

Parker Steel Company



Safety Data Sheet

*** Section 1 - Product and Company Identification ***

Material Name: Leaded Carbon and Alloy Steels Common Alloy/Grade: Bar, Rod, Sheet, Plate, Tubing, Pipe, Structurals Recommended Use: Solid product, various forms and uses

Supplier Information

Parker Steel Company 1625 Indian Wood Circle Maumee, Ohio 43537 P: 800-333-4140 Website: www.metricmetal.com Email: sales@metricmetal.com Emergency # CHEMTREC (US Transportation): (800) 424-9300 CANUTEC (Canadian Transportation): (613) 996-6666

*** Section 2 - Hazards Identification ***

General Hazard Statement: Solid metallic products are generally classified as "articles" and do not constitute a hazardous material in solid form under the definitions of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). Any articles manufactured from these solid products would be generally classified as non-hazardous. However some hazardous elements contained in these products can be emitted under certain processing conditions such as but not limited to: burning, melting, cutting, sawing, brazing, grinding, machining, milling, and welding. Products in the solid state present no fire or explosion hazard. Small chips, fines, and dust may ignite readily, though. The following classification information is for the hazardous elements which may be released during processing.

GHS Classification:

Flammable Solid – Category 1 Eye Damage/Irritation - Category 2B Respiratory Sensitizer - Category 1 Skin Sensitizer - Category 1 Germ Cell Mutagenicity - Category 2 Carcinogenicity - Category 1B Toxic to Reproduction - Category 1A Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure) - Category 1 Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment - Acute Hazard - Category 1

GHS LABEL ELEMENTS Symbol(s)



Signal Word Danger

Hazard Statements

Flammable solid. Causes eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Material Name: Leaded Carbon and Alloy Steels

May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to respiratory system through prolonged or repeated exposure. Very toxic to aquatic life.

Precautionary Statements

Prevention

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking.

Use explosion proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Do not breathe dust/fume.

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

Obtain special instructions before use

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Avoid release to the environment

Response

In case of fire: Use Class D agent to extinguish.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists get medical advice/attention.

IF INHALED: If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a poison center/doctor.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Collect spillage.

Storage

Store locked up

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

** Section 3 - Composition / Information on Ingredients ***

CAS #	Component	Percent
7439-89-6	Iron	<31
7440-47-3	Chromium	0-11*
7440-66-6	Zinc	0-10
7440-02-0	Nickel	0-9.5
7440-44-0	Carbon	0-5.5
7439-98-7	Molybdenum	0-5
7440-21-3	Silicon	0-4
7439-96-5	Manganese	0-3
7440-50-8	Copper	0-2.5
7429-90-5	Aluminum	0-2
7704-34-9	Sulfur	0-2
7440-69-9	Bismuth	0-1.5
7440-62-2	Vanadium	0-1
7440-32-6	Titanium	0-1
7439-92-1	Lead	0-1

Material Name: Leaded Carbon and Alloy Steels

7440-36-0	Antimony	0-0.9
7440-70-2	Calcium	0-0.9
7727-37-9	Nitrogen	0-0.9
7723-14-0	Phosphorus	0-0.9
7782-49-2	Selenium	0-0.9
7440-33-7	Tungsten	0-0.9
7440-03-1	Niobium	0-0.9
7440-42-8	Boron	0-0.9
7439-95-4	Magnesium	0-0.9
7440-31-5	Tin	0-0.9
13494-80-9	Tellurium	0-0.5

The above listing is a summary of elements used in leaded steels. Various grades will contain different combinations of these elements. Other trace elements may also be present in minute amounts. These small quantities (less than 0.1%) are frequently referred to as "trace" or "residual" elements; generally they originate in the raw material used. Such elements would include arsenic (As), beryllium (Be), cadmium (Cd), cobalt (Co), mercury (Hg), oil mist (mineral¹), oxygen (O), selenium (Se), tellurium (Te), and zirconium (Zr). Various byproducts of processing from these trace elements may include lead chromate, ozone, polybrominated biphenyls (PBB), and polybrominated diphenyl ether (PBDE), and these byproducts may also be considered trace. If listed in the above table, the ingredient is considered to be a component rather than trace.

*Leaded steel products as provided contain chromium metal in the zero valence state. As such, chromium metal does not present any unusual health hazard. However, welding, torch cutting, brazing, or grinding of chromium metal in leaded steel may generate airborne concentrations of hexavalent chromium.

Footnotes:

1. The product may have a light coating of oil to prevent corrosion.

* * * Section 4 - First Aid Measures * * *

First Aid: Eyes

Immediately flush with plenty of water. After initial flushing, remove any contact lenses and continue flushing for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while rinsing. Consult a physician.

First Aid: Skin

Wash skin with soap and water. In the case of skin irritation or allergic reactions see a physician.

First Aid: Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or Poison Control Center immediately. Drink plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

First Aid: Inhalation

Move to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

* * * Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures *

General Fire Hazards

See Section 9 for Flammability Properties.

This product does not present fire or explosion hazards as shipped. Small chips, fines, and dust from processing may be readily ignitable.

