0	15	0	11	0	4	-43	0		
Progressive Total	89	0	0	0	0	87	0	65	0	62	0	303		
GIBSON, Teddy Jakamarra excluded	24	0	0	0	0	24	0	14	0	-62	0	0		
Progressive Total	113	0	0	0	0	111	0	79	0	0	0	303		
KITSON, Julie excluded	60	0	0	0	0	19	0	-79	0	0	0	0		
Total Votes	173	0	0	0	0	130	0	0	0	0	0	303		
%	57.1					42.9								

Vacancy 2	BROWN, Jean	WAYNE, Maisie	WALIT, Connie	WALIT, Robbie	WILLIAMS, Freddy	HARGRAVES, Ned	SPENCER-WILSON, Georgina	KITSON, Julie	POULSON, Christopher	GIBSON, Teddy Jakamarra	JUTTNER, Tony	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	36	7	1	10	31	42	23	42	21	53	37	303	59	362
BROWN, Jean elected	-36	16	1	4	1	2	8	3	1	0	0	0		
Progressive Total WALIT, Connie excluded	0	23 0	2 -2	14 0	32 0	44 1	31 0	45 0	22 0	53 0	37 1	303 0		
Progressive Total	0	23	0	14	32	45	31	45	22	53	38	303		
WALIT, Robbie excluded	0	6	0	-14	1	1	0	2	3	1	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	29	0	0	33	46	31	47	25	54	38	303		
POULSON, Christopher excluded	0	2	0	0	1	10	0	8	-25	2	2	0		
Progressive Total WAYNE, Maisie excluded	0	31 -31	0 0	0 0	34 16	56 7	31 3	55 1	0 0	56 2	40 2	303 0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	0	50	63	34	56	0	58	42	303		
SPENCER-WILSON, Georgina excluded	0	0	0	0	9	5	-34	8	0	6	6	0		
Progressive Total JUTTNER, Tony excluded	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	59 7	68 16	0 0	64 19	0 0	64 6	48 -48	303 0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	0	66	84	0	83	0	70	-40	303		
WILLIAMS, Freddy excluded	0	0	0	0	-66	64 50	0	83 10	0	6	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	0	0	134	0	93	0	76	0	303		
GIBSON, Teddy Jakamarra excluded	0	0	0	0	0	54	0	22	0	-76	0	0		
Total Votes %	0	0	0	0	0	188 <i>62.0</i>	0	115 38.0	0	0	0	303		
HARGRAVES, Ned elected														
									oher					

Vacancy 3	BROWN, Jean	WAYNE, Maisie	WALIT, Connie	WALIT, Robbie	WILLIAMS, Freddy	HARGRAVES, Ned	SPENCER-WILSON, Georgina	KITSON, Julie	POULSON, Christophe	GIBSON, Teddy Jakamarra	JUTTNER, Tony	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	36	7	1	10	31	42	23	42	21	53	37	303	59	362
BROWN, Jean elected	-36	16	1	6	1	0	8	3	1	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	23	2	16	32	42	31	45	22	53	37	303		
HARGRAVES, Ned elected	0	5	1	11	7	-42	2	4	5	4	3	0		
Progressive Total	0	28	3	27	39	0	33	49	27	57	40	303		
WALIT, Connie excluded	0	1	-3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		
Progressive Total	0	29	0	28	39	0	33	49	27	57	41	303		
POULSON, Christopher excluded	0	2	0	6	2	0	2	7	-27	5	3	0		
Progressive Total	0	31	0	34	41	0	35	56	0	62	44	303		
WAYNE, Maisie excluded	0	-31	0	17	3	0	6	1	0	2	2	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	51	44	0	41	57	0	64	46	303		
SPENCER-WILSON, Georgina excluded	0	0	0	17	6	0	-41	7	0	7	4	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	68	50	0	0	64	0	71	50	303		
JUTTNER, Tony excluded	0	0	0	17	10	0	0	16	0	7	-50	0		
Progressive Total WILLIAMS, Freddy excluded	0	0	0	85	60	0	0	80	0	78	0	303		
	0	0	0	39	-60	0	0	11	0	10	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	124	0	0	0	91 21	0	88	0	303 0		
GIBSON, Teddy Jakamarra excluded	0	0	0	57	0	0	0	31	0	-88	0	-		
Total Votes	0	0	0	181	0	0	0	122	0	0	0	303		
	%			<i>59.7</i>				40.3						

WALIT, Robbie elected

Vacancy 4	BROWN, Jean	WAYNE, Maisie	WALIT, Connie	WALIT, Robbie	WILLIAMS, Freddy	HARGRAVES, Ned	SPENCER-WILSON, Georgina	KITSON, Julie	POULSON, Christopher	GIBSON, Teddy Jakamarra	JUTTNER, Tony	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	36	7	1	10	31	42	23	42	21	53	37	303	59	362
BROWN, Jean elected	-36	19	3	0	1	0	8	3	1	1	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	26	4	10	32	42	31	45	22	54	37	303		
HARGRAVES, Ned elected	0	7	4	0	11	-42	3	4	5	4	4	0		
Progressive Total	0	33	8	10	43	0	34	49	27	58	41	303		
WALIT, Robbie elected	0	0	4	-10	0	0	0	2	3	1	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	33	12	0	43	0	34	51	30	59	41	303		
WALIT, Connie excluded	0	8	-12	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	1	0		
Progressive Total	0	41	0	0	44	0	35	52	30	59	42	303		
POULSON, Christopher excluded	0	2	0	0	3	0	5	8	-30	9	3	0		
Progressive Total	0	43	0	0	47	0	40	60	0	68	45	303		
SPENCER-WILSON, Georgina excluded	0	20	0	0	5	0	-40	6	0	4	5	0		
Progressive Total	0	63	0	0	52	0	0	66	0	72	50	303		
JUTTNER, Tony excluded	0	19	0	0	12	0	0	14	0	5	-50	0		
Progressive Total	0	82	0	0	64	0	0	80	0	77	0	303		
WILLIAMS, Freddy excluded	0	49	0	0	-64	0	0	8	0	7	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	131	0	0	0	0	0	88	0	84	0	303		
GIBSON, Teddy Jakamarra excluded	0	52	0	0	0	0	0	32	0	-84	0	0		
Total Votes	0	183	0	0	0	0	0	120	0	0	0	303		
%		60.4						39.6						

WAYNE, Maisie elected

# Council Snapshot

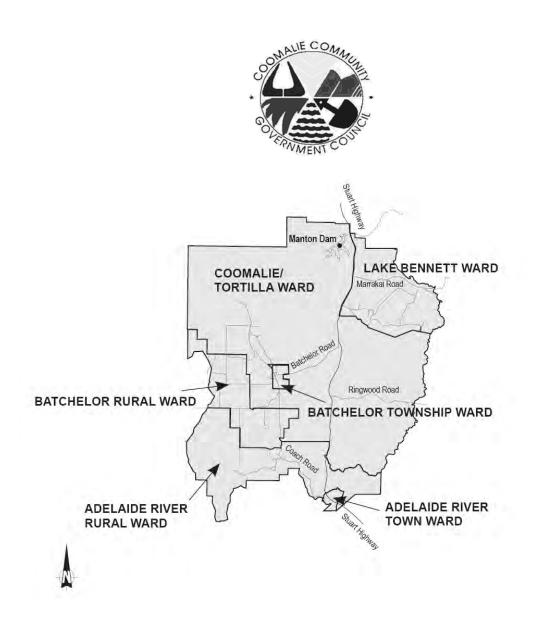


Table: Turnout and Informality Summary

					TUF	RNOUT	INFOF	MALITY
Council - Ward Name	Enrolment	No. Nominations	No. Vacancies	Average Candidates per Contested Election	Election Tumout Contested Elections %	Turnout by Council - CONTESTED Elections %	Informality Contested Elections %	Informality by Council - CONTESTED Elections %
Coomalie CG Council - Adelaide River Rural	94	2	1		46.8		11.4	
Coomalie CG Council - Adelaide River Town	86	2	2					
Coomalie CG Council - Batchelor Rural	118	1	1	2		44 0		11 /
Coomalie CG Council - Batchelor Town	192	3	3			46.8		11.4
Coomalie CG Council - Coomalie/Tortilla	33	1	1					
Coomalie CG Council - Lake Bennett	45	1	1					

Table: Result of Poll Summary - 25 October 2008

Ward	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
Coomalie CG Council - Adelaide River Rural	PAGE, Jaemie	ELECTED
	JESSER, David	
Coomalie CG Council - Adelaide River Town	FAWCETT, Tommy	Elected Unopposed
	KOCH, Deb	Elected Unopposed
Coomalie CG Council - Batchelor Rural	BULMER, Sue	Elected Unopposed
	DOUGLAS, Linda Joan	Elected Unopposed
Coomalie CG Council - Batchelor Town	JONES, Bruce	Elected Unopposed
	McGINN, Judy	Elected Unopposed
Coomalie CG Council - Coomalie/Tortilla	TURNER, Andrew	Elected Unopposed
Coomalie CG Council - Lake Bennett	SULLIVAN, Trevor	Elected Unopposed

### **RESULT OF POLL 25 OCTOBER 2008**

COOMALIE COMMUNITY GOVERNMENT COUNCIL ADELAIDE RIVER RURAL WARD - ELECTION OF ONE ORDINARY MEMBER

Electors on Roll:	94
% Counted:	46.8
No. Votes Required for Election:	20

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidate being elected:

Final Votes 33

PAGE, Jaemie

**Count of First Preference Votes** 

		ice Votes for andidate	Ballot Papers Counted				
Polling Place/Declaration Type	PAGE, Jaemie	JESSER, David	Formal	Informal	Total		
Mobile Team 14	22	4	26	4	30		
Postal (inc 3 Early and 1 Absent Votes)	8	2	10	1	11		
Regulation 22c	3	0	3	0	3		
Ballot Papers Counted %	33 <i>84.6</i>	6 15.4	39 <i>88.6</i>	5 11.4	44		
PAGE, Jaemie elected							

### **Council Snapshot**

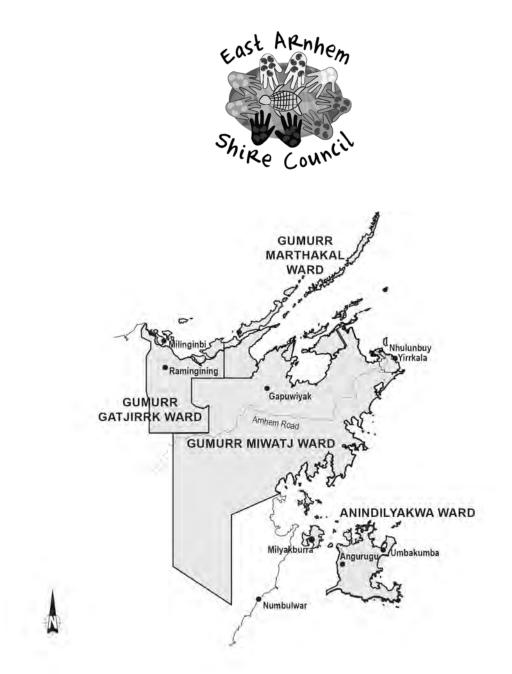


Table: Turnout and Informality Summary

					Tur	RNOUT	INFO	RMALITY
Council - Ward Name	Enrolment	No. Nominations	No. Vacancies	Average Candidates per Contested Election	Election Turnout Contested Elections %	Turnout by Council - CONTESTED Elections %	Informality Contested Elections %	Informality by Council - CONTESTED Elections %
East Amhem Shire - Anindilyakwa	908	6	3		46.1		14.6	
East Arnhem Shire - Gumurr Gatjirrk	1295	4	3	6	33.1	41.7	10.3	21.2
East Amhem Shire - Gumurr Marthakal	1196	3	3			41.7		21.2
East Amhem Shire - Gumurr Miwatj	1867	9	3		45.5		30.0	

Table: Result of Poll Summary - 25 October 2008

Council	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
	MAMARIKA, Keith	ELECTED
	MAMARIKA, Phillip	
Frat Ambras China Aniadibatana	LALARA, Wendy	
East Arnhem Shire – Anindilyakwa	NUMAMURDIRDI, Helen	
	JARAGBA, Lionel	ELECTED
	HANSEN, Keith	ELECTED
	GURRALPA, Jack Munyarirr	ELECTED
	WARRAYA, David Daymirringu	ELECTED
East Arnhem Shire - Gumurr Gatjirrk	BAKER, Djandjay	
	BARRAMALA, Ronnie	ELECTED
	DANGANBARR, Mavis	Elected Unopposed
East Arnhem Shire - Gumurr Marthakal	THURLOW, Kaye	Elected Unopposed
	WININBA, Don	Elected Unopposed
	WUNUNGMURRA, Dhambarra	
	MARIKA, Bakamumu	
	GUMANA, Waturr	
	MUNUNGGURR, Barayuwa	ELECTED
East Arnhem Shire - Gumurr Miwatj	WUNUNGMURRA, Bininydjirri	
	MUNUNGGURR, Yananymul	ELECTED
	MARIKA, Marrpalawuy	
	WANAMBI, Yangipuy	
	WUNUNGMURRA, Banambi	ELECTED

### EAST ARNHEM SHIRE

### ANINDILYAKWA WARD - ELECTION OF THREE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:	908
% Counted:	46.1
No. Votes Required for Election:	180

# Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

	Final Votes
1 HANSEN, Keith	183
2 JARAGBA, Lionel	186
3 MAMARIKA, Keith	181

Count of First Preference Votes

		1st Prefe	erence Vo	tes for ead	ch Candic	late	Ballot Papers Counted			
Polling Place/Declaration Type	Mamarika, Keith	Mamarika, Phillip	LALARA, Wendy	NUMAMURDIRDI, Helen	JARAGBA, Lionel	HANSEN, Keith	Formal	Informal	Total	
Nhulunbuy	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	
Mobile Team 4 Mobile Team 5	48 0	22 0	35 0	20 0	72 0	154 0	351 0	61 0	412 0	
Early Voting 1, Postal 1, Absent 2 Regulation 22c 1	1	0	0	2	0	2	5	0	5	
Ballot Papers Counted %	49 <i>13.7</i>	22 6.1	35 <i>9.8</i>	22 6.1	74 <i>20.7</i>	156 <i>43.6</i>	358 <i>85.4</i>	61 <i>14.6</i>	419	

**Distribution of Preferences** 

Vacancy 1	MaMARIKA, Keith	Mamarika, Philip	LALARA, Wendy	NUMAMURDIRDI, Helen	JARAGBA, Lionel	HANSEN, Keith	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	49	22	35	22	74	156	358	61	419
MAMARIKA, Phillip excluded	5	-22	3	3	6	5	0		
Progressive Total	54	0	38	25	80	161	358		
NUMAMURDIRDI, Helen excluded	1	0	16	-25	6	2	0		
Progressive Total	55	0	54	0	86	163	358		
LAĽARA, Wendy excluded	32	0	-54	0	20	2	0		
Progressive Total	87	0	0	0	106	165	358		
MAMARIKA, Keith excluded	-87	0	0	0	69	18	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	0	175	183	358		
%					48.9	51.1			

HANSEN, Keith elected

Vacancy 2	MAMARIKA, Keith	MAMARIKA, Phillip	LALARA, Wendy	NUMAMURDIRDI, Helen	JARAGBA, Lionel	HANSEN, Keith	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	49	22	35	22	74	156	358	61	419
HANSEN, Keith elected	34	67	4	6	45	-156	0		
Progressive Total	83	89	39	28	119	0	358		
NUMAMURDIRDI, Helen excluded	1	2	16	-28	9	0	0		
Progressive Total	84	91	55	0	128	0	358		
LALARA, Wendy excluded	17	18	-55	0	20	0	0		
Progressive Total	101	109	0	0	148	0	358		
MAMARIKA, Keith excluded	-101	63	0	0	38	0	0		
Total Votes	0	172	0	0	186	0	358		
9	, D	48.0			52.0				

JARAGBA, Lionel elected

Vacancy 3	MAMARIKA, Keith	MAMARIKA, Phillip	LALARA, Wendy	NUMAMURDIRDI, Helen	JARAGBA, Lionel	HANSEN, Keith	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	49	22	35	22	74	156	358	61	419
HANSEN, Keith elected	46	77	11	22	0	-156	0		
Progressive Total	95	99	46	44	74	0	358		
JARAGBA, Lionel elected	40	17	10	7	-74	0	0		
Progressive Total	135	116	56	51	0	0	358		
NUMAMURDIRDI, Helen excluded	5	6	40	-51	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	140	122	96	0	0	0	358		
LALARA, Wendy excluded	41	55	-96	0	0	0	0		
Total Votes	181	177	0	0	0	0	358		
%	50.6	49.4							

MAMARIKA, Keith elected

EAST ARNHEM SHIRE

ANINDILYAKWA WARD - ELECTION OF THREE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:	908
% Counted:	46.1
No. Votes Required for Election:	180

# Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

J	Final Votes
1 HANSEN, Keith	183
2 JARAGBA, Lionel	186
3 MAMARIKA, Keith	181

Count of First Preference Votes

		1st Prefe	erence Vo	tes for ead	ch Candic	late	Ballot Papers Counted			
Polling Place/Declaration Type	Mamarika, Keith	Mamarika, Phillip	LALARA, Wendy	NUMAMURDIRDI, Helen	JARAGBA, Lionel	HANSEN, Keith	Formal	Informal	Total	
Nhulunbuy	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	
Mobile Team 4 Mobile Team 5	48 0	22 0	35 0	20 0	72 0	154 0	351 0	61 0	412 0	
Early Voting 1, Postal 1, Absent 2 Regulation 22c 1	1	0	0	2	0	2	5	0	5	
Ballot Papers Counted %	49 <i>13.7</i>	22 6.1	35 <i>9.8</i>	22 6.1	74 <i>20.7</i>	156 <i>43.6</i>	358 <i>85.4</i>	61 <i>14.6</i>	419	

**Distribution of Preferences** 

Vacancy 1	MAMARIKA, Keith	MAMARIKA, Phillip	LALARA, Wendy	NUMAMUR DIRDI, Helen	JARAGBA, Lionel	HANSEN, Keith	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	49	22	35	22	74	156	358	61	419
MAMARIKA, Phillip excluded	5	-22	3	3	6	5	0		
Progressive Total	54	0	38	25	80	161	358		
NUMAMURDIRDI, Helen excluded	1	0	16	-25	6	2	0		
Progressive Total	55	0	54	0	86	163	358		
LALARA, Wendy excluded	32	0	-54	0	20	2	0		
Progressive Total	87	0	0	0	106	165	358		
MAMARIKA, Keith excluded	-87	0	0	0	69	18	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	0	175	183	358		
%					<i>48.9</i>	51.1			

HANSEN, Keith elected

#### RESULT OF POLL 25 OCTOBER 2008 EAST ARNHEM SHIRE

### GUMURR GATJIRRK WARD - ELECTION OF THREE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll: 1295 % Counted: 33.1 No. Votes Required for Election: 193

ection: 193

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

5	5	Final Votes
1 BARRAMAL	A, Ronnie	210
2 GURRALPA,	Jack Munyarirr	210
3 WARRAYA, I	David Daymirringu	201

Count of First Preference Votes

	1st Pre	eference Vote	s for each Ca	ndidate	Ballo	t Papers Cour	nted
Polling Place/Declaration Type	GURRALPA, Jack Munyarirr	WARRAYA, David Daymirringu	BAKER, Djandjay	BARRAMALA, Ronnie	Formal	Informal	Total
Nhulunbuy	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mobile Team 4 Mobile Team 5	0 53	0 27	0 74	0 195	0 349	0 44	0 393
Early Voting	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Absent (inc 2 postal)	1	2	16	12	31	0	31
Regulation 22c	0	1	1	3	5	0	5
Ballot Papers Counted %	54 <i>14.0</i>	30 <i>7.8</i>	91 <i>23.6</i>	210 <i>54.5</i>	385 <i>89. 7</i>	44 10.3	429
BARRAMALA, Ronnie elected 1st vacancy							

Distribution of Preferences

Vacancy 2	GURRALPA, Jack Munyarirr	WARRAYA, David Daymirringu	BAKER, Djandjay	BARRAMALA, Ronnie	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	54	30	91	210	385	44	429
BARRAMALA, Ronnie elected	70	73	67	-210	0		
Progressive Total	124	103	158	0	385		
WARRAYA, David Daymirringu excluded	86	-103	17	0	0		
Total Votes	210	0	175	0	385		
%	54.5		45.5				

GURRALPA, Jack Munyarirr elected

Vacancy 3	GURRALPA, Jack Munyarirr	WARRAYA, David Daymirringu	BAKER, Djandjay	BARRAMALA, Ronnie	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	54	30	91	210	385	44	429
BARRAMALA, Ronnie elected	0	126	84	-210	0		
Progressive Total	54	156	175	0	385		
GURRALPA, Jack Munyarirr elected	-54	45	9	0	0		
Total Votes	0	201	184	0	385		
%		52.2	47.8				

WARRAYA, David Daymirringu elected

### EAST ARNHEM SHIRE GUMURR MIWATJ WARD - ELECTION OF THREE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll: % Counted: No. Votes Required for Election:

1867

45.5 298

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

Final Votes

1	MUNUNGGURR, Yananymul	357
2	MUNUNGGURR, Barayuwa	328
3	WUNUNGMURRA, Banambi	312

Count of First Preference Votes

		1st Preference Votes for each Candidate									Ballot Papers Counted			
Polling Place/Declaration Type	WUNUNGMURRA, Dhambarra	MARIKA, Bakamumu	GUMANA, Waturr	MUNUNGGURR, Barayuwa	WUNUNGMURRA, Bininydjirri	MUNUNGGURR, Yananymul	MARIKA, Marrpalawuy	WANAMBI, Yangipuy	WUNUNGMURRA, Banambi	Formal	Informal	Total		
Nhulunbuy	3	7	1	5	0	8	1	0	14	39	2	41		
Mobile Team 4 Mobile Team 5	34 94	55 1	35 1	33 0	2 5	138 1	24 3	7 46	31 6	359 157	174 70	533 227		
Early Voting Centre Nhulunbuy	0	3	0	3	0	4	1	0	4	15	2	17		
Postal	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	2		
Absent	2	4	2	0	1	1	2	0	3	15	2	17		
Regulation 22c	0	2	1	0	0	2	1	1	1	8	5	13		
Ballot Papers Counted %	133 <i>22.4</i>	72 12.1	40 <i>6.7</i>	41 <i>6.9</i>	8 1.3	154 <i>25.9</i>	34 5.7	54 <i>9.1</i>	59 <i>9.9</i>	595 <i>70.0</i>	255 <i>30.0</i>	850		

Distribution of Preferences

Vacancy 1	WUNUNGMURRA, Dhambarra	MARIKA, Bakamumu	GUMANA, Waturr	MUNUNGGURR, Barayuwa	WUNUNGMURRA, Bininydjirri	MUNUNGGURR, Yananymul	MARIKA, Marrpalawuy	WANAMBI, Yangipuy	WUNUNGMURRA, Banambi	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	133	72	40	41	8	154	34	54	59	595	255	850
WUNUNGMURRA, Bininydjirri excluded	2	0	2	1	-8	2	0	1	0	0		
Progressive Total	135	72	42	42	0	156	34	55	59	595		
MARIKA, Marrpalawuy excluded	3	0	13	2	0	9	-34	2	5	0		
Progressive Total	138	72	55	44	0	165	0	57	64	595		
MUNUNGGURR, Barayuwa excluded	1	7	5	-44	0	21	0	1	9	0		
Progressive Total	139	79	60	0	0	186	0	58	73	595		
WANAMBI, Yangipuy excluded	46	1	3	0	0	0	0	-58	8	0		
Progressive Total	185	80	63	0	0	186	0	0	81	595		
GUMANA, Waturr excluded	8	12	-63	0	0	36	0	0	7	0		
Progressive Total	193	92	0	0	0	222	0	0	88	595		
WUNUNGMURRA, Banambi excluded	20	28	0	0	0	40	0	0	-88	0		
Progressive Total	213	120	0	0	0	262	0	0	0	595		
MARIKA, Bakamumu excluded	25	-120	0	0	0	95	0	0	0	0		
Total Votes	238	0	0	0	0	357	0	0	0	595		
%	40.0					60.0						

MUNUNGGURR, Yananymul elected

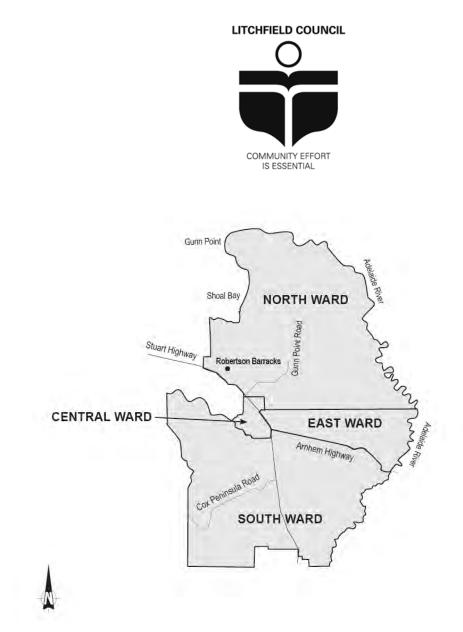
Vacancy 2	WUNUNGMURRA, Dhambarra	MARIKA, Bakamumu	GUMANA, Waturr	MUNUNGGURR, Barayuwa	WUNUNGMURRA, Bininydjirri	MUNUNGGURR, Yananymul	MARIKA, Marrpalawuy	WANAMBI, Yangipuy	WUNUNGMURRA, Banambi	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	133	72	40	41	8	154	34	54	59	595	255	850
MUNUNGGURR, Yananymul elected	3	13	40	41	1	-154	21	1	34	0		
Progressive Total	136	85	80	82	9	0	55	55	93	595		
WUNUNGMURRA, Bininydjirri excluded	3	0	2	2	-9	0	1	1	0	0		
Progressive Total	139	85	82	84	0	0	56	56	93	595		
MARIKA, Marrpalawuy excluded	4	2	22	12	0	0	-56	7	9	0		
Progressive Total	143	87	104	96	0	0	0	63	102	595		
WANAMBI, Yangipuy excluded	46	1	2	1	0	0	0	-63	13	0		
Progressive Total	189	88	106	97	0	0	0	0	115	595		
MARIKA, Bakamumu excluded	8	-88	9	31	0	0	0	0	40	0		
Progressive Total	197	0	115	128	0	0	0	0	155	595		
GUMANA, Waturr excluded	35	0	-115	59	0	0	0	0	21	0		
Progressive Total	232	0	0	187	0	0	0	0	176	595		
WUNUNGMURRA, Banambi excluded	35	0	0	141	0	0	0	0	-176	0		
Total Votes	267	0	0	328	0	0	0	0	0	595		
9	6 44.9			55.1								

MUNUNGGURR, Barayuwa elected

Vacancy 3	WUNUNGMURRA, Dhambarra	MARIKA, Bakamumu	GUMANA, Waturr	MUNUNGGURR, Barayuwa	WUNUNGMURRA, Bininydjirri	MUNUNGGURR, Yananymul	MARIKA, Marrpalawuy	WANAMBI, Yangipuy	WUNUNGMURRA, Banambi	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	133	72	40	41	8	154	34	54	59	595	255	850
MUNUNGGURR, Yananymul elected	3	20	60	0	1	-154	22	2	46	0		
Progressive Total	136	92	100	41	9	0	56	56	105	595		
MUNUNGGURR, Barayuwa elected	3	9	6	-41	0	0	8	0	15	0		
Progressive Total	139	101	106	0	9	0	64	56	120	595		
WUNUNGMURRA, Bininydjirri excluded	3	0	3	0	-9	0	1	2	0	0		
Progressive Total	142	101	109	0	0	0	65	58	120	595		
WANAMBI, Yangipuy excluded	45	0	2	0	0	0	2	-58	9	0		
Progressive Total	187	101	111	0	0	0	67	0	129	595		
MARIKA, Marrpalawuy excluded	7	7	33	0	0	0	-67	0	20	0		
Progressive Total	194	108	144	0	0	0	0	0	149	595		
MARIKA, Bakamumu excluded	11	-108	23	0	0	0	0	0	74	0		
Progressive Total	205	0	167	0	0	0	0	0	223	595		
GUMANA, Waturr excluded	78	0	-167	0	0	0	0	0	89	0		
Total Votes	283	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	312	595		
%	47.6								52			

WUNUNGMURRA, Banambi elected

# Council Snapshot



### Table: Turnout and Informality Summary

					TUI	RNOUT	INFOF	MALITY
Council - Ward Name	Enrolment	No. Nominations	No. Vacancies	Average Candidates per Contested Election	Election Turnout Contested Elections %	Turnout by Council - CONTESTED Elections %	Informality Contested Elections %	Informality by Council - CONTESTED Elections %
Litchfield President		3	1		55.4		7.1	
Litchfield Council - East Ward	2535	3	1		64.1	55.4 President - not	7.1	
Litchfield Council - Central Ward	2263	2	1	2	60.1		9.7	7.5
Litchfield Council - North Ward	3159	1	1			all wards contested		
Litchfield Council - South Ward	2821	1	1					

### Table: Result of Poll Summary - 25 October 2008

Council	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
	WALSHE, Mary	ELECTED
Litchfield President	BOWLER, Geoff	
	HARLAN, Kevin	
Litchfield Council - Central Ward	McLOUGHLIN, Bernice	
	IRLAM, Sandy	ELECTED
	BOWMAN, Mike	ELECTED
Litchfield Council - East Ward	VENES, Anthony	
	HARLAN, Kevin	
Litchfield Council - North Ward	PURICH, Plaxy	Elected Unopposed
Litchfield Council - South Ward	STATHAM, Vic	Elected Unopposed

LITCHFIELD COUNCIL ELECTION OF PRESIDENT

Electors on Roll:	10778
% Counted:	55.4
No. Votes Required for Election:	2777

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidate being elected:

Final Votes

3487

WALSHE, Mary

Count of First Preference Votes

	1st Preferen	ce Votes for eac	ch Candidate	Bal	ot Papers Cour	ited
Polling Place/Declaration Type	WALSHE, Mary	BOWLER, Geoff	HARLAN, Kevin	Formal	Informal	Total
Bees Creek Berrimah Berry Springs Darwin Howard Springs Humpty Doo Ludmilla Mobile Team 15	463 65 262 11 828 968 10 38	187 16 57 2 206 540 4 6	165 16 146 2 340 357 3 7	815 97 465 15 1374 1865 17 51	77 10 44 1 104 152 2 0	892 107 509 16 1478 2017 19 51
Early Voting Centre Bees Creek	459	133	109	701	29	730
Postal	74	25	25	124	5	129
Absent Votes	12	7	4	23	0	23
Regulation 22c	3	0	2	5	0	5
Ballot Papers Counted %	3193 <i>57.5</i>	1183 <i>21.3</i>	1176 <i>21.2</i>	5552 <i>92.9</i>	424 <i>7.1</i>	5976

Distribution of Preferences

	WALSHE, Mary	BOWLER, Geoff	HARLAN, Kevin	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	3193	1183	1176	5552	424	5976
HARLAN, Kevin excluded	294	882	-1176	0		
Total Votes	3487	2065	0	5552		
	% <i>62.8</i>	37.2				

WALSHE, Mary elected

### LITCHFIELD COUNCIL

### CENTRAL WARD - ELECTION OF ONE ORDINARY MEMBER

Electors on Roll:	2263
% Counted:	60.1
No. Votes Required for Election:	614

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidate being elected:

Final Votes

IRLAM, Sandy 656

**Count of First Preference Votes** 

		andidate	Ballo	t Papers Cou	nted
Polling Place/Declaration Type	McLOUGHLIN, Bernice	IRLAM, Sandy	Formal	Informal	Total
Bees Creek Berrimah Berry Springs Darwin Howard Springs Humpty Doo Ludmilla	280 0 3 0 160 24 0	345 4 3 0 161 38 4	625 4 6 0 321 62 4	74 0 1 0 40 6 0	699 4 7 0 361 68 4
Early Votes (inc 3 votes, Mobile 15)	83	83	166	10	176
Postal	17	12	29	1	30
Absent Votes	3	4	7	0	7
Regulation 22c	1	2	3	0	3
Ballot Papers Counted %	571 <i>46.5</i>	656 <i>53.5</i>	1227 <i>90.3</i>	132 <i>9.7</i>	1359

IRLAM, Sandy elected

131

LITCHFIELD COUNCIL

### EAST WARD - ELECTION OF ONE ORDINARY MEMBER

Electors on Roll:	2535
% Counted:	64.1
No. Votes Required for Election:	756

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required,

resulted in the following candidate being elected: Final Votes

771

BOWMAN , Mike

**Count of First Preference Votes** 

		erence Vo h Candida		Ballo	t Papers Cou	nted
Polling Place/Declaration Type	BOWMAN, Mike	VENES, Anthony	HARLAN, Kevin	Formal	Informal	Total
Bees Creek Berrimah Berry Springs Darwin Howard Springs Humpty Doo Ludmilla	37 3 2 0 57 484 0	36 2 1 4 255 1	22 4 1 0 69 244 1	95 9 4 168 983 2	9 2 0 12 87 0	104 11 4 180 1070 2
Mobile Team 15	0	0	0	0	0	0
Early Votes	53	105	55	213	5	218
Postal	6	13	5	24	1	25
Absent Votes	0	6	1	7	0	7
Regulation 22c	0	0	1	1	0	1
Ballot Papers Counted %	642 <i>42.5</i>	465 <i>30.8</i>	403 <i>26.</i> 7	1510 <i>92.9</i>	116 <i>7.1</i>	1626

Distribution of Preferences

Vacancy 1	Bowman, Mike	VENES, Anthony	HARLAN, Kevin	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	642	465	403	1510	116	1626
HARLAN, Kevin excluded	129	274	-403	0		
Total Votes	771	739	0	1510		
%	51.1	48.9				

BOWMAN, Mike elected

# Council Snapshot



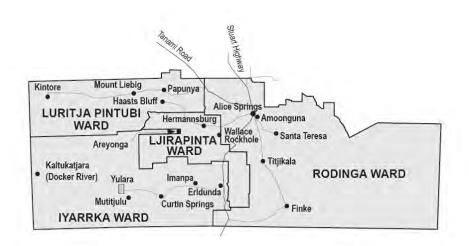




Table: Turnout and Informality Summary

					TUF	Nout	INFO	RMALITY
Council - Ward Name	Enrolment	No. Nom inations	No. Vacancies	Average Candidates per Contested Election	Election Turnout Contested Elections %	Turnout by Council - CONTESTED Elections %	Informality Contested Elections %	Informality by Council - CONTESTED Elections %
MacDonnell Shire - Iyarrka	687	1	2					
MacDonnell Shire - Ljirapinta MacDonnell Shire - Luritja Pintubi MacDonnell Shire - Rodinga	677 840 1113	8 5 10	3 3 4	8	46.7 42.1 35.0	40.3	7.3 8.5 14.4	10.3

Table: Result of Poll Summary - 25 October 2008

Ward	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
MacDonnell Shire - Iyarrka*	WILSON, Peter Ross	Elected Unopposed
	WILLIAMS, Gus Ntjalka	
	BRAYBON, Sonya	
	ABBOTT, Bernard	
MacDannall Chira Liiraninta	KENNY, Roxanne	ELECTED
MacDonnell Shire - Ljirapinta	INKAMALA, Carl	ELECTED
	WILLIAMS, Baydon	
	INKAMALA, Mildred	ELECTED
	ABBOTT, Barry	
	ABBOTT, Lance	ELECTED
	NANGALA, Irene Wilpinta	ELECTED
MacDonnell Shire - Luritja Pintubi	ANDERSON, Sid	ELECTED
	MULTA, Cynthia	
	LECHLEITNER, Ada	
	KIERNAN, Raymond	ELECTED
	WILYUKA, Lisa	ELECTED
	McMASTERS, Anthony	
	RAWSON, Joseph	ELECTED
MacDonnell Shire Dodingo	DOOLAN, David	ELECTED
MacDonnell Shire - Rodinga	ANDERSON, Julie	
	CONWAY, Robert Micheal	
	CLIFFORD, Russell Wallace	
	MATASIA, Harold	
	ROSS TURNER, Sabella Mary	

\*Partially failed election. Supplementary election held 13 December 2008

# RESULT OF POLL 25 OCTOBER 2008 MACDONNELL SHIRE

### LJIRAPINTA WARD - ELECTION OF THREE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll: 677 % Counted: 46.7 No. Votes Required for Election: 147

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

	5	Final Votes
1 INKAMALA, Mildred		157
2 INKAMALA, Carl		157
3 KENNY, Roxanne		155

**Count of First Preference Votes** 

			1st Prefe	Ballot Papers Counted							
Polling Place/Declaration Type	W ILLIAMS, Gus Ntjalka	BRAYBON, Sonya	ABBOTT, Bernard	KENNY, Roxanne	INKAMALA, Carl	W ILLIAMS, Baydon	INKAMALA, Mildred	ABBOTT, Barry	Formal	Informal	Total
Alice Springs	4	0	0	0	2	0	0	8	14	2	16
Mobile Team 12 Mobile Team 13	64 12	13 2	14 1	13 2	17 7	2 3	51 4	18 2	192 33	15 3	207 36
Early Votes	3	3	1	3	1	1	3	4	19	0	19
Postal	1	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	3	2	5
Absent	9	0	4	7	1	5	2	4	32	1	33
Ballot Papers Counted %	93 <i>31.7</i>	18 <i>6.1</i>	22 7.5	25 <i>8.5</i>	28 <i>9.6</i>	11 <i>3.8</i>	60 <i>20.5</i>	36 <i>12.3</i>	293 <i>92.7</i>	23 <i>7.3</i>	316

Distribution of Preferences

Vacancy 1	WILLIAMS, Gus Ntjalka	BRAYBON, Sonya	ABBOTT, Bernard	KENNY, Roxanne	INKAMALA, Carl	WILLIAM S, Baydon	INKAMALA, Mildred	ABBOTT, Barry	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	93	18	22	25	28	11	60	36	293	23	316
WILLIAMS, Baydon excluded	4	0	0	0	3	-11	3	1	0		
Progressive Total	97	18	22	25	31	0	63	37	293		
BRAYBON, Sonya excluded	1	-18	1	13	0	0	3	0	0		
Progressive Total	98	0	23	38	31	0	66	37	293		
ABBOTT, Bernard excluded	1	0	-23	7	1	0	1	13	0		
Progressive Total	99	0	0	45	32	0	67	50	293	1	
INKAMALA, Carl excluded	3	0	0	2	-32	0	25	2	0		
Progressive Total	102	0	0	47	0	0	92	52	293		
KENNY, Roxanne excluded	8	0	0	-47	0	0	16	23	0		
Progressive Total	110	0	0	0	0	0	108	75	293		
ABBOTT, Barry excluded	26	0	0	0	0	0	49	-75	0		
Total Votes	136	0	0	0	0	0	157	0	293		
	% 46.4						53.6				

INKAMALA, Mildred elected

Vacancy 2	WILLIAMS, Gus Ntjalka	BRAYBON, Sonya	ABBOTT, Bernard	KENNY, Roxanne	INKAMALA, Carl	WILLIAMS, Baydon	INKAMALA, Mildred	ABBOTT, Barry	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	93	18	22	25	28	11	60	36	293	23	316
INKAMALA, Mildred elected	2	2	1	2	48	2	-60	3	0		
Progressive Total	95	20	23	27	76	13	0	39	293		
WILLIAMS, Baydon excluded	5	1	0	0	4	-13	0	3	0		
Progressive Total	100	21	23	27	80	0	0	42	293		
BRAYBON, Sonya excluded	1	-21	1	16	3	0	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	101	0	24	43	83	0	0	42	293		
ABBOTT, Bernard excluded	1	0	-24	7	3	0	0	13	0		
Progressive Total	102	0	0	50	86	0	0	55	293		
KENNY, Roxanne excluded	8	0	0	-50	14	0	0	28	0		
Progressive Total	110	0	0	0	100	0	0	83	293		
ABBOTT, Barry excluded	26	0	0	0	57	0	0	-83	0		
Total Votes	136	0	0	0	157	0	0	0	293		
%	46.4				53.6						

INKAMALA, Carl elected

Vacancy 3	WILLIAMS, Gus Ntjalka	BRAYBON, Sonya	ABBOTT, Bernard	KENNY, Roxanne	INKAMALA, Carl	WILLIAMS, Baydon	INKAMALA, Mildred	ABBOTT, Barry	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	93	18	22	25	28	11	60	36	293	23	316
INKAMALA, Mildred elected	8	14	1	12	0	8	-60	17	0		
Progressive Total	101	32	23	37	28	19	0	53	293		
INKAMALA, Carl elected	4	4	3	10	-28	3	0	4	0		
Progressive Total	105	36	26	47	0	22	0	57	293		
WILLIAMS, Baydon excluded	10	3	2	3	0	-22	0	4	0		
Progressive Total	115	39	28	50	0	0	0	61	293		
ABBOTT, Bernard excluded	4	1	-28	9	0	0	0	14	0		
Progressive Total	119	40	0	59	0	0	0	75	293		
BRAYBON, Sonya excluded	3	-40	0	36	0	0	0	1	0		
Progressive Total	122	0	0	95	0	0	0	76	293		
ABBOTT, Barry excluded	16	0	0	60	0	0	0	-76	0		
Total Votes	138	0	0	155	0	0	0	0	293		
	% 47.1			<i>52.9</i>							

KENNY, Roxanne elected

MACDONNELL SHIRE

### LURITJA PINTUBI WARD - ELECTION OF THREE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:	840
% Counted:	42.1
No. Votes Required for Election:	163

# Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

	5	3	
		I	Final Votes
1	ANDERSON, Sid		171
2	ABBOTT, Lance		178
3	NANGALA, Irene Wilpint	а	197

**Count of First Preference Votes** 

	1st Preference Votes for each Candidate					Ballot Papers Counted		
Polling Place/Declaration Type	ABBOTT, Lance	NANGALA, Irene Wilpinta	ANDERSON, Sid	MULTA, Cynthia	LECHLEITNER, Ada	Formal	Informal	Total
Alice Springs	5	0	4	0	2	11	0	11
Mobile Team 12 Mobile Team 13	19 44	10 18	145 5	26 0	11 0	211 67	15 12	226 79
Early Votes	0	1	3	1	1	6	0	6
Postal	2	0	0	0	0	2	2	4
Absent	4	4	14	2	3	27	1	28
Ballot Papers Counted %	74 <i>22.8</i>	33 <i>10.2</i>	171 <i>52.8</i>	29 <i>9.0</i>	17 <i>5.2</i>	324 <i>91.5</i>	30 <i>8.5</i>	354

ANDERSON, Sid elected 1st vacancy

**Distribution of Preferences** 

Vacancy 1	ABBOTT, Lance	NANGALA, Irene Wilpinta	ANDERSON, Sid	MULTA, Cynthia	LECHLEITNER, Ada	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	74	33	171	29	17	324	30	354
ANDERSON, Sid elected	59	64	-171	24	24	0		
Progressive Total	133	97	0	53	41	324		
LECHLEITNER, Ada excluded	13	13	0	15	-41	0		
Progressive Total	146	110	0	68	0	324		
MULTA, Cynthia excluded	32	36	0	-68	0	0		
Total Votes	178	146	0	0	0	324		
%	54.9	45.1						

ABBOTT, Lance elected

Vacancy 2	ABBOTT, Lance	NANGALA, Irene Wilpinta	ANDERSON, Sid	MULTA, Cynthia	LECHLEITNER, Ada	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	74	33	171	29	17	324	30	354
ANDERSON, Sid elected	0	103	-171	30	38	0		
Progressive Total	74	136	0	59	55	324		
ABBOTT, Lance elected	-74	61	0	8	5	0		
Total Votes	0	197	0	67	60	324		
%		60.8		20.7	18.5			

NANGALA, Irene Wilpinta elected

# RESULT OF POLL 25 OCTOBER 2008 MACDONNELL SHIRE RODINGA WARD - ELECTION OF FOUR ORDINARY MEMBERS

1113 35.0 167 Electors on Roll: % Counted: No. Votes Required for Election:

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected: Final Votes 1 KIERNAN, Raymond 2 WILYUKA, Lisa 3 RAWSON, Joseph 177 179 178

168

4 DOOLAN, David

Count of First Preference Votes

			1	st Prefere	ence Vote	s for each	h Candida	te			Ballo	t Papers Cou	inted
Polling Place/Declaration Type	KIERNAN, Raymond	WILYUKA, Lisa	McMASTERS, Anthony	RAWSON, Joseph	DOOLAN, David	ANDERSON, Julie	CONWAY, Robert Micheal	CLIFFORD, Russell Wallace	MATASIA, Harold	ROSS TURNER, Sabella Mary	Formal	Informal	Total
Alice Springs	4	1	2	18	0	0	2	1	2	6	36	4	40
Mobile Team 12 Mobile Team 13	3 57	1 54	0 1	0 24	0 7	0 1	1 28	0 5	1 11	2 25	8 213	4 27	12 240
Early Votes	3	1	3	9	2	2	0	4	2	10	36	5	41
Postal	1	1	1	9	0	0	0	4	0	3	19	13	32
Absent	1	3	1	2	2	0	3	1	0	8	21	3	24
Ballot Papers Counted	69 <b>%</b> 20.7	61 <i>18.3</i>	8 2.4	62 18.6	11 <i>3.3</i>	3 <i>0.9</i>	34 <i>10.2</i>	15 <i>4.5</i>	16 <i>4.8</i>	54 16.2	333 <i>85.6</i>	56 14.4	389

Distribution of Preferences

Vacancy 1	KIERNAN, Raymond	WILYUKA, Lisa	McMASTERS, Anthony	RAW SON, Joseph	DOOLAN, David	ANDERSON, Julie	C ON W AY , Robert Micheal	CLIFFORD, Russell Wallace	MATASIA, Harold	ROSS TURNER, Sabella Mary	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	69	61	8	62	11	3	34	15	16	54	333	56	389
ANDERSON, Julie excluded	0	1	0	0	1	-3	0	0	1	0	0		
Progressive Total	69	62	8	62	12	0	34	15	17	54	333		
McMASTERS, Anthony excluded	0	1	-8	2	1	0	1	1	0	2	0		
Progressive Total	69	63	0	64	13	0	35	16	17	56	333		
DOOLAN, David excluded	1	5	0	1	-13	0	2	2	1	1	0		
Progressive Total	70	68	0	65	0	0	37	18	18	57	333		
CLIFFORD, Russell Wallace excluded	1	0	0	6	0	0	1	-18	8	2	0		
Progressive Total	71	68	0	71	0	0	38	0	26	59	333		
MATASIA, Harold excluded	5	12	0	3	0	0	2	0	-26	4	0		
Progressive Total	76	80	0	74	0	0	40	0	0	63	333		
CONWAY, Robert Micheal excluded	21	8	0	4	0	0	-40	0	0	7	0		
Progressive Total	97	88	0	78	0	0	0	0	0	70	333		
ROSS TURNER, Sabella Mary excluded	39	8	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	-70	0		
Progressive Total	136	96	0	101	0	0	0	0	0	0	333		
WILYUKA, Lisa excluded	41	-96	0	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total Votes	177	0	0	156	0	0	0	0	0	0	333		
%	<i>53.2</i>			46.8									

KIERNAN, Raymond elected

Vacancy 2	KIERNAN, Raymond	WILYUKA, Lisa	McMASTERS, Anthony	RAWSON, Joseph	DOOLAN, David	ANDERSON, Julie	CONWAY, Robert Micheal	CLIFFORD, Russell Wallace	MATASIA, Harold	ROSS TURNER, Sabella Mary	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	69	61	8	62	11	3	34	15	16	54	333	56	389
KIERNAN, Raymond elected	-69	14	1	2	5	0	36	1	1	9	0		
Progressive Total	0	75	9	64	16	3	70	16	17	63	333		
ANDERSON, Julie excluded	0	1	0	0	1	-3	0	0	1	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	76	9	64	17	0	70	16	18	63	333		
McMASTERS, Anthony excluded	0	1	-9	2	2	0	1	1	0	2	0		
Progressive Total	0	77	0	66	19	0	71	17	18	65	333		
CLIFFORD, Russell Wallace excluded	0	0	0	5	2	0	2	-17	5	3	0		
Progressive Total	0	77	0	71	21	0	73	0	23	68	333		
DOOLAN, David excluded	0	8	0	3	-21	0	4	0	4	2	0		
Progressive Total	0	85	0	74	0	0	77	0	27	70	333		
MATASIA, Harold excluded	0	15	0	4	0	0	3	0	-27	5	0		
Progressive Total	0	100	0	78	0	0	80	0	0	75	333		
ROSS TURNER, Sabella Mary excluded	0	15	0	17	0	0	43	0	0	-75	0		
Progressive Total	0	115	0	95	0	0	123	0	0	0	333		
RAWSON, Joseph excluded	0	64	0	-95	0	0	31	0	0	0	0		
Total Votes	0	179	0	0	0	0	154	0	0	0	333		
%		53.8					46.2						

Vacancy 3	KIERNAN, Raymond	WILYUKA, Lisa	McMASTERS, Anthony	RAWSON, Joseph	DOOLAN, David	ANDERSON, Julie	CONWAY, Robert Micheal	CLIFFORD, Russell Wallace	MATASIA, Harold	ROSS TURNER, Sabella Mary	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	69	61	8	62	11	3	34	15	16	54	333	56	389
KIERNAN, Raymond elected	-69	0	8	6	5	0	38	1	1	10	0		
Progressive Total	0	61	16	68	16	3	72	16	17	64	333		
WILYUKA, Lisa elected	0	-61	6	31	9	4	6	1	2	2	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	22	99	25	7	78	17	19	66	333		
ANDERSON, Julie excluded	0	0	1	2	1	-7	0	1	2	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	23	101	26	0	78	18	21	66	333		
CLIFFORD, Russell Wallace excluded	0	0	0	4	2	0	2	-18	6	4	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	23	105	28	0	80	0	27	70	333		
McMASTERS, Anthony excluded	0	0	-23	16	3	0	1	0	1	2	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	121	31	0	81	0	28	72	333		
MATASIA, Harold excluded	0	0	0	1	21	0	1	0	-28	5	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	122	52	0	82	0	0	77	333		
DOOLAN, David excluded	0	0	0	28	-52	0	17	0	0	7	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	150	0	0	99	0	0	84	333		
ROSS TURNER, Sabella Mary excluded	0	0	0	28	0	0	56	0	0	-84	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	178	0	0	155	0	0	0	333		
PAW/SON Josoph alacted				53.5			46.5						

RAWSON, Joseph elected

Vacancy 4	KIERNAN, Raymond	WILYUKA, Lisa	McMASTERS, Anthony	RAWSON, Joseph	DOOLAN, David	ANDERSON, Julie	CONWAY, Robert Micheal	CLIFFORD, Russell Wallace	MATASIA, Harold	ROSS TURNER, Sabella Mary	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	69	61	8	62	11	3	34	15	16	54	333	56	389
KIERNAN, Raymond elected	-69	0	10	0	6	1	39	1	2	10	0		
Progressive Total	0	61	18	62	17	4	73	16	18	64	333		
WILYUKA, Lisa elected	0	-61	8	0	25	8	10	1	6	3	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	26	62	42	12	83	17	24	67	333		
RAWSON, Joseph elected	0	0	19	-62	14	6	10	6	2	5	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	45	0	56	18	93	23	26	72	333		
ANDERSON, Julie excluded	0	0	3	0	5	-18	2	2	5	1	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	48	0	61	0	95	25	31	73	333		
CLIFFORD, Russell Wallace excluded	0	0	9	0	2	0	2	-25	6	6	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	57	0	63	0	97	0	37	79	333		
MATASIA, Harold excluded	0	0	8	0	22	0	1	0	-37	6	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	65	0	85	0	98	0	0	85	333		
McMASTERS, Anthony excluded	0	0	-65	0	42	0	9	0	0	14	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	0	127	0	107	0	0	99	333		
ROŠS TURNER, Sabella Mary excluded	0	0	0	0	41	0	58	0	0	-99	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	0	168	0	165	0	0	0	333		
%					50.5		49.5						
DOOLAN, David elected													



Table: Turnout and Informality Summary

					TUF	RNOUT	INFOF	RMALITY
Council - Ward Name	Enrolment	No. Nominations	No. Vacancies	Average Candidates per Contested Election	Election Turnout Contested Elections %	Turnout by Council - CONTESTED Elections %	Informality Contested Elections %	Informality by Council - CONTESTED Elections %
Roper Gulf Shire - Never Never	690	7	3		54.3		8.3	
Roper Gulf Shire - Numbulwar Numburindi	493	2	1		39.1		11.4	
Roper Gulf Shire - Nyirranggulung	893	5	3	5	40.3	44.0	7.8	8.4
Roper Gulf Shire - South West Gulf	908	6	3		50.9		7.4	
Roper Gulf Shire - Yugul Mangi	683	4	2		32.5		9.0	

Table: Result of Poll Summary - 25 October 2008

Ward	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
	LANSEN, Peter	
	HERZOG, Michael	
	O'BRIEN, Clair	ELECTED
Roper Gulf Shire - Never Never	JOSHUA, Sheila	ELECTED
	SULLIVAN, Rohan McDonald	ELECTED
	SWANSON, Sweeney	
	SMILER, Robert	
Roper Gulf Shire - Numbulwar Numburindi	NUMAMURDIRDI, Kathy-Anne	ELECTED
	IDAI, Isaac	
	ANDREWS, Andrea	ELECTED
	LANE, David	ELECTED
Roper Gulf Shire - Nyirranggulung	MURRAY, Lazarus	ELECTED
	JUMBIRI, Mavis	
	HARNAS, Phill	
	BAKER, Frazer	ELECTED
	ANDERSON, Stephen	ELECTED
Roper Gulf Shire - South West Gulf	JACK, Tony	ELECTED
Koper Guil Shire - South West Guil	EVANS, Samuel	
	ALLEN, Stanley Edward	
	RORY, Keith	
	LANSEN, Jacob	ELECTED
Roper Gulf Shire - Yugul Mangi	ROGERS, KEITH	
	DANIELS, David	ELECTED
	TAPAU, Callas	

RESULT OF POLL 25 OCTOBER 2008 ROPER-GULF SHIRE NEVER NEVER WARD - ELECTION OF THREE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:	690
% Counted:	54.3
equired for Election:	173

No. Votes Required for Election:

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

52	ulleu III lile lollowilly calluluales bell	iy elected.
	I	Final Votes
1	JOSHUA, Sheila	175
2	SULLIVAN, Rohan McDonald	203
3	O'BRIEN, Clair	172

Count of First Preference Votes

		1st P	reference	Votes for		Ballo	ot Papers Cou	nted		
Polling Place/Declaration Type	LANSEN, Peter	HERZOG, Michael	O'BRIEN, Clair	JOSHUA, Sheila	SULLIVAN, Rohan McDonald	SWANSON, Sweeney	SMILER, Robert	Formal	Informal	Total
Katherine	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	4	1	5
Mobile Team 6 Mobile Team 7	31 0	17 0	34 0	67 2	57 0	14 0	52 0	272 2	29 0	301 2
Early Votes	0	1	12	0	14	1	1	29	0	29
Postal 1	0	0	2	0	14	0	0	16	0	16
Postal / Declaration (inc. PV 14, EV 3, Absent 2)	2	0	0	0	14	2	0	18	1	19
Regulation 22c	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	3
Ballot Papers Counted %	33 <i>9.6</i>	19 <i>5.5</i>	50 <i>14.5</i>	69 <i>20.1</i>	102 <i>29.7</i>	17 4.9	54 <i>15. 7</i>	344 <i>91.7</i>	31 <i>8.3</i>	375

**Distribution of Preferences** 

Vacancy 1	LANSEN, Peter	HERZOG, Michael	O'BRIEN, Clair	JOSHUA, Sheila	SULLIVAN, Rohan McDonald	SWANSON, Sweeney	SMILER, Robert	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	33	19	50	69	102	17	54	344	31	375
SWANSON, Sweeney excluded	1	0	0	10	0	-17	6	0		
Progressive Total	34	19	50	79	102	0	60	344		
HERZOG, Michael excluded	2	-19	1	2	2	0	12	0		
Progressive Total	36	0	51	81	104	0	72	344		
LANSEN, Peter excluded	-36	5 O	10	19	0	0	7	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	61	100	104	0	79	344		
O'BRIEN, Clair excluded	0	0	-61	22	36	0	3	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	122	140	0	82	344		
SMILER, Robert excluded	0	0	0	53	29	0	-82	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	175	169	0	0	344		
	%			50.9	49.1					

JOSHUA, Sheila elected

Vacancy 2	LANSEN, Peter	HERZOG, Michael	O'BRIEN, Clair	JOSHUA, Sheila	SULLIVAN, Rohan McDonald	SWANSON, Sweeney	SMILER, Robert	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	33	19	50	69	102	17	54	344	31	375
JOSHUA, Sheila elected	8	0	14	-69	8	37	2	0		
Progressive Total	41	19	64	0	110	54	56	344		
HERZOG, Michael excluded	3	-19	1	0	3	1	11	0		
Progressive Total	44	0	65	0	113	55	67	344		
LANSEN, Peter excluded	-44	0	12	0	4	23	5	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	77	0	117	78	72	344		
SMILER, Robert excluded	0	0	14	0	13	45	-72	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	91	0	130	123	0	344		
O'BRIEN, Clair excluded	0	0	-91	0	73	18	0	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	0	203	141	0	344		
%					<i>59.0</i>	41.0				

SULLIVAN, Rohan McDonald elected

Vacancy 3	LANSEN, Peter	HERZOG, Michael	O'BRIEN, Clair	JOSHUA, Sheila	SULLIVAN, Rohan McDonald	SWANSON, Sweeney	SMILER, Robert	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	33	19	50	69	102	17	54	344	31	375
JOSHUA, Sheila elected	9	1	16	-69	0	41	2	0		
Progressive Total	42	20	66	0	102	58	56	344		
SULLIVAN, Rohan McDonald elected	3	9	61	0	-102	10	19	0		
Progressive Total	45	29	127	0	0	68	75	344		
HERZOG, Michael excluded	5	-29	6	0	0	3	15	0		
Progressive Total	50	0	133	0	0	71	90	344		
LANSEN, Peter excluded	-50	0	15	0	0	29	6	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	148	0	0	100	96	344		
SMILER, Robert excluded	0	0	24	0	0	72	-96	0		
Total Votes	0	0	172	0	0	172	0	344		
%			50.0			50.0				

O'BRIEN, Clair elected as a result of a draw by lot

### **ROPER-GULF SHIRE**

### NUMBULWAR NUMBURINDI WARD - ELECTION OF ONE ORDINARY MEMBER

Electors on Roll:	493
% Counted:	39.1
No. Votes Required for Election:	86

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidate being elected:

	Final Votes
NUMAMURDIRDI, Kathy-Anne	120

**Count of First Preference Votes** 

Polling Place/Declaration Type	NUMAMURDIRDI, Kathy-Anne	IDAI, Isaac	Formal	Informal	Total
Katherine	0	0	0	0	0
Mobile Team 6 Mobile Team 7	111 0	47 0	158 0	20 0	178 0
Declaration	9	4	13	2	15
(inc. 14 Absent, 1 Early Vote) Postal	0	0	0	0	0
Ballot Papers Counted %	120 <i>70.2</i>	51 <i>29.8</i>	171 <i>88.6</i>	22 11.4	193

NUMAMURDIRDI, Kathy-Anne elected

**ROPER-GULF SHIRE** 

### NYIRRANGGULUNG WARD - ELECTION OF THREE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:	893
% Counted:	40.3
No. Votes Required for Election:	167

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required,

resulted in the following candidates being elected:

led in the following candidates being elected:	
	Final Votes
1 ANDREWS, Andrea	173
2 LANE, David	175
3 MURRAY, Lazarus	184

### Count of First Preference Votes

	1st Preference Votes for each Candidate					Ballot Papers Counted			
Polling Place/Declaration Type	ANDREWS, Andrea	LANE, David	MURRAY, Lazarus	JUMBIRI, Mavis	HARNAS, Phill	Formal	Informal	Total	
Katherine	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	4	
Mobile Team 6 Mobile Team 7	70 0	85 0	69 0	52 0	24 0	300 0	26 0	326 0	
Early Votes	4	1	1	3	3	12	0	12	
Postal / Declaration (inc. PV 5, EV 6, Absent 7)	6	1	4	2	4	17	1	18	
Ballot Papers Counted %	80 <i>24.1</i>	87 <i>26.2</i>	74 22.3	57 17.2	34 <i>10.2</i>	332 <i>92.2</i>	28 <i>7.8</i>	360	

### **Distribution of Preferences**

Vacancy 1	ANDREWS, Andrea	LANE, David	MURRAY, Lazarus	JUMBIRI, Mavis	HARNAS, Phill	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	80	87	74	57	34	332	28	360
HARNAS, Phill excluded	12	11	5	6	-34	0		
Progressive Total	92	98	79	63	0	332	T	
JUMBIRI, Mavis excluded	25	21	17	-63	0	0		
Progressive Total	117	119	96	0	0	332	1	
MURRAY, Lazarus excluded	56	40	-96	0	0	0		
Total Votes	173	159	0	0	0	332		
	% <i>52.1</i>	47.9					l	

ANDREWS, Andrea elected

Vacancy 2	ANDREWS, Andrea	LANE, David	MURRAY, Lazarus	JUMBIRI, Mavis	HARNAS, Phill	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	80	87	74	57	34	332	28	360
ANDREWS, Andrea elected	-80	26	28	22	4	0		
Progressive Total	0	113	102	79	38	332		
HARNAS, Phill excluded	0	15	12	11	-38	0		
Progressive Total	0	128	114	90	0	332		
JUMBIRI, Mavis excluded	0	47	43	-90	0	0		
Total Votes	0	175	157	0	0	332		
%		<i>52.7</i>	47.3					

LANE, David elected

Vacancy 3	ANDREWS, Andrea	LANE, David	MURRAY, Lazarus	JUMBIRI, Mavis	HARNAS, Phill	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	80	87	74	57	34	332	28	360
ANDREWS, Andrea elected	-80	0	47	26	7	0		
Progressive Total	0	87	121	83	41	332		
LANE, David elected	0	-87	34	33	20	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	155	116	61	332		
HARNAS, Phill excluded	0	0	29	32	-61	0		
Total Votes	0	0	184	148	0	332		
	%		55.4	44.6				

MURRAY, Lazarus elected

## RESULT OF POLL 25 OCTOBER 2008 ROPER-GULF SHIRE

### SOUTH WEST GULF WARD - ELECTION OF THREE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:	908
% Counted:	50.9
No. Votes Required for Election:	215

## Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

ulled in the following candidates bei	ny elected.
	Final Votes
JACK, Tony	266
BAKER, Frazer	228
ANDERSON, Stephen	224
	JACK, Tony BAKER, Frazer ANDERSON, Stephen

Count of First Preference Votes

		1st Prefe	erence Vo	tes for ea	ch Candid	ate	Ballot Papers Counted			
Polling Place/Declaration Type	BAKER, Frazer	ANDERSON, Stephen	JACK, Tony	EVANS, Samuel	ALLEN, Stanley Edward	RORY, Keith	Formal	Informal	Total	
Katherine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Mobile Team 6 Mobile Team 7	1 68	0 51	2 102	1 41	1 89	3 26	8 377	0 33	8 410	
Postal	10	3	3	0	2	0	18	0	18	
Postal / Declaration (inc. PV 4, EV 11, Absent 11)	6	4	8	2	4	1	25	1	26	
Ballot Papers Counted	85 % <i>19.9</i>	58 <i>13.6</i>	115 <i>26.9</i>	44 10.3	96 22.4	30 <i>7.0</i>	428 <i>92.6</i>	34 <i>7.4</i>	462	

Distribution of Preferences:

Vacancy 1		BAKER, Frazer	ANDERSON, Stephen	JACK, Tony	EVANS, Samuel	ALLEN, Stanley Edward	RORY, Keith	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes		85	58	115	44	96	30	428	34	462
RORY, Keith excluded		1	2	15	6	6	-30	0		
Progressive Total		86	60	130	50	102	0	428		
EVANS, Samuel excluded		10	6	20	-50	14	0	0		
Progressive Total		96	66	150	0	116	0	428		
ANDERSON, Stephen excluded		16	-66	37	0	13	0	0		
Progressive Total		112	0	187	0	129	0	428		
BAKER, Frazer excluded		-112	0	79	0	33	0	0		
Total Votes		0	0	266	0	162	0	428		
	%			62.1		37.9				

JACK, Tony elected

Vacancy 2		BAKER, Frazer	ANDERSON, Stephen	JACK, Tony	EVANS, Samuel	ALLEN, Stanley Edward	RORY, Keith	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes		85	58	115	44	96	30	428	34	462
JACK, Tony elected		23	30	-115	34	10	18	0		
Progressive Total		108	88	0	78	106	48	428		
RORY, Keith excluded		11	3	0	19	15	-48	0		
Progressive Total		119	91	0	97	121	0	428		
ANDERSON, Stephen excluded		43	-91	0	27	21	0	0		
Progressive Total		162	0	0	124	142	0	428		
EVANS, Samuel excluded		66	0	0	-124	58	0	0		
Total Votes		228	0	0	0	200	0	428		
	%	<i>53.3</i>				46.7				

BAKER, Frazer elected

Vacancy 3		BAKER, Frazer	ANDERSON, Stephen	JACK, Tony	EVANS, Samuel	ALLEN, Stanley Edward	RORY, Keith	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes		85	58	115	44	96	30	428	34	462
JACK, Tony elected		0	40	-115	41	14	20	0		
Progressive Total		85	98	0	85	110	50	428		
BAKER, Frazer elected		-85	31	0	25	24	5	0		
Progressive Total		0	129	0	110	134	55	428		
RORY, Keith excluded		0	11	0	25	19	-55	0		
Progressive Total		0	140	0	135	153	0	428		
EVANS, Samuel excluded		0	84	0	-135	51	0	0		
Total Votes		0	224	0	0	204	0	428		
	%		<i>52.3</i>			47.7				

ANDERSON, Stephen elected

## RESULT OF POLL 25 OCTOBER 2008 ROPER-GULF SHIRE

### YUGUL MANGI WARD - ELECTION OF TWO ORDINARY MEMBERS

683
2.5
102

## Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

e following candidates being elected:	
	Final Votes
1 DANIELS, David	104
2 LANSEN, Jacob	109

### **Count of First Preference Votes**

Polling Place/Declaration Type	LANSEN, Jacob	ROGERS, Keith	DANIELS, David	TAPAU, Callas	Formal	Informal	Total
Katherine	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
Mobile Team 6 Mobile Team 7	58 0	45 2	57 0	16 0	176 2	19 0	195 2
Early Votes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Postal / Declaration (inc. PV 2, EV 12, Absent 10)	12	3	8	0	23	1	24
Ballot Papers Counted %	70 <i>34.</i> 7	51 <i>25.2</i>	65 <i>32.2</i>	16 <i>7.9</i>	202 <i>91.0</i>	20 <i>9.0</i>	222

**Distribution of Preferences** 

Vacancy 1		LANSEN, Jacob	ROGERS, Keith	DANELS, David	TAPAU, Callas	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes		70	51	65	16	202	20	222
TAPAU, Callas excluded		5	4	7	-16	0		
Progressive Total		75	55	72	0	202	1	
ROGERS, Keith excluded		23	-55	32	0	0		
Total Votes		98	0	104	0	202		
	%	48.5		51.5				
DANIELS David elected								

DANIELS, David elected

Vacancy 2	LANSEN, Jacob	ROGERS, Keith	DANIELS, David	TAPAU, Calas	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	70	51	65	16	202	20	222
DANIELS, David elected	30	29	-65	6	0		
Progressive Total	100	80	0	22	202		
TAPAU, Callas excluded	9	13	0	-22	0		
Total Votes	109	93	0	0	202		
	% 54.0	46.0					

LANSEN, Jacob elected

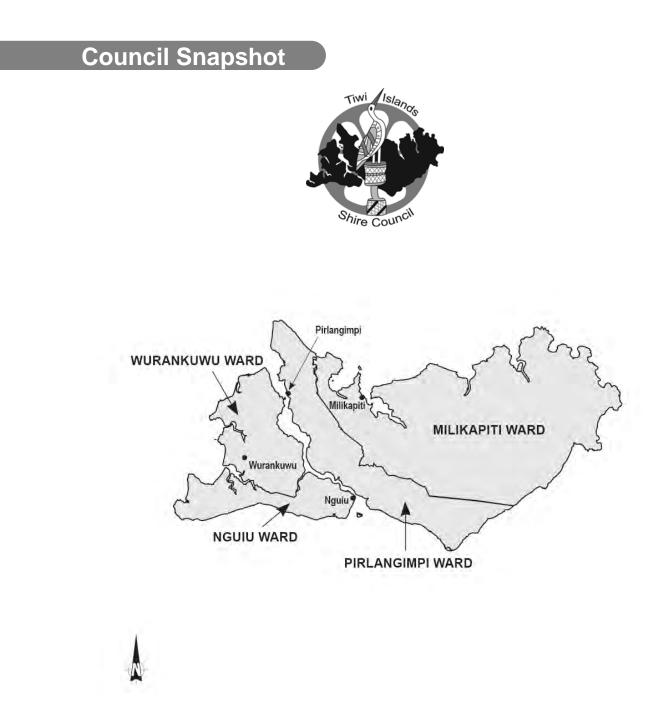


Table: Turnout and	Informality Summary
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					TURNOUT		INFOR	MALITY
Council - Ward Name	Enrolment	No. Nominations	No. Vacancies	Average Candidates per Contested Election	Election Tumout Contested Elections %	Turnout by Council - CONTESTED Elections %	Informality Contested Elections %	Informality by Council - CONTESTED Elections %
Tiwi Islands Shire - Milikapiti	284	3	3					
Tiwi Islands Shire - Ngu'u Tiwi Islands Shire - Pirlangimpi Tiwi Islands Shire - Wurankuwu	960 251 38	10 4 1	5 3 1	7	58.5 64.5	59.8	6.2 0.0	4.8

Table: Result of Poll Summary - 25 October 2008

Council	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
	BOYD, David	Elected Unopposed
Tiwi Islands Shire - Milikapiti	DE SANTIS, Lynette Jane	Elected Unopposed
	MUNGATOPI, Raelene Joyce	Elected Unopposed
	KERINAIUA, Adam	
	TUNGATULUM, Leslie	
	TIPILOURA, Bernard	
	MINNIECON, Frank	
Theilelands Chine Marsin	KERINAUIA, Walter	ELECTED
Tiwi Islands Shire - Nguiu	JOHNSON, Crystal	
	TUNGUTALUM, Richard	ELECTED
	PURUNTATAMERI, Teresita	ELECTED
	PURUNTATAMERI, Barry	ELECTED
	KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier	ELECTED
	DUNN, Henry	ELECTED
	PURUNTATAMERI, Alberta	
Tiwi Islands Shire - Pirlangimpi	RIOLI, Manyi	ELECTED
	PURUNTATAMERI, Marius Snr	ELECTED
Tiwi Islands Shire - Wurankuwu	TIPANGWUTI, Kathleen	Elected Unopposed

TIWI ISLANDS SHIRE NGUIU WARD - ELECTION OF FIVE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll: 960 58.5 264

% Counted: No. Votes Required for Election:

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, eing elected:

resulted	in the	following	candidates	s be
			Final Vote	e o

1 PURUNTATAMERI, Barry	349
2 KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier	289
3 PURUNTATAMERI, Teresita	288

2 KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier 3 PURUNTATAMERI, Teresita 4 KERINAUIA, Walter 5 TUNGUTALUM, Richard 285 272

Count of First Preference Votes

				1st Prefer	ence Vot	es for eac	h Candida	ate			Ballot Papers Counted				
Polling Place/Declaration Type	KERINAIUA, Adam	TUNGATULUM, Leslie	TIPILOURA, Bernard	MINNIECON, Frank	KERINAUIA, Walter	JOHNSON, Crystal	TUNGUTALUM, Richard	PURUNTATAMERI, Teresita	PURUNTATAMERI, Barry	KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier	Formal	Informal	Total		
Mobile Team 2	52	39	48	25	46	23	26	29	140	83	511	34	545		
Early Votes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Absent inc 2 Postal Votes	1	2	1	2	0	0	1	3	5	1	16	1	17		
Ballot Papers Counted	53 6 <i>10.1</i>	41 <i>7.8</i>	49 <i>9.3</i>	27 5.1	46 <i>8.7</i>	23 <i>4.4</i>	27 5.1	32 6.1	145 <i>27.5</i>	84 <i>15.9</i>	527 <i>93.8</i>	35 <i>6.2</i>	562		

Distribution of Preferences

Vacancy 1	KERINAIUA, Adam	TUNGATULUM, Leslie	TIPILOURA, Bernard	MINNIECON, Frank	KERINAUIA, Walter	JOHNSON, Crystal	TUNGUTALUM, Richard	PURUNTATAMERI, Teresita	PURUNTATAMERI , Barry	KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	53	41	49	27	46	23	27	32	145	84	527	35	562
JOHNSON, Crystal excluded	0	0	1	3	4	-23	0	5	7	3	0		
Progressive Total	53	41	50	30	50	0	27	37	152	87	527		
TUNGUTALUM, Richard excluded	2	12	1	2	1	0	-27	2	6	1	0		
Progressive Total	55	53	51	32	51	0	0	39	158	88	527		
MINNIECON, Frank excluded	3	4	7	-32	9	0	0	4	2	3	0		
Progressive Total	58	57	58	0	60	0	0	43	160	91	527		
PURUNTATAMERI, Teresita excluded	1	0	4	0	5	0	0	-43	32	1	0		
Progressive Total	59	57	62	0	65	0	0	0	192	92	527		
TUNGATULUM, Leslie excluded	8	-57	12	0	13	0	0	0	10	14	0		
Progressive Total	67	0	74	0	78	0	0	0	202	106	527		
KERINAIUA, Adam excluded	-67	0	21	0	12	0	0	0	16	18	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	95	0	90	0	0	0	218	124	527		
KERINAUIA, Walter excluded	0	0	22	0	-90	0	0	0	43	25	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	117	0	0	0	0	0	261	149	527		
TIPILOURA, Bernard excluded	0	0	-117	0	0	0	0	0	88	29	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	349	178	527		
%									66.2	33.8			

PURUNTATAMERI, Barry elected

Vacancy 2	KERINAIUA, Adam	TUNGATULUM, Leslie	TIPILOURA, Bernard	MINNIECON, Frank	KERINAUIA, Walter	JOHNSON, Crystal	TUNGUTALUM, Richard	PURUNTATAMERI, Teresita	PURUNTATAMERI, Barry	KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	53	41	49	27	46	23	27	32	145	84	527	35	562
PURUNTATAMERI, Barry elected	4	4	8	3	7	7	4	62	-145	46	0		
Progressive Total	57	45	57	30	53	30	31	94	0	130	527		
MINNIECON, Frank excluded	3	1	7	-30	6	6	0	2	0	5	0		
Progressive Total	60	46	64	0	59	36	31	96	0	135	527		
TUNGUTALUM, Richard excluded	1	13	4	0	1	5	-31	2	0	5	0		
Progressive Total	61	59	68	0	60	41	0	98	0	140	527		
JOHNSON, Crystal excluded	3	4	4	0	12	-41	0	10	0	8	0		
Progressive Total	64	63	72	0	72	0	0	108	0	148	527		
TUNGATULUM, Leslie excluded	10	-63	14	0	18	0	0	5	0	16	0		
Progressive Total	74	0	86	0	90	0	0	113	0	164	527		
KERINAIUA, Adam excluded	-74	0	26	0	14	0	0	7	0	27	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	112	0	104	0	0	120	0	191	527		
KERINAUIA, Walter excluded	0	0	28	0	-104	0	0	37	0	39	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	140	0	0	0	0	157	0	230	527		
TIPILOURA, Bernard excluded	0	0	-140	0	0	0	0	81	0	59	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	238	0	289	527		
	%							45.2		54.8			

KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier elected

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PURUNTATAMERI, Barry elected Progressive Total KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier elected Progressive Total JOHNSON, Crystal excluded Progressive Total	kerinalua,	TUNGATULUM, Leslie	TIPILOURA, Bernard	MINNIE CON, Frank	KERINAUIA, Walter	JOHNSON, Crystal	TUNGUTALUM, Richard	PURUNTATAMERI, Teresita	PURUNTATAMERI, Barry	KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier	Formal	Informal	Total
Progressive Total KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier elected Progressive Total JOHNSON, Crystal excluded Progressive Total	53	41	49	27	46	23	27	32	145	84	527	35	562
KUŘRUPUWU, Francis Xavier elected Progressive Total JOHNSON, Crystal excluded Progressive Total	7	7	12	6	14	9	8	82	-145	0	0		
Progressive Total JOHNSON, Crystal excluded Progressive Total	60	48	61	33	60	32	35	114	0	84	527		
JOHNSON, Crystal excluded Progressive Total	10	12	8	5	16	0	13	20	0	-84	0		
Progressive Total	70	60	69	38	76	32	48	134	0	0	527		
	2	1	5	3	9	-32	3	9	0	0	0		
	72	61	74	41	85	0	51	143	0	0	527		
MINNIECON, Frank excluded	4	5	10	-41	11	0	2	9	0	0	0		
	76	66	84	0	96	0	53	152	0	0	527		
TUNGUTALUM, Richard excluded	2	26	7	0	8	0	-53	10	0	0	0		
	78	92	91	0	104	0	0	162	0	0	527		
	-78	32	12	0	12	0	0	22	0	0	0		
	0	124	103	0	116	0	0	184	0	0	527		
TIPILOURA, Bernard excluded	0	33	-103	0	36	0	0	34	0	0	0		
	0	157	0	0	152	0	0	218	0	0	527		
	0	82	0	0	-152	0	0	70	0	0	0		
Total Votes	0	239	0	0	0	0	0	288	0	0	527		
%		45.4						54.6					

PURUNTATAMERI, Teresita elected

Vacancy 4	KERINAIUA, Adam	TUNGATULUM, Leslie	TIPILOURA, Bernard	MINNIECON, Frank	K ERINAUIA, Walter	JOHNSON, Crystal	TUNGUTALUM, Richard	PURUNTATAMERI, Teresita	PURUNTATAMERI, Barry	KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	53	41	49	27	46	23	27	32	145	84	527	35	562
PURUNTATAMERI, Barry elected	16	14	22	12	22	23	36	0	-145	0	0		
Progressive Total	69	55	71	39	68	46	63	32	0	84	527		
KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier elected	13	12	10	5	18	2	24	0	0	-84	0		
Progressive Total	82	67	81	44	86	48	87	32	0	0	527		
PURUNTATAMERI, Teresita elected	3	3	4	2	7	4	9	-32	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	85	70	85	46	93	52	96	0	0	0	527		
MINNIECON, Frank excluded	5	7	12	-46	10	8	4	0	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	90	77	97	0	103	60	100	0	0	0	527		
JOHNSON, Crystal excluded	6	7	14	0	20	-60	13	0	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	96	84	111	0	123	0	113	0	0	0	527		
TUNGATULUM, Leslie excluded	8	-84	26	0	18	0	32	0	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	104	0	137	0	141	0	145	0	0	0	527		
KERINAIUA, Adam excluded	-104	0	46	0	34	0	24	0	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	183	0	175	0	169	0	0	0	527		
TUNGUTALUM, Richard excluded	0	0	59	0	110	0	-169	0	0	0	0		
Total Votes	0	0	242	0	285	0	0	0	0	0	527		
%			45.9		54.1								
KERINAUIA, Walter elected												•	

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Vacancy 5	KERINAIUA, Adam	TUNGATULUM, Leslie	TIPILOURA, Bernard	MINNIECON, Frank	KERINAUIA, Walter	JOHNSON, Crystal	TUNGUTALUM, Richard	PURUNTATAMERI, Teresita	PURUNTATAMERI, Barry	KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	53	41	49	27	46	23	27	32	145	84	527	35	562
PURUNTATAMERI, Barry elected	18	15	31	14	0	26	41	0	-145	0	0		
Progressive Total	71	56	80	41	46	49	68	32	0	84	527		
KURRUPUWU, Francis Xavier elected	19	20	12	6	0	2	25	0	0	-84	0		
Progressive Total	90	76	92	47	46	51	93	32	0	0	527		
PURUNTATAMERI, Teresita elected	5	5	5	2	0	5	10	-32	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	95	81	97	49	46	56	103	0	0	0	527		
KERINAUIA, Walter elected	4	11	6	1	-46	10	14	0	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	99	92	103	50	0	66	117	0	0	0	527		
MINNIECON, Frank excluded	8	7	16	-50	0	12	7	0	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	107	99	119	0	0	78	124	0	0	0	527		
JOHNSON, Crystal excluded	11	13	21	0	0	-78	33	0	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	118	112	140	0	0	0	157	0	0	0	527		
TUNGATULUM, Leslie excluded	17	-112	35	0	0	0	60	0	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	135	0	175	0	0	0	217	0	0	0	527		
KERINAIUA, Adam excluded	-135	0	80	0	0	0	55	0	0	0	0		
Total Votes	0	0	255	0	0	0	272	0	0	0	527		
%	5		48.4				51.6						

TUNGUTALUM, Richard elected

## RESULT OF POLL 25 OCTOBER 2008 TIWI ISLANDS SHIRE

### PIRLANGIMPI WARD - ELECTION OF THREE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:	251
% Counted:	64.5
No. Votes Required for Election:	82

## Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

	Final Votes
1 RIOLI, Manyi	90
2 DUNN, Henry	99
3 PURUNTATAMERI, Marius Snr	84

**Count of First Preference Votes** 

	1st Prefe	erence Vote	es for eac	h Candidate	Ballot Papers Counted				
Polling Place/Declaration Type	DUNN, Henry	PURUNTATAMERI, Alberta	RIOLI, Manyi	PURUNTATAMERI, Marius Snr	Formal	Informal	Total		
Mobile Team 2	50	25	51	31	157	0	157		
Postal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Early 2, Absent 3 Votes	0	1	1	3	5	0	5		
Ballot Papers Counted %	50 <i>30.9</i>	26 <i>16.0</i>	52 <i>32.1</i>	34 <i>21.0</i>	162 <i>100.0</i>	0 <i>0.0</i>	162		

**Distribution of Preferences** 

Vacancy 1	DUNN, Henry	PURUNTATAMERI, Alberta	RIOLI, Manyi	PURUNTATAMERI, Marius Snr	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	50	26	52	34	162	0	162
PURUNTATAMERI, Alberta excluded	6	-26	16	4	0		
Progressive Total	56	0	68	38	162		
PURUNTATAMERI, Marius Snr excluded	16	0	22	-38	0		
Total Votes	72	0	90	0	162		
%	44.4		<i>55.6</i>				

RIOLI, Manyi elected

Vacancy 2	DUNN, Henry	PURUNTATAMERI, Alberta	RIOLI, Manyi	PURUNTATAMERI, Marius Snr	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	50	26	52	34	162	0	162
RIOLI, Manyi elected	25	12	-52	15	0		
Progressive Total	75	38	0	49	162		
PURUNTATAMERI, Alberta excluded	24	-38	0	14	0		
Total Votes	99	0	0	63	162		
9	6 <i>1.1</i>			<i>38.9</i>			

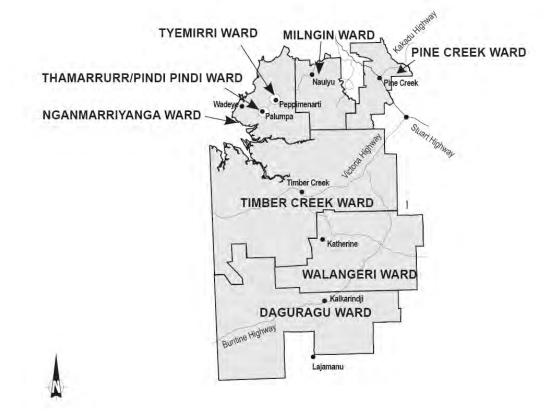
DUNN, Henry elected

Vacancy 3	DUNN, Henry	PURUNTATAMERI, Alberta	RIOLI, Manyi	PURUNTATAMERI, Marius Snr	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	50	26	52	34	162	0	162
RIOLI, Manyi elected	0	30	-52	22	0		
Progressive Total	50	56	0	56	162		
DUNN, Henry elected	-50	22	0	28	0		
Total Votes	0	78	0	84	162		
%		48.1		51.9			

PURUNTATAMERI, Marius Snr elected

### **Council Snapshot**





### Table: Turnout and Informality Summary

					TUI	RNOUT	INFOR	MALITY
Council - Ward Name	Enrolment	No. Nominations	No. Vacancies	Average Candidates per Contested Election	Election Turnout Contested Elections %	Turnout by Council - CONTESTED Elections %	Informality Contested Elections %	Informality by Council - CONTESTED Elections %
Victoria Daly Shire - Daguragu	434	1	1					
Victoria Daly Shire - Milngin	383	2	1		59.3		8.8	
Victoria Daly Shire - Nganmarriyanga	206	1	1					
Victoria Daly Shire - Pine Creek	251	1	1	3		46.1		7.4
Victoria Daly Shire - Thamarrurr/Pindi Pindi	1265	5	4		42.1	40.1	6.8	7.4
Victoria Daly Shire - Timber Creek	437	2	2					
Victoria Daly Shire - Tyemirri	103	1	1					
Victoria Daly Shire - Walangeri	294	1	1					

Table: Result of Poll Summary - 25 October 2008

Council	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
Victoria Daly Shire - Daguragu	FRITH, Roslyn	Elected Unopposed
Victoria Daly Shira Milagin	McTAGGART, Andrew	ELECTED
Victoria Daly Shire - Milngin	SULLIVAN, Betty	
Victoria Daly Shire - Nganmarriyanga	MINJIN, Wally	Elected Unopposed
Victoria Daly Shire - Pine Creek	WOOLDRIDGE, Ray	Elected Unopposed
	PARRY, Bernard	ELECTED
	HEWITT, David	
Victoria Daly Shire - Thamarrurr/Pindi Pindi	BUNDUCK, Michael	ELECTED
	DUMOO, Timothy	ELECTED
	MURIELLE, Bryan	ELECTED
Viataria Dalu Shina Timbar Gradu	HENNESSY, Steve	Elected Unopposed
Victoria Daly Shire - Timber Creek	WEGENER, Don	Elected Unopposed
Victoria Daly Shire - Tyemirri	WILSON, Harold Stephen	Elected Unopposed
Victoria Daly Shire - Walangeri	KING, Reginald	Elected Unopposed

VICTORIA-DALY SHIRE

MILNGIN WARD - ELECTION OF ONE ORDINARY MEMBER

Electors on Roll:	383
% Counted:	59.3
No. Votes Required for Election:	104

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidate being elected:

5

McTAGGART, Andrew

Final Votes 140

**Count of First Preference Votes** 

		e Votes for each ndidate	Ballot Papers Counted				
Polling Place/Declaration Type	McTAGGART, Andrew	SULLIVAN, Betty	Formal	Informal	Total		
Katherine	0	0	0	0	0		
Mobile Team 8	135	62	197	20	217		
Declaration (inc. 7 Early Votes, 3 Postal)	5	5	10	0	10		
Ballot Papers Counted %	140 <i>67.6</i>	67 <i>32.4</i>	207 <i>91.2</i>	20 <i>8.8</i>	227		

McTAGGART, Andrew elected

VICTORIA-DALY SHIRE

THAMARRURR/PINDI PINDI WARD - ELECTION OF FOUR ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:	1265
% Counted:	42.1
No. Votes Required for Election:	249

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

0	0	Final Votes
1 BUNDUCK, Michael		263
2 DUMOO, Timothy		319
3 MURIELLE, Bryan		250
4 PARRY, Bernard		273

Count of First Preference Votes

	1st I	Preferenc	e Votes fo	or each Ca	Ballot Papers Counted			
Polling Place/Declaration Type	PARRY, Bernard	HEWITT, David	BUNDUCK, Michael	DUMOO, Timothy	MURIELLE, Bryan	Formal	Informal	Total
Katherine	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mobile Team 8	63	21	261	72	72	489	36	525
Declaration (inc. PV 3, EV 3, Absent 1)	0	1	2	4	0	7	0	7
Ballot Papers Counted %	63 <i>12.7</i>	22 4.4	263 <i>53.0</i>	76 15.3	72 14.5	496 <i>93.2</i>	36 <i>6.8</i>	532

BUNDUCK, Michael elected 1st vacancy

**Distribution of Preferences** 

Vacancy 2	PARRY, Bernard	HEWITT, David	BUNDUCK, Michael	DUMOO, Timothy	MURIELLE, Bryan	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	63	22	263	76	72	496	36	532
BUNDUCK, Michael elected	34	21	-263	141	67	0		
Progressive Total	97	43	0	217	139	496		
HEWITT, David excluded	28	-43	0	13	2	0		
Progressive Total	125	0	0	230	141	496		
PARRY, Bernard excluded	-125	0	0	89	36	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	319	177	496		
%				64.3	<i>35.</i> 7			

DUMOO, Timothy elected

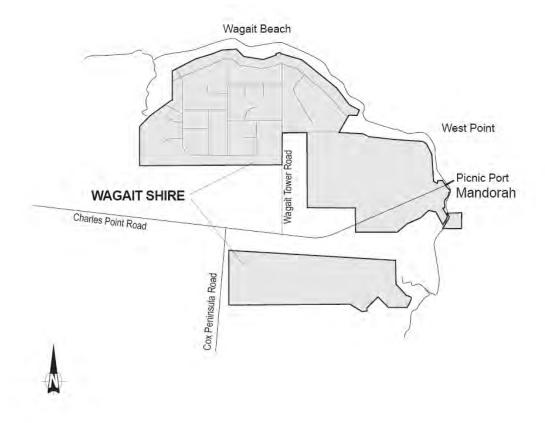
Vacancy 3		PARRY, Bernard	HEWITT, David	BUNDUCK, Michael	DUMOO, Timothy	MURIELLE, Bryan	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes		63	22	263	76	72	496	36	532
BUNDUCK, Michael elected		50	35	-263	0	178	0		
Total Votes		113	57	0	76	250	496		
	%	22.8	11.5		15.3	50.4			

### MURIELLE, Bryan elected

Vacancy 4	PARRY, Bernard	HEWITT, David	BUNDUCK, Michael	DUMOO, Timathy	MURIELLE, Bryan	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	63	22	263	76	72	496	36	532
BUNDUCK, Michael elected	138	125	-263	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	201	147	0	76	72	496		
DUMOO, Timothy elected	42	34	0	-76	0	0		
Progressive Total	243	181	0	0	72	496		
MURIELLE, Bryan elected	30	42	0	0	-72	0		
Total Votes	273	223	0	0	0	496		
%	55.0	45.0						

PARRY, Bernard elected

## WAGAIT SHIRE COUNCIL



### Table: Turnout and Informality Summary

					TUR	NOUT	INFOF	RMALITY
Council - Ward Name	Enrolment	No. Nominations	No. Vacancies	Average Candidates per Contested Election	Election Turnout Contested Elections %	Turnout by Council - CONTESTED Elections %	Informality Contested Elections %	Informality by Council - CONTESTED Elections %
Wagait Shire Council	219	10	7	10	84.9	84.9	3.2	3.2

Table: Result of Poll Summar	v - 25 October 2008

Council	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
	WENTRIRO, Warren	
	MAGNOLI, Rocco	ELECTED
	DUNCAN, Karen	ELECTED
	SUTTON, Trevor	
Warnit Shine Council	CARRIGAN, Jane	ELECTED
Wagait Shire Council	WITHNALL, Darryl	ELECTED
	CLEE, Peter	ELECTED
	McINTYRE, Trish	ELECTED
	LAMONT, Vera	ELECTED
	WALFORD, Simon	

RESULT OF POLL 25 OCTOBER 2008 WAGAIT SHIRE ELECTION OF SEVEN ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll: % Counted: No. Votes Required for Election:

219 84.9 91

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

	F	inal Votes
1	CLEE, Peter	109
2	DUNCAN, Karen	105
3	McINTYRE, Trish	91
4	MAGNOLI, Rocco	95
5	CARRIGAN, Jane	101
6	WITHNALL, Darryl	95
7	LAMONT, Vera	107

Count of First Preference Votes

			1:	st Prefere	nce Votes	s for each	Candidat	e			Ballo	t Papers Co	unted
Polling Place/Declaration Type	WENTRIRO, Warren	MAGNOLI, Racco	DUNCAN, Karen	SUTTON, Trevar	CARRIGAN, Jane	WITHNALL, Darry	CLEE, Peter	McINTYRE, Trish	LAMONT, Vera	WALFORD, Simon	Formal	Informal	Total
Wagait	15	11	18	7	18	23	31	18	8	17	166	5	171
Early Votes	1	0	3	0	2	0	0	1	1	0	8	0	8
Absent Votes inc 3 Postal	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	6	1	7
Ballot Papers Counted	17 6 <i>9.4</i>	11 <i>6.1</i>	21 <i>11.7</i>	7 3.9	22 12.2	23 12.8	33 <i>18.3</i>	20 11.1	9 5.0	17 <i>9.4</i>	180 <i>96.8</i>	6 3.2	186

Distribution of Preferences

Vacancy 1	WENTRIRO, Warren	MAGNOLI, Rocco	DUNCAN, Karen	SUTTON, Trevor	CARRIGAN, Jane	WITHNALL, Darryi	CLEE, Peter	McINTYRE, Trish	LAMONT, Vera	WALFORD, Siman	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes SUTTON, Trevor excluded	17	11	21	7	22 2	23	33	20 0	9 0	17 0	180 0	6	186
	0	2	0	-7		0	3	-	-	-			
Progressive Total	17	13	21	0	24	23	36	20	9	17	180		
LAMONT, Vera excluded	0	1	4	0	3	0	0	1	-9	0	0		
Progressive Total	17	14	25	0	27	23	36	21	0	17	180		
MAGNOLI, Rocco excluded	2	-14	4	0	1	2	5	0	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	19	0	29	0	28	25	41	21	0	17	180		
WALFORD, Simon excluded	0	0	2	0	7	2	3	3	0	-17	0		
Progressive Total	19	0	31	0	35	27	44	24	0	0	180		
WENTRIRO, Warren excluded	-19	0	6	0	1	2	3	7	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	37	0	36	29	47	31	0	0	180		
WITHNALL, Darryl excluded	0	0	8	0	8	-29	9	4	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	45	0	44	0	56	35	0	0	180		
McINTYRE, Trish excluded	0	0	5	0	7	0	23	-35	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	50	0	51	0	79	0	0	0	180		
DUŇCAN, Karen excluded	0	0	-50	0	20	0	30	0	0	0	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	0	71	0	109	0	0	0	180		
%	,				39.4		60.6						

CLEE, Peter elected

Vacancy 2	WENTRIRO, Warren	MAGNOLI, Rocco	DUNCAN, Karen	SUTTON, Trevor	CARRIGAN, Jane	WITHNALL, Daryi	CLEE, Peter	McINTYRE, Trish	LAMONT, Vera	WALFORD, Simon	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes CLEE, Peter elected	17	11	21 7	7	22 3	23	33	20 8	9 2	17 2	180 0	6	186
Progressive Total	0	8 19	28	8	25	2 25	-33 0	28	11	2 19	180		
SUTTON, Trevor excluded	1	4	20	-8	25	25	0	20	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	18	23	28	0	28	25	0	28	11	19	180		
LAMONT, Vera excluded	1	1	4	0	3	0	0	1	-11	1	0		
Progressive Total	19	24	32	0	31	25	0	29	0	20	180		
WENTRIRO, Warren excluded	-19	0	4	0	2	3	0	10	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	24	36	0	33	28	0	39	0	20	180		
WALFORD, Simon excluded	0	5	3	0	7	2	0	3	0	-20	0		
Progressive Total	0	29	39	0	40	30	0	42	0	0	180		
MAGNOLI, Rocco excluded	0	-29	18	0	6	3	0	2	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	57	0	46	33	0	44	0	0	180		
WITHNALL, Darryl excluded	0	0	11	0	10	-33	0	12	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	68	0	56	0	0	56	0	0	180		
CARRIGAN, Jane excluded	0	0	37	0	-56	0	0	19	0	0	0		
Total Votes	0	0	105	0	0	0	0	75	0	0	180		
%			58.3					41.7					
DUNCAN, Karen elected												-	

Shire & Rural Council Election Report 2008

	-	<u> </u>									1		
Vacancy 3	WENTRIRO, Warren	MAGNOLI, Rocco	duncan, Karen	SUTTON, Trevor	S CARRIGAN, Jane	WITHNALL, Darryl	S CLEE, Peter	McINTYRE, Trish	LAMONT, Vera	WALFORD, Simon	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes CLEE, Peter elected	17 1	11 11	21 0	7 2	22 3	23 2	33 -33	20 9	9 3	17 2	180 0	6	186
Progressive Total	18	22	21	9	25	25	0	29	12	19	180	1	
DUNCAN, Karen elected Progressive Total	1 19	5 27	-21 0	0 9	4 29	3 28	0	3 32	2 14	3 22	0 180		
SUTTON, Trevor excluded Progressive Total	1 20	4 31	0	-9 0	3 32	0 28	0	0 32	0 14	1 23	0 180		
LAMONT, Vera excluded	1	1	0	0	3	0	0	6	-14	3	0		
Progressive Total WENTRIRO, Warren excluded	21 -21	32 1	0 0	0 0	35 4	28 5	0 0	38 11	0 0	26 0	180 0		
Progressive Total WALFORD, Simon excluded	0 0	33 7	0 0	0 0	39 11	33 4	0 0	49 4	0 0	26 -26	180 0		
Progressive Total	0	40	0	0	50	37	0	53	0	0	180		
WITHNALL, Darryl excluded Progressive Total	0	10 50	0	0	12 62	-37 0	0	15 68	0	0	0 180		
MAGNOLI, Rocco excluded Total Votes	0	-50 0	0	0	27 89	0	0	23 91	0	0	0 180	-	
	%	0	Ū	0	49.4	Ū	0	50.6	0	0	100		
McINTYRE, Trish elected													
Vacancy 4	WENTRIRO, Warren	MAGNOLI, Rocco	DUNCAN, Karen	SUTTON, Trevor	CARRIGAN, Jane	WITHNALL, Darryl	CLEE, Peter	McINTYRE, Trish	LAMONT, Vera	WALFORD, Simon	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes CLEE, Peter elected	17 9	11 12	21 0	7 2	22 3	23 2	33 -33	20 0	9 3	17 2	180 0	6	186
Progressive Total	26	23	21	9	25	25	0	20	12	19	180		
DUNCAN, Karen elected Progressive Total	1 27	5 28	-21 0	0	4	4	0	0 20	4	3 22	0 180		
McINTYRE, Trish elected	8	2	0	0	4	2	0	-20	2	2	0		
Progressive Total SUTTON, Trevor excluded	35 1	30 4	0 0	9 -9	33 3	31 0	0 0	0 0	18 0	24 1	180 0		
Progressive Total LAMONT, Vera excluded	36 2	34 4	0 0	0 0	36 5	31 0	0 0	0 0	18 -18	25 7	180 0		
Progressive Total WITHNALL, Darryl excluded	38	38	0	0	41	31	0	0	0	32	180		
Progressive Total	9 47	7 45	0	0	11 52	-31 0	0	0	0	4 36	0 180		
WALFORD, Simon excluded Progressive Total	7 54	13 58	0	0	16 68	0	0	0	0	-36 0	0 180		
WENTRIRO, Warren excluded	-54	37	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Total Votes	0%	95 <i>52.8</i>	0	0	85 <i>47.2</i>	0	0	0	0	0	180		
MAGNOLI, Rocco elected												8	
		8	c	F				Ę					
Vacancy 5	WENTRIRO, Warren	MAGNOLI, Rocco	DUNCAN, Karen	SUTTON, Trevor	CARRIGAN, Jane	WITHNALL, Darryl	CLEE, Peter	McINTYRE, Trish	AMONT, Vera	WALFORD, Simon	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes CLEE, Peter elected	17	11	21	7	22	23	33	20	9	17	180 0	6	186
Progressive Total	11 28	0 11	0 21	5 12	5 27	4 27	-33 0	0 20	4 13	4 21	180		
DUNCAN, Karen elected Progressive Total	1 29	0 11	-21 0	1 13	5 32	4 31	0	0 20	6 19	4 25	0 180		
McINTYRE, Trish elected	8	0	0	0	4	4	0	-20	2	2	0		
Progressive Total MAGNOLI, Rocco elected	37 1	11 -11	0 0	13 0	36 2	35 5	0 0	0 0	21 2	27 1	180 0		
Progressive Total SUTTON, Trevor excluded	38 3	0 0	0	13 -13	38 3	40 0	0	0 0	23 2	28 5	180 0		
Progressive Total	41	0	0	0	41	40	0	0	25	33	180		
LAMONT, Vera excluded Progressive Total	6 47	0	0	0	5 46	2 42	0	0	-25 0	12 45	0 180		
WITHNALL, Darryl excluded Progressive Total	15 62	0	0	0	14 60	-42 0	0	0	0	13 58	0 180		
WALFORD, Simon excluded	17	0	0	0	41	0	0	0	0	-58	0		
Total Votes	79 % <i>43.9</i>	0	0	0	101 <i>56.1</i>	0	0	0	0	0	180		
CARRIGAN, Jane elected												1	

Vacancy 6	WENTRIRO, Warren	MAGNOLI, Rocco	DUNCAN, Karen	SUTTON, Trevor	CARRIGAN, Jane	WITHNALL, Darryl	CLEE, Peter	McINTYRE, Trish	LAMONT, Vera	WALFORD, Simon	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	17	11	21	7	22	23	33	20	9	17	180	6	186
CLEE, Peter elected	11	0	0	5	0	5	-33	0	5	7	0		
Progressive Total	28	11	21	12	22	28	0	20	14	24	180		
DUNCAN, Karen elected	2	0	-21	1	0	5	0	0	9	4	0		
Progressive Total	30	11	0	13	22	33	0	20	23	28	180		
McINTYRE, Trish elected	9	0	0	0	0	5	0	-20	3	3	0		
Progressive Total	39	11	0	13	22	38	0	0	26	31	180		
MAĞNOLI, Rocco elected	1	-11	0	0	0	6	0	0	3	1	0		
Progressive Total	40	0	0	13	22	44	0	0	29	32	180		
CARRIGAN, Jane elected	2	0	0	3	-22	6	0	0	8	3	0		
Progressive Total	42	0	0	16	0	50	0	0	37	35	180		
SUTTON, Trevor excluded	5	0	0	-16	0	0	0	0	4	7	0		
Progressive Total	47	0	0	0	0	50	0	0	41	42	180		
LAMONT, Vera excluded	9	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	-41	25	0		
Progressive Total	56	0	0	0	0	57	0	0	0	67	180		
WENTRIRO, Warren excluded	-56	0	0	0	0	38	0	0	0	18	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	0	0	95 <i>52.8</i>	0	0	0	85 <i>47.2</i>	180		
WITHNALL, Darryl elected	%					J2.0				47.2			
		0			a)								
Vacancy 7	WENTRIRO, Warren	MAGNOLI, Rocco	DUNCAN, Karen	SUTTON, Trevor	CARRIGAN, Jane	WITHNALL, Darryl	CLEE, Peter	McINTYRE, Trish	LAMONT, Vera	WALFORD, Simon	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	17	11	21	7	22	23	33	20	9	17	180	6	186
CLEE, Peter elected	12	0	0	6	0	0	-33	0	6	9	0		
Progressive Total	29	11	21	13	22	23	0	20	15	26	180		
DUNCAN, Karen elected	2	0	-21	1	0	0	0	0	13	5	0		
Progressive Total	31	11	0	14	22	23	0	20	28	31	180		
McINTYRE, Trish elected	11	0	0	3	0	0	0	-20	3	3	0		
Progressive Total	42	11	0	17	22	23	0	0	31	34	180		
MAGNOLI, Rocco elected	3	-11	0	3	0	0	0	0	3	2	0		
Progressive Total CARRIGAN Jane elected	45	0	0	20	22	23	0	0	34 13	36	180		

CARRIGAN, Jane elected -22 Progressive Total WITHNALL, Darryl elected 3 -23 10 1 0 0 0 Progressive Total SUTTON, Trevor excluded 7 11 0 0 0 -26 Progressive Total WALFORD, Simon excluded 9 43 -52 0 0 0 40.6 *59.4* Total Votes %

LAMONT, Vera elected

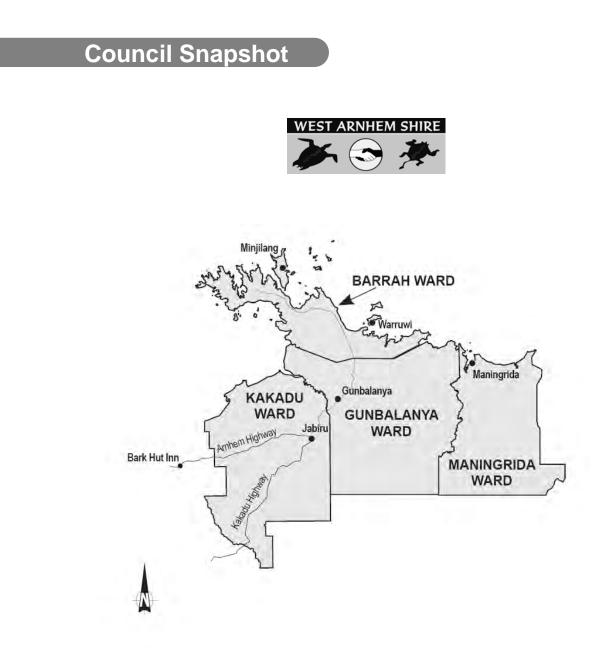


Table: Turnout an	d Informality	Summary
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Council - Ward Name Election Market Council - Ward Name Election S & Council - Ward Name Election S & Council - Coun	
····································	uncil - Ward Name
West Arnhem Shire - Barrah         476         8         3         49.6         11.4	
West Amhem Shire - Gunbalanya         732         9         3         63.4         42.9         17.0           West Amhem Shire - Kakadu         759         8         3         7         54.4         42.9         3.6	<u>,</u>
West Ammen Shire - Nakadu         7.59         8         3         7         54.4         3.0           West Amhem Shire - Maningrida         1460         5         3         24.4         8.1	SLAINNEN SNIE - Kakadu

Table: Result of Poll Summary - 25 October 2008

Council	Name/Order on Ballot Paper	Status
	PERRY, Anne	
	MARRAWAL, James	
	COOPER, Reuben	
West Ambam China Damah	OGDEN, Ken	
West Arnhem Shire - Barrah	LAMILAMI, Ronald	ELECTED
	GALAMINDA, Bunug	ELECTED
	WAUCHOPE, Kenneth	
	YARMIRR, Mary	ELECTED
	WAUCHOPE, Barbara	
	SIEBERT, Angie Mary	
	ROURKE, Samantha	
	LAKER, Syd	
West Arnhem Shire - Gunbalanya	DANN, Otto-Keith	
	SIEBERT, Lothar	
	GARNARRADJ, Andy	ELECTED
	GUMURDUL, Gabby	ELECTED
	NADJAMERREK, Lois	ELECTED
	BALDWIN, Stephen	ELECTED
	COULSTON, John	
	HENRY, Sampson	
West Ambam China Kalendu	WILLIAMS, Bairbre-Terese	
West Arnhem Shire - Kakadu	NORTON, David	
	BLYTH, Ralph Francis	ELECTED
	IDDON, Donna	ELECTED
	NEWNHAM, Ian Stanley	
	HERREEN, Dene Nigel	
	WILLIAMS, Helen Djimbarrwala	ELECTED
West Arnhem Shire - Maningrida	RYAN, Matthew	ELECTED
	NAMANURKI, Shane	
	DANAJA, Peter	ELECTED

RESULT OF POLL 25 OCTOBER 2008 WEST ARNHEM SHIRE BARRAH WARD - ELECTION OF THREE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll: % Counted: No. Votes Required for Election:

476 49.6 105

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

		F	inal Votes
1	LAMILAMI, Ronald		129
2	GALAMINDA, Bunug		116
3	YARMIRR, Mary		111

Count of First Preference Votes

		1	st Prefere	ence Vote	es for eacl	n Candida	ite		Ball	ot Papers Cou	nted
Polling Place/Declaration Type	PERRY, Anne	MARRAWAL, James	COOPER, Reuben	OGDEN, Ken	Formal	Informal	Total				
Jabiru	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mobile Team 1 Mobile Team 3	21 0	7 0	1 1	14 0	66 2	36 7	0 0	45 2	190 12	23 4	213 16
Early Voting	0	0	3	1	0	0	3	0	7	0	7
Ballot Papers Counted %	21 <i>10.0</i>	7 3.3	5 2.4	15 <i>7.2</i>	68 <i>32.5</i>	43 <i>20.6</i>	3 1.4	47 22.5	209 <i>88.6</i>	27 11.4	236

Distribution of Preferences

Vacancy 1	PERRY, Anne	MARRAWAL, James	COOPER, Reuben	OGDEN, Ken	LAMILAMI, Ronald	GALAMINDA, Bunug	WAUCHOPE, Kenneth	YARMIRR, Mary	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	21	7	5	15	68	43	3	47	209	27	236
WAUCHOPE, Kenneth excluded	0	0	0	0	0	0	-3	3	0		
Progressive Total	21	7	5	15	68	43	0	50	209		
COOPER, Reuben excluded	0	0	-5	3	1	0	0	1	0		
Progressive Total	21	7	0	18	69	43	0	51	209		
MARRAWAL, James excluded	2	-7	0	0	3	2	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	23	0	0	18	72	45	0	51	209		
OGDEN, Ken excluded	1	0	0	-18	6	0	0	11	0		
Progressive Total	24	0	0	0	78	45	0	62	209		
PERRY, Anne excluded	-24	0	0	0	14	6	0	4	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	0	92	51	0	66	209		
GALAMINDA, Bunug excluded	0	0	0	0	37	-51	0	14	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	0	129	0	0	80	209		
%					61.7			38.3			

LAMILAMI, Ronald elected

Vacancy 2	PERRY, Anne	MARRAWAL, James	COOPER, Reuben	OGDEN, Ken	LAMILAMI, Ronald	GALAMINDA, Bunug	WAUCHOPE, Kenneth	YARMIRR, Mary	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	21	7	5	15	68	43	3	47	209	27	236
LAMILAMI, Ronald elected	13	11	1	3	-68	32	0	8	0		
Progressive Total	34	18	6	18	0	75	3	55	209		
WAUCHOPE, Kenneth excluded	0	0	0	0	0	0	-3	3	0		
Progressive Total	34	18	6	18	0	75	0	58	209		
COOPER, Reuben excluded	0	0	-6	3	0	1	0	2	0		
Progressive Total	34	18	0	21	0	76	0	60	209		
MARRAWAL, James excluded	9	-18	0	1	0	5	0	3	0		
Progressive Total	43	0	0	22	0	81	0	63	209		
OGDEN, Ken excluded	5	0	0	-22	0	1	0	16	0		
Progressive Total	48	0	0	0	0	82	0	79	209		
PERRY, Anne excluded	-48	0	0	0	0	34	0	14	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	0	0	116	0	93	209		
%						55.5		44.5			

GALAMINDA, Bunug elected

Vacancy 3	PERRY, Anne	MARRAWAL, James	COOPER, Reuben	OGDEN, Ken	LAMILAMI, Ronald	GALAMINDA, Bunug	WAUCHOPE, Kenneth	YARMIRR, Mary	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	21	7	5	15	68	43	3	47	209	27	236
LAMILAMI, Ronald elected	20	23	1	5	-68	0	3	16	0		
Progressive Total	41	30	6	20	0	43	6	63	209		
GALAMINDA, Bunug elected	6	18	1	4	0	-43	2	12	0		
Progressive Total	47	48	7	24	0	0	8	75	209		
COOPER, Reuben excluded	1	1	-7	3	0	0	0	2	0		
Progressive Total	48	49	0	27	0	0	8	77	209		
WAUCHOPE, Kenneth excluded	1	0	0	0	0	0	-8	7	0		
Progressive Total	49	49	0	27	0	0	0	84	209		
OGDEN, Ken excluded	2	8	0	-27	0	0	0	17	0		
Progressive Total	51	57	0	0	0	0	0	101	209		
PERRY, Anne excluded	-51	41	0	0	0	0	0	10	0		
Total Votes	0	98	0	0	0	0	0	111	209		
	%	46.9						<i>53.1</i>			

YARMIRR, Mary elected

### WEST ARNHEM SHIRE GUNBALANYA WARD - ELECTION OF THREE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:732% Counted:63.4No. Votes Required for Election:193

Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected: Final Votes

	1 11101 1 0100
1 GUMURDUL, Gabby	224
2 NADJAMERREK, Lois	226
3 GARNARRADJ, Andy	212

Count of First Preference Votes

			1st Pr	eference	Votes for	each Ca	ndidate			Ballo	Ballot Papers Counted			
Polling Place/Declaration Type	WAUCHOPE, Barbara	WAUCHOPE, Barbara SIEBERT, Angle Mary ROURKE, Samantha LAKER, Syd LAKER, Syd DANN, Otto-Keith BANN, Otto-Keith SIEBERT, Lothar GARNARRADJ, Andy GUMURDUL, Gabby NADJAMERREK, Lois									Informal	Total		
Jabiru	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1	4	2	6		
Mobile Team 1 Mobile Team 3	2 37	0 12	0 8	0 11	1 21	1 47	0 44	3 93	1 58	8 331	4 69	12 400		
Early Voting	4	0	0	1	1	5	2	7	8	28	3	31		
Absent Votes inc 1 Postal	1	4	0	0	3	2	0	0	4	14	1	15		
Ballot Papers Counted %	45 11.7	16 <i>4.2</i>	8 <i>2.1</i>	12 <i>3.1</i>	26 <i>6.8</i>	55 <i>14.3</i>	46 11.9	105 <i>27.3</i>	72 18.7	385 <i>83.0</i>	79 17.0	464		

Distribution of Preferences

Vacancy 1	WAUCHOPE, Barbara	SIEBERT, Angie Mary	ROURKE, Samantha	LAKER, Syd	DANN, Otto-Keith	SIEBERT, Lothar	GARNARRADJ, Andy	GUMURDUL, Gabby	NADJAMERREK, Lois	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	45	16	8	12	26	55	46	105	72	385	79	464
ROURKE, Samantha excluded	2	0	-8	0	0	1	2	3	0	0		
Progressive Total	47	16	0	12	26	56	48	108	72	385		
LAKER, Syd excluded	0	0	0	-12	6	0	1	2	3	0		
Progressive Total	47	16	0	0	32	56	49	110	75	385		
SIEBERT, Angie Mary excluded	3	-16	0	0	2	7	0	3	1	0		
Progressive Total	50	0	0	0	34	63	49	113	76	385		
DANN, Otto-Keith excluded	6	0	0	0	-34	6	2	7	13	0		
Progressive Total	56	0	0	0	0	69	51	120	89	385		
GARNARRADJ, Andy excluded	0	0	0	0	0	3	-51	35	13	0		
Progressive Total	56	0	0	0	0	72	0	155	102	385		
WAUCHOPE, Barbara excluded	-56	0	0	0	0	15	0	22	19	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	0	0	87	0	177	121	385		
SIEBERT, Lothar excluded	0	0	0	0	0	-87	0	47	40	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	224	161	385		
	6							<i>58.2</i>	41.8			

GUMURDUL, Gabby elected

Vacancy 2	WAUCHOPE, Barbara	SIEBERT, Angie Mary	ROURKE, Samantha	LAKER, Syd	DANN, Otto-Keith	SIEBERT, Lothar	GARNARRADJ, Andy	GUMURDUL, Gabby	NADJAMERREK, Lois	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	45	16	8	12	26	55	46	105	72	385	79	464
GUMURDUL, Gabby elected	2	1	12	2	15	2	31	-105	40	0		
Progressive Total	47	17	20	14	41	57	77	0	112	385		
LAKER, Syd excluded	0	0	1	-14	8	1	1	0	3	0		
Progressive Total	47	17	21	0	49	58	78	0	115	385		
SIEBERT, Angie Mary excluded	3	-17	2	0	2	7	1	0	2	0		
Progressive Total ROURKE, Samantha excluded	50	0	23	0	51	65	79	0	117	385		
	7	0	-23	0	1	3	5	0	7	0		
Progressive Total	57	0	0	0	52	68	84	0	124	385		
DANN, Otto-Keith excluded	13	0	0	0	-52	6	9	0	24	0		
Progressive Total	70	0	0	0	0	74	93	0	148	385		
WAUCHOPE, Barbara excluded	-70	0	0	0	0	21	13	0	36	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	0	0	95	106	0	184	385		
SIEBERT, Lothar excluded	0	0	0	0	0	-95	53	0	42	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	0	0	0	159	0	226	385		
	%						41.3		<i>58.7</i>			
NADJAMERREK, Lois elected												
Vacancy 3	AUCHOPE, Irbara	EBERT, Angie ary	JURKE, mantha	KER, Syd	ANN, Otto-Keith	EBERT, Lothar	ARNARRADJ, Idy	JMURDUL, Gabby	vDJAMERREK, is	Formal	Informal	Total

Vacancy 3	WAUCHOPE Barbara	SIEBERT, Ar Mary	ROURKE, Samantha	LAKER, Syd	DANN, Otto-I	SIEBERT, Lo	GARNARRA Andy	GUMURDUL	NADJAMERF Lois	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	45	16	8	12	26	55	46	105	72	385	79	464
GUMURDUL, Gabby elected	4	4	17	4	23	6	47	-105	0	0		
Progressive Total	49	20	25	16	49	61	93	0	72	385		
NADJAMERREK, Lois elected	11	3	10	1	28	1	18	0	-72	0		
ogressive Total KER, Syd excluded	60	23	35	17	77	62	111	0	0	385		
	1	0	2	-17	11	1	2	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	61	23	37	0	88	63	113	0	0	385		
SIEBERT, Angie Mary excluded	3	-23	5	0	2	12	1	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	64	0	42	0	90	75	114	0	0	385		
ROURKE, Samantha excluded	12	0	-42	0	10	6	14	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	76	0	0	0	100	81	128	0	0	385		
WAUCHOPE, Barbara excluded	-76	0	0	0	41	13	22	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	0	0	0	0	141	94	150	0	0	385		
SIEBERT, Lothar excluded	0	0	0	0	32	-94	62	0	0	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	0	173	0	212	0	0	385		
	%				44.9		55.1					

GARNARRADJ, Andy elected

# RESULT OF POLL 25 OCTOBER 2008 WEST ARNHEM SHIRE KAKADU WARD - ELECTION OF THREE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll: % Counted: No. Votes Required for Election:

759	
54.4	
200	
Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required,	
resulted in the following candidates being elected:	
Final Votes	

	Tinar voice
1 IDDON, Donna	203
2 BLYTH, Ralph Francis	223
3 BALDWIN, Stephen	220

Count of First Preference Votes

			1st Pre	eference Vote	s for each C	andidate			Ballot Papers Counted			
Polling Place/Declaration Type	BALDWIN, Stephen	COULSTON, John	HENRY, Sampson	WILLIAMS, Bairbre- Terese	NORTON, David	BLYTH, Ralph Francis	IDDON, Donna	NEWNHAM, lan Stanley	Formal	Informal	Total	
Jabiru	36	11	15	7	34	36	61	14	214	6	220	
Mobile Team 1 Mobile Team 3	0 9	0 2	0 26	0 0	0 2	0 12	0 2	0 4	0 57	1 4	1 61	
Early Voting	26	8	8	0	27	16	22	5	112	4	116	
Absent inc 6 Postal Votes	2	1	5	1	0	4	1	1	15	0	15	
Ballot Papers Counted	73 6 <i>18.3</i>	22 5.5	54 <i>13.6</i>	8 <i>2.0</i>	63 <i>15.8</i>	68 17.1	86 21.6	24 6.0	398 <i>96.4</i>	15 <i>3.6</i>	413	

### Distribution of Preferences

Vacancy 1	BALDWIN, Stephen	COULSTON, John	HENRY, Sampson	WILLIAMS, Bairbre-Terese	NORTON, David	BLYTH, Ralph Francis	IDDON, Donna	NEWNHAM, lan Stanley	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	73	22	54	8	63	68	86	24	398	15	413
WILLIAMS, Bairbre-Terese excluded	0	1	2	-8	0	0	5	0	0		
Progressive Total	73	23	56	0	63	68	91	24	398		
COULSTON, John excluded	3	-23	2	0	6	4	6	2	0		
Progressive Total	76	0	58	0	69	72	97	26	398	1	
NEWNHAM, Ian Stanley excluded	3	0	7	0	3	2	11	-26	0		
Progressive Total	79	0	65	0	72	74	108	0	398	1	
HENRY, Sampson excluded	10	0	-65	0	13	32	10	0	0		
Progressive Total	89	0	0	0	85	106	118	0	398		
NORTON, David excluded	16	0	0	0	-85	34	35	0	0		
Progressive Total	105	0	0	0	0	140	153	0	398		
BALDWIN, Stephen excluded	-105	0	0	0	0	55	50	0	0		
Total Votes	0	0	0	0	0	195	203	0	398		
	%					49.0	51.0			]	
IDDON, Donna elected										-	
					hid	-		E			· · · · ·

Vacancy 2	BALDWIN, Stephen	COULSTON, John	HENRY, Sampson	WILLIAMS, Bairbre-Terese	NORTON, David	BLYTH, Ralph Francis	IDDON, Donna	NEWNHAM, lan Stanley	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	73	22	54	8	63	68	86	24	398	15	413
IDDON, Donna elected	26	6	3	5	15	28	-86	3	0		
Progressive Total	99	28	57	13	78	96	0	27	398		
WILLIAMS, Bairbre-Terese excluded	2	2	5	-13	1	2	0	1	0		
Progressive Total	101	30	62	0	79	98	0	28	398		
NEWNHAM, Ian Stanley excluded	6	2	12	0	4	4	0	-28	0		
Progressive Total	107	32	74	0	83	102	0	0	398		
COULSTON, John excluded	5	-32	3	0	15	9	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	112	0	77	0	98	111	0	0	398		
HENRY, Sampson excluded	16	0	-77	0	19	42	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	128	0	0	0	117	153	0	0	398		
NORTON, David excluded	47	0	0	0	-117	70	0	0	0		
Total Votes	175	0	0	0	0	223	0	0	398		
%	44.0					56.0					

BLYTH, Ralph Francis elected

Vacancy 3	BALDWIN, Stephen	COULSTON, John	HEN RY, Sampson	WILLIAMS, Bairbre-Terese	NORTON, David	BLYTH, Ralph Francis	ID DON, Donna	NEWNHAM, lan Stanley	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	73	22	54	8	63	68	86	24	398	15	413
IDDON, Danna elected	39	9	8	5	20	0	-86	5	0		
Progressive Total	112	31	62	13	83	68	0	29	398		
BLYTH, Ralph Francis elected	18	5	27	5	8	-68	0	5	0		
Progressive Total	130	36	89	18	91	0	0	34	398		
WILLIAVIS, Bairbre-Terese excluded	4	2	9	-18	2	0	0	1	0		
Progressive Total	134	38	98	0	93	0	0	35	398		
NEWNHAM, Ian Stanley excluded	11	2	17	0	5	0	0	-35	0		
Progressive Total	145	40	115	0	98	0	0	0	398		
COULSTON, John excluded	11	-40	6	0	23	0	0	0	0		
Progressive Total	156	0	121	0	121	0	0	0	398		
HENRY, Sampson excluded	64	0	-121	0	57	0	0	0	0		
Total Votes	220	0	0	0	178	0	0	0	398		
9	55.3				44.7						
BALDWIN, Stephen										•	

### WEST ARNHEM SHIRE

### MANINGRIDA WARD - ELECTION OF THREE ORDINARY MEMBERS

Electors on Roll:	1460
% Counted:	24.4
No. Votes Required for Election:	164

## Counting, including a distribution of preferences where required, resulted in the following candidates being elected:

ed in the following candidates being elected:	
	Final Votes
1 DANAJA, Peter	188
2 RYAN, Matthew	180
3 WILLIAMS, Helen Djimbarrwala	181

**Count of First Preference Votes** 

	1	st Preference	e Votes for e	Ballot Papers Counted				
Polling Place/Declaration Type	HERREEN, Dene Nigel	WILLIAMS, Helen Djimbarwala	RYAN, Matthew	NAMANURKI, Shane	DANAJA, Peter	Formal	Informal	Total
Jabiru	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Mobile Team 1 Mobile Team 3	0 57	2 43	0 55	4 36	2 109	8 300	0 28	8 328
Absent Votes inc 4 Early Votes	2	2	7	4	4	19	1	20
Ballot Papers Counted %	59 <i>18.0</i>	47 14.4	62 19.0	44 13.5	115 <i>35.2</i>	327 91.9	29 <i>8.1</i>	356

**Distribution of Preferences** 

Vacancy 1	HERREEN, Dene Nigel	WILLIAMS, Helen Djimbarrwala	RYAN, Matthew	NAMANURKI, Shane	DANAJA, Peter	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	59	47	62	44	115	327	29	356
NAMANURKI, Shane excluded	5	15	12	-44	12	0		
Progressive Total	64	62	74	0	127	327		
WILLIAMS, Helen Djimbarrwala excluded	44	-62	9	0	9	0		
Progressive Total	108	0	83	0	136	327		
RYAN, Matthew excluded	31	0	-83	0	52	0		
Total Votes	139	0	0	0	188	327		
%	42.5				57.5			

DANAJA, Peter elected

Vacancy 2	HERREEN, Dene Nigel	MILLIAMS, Helen Djimbarrwala	RYAN, Matthew	NAMANU RKI, Shane	DANAJA, Peter	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes DANAJA, Peter elected	59 10	47 21	62 45	44 39	115 -115	327 0	29	356
Progressive Total WLLIAMS, Helen Djimbarrwala excluded	69 41	68 -68	107 10	83 17	0 0	327 0		
Progressive Total NAMANURKI, Shane excluded	110 37	0 0	117 63	100 - 100	0 0	327 0		
Total Votes %	147 <i>45.0</i>	0	180 <i>55.0</i>	0	0	327		

RYAN, Matthew elected

Vacancy 3	HERREEN, Dene Nigel	WILLIAMS, Helen Djimbarrwala	RYAN, Matthew	NAMANU RKI, Shane	DANAJA, Peter	Formal	Informal	Total
First Preference Votes	59	47	62	44	115	327	29	356
DANAJA, Peter elected	15	36	0	64	-115	0		
Progressive Total	74	83	62	108	0	327		
RYAN, Matthew elected	16	16	-62	30	0	0		
Progressive Total	90	99	0	138	0	327		
HERREEN, Dene Nigel excluded	-90	82	0	8	0	0		
Total Votes	0	181	0	146	0	327		
	%	55.4		44.6				

WLLIAMS, Helen Djimbarrwala