

Wednesday October 24, 2018

Replacing the Rexford Bridge -the site, the history, and the bridges.

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Resident Engineer -- Rexford Bridge Project









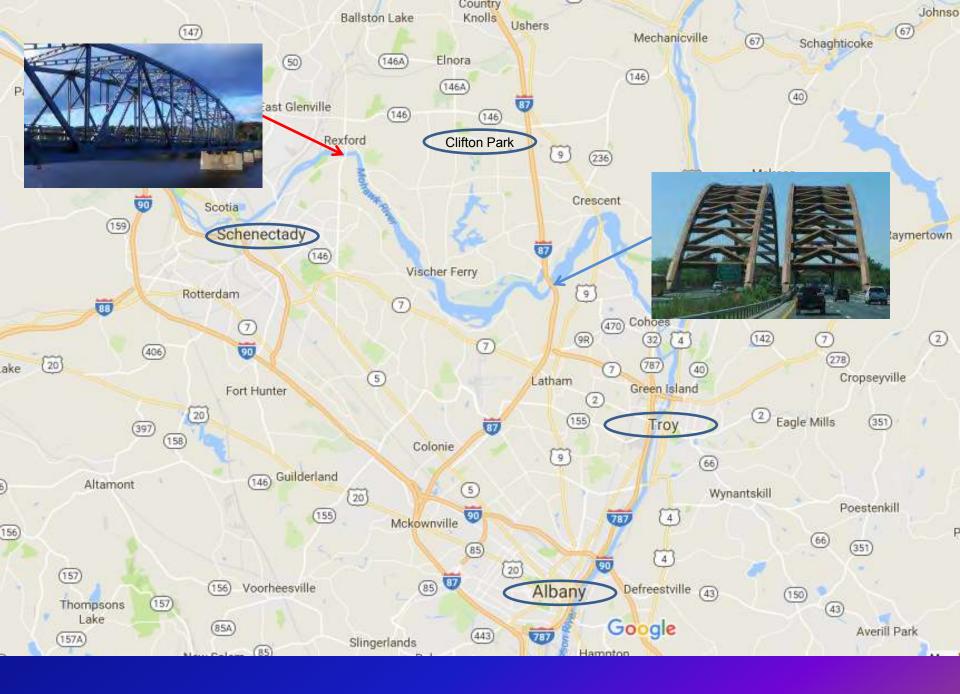


U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

Rexford Bridge Project

- Site History
 - Erie Canal in the Schenectady/Rexford Area
 - Rexford Aqueducts
 - Rexford Bridges
- Replacing the Rexford Bridge
 - Project Objectives
 - Project Challenges
 - Project Construction
 - Bridge
 - Roadway & Roundabout
- Questions









AQUEDUCT, 1842 SECOND AQUEDUCT ERECTED ON SITE TO CARRY ERIE CANAL ACROSS MOHAWK RIVER. NEARBY ARE LOCKS 21 AND 22 AND A FORMER CANAL STORE. CLIFTON PARK BICENTENNIAL COMM.



Erie Canal

- Original Erie Canal
 - Work began 1817, fully opened 1825
 - Ran 363 miles from Buffalo to Albany
 - Was a dug canal, did not use rivers
 - Was 4 feet deep, 40 feet wide
 - Had 83 locks and 18 aqueducts





Erie Canal

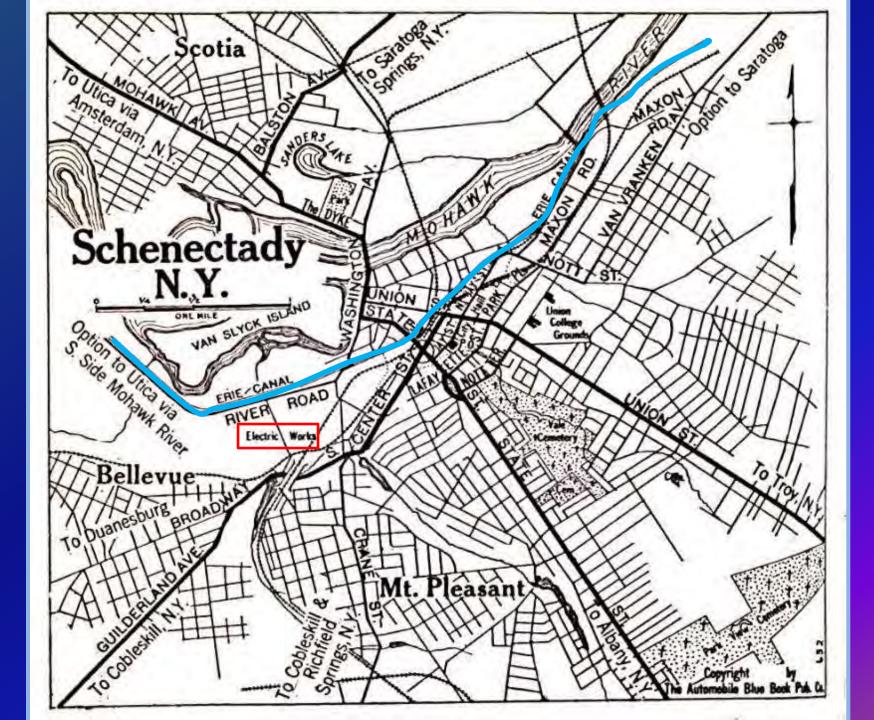
- Enlarged Erie Canal
 - Between 1836 an or rie Canal was enlarged
 - To 7 feet deep,
 - Locks were rec
 - Rexford Aquedu

From the Enlarged Canal

o 72

Barge Canal fully opened in 1918













NEW VERTICAL WALL AT ENTRANCE TO UPPER MOHAWK AQUEDUCT.





SPOTLIGHT STORY



Uncovering Erie Canal walls

While digging to install a drainage pipe beneath Williams Street at the intersection with Balltown Road, construction workers unearthed part of the historic Erie Canal Aqueduct. Completed in 1825 and spanning the state from Albany to Buffalo, the canal was a main route of cheaply transporting people and goods from the upper Midwest to New York City.

The canal needed to cross over 18 rivers or creeks. At the Mohawk River in Rexford, an "aqueduct" or bridge was built to carry the canal waters over the river waters. Today's Aqueduct Road follows the route of the canal.



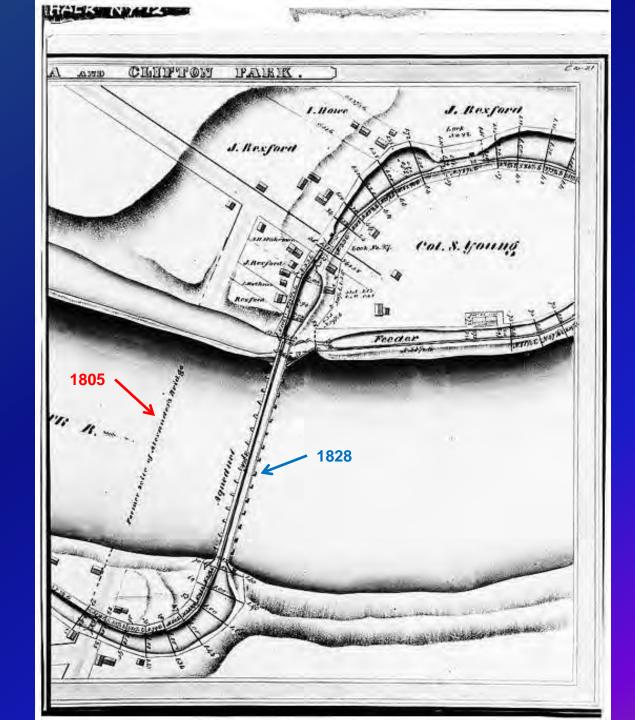
Limestone canal blocks placed under the southern Rexford Bridge abutment to prevent erosion. Remnant of the aqueduct visible in the background.

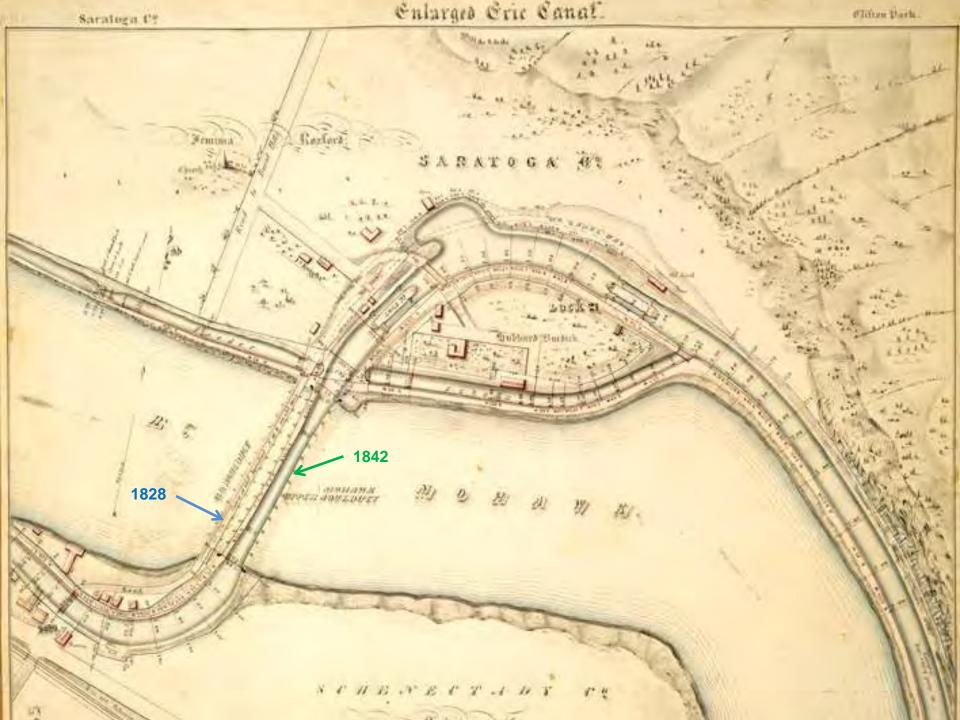
The carved limestone blocks of the abutments carrying the aqueduct across the Mohawk can still be seen on either side of the river east of the bridge. Today's Schenectady Yacht Club building originally served as a canal-side general store and the canal walls lies buried beneath their entranceway.



Canal blocks placed under the northern Rexford Bridge abutment. A section of the canal aqueduct is visible in the background.

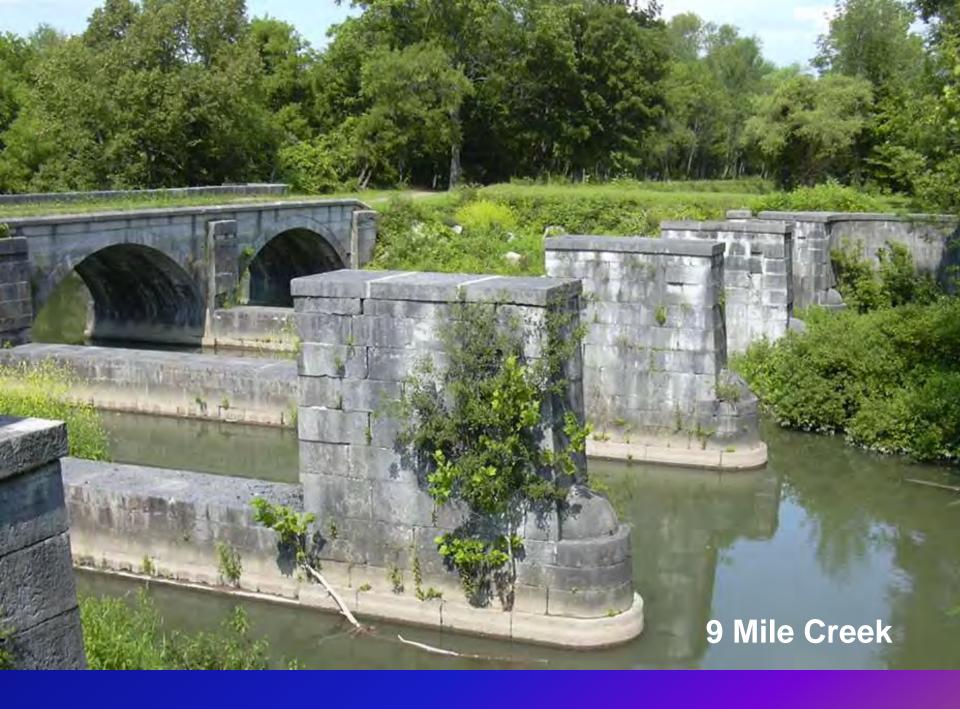
By the 1930s, the canal had been abandoned and was in-filled in many areas. In 1964, the New York State Highway Department built the exiting Rexford Bridge. Portions of the canal's limestone wall were taken down and several feet of fill were added to raise the level of the ground to meet the elevation of the new bridge. What remained of the old canal at the Mohawk River crossing was then mostly buried. However, some of the canal stones were used for erosion control, where they can still be seen today lining the river bank beneath the Rexford bridge.







Rexford



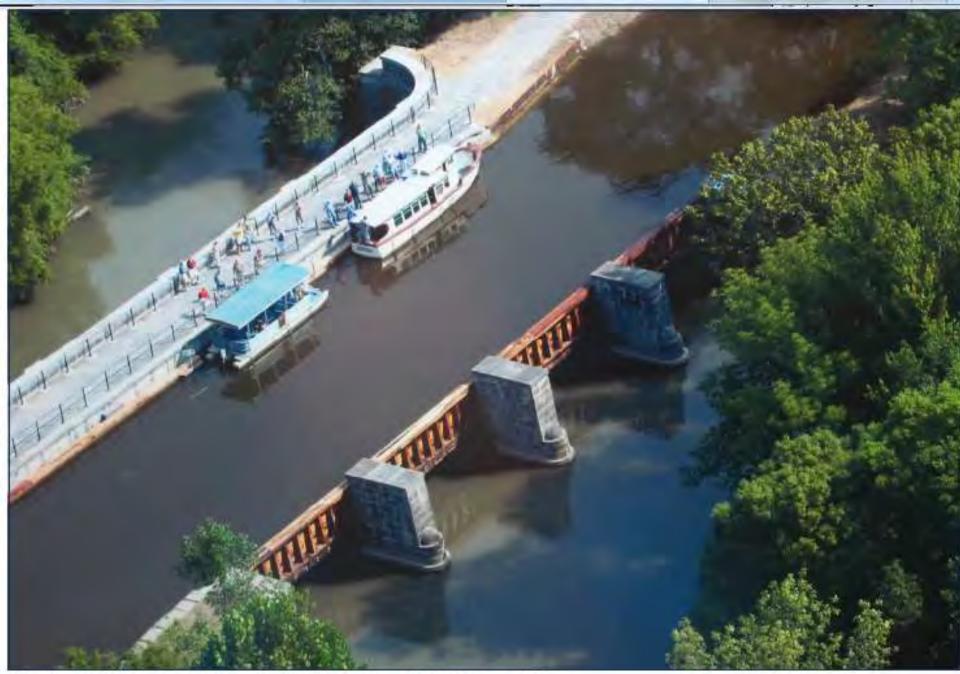
9 MILE CREEK AQUEDUCT BUILT 1842 BY NY STATE. IN USE 1845-1918, REPLACING 1819 AQUEDUCT LOCATED JUST DOWNSTREAM. ONE OF 32 ON THE 19TH CENTURY ERIE CANAL.

GANAL SOCIETY OF N.Y.S. 1999









Tour boats docked along the restored, water-filled aqueduct; Nine Mile Creek flows under it.

Camillus Erie Canal Park

Home Museum Aqueduct Steam Engine Exhibit Boat Tours School Tours Newsletter You Can Volunteer

Events

Contact Us

Related Links

Site Map

Camillus Canal Book

NINE MILE CREEK AQUEDUCT

Nine Mile Creek Aqueduct Restoration Complete!

After 38 years, dreams of restoring the 1844 Nine Mile Creek Aqueduct have come to fruition. The aqueduct, which is on the National Registry of Historic Sites, is the only restored navigable Aqueduct in New York State.

An aqueduct is a water-filled bridge that carries canal boats over rivers, streams or valleys. It provided a way for the first enlargement of the Erie Canal to be carried over Nine Mile Creek. This 144 foot waterway is listed as the smallest of the larger aqueducts. Four stone arches made of fine Onondaga limestone quarried from Split Rock supported the towpath. Of the 32 original aqueducts on the First Enlargement, only about seven remain intact.

Downstream from the present First Enlargement Aqueduct, can be found the remains of the 1820 Clinton's Ditch Aqueduct with an adjacent lock. Two stone arches supported the 120 foot water bridge. This area has been cleared and kiosks interpret the site.

PROJECT PROGRESS

Celebrate the Aqueduct!

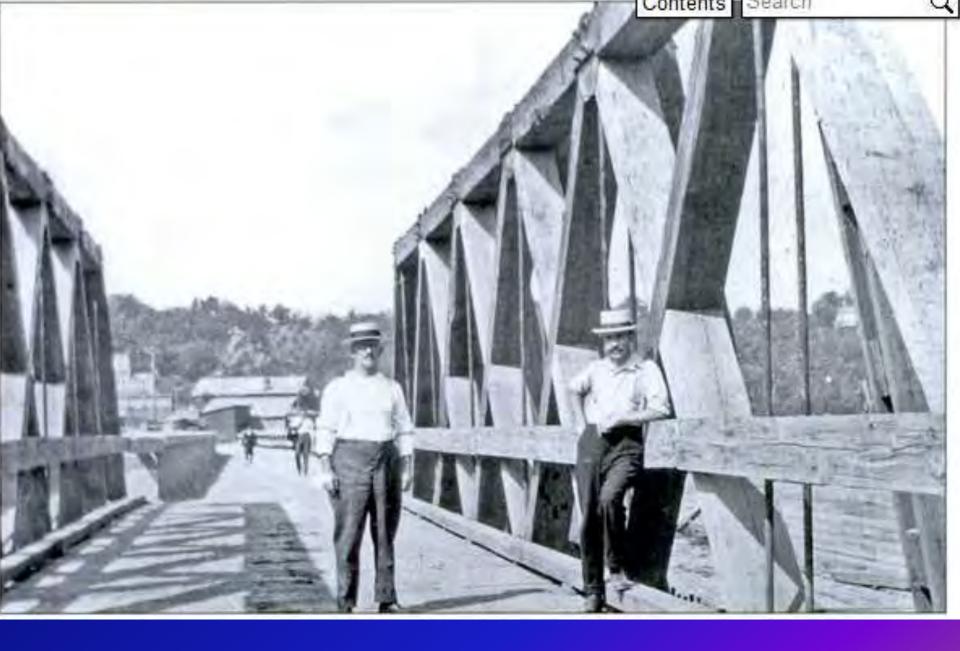
Click here to view photo from the May 22, 2010 Aqueduct Grand Celebration.

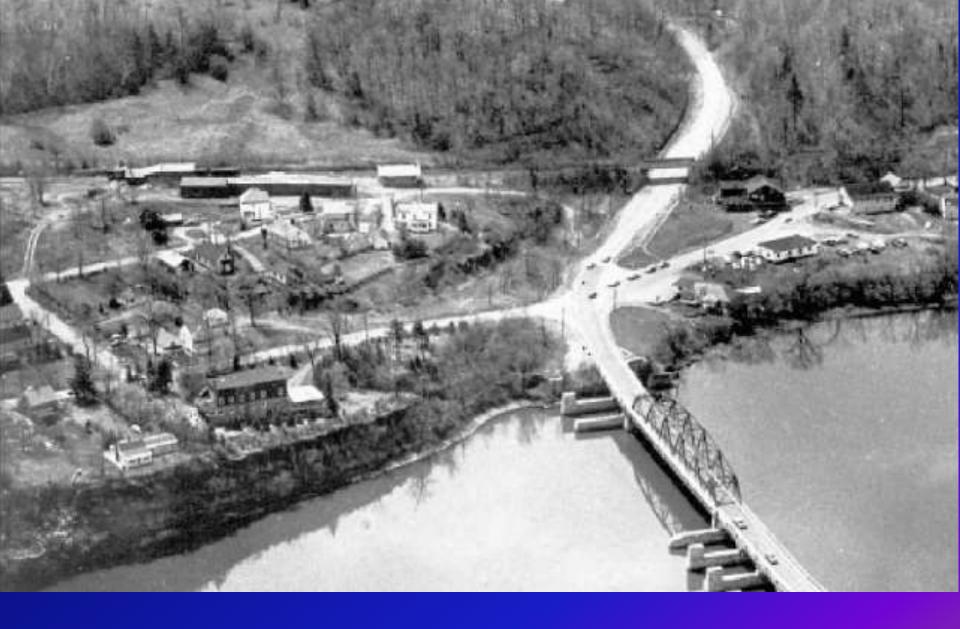
http://www.eriecanalcamillus.com/aqueduct.htm













1922 Bridge and the 1965 Replacement Bridge









REPLACING THE REXFORD BRIDGE

START WINTER 2015



FINISH WINTER 2017





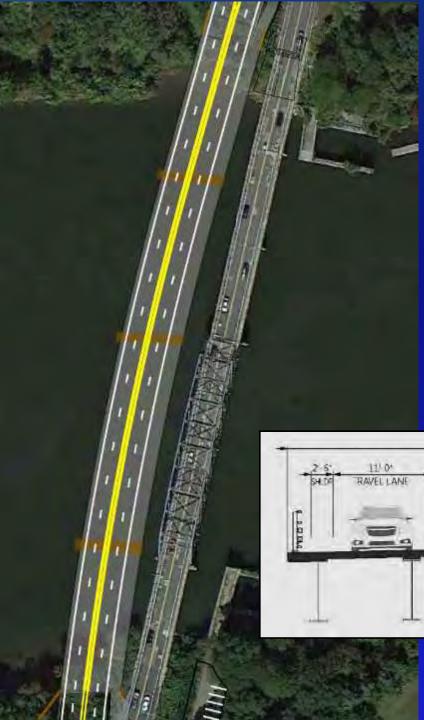
Project Objectives

- Improve highway capacity and traffic flow,
- Improve safety along the highway corridor
 Construct a Roundabout at Aqueduct Rd.
 - Improve signalized intersection at Riverview Rd.
 - Reconstruct Route 146 as a 4-lane road
 - Build a bicycle/pedestrian path (MUP)
- Replace the structurally deficient bridge
 New wider bridge with MUP

Project Challenges

- Protect the historic features within the project
- Maintain the navigable waterway
- Work with limited ROW and site access
- Divert & reconstruct the "Un-Named" Stream
- Build the bridge, 4 culverts, the Roundabout, and new widened road section
 - While maintaining the existing 2-lanes of traffic
 - And maintaining the existing bridge





Old Bridge:

- 2 lanes wide
- 3 foot wide elevated "walk"
- 35 feet wide, 727 feet long
- Not pedestrian or bike friendly

New Bridge:

- 4 lanes wide
- 5' "median"

70'-0"

5.0*

11 0

- 10' wide shared use path

12 0

FRAVEL LAN

11' 0'

10' 0" SHARED USE PATI

- 71 feet wide, 770 feet long

Bridge Work Schedule

• Fall 2015

- Tree Removals and Clearing
- Utility and Historic Explorations
- 2016
 - Build 2 Abutments
 - Build 3 Piers in water
 - Erect Steel Girders
- 2017
 - Pour concrete deck
 - Open the bridge to traffic



Fall 2015









































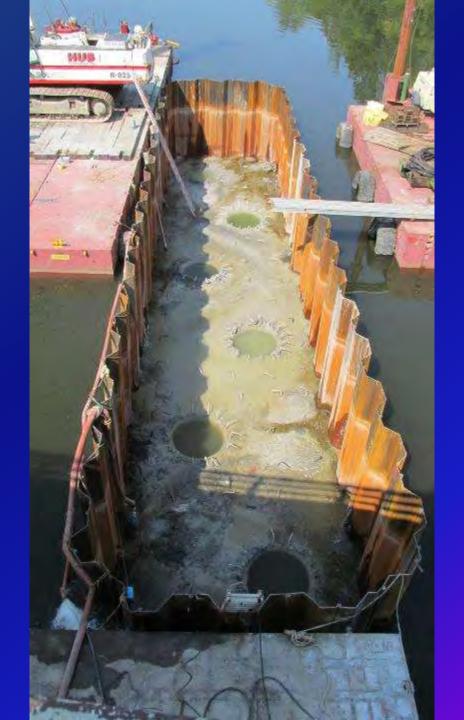




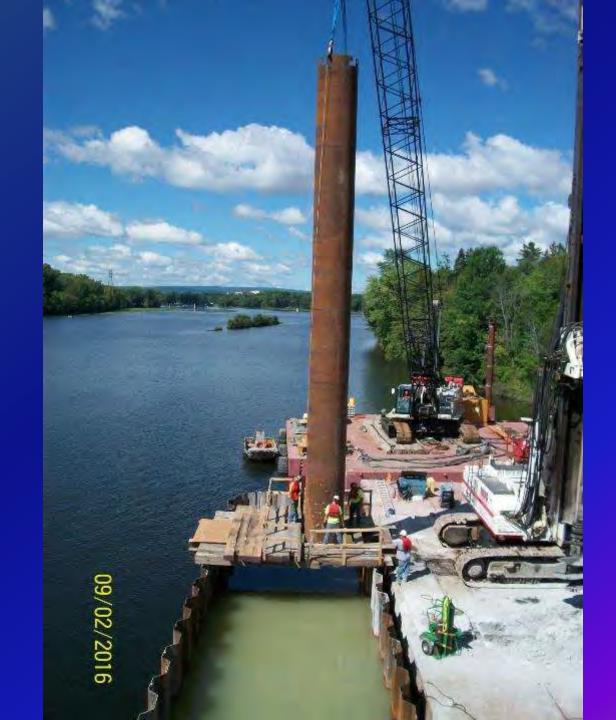


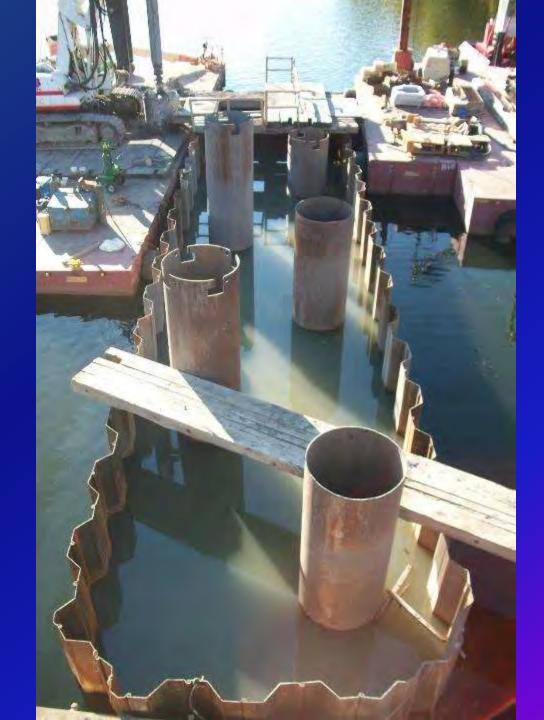






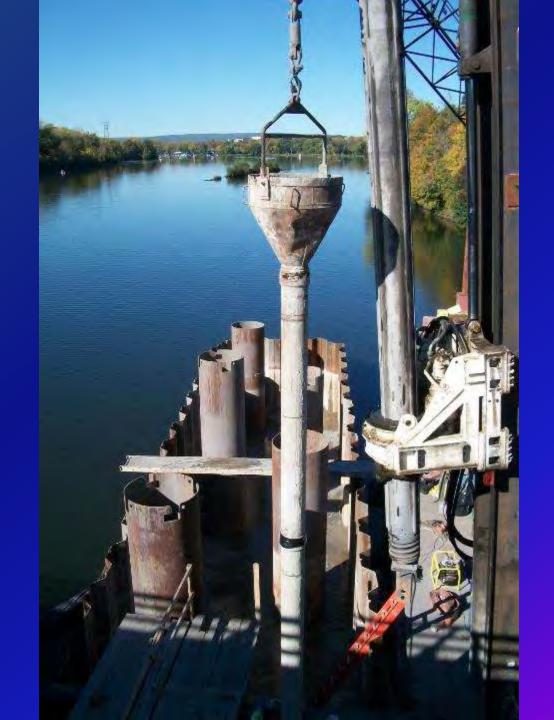


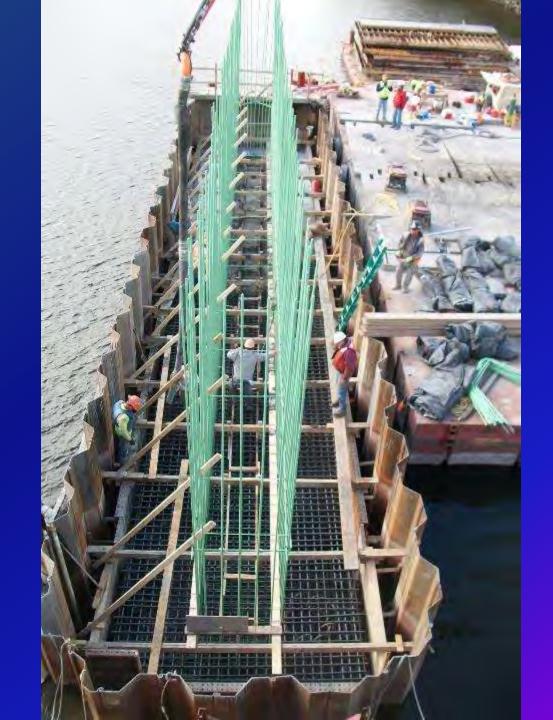




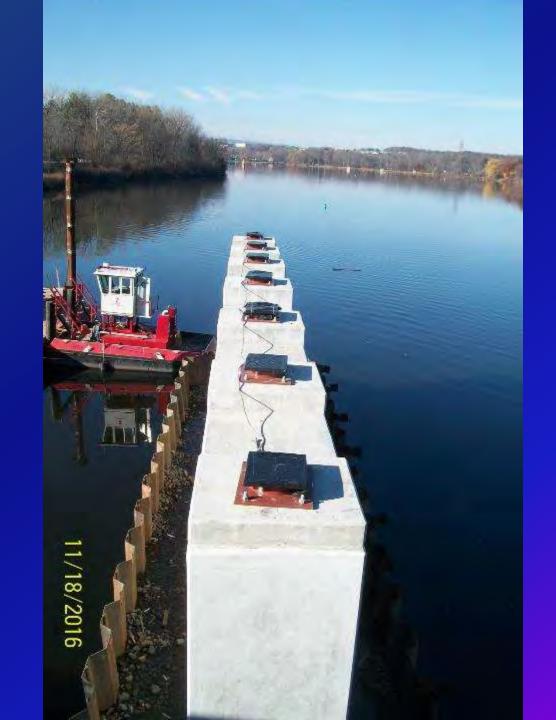


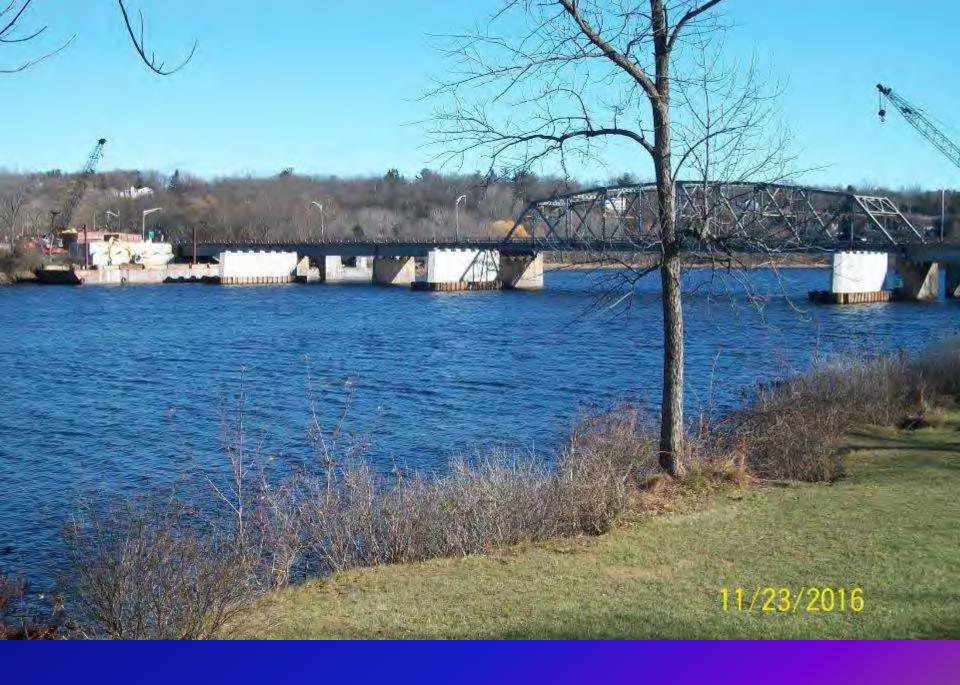








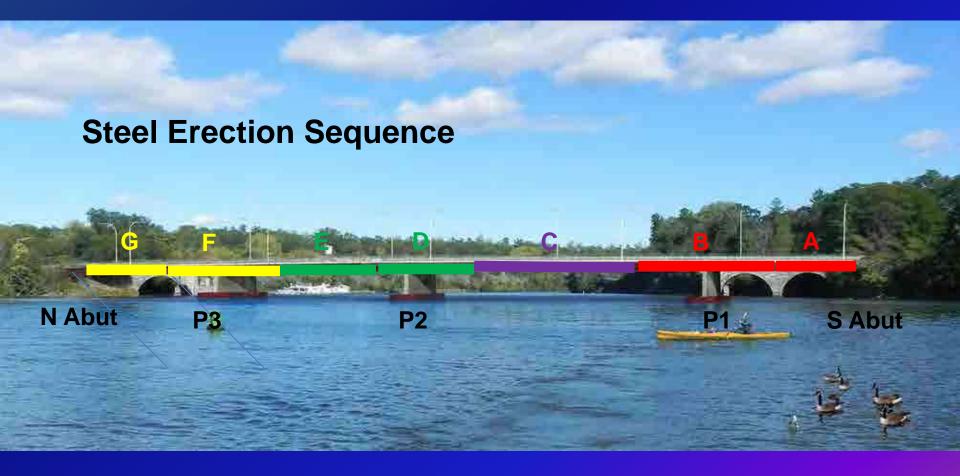








Spring 2017







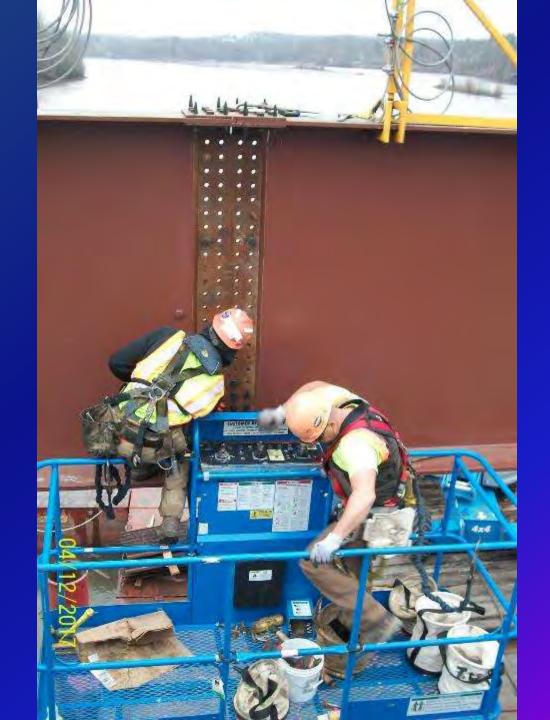










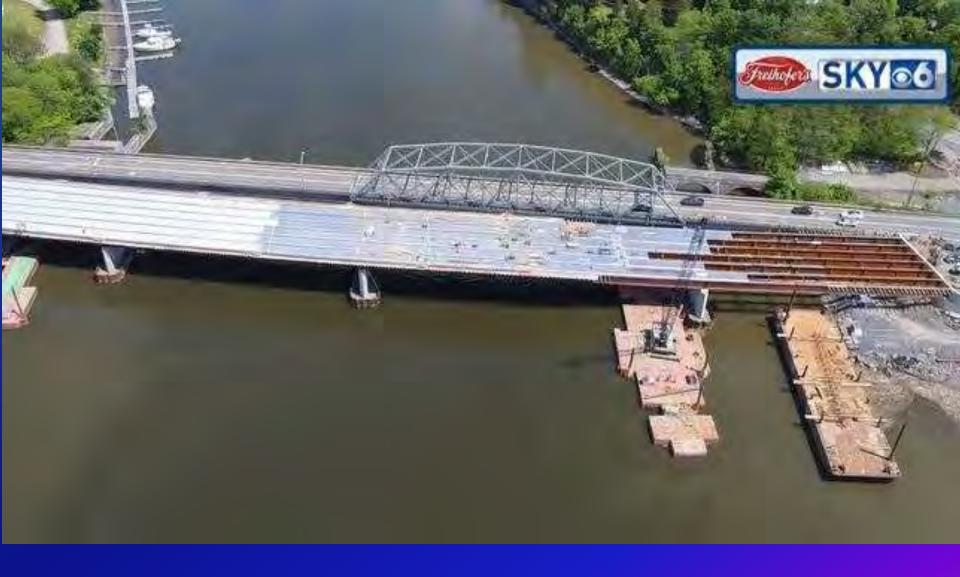








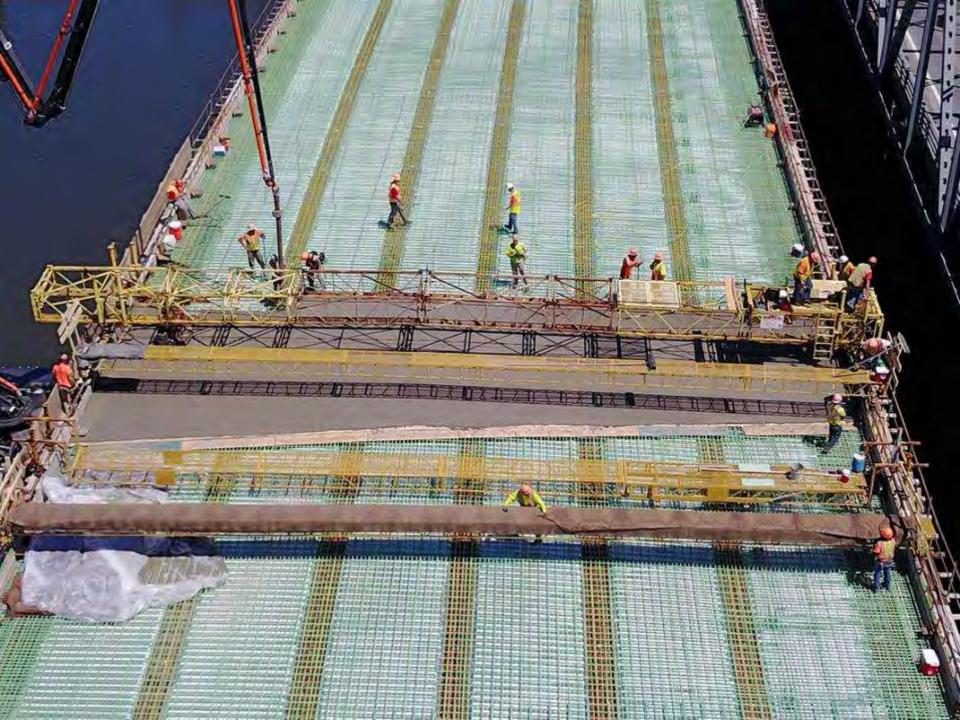


















Project Limits



500' South of Aqueduct Rd intersection

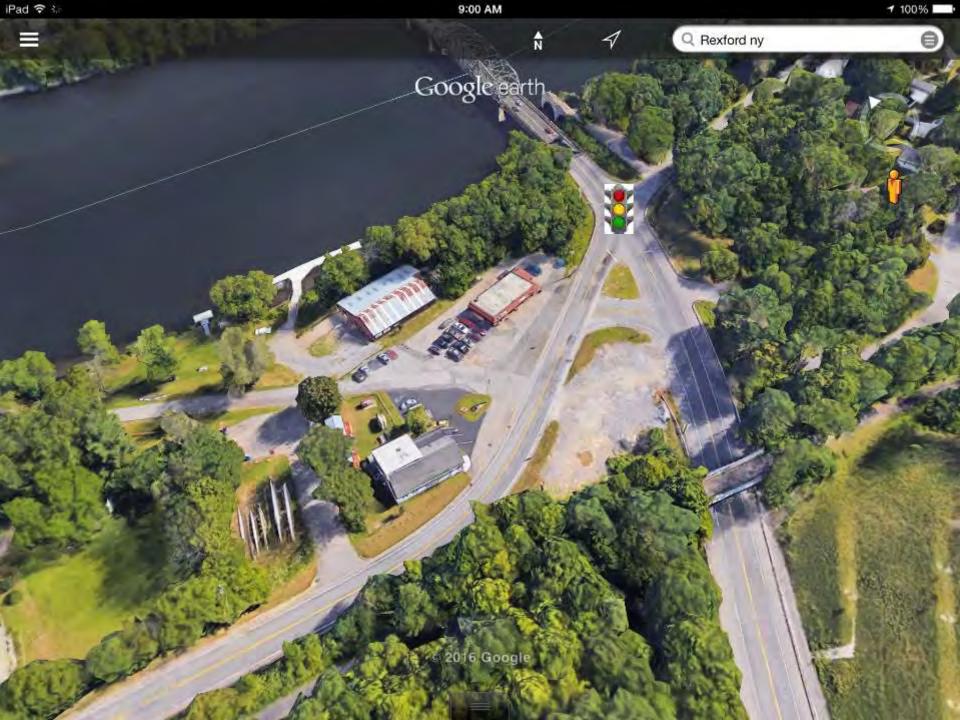
About ³/₄ mile overall length

800' North of Riverview Rd























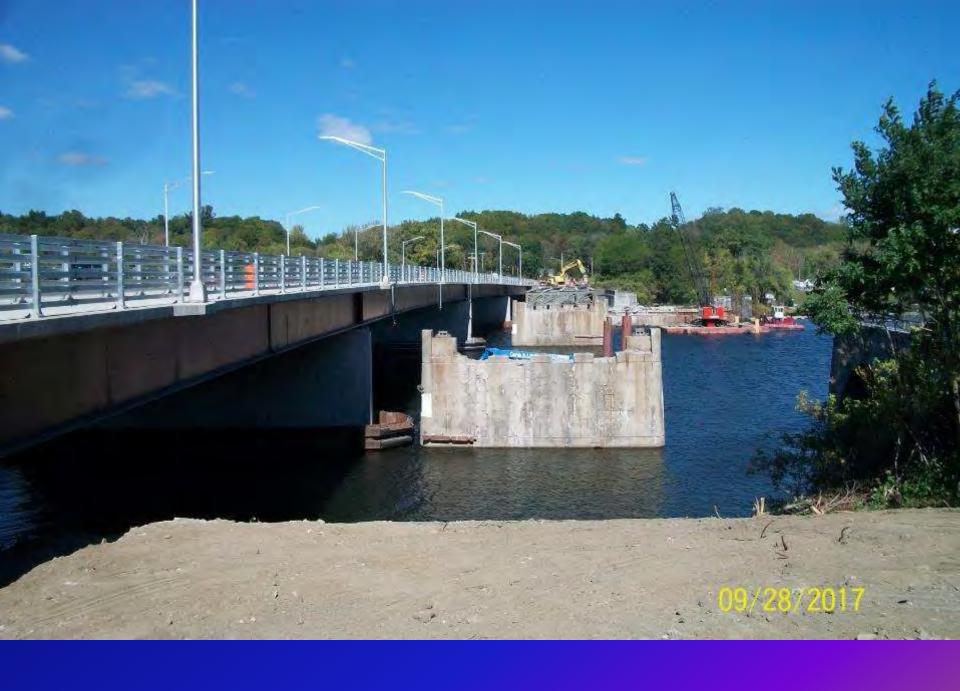










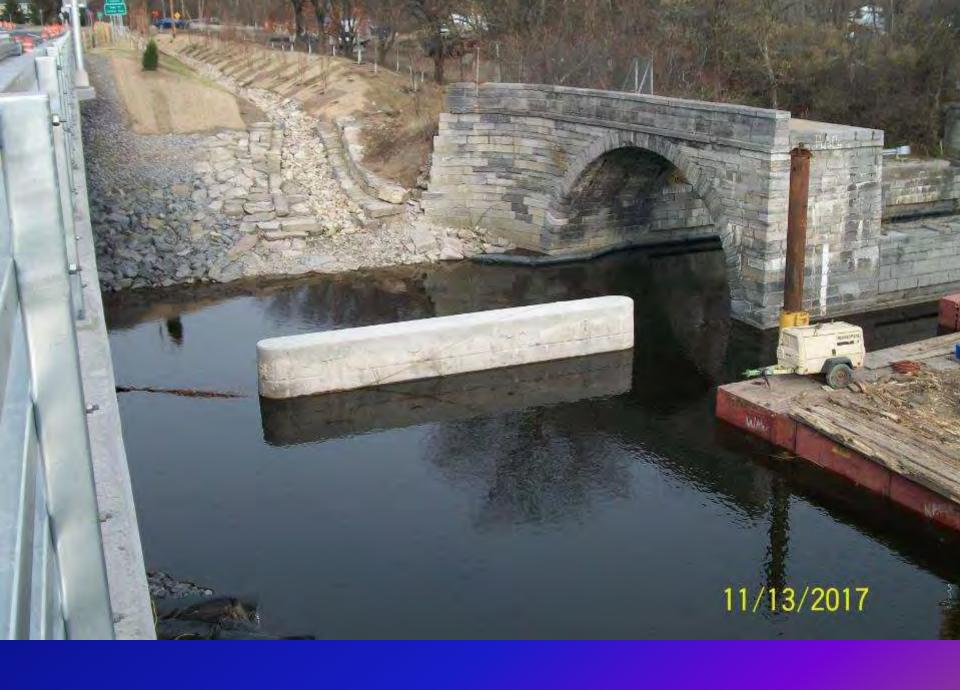




















NYS 2017 Project of the Year Structures Category (\$25 to \$75 million)









U.S. Department of Transportation Federal Highway Administration

1. When was the original Erie Canal opened?

- a) 1817
- b) 1825
- c) 1836
- d) 1862

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2. What types of foundations were used on the new Rexford Bridge?

a) H Piles

- b) Spread Footings
- c) Drilled Shafts
- d) All of the above

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3. True or False -- The structural steel on the new Rexford Bridge is painted?a) True

b) False

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a) True
b) False

All the steel is weathering steel, but the outside faces of the fascia girders are also painted.











REPLACING THE REXFORD BRIDGE

START WINTER 2015



FINISH WINTER 2017