Hazardous Combustion Products

Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors. In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. May cause sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

Extinguishing Media

Class D extinguishing agents on fines, dust or molten metal. Use coarse water spray on chips and fines.

Material Name: Leaded Carbon and Alloy Steels

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media

DO NOT use halogenated extinguishing agents on small chips or fines. DO NOT use water for fires involving molten metal. These fire extinguishing agents will react with burning material.

Fire Fighting Equipment/Instructions

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

* * * Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures * * *

Recovery and Neutralization

Avoid dust formation. Collect scrap for recycling.

Materials and Methods for Clean-Up

If product is molten, contain the flow using dry sand or salt flux as a dam. All tools and containers which come in contact with molten metal must be preheated or specially coated and rust free. Allow the spill to cool before remelting as scrap.

Emergency Measures

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak.

Personal Precautions and Protective Equipment

Wear appropriate protective clothing and respiratory protection for the situation.

Environmental Precautions

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains. Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Prevention of Secondary Hazards

None

* * * Section 7 - Handling and Storage * * *

Handling Procedures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wear personal protective equipment. Avoid dust formation. Keep material dry. Avoid contact with sharp edges or heated material.

Storage Procedures

Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Incompatibilities

Acids. Alkalis. Water. Halogenated compounds. Metal oxides.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls / Personal Protection ***

A: Component Exposure Limits

Chromium (7440-47-3) ACGIH: 0.5 mg/m3 TWA OSHA: 1 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 0.5 mg/m3 TWA

Nickel (7440-02-0)

ACGIH: 1.5 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable fraction) OSHA: 1 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 0.015 mg/m3 TWA

Molybdenum (7439-98-7)

ACGIH: 10 mg/m3 TWA (inhalable fraction); 3 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction) OSHA: 10 mg/m3 TWA

Material Name: Leaded Carbon and Alloy Steels

Silicon (7440-21-3)

OSHA: 10 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction) NIOSH: 10 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)

Manganese (7439-96-5)

ACGIH: 0.2 mg/m3 TWA

- OSHA: 1 mg/m3 TWA (fume)
 - 3 mg/m3 STEL (fume)
 - 5 mg/m3 Ceiling
- NIOSH: 1 mg/m3 TWA (fume)
 - 3 mg/m3 STEL

Copper (7440-50-8)

ACGIH: 0.2 mg/m3 TWA (fume) OSHA: 0.1 mg/m3 TWA (dust, fume, mist, as Cu)

NIOSH: 1 mg/m3 TWA (dust and mist); 0.1 mg/m3 TWA (fume)

Aluminum (7429-90-5)

ACGIH: 1 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)

OSHA: 15 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable fraction)

NIOSH: 10 mg/m3 TWA (total dust); 5 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust)

Vanadium (7440-62-2)

OSHA: 0.05 mg/m3 TWA (respirable dust, as V2O5); 0.05 mg/m3 TWA (fume, as V2O5)

- NIOSH: 1 mg/m3 TWA (listed under Ferrovanadium dust)
 - 3 mg/m3 STEL (listed under Ferrovanadium dust)

Lead (7439-92-1)

ACGIH: 0.05 mg/m3 TWA OSHA: 30 μg/m3 Action Level (Poison, See 29 CFR 1910.1025); 50 μg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 0.050 mg/m3 TWA

Tin (7440-31-5)

ACGIH:	2 mg/m3 TWA
OSHA:	2 mg/m3 TWA
NIOSH:	2 mg/m3 TWA

Tungsten (7440-33-7)

ACGIH: 5 mg/m3 TWA 10 mg/m3 STEL OSHA: 5 mg/m3 TWA 10 mg/m3 STEL NIOSH: 5 mg/m3 TWA 10 mg/m3 STEL

Antimony (7440-36-0)

ACGIH: 0.5 mg/m3 TWA OSHA: 0.5 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 0.5 mg/m3 TWA

Phosphorus (7723-14-0)

OSHA: 0.1 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 0.1 mg/m3 TWA

Material Name: Leaded Carbon and Alloy Steels

Selenium (7782-49-2)

ACGIH: 0.2 mg/m3 TWA OSHA: 0.2 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 0.2 mg/m3 TWA

Tellurium (13494-80-9)

ACGIH: 0.1 mg/m3 TWA OSHA: 0.1 mg/m3 TWA NIOSH: 0.1 mg/m3 TWA

Engineering Measures

Where feasible, enclose processes to prevent dust dispersion into the work area. Provide local exhaust when possible, and general ventilation as necessary, to keep airborne concentrations below exposure limits and as low as possible.

Personal Protective Equipment: Respiratory

If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, NIOSH/MSHA approved respiratory protection should be worn. Positive-pressure supplied air respirators may be required for high airborne contaminant concentrations. Respiratory protection must be provided in accordance with current local regulations.

Personal Protective Equipment: Hands

Use impervious gloves such as neoprene, nitrile, or rubber for hand protection.

Personal Protective Equipment: Eyes

Wear safety glasses with side shields and/or goggles as necessary to prevent dust from entering eyes.

Personal Protective Equipment: Skin and Body

Use body protection appropriate for task.

Hygiene Measures

Do not breathe vapors/dust. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Provide regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Wash hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

*** Section 9 - Physical & Chemical Properties ***

Appearance:	Gray-Metallic	Odor:	None
Physical State:	Solid	pH:	NA
Vapor Pressure:	ND	Vapor Density:	ND
Boiling Point:	ND	Melting Point:	~1538 (°C) / ~2800 (°F)
Solubility (H2O):	Insoluble	Specific Gravity:	
Evaporation Rate:	ND	VOC:	ND
Octanol/H2O Coeff.:	ND	Flash Point:	NA
Flash Point Method:	NA	Upper Flammability Limit	NA
		(UFL):	
Lower Flammability Limit	NA	Burning Rate:	NA
(LFL):			
Auto Ignition:	NA		

*** Section 10 - Chemical Stability & Reactivity Information ***

Chemical Stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Hazardous Reaction Potential

Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid

Dust formation. Heat, flames and sparks. Protect from water.

Incompatible Products

Acids. Alkalis. Water. Halogenated compounds. Metal oxides.

Material Name: Leaded Carbon and Alloy Steels

Hazardous Decomposition Products

Toxic metal oxides and carbon and nitrogen oxides may be produced during a fire involving metal alloys. Alloys with nickel may also produce poisonous nickel carbonyl.

* * * Section 11 - Toxicological Information * * *

Acute Toxicity

Component Analysis - LD50/LC50

Iron (7439-89-6) Oral LD50 Rat 984 mg/kg

Nickel (7440-02-0) Oral LD50 Rat >9000 mg/kg

Carbon (7440-44-0) Oral LD50 Rat >10000 mg/kg

Silicon (7440-21-3) Oral LD50 Rat 3160 mg/kg

Manganese (7439-96-5) Oral LD50 Rat 9 g/kg

Sulfur (7704-34-9) Inhalation LC50 Rat >9.23 mg/L 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat >3000 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rabbit >2000 mg/kg

Bismuth (7440-69-9)

Oral LD50 Rat 5 g/kg

Boron (7440-42-8) Oral LD50 Rat 650 mg/kg

Magnesium (7439-95-4) Oral LD50 Rat 230 mg/kg

Antimony (7440-36-0) Oral LD50 Rat 7 g/kg

Phosphorus (7723-14-0)

Inhalation LC50 Rat 4.3 mg/L 1 h; Oral LD50 Rat 3.03 mg/kg; Dermal LD50 Rat 100 mg/kg

Selenium (7782-49-2) Oral LD50 Rat 6700 mg/kg

Tellurium (13494-80-9) Inhalation LC50 Rat >2420 mg/m3 4 h; Oral LD50 Rat 83 mg/kg

Potential Health Effects: Skin Corrosion Property/Stimulativeness

Contact with dust can cause mechanical irritation or drying of the skin. Contact with oils from processing may cause irritation. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce dermatitis. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause allergic reactions with susceptible persons.

Potential Health Effects: Eye Critical Damage/ Stimulativeness

Dust contact with the eyes can lead to mechanical irritation.

Material Name: Leaded Carbon and Alloy Steels

Potential Health Effects: Ingestion

May be harmful if swallowed. May cause additional affects as listed under "Inhalation".

Potential Health Effects: Inhalation

May be harmful if inhaled. Inhalation of dust in high concentration may cause irritation of respiratory system.

Respiratory Organs Sensitization/Skin Sensitization

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Generative Cell Mutagenicity

Suspected of causing genetic defects

Carcinogenicity

A: General Product Information

May cause cancer.

B: Component Carcinogenicity

Chromium (7440-47-3)

- ACGIH: A4 Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
- IARC: Monograph 49 [1990] (listed under Chromium and Chromium compounds); Supplement 7 [1987] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

Nickel (7440-02-0)

- ACGIH: A5 Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen
- NIOSH: potential occupational carcinogen
 - NTP: Reasonably Anticipated To Be A Human Carcinogen (Possible Select Carcinogen)
- IARC: Monograph 49 [1990]; Supplement 7 [1987] (Group 2B (possibly carcinogenic to humans))

Aluminum (7429-90-5)

ACGIH: A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen

Lead (7439-92-1)

- ACGIH: A3 Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
- OSHA: 30 µg/m3 Action Level (Poison, See 29 CFR 1910.1025); 50 µg/m3 TWA
- NTP: Reasonably Anticipated To Be A Human Carcinogen (Possible Select Carcinogen)
- IARC: Monograph 87 [2006] (evaluates inorganic lead compounds as Group 2A and organic lead compounds as Group 3) (Group 2A (probably carcinogenic to humans))

Selenium (7782-49-2)

IARC: Supplement 7 [1987]; Monograph 9 [1975] (Group 3 (not classifiable))

Reproductive Toxicity

Lead may damage the reproductive system and cause developmental damage.

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Single Exposure

Causes damage to organs (kidneys, respiratