

The CAVA Automata Library

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Abstract

We report on the graph and automata library that is used in the fully verified LTL model checker CAVA. As most components of CAVA use some type of graphs or automata, a common automata library simplifies assembly of the components and reduces redundancy.

The CAVA Automata Library provides a hierarchy of graph and automata classes, together with some standard algorithms. Its object oriented design allows for sharing of algorithms, theorems, and implementations between its classes, and also simplifies extensions of the library. Moreover, it is integrated into the Automatic Refinement Framework, supporting automatic refinement of the abstract automata types to efficient data structures.

Note that the CAVA Automata Library is work in progress. Currently, it is very specifically tailored towards the requirements of the CAVA model checker. Nevertheless, the formalization techniques presented here allow an extension of the library to a wider scope. Moreover, they are not limited to graph libraries, but apply to class hierarchies in general.

The CAVA Automata Library is described in the paper: Peter Lammich, The CAVA Automata Library, Isabelle Workshop 2014, to appear.

Contents

| | |
|---|-----------|
| 1 Relations interpreted as Directed Graphs | 3 |
| 1.1 Paths | 3 |
| 1.2 Infinite Paths | 7 |
| 1.3 Strongly Connected Components | 8 |
| 2 Directed Graphs | 11 |
| 2.1 Directed Graphs with Explicit Node Set and Set of Initial Nodes | 11 |
| 3 Automata | 15 |
| 3.1 Generalized Buchi Graphs | 15 |
| 3.2 Generalized Buchi Automata | 17 |
| 3.3 Buchi Graphs | 19 |
| 3.4 Buchi Automata | 19 |
| 3.5 Indexed acceptance classes | 20 |
| 3.5.1 Indexing Conversion | 22 |
| 3.5.2 Degeneralization | 25 |
| 3.6 System Automata | 27 |
| 3.6.1 Product Construction | 28 |
| 4 Lassos | 29 |
| 4.1 Implementing runs by lassos | 35 |
| 5 Simulation | 36 |
| 6 Simulation | 36 |
| 6.1 Functional Relations | 36 |
| 6.2 Relation between Runs | 36 |
| 6.3 Simulation | 37 |
| 6.4 Bisimulation | 38 |
| 7 Implementing Graphs | 44 |
| 7.1 Directed Graphs by Successor Function | 44 |
| 7.1.1 Restricting Edges | 45 |
| 7.2 Rooted Graphs | 47 |
| 7.2.1 Operation Identification Setup | 47 |
| 7.2.2 Generic Implementation | 48 |
| 7.2.3 Implementation with list-set for Nodes | 48 |
| 7.2.4 Implementation with Cfun for Nodes | 49 |
| 7.2.5 Renaming | 50 |
| 7.3 Graphs from Lists | 52 |

| | | |
|----------|--|-----------|
| 8 | Implementing Automata | 53 |
| 8.1 | Indexed Generalized Buchi Graphs | 53 |
| 8.1.1 | Implementation with bit-set | 55 |
| 8.2 | Indexed Generalized Buchi Automata | 56 |
| 8.2.1 | Implementation as function | 57 |
| 8.3 | Generalized Buchi Graphs | 58 |
| 8.3.1 | Implementation with list of lists | 60 |
| 8.4 | GBAs | 61 |
| 8.4.1 | Implementation as function | 62 |
| 8.5 | Buchi Graphs | 63 |
| 8.5.1 | Implementation with Characteristic Functions | 64 |
| 8.6 | System Automata | 65 |
| 8.6.1 | Implementation with Function | 67 |
| 8.7 | Index Conversion | 68 |
| 8.8 | Degeneralization | 69 |
| 8.9 | Product Construction | 70 |

1 Relations interpreted as Directed Graphs

```
theory Digraph-Basic
imports
  Automatic-Refinement.Misc
  Automatic-Refinement.Refine-Util
  HOL-Library.Omega-Words-Fun
begin
```

This theory contains some basic graph theory on directed graphs which are modeled as a relation between nodes.

The theory here is very fundamental, and also used by non-directly graph-related applications like the theory of tail-recursion in the Refinement Framework. Thus, we decided to put it in the basic theories of the refinement framework.

Directed graphs are modeled as a relation on nodes

```
type-synonym 'v digraph = ('v×'v) set
```

```
locale digraph = fixes E :: 'v digraph
```

1.1 Paths

Path are modeled as list of nodes, the last node of a path is not included into the list. This formalization allows for nice concatenation and splitting of paths.

```
inductive path :: 'v digraph ⇒ 'v ⇒ 'v list ⇒ 'v ⇒ bool for E where
  path0: path E u [] u
  | path-prepend: [] (u,v)∈E; path E v l w ] ⇒ path E u (u#l) w
```

```
lemma path1: (u,v)∈E ⇒ path E u [u] v
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma path-empty-conv[simp]:
  path E u [] v ⟷ u=v
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
inductive-cases path-uncons: path E u (u'#l) w
inductive-simps path-cons-conv: path E u (u'#l) w
```

```
lemma path-no-edges[simp]: path {} u p v ⟷ (u=v ∧ p=[])
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma path-conc:
  assumes P1: path E u la v
  assumes P2: path E v lb w
  shows path E u (la@lb) w
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```

lemma path-append:
   $\llbracket \text{path } E \ u \ l \ v; (v,w) \in E \rrbracket \implies \text{path } E \ u \ (l @ [v]) \ w$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma path-unconc:
  assumes path  $E \ u \ (la @ lb) \ w$ 
  obtains  $v$  where path  $E \ u \ la \ v$  and path  $E \ v \ lb \ w$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma path-conc-conv:
  path  $E \ u \ (la @ lb) \ w \longleftrightarrow (\exists v. \text{path } E \ u \ la \ v \wedge \text{path } E \ v \ lb \ w)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma (in  $-$ ) path-append-conv: path  $E \ u \ (p @ [v]) \ w \longleftrightarrow (\text{path } E \ u \ p \ v \wedge (v,w) \in E)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemmas path-simps = path-empty-conv path-cons-conv path-conc-conv

lemmas path-trans[trans] = path-prepend path-conc path-append
lemma path-from-edges:  $\llbracket (u,v) \in E; (v,w) \in E \rrbracket \implies \text{path } E \ u \ [u] \ v$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma path-edge-cases[case-names no-use split]:
  assumes path (insert  $(u,v)$   $E$ )  $w \ p \ x$ 
  obtains
    path  $E \ w \ p \ x$ 
     $| \ p1 \ p2 \ \text{where} \ \text{path } E \ w \ p1 \ u \quad \text{path } (\text{insert } (u,v) \ E) \ v \ p2 \ x$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma path-edge-rev-cases[case-names no-use split]:
  assumes path (insert  $(u,v)$   $E$ )  $w \ p \ x$ 
  obtains
    path  $E \ w \ p \ x$ 
     $| \ p1 \ p2 \ \text{where} \ \text{path } (\text{insert } (u,v) \ E) \ w \ p1 \ u \quad \text{path } E \ v \ p2 \ x$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma path-mono:
  assumes  $S: E \subseteq E'$ 
  assumes  $P: \text{path } E \ u \ p \ v$ 
  shows path  $E' \ u \ p \ v$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma path-is-rtranci:
  assumes path  $E \ u \ l \ v$ 
  shows  $(u,v) \in E^*$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *rtrancl-is-path*:

assumes $(u,v) \in E^*$

obtains l **where** *path* $E u l v$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-is-trancl*:

assumes *path* $E u l v$

and $l \neq []$

shows $(u,v) \in E^+$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *trancl-is-path*:

assumes $(u,v) \in E^+$

obtains l **where** $l \neq []$ **and** *path* $E u l v$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-nth-conv*: *path* $E u p v \longleftrightarrow (\text{let } p' = p @ [v] \text{ in}$

$u = p' ! 0 \wedge$

$(\forall i < \text{length } p' - 1 . (p' ! i, p' ! \text{Suc } i) \in E))$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-mapI*:

assumes *path* $E u p v$

shows *path* $(\text{pairself } f \cdot E) (f u) (map f p) (f v)$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-restrict*:

assumes *path* $E u p v$

shows *path* $(E \cap \text{set } p \times \text{insert } v (\text{set } (\text{tl } p))) u p v$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-restrict-closed*:

assumes *CLOSED*: $E `` D \subseteq D$

assumes $I: v \in D$ **and** $P: \text{path } E v p v'$

shows *path* $(E \cap D \times D) v p v'$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-set-induct*:

assumes *path* $E u p v$ **and** $u \in I$ **and** $E `` I \subseteq I$

shows *set* $p \subseteq I$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-nodes-reachable*: *path* $E u p v \implies \text{insert } v (\text{set } p) \subseteq E^* `` \{u\}$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-nodes-edges*: *path* $E u p v \implies \text{set } p \subseteq \text{fst} ` E$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-tl-nodes-edges*:
 assumes *path E u p v*
 shows *set (tl p) ⊆ fst‘E ∩ snd‘E*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-loop-shift*:
 assumes *P: path E u p u*
 assumes *S: v ∈ set p*
 obtains *p' where set p' = set p path E v p' v*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-hd*:
 assumes *p ≠ [] path E v p w*
 shows *hd p = v*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-last-is-edge*:
 assumes *path E x p y*
 and *p ≠ []*
 shows *(last p, y) ∈ E*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-member-reach-end*:
 assumes *P: path E x p y*
 and *v: v ∈ set p*
 shows *(v,y) ∈ E⁺*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-tl-induct*[consumes 2, case-names single step]:
 assumes *P: path E x p y*
 and *NE: x ≠ y*
 and *S: ⋀ u. (x,u) ∈ E ⇒ P x u*
 and *ST: ⋀ u v. [(x,u) ∈ E⁺; (u,v) ∈ E; P x u] ⇒ P x v*
 shows *P x y ∧ (forall v ∈ set (tl p). P x v)*
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path-restrict-tl*:
 $\llbracket u \notin R; \text{path } (E \cap \text{UNIV} \times -R) u p v \rrbracket \Rightarrow \text{path } (\text{rel-restrict } E R) u p v$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *path1-restr-conv*: *path (E ∩ UNIV × -R) u (x#xs) v*
 $\longleftrightarrow (\exists w. w \notin R \wedge x = u \wedge (u,w) \in E \wedge \text{path } (\text{rel-restrict } E R) w xs v)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma dropWhileNot-path:
  assumes p ≠ []
  and path E w p x
  and v ∈ set p
  and dropWhile ((≠) v) p = c
  shows path E v c x
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma takeWhileNot-path:
  assumes p ≠ []
  and path E w p x
  and v ∈ set p
  and takeWhile ((≠) v) p = c
  shows path E w c v
  ⟨proof⟩

```

1.2 Infinite Paths

```

definition ipath :: 'q digraph ⇒ 'q word ⇒ bool
  — Predicate for an infinite path in a digraph
  where ipath E r ≡ ∀ i. (r i, r (Suc i)) ∈ E

```

```

lemma ipath-conc-conv:
  ipath E (u ∼ v) ←→ (∃ a. path E a u (v 0) ∧ ipath E v)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma ipath-iter-conv:
  assumes p ≠ []
  shows ipath E (pω) ←→ (path E (hd p) p (hd p))
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma ipath-to-rtrancI:
  assumes R: ipath E r
  assumes I: i1 ≤ i2
  shows (r i1, r i2) ∈ E*
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma ipath-to-trancI:
  assumes R: ipath E r
  assumes I: i1 < i2
  shows (r i1, r i2) ∈ E+
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma run-limit-two-connectedI:
  assumes A: ipath E r
  assumes B: a ∈ limit r b ∈ limit r
  shows (a, b) ∈ E+

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ipath-subpath*:

assumes P : *ipath E r*

assumes LE : $l \leq u$

shows *path E (r l) (map r [l..<u]) (r u)*

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ipath-restrict-eq*: *ipath (E ∩ (E* ``{r 0} × E* ``{r 0})) r ↔ ipath E r*

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ipath-restrict*: *ipath E r ⇒ ipath (E ∩ (E* ``{r 0} × E* ``{r 0})) r*

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ipathI[intro?]*: $\llbracket \bigwedge i. (r i, r (\text{Suc } i)) \in E \rrbracket \Rightarrow ipath E r$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ipathD*: *ipath E r ⇒ (r i, r (\text{Suc } i)) ∈ E*

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ipath-in-Domain*: *ipath E r ⇒ r i ∈ Domain E*

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ipath-in-Range*: $\llbracket ipath E r; i \neq 0 \rrbracket \Rightarrow r i \in Range E$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *ipath-suffix*: *ipath E r ⇒ ipath E (suffix i r)*

$\langle proof \rangle$

1.3 Strongly Connected Components

A strongly connected component is a maximal mutually connected set of nodes

definition *is-scc* :: $'q \text{ digraph} \Rightarrow 'q \text{ set} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$

where $\text{is-scc } E U \leftrightarrow U \times U \subseteq E^* \wedge (\forall V. V \supset U \rightarrow \neg (V \times V \subseteq E^*))$

lemma *scc-non-empty[simp]*: $\neg \text{is-scc } E \{\} \langle proof \rangle$

lemma *scc-non-empty'[simp]*: $\text{is-scc } E U \Rightarrow U \neq \{\} \langle proof \rangle$

lemma *is-scc-closed*:

assumes SCC : *is-scc E U*

assumes MEM : $x \in U$

assumes P : $(x,y) \in E^* \quad (y,x) \in E^*$

shows $y \in U$

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *is-scc-connected*:

```

assumes SCC: is-scc E U
assumes MEM:  $x \in U \quad y \in U$ 
shows  $(x,y) \in E^*$ 
<proof>

```

In the following, we play around with alternative characterizations, and prove them all equivalent .

A common characterization is to define an equivalence relation „mutually connected” on nodes, and characterize the SCCs as its equivalence classes:

```

definition mconn ::  $('a \times 'a)$  set  $\Rightarrow ('a \times 'a)$  set
  — Mutually connected relation on nodes
  where  $mconn E = E^* \cap (E^{-1})^*$ 

```

```

lemma mconn-pointwise:
   $mconn E = \{(u,v). (u,v) \in E^* \wedge (v,u) \in E^*\}$ 
<proof>

```

mconn is an equivalence relation:

```

lemma mconn-refl[simp]:  $Id \subseteq mconn E$ 
<proof>

```

```

lemma mconn-sym:  $mconn E = (mconn E)^{-1}$ 
<proof>

```

```

lemma mconn-trans:  $mconn E \circ mconn E = mconn E$ 
<proof>

```

```

lemma mconn-refl':  $refl(mconn E)$ 
<proof>

```

```

lemma mconn-sym':  $sym(mconn E)$ 
<proof>

```

```

lemma mconn-trans':  $trans(mconn E)$ 
<proof>

```

```

lemma mconn-equiv:  $equiv UNIV (mconn E)$ 
<proof>

```

```

lemma is-scc-mconn-eqclasses:  $is-scc E U \longleftrightarrow U \in UNIV // mconn E$ 
  — The strongly connected components are the equivalence classes of the mutually-connected relation on nodes
<proof>

```

```

lemma is-scc E U  $\longleftrightarrow U \in UNIV // (E^* \cap (E^{-1})^*)$ 
<proof>

```

We can also restrict the notion of "reachability" to nodes inside the SCC

lemma *find-outside-node*:

assumes $(u,v) \in E^*$
assumes $(u,v) \notin (E \cap U \times U)^*$
assumes $u \in U \quad v \in U$
shows $\exists u'. u' \notin U \wedge (u,u') \in E^* \wedge (u',v) \in E^*$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *is-scc-restrict1*:

assumes *SCC*: *is-scc E U*
shows $U \times U \subseteq (E \cap U \times U)^*$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *is-scc-restrict2*:

assumes *SCC*: *is-scc E U*
assumes $V \supset U$
shows $\neg (V \times V \subseteq (E \cap V \times V)^*)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *is-scc-restrict3*:

assumes *SCC*: *is-scc E U*
shows $((E^* `` ((E^* `` U) - U)) \cap U = \{\})$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *is-scc-alt-restrict-path*:

is-scc E U \longleftrightarrow $U \neq \{\}$ \wedge
 $(U \times U \subseteq (E \cap U \times U)^*) \wedge ((E^* `` ((E^* `` U) - U)) \cap U = \{\})$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *is-scc-pointwise*:

is-scc E U \longleftrightarrow
 $U \neq \{\}$
 $\wedge (\forall u \in U. \forall v \in U. (u,v) \in (E \cap U \times U)^*)$
 $\wedge (\forall u \in U. \forall v. (v \notin U \wedge (u,v) \in E^*) \longrightarrow (\forall u' \in U. (v,u') \notin E^*))$
— Alternative, pointwise characterization
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *is-scc-unique*:

assumes *SCC*: *is-scc E scc* *is-scc E scc'*
and $v: v \in scc \quad v \in scc'$
shows $scc = scc'$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *is-scc-ex1*:

$\exists ! scc. \text{is-scc } E \text{ scc} \wedge v \in \text{scc}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *is-scc-ex*:

$\exists scc. \text{is-scc } E \text{ scc} \wedge v \in \text{scc}$

```

⟨proof⟩

lemma is-scc-connected':
   $\llbracket \text{is-scc } E \text{ scc}; x \in \text{scc}; y \in \text{scc} \rrbracket \implies (x,y) \in (\text{Restr } E \text{ scc})^*$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

definition scc-of :: ('v × 'v) set ⇒ 'v ⇒ 'v set
where
  scc-of E v = (THE scc. is-scc E scc ∧ v ∈ scc)

lemma scc-of-is-scc[simp]:
  is-scc E (scc-of E v)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma node-in-scc-of-node[simp]:
  v ∈ scc-of E v
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma scc-of-unique:
  assumes w ∈ scc-of E v
  shows scc-of E v = scc-of E w
  ⟨proof⟩

end

```

2 Directed Graphs

```

theory Digraph
  imports
    CAVA-Base.CAVA-Base
    Digraph-Basic
  begin

```

2.1 Directed Graphs with Explicit Node Set and Set of Initial Nodes

```

record 'v graph-rec =
  g-V :: 'v set
  g-E :: 'v digraph
  g-V0 :: 'v set

definition graph-restrict :: ('v, 'more) graph-rec-scheme ⇒ 'v set ⇒ ('v, 'more)
graph-rec-scheme
  where graph-restrict G R ≡
    ⟨
      g-V = g-V G,
      g-E = rel-restrict (g-E G) R,
      g-V0 = g-V0 G - R,
      ... = graph-rec.more G

```

)

```
lemma graph-restrict-simps[simp]:
  g-V (graph-restrict G R) = g-V G
  g-E (graph-restrict G R) = rel-restrict (g-E G) R
  g-V0 (graph-restrict G R) = g-V0 G - R
  graph-rec.more (graph-restrict G R) = graph-rec.more G
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma graph-restrict-trivial[simp]: graph-restrict G {} = G ⟨proof⟩
```

```
locale graph-defs =
  fixes G :: ('v, 'more) graph-rec-scheme
begin
```

```
abbreviation V ≡ g-V G
abbreviation E ≡ g-E G
abbreviation V0 ≡ g-V0 G
```

```
abbreviation reachable ≡ E* `` V0
abbreviation succ v ≡ E `` {v}
```

```
lemma finite-V0: finite reachable ==> finite V0 ⟨proof⟩
```

```
definition is-run
  — Infinite run, i.e., a rooted infinite path
  where is-run r ≡ r 0 ∈ V0 ∧ ipath E r
```

```
lemma run-ipath: is-run r ==> ipath E r ⟨proof⟩
lemma run-V0: is-run r ==> r 0 ∈ V0 ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma run-reachable: is-run r ==> range r ⊆ reachable
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
end
```

```
locale graph =
  graph-defs G
  for G :: ('v, 'more) graph-rec-scheme
  +
  assumes V0-ss: V0 ⊆ V
  assumes E-ss: E ⊆ V × V
begin
```

```
lemma reachable-V: reachable ⊆ V ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma finite-E: finite V ==> finite E ⟨proof⟩
```

```
end
```

```

locale fb-graph =
graph G
for G :: ('v, 'more) graph-rec-scheme
+
assumes finite-V0[simp, intro!]: finite V0
assumes finitely-branching[simp, intro]: v ∈ reachable ==> finite (succ v)
begin

lemma fb-graph-subset:
assumes g-V G' = V
assumes g-E G' ⊆ E
assumes finite (g-V0 G')
assumes g-V0 G' ⊆ reachable
shows fb-graph G'
⟨proof⟩

lemma fb-graph-restrict: fb-graph (graph-restrict G R)
⟨proof⟩

end

lemma (in graph) fb-graphI-fr:
assumes finite reachable
shows fb-graph G
⟨proof⟩

abbreviation rename-E f E ≡ (λ(u,v). (f u, f v)) `E

definition fr-rename-ext eenv f G ≡ ⟨
g-V = f(g-V G),
g-E = rename-E f (g-E G),
g-V0 = (f`g-V0 G),
... = eenv G
⟩

locale g-rename-precond =
graph G
for G :: ('u,'more) graph-rec-scheme
+
fixes f :: 'u ⇒ 'v
fixes eenv :: ('u, 'more) graph-rec-scheme ⇒ 'more'
assumes INJ: inj-on f V
begin

abbreviation G' ≡ fr-rename-ext eenv f G

lemma G'-fields:

```

$g\text{-}V\ G' = f'\text{V}$
 $g\text{-}V0\ G' = f'\text{V0}$
 $g\text{-}E\ G' = \text{rename-}E\ f\ E$
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

definition $fi \equiv \text{the-inv-into } V f$

lemma

$fi\text{-}f: x \in V \implies fi(f x) = x$ **and**
 $f\text{-}fi: y \in f'\text{V} \implies f(fi y) = y$ **and**
 $fi\text{-}f\text{-eq}: [f x = y; x \in V] \implies fi y = x$
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

lemma E' -to- E : $(u, v) \in g\text{-}E\ G' \implies (fi u, fi v) \in E$
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

lemma $V0'$ -to- $V0$: $v \in g\text{-}V0\ G' \implies fi v \in V0$
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

lemma $rtrancl\text{-}E'$ -sim:

assumes $(f u, v') \in (g\text{-}E\ G')^*$
assumes $u \in V$
shows $\exists v. v' = f v \wedge v \in V \wedge (u, v) \in E^*$
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

lemma $rtrancl\text{-}E'$ -to- E : **assumes** $(u, v) \in (g\text{-}E\ G')^*$ **shows** $(fi u, fi v) \in E^*$
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

lemma G' -invar: graph G'
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

sublocale G' : graph G' $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

lemma G' -finite-reachable:

assumes finite $((g\text{-}E\ G)^* \cup g\text{-}V0\ G)$
shows finite $((g\text{-}E\ G')^* \cup g\text{-}V0\ G')$
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

lemma V' -to- V : $v \in G'.V \implies fi v \in V$
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

lemma ipath-sim1: ipath $E r \implies$ ipath $G'.E (f o r)$
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

lemma ipath-sim2: ipath $G'.E r \implies$ ipath $E (fi o r)$
 $\langle\text{proof}\rangle$

lemma run-sim1: is-run $r \implies G'.is-run (f o r)$

```
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
lemma run-sim2:  $G'.is\text{-run } r \implies is\text{-run } (f_i \circ r)$   
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
end
```

```
end
```

3 Automata

```
theory Automata  
imports Digraph  
begin
```

In this theory, we define Generalized Buchi Automata and Buchi Automata based on directed graphs

```
hide-const (open) prod
```

3.1 Generalized Buchi Graphs

A generalized Buchi graph is a graph where each node belongs to a set of acceptance classes. An infinite run on this graph is accepted, iff it visits nodes from each acceptance class infinitely often.

The standard encoding of acceptance classes is as a set of sets of nodes, each inner set representing one acceptance class.

```
record 'Q gb-graph-rec = 'Q graph-rec +  
  gbg-F :: 'Q set set  
  
locale gb-graph =  
  graph G  
for G :: ('Q,'more) gb-graph-rec-scheme +  
  assumes finite-F[simp, intro!]: finite (gbg-F G)  
  assumes F-ss: gbg-F G  $\subseteq$  Pow V  
begin  
  abbreviation F  $\equiv$  gbg-F G  
  
lemma is-gb-graph: gb-graph G  $\langle proof \rangle$ 
```

```
definition  
  is-acc :: 'Q word  $\Rightarrow$  bool where is-acc r  $\equiv$  ( $\forall A \in F. \exists_{\infty} i. r i \in A$ )
```

```
definition is-acc-run r  $\equiv$  is-run r  $\wedge$  is-acc r
```

```

lemma is-acc-run r  $\equiv$  is-run r  $\wedge$  ( $\forall A \in F. \exists_{\infty} i. r[i] \in A$ )
  <proof>

lemma acc-run-run: is-acc-run r  $\implies$  is-run r
  <proof>

lemmas acc-run-reachable = run-reachable[OF acc-run-run]

lemma acc-eq-limit:
  assumes FIN: finite (range r)
  shows is-acc r  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\forall A \in F. \text{limit } r \cap A \neq \{\}$ )
  <proof>

lemma is-acc-run-limit-alt:
  assumes finite (E* `` V0)
  shows is-acc-run r  $\longleftrightarrow$  is-run r  $\wedge$  ( $\forall A \in F. \text{limit } r \cap A \neq \{\}$ )
  <proof>

lemma is-acc-suffix[simp]: is-acc (suffix i r)  $\longleftrightarrow$  is-acc r
  <proof>

lemma finite-V-Fe:
  assumes finite V A ∈ F
  shows finite A
  <proof>

end

definition gb-rename-ecnv ecnv f G  $\equiv$   $\emptyset$ 
  gbg-F = { f'A | A. A ∈ gbg-F G }, ... = ecnv G
   $\Downarrow$ 

abbreviation gb-rename-ext ecnv f  $\equiv$  fr-rename-ext (gb-rename-ecnv ecnv f) f

locale gb-rename-precond =
  gb-graph G +
  g-rename-precond G f gb-rename-ecnv ecnv f
  for G :: ('u,'more) gb-graph-rec-scheme
  and f :: 'u ⇒ 'v and ecnv
begin
  lemma G'-gb-fields: gbg-F G' = { f'A | A. A ∈ F }
  <proof>

  sublocale G':: gb-graph G'

```

```

⟨proof⟩

lemma acc-sim1: is-acc r  $\implies$  G'.is-acc (f o r)
⟨proof⟩

lemma acc-sim2:
  assumes G'.is-acc r shows is-acc (f i o r)
⟨proof⟩

lemma acc-run-sim1: is-acc-run r  $\implies$  G'.is-acc-run (f o r)
⟨proof⟩

lemma acc-run-sim2: G'.is-acc-run r  $\implies$  is-acc-run (f i o r)
⟨proof⟩

end

```

3.2 Generalized Buchi Automata

A GBA is obtained from a GBG by adding a labeling function, that associates each state with a set of labels. A word is accepted if there is an accepting run that can be labeled with this word.

```

record ('Q,'L) gba-rec = 'Q gb-graph-rec +
  gba-L :: 'Q  $\Rightarrow$  'L  $\Rightarrow$  bool

locale gba =
  gb-graph G
  for G :: ('Q,'L,'more) gba-rec-scheme +
  assumes L-ss: gba-L G q l  $\implies$  q  $\in$  V
begin
  abbreviation L  $\equiv$  gba-L G

  lemma is-gba: gba G ⟨proof⟩

  definition accept w  $\equiv$   $\exists$  r. is-acc-run r  $\wedge$  ( $\forall$  i. L (r i) (w i))
  lemma acceptI[intro?]: [is-acc-run r;  $\bigwedge$  i. L (r i) (w i)]  $\implies$  accept w
  ⟨proof⟩

  definition lang  $\equiv$  Collect (accept)
  lemma langI[intro?]: accept w  $\implies$  w  $\in$  lang ⟨proof⟩
end

definition gba-rename-ecnv ecnv f G  $\equiv$  (
  gba-L =  $\lambda$  q l.
  if q  $\in$  f'g-V G then
    gba-L G (the-inv-into (g-V G) f q) l
  else
    False,
  ... = ecnv G

```

▷

```
abbreviation gba-rename-ext eenv f ≡ gb-rename-ext (gba-rename-eenv eenv f) f

locale gba-rename-precond =
  gb-rename-precond G f gba-rename-eenv eenv f + gba G
  for G :: ('u,'L,'more) gba-rec-scheme
  and f :: 'u ⇒ 'v and eenv
begin
  lemma G'-gba-fields: gba-L G' = (λq l.
    if q ∈ f'V then L (f! q) l else False)
  ⟨proof⟩

  sublocale G': gba G'
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma L-sim1: [range r ⊆ V; L (r i) l] ⇒ G'.L (f (r i)) l
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma L-sim2: [ range r ⊆ f'V; G'.L (r i) l ] ⇒ L (f! (r i)) l
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma accept-eq[simp]: G'.accept = accept
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma lang-eq[simp]: G'.lang = lang
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma finite-G'-V:
    assumes finite V
    shows finite G'.V
  ⟨proof⟩

end
```

```
abbreviation gba-rename ≡ gba-rename-ext (λ-. ())
```

```
lemma gba-rename-correct:
  fixes G :: ('v,'l,'m) gba-rec-scheme
  assumes gba G
  assumes INJ: inj-on f (g-V G)
  defines G' ≡ gba-rename f G
  shows gba G'
  and finite (g-V G) ⇒ finite (g-V G')
  and gba.accept G' = gba.accept G
  and gba.lang G' = gba.lang G
  ⟨proof⟩
```

3.3 Buchi Graphs

A Buchi graph has exactly one acceptance class

```

record 'Q b-graph-rec = 'Q graph-rec +
  bg-F :: 'Q set

locale b-graph =
  graph G
  for G :: ('Q, 'more) b-graph-rec-scheme
  +
  assumes F-ss: bg-F G ⊆ V
begin
  abbreviation F where F ≡ bg-F G

  lemma is-b-graph: b-graph G ⟨proof⟩

  definition to-gbg-ext m
    ≡ () g-V = V,
      g-E=E,
      g-V0=V0,
      gbg-F = if F=UNIV then {} else {F},
      ... = m ()
  abbreviation to-gbg ≡ to-gbg-ext ()

  sublocale gbg: gb-graph to-gbg-ext m
    ⟨proof⟩

  definition is-acc :: 'Q word ⇒ bool where is-acc r ≡ (∃∞ i. r i ∈ F)
  definition is-acc-run where is-acc-run r ≡ is-run r ∧ is-acc r

  lemma to-gbg-alt:
    gbg.V T m = V
    gbg.E T m = E
    gbg.V0 T m = V0
    gbg.F T m = (if F=UNIV then {} else {F})
    gbg.is-run T m = is-run
    gbg.is-acc T m = is-acc
    gbg.is-acc-run T m = is-acc-run
    ⟨proof⟩

  end

```

3.4 Buchi Automata

Buchi automata are labeled Buchi graphs

```

record ('Q, 'L) ba-rec = 'Q b-graph-rec +
  ba-L :: 'Q ⇒ 'L ⇒ bool

```

```

locale ba =
  bg?: b-graph G
  for G :: ('Q,'L,'more) ba-rec-scheme
  +
  assumes L-ss: ba-L G q l  $\implies$  q  $\in$  V
begin
  abbreviation L where L == ba-L G

  lemma is-ba: ba G ⟨proof⟩

  abbreviation to-gba-ext m  $\equiv$  to-gbg-ext () gba-L = L, ...=m ()
  abbreviation to-gba  $\equiv$  to-gba-ext ()

  sublocale gba: gba to-gba-ext m
    ⟨proof⟩

  lemma ba-acc-simps[simp]: gba.L T m = L
    ⟨proof⟩

  definition accept w  $\equiv$  ( $\exists$  r. is-acc-run r  $\wedge$  ( $\forall$  i. L (r i) (w i)))
  definition lang  $\equiv$  Collect accept

  lemma to-gba-alt-accept:
    gba.accept T m = accept
    ⟨proof⟩

  lemma to-gba-alt-lang:
    gba.lang T m = lang
    ⟨proof⟩

  lemmas to-gba-alt = to-gbg-alt to-gba-alt-accept to-gba-alt-lang
end

```

3.5 Indexed acceptance classes

```

record 'Q igb-graph-rec = 'Q graph-rec +
  igbg-num-acc :: nat
  igbg-acc :: 'Q  $\Rightarrow$  nat set

locale igb-graph =
  graph G
  for G :: ('Q,'more) igb-graph-rec-scheme
  +
  assumes acc-bound:  $\bigcup$ (range (igbg-acc G))  $\subseteq$  {0..<(igbg-num-acc G)}
  assumes acc-ss: igbg-acc G q  $\neq$  {}  $\implies$  q  $\in$  V
begin
  abbreviation num-acc where num-acc  $\equiv$  igbg-num-acc G
  abbreviation acc where acc  $\equiv$  igbg-acc G

```

```

lemma is-igb-graph: igb-graph G  $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma acc-boundI[simp, intro]:  $x \in acc\ q \implies x < num\text{-}acc$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

definition accn i  $\equiv \{q . i \in acc\ q\}$ 
definition F  $\equiv \{ accn\ i \mid i . i < num\text{-}acc \}$ 

definition to-gbg-ext m
 $\equiv (\emptyset, g\text{-}V = V, g\text{-}E = E, g\text{-}V0 = V0, gbg\text{-}F = F, \dots = m)$ 

sublocale gbg: gb-graph to-gbg-ext m
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma to-gbg-alt1:
 $gbg.E\ T\ m = E$ 
 $gbg.V0\ T\ m = V0$ 
 $gbg.F\ T\ m = F$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma F-fin[simp,intro!]: finite F
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

definition is-acc :: 'Q word  $\Rightarrow$  bool
where is-acc r  $\equiv (\forall n < num\text{-}acc. \exists \infty i. n \in acc\ (r\ i))$ 
definition is-acc-run r  $\equiv is\text{-}run\ r \wedge is\text{-}acc\ r$ 

lemma is-run-gbg:
 $gbg.is\text{-}run\ T\ m = is\text{-}run$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma is-acc-gbg:
 $gbg.is\text{-}acc\ T\ m = is\text{-}acc$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma is-acc-run-gbg:
 $gbg.is\text{-}acc\text{-}run\ T\ m = is\text{-}acc\text{-}run$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemmas to-gbg-alt = to-gbg-alt1 is-run-gbg is-acc-gbg is-acc-run-gbg

lemma acc-limit-alt:
assumes FIN: finite (range r)
shows is-acc r  $\longleftrightarrow (\forall n < num\text{-}acc. limit\ r \cap accn\ n \neq \{\})$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma acc-limit-alt':

```

```

finite (range r) ==> is-acc r <=> (UNION (acc ` limit r) = {0..} )
⟨proof⟩

end

record ('Q,'L) igba-rec = 'Q igb-graph-rec +
  igba-L :: 'Q ⇒ 'L ⇒ bool

locale igba =
  igbg?: igb-graph G
  for G :: ('Q,'L,'more) igba-rec-scheme
  +
  assumes L-ss: igba-L G q l ==> q ∈ V
begin
  abbreviation L where L ≡ igba-L G

  lemma is-igba: igba G ⟨proof⟩

  abbreviation to-gba-ext m ≡ to-gbg-ext () gba-L = igba-L G, ...=m ()

  sublocale gba: gba to-gba-ext m
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma to-gba-alt-L:
    gba.L T m = L
  ⟨proof⟩

  definition accept w ≡ ∃ r. is-acc-run r ∧ (∀ i. L (r i) (w i))
  definition lang ≡ Collect accept

  lemma accept-gba-alt: gba.accept T m = accept
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma lang-gba-alt: gba.lang T m = lang
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemmas to-gba-alt = to-gbg-alt to-gba-alt-L accept-gba-alt lang-gba-alt

end

```

3.5.1 Indexing Conversion

```

definition F-to-idx :: 'Q set set ⇒ (nat × ('Q ⇒ nat set)) nres where
  F-to-idx F ≡ do {
    Flist ← SPEC (λFlist. distinct Flist ∧ set Flist = F);
    let num-acc = length Flist;
    let acc = (λv. {i . i < num-acc ∧ v ∈ Flist!i});
    RETURN (num-acc,acc)
  }

```

```

}

lemma F-to-idx-correct:
  shows F-to-idx F  $\leq$  SPEC ( $\lambda(\text{num-acc}, \text{acc})$ .  $F = \{ \{q. i \in \text{acc} q\} \mid i. i < \text{num-acc} \}$ 
   $\} \wedge \bigcup(\text{range acc}) \subseteq \{0..<\text{num-acc}\}$ )
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

definition mk-acc-impl Flist  $\equiv$  do {
  let acc = Map.empty;
  (-, acc)  $\leftarrow$  nfoldli Flist ( $\lambda(-). \text{True}$ ) ( $\lambda A (i, \text{acc})$ . do {
    acc  $\leftarrow$  FOREACHi ( $\lambda it \text{acc}'$ .
       $\text{acc}' = (\lambda v.$ 
        if  $v \in A - it$  then
          Some (insert i (the-default {} (acc v)))
        else
          acc v
      )
    )
    A ( $\lambda v \text{acc}. \text{RETURN} (\text{acc}(v \mapsto \text{insert } i (\text{the-default } \{} \text{acc } v \text{)}))$ ) acc;
    RETURN (Suc i, acc)
  }) (0, acc);
  RETURN ( $\lambda x. \text{the-default } \{} \text{acc } x \text{)}$ 
}
}

lemma mk-acc-impl-correct:
  assumes F: (Flist', Flist)  $\in$  Id
  assumes FIN:  $\forall A \in \text{set Flist}. \text{finite } A$ 
  shows mk-acc-impl Flist'  $\leq \Downarrow \text{Id} (\text{RETURN} (\lambda v. \{i . i < \text{length Flist} \wedge v \in \text{Flist}!i\}))$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

definition F-to-idx-impl :: 'Q set set  $\Rightarrow$  (nat  $\times$  ('Q  $\Rightarrow$  nat set)) nres where
  F-to-idx-impl F  $\equiv$  do {
    Flist  $\leftarrow$  SPEC ( $\lambda \text{Flist}. \text{distinct Flist} \wedge \text{set Flist} = F$ );
    let num-acc = length Flist;
    acc  $\leftarrow$  mk-acc-impl Flist;
    RETURN (num-acc, acc)
  }
}

lemma F-to-idx-refine:
  assumes FIN:  $\forall A \in F. \text{finite } A$ 
  shows F-to-idx-impl F  $\leq \Downarrow \text{Id} (F\text{-to-idx } F)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

definition gbg-to-idx-ext
  :: -  $\Rightarrow$  ('a, 'more) gb-graph-rec-scheme  $\Rightarrow$  ('a, 'more) igb-graph-rec-scheme nres
  where gbg-to-idx-ext eenv A = do {
    (num-acc, acc)  $\leftarrow$  F-to-idx-impl (gbg-F A);

```

```

RETURN () 
g-V = g-V A,
g-E = g-E A,
g-V0=g-V0 A,
igbg-num-acc = num-acc,
igbg-acc = acc,
... = ecnv A
)
}

lemma (in gb-graph) gbg-to-idx-ext-correct:
assumes [simp, intro]:  $\bigwedge A. A \in F \implies \text{finite } A$ 
shows gbg-to-idx-ext ecnv G  $\leq \text{SPEC} (\lambda G'.$ 
    igb-graph.is-acc-run G' = is-acc-run
     $\wedge g\text{-}V G' = V$ 
     $\wedge g\text{-}E G' = E$ 
     $\wedge g\text{-}V0 G' = V0$ 
     $\wedge \text{igb-graph-rec.more } G' = \text{ecnv } G$ 
     $\wedge \text{igb-graph } G'$ 
)
⟨proof⟩

abbreviation gbg-to-idx :: ('q,-) gb-graph-rec-scheme  $\Rightarrow 'q \text{ igb-graph-rec nres}$ 
where gbg-to-idx  $\equiv \text{gbg-to-idx-ext} (\lambda \_. ())$ 

definition ti-Lcnev where ti-Lcnev ecnv A  $\equiv () \text{ igba-L} = \text{gba-L } A, \dots = \text{ecnv } A ()$ 

abbreviation gba-to-idx-ext ecnv  $\equiv \text{gbg-to-idx-ext} (\text{ti-Lcnev ecnv})$ 
abbreviation gba-to-idx  $\equiv \text{gba-to-idx-ext} (\lambda \_. ())$ 

lemma (in gba) gba-to-idx-ext-correct:
assumes [simp, intro]:  $\bigwedge A. A \in F \implies \text{finite } A$ 
shows gba-to-idx-ext ecnv G  $\leq$ 
    SPEC (λG'.
        igba.accept G' = accept
         $\wedge g\text{-}V G' = V$ 
         $\wedge g\text{-}E G' = E$ 
         $\wedge g\text{-}V0 G' = V0$ 
         $\wedge \text{igba-rec.more } G' = \text{ecnv } G$ 
         $\wedge \text{igba } G')$ 
    ⟨proof⟩

corollary (in gba) gba-to-idx-ext-lang-correct:
assumes [simp, intro]:  $\bigwedge A. A \in F \implies \text{finite } A$ 
shows gba-to-idx-ext ecnv G  $\leq$ 
    SPEC (λG'. igba.lang G' = lang  $\wedge \text{igba-rec.more } G' = \text{ecnv } G \wedge \text{igba } G')$ 
    ⟨proof⟩

```

3.5.2 Degeneralization

context *igb-graph*
begin

definition *degeneralize-ext* :: - \Rightarrow (*'Q* \times *nat*, -) *b-graph-rec-scheme* **where**
degeneralize-ext *ecnv* \equiv
if *num-acc* = 0 *then* ()
g-V = *V* \times {0},
g-E = {((*q*, 0), (*q'*, 0)) | *q q'.* (*q, q'*) \in *E*},
g-V0 = *V0* \times {0},
bg-F = *V* \times {0},
... = *ecnv G*
()
else ()
g-V = *V* \times {0..<*num-acc*},
g-E = { ((*q, i*), (*q', i'*)) | *i i' q q'.*
i < num-acc
*^ (q, q') \in *E**
*^ *i' = (if i* \in *acc q then (i+1) mod num-acc else i)* } },
g-V0 = *V0* \times {0},
bg-F = {(*q, 0*) | *q. 0* \in *acc q*},
... = *ecnv G*
()*

abbreviation *degeneralize* **where** *degeneralize* \equiv *degeneralize-ext* (λ -().())

lemma *degen-more*[simp]: *b-graph-rec.more* (*degeneralize-ext* *ecnv*) = *ecnv G*
<proof>

lemma *degen-invar*: *b-graph* (*degeneralize-ext* *ecnv*)
<proof>

sublocale *degen*: *b-graph* *degeneralize-ext m* *<proof>*

lemma *degen-finite-reachable*:
assumes [simp, intro]: *finite* (*E** “ *V0*)
shows *finite* ((*g-E* (*degeneralize-ext* *ecnv*)))^{*} “ *g-V0* (*degeneralize-ext* *ecnv*))
<proof>

lemma *degen-is-run-sound*:
degen.is-run T m r \implies *is-run (fst o r)*
<proof>

lemma *degen-path-sound*:
assumes *path* (*degen.E T m*) *u p v*
shows *path E (fst u) (map fst p) (fst v)*
<proof>

lemma *degen-V0-sound*:

```

assumes  $u \in \text{degen.V0 } T m$ 
shows  $\text{fst } u \in V0$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma degen-visit-acc:
assumes path ( $\text{degen.E } T m$ )  $(q,n) p (q',n')$ 
assumes  $n \neq n'$ 
shows  $\exists qa. (qa,n) \in \text{set } p \wedge n \in \text{acc } qa$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma degen-run-complete0:
assumes [simp]: num-acc = 0
assumes R: is-run r
shows degen.is-run T m ( $\lambda i. (r i, 0)$ )
⟨proof⟩

lemma degen-acc-run-complete0:
assumes [simp]: num-acc = 0
assumes R: is-acc-run r
shows degen.is-acc-run T m ( $\lambda i. (r i, 0)$ )
⟨proof⟩

lemma degen-run-complete:
assumes [simp]: num-acc ≠ 0
assumes R: is-run r
shows  $\exists r'. \text{degen.is-run } T m r' \wedge r = \text{fst } o r'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma degen-run-bound:
assumes [simp]: num-acc ≠ 0
assumes R: degen.is-run T m r
shows snd (r i) < num-acc
⟨proof⟩

lemma degen-acc-run-complete-aux1:
assumes NN0[simp]: num-acc ≠ 0
assumes R: degen.is-run T m r
assumes EXJ:  $\exists j \geq i. n \in \text{acc } (\text{fst } (r j))$ 
assumes RI:  $r i = (q, n)$ 
shows  $\exists j \geq i. \exists q'. r j = (q', n) \wedge n \in \text{acc } q'$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma degen-acc-run-complete-aux1':
assumes NN0[simp]: num-acc ≠ 0
assumes R: degen.is-run T m r
assumes ACC:  $\forall n < \text{num-acc}. \exists_{\infty} i. n \in \text{acc } (\text{fst } (r i))$ 
assumes RI:  $r i = (q, n)$ 
shows  $\exists j \geq i. \exists q'. r j = (q', n) \wedge n \in \text{acc } q'$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

```

lemma degen-acc-run-complete-aux2:
  assumes NN0[simp]: num-acc  $\neq 0$ 
  assumes R: degen.is-run T m r
  assumes ACC:  $\forall n < \text{num-acc}. \exists_{\infty} i. n \in \text{acc} (\text{fst} (r i))$ 
  assumes RI:  $r i = (q, n)$  and OFS:  $ofs < \text{num-acc}$ 
  shows  $\exists j \geq i. \exists q'. r j = (q', (n + ofs) \bmod \text{num-acc}) \wedge (n + ofs) \bmod \text{num-acc} \in \text{acc} q'$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma degen-acc-run-complete:
  assumes AR: is-acc-run r
  obtains r'
  where degen.is-acc-run T m r' and r = fst o r'
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma degen-run-find-change:
  assumes NN0[simp]: num-acc  $\neq 0$ 
  assumes R: degen.is-run T m r
  assumes A:  $i \leq j \quad r i = (q, n) \quad r j = (q', n') \quad n \neq n'$ 
  obtains k qk where  $i \leq k \quad k < j \quad r k = (qk, n) \quad n \in \text{acc} qk$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma degen-run-find-acc-aux:
  assumes NN0[simp]: num-acc  $\neq 0$ 
  assumes AR: degen.is-acc-run T m r
  assumes A:  $r i = (q, 0) \quad 0 \in \text{acc} q \quad n < \text{num-acc}$ 
  shows  $\exists j qj. i \leq j \wedge r j = (qj, n) \wedge n \in \text{acc} qj$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma degen-acc-run-sound:
  assumes A: degen.is-acc-run T m r
  shows is-acc-run (fst o r)
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma degen-acc-run-iff:
  is-acc-run r  $\longleftrightarrow$  ( $\exists r'. \text{fst} o r' = r \wedge \text{degen.is-acc-run } T m r'$ )
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

end

3.6 System Automata

System automata are (finite) rooted graphs with a labeling function. They are used to describe the model (system) to be checked.

```

record ('Q,'L) sa-rec = 'Q graph-rec +
  sa-L :: 'Q  $\Rightarrow$  'L

```

```

locale sa =
  g?: graph G
  for G :: ('Q, 'L, 'more) sa-rec-scheme
begin

  abbreviation L where L ≡ sa-L G

  definition accept w ≡ ∃ r. is-run r ∧ w = L o r

  lemma acceptI[intro?]: [is-run r; w = L o r] ==> accept w ⟨proof⟩

  definition lang ≡ Collect accept

  lemma langI[intro?]: accept w ==> w ∈ lang ⟨proof⟩

end

```

3.6.1 Product Construction

In this section we formalize the product construction between a GBA and a system automaton. The result is a GBG and a projection function, such that projected runs of the GBG correspond to words accepted by the GBA and the system.

```

locale igba-sys-prod-precond = igba: igba G + sa: sa S for
  G :: ('q,'l,'moreG) igba-rec-scheme
  and S :: ('s,'l,'moreS) sa-rec-scheme
begin

  definition prod ≡ ⟨⟩
  g-V = igba.V × sa.V,
  g-E = { ((q,s),(q',s')). 
    igba.L q (sa.L s) ∧ (q,q') ∈ igba.E ∧ (s,s') ∈ sa.E },
  g-V0 = igba.V0 × sa.V0,
  igbg-num-acc = igba.num-acc,
  igbg-acc = (λ(q,s). if s ∈ sa.V then igba.acc q else {} ) ⟨⟩

  lemma prod-invar: igb-graph prod
  ⟨proof⟩

  sublocale prod: igb-graph prod ⟨proof⟩

  lemma prod-finite-reachable:
  assumes finite (igba.E* “ igba.V0) finite (sa.E* “ sa.V0)
  shows finite ((g-E prod)* “ g-V0 prod)
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma prod-fields:

```

```

prod.V = igba.V × sa.V
prod.E = { ((q,s),(q',s')). 
    igba.L q (sa.L s) ∧ (q,q') ∈ igba.E ∧ (s,s') ∈ sa.E }
prod.V0 = igba.V0 × sa.V0
prod.num-acc = igba.num-acc
prod.acc = (λ(q,s). if s ∈ sa.V then igba.acc q else {} )
⟨proof⟩

lemma prod-run: prod.is-run r ↔
    igba.is-run (fst o r)
    ∧ sa.is-run (snd o r)
    ∧ (∀ i. igba.L (fst (r i)) (sa.L (snd (r i)))) (is ?L=?R)
⟨proof⟩

lemma prod-acc:
    assumes A: range (snd o r) ⊆ sa.V
    shows prod.is-acc r ↔ igba.is-acc (fst o r)
⟨proof⟩

lemma gsp-correct1:
    assumes A: prod.is-acc-run r
    shows sa.is-run (snd o r) ∧ (sa.L o snd o r ∈ igba.lang)
⟨proof⟩

lemma gsp-correct2:
    assumes A: sa.is-run r    sa.L o r ∈ igba.lang
    shows ∃ r'. r = snd o r' ∧ prod.is-acc-run r'
⟨proof⟩

end

end

```

4 Lassos

```

theory Lasso
imports Automata
begin

```

```

record 'v lasso =
  lasso-reach :: 'v list
  lasso-va :: 'v
  lasso-cysfx :: 'v list

```

```

definition lasso-v0 L ≡ case lasso-reach L of [] ⇒ lasso-va L | (v0 # -) ⇒ v0
definition lasso-cycle where lasso-cycle L = lasso-va L # lasso-cysfx L

```

```

definition lasso-of-prpl prpl ≡ case prpl of (pr,pl) ⇒ ()

```

```

 $lasso\text{-}reach = pr,$ 
 $lasso\text{-}va = hd\ pl,$ 
 $lasso\text{-}cysfx = tl\ pl \)$ 

```

definition $prpl\text{-}of\text{-}lasso\ L \equiv (lasso\text{-}reach\ L, lasso\text{-}va\ L \# lasso\text{-}cysfx\ L)$

lemma $prpl\text{-}of\text{-}lasso\text{-}simps[simp]$:
 $\text{fst}\ (prpl\text{-}of\text{-}lasso\ L) = lasso\text{-}reach\ L$
 $\text{snd}\ (prpl\text{-}of\text{-}lasso\ L) = lasso\text{-}va\ L \# lasso\text{-}cysfx\ L$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $lasso\text{-}of\text{-}prpl\text{-}simps[simp]$:
 $lasso\text{-}reach\ (lasso\text{-}of\text{-}prpl\ prpl) = \text{fst}\ prpl$
 $\text{snd}\ prpl \neq [] \implies lasso\text{-}cycle\ (lasso\text{-}of\text{-}prpl\ prpl) = \text{snd}\ prpl$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

definition $run\text{-}of\text{-}lasso :: 'q\ lasso \Rightarrow 'q\ word$

— Run described by a lasso
where $run\text{-}of\text{-}lasso\ L \equiv lasso\text{-}reach\ L \smallfrown (lasso\text{-}cycle\ L)^\omega$

lemma $run\text{-}of\text{-}lasso\text{-}of\text{-}prpl$:
 $pl \neq [] \implies run\text{-}of\text{-}lasso\ (lasso\text{-}of\text{-}prpl\ (pr,\ pl)) = pr \smallfrown pl^\omega$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

definition $map\text{-}lasso\ f\ L \equiv ()$
 $lasso\text{-}reach = map\ f\ (lasso\text{-}reach\ L),$
 $lasso\text{-}va = f\ (lasso\text{-}va\ L),$
 $lasso\text{-}cysfx = map\ f\ (lasso\text{-}cysfx\ L)$
 $\)$

lemma $map\text{-}lasso\text{-}simps[simp]$:
 $lasso\text{-}reach\ (map\text{-}lasso\ f\ L) = map\ f\ (lasso\text{-}reach\ L)$
 $lasso\text{-}va\ (map\text{-}lasso\ f\ L) = f\ (lasso\text{-}va\ L)$
 $lasso\text{-}cysfx\ (map\text{-}lasso\ f\ L) = map\ f\ (lasso\text{-}cysfx\ L)$
 $lasso\text{-}v0\ (map\text{-}lasso\ f\ L) = f\ (lasso\text{-}v0\ L)$
 $lasso\text{-}cycle\ (map\text{-}lasso\ f\ L) = map\ f\ (lasso\text{-}cycle\ L)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $map\text{-}lasso\text{-}run[simp]$:
shows $run\text{-}of\text{-}lasso\ (map\text{-}lasso\ f\ L) = f\ o\ (run\text{-}of\text{-}lasso\ L)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

context $graph$ **begin**
definition $is\text{-}lasso\text{-}pre :: 'v\ lasso \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where $is\text{-}lasso\text{-}pre\ L \equiv$
 $lasso\text{-}v0\ L \in V0$

```

 $\wedge \text{path } E (\text{lasso-}v0 L) (\text{lasso-reach } L) (\text{lasso-}va L)$ 
 $\wedge \text{path } E (\text{lasso-}va L) (\text{lasso-cycle } L) (\text{lasso-}va L)$ 

definition is-lasso-prpl-pre prpl  $\equiv$  case prpl of (pr, pl)  $\Rightarrow \exists v0 va.$ 
 $v0 \in V0$ 
 $\wedge pl \neq []$ 
 $\wedge \text{path } E v0 pr va$ 
 $\wedge \text{path } E va pl va$ 

lemma is-lasso-pre-prpl-of-lasso[simp]:
is-lasso-prpl-pre (prpl-of-lasso L)  $\longleftrightarrow$  is-lasso-pre L
<proof>

lemma is-lasso-prpl-pre-conv:
is-lasso-prpl-pre prpl
 $\longleftrightarrow$  (snd prpl  $\neq []$   $\wedge$  is-lasso-pre (lasso-of-prpl prpl))
<proof>

lemma is-lasso-pre-empty[simp]: V0 = {}  $\Longrightarrow \neg \text{is-lasso-pre } L
<proof>

lemma run-of-lasso-pre:
assumes is-lasso-pre L
shows is-run (run-of-lasso L)
and run-of-lasso L 0  $\in$  V0
<proof>

end

context gb-graph begin
definition is-lasso
 $:: 'Q lasso \Rightarrow bool$ 
— Predicate that defines a lasso
where is-lasso L  $\equiv$ 
is-lasso-pre L
 $\wedge (\forall A \in F. (set (\text{lasso-cycle } L)) \cap A \neq \{\})$ 

definition is-lasso-prpl prpl  $\equiv$ 
is-lasso-prpl-pre prpl
 $\wedge (\forall A \in F. set (\text{snd } prpl) \cap A \neq \{\})$ 

lemma is-lasso-prpl-of-lasso[simp]:
is-lasso-prpl (prpl-of-lasso L)  $\longleftrightarrow$  is-lasso L
<proof>

lemma is-lasso-prpl-conv:
is-lasso-prpl prpl  $\longleftrightarrow$  (snd prpl  $\neq []$   $\wedge$  is-lasso (lasso-of-prpl prpl))$ 
```

```

⟨proof⟩

lemma is-lasso-empty[simp]:  $V0 = \{\} \implies \neg \text{is-lasso } L$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma lasso-accepted:
  assumes  $L : \text{is-lasso } L$ 
  shows is-acc-run (run-of-lasso  $L$ )
⟨proof⟩

lemma lasso-prpl-acc-run:
  is-lasso-prpl ( $pr, pl$ )  $\implies$  is-acc-run ( $pr \frown \text{iter } pl$ )
⟨proof⟩

end

context gb-graph
begin
  lemma accepted-lasso:
    assumes [simp, intro]: finite ( $E^* `` V0$ )
    assumes  $A : \text{is-acc-run } r$ 
    shows  $\exists L. \text{is-lasso } L$ 
  ⟨proof⟩
end

context b-graph
begin
  definition is-lasso where  $\text{is-lasso } L \equiv$ 
    is-lasso-pre  $L$ 
     $\wedge (\text{set}(\text{lasso-cycle } L)) \cap F \neq \{\}$ 

  definition is-lasso-prpl where  $\text{is-lasso-prpl } L \equiv$ 
    is-lasso-prpl-pre  $L$ 
     $\wedge (\text{set}(\text{snd } L)) \cap F \neq \{\}$ 

  lemma is-lasso-pre-ext[simp]:
    gbg.is-lasso-pre  $T m = \text{is-lasso-pre}$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma is-lasso-gbg:
    gbg.is-lasso  $T m = \text{is-lasso}$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

lemmas lasso-accepted = gbg.lasso-accepted[unfolded to-gbg-alt is-lasso-gbg]
lemmas accepted-lasso = gbg.accepted-lasso[unfolded to-gbg-alt is-lasso-gbg]

lemma is-lasso-prpl-of-lasso[simp]:
  is-lasso-prpl (prpl-of-lasso  $L$ )  $\longleftrightarrow$  is-lasso  $L$ 

```

```

⟨proof⟩

lemma is-lasso-prpl-conv:
  is-lasso-prpl prpl  $\longleftrightarrow$  (snd prpl $\neq$ []  $\wedge$  is-lasso (lasso-of-prpl prpl))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma lasso-prpl-acc-run:
  is-lasso-prpl (pr, pl)  $\implies$  is-acc-run (pr ⊢ iter pl)
  ⟨proof⟩

end

context igb-graph begin

definition is-lasso L  $\equiv$ 
  is-lasso-pre L
   $\wedge$  ( $\forall i < \text{num-acc}$ .  $\exists q \in \text{set} (\text{lasso-cycle } L)$ .  $i \in \text{acc } q$ )

definition is-lasso-prpl L  $\equiv$ 
  is-lasso-prpl-pre L
   $\wedge$  ( $\forall i < \text{num-acc}$ .  $\exists q \in \text{set} (\text{snd } L)$ .  $i \in \text{acc } q$ )

lemma is-lasso-prpl-of-lasso[simp]:
  is-lasso-prpl (prpl-of-lasso L)  $\longleftrightarrow$  is-lasso L
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma is-lasso-prpl-conv:
  is-lasso-prpl prpl  $\longleftrightarrow$  (snd prpl $\neq$ []  $\wedge$  is-lasso (lasso-of-prpl prpl))
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma is-lasso-pre-ext[simp]:
  gbg.is-lasso-pre T m = is-lasso-pre
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma is-lasso-gbg: gbg.is-lasso T m = is-lasso
  ⟨proof⟩

lemmas lasso-accepted = gbg.lasso-accepted[unfolded to-gbg-alt is-lasso-gbg]
lemmas accepted-lasso = gbg.accepted-lasso[unfolded to-gbg-alt is-lasso-gbg]

lemma lasso-prpl-acc-run:
  is-lasso-prpl (pr, pl)  $\implies$  is-acc-run (pr ⊢ iter pl)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma degen-lasso-sound:
  assumes A: degen.is-lasso T m L
  shows is-lasso (map-lasso fst L)
  ⟨proof⟩

end

```

definition *lasso-rel-ext-internal-def*: $\bigwedge \text{Re } R. \text{lasso-rel-ext } \text{Re } R \equiv \{$
 $(\emptyset \text{ lasso-reach} = r', \text{lasso-va} = va', \text{lasso-cysfx} = cysfx', \dots = m') \text{,}$
 $(\emptyset \text{ lasso-reach} = r, \text{lasso-va} = va, \text{lasso-cysfx} = cysfx, \dots = m) \mid$
 $r' r va' \text{ cysfx' cysfx m' m.}$
 $(r', r) \in \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel}$
 $\wedge (va', va) \in R$
 $\wedge (cysfx', cysfx) \in \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel}$
 $\wedge (m', m) \in \text{Re}$
 $\}$

lemma *lasso-rel-ext-def*: $\bigwedge \text{Re } R. \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext} = \{$
 $(\emptyset \text{ lasso-reach} = r', \text{lasso-va} = va', \text{lasso-cysfx} = cysfx', \dots = m') \text{,}$
 $(\emptyset \text{ lasso-reach} = r, \text{lasso-va} = va, \text{lasso-cysfx} = cysfx, \dots = m) \mid$
 $r' r va' \text{ cysfx' cysfx m' m.}$
 $(r', r) \in \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel}$
 $\wedge (va', va) \in R$
 $\wedge (cysfx', cysfx) \in \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel}$
 $\wedge (m', m) \in \text{Re}$
 $\}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *lasso-rel-ext-sv[relator-props]*:
 $\bigwedge \text{Re } R. [\text{single-valued Re; single-valued R}] \implies \text{single-valued } (\langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext})$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *lasso-rel-ext-id[relator-props]*:
 $\bigwedge \text{Re } R. [\text{Re} = \text{Id; R} = \text{Id}] \implies \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext} = \text{Id}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

consts *i-lasso-ext* :: interface \Rightarrow interface \Rightarrow interface

lemmas [*autoref-rel-intf*] = REL-INTFI[*of lasso-rel-ext i-lasso-ext*]

find-consts (-,-) *lasso-scheme*
term *lasso-reach-update*

lemma *lasso-param[param, autoref-rules]*:
 $\bigwedge \text{Re } R. (\text{lasso-reach}, \text{lasso-reach}) \in \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext} \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel}$
 $\bigwedge \text{Re } R. (\text{lasso-va}, \text{lasso-va}) \in \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext} \rightarrow R$
 $\bigwedge \text{Re } R. (\text{lasso-cysfx}, \text{lasso-cysfx}) \in \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext} \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel}$
 $\bigwedge \text{Re } R. (\text{lasso-ext}, \text{lasso-ext})$
 $\quad \in \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel} \rightarrow R \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel} \rightarrow \text{Re} \rightarrow \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext}$
 $\bigwedge \text{Re } R. (\text{lasso-reach-update}, \text{lasso-reach-update})$
 $\quad \in (\langle R \rangle \text{list-rel} \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel}) \rightarrow \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext} \rightarrow \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext}$
 $\bigwedge \text{Re } R. (\text{lasso-va-update}, \text{lasso-va-update})$
 $\quad \in (R \rightarrow R) \rightarrow \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext} \rightarrow \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext}$

```

 $\wedge \text{Re } R. (\text{lasso-cysfx-update}, \text{lasso-cysfx-update})$ 
 $\in (\langle R \rangle \text{list-rel} \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel}) \rightarrow \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext} \rightarrow \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext}$ 
 $\wedge \text{Re } R. (\text{lasso.more-update}, \text{lasso.more-update})$ 
 $\in (\text{Re} \rightarrow \text{Re}) \rightarrow \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext} \rightarrow \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext}$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma lasso-param2[param, autoref-rules]:
 $\wedge \text{Re } R. (\text{lasso-v0}, \text{lasso-v0}) \in \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext} \rightarrow R$ 
 $\wedge \text{Re } R. (\text{lasso-cycle}, \text{lasso-cycle}) \in \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext} \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel}$ 
 $\wedge \text{Re } R. (\text{map-lasso}, \text{map-lasso})$ 
 $\in (R \rightarrow R') \rightarrow \langle \text{Re}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext} \rightarrow \langle \text{unit-rel}, R' \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext}$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma lasso-of-prpl-param:  $\llbracket (l', l) \in \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel} \times_r \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel}; \text{snd } l \neq [] \rrbracket$ 
 $\implies (\text{lasso-of-prpl } l', \text{lasso-of-prpl } l) \in \langle \text{unit-rel}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext}$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```
context begin interpretation autoref-syn  $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 
```

```

lemma lasso-of-prpl-autoref[autoref-rules]:
assumes SIDE-PRECOND ( $\text{snd } l \neq []$ )
assumes  $(l', l) \in \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel} \times_r \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel}$ 
shows  $(\text{lasso-of-prpl } l',$ 
 $(OP \text{ lasso-of-prpl}$ 
 $::: \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel} \times_r \langle R \rangle \text{list-rel} \rightarrow \langle \text{unit-rel}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext})\$l)$ 
 $\in \langle \text{unit-rel}, R \rangle \text{lasso-rel-ext}$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```
end
```

4.1 Implementing runs by lassos

```

definition lasso-run-rel-def-internal:
 $\text{lasso-run-rel } R \equiv \text{br run-of-lasso } (\lambda-. \text{ True}) \text{ O } (\text{nat-rel} \rightarrow R)$ 
lemma lasso-run-rel-def:
 $\langle R \rangle \text{lasso-run-rel} = \text{br run-of-lasso } (\lambda-. \text{ True}) \text{ O } (\text{nat-rel} \rightarrow R)$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma lasso-run-rel-sv[relator-props]:
 $\text{single-valued } R \implies \text{single-valued } (\langle R \rangle \text{lasso-run-rel})$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```
consts i-run :: interface  $\Rightarrow$  interface
```

```
lemmas [autoref-rel-intf] = REL-INTFI[of lasso-run-rel i-run]
```

```
definition [simp]: op-map-run  $\equiv (o)$ 
```

```

lemma [autoref-op-pat]: ( $\mathbf{o}$ )  $\equiv$  op-map-run  $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma map-lasso-run-refine[autoref-rules]:
shows (map-lasso, op-map-run)  $\in (R \rightarrow R') \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{lasso-run-rel} \rightarrow \langle R' \rangle \text{lasso-run-rel}$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

end

```

5 Simulation

```

theory Simulation
imports Automata
begin

lemma finite-ImageI:
assumes finite  $A$ 
assumes  $\bigwedge a. a \in A \implies \text{finite } (R `` \{a\})$ 
shows finite  $(R `` A)$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

6 Simulation

6.1 Functional Relations

```

definition the-br- $\alpha$   $R \equiv \lambda x. \text{SOME } y. (x, y) \in R$ 
abbreviation (input) the-br-invar  $R \equiv \lambda x. x \in \text{Domain } R$ 

```

```

lemma the-br[simp]:
assumes single-valued  $R$ 
shows br (the-br- $\alpha$   $R$ ) (the-br-invar  $R$ ) =  $R$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma the-br-br[simp]:
 $I x \implies \text{the-br-}\alpha (\text{br } \alpha I) x = \alpha x$ 
the-br-invar (br  $\alpha I$ ) =  $I$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

6.2 Relation between Runs

```

definition run-rel ::  $('a \times 'b) \text{ set} \Rightarrow ('a \text{ word} \times 'b \text{ word}) \text{ set}$  where
run-rel  $R \equiv \{(ra, rb). \forall i. (ra i, rb i) \in R\}$ 

```

```

lemma run-rel-converse[simp]:  $(ra, rb) \in \text{run-rel } (R^{-1}) \iff (rb, ra) \in \text{run-rel } R$ 
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma run-rel-single-valued: single-valued  $R$ 

```

$\implies (ra, rb) \in \text{run-rel } R \longleftrightarrow ((\forall i. \text{the-br-invar } R (ra i)) \wedge rb = \text{the-br-}\alpha R o ra)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

6.3 Simulation

```

locale simulation =
  a: graph A +
  b: graph B
  for R :: ('a × 'b) set
  and A :: ('a, -) graph-rec-scheme
  and B :: ('b, -) graph-rec-scheme
  +
  assumes nodes-sim: a ∈ a.V  $\implies$  (a, b) ∈ R  $\implies$  b ∈ b.V
  assumes init-sim: a0 ∈ a.V0  $\implies$  ∃ b0. b0 ∈ b.V0  $\wedge$  (a0, b0) ∈ R
  assumes step-sim: (a, a') ∈ a.E  $\implies$  (a, b) ∈ R  $\implies$  ∃ b'. (b, b') ∈ b.E  $\wedge$  (a', b') ∈ R
  begin

    lemma simulation-this: simulation R A B  $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

    lemma run-sim:
      assumes arun: a.is-run ra
      obtains rb where b.is-run rb   (ra, rb) ∈ run-rel R
       $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

    lemma stuck-sim:
      assumes (a, b) ∈ R
      assumes b ∉ Domain b.E
      shows a ∉ Domain a.E
       $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

    lemma run-Domain: a.is-run r  $\implies$  r i ∈ Domain R
       $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

    lemma br-run-sim:
      assumes R = br α I
      assumes a.is-run r
      shows b.is-run (α o r)
       $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

    lemma is-reachable-sim: a ∈ a.E* “ a.V0  $\implies$  ∃ b. (a, b) ∈ R  $\wedge$  b ∈ b.E* “ b.V0
       $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

    lemma reachable-sim: a.E* “ a.V0 ⊆ R-1 “ b.E* “ b.V0
       $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

    lemma reachable-finite-sim:
```

```

assumes finite (b.E* `` b.V0)
assumes  $\bigwedge b. b \in b.E^* `` b.V0 \implies \text{finite } (R^{-1} `` \{b\})$ 
shows finite (a.E* `` a.V0)
⟨proof⟩

end

lemma simulation-trans[trans]:
  assumes simulation R1 A B
  assumes simulation R2 B C
  shows simulation (R1 O R2) A C
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in graph) simulation-refl[simp]: simulation Id G G ⟨proof⟩

locale lsimulation =
  a: sa A +
  b: sa B +
  simulation R A B
  for R :: ('a × 'b) set
  and A :: ('a, 'l, -) sa-rec-scheme
  and B :: ('b, 'l, -) sa-rec-scheme
  +
  assumes labeling-consistent: (a, b) ∈ R  $\implies a.L a = b.L b$ 
begin

  lemma lsimulation-this: lsimulation R A B ⟨proof⟩

  lemma run-rel-consistent: (ra, rb) ∈ run-rel R  $\implies a.L o ra = b.L o rb$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

  lemma accept-sim: a.accept w  $\implies b.accept w$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

end

lemma lsimulation-trans[trans]:
  assumes lsimulation R1 A B
  assumes lsimulation R2 B C
  shows lsimulation (R1 O R2) A C
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in sa) lsimulation-refl[simp]: lsimulation Id G G ⟨proof⟩

```

6.4 Bisimulation

```

locale bisimulation =
  a: graph A +
  b: graph B +

```

```

s1: simulation R A B +
s2: simulation R-1 B A
for R :: ('a × 'b) set
and A :: ('a, -) graph-rec-scheme
and B :: ('b, -) graph-rec-scheme
begin

lemma bisimulation-this: bisimulation R A B ⟨proof⟩

lemma converse: bisimulation (R-1) B A
⟨proof⟩

lemma br-run-conv:
assumes R = br α I
shows b.is-run rb  $\longleftrightarrow$  (exists ra. rb=α o ra ∧ a.is-run ra)
⟨proof⟩

lemma bri-run-conv:
assumes R = (br γ I)-1
shows a.is-run ra  $\longleftrightarrow$  (exists rb. ra=γ o rb ∧ b.is-run rb)
⟨proof⟩

lemma inj-map-run-eq:
assumes inj α
assumes E: α o r1 = α o r2
shows r1 = r2
⟨proof⟩

lemma br-inj-run-conv:
assumes INJ: inj α
assumes [simp]: R = br α I
shows b.is-run (α o ra)  $\longleftrightarrow$  a.is-run ra
⟨proof⟩

lemma single-valued-run-conv:
assumes single-valued R
shows b.is-run rb
 $\longleftrightarrow$  (exists ra. rb=the-br-α R o ra ∧ a.is-run ra)
⟨proof⟩

lemma stuck-bisim:
assumes A: (a, b) ∈ R
shows a ∈ Domain a.E  $\longleftrightarrow$  b ∈ Domain b.E
⟨proof⟩

end

lemma bisimulation-trans[trans]:
assumes bisimulation R1 A B

```

```

assumes bisimulation R2 B C
shows bisimulation (R1 O R2) A C
⟨proof⟩

lemma (in graph) bisimulation-refl[simp]: bisimulation Id G G ⟨proof⟩

locale lbisimulation =
  a: sa A +
  b: sa B +
  s1: lsimulation R A B +
  s2: lsimulation R-1 B A +
  bisimulation R A B
  for R :: ('a × 'b) set
  and A :: ('a, 'l, -) sa-rec-scheme
  and B :: ('b, 'l, -) sa-rec-scheme
begin

  lemma lbisimulation-this: lbisimulation R A B ⟨proof⟩

  lemma accept-bisim: a.accept = b.accept
  ⟨proof⟩

end

lemma lbisimulation-trans[trans]:
  assumes lbisimulation R1 A B
  assumes lbisimulation R2 B C
  shows lbisimulation (R1 O R2) A C
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma (in sa) lbisimulation-refl[simp]: lbisimulation Id G G ⟨proof⟩

end
theory Step-Conv
imports Main
begin

  definition rel-of-pred s ≡ {(a,b). s a b}
  definition rel-of-success s ≡ {(a,b). b ∈ s a}

  definition pred-of-rel s ≡ λa b. (a,b) ∈ s
  definition pred-of-success s ≡ λa b. b ∈ s a

  definition succ-of-rel s ≡ λa. {b. (a,b) ∈ s}
  definition succ-of-pred s ≡ λa. {b. s a b}

  lemma rps-expand[simp]:
    (a,b) ∈ rel-of-pred p ↔ p a b

```

$(a,b) \in \text{rel-of-succ } s \longleftrightarrow b \in s a$

$\text{pred-of-rel } r a b \longleftrightarrow (a,b) \in r$
 $\text{pred-of-succ } s a b \longleftrightarrow b \in s a$

$b \in \text{succ-of-rel } r a \longleftrightarrow (a,b) \in r$
 $b \in \text{succ-of-pred } p a \longleftrightarrow p a b$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $rps\text{-conv}[simp]$:

$\text{rel-of-pred } (\text{pred-of-rel } r) = r$
 $\text{rel-of-pred } (\text{pred-of-succ } s) = \text{rel-of-succ } s$

$\text{rel-of-succ } (\text{succ-of-rel } r) = r$
 $\text{rel-of-succ } (\text{succ-of-pred } p) = \text{rel-of-pred } p$

$\text{pred-of-rel } (\text{rel-of-pred } p) = p$
 $\text{pred-of-rel } (\text{rel-of-succ } s) = \text{pred-of-succ } s$

$\text{pred-of-succ } (\text{succ-of-pred } p) = p$
 $\text{pred-of-succ } (\text{succ-of-rel } r) = \text{pred-of-rel } r$

$\text{succ-of-rel } (\text{rel-of-succ } s) = s$
 $\text{succ-of-rel } (\text{rel-of-pred } p) = \text{succ-of-pred } p$

$\text{succ-of-pred } (\text{pred-of-succ } s) = s$
 $\text{succ-of-pred } (\text{pred-of-rel } r) = \text{succ-of-rel } r$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition $m2r\text{-rel} :: ('a \times 'a \text{ option}) \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ option rel}$
where $m2r\text{-rel } r \equiv \{(Some a, b) | a b. (a, b) \in r\}$

definition $m2r\text{-pred} :: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ option} \Rightarrow \text{bool}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ option} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ option} \Rightarrow \text{bool}$
where $m2r\text{-pred } p \equiv \lambda \text{None} \Rightarrow \lambda \text{-}. \text{False} \mid \lambda \text{Some } a \Rightarrow p a$

definition $m2r\text{-succ} :: ('a \Rightarrow 'a \text{ option set}) \Rightarrow 'a \text{ option} \Rightarrow 'a \text{ option set}$
where $m2r\text{-succ } s \equiv \lambda \text{None} \Rightarrow \{\} \mid \lambda \text{Some } a \Rightarrow s a$

lemma $m2r\text{-expand}[simp]$:

$(a,b) \in m2r\text{-rel } r \longleftrightarrow (\exists a'. a = Some a' \wedge (a',b) \in r)$
 $m2r\text{-pred } p a b \longleftrightarrow (\exists a'. a = Some a' \wedge p a' b)$
 $b \in m2r\text{-succ } s a \longleftrightarrow (\exists a'. a = Some a' \wedge b \in s a')$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $m2r\text{-conv}[simp]$:

$m2r\text{-rel } (\text{rel-of-succ } s) = \text{rel-of-succ } (m2r\text{-succ } s)$
 $m2r\text{-rel } (\text{rel-of-pred } p) = \text{rel-of-pred } (m2r\text{-pred } p)$

$m2r\text{-pred } (\text{pred-of-succ } s) = \text{pred-of-succ } (m2r\text{-succ } s)$
 $m2r\text{-pred } (\text{pred-of-rel } r) = \text{pred-of-rel } (m2r\text{-rel } r)$

$m2r\text{-succ } (\text{succ-of-pred } p) = \text{succ-of-pred } (m2r\text{-pred } p)$
 $m2r\text{-succ } (\text{succ-of-rel } r) = \text{succ-of-rel } (m2r\text{-rel } r)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

definition $\text{rel-of-enex enex} \equiv \text{let } (en, ex) = \text{enex} \text{ in } \{(s, ex a s) \mid s a. a \in en s\}$
definition $\text{pred-of-enex enex} \equiv \lambda s s'. \text{let } (en, ex) = \text{enex} \text{ in } \exists a \in en s. s' = ex a s$
definition $\text{succ-of-enex enex} \equiv \lambda s. \text{let } (en, ex) = \text{enex} \text{ in } \{s'. \exists a \in en s. s' = ex a s\}$

lemma $x\text{-of-enex-expand[simp]}:$

$(s, s') \in \text{rel-of-enex } (en, ex) \longleftrightarrow (\exists a \in en s. s' = ex a s)$
 $\text{pred-of-enex } (en, ex) s s' \longleftrightarrow (\exists a \in en s. s' = ex a s)$
 $s' \in \text{succ-of-enex } (en, ex) s \longleftrightarrow (\exists a \in en s. s' = ex a s)$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $x\text{-of-enex-conv[simp]}:$

$\text{rel-of-pred } (\text{pred-of-enex enex}) = \text{rel-of-enex enex}$
 $\text{rel-of-succ } (\text{succ-of-enex enex}) = \text{rel-of-enex enex}$
 $\text{pred-of-rel } (\text{rel-of-enex enex}) = \text{pred-of-enex enex}$
 $\text{pred-of-succ } (\text{succ-of-enex enex}) = \text{pred-of-enex enex}$
 $\text{succ-of-rel } (\text{rel-of-enex enex}) = \text{succ-of-enex enex}$
 $\text{succ-of-pred } (\text{pred-of-enex enex}) = \text{succ-of-enex enex}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

end

theory *Stuttering-Extension*

imports *Simulation Step-Conv*

begin

definition $\text{stutter-extend-edges} :: 'v \text{ set} \Rightarrow 'v \text{ digraph} \Rightarrow 'v \text{ digraph}$
where $\text{stutter-extend-edges } V E \equiv E \cup \{(v, v) \mid v. v \in V \wedge v \notin \text{Domain } E\}$

lemma $\text{stutter-extend-edgesI-edge}:$

assumes $(u, v) \in E$
shows $(u, v) \in \text{stutter-extend-edges } V E$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{stutter-extend-edgesI-stutter}:$

assumes $v \in V \quad v \notin \text{Domain } E$
shows $(v, v) \in \text{stutter-extend-edges } V E$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma $\text{stutter-extend-edgesE}:$

assumes $(u, v) \in \text{stutter-extend-edges } V E$
obtains (edge) $(u, v) \in E \mid (\text{stutter}) \quad u \in V \quad u \notin \text{Domain } E \quad u = v$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

```

lemma stutter-extend-wf:  $E \subseteq V \times V \implies \text{stutter-extend-edges } V E \subseteq V \times V$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma stutter-extend-edges-rtrancl[simp]:  $(\text{stutter-extend-edges } V E)^* = E^*$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma stutter-extend-domain:  $V \subseteq \text{Domain } (\text{stutter-extend-edges } V E)$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

definition stutter-extend :: ('v, -) graph-rec-scheme  $\Rightarrow$  ('v, -) graph-rec-scheme
where stutter-extend  $G \equiv$ 
  (
     $g\text{-}V = g\text{-}V G,$ 
     $g\text{-}E = \text{stutter-extend-edges } (g\text{-}V G) (g\text{-}E G),$ 
     $g\text{-}V0 = g\text{-}V0 G,$ 
     $\dots = \text{graph-rec.more } G$ 
  )
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma stutter-extend-simps[simp]:
   $g\text{-}V (\text{stutter-extend } G) = g\text{-}V G$ 
   $g\text{-}E (\text{stutter-extend } G) = \text{stutter-extend-edges } (g\text{-}V G) (g\text{-}E G)$ 
   $g\text{-}V0 (\text{stutter-extend } G) = g\text{-}V0 G$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma stutter-extend-simps-sa[simp]:
   $sa\text{-}L (\text{stutter-extend } G) = sa\text{-}L G$ 
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma (in graph) stutter-extend-graph: graph (stutter-extend  $G$ )
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma (in sa) stutter-extend-sa: sa (stutter-extend  $G$ )
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma (in bisimulation) stutter-extend: bisimulation  $R$  (stutter-extend  $A$ ) (stutter-extend  $B$ )
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

lemma (in lbisimulation) lstutter-extend: lbisimulation  $R$  (stutter-extend  $A$ ) (stutter-extend  $B$ )
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

definition stutter-extend-en :: ('s  $\Rightarrow$  'a set)  $\Rightarrow$  ('s  $\Rightarrow$  'a option set) where
  stutter-extend-en en  $\equiv \lambda s. \text{let } as = en s \text{ in if } as = \{\} \text{ then } \{\text{None}\} \text{ else Some}^{as}$ 

definition stutter-extend-ex :: ('a  $\Rightarrow$  's  $\Rightarrow$  's)  $\Rightarrow$  ('a option  $\Rightarrow$  's  $\Rightarrow$  's) where
  stutter-extend-ex ex  $\equiv \lambda \text{None} \Rightarrow id \mid \text{Some } a \Rightarrow ex a$ 

abbreviation stutter-extend-enex
  :: ('s  $\Rightarrow$  'a set)  $\times$  ('a  $\Rightarrow$  's  $\Rightarrow$  's)  $\Rightarrow$  ('s  $\Rightarrow$  'a option set)  $\times$  ('a option  $\Rightarrow$  's  $\Rightarrow$  's)
   $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$ 

```

```

where
  stutter-extend-enex ≡ map-prod stutter-extend-en stutter-extend-ex

lemma stutter-extend-pred-of-enex-conv:
  stutter-extend-edges UNIV (rel-of-enex enex) = rel-of-enex (stutter-extend-enex
enex)
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma stutter-extend-en-Some-eq[simp]:
  Some a ∈ stutter-extend-en en gc ↔ a ∈ en gc
  stutter-extend-ex ex (Some a) gc = ex a gc
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma stutter-extend-ex-None-eq[simp]:
  stutter-extend-ex ex None = id
  ⟨proof⟩

end

```

7 Implementing Graphs

```

theory Digraph-Impl
imports Digraph
begin

```

7.1 Directed Graphs by Successor Function

```
type-synonym 'a slg = 'a ⇒ 'a list
```

```

definition slg-rel :: ('a × 'b) set ⇒ ('a slg × 'b digraph) set where
  slg-rel-def-internal: slg-rel R ≡
    (R → ⟨R⟩list-set-rel) O br (λsuccs. {(u,v). v ∈ succs u}) (λ-. True)

```

```

lemma slg-rel-def: ⟨R⟩slg-rel =
  (R → ⟨R⟩list-set-rel) O br (λsuccs. {(u,v). v ∈ succs u}) (λ-. True)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma slg-rel-sv[relator-props]:
  [single-valued R; Range R = UNIV] ⇒ single-valued (⟨R⟩slg-rel)
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

consts i-slg :: interface ⇒ interface
lemmas [autoref-rel-intf] = REL-INTFI[of slg-rel i-slg]

```

```
definition [simp]: op-slg-succs E v ≡ E“{v}
```

```
lemma [autoref-itype]: op-slg-succs ::i ⟨I⟩ii-slg →i I →i ⟨I⟩ii-set ⟨proof⟩
```

```

context begin interpretation autoref-syn {proof}
lemma [autoref-op-pat]:  $E``\{v\} \equiv op\text{-}slg\text{-}succs\$E\$v$  {proof}
end

lemma refine-slg-succs[autoref-rules-raw]:
 $(\lambda succs v. succs v, op\text{-}slg\text{-}succs) \in \langle R \rangle slg\text{-}rel \rightarrow R \rightarrow \langle R \rangle list\text{-}set\text{-}rel$ 
{proof}

```

```

definition E-of-succ succ  $\equiv \{ (u, v) . v \in succ u \}$ 
definition succ-of-E E  $\equiv (\lambda u. \{ v . (u, v) \in E \})$ 

```

```

lemma E-of-succ-of-E[simp]: E-of-succ (succ-of-E E) = E
{proof}

```

```

lemma succ-of-E-of-succ[simp]: succ-of-E (E-of-succ E) = E
{proof}

```

```

context begin interpretation autoref-syn {proof}
lemma [autoref-itype]: E-of-succ ::i  $(I \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-}set) \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-}slg$  {proof}
lemma [autoref-itype]: succ-of-E ::i  $\langle I \rangle_i i\text{-}slg \rightarrow_i I \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-}set$  {proof}
end

```

```

lemma E-of-succ-refine[autoref-rules]:
 $(\lambda x. x, E\text{-of-succ}) \in (R \rightarrow \langle R \rangle list\text{-}set\text{-}rel) \rightarrow \langle R \rangle slg\text{-}rel$ 
 $(\lambda x. x, succ\text{-of-}E) \in \langle R \rangle slg\text{-}rel \rightarrow (R \rightarrow \langle R \rangle list\text{-}set\text{-}rel)$ 
{proof}

```

7.1.1 Restricting Edges

```

definition op-graph-restrict :: 'v set  $\Rightarrow$  'v set  $\Rightarrow$  ('v  $\times$  'v) set  $\Rightarrow$  ('v  $\times$  'v) set
where [simp]: op-graph-restrict Vl Vr E  $\equiv E \cap Vl \times Vr$ 

```

```

definition op-graph-restrict-left :: 'v set  $\Rightarrow$  ('v  $\times$  'v) set  $\Rightarrow$  ('v  $\times$  'v) set
where [simp]: op-graph-restrict-left Vl E  $\equiv E \cap Vl \times UNIV$ 

```

```

definition op-graph-restrict-right :: 'v set  $\Rightarrow$  ('v  $\times$  'v) set  $\Rightarrow$  ('v  $\times$  'v) set
where [simp]: op-graph-restrict-right Vr E  $\equiv E \cap UNIV \times Vr$ 

```

```

lemma [autoref-op-pat]:
 $E \cap (Vl \times Vr) \equiv op\text{-}graph\text{-}restrict Vl Vr E$ 
 $E \cap (Vl \times UNIV) \equiv op\text{-}graph\text{-}restrict\text{-}left Vl E$ 
 $E \cap (UNIV \times Vr) \equiv op\text{-}graph\text{-}restrict\text{-}right Vr E$ 
{proof}

```

```

lemma graph-restrict-aimpl: op-graph-restrict Vl Vr E =
 $E\text{-of-succ } (\lambda v. \text{if } v \in Vl \text{ then } \{x \in E``\{v\}. x \in Vr\} \text{ else } \{\})$ 
{proof}

```

```

lemma graph-restrict-left-impl: op-graph-restrict-left Vl E =

```

```

E-of-succ ( $\lambda v. \text{if } v \in Vl \text{ then } E^{\langle\langle} \{v\} \text{ else } \{\})$ 
<proof>
lemma graph-restrict-right-impl: op-graph-restrict-right  $Vr$   $E =$ 
E-of-succ ( $\lambda v. \{x \in E^{\langle\langle} \{v\}. x \in Vr\})$ 
<proof>

schematic-goal graph-restrict-impl-aux:
fixes  $Rsl$   $Rsr$ 
notes [autoref-rel-intf] = REL-INTFI[of  $Rsl$  i-set] REL-INTFI[of  $Rsr$  i-set]
assumes [autoref-rules]: ( $\text{meml}, (\in)$ )  $\in R \rightarrow \langle R \rangle Rsl \rightarrow \text{bool-rel}$ 
assumes [autoref-rules]: ( $\text{memr}, (\in)$ )  $\in R \rightarrow \langle R \rangle Rsr \rightarrow \text{bool-rel}$ 
shows ( $?c, \text{op-graph-restrict}$ )  $\in \langle R \rangle Rsl \rightarrow \langle R \rangle Rsr \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{slg-rel} \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{slg-rel}$ 
<proof>

schematic-goal graph-restrict-left-impl-aux:
fixes  $Rsl$   $Rsr$ 
notes [autoref-rel-intf] = REL-INTFI[of  $Rsl$  i-set] REL-INTFI[of  $Rsr$  i-set]
assumes [autoref-rules]: ( $\text{meml}, (\in)$ )  $\in R \rightarrow \langle R \rangle Rsl \rightarrow \text{bool-rel}$ 
shows ( $?c, \text{op-graph-restrict-left}$ )  $\in \langle R \rangle Rsl \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{slg-rel} \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{slg-rel}$ 
<proof>

schematic-goal graph-restrict-right-impl-aux:
fixes  $Rsl$   $Rsr$ 
notes [autoref-rel-intf] = REL-INTFI[of  $Rsl$  i-set] REL-INTFI[of  $Rsr$  i-set]
assumes [autoref-rules]: ( $\text{memr}, (\in)$ )  $\in R \rightarrow \langle R \rangle Rsr \rightarrow \text{bool-rel}$ 
shows ( $?c, \text{op-graph-restrict-right}$ )  $\in \langle R \rangle Rsr \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{slg-rel} \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{slg-rel}$ 
<proof>

concrete-definition graph-restrict-impl uses graph-restrict-impl-aux
concrete-definition graph-restrict-left-impl uses graph-restrict-left-impl-aux
concrete-definition graph-restrict-right-impl uses graph-restrict-right-impl-aux

context begin interpretation autoref-syn <proof>
lemma [autoref-itype]:
op-graph-restrict  $::_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-set} \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-set} \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-slg} \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-slg}$ 
op-graph-restrict-right  $::_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-set} \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-slg} \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-slg}$ 
op-graph-restrict-left  $::_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-set} \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-slg} \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-slg}$ 
<proof>
end

lemmas [autoref-rules-raw] =
graph-restrict-impl.refine[OF GEN-OP-D GEN-OP-D]
graph-restrict-left-impl.refine[OF GEN-OP-D]
graph-restrict-right-impl.refine[OF GEN-OP-D]

schematic-goal ( $?c :: ?'c, \lambda(E :: \text{nat digraph}) x. E^{\langle\langle} \{x\} \in ?R$ 
<proof>

lemma graph-minus-impl:
```

```

fixes E1 E2 :: 'a rel
shows E1-E2 = E-of-succ ( $\lambda x. E1``\{x\} - E2``\{x\}$ )
(proof)

schematic-goal graph-minus-impl-aux:
fixes R :: ('vi×'v) set
assumes [autoref-rules]: (eq,=) $\in R \rightarrow R \rightarrow \text{bool-rel}$ 
shows (?c, (-))  $\in \langle R \rangle \text{slg-rel} \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{slg-rel} \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{slg-rel}$ 
(proof)

lemmas [autoref-rules] = graph-minus-impl-aux[OF GEN-OP-D]

```

```

lemma graph-minus-set-aimpl:
fixes E1 E2 :: 'a rel
shows E1-E2 = E-of-succ ( $\lambda u. \{v \in E1``\{u\}. (u,v) \notin E2\}$ )
(proof)

```

```

schematic-goal graph-minus-set-impl-aux:
fixes R :: ('vi×'v) set
assumes [autoref-rules]: (eq,=) $\in R \rightarrow R \rightarrow \text{bool-rel}$ 
assumes [autoref-rules]: (mem, $\in$ )  $\in R \times_r R \rightarrow \langle R \times_r R \rangle \text{Rs} \rightarrow \text{bool-rel}$ 
shows (?c, (-))  $\in \langle R \rangle \text{slg-rel} \rightarrow \langle R \times_r R \rangle \text{Rs} \rightarrow \langle R \rangle \text{slg-rel}$ 
(proof)

```

```

lemmas [autoref-rules (overloaded)] = graph-minus-set-impl-aux[OF GEN-OP-D
GEN-OP-D]

```

7.2 Rooted Graphs

7.2.1 Operation Identification Setup

```

consts
i-g-ext :: interface  $\Rightarrow$  interface  $\Rightarrow$  interface

```

```

abbreviation i-frg  $\equiv \langle i\text{-unit} \rangle_i i\text{-g-ext}$ 
```

```

context begin interpretation autoref-syn (proof)

```

```

lemma g-type[autoref-itype]:
g-V ::i  $\langle Ie, I \rangle_i i\text{-g-ext} \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-set}$ 
g-E ::i  $\langle Ie, I \rangle_i i\text{-g-ext} \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-slg}$ 
g-V0 ::i  $\langle Ie, I \rangle_i i\text{-g-ext} \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-set}$ 
graph-rec-ext
 $\quad ::_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-set} \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-slg} \rightarrow_i \langle I \rangle_i i\text{-set} \rightarrow_i iE \rightarrow_i \langle Ie, I \rangle_i i\text{-g-ext}$ 
(proof)

```

```

end

```

7.2.2 Generic Implementation

```

record ('vi,'ei,'v0i) gen-g-impl =
  gi-V :: 'vi
  gi-E :: 'ei
  gi-V0 :: 'v0i

definition gen-g-impl-rel-ext-internal-def:  $\bigwedge Rm\ Rv\ Re\ Rv0.\ \langle Rm, Rv, Re, Rv0 \rangle_{gen-g-impl-rel-ext}$ 
 $Rm\ Rv\ Re\ Rv0$ 
 $\equiv \{ (gen-g-impl-ext\ Vi\ Ei\ V0i\ mi,\ graph-rec-ext\ V\ E\ V0\ m)$ 
 $| Vi\ Ei\ V0i\ mi\ V\ E\ V0\ m.$ 
 $(Vi,V)\in Rv \wedge (Ei,E)\in Re \wedge (V0i,V0)\in Rv0 \wedge (mi,m)\in Rm$ 
 $\}$ 

lemma gen-g-impl-rel-ext-def:  $\bigwedge Rm\ Rv\ Re\ Rv0.\ \langle Rm, Rv, Re, Rv0 \rangle_{gen-g-impl-rel-ext}$ 
 $\equiv \{ (gen-g-impl-ext\ Vi\ Ei\ V0i\ mi,\ graph-rec-ext\ V\ E\ V0\ m)$ 
 $| Vi\ Ei\ V0i\ mi\ V\ E\ V0\ m.$ 
 $(Vi,V)\in Rv \wedge (Ei,E)\in Re \wedge (V0i,V0)\in Rv0 \wedge (mi,m)\in Rm$ 
 $\}$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma gen-g-impl-rel-sv[relator-props]:
 $\bigwedge Rm\ Rv\ Re\ Rv0.\ \llbracket single-valued\ Rv;\ single-valued\ Re;\ single-valued\ Rv0;\ single-valued\ Rm \rrbracket \implies$ 
 $single-valued\ (\langle Rm, Rv, Re, Rv0 \rangle_{gen-g-impl-rel-ext})$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma gen-g-refine:
 $\bigwedge Rm\ Rv\ Re\ Rv0.\ (gi-V,g-V)\in\langle Rm, Rv, Re, Rv0 \rangle_{gen-g-impl-rel-ext} \rightarrow Rv$ 
 $\bigwedge Rm\ Rv\ Re\ Rv0.\ (gi-E,g-E)\in\langle Rm, Rv, Re, Rv0 \rangle_{gen-g-impl-rel-ext} \rightarrow Re$ 
 $\bigwedge Rm\ Rv\ Re\ Rv0.\ (gi-V0,g-V0)\in\langle Rm, Rv, Re, Rv0 \rangle_{gen-g-impl-rel-ext} \rightarrow Rv0$ 
 $\bigwedge Rm\ Rv\ Re\ Rv0.\ (gen-g-impl-ext,\ graph-rec-ext)$ 
 $\in Rv \rightarrow Re \rightarrow Rv0 \rightarrow Rm \rightarrow \langle Rm, Rv, Re, Rv0 \rangle_{gen-g-impl-rel-ext}$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

7.2.3 Implementation with list-set for Nodes

```

type-synonym ('v,'m) frgv-impl-scheme =
  ('v list, 'v  $\Rightarrow$  'v list, 'v list, 'm) gen-g-impl-scheme

definition frgv-impl-rel-ext-internal-def:
  frgv-impl-rel-ext Rm Rv
   $\equiv \langle Rm, \langle Rv \rangle list-set-rel, \langle Rv \rangle slg-rel, \langle Rv \rangle list-set-rel \rangle_{gen-g-impl-rel-ext}$ 

lemma frgv-impl-rel-ext-def:  $\langle Rm, Rv \rangle_{frgv-impl-rel-ext}$ 
 $\equiv \langle Rm, \langle Rv \rangle list-set-rel, \langle Rv \rangle slg-rel, \langle Rv \rangle list-set-rel \rangle_{gen-g-impl-rel-ext}$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma [autoref-rel-intf]: REL-INTF frgv-impl-rel-ext i-g-ext
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

lemma [relator-props, simp]:
 $\llbracket \text{single-valued } Rv; \text{Range } Rv = \text{UNIV}; \text{single-valued } Rm \rrbracket$
 $\implies \text{single-valued } (\langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{frgv-impl-rel-ext})$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas [param, autoref-rules] = gen-g-refine[where
 $Rv = \langle Rv \rangle \text{list-set-rel}$ and $Re = \langle Rv \rangle \text{slg-rel}$ and $?Rv0.0 = \langle Rv \rangle \text{list-set-rel}$
for Rv , folded frgv-impl-rel-ext-def]

7.2.4 Implementation with Cfun for Nodes

This implementation allows for the universal node set.

type-synonym ('v,'m) g-impl-scheme =
 $('v \Rightarrow \text{bool}, 'v \Rightarrow 'v \text{ list}, 'v \text{ list}, 'm) \text{gen-g-impl-scheme}$

definition g-impl-rel-ext-internal-def:
 $g\text{-impl-rel-ext } Rm \ Rv$
 $\equiv \langle Rm, \langle Rv \rangle \text{fun-set-rel}, \langle Rv \rangle \text{slg-rel}, \langle Rv \rangle \text{list-set-rel} \rangle \text{gen-g-impl-rel-ext}$

lemma g-impl-rel-ext-def: $\langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{g-impl-rel-ext}$
 $\equiv \langle Rm, \langle Rv \rangle \text{fun-set-rel}, \langle Rv \rangle \text{slg-rel}, \langle Rv \rangle \text{list-set-rel} \rangle \text{gen-g-impl-rel-ext}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma [autoref-rel-intf]: REL-INTF g-impl-rel-ext i-g-ext
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma [relator-props, simp]:
 $\llbracket \text{single-valued } Rv; \text{Range } Rv = \text{UNIV}; \text{single-valued } Rm \rrbracket$
 $\implies \text{single-valued } (\langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{g-impl-rel-ext})$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas [param, autoref-rules] = gen-g-refine[where
 $Rv = \langle Rv \rangle \text{fun-set-rel}$
and $Re = \langle Rv \rangle \text{slg-rel}$
and $?Rv0.0 = \langle Rv \rangle \text{list-set-rel}$
for Rv , folded g-impl-rel-ext-def]

lemma [autoref-rules]: $(gi\text{-V-update}, g\text{-V-update}) \in (\langle Rv \rangle \text{fun-set-rel} \rightarrow \langle Rv \rangle \text{fun-set-rel})$
 \rightarrow
 $\langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{g-impl-rel-ext} \rightarrow \langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{g-impl-rel-ext}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma [autoref-rules]: $(gi\text{-E-update}, g\text{-E-update}) \in (\langle Rv \rangle \text{slg-rel} \rightarrow \langle Rv \rangle \text{slg-rel}) \rightarrow$
 $\langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{g-impl-rel-ext} \rightarrow \langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{g-impl-rel-ext}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma [autoref-rules]: $(gi\text{-V0-update}, g\text{-V0-update}) \in (\langle Rv \rangle \text{list-set-rel} \rightarrow \langle Rv \rangle \text{list-set-rel})$
 \rightarrow
 $\langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{g-impl-rel-ext} \rightarrow \langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{g-impl-rel-ext}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma [*autoref-hom*]:

CONSTRAINT graph-rec-ext ($\langle Rv \rangle Rvs \rightarrow \langle Rv \rangle Res \rightarrow \langle Rv \rangle Rv0s \rightarrow Rm \rightarrow \langle Rm, Rv \rangle Rg$)
 $\langle proof \rangle$

schematic-goal ($?c :: ?'c, \lambda G x. g\text{-}E G `` \{x\} \in ?R$)
 $\langle proof \rangle$

schematic-goal ($?c, \lambda V0 E.$
 $(\| g\text{-}V = UNIV, g\text{-}E = E, g\text{-}V0 = V0 \|)$
 $\in \langle R \rangle list\text{-}set\text{-}rel \rightarrow \langle R \rangle slg\text{-}rel \rightarrow \langle unit\text{-}rel, R \rangle g\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}ext$
 $\langle proof \rangle$)

schematic-goal ($?c, \lambda V V0 E.$
 $(\| g\text{-}V = V, g\text{-}E = E, g\text{-}V0 = V0 \|)$
 $\in \langle R \rangle list\text{-}set\text{-}rel \rightarrow \langle R \rangle list\text{-}set\text{-}rel \rightarrow \langle R \rangle slg\text{-}rel \rightarrow \langle unit\text{-}rel, R \rangle frgv\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}ext$
 $\langle proof \rangle$)

7.2.5 Renaming

definition *the-inv-into-map* $V f x$
= (if $x \in f^{\cdot}V$ then *Some* (*the-inv-into* $V f x$) else *None*)

lemma *the-inv-into-map-None*[simp]:
the-inv-into-map $V f x = None \longleftrightarrow x \notin f^{\cdot}V$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *the-inv-into-map-Some'*:
the-inv-into-map $V f x = Some y \longleftrightarrow x \in f^{\cdot}V \wedge y = the\text{-}inv\text{-}into V f x$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *the-inv-into-map-Some*[simp]:
inj-on $f V \implies the\text{-}inv\text{-}into\text{-}map V f x = Some y \longleftrightarrow y \in V \wedge x = f y$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

definition *the-inv-into-map-impl* $V f =$
FOREACH $V (\lambda x m. RETURN (m(f x \mapsto x))) Map.empty$

lemma *the-inv-into-map-impl-correct*:
assumes [simp]: *finite* V
assumes *INJ*: *inj-on* $f V$
shows *the-inv-into-map-impl* $V f \leq SPEC (\lambda r. r = the\text{-}inv\text{-}into\text{-}map V f)$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

schematic-goal *the-inv-into-map-code-aux*:
fixes $Rv' :: ('vti \times 'vt) set$
assumes [*autoref-ga-rules*]: *is-bounded-hashcode* $Rv' eq bhc$

```

assumes [autoref-ga-rules]: is-valid-def-hm-size TYPE('vti) (def-size)
assumes [autoref-rules]: (Vi, V) ∈⟨Rv⟩list-set-rel
assumes [autoref-rules]: (fi, f) ∈Rv →Rv'
shows (RETURN ?c, the-inv-into-map-impl V f) ∈⟨⟨Rv', Rv⟩ahm-rel bhc⟩nres-rel
⟨proof⟩

```

concrete-definition *the-inv-into-map-code* **uses** *the-inv-into-map-code-aux*
export-code *the-inv-into-map-code* **checking** SML

thm *the-inv-into-map-code.refine*

```

context begin interpretation autoref-syn ⟨proof⟩
lemma autoref-the-inv-into-map[autoref-rules]:
  fixes Rv' :: ('vti × 'vt) set
  assumes SIDE-GEN-ALGO (is-bounded-hashcode Rv' eq bhc)
  assumes SIDE-GEN-ALGO (is-valid-def-hm-size TYPE('vti) def-size)
  assumes INJ: SIDE-PRECOND (inj-on f V)
  assumes V: (Vi, V) ∈⟨Rv⟩list-set-rel
  assumes F: (fi, f) ∈Rv →Rv'
  shows (the-inv-into-map-code eq bhc def-size Vi fi,
    (OP the-inv-into-map
      ::⟨Rv⟩list-set-rel → (Rv → Rv') → ⟨Rv', Rv⟩Impl-Array-Hash-Map.ahm-rel
      bhc)
    $V$f) ∈⟨Rv', Rv⟩Impl-Array-Hash-Map.ahm-rel bhc
⟨proof⟩

```

end

```

schematic-goal (?c::?'c, do {
  let s = {1,2,3::nat};
  ASSERT //inj-on//S//S//S//S//S//S//
  RETURN (the-inv-into-map s Suc) }) ∈ ?R
⟨proof⟩

```

```

definition fr-rename-ext-aimpl eenv f G ≡ do {
  ASSERT (inj-on f (g-V G));
  ASSERT (inj-on f (g-V0 G));
  let fi-map = the-inv-into-map (g-V G) f;
  e ← eenv fi-map G;
  RETURN (
    g-V = f'(g-V G),
    g-E = (E-of-succ (λv. case fi-map v of
      Some u ⇒ f' (succ-of-E (g-E G) u) | None ⇒ {})),
    g-V0 = (f'g-V0 G),
    ... = e
  )
}

```

```

context g-rename-precond begin

  definition fi-map x = (if x ∈ f‘V then Some (fi x) else None)
  lemma fi-map-alt: fi-map = the-inv-into-map V f
    ⟨proof⟩

  lemma fi-map-Some: (fi-map u = Some v) ↔ u ∈ f‘V ∧ fi u = v
    ⟨proof⟩

  lemma fi-map-None: (fi-map u = None) ↔ u ∉ f‘V
    ⟨proof⟩

  lemma rename-E-aimpl-alt: rename-E f E = E-of-succ (λv. case fi-map v of
    Some u ⇒ f ‘(succ-of-E E u) | None ⇒ {})
    ⟨proof⟩

lemma frv-rename-ext-aimpl-alt:
  assumes ECNV: ecnv' fi-map G ≤ SPEC (λr. r = ecnv G)
  shows fr-rename-ext-aimpl ecnv' f G
    ≤ SPEC (λr. r = fr-rename-ext ecnv f G)
    ⟨proof⟩
  end

term frv-rename-ext-aimpl
schematic-goal fr-rename-ext-impl-aux:
  fixes Re and Rv' :: ('vti × 'vt) set
  assumes [autoref-rules]: (eq, (=)) ∈ Rv' → Rv' → bool-rel
  assumes [autoref-ga-rules]: is-bounded-hashcode Rv' eq bhc
  assumes [autoref-ga-rules]: is-valid-def-hm-size TYPE('vti) def-size
  shows (?c,fr-rename-ext-aimpl) ∈
    (((Rv',Rv)ahm-rel bhc) → ⟨Re,Rv⟩frgv-impl-rel-ext → ⟨Re⟩nres-rel) →
    (Rv → Rv') →
    ⟨⟨Re,Rv⟩frgv-impl-rel-ext →
    ⟨⟨Re',Rv⟩frgv-impl-rel-ext⟩nres-rel
    ⟨proof⟩

concrete-definition fr-rename-ext-impl uses fr-rename-ext-impl-aux

thm fr-rename-ext-impl.refine[OF GEN-OP-D SIDE-GEN-ALGO-D SIDE-GEN-ALGO-D]

```

7.3 Graphs from Lists

```

definition succ-of-list :: (nat × nat) list ⇒ nat ⇒ nat set
  where
  succ-of-list l = let
    m = fold (λ(u,v) g.
      case g u of
        None ⇒ g(u ↦ {v})

```

```

| Some s ⇒ g(w→insert v s)
) l Map.empty
in
(λu. case m u of None ⇒ {} | Some s ⇒ s)

lemma succ-of-list-correct-aux:
(succ-of-list l, set l) ∈ br (λsuccs. {(u,v). v∈succs u}) (λ-. True)
⟨proof⟩

schematic-goal succ-of-list-impl:
notes [autoref-tyrel] =
ty-REL[where 'a=nat→nat set and R=⟨nat-rel,R⟩iam-map-rel for R]
ty-REL[where 'a=nat set and R=⟨nat-rel⟩list-set-rel]

shows (?f::?c,succ-of-list) ∈ ?R
⟨proof⟩

concrete-definition succ-of-list-impl uses succ-of-list-impl
export-code succ-of-list-impl in SML

lemma succ-of-list-impl-correct: (succ-of-list-impl, set) ∈ Id → ⟨Id⟩slg-rel
⟨proof⟩

end

```

8 Implementing Automata

```

theory Automata-Impl
imports Digraph-Impl Automata
begin

8.1 Indexed Generalized Büchi Graphs

consts
i-igbg-eext :: interface ⇒ interface ⇒ interface

abbreviation i-igbg Ie Iv ≡ ⟨⟨Ie,Iv⟩ii-igbg-eext,Iv⟩ii-g-ext

context begin interpretation autoref-syn ⟨proof⟩

lemma igbg-type[autoref-itype]:
igbg-num-acc ::i i-igbg Ie Iv →i i-nat
igbg-acc ::i i-igbg Ie Iv →i Iv →i ⟨i-nat⟩ii-set
igb-graph-rec-ext
::i i-nat →i (Iv →i ⟨i-nat⟩ii-set) →i Ie →i ⟨⟨Ie,Iv⟩ii-igbg-eext
⟨proof⟩
end

```

```

record ('vi,'ei,'v0i,'acci) gen-igbg-impl = ('vi,'ei,'v0i) gen-g-impl +
  igbgi-num-acc :: nat
  igbgi-acc :: 'acci

definition gen-igbg-impl-rel-eext-def-internal:
  gen-igbg-impl-rel-eext Rm Racc ≡ { (
    ( igbgi-num-acc = num-acci, igbgi-acc = acci, ...=mi ),
    ( igbgi-num-acc = num-acc, igbgi-acc = acc, ...=m ) )
  | num-acci acci mi num-acc acc m.
    (num-acci,num-acc)∈nat-rel
    ∧ (acci,acc)∈Racc
    ∧ (mi,m)∈Rm
  }

lemma gen-igbg-impl-rel-eext-def:
  ⟨Rm,Racc⟩gen-igbg-impl-rel-eext = { (
    ( igbgi-num-acc = num-acci, igbgi-acc = acci, ...=mi ),
    ( igbgi-num-acc = num-acc, igbgi-acc = acc, ...=m ) )
  | num-acci acci mi num-acc acc m.
    (num-acci,num-acc)∈nat-rel
    ∧ (acci,acc)∈Racc
    ∧ (mi,m)∈Rm
  }
  ⟨proof⟩

lemma gen-igbg-impl-rel-sv[relator-props]:
  [single-valued Racc; single-valued Rm]
  ==> single-valued (⟨Rm,Racc⟩gen-igbg-impl-rel-eext)
  ⟨proof⟩

abbreviation gen-igbg-impl-rel-ext
  :: - ⇒ - ⇒ - ⇒ - ⇒ - ⇒ (-×(-,-)igb-graph-rec-scheme) set
  where gen-igbg-impl-rel-ext Rm Racc
  ≡ ⟨⟨Rm,Racc⟩gen-igbg-impl-rel-eext⟩gen-g-impl-rel-ext

lemma gen-igbg-refine:
  fixes Rv Re Rv0 Racc
  assumes TERM (Rv,Re,Rv0)
  assumes TERM (Racc)
  shows
    (igbgi-num-acc,igbgi-num-acc)
    ∈ ⟨Rv,Re,Rv0⟩gen-igbg-impl-rel-ext Rm Racc → nat-rel
    (igbgi-acc,igbgi-acc)
    ∈ ⟨Rv,Re,Rv0⟩gen-igbg-impl-rel-ext Rm Racc → Racc
    (gen-igbg-impl-ext, igb-graph-rec-ext)
    ∈ nat-rel → Racc → Rm → ⟨Rm,Racc⟩gen-igbg-impl-rel-eext
  ⟨proof⟩

```

8.1.1 Implementation with bit-set

definition *igbg-impl-rel-eext-internal-def*:

$\langle Rm, Rv \rightarrow \langle \text{nat-rel} \rangle \text{bs-set-rel} \rangle \text{gen-igbg-impl-rel-eext}$

lemma *igbg-impl-rel-eext-def*:

$\langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{igbg-impl-rel-eext} \equiv \langle Rm, Rv \rightarrow \langle \text{nat-rel} \rangle \text{bs-set-rel} \rangle \text{gen-igbg-impl-rel-eext}$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemmas [*autoref-rel-intf*] = *REL-INTFI*[of *igbg-impl-rel-eext i-igbg-eext*]

lemma [*relator-props, simp*]:

$\llbracket \text{Range } Rv = \text{UNIV}; \text{single-valued } Rm \rrbracket$
 $\implies \text{single-valued } (\langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{igbg-impl-rel-eext})$
 $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *g-tag*: *TERM* ($\langle Rv \rangle \text{fun-set-rel}, \langle Rv \rangle \text{slg-rel}, \langle Rv \rangle \text{list-set-rel}$) $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *frgv-tag*: *TERM* ($\langle Rv \rangle \text{list-set-rel}, \langle Rv \rangle \text{slg-rel}, \langle Rv \rangle \text{list-set-rel}$) $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

lemma *igbg-bs-tag*: *TERM* ($Rv \rightarrow \langle \text{nat-rel} \rangle \text{bs-set-rel}$) $\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

abbreviation *igbgv-impl-rel-ext* $Rm\ Rv$

$\equiv \langle \langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{igbg-impl-rel-eext}, Rv \rangle \text{frgv-impl-rel-ext}$

abbreviation *igbg-impl-rel-ext* $Rm\ Rv$

$\equiv \langle \langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{igbg-impl-rel-eext}, Rv \rangle \text{g-impl-rel-ext}$

type-synonym ('v,'m) *igbgv-impl-scheme* =

('v, () *igbgi-num-acc::nat*, *igbgi-acc::'v⇒integer*, ...::'m ())
frgv-impl-scheme

type-synonym ('v,'m) *igbg-impl-scheme* =

('v, () *igbgi-num-acc::nat*, *igbgi-acc::'v⇒integer*, ...::'m ())
g-impl-scheme

context *fixes* $Rv :: ('vi \times 'v)$ *set begin*

lemmas [*autoref-rules*] = *gen-igbg-refine*[

OF frgv-tag[of *Rv*] *igbg-bs-tag*[of *Rv*],
folded frgv-impl-rel-ext-def *igbg-impl-rel-eext-def*]

lemmas [*autoref-rules*] = *gen-igbg-refine*[

OF g-tag[of *Rv*] *igbg-bs-tag*[of *Rv*],
folded g-impl-rel-ext-def *igbg-impl-rel-eext-def*]

end

schematic-goal (?c::?c,

$\lambda G\ x.\ \text{if } \text{igbg-num-acc } G = 0 \wedge 1 \in \text{igbg-acc } G\ x \text{ then } (\text{g-E } G `` \{x\}) \text{ else } \{\}$

$\} \in ?R$

$\langle \text{proof} \rangle$

```

schematic-goal (?c,
   $\lambda V0\ E\ num\text{-}acc\ acc.$ 
   $(\emptyset\ g\text{-}V = UNIV, g\text{-}E = E, g\text{-}V0 = V0, igbg\text{-}num\text{-}acc = num\text{-}acc, igbg\text{-}acc = acc \emptyset)$ 
   $\in \langle R \rangle list\text{-}set\text{-}rel \rightarrow \langle R \rangle slg\text{-}rel \rightarrow nat\text{-}rel \rightarrow (R \rightarrow \langle nat\text{-}rel \rangle bs\text{-}set\text{-}rel)$ 
   $\rightarrow igbg\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}ext\ unit\text{-}rel R$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

schematic-goal (?c,
   $\lambda V0\ E\ num\text{-}acc\ acc.$ 
   $(\emptyset\ g\text{-}V = \{\}, g\text{-}E = E, g\text{-}V0 = V0, igbg\text{-}num\text{-}acc = num\text{-}acc, igbg\text{-}acc = acc \emptyset)$ 
   $\in \langle R \rangle list\text{-}set\text{-}rel \rightarrow \langle R \rangle slg\text{-}rel \rightarrow nat\text{-}rel \rightarrow (R \rightarrow \langle nat\text{-}rel \rangle bs\text{-}set\text{-}rel)$ 
   $\rightarrow igbgv\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}ext\ unit\text{-}rel R$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

8.2 Indexed Generalized Buchi Automata

consts
 $i\text{-}igba\text{-}eext :: interface \Rightarrow interface \Rightarrow interface \Rightarrow interface$

abbreviation $i\text{-}igba\ Ie\ Iv\ Il$
 $\equiv \langle\langle\langle Ie, Iv, Il \rangle_i i\text{-}igba\text{-}eext, Iv \rangle_i i\text{-}igbg\text{-}eext, Iv \rangle_i i\text{-}g\text{-}ext$
context begin **interpretation** autoref-syn $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma $igba\text{-}type[autoref\text{-}itype]$:
 $igba\text{-}L ::_i i\text{-}igba\ Ie\ Iv\ Il \rightarrow_i (Iv \rightarrow_i Il \rightarrow_i i\text{-}bool)$
 $igba\text{-}rec\text{-}ext ::_i (Iv \rightarrow_i Il \rightarrow_i i\text{-}bool) \rightarrow_i Ie \rightarrow_i \langle Ie, Iv, Il \rangle_i i\text{-}igba\text{-}eext$
 $\langle proof \rangle$
end

record ($'vi, 'ei, 'v0i, 'acci, 'Li$) $gen\text{-}igba\text{-}impl =$
 $('vi, 'ei, 'v0i, 'acci) gen\text{-}igbg\text{-}impl +$
 $igbai\text{-}L :: 'Li$

definition $gen\text{-}igba\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}eext\text{-}def\text{-}internal$:
 $gen\text{-}igba\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}eext\text{-}def\text{-internal} Rm\ Rl \equiv \{ ($
 $(\emptyset\ igbai\text{-}L = Li, \dots = mi \emptyset),$
 $(\emptyset\ igba\text{-}L = L, \dots = m \emptyset)$
 $| Li\ mi\ L\ m.$
 $(Li, L) \in Rl$
 $\wedge (mi, m) \in Rm$
 $\}$

lemma $gen\text{-}igba\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}eext\text{-}def$:
 $\langle Rm, Rl \rangle gen\text{-}igba\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}eext = \{ ($
 $(\emptyset\ igbai\text{-}L = Li, \dots = mi \emptyset),$
 $(\emptyset\ igba\text{-}L = L, \dots = m \emptyset)$

```

|  $Li \in L$   $m$ .
   $(Li, L) \in Rl$ 
   $\wedge (mi, m) \in Rm$ 
}
⟨proof⟩

lemma gen-igba-impl-rel-sv[relator-props]:
   $\llbracket \text{single-valued } Rl; \text{ single-valued } Rm \rrbracket$ 
   $\implies \text{single-valued } (\langle Rm, Rl \rangle \text{gen-igba-impl-rel-eext})$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

abbreviation gen-igba-impl-rel-ext
  ::  $- \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow (- \times ('a, 'b, 'c) \text{ igba-rec-scheme}) \text{ set}$ 
  where gen-igba-impl-rel-ext Rm Rl
     $\equiv \text{gen-igbg-impl-rel-ext } (\langle Rm, Rl \rangle \text{gen-igba-impl-rel-eext})$ 

lemma gen-igba-refine:
  fixes Rv Re Rv0 Racc Rl
  assumes TERM (Rv, Re, Rv0)
  assumes TERM (Racc)
  assumes TERM (Rl)
  shows
     $(igbai-L, igba-L)$ 
     $\in \langle Rv, Re, Rv0 \rangle \text{gen-igba-impl-rel-ext } Rm \ Rl \ Racc \rightarrow Rl$ 
     $(\text{gen-igba-impl-ext}, \text{igba-rec-ext})$ 
     $\in Rl \rightarrow Rm \rightarrow \langle Rm, Rl \rangle \text{gen-igba-impl-rel-eext}$ 
    ⟨proof⟩

```

8.2.1 Implementation as function

```

definition igba-impl-rel-eext-internal-def:
   $\text{igba-impl-rel-eext } Rm \ Rv \ Rl \equiv \langle Rm, Rv \rightarrow Rl \rightarrow \text{bool-rel} \rangle \text{gen-igba-impl-rel-eext}$ 

```

```

lemma igba-impl-rel-eext-def:
   $\langle Rm, Rv, Rl \rangle \text{igba-impl-rel-eext} \equiv \langle Rm, Rv \rightarrow Rl \rightarrow \text{bool-rel} \rangle \text{gen-igba-impl-rel-eext}$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemmas [autoref-rel-intf] = REL-INTFI[of igba-impl-rel-eext i-igba-eext]

```

```

lemma [relator-props, simp]:
   $\llbracket \text{Range } Rv = \text{UNIV}; \text{ single-valued } Rm; \text{ Range } Rl = \text{UNIV} \rrbracket$ 
   $\implies \text{single-valued } (\langle Rm, Rv, Rl \rangle \text{igba-impl-rel-eext})$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

```

```

lemma igba-f-tag: TERM (Rv → Rl → bool-rel) ⟨proof⟩

```

```

abbreviation igbav-impl-rel-ext Rm Rv Rl
   $\equiv \text{igbgv-impl-rel-ext } (\langle Rm, Rv, Rl \rangle \text{igba-impl-rel-eext}) \ Rv$ 

```

```

abbreviation igba-impl-rel-ext Rm Rv Rl
  ≡ igbg-impl-rel-ext ((Rm, Rv, Rl)igba-impl-rel-eext) Rv

type-synonym ('v,'l,'m) igbav-impl-scheme =
  ('v, (| igbai-L :: 'v ⇒ 'l ⇒ bool , ...::'m |))
    igbgv-impl-scheme

type-synonym ('v,'l,'m) igba-impl-scheme =
  ('v, (| igbai-L :: 'v ⇒ 'l ⇒ bool , ...::'m |))
    igbg-impl-scheme

context
  fixes Rv :: ('vi×'v) set
  fixes Rl :: ('Li×'l) set
begin
  lemmas [autoref-rules] = gen-igba-refine[
    OF frgv-tag[of Rv] igbg-bs-tag[of Rv] igba-f-tag[of Rv Rl],
    folded frgv-impl-rel-ext-def igbg-impl-rel-eext-def igba-impl-rel-eext-def]

  lemmas [autoref-rules] = gen-igba-refine[
    OF g-tag[of Rv] igbg-bs-tag[of Rv] igba-f-tag[of Rv Rl],
    folded g-impl-rel-ext-def igbg-impl-rel-eext-def igba-impl-rel-eext-def]
end

thm autoref-itype

schematic-goal
  (?c::?'c, λG x l. if igba-L G x l then (g-E G `` {x}) else {} ) ∈ ?R
  ⟨proof⟩

schematic-goal
  notes [autoref-tyrel] = TYRELI[of Id :: ('a×'a) set]
  shows (?c::?'c, λE (V0::'a set) num-acc acc L.
  (| g-V = UNIV, g-E = E, g-V0 = V0,
    igbg-num-acc = num-acc, igbg-acc = acc, igba-L = L |)
  ) ∈ ?R
  ⟨proof⟩

schematic-goal
  notes [autoref-tyrel] = TYRELI[of Id :: ('a×'a) set]
  shows (?c::?'c, λE (V0::'a set) num-acc acc L.
  (| g-V = V0, g-E = E, g-V0 = V0,
    igbg-num-acc = num-acc, igbg-acc = acc, igba-L = L |)
  ) ∈ ?R
  ⟨proof⟩

```

8.3 Generalized Buchi Graphs

consts

```

i-gbg-eext :: interface  $\Rightarrow$  interface  $\Rightarrow$  interface

abbreviation i-gbg Ie Iv  $\equiv \langle\langle Ie, Iv\rangle_i i\text{-}gbg\text{-}eext, Iv\rangle_i i\text{-}g\text{-}ext$ 

context begin interpretation autoref-syn ⟨proof⟩

lemma gbg-type[autoref-itype]:
 $gbg\text{-}F ::_i i\text{-}gbg Ie Iv \rightarrow_i \langle\langle Iv\rangle_i i\text{-}set\rangle_i i\text{-}set$ 
 $gb\text{-}graph\text{-}rec\text{-}ext ::_i \langle\langle Iv\rangle_i i\text{-}set\rangle_i i\text{-}set \rightarrow_i Ie \rightarrow_i \langle Ie, Iv\rangle_i i\text{-}gbg\text{-}eext$ 
⟨proof⟩
end

record ('vi,'ei,'v0i,'fi) gen-gbg-impl = ('vi,'ei,'v0i) gen-g-impl +
 $gbgi\text{-}F :: 'fi$ 

definition gen-gbg-impl-rel-eext-def-internal:
 $gen\text{-}gbg\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}eext Rm Rf \equiv \{ ($ 
 $\langle gbgi\text{-}F = Fi, \dots = mi \rangle,$ 
 $\langle gbg\text{-}F = F, \dots = m \rangle)$ 
 $| Fi mi F m.$ 
 $(Fi,F) \in Rf$ 
 $\wedge (mi,m) \in Rm$ 
 $\}$ 

lemma gen-gbg-impl-rel-eext-def:
 $\langle Rm, Rf \rangle gen\text{-}gbg\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}eext = \{ ($ 
 $\langle gbgi\text{-}F = Fi, \dots = mi \rangle,$ 
 $\langle gbg\text{-}F = F, \dots = m \rangle)$ 
 $| Fi mi F m.$ 
 $(Fi,F) \in Rf$ 
 $\wedge (mi,m) \in Rm$ 
 $\}$ 
⟨proof⟩

lemma gen-gbg-impl-rel-sv[relator-props]:
 $\llbracket \text{single-valued } Rm; \text{single-valued } Rf \rrbracket$ 
 $\implies \text{single-valued } (\langle Rm, Rf \rangle gen\text{-}gbg\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}eext)$ 
⟨proof⟩

abbreviation gen-gbg-impl-rel-ext
 $:: - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow (- \times ('q,-) \text{gb-graph-rec-scheme}) \text{ set}$ 
where gen-gbg-impl-rel-ext Rm Rf
 $\equiv \langle\langle Rm, Rf \rangle gen\text{-}gbg\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}eext \rangle gen\text{-}g\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}ext$ 

lemma gen-gbg-refine:
fixes Rv Re Rv0 Rf
assumes TERM (Rv, Re, Rv0)
assumes TERM (Rf)
shows

```

```
(gbgi-F,gbg-F)
  ∈ ⟨Rv,Re,Rv0⟩gen-gbg-impl-rel-ext Rm Rf → Rf
  (gen-gbg-impl-ext, gb-graph-rec-ext)
    ∈ Rf → Rm → ⟨Rm,Rf⟩gen-gbg-impl-rel-eext
  ⟨proof⟩
```

8.3.1 Implementation with list of lists

```
definition gbg-impl-rel-eext-internal-def:
  gbg-impl-rel-eext Rm Rv
  ≡ ⟨Rm, ⟨⟨Rv⟩list-set-rel⟩list-set-rel⟩gen-gbg-impl-rel-eext
```

```
lemma gbg-impl-rel-eext-def:
  ⟨Rm,Rv⟩gbg-impl-rel-eext
  ≡ ⟨Rm, ⟨⟨Rv⟩list-set-rel⟩list-set-rel⟩gen-gbg-impl-rel-eext
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemmas [autoref-rel-intf] = REL-INTFI[of gbg-impl-rel-eext i-gbg-eext]
```

```
lemma [relator-props, simp]:
  [single-valued Rm; single-valued Rv]
  ⇒ single-valued ⟨⟨Rm,Rv⟩gbg-impl-rel-eext⟩
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
lemma gbg-ls-tag: TERM ⟨⟨Rv⟩list-set-rel⟩list-set-rel⟩ ⟨proof⟩
```

```
abbreviation gbgv-impl-rel-ext Rm Rv
  ≡ ⟨⟨Rm, Rv⟩gbg-impl-rel-eext, Rv⟩frgv-impl-rel-ext
```

```
abbreviation gbg-impl-rel-ext Rm Rv
  ≡ ⟨⟨Rm, Rv⟩gbg-impl-rel-eext, Rv⟩g-impl-rel-ext
```

```
context fixes Rv :: ('vi × 'v) set
begin
lemmas [autoref-rules] = gen-gbg-refine[
  OF frgv-tag[of Rv] gbg-ls-tag[of Rv],
  folded frgv-impl-rel-ext-def gbg-impl-rel-eext-def]
```

```
lemmas [autoref-rules] = gen-gbg-refine[
  OF g-tag[of Rv] gbg-ls-tag[of Rv],
  folded g-impl-rel-ext-def gbg-impl-rel-eext-def]
end
```

```
schematic-goal (?c::?c',
  λG x. if gbg-F G = {} then (g-E G “ {x}) else {}
  ) ∈ ?R
  ⟨proof⟩
```

```
schematic-goal
notes [autoref-tyrel] = TYRELI[of Id :: ('a × 'a) set]
```

```

shows (?c::?'c,  $\lambda E (V0::'a\ set) F.$ 
 $(\ g\text{-}V = \{\}, g\text{-}E = E, g\text{-}V0 = V0, gbg\text{-}F = F \) \in ?R$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

schematic-goal

```

notes [autoref-tyrel] = TYRELI[of Id :: ('a×'a) set]
shows (?c::?'c,  $\lambda E (V0::'a\ set) F.$ 
 $(\ g\text{-}V = UNIV, g\text{-}E = E, g\text{-}V0 = V0, gbg\text{-}F = insert \{ \} F \) \in ?R$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

schematic-goal (?c::?'c, it-to-sorted-list ( $\lambda - .\ True$ ) {1,2::nat} ) \in ?R
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

8.4 GBAs

consts

```

i-gba-eext :: interface  $\Rightarrow$  interface  $\Rightarrow$  interface  $\Rightarrow$  interface

```

```

abbreviation i-gba Ie Iv Il
 $\equiv \langle\langle Ie, Iv, Il \rangle_i i\text{-}gba\text{-}eext, Iv \rangle_i i\text{-}gbg\text{-}eext, Iv \rangle_i i\text{-}g\text{-}ext$ 
context begin interpretation autoref-syn  $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

```

lemma gba-type[autoref-itype]:
 $gba\text{-}L ::_i i\text{-}gba\text{-}eext Ie Iv Il \rightarrow_i (Iv \rightarrow_i Il \rightarrow_i i\text{-}bool)$ 
 $gba\text{-}rec\text{-}ext ::_i (Iv \rightarrow_i Il \rightarrow_i i\text{-}bool) \rightarrow_i Ie \rightarrow_i \langle Ie, Iv, Il \rangle_i i\text{-}gba\text{-}eext$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 
end

```

```

record ('vi,'ei,'v0i,'acci,'Li) gen-gba-impl =
 $('vi,'ei,'v0i,'acci)gen-gbg-impl +$ 
 $gbai\text{-}L :: 'Li$ 

```

```

definition gen-gba-impl-rel-eext-def-internal:
 $gen\text{-}gba\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}eext Rm\text{-}Rl \equiv \{ ($ 
 $(\ gbai\text{-}L = Li, \dots = mi \),$ 
 $(\ gba\text{-}L = L, \dots = m \))$ 
 $| Li\text{-}mi\text{-}L\text{-}m.$ 
 $(Li,L) \in Rl$ 
 $\wedge (mi,m) \in Rm$ 
 $\}$ 

```

```

lemma gen-gba-impl-rel-eext-def:
 $\langle Rm, Rl \rangle gen\text{-}gba\text{-}impl\text{-}rel\text{-}eext = \{ ($ 
 $(\ gbai\text{-}L = Li, \dots = mi \),$ 
 $(\ gba\text{-}L = L, \dots = m \))$ 
 $| Li\text{-}mi\text{-}L\text{-}m.$ 
 $(Li,L) \in Rl$ 
 $\wedge (mi,m) \in Rm$ 
 $\}$ 

```

$\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *gen-gba-impl-rel-sv*[*relator-props*]:
 $\llbracket \text{single-valued } Rl; \text{ single-valued } Rm \rrbracket$
 $\implies \text{single-valued } (\langle Rm, Rl \rangle \text{gen-gba-impl-rel-eext})$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

abbreviation *gen-gba-impl-rel-ext*
 $:: - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow (- \times ('a, 'b, 'c) \text{ gba-rec-scheme}) \text{ set}$
where *gen-gba-impl-rel-ext* *Rm* *Rl*
 $\equiv \text{gen-gbg-impl-rel-ext } (\langle Rm, Rl \rangle \text{gen-gba-impl-rel-eext})$

lemma *gen-gba-refine*:
fixes *Rv* *Re* *Rv0* *Racc* *Rl*
assumes *TERM* (*Rv, Re, Rv0*)
assumes *TERM* (*Racc*)
assumes *TERM* (*Rl*)
shows
 $(gbai-L, gba-L)$
 $\in \langle Rv, Re, Rv0 \rangle \text{gen-gba-impl-rel-ext } Rm \ Rl \ Racc \rightarrow Rl$
 $(\text{gen-gba-impl-ext}, \text{gba-rec-ext})$
 $\in Rl \rightarrow Rm \rightarrow \langle Rm, Rl \rangle \text{gen-gba-impl-rel-eext}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

8.4.1 Implementation as function

definition *gba-impl-rel-eext-internal-def*:
 $\text{gba-impl-rel-eext } Rm \ Rv \ Rl \equiv \langle Rm, Rv \rightarrow Rl \rightarrow \text{bool-rel} \rangle \text{gen-gba-impl-rel-eext}$

lemma *gba-impl-rel-eext-def*:
 $\langle Rm, Rv, Rl \rangle \text{gba-impl-rel-eext} \equiv \langle Rm, Rv \rightarrow Rl \rightarrow \text{bool-rel} \rangle \text{gen-gba-impl-rel-eext}$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemmas [*autoref-rel-intf*] = *REL-INTFI*[*of gba-impl-rel-eext i-gba-eext*]

lemma [*relator-props, simp*]:
 $\llbracket \text{Range } Rv = \text{UNIV}; \text{ single-valued } Rm; \text{ Range } Rl = \text{UNIV} \rrbracket$
 $\implies \text{single-valued } (\langle Rm, Rv, Rl \rangle \text{gba-impl-rel-eext})$
 $\langle proof \rangle$

lemma *gba-f-tag*: *TERM* (*Rv* \rightarrow *Rl* \rightarrow *bool-rel*) $\langle proof \rangle$

abbreviation *gbav-impl-rel-ext* *Rm* *Rv* *Rl*
 $\equiv \text{gbgv-impl-rel-ext } (\langle Rm, Rv, Rl \rangle \text{gba-impl-rel-eext}) \ Rv$

abbreviation *gba-impl-rel-ext* *Rm* *Rv* *Rl*
 $\equiv \text{gbg-impl-rel-ext } (\langle Rm, Rv, Rl \rangle \text{gba-impl-rel-eext}) \ Rv$

context

```

fixes Rv :: ('vi×'v) set
fixes Rl :: ('Li×'l) set
begin
lemmas [autoref-rules] = gen-gba-refine[
  OF frgv-tag[of Rv] gbg-ls-tag[of Rv] gba-f-tag[of Rv Rl],
  folded frgv-impl-rel-ext-def gbg-impl-rel-eext-def gba-impl-rel-eext-def]

lemmas [autoref-rules] = gen-gba-refine[
  OF g-tag[of Rv] gbg-ls-tag[of Rv] gba-f-tag[of Rv Rl],
  folded g-impl-rel-ext-def gbg-impl-rel-eext-def gba-impl-rel-eext-def]
end

thm autoref-itype

schematic-goal
(?!c::?!c, λG x l. if gba-L G x l then (g-E G “ {x}) else {} ) ∈ ?R
⟨proof⟩

schematic-goal
notes [autoref-tyrel] = TYRELI[of Id :: ('a×'a) set]
shows (?!c::?!c, λE (V0:'a set) F L.
  ⌜ g-V = UNIV, g-E = E, g-V0 = V0,
    gbg-F = F, gba-L = L ⌜
) ∈ ?R
⟨proof⟩

schematic-goal
notes [autoref-tyrel] = TYRELI[of Id :: ('a×'a) set]
shows (?!c::?!c, λE (V0:'a set) F L.
  ⌜ g-V = V0, g-E = E, g-V0 = V0,
    gbg-F = F, gba-L = L ⌜
) ∈ ?R
⟨proof⟩

```

8.5 Buchi Graphs

consts
 $i\text{-}bg\text{-}eext :: interface \Rightarrow interface \Rightarrow interface$

abbreviation $i\text{-}bg\text{ }Ie\text{ }Iv \equiv \langle\langle Ie, Iv\rangle_i i\text{-}bg\text{-}eext, Iv\rangle_i i\text{-}g\text{-}ext$

context begin interpretation autoref-syn ⟨proof⟩
lemma bg-type[autoref-itype]:
 $bg\text{-}F ::_i i\text{-}bg\text{ }Ie\text{ }Iv \rightarrow_i \langle\langle Iv\rangle_i i\text{-}set$
 $gb\text{-}graph\text{-}rec\text{-}ext ::_i \langle\langle Iv\rangle_i i\text{-}set\rangle_i i\text{-}set \rightarrow_i Ie \rightarrow_i \langle\langle Ie, Iv\rangle_i i\text{-}bg\text{-}eext$
⟨proof⟩
end

record ('vi,'ei,'v0i,'fi) gen-bg-impl = ('vi,'ei,'v0i) gen-g-impl +

$bgi-F :: 'fi$

definition *gen-bg-impl-rel-eext-def-internal*:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{gen-bg-impl-rel-eext } Rm \ Rf &\equiv \{ (\\ &(\ bgi-F = Fi, \dots = mi \), \\ &(\ bg-F = F, \dots = m \)) \\ &| \ Fi \ mi \ F \ m. \\ &\quad (Fi, F) \in Rf \\ &\wedge (mi, m) \in Rm \\ &\} \end{aligned}$$

lemma *gen-bg-impl-rel-eext-def*:

$$\begin{aligned} \langle Rm, Rf \rangle \text{gen-bg-impl-rel-eext} &= \{ (\\ &(\ bgi-F = Fi, \dots = mi \), \\ &(\ bg-F = F, \dots = m \)) \\ &| \ Fi \ mi \ F \ m. \\ &\quad (Fi, F) \in Rf \\ &\wedge (mi, m) \in Rm \\ &\} \\ &\langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

lemma *gen-bg-impl-rel-sv[relator-props]*:

$$\begin{aligned} &[\![\text{single-valued } Rm; \text{ single-valued } Rf]\!] \\ &\implies \text{single-valued } (\langle Rm, Rf \rangle \text{gen-bg-impl-rel-eext}) \\ &\langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

abbreviation *gen-bg-impl-rel-ext*

$$\begin{aligned} :: - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow - \Rightarrow (- \times ('q, -) \text{ b-graph-rec-scheme}) \text{ set} \\ \text{where } \text{gen-bg-impl-rel-ext } Rm \ Rf \\ \equiv \langle \langle Rm, Rf \rangle \text{gen-bg-impl-rel-eext} \rangle \text{gen-g-impl-rel-ext} \end{aligned}$$

lemma *gen-bg-refine*:

$$\begin{aligned} &\text{fixes } Rv \ Re \ Rv0 \ Rf \\ &\text{assumes TERM } (Rv, Re, Rv0) \\ &\text{assumes TERM } (Rf) \\ &\text{shows} \\ &\quad (bgi-F, bg-F) \\ &\quad \in \langle Rv, Re, Rv0 \rangle \text{gen-bg-impl-rel-ext } Rm \ Rf \rightarrow Rf \\ &\quad (\text{gen-bg-impl-ext, b-graph-rec-ext}) \\ &\quad \in Rf \rightarrow Rm \rightarrow \langle Rm, Rf \rangle \text{gen-bg-impl-rel-eext} \\ &\quad \langle proof \rangle \end{aligned}$$

8.5.1 Implementation with Characteristic Functions

definition *bg-impl-rel-eext-internal-def*:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{bg-impl-rel-eext } Rm \ Rv \\ \equiv \langle Rm, \langle Rv \rangle \text{fun-set-rel} \rangle \text{gen-bg-impl-rel-eext} \end{aligned}$$

lemma *bg-impl-rel-eext-def*:

```

⟨Rm,Rv⟩bg-impl-rel-eext
≡ ⟨Rm, ⟨Rv⟩fun-set-rel⟩gen-bg-impl-rel-eext
⟨proof⟩

```

lemmas [autoref-rel-intf] = REL-INTFI[of bg-impl-rel-eext i-bg-eext]

lemma [relator-props, simp]:
 $\llbracket \text{single-valued } Rm; \text{single-valued } Rv; \text{Range } Rv = \text{UNIV} \rrbracket$
 $\implies \text{single-valued } (\langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{bg-impl-rel-eext})$
⟨proof⟩

lemma bg-fs-tag: TERM ⟨⟨Rv⟩fun-set-rel⟩ ⟨proof⟩

abbreviation bgv-impl-rel-ext Rm Rv
 $\equiv \langle\langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{bg-impl-rel-eext}, Rv \rangle \text{frgv-impl-rel-ext}$

abbreviation bg-impl-rel-ext Rm Rv
 $\equiv \langle\langle Rm, Rv \rangle \text{bg-impl-rel-eext}, Rv \rangle \text{g-impl-rel-ext}$

context fixes Rv :: ('vi × 'v) set **begin**
lemmas [autoref-rules] = gen-bg-refine[
OF frgv-tag[of Rv] bg-fs-tag[of Rv],
folded frgv-impl-rel-ext-def bg-impl-rel-eext-def]

lemmas [autoref-rules] = gen-bg-refine[
OF g-tag[of Rv] bg-fs-tag[of Rv],
folded g-impl-rel-ext-def bg-impl-rel-eext-def]
end

schematic-goal (?c::?'c,
 $\lambda G x. \text{if } x \in \text{bg-F } G \text{ then } (\text{g-E } G \text{ `` } \{x\}) \text{ else } \{\}$
 $) \in ?R$
⟨proof⟩

schematic-goal
notes [autoref-tyrel] = TYRELI[of Id :: ('a × 'a) set]
shows (?c::?'c, $\lambda E (V0::'a \text{ set}) F$.
 $(\text{g-V} = \{\}, \text{g-E} = E, \text{g-V0} = V0, \text{bg-F} = F) \in ?R$
⟨proof⟩)

schematic-goal
notes [autoref-tyrel] = TYRELI[of Id :: ('a × 'a) set]
shows (?c::?'c, $\lambda E (V0::'a \text{ set}) F$.
 $(\text{g-V} = \text{UNIV}, \text{g-E} = E, \text{g-V0} = V0, \text{bg-F} = F) \in ?R$
⟨proof⟩)

8.6 System Automata

consts

```

i-sa-eext :: interface  $\Rightarrow$  interface  $\Rightarrow$  interface  $\Rightarrow$  interface

abbreviation i-sa Ie Iv Il  $\equiv$   $\langle\langle Ie, Iv, Il \rangle_i i\text{-sa-eext}, Iv \rangle_i i\text{-g-ext}$ 

context begin interpretation autoref-syn  $\langle proof \rangle$ 
term sa-L
lemma sa-type[autoref-itype]:
  sa-L ::i i-sa Ie Iv Il  $\rightarrow_i$  Iv  $\rightarrow_i$  Il
  sa-rec-ext ::i (Iv  $\rightarrow_i$  Il)  $\rightarrow_i$  Ie  $\rightarrow_i$   $\langle\langle Ie, Iv, Il \rangle_i i\text{-sa-eext}$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 
end

record ('vi, 'ei, 'v0i, 'li) gen-sa-impl = ('vi, 'ei, 'v0i) gen-g-impl +
  sai-L :: 'li

definition gen-sa-impl-rel-eext-def-internal:
  gen-sa-impl-rel-eext Rm Rl  $\equiv$  { (
    (| sai-L = Li, ... = mi |),
    (| sa-L = L, ... = m |)
    | Li mi L m.
      (| Li,L )  $\in$  Rl
       $\wedge$  (| mi,m )  $\in$  Rm
    }
  }

lemma gen-sa-impl-rel-eext-def:
   $\langle\langle Rm, Rl \rangle\rangle gen-sa-impl-rel-eext =$  { (
    (| sai-L = Li, ... = mi |),
    (| sa-L = L, ... = m |)
    | Li mi L m.
      (| Li,L )  $\in$  Rl
       $\wedge$  (| mi,m )  $\in$  Rm
    }
  }
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

lemma gen-sa-impl-rel-sv[relator-props]:
   $\llbracket single-valued Rm; single-valued Rf \rrbracket$ 
   $\implies single-valued (\langle\langle Rm, Rf \rangle\rangle gen-sa-impl-rel-eext)$ 
   $\langle proof \rangle$ 

abbreviation gen-sa-impl-rel-ext
  :: -  $\Rightarrow$  -  $\Rightarrow$  -  $\Rightarrow$  -  $\Rightarrow$  -  $\Rightarrow$  (-  $\times$  ('q, 'l, -) sa-rec-scheme) set
  where gen-sa-impl-rel-ext Rm Rf
   $\equiv \langle\langle Rm, Rf \rangle\rangle gen-sa-impl-rel-eext \rangle gen-g-impl-rel-ext$ 

lemma gen-sa-refine:
  fixes Rv Re Rv0
  assumes TERM (Rv, Re, Rv0)
  assumes TERM (Rl)
  shows

```

```
(sai-L,sa-L)
  ∈ ⟨Rv,Re,Rv0⟩gen-sa-impl-rel-ext Rm Rl → Rl
(gen-sa-impl-ext, sa-rec-ext)
  ∈ Rl → Rm → ⟨Rm,Rl⟩gen-sa-impl-rel-eext
⟨proof⟩
```

8.6.1 Implementation with Function

definition *sa-impl-rel-eext-internal-def*:

```
sa-impl-rel-eext Rm Rv Rl
  ≡ ⟨Rm, Rv→Rl⟩gen-sa-impl-rel-eext
```

lemma *sa-impl-rel-eext-def*:

```
⟨Rm,Rv,Rl⟩sa-impl-rel-eext
  ≡ ⟨Rm, Rv→Rl⟩gen-sa-impl-rel-eext
⟨proof⟩
```

lemmas [*autoref-rel-intf*] = *REL-INTFI*[of *sa-impl-rel-eext i-sa-eext*]

lemma [*relator-props, simp*]:

```
[[single-valued Rm; single-valued Rl; Range Rv = UNIV]]
  ⇒ single-valued (⟨Rm,Rv,Rl⟩sa-impl-rel-eext)
⟨proof⟩
```

lemma *sa-f-tag*: *TERM (Rv→Rl)* ⟨*proof*⟩

abbreviation *sav-impl-rel-ext Rm Rv Rl*

```
≡ ⟨⟨Rm, Rv, Rl⟩sa-impl-rel-eext, Rv⟩frgv-impl-rel-ext
```

abbreviation *sa-impl-rel-ext Rm Rv Rl*

```
≡ ⟨⟨Rm, Rv, Rl⟩sa-impl-rel-eext, Rv⟩g-impl-rel-ext
```

type-synonym ('*v,'l,'m') *sav-impl-scheme* =*

```
('v, () sai-L :: 'v ⇒ 'l , ...::'m )) frgv-impl-scheme
```

type-synonym ('*v,'l,'m') *sa-impl-scheme* =*

```
('v, () sai-L :: 'v ⇒ 'l , ...::'m )) g-impl-scheme
```

context fixes *Rv* :: ('*vi* × '*v*) **set begin**

lemmas [*autoref-rules*] = *gen-sa-refine*[

```
OF frgv-tag[of Rv] sa-f-tag[of Rv],
folded frgv-impl-rel-ext-def sa-impl-rel-eext-def]
```

lemmas [*autoref-rules*] = *gen-sa-refine*[

```
OF g-tag[of Rv] sa-f-tag[of Rv],
folded g-impl-rel-ext-def sa-impl-rel-eext-def]
```

end

schematic-goal (?*c*::?*'c*,

```

 $\lambda G\ x\ l.\ if\ sa\text{-}L\ G\ x = l\ then\ (g\text{-}E\ G\ ``\{x\})\ else\ \{\}$ 
 $\in ?R$ 
 $\langle proof \rangle$ 

```

schematic-goal

```

notes [autoref-tyrel] = TYRELI[of Id :: ('a × 'a) set]
shows (?c::?'c, λE (V0:'a set) L.
  ( g-V = {}, g-E = E, g-V0 = V0, sa-L = L )) ∈ ?R
  ⟨proof⟩

```

schematic-goal

```

notes [autoref-tyrel] = TYRELI[of Id :: ('a × 'a) set]
shows (?c::?'c, λE (V0:'a set) L.
  ( g-V = UNIV, g-E = E, g-V0 = V0, sa-L = L )) ∈ ?R
  ⟨proof⟩

```

8.7 Index Conversion

schematic-goal *gbg-to-idx-ext-impl-aux*:

```

fixes Re and Rv :: ('qi × 'q) set
assumes [autoref-ga-rules]: is-bounded-hashcode Rv eq bhc
assumes [autoref-ga-rules]: is-valid-def-hm-size TYPE('qi) (def-size)
shows (?c, gbg-to-idx-ext :: - ⇒ ('q, -) gb-graph-rec-scheme ⇒ -)
  ∈ (gbgv-impl-rel-ext Re Rv → Ri)
  → gbgv-impl-rel-ext Re Rv
  → ⟨igbgv-impl-rel-ext Ri Rv⟩ nres-rel
  ⟨proof⟩
concrete-definition gbg-to-idx-ext-impl
  for eq bhc def-size uses gbg-to-idx-ext-impl-aux

```

```

lemmas [autoref-rules] =
  gbg-to-idx-ext-impl.refine[
  OF SIDE-GEN-ALGO-D SIDE-GEN-ALGO-D]

```

schematic-goal *gbg-to-idx-ext-code-aux*:

```

RETURN ?c ≤ gbg-to-idx-ext-impl eq bhc def-size eenv G
⟨proof⟩

```

```

concrete-definition gbg-to-idx-ext-code
  for eq bhc eenv G uses gbg-to-idx-ext-code-aux
lemmas [refine-transfer] = gbg-to-idx-ext-code.refine

```

term ahm-rel

context begin interpretation autoref-syn ⟨proof⟩

```

lemma [autoref-op-pat]: gba-to-idx-ext eenv ≡ OP gba-to-idx-ext $ eenv ⟨proof⟩
end

```

schematic-goal *gba-to-idx-ext-impl-aux*:

```

fixes Re and Rv :: ('qi × 'q) set

```

```

assumes [autoref-ga-rules]: is-bounded-hashcode Rv eq bhc
assumes [autoref-ga-rules]: is-valid-def-hm-size TYPE('qi) (def-size)
shows (?c, gba-to-idx-ext :: -  $\Rightarrow$  ('q, 'l, -) gba-rec-scheme  $\Rightarrow$  -)
 $\in$  (gbav-impl-rel-ext Re Rv Rl  $\rightarrow$  Ri)
 $\rightarrow$  gbav-impl-rel-ext Re Rv Rl
 $\rightarrow$  ⟨igbav-impl-rel-ext Ri Rv Rl⟩ nres-rel
⟨proof⟩
concrete-definition gba-to-idx-ext-impl for eq bhc uses gba-to-idx-ext-impl-aux
lemmas [autoref-rules] =
gb-to-idx-ext-impl.refine[OF SIDE-GEN-ALGO-D SIDE-GEN-ALGO-D]

schematic-goal gba-to-idx-ext-code-aux:
RETURN ?c  $\leq$  gba-to-idx-ext-impl eq bhc def-size ecnv G
⟨proof⟩
concrete-definition gba-to-idx-ext-code for ecnv G uses gba-to-idx-ext-code-aux
lemmas [refine-transfer] = gba-to-idx-ext-code.refine

```

8.8 Degeneralization

context igb-graph **begin**

```

lemma degen-impl-aux-alt: degeneralize-ext ecnv = (
  if num-acc = 0 then (
    g-V = Collect ( $\lambda(q,x)$ . x=0  $\wedge$  q $\in$ V),
    g-E = E-of-succ ( $\lambda(q,x)$ . if x=0 then ( $\lambda q'$ . (q',0)) 'succ-of-E E q else {}),
    g-V0 = ( $\lambda q'$ . (q',0)) 'V0,
    bg-F = Collect ( $\lambda(q,x)$ . x=0  $\wedge$  q $\in$ V),
    ... = ecnv G
  )
  else (
    g-V = Collect ( $\lambda(q,x)$ . x<num-acc  $\wedge$  q $\in$ V),
    g-E = E-of-succ ( $\lambda(q,i)$ .
      if i<num-acc then
        let
          i' = if i  $\in$  acc q then (i + 1) mod num-acc else i
          in ( $\lambda q'$ . (q',i')) 'succ-of-E E q
        else {}
      ),
    g-V0 = ( $\lambda q'$ . (q',0)) 'V0,
    bg-F = Collect ( $\lambda(q,x)$ . x=0  $\wedge$  0 $\in$ acc q),
    ... = ecnv G
  )
)
⟨proof⟩

```

```

schematic-goal degeneralize-ext-impl-aux:
fixes Re Rv
assumes [autoref-rules]: (Gi, G)  $\in$  igbg-impl-rel-ext Re Rv
shows (?c, degeneralize-ext)
 $\in$  (igbg-impl-rel-ext Re Rv  $\rightarrow$  Re')  $\rightarrow$  bg-impl-rel-ext Re' (Rv  $\times_r$  nat-rel)

```

```

⟨proof⟩

end

definition [simp]:
  op-igb-graph-degeneralize-ext ecnv G ≡ igb-graph.degeneralize-ext G ecnv

lemma [autoref-op-pat]:
  igb-graph.degeneralize-ext ≡  $\lambda G \text{ ecnv}. \text{ op-igb-graph-degeneralize-ext } G \text{ ecnv}$ 
  ⟨proof⟩

thm igb-graph.degeneralize-ext-impl-aux[param-fo]
concrete-definition degeneralize-ext-impl
  uses igb-graph.degeneralize-ext-impl-aux[param-fo]

thm degeneralize-ext-impl.refine

context begin interpretation autoref-syn ⟨proof⟩
lemma [autoref-rules]:
  fixes Re
  assumes SIDE-PRECOND (igb-graph G)
  assumes CNVR: (ecnvi,ecnv) ∈ (igbg-impl-rel-ext Re Rv → Re')
  assumes GR: (Gi,G) ∈ igbg-impl-rel-ext Re Rv
  shows (degeneralize-ext-impl Gi ecnvi,
    (OP op-igb-graph-degeneralize-ext
     ::: (igbg-impl-rel-ext Re Rv → Re') → igbg-impl-rel-ext Re Rv
     → bg-impl-rel-ext Re' (Rv ×r nat-rel) )$ecnv$G )
    ∈ bg-impl-rel-ext Re' (Rv ×r nat-rel)
  ⟨proof⟩

end
thm autoref-itype(1)

schematic-goal
  assumes [simp]: igb-graph G
  assumes [autoref-rules]: (Gi,G) ∈ igbg-impl-rel-ext unit-rel nat-rel
  shows (?c::?'c, igb-graph.degeneralize-ext G (λ-. ())) ∈ ?R
  ⟨proof⟩

```

8.9 Product Construction

```
context igba-sys-prod-precond begin
```

```

lemma prod-impl-aux-alt:
  prod = (⟨)
  g-V = Collect ( $\lambda(q,s). q \in \text{igba}.V \wedge s \in \text{sa}.V$ ),
  g-E = E-of-succ ( $\lambda(q,s).$ 
    if igba.L q (sa.L s) then
      succ-of-E (igba.E) q × succ-of-E sa.E s
    else g-E q s))

```

```

    else
        {}
),
g-V0 = igba.V0 × sa.V0,
igbg-num-acc = igba.num-acc,
igbg-acc = λ(q,s). if s∈sa.V then igba.acc q else {}
))
⟨proof⟩

schematic-goal prod-impl-aux:
fixes Re

assumes [autoref-rules]: ( $Gi, G$ ) ∈ igba-impl-rel-ext Re Rq Rl
assumes [autoref-rules]: ( $Si, S$ ) ∈ sa-impl-rel-ext Re2 Rs Rl
shows (?c, prod) ∈ igbg-impl-rel-ext unit-rel (Rq ×r Rs)
⟨proof⟩

end

definition [simp]: op-igba-sys-prod ≡ igba-sys-prod-precond.prod

lemma [autoref-op-pat]:
igba-sys-prod-precond.prod ≡ op-igba-sys-prod
⟨proof⟩

thm igba-sys-prod-precond.prod-impl-aux[param-fo]
concrete-definition igba-sys-prod-impl
uses igba-sys-prod-precond.prod-impl-aux[param-fo]

thm igba-sys-prod-impl.refine

context begin interpretation autoref-syn ⟨proof⟩
lemma [autoref-rules]:
fixes Re
assumes SIDE-PRECOND (igba G)
assumes SIDE-PRECOND (sa S)
assumes GR: ( $Gi, G$ ) ∈ igba-impl-rel-ext unit-rel Rq Rl
assumes SR: ( $Si, S$ ) ∈ sa-impl-rel-ext unit-rel Rs Rl
shows (igba-sys-prod-impl Gi Si,
(OP op-igba-sys-prod
::: igba-impl-rel-ext unit-rel Rq Rl
→ sa-impl-rel-ext unit-rel Rs Rl
→ igbg-impl-rel-ext unit-rel (Rq ×r Rs) )$G\$S )
∈ igbg-impl-rel-ext unit-rel (Rq ×r Rs)
⟨proof⟩

end

```

```
schematic-goal
assumes [simp]: igba G sa S
assumes [autoref-rules]: (Gi,G) $\in$ igba-impl-rel-ext unit-rel Rq Rl
assumes [autoref-rules]: (Si,S) $\in$ sa-impl-rel-ext unit-rel Rs Rl
shows (?c::?'c,igba-sys-prod-precond.prod G S) $\in$ ?R
  ⟨proof⟩

end
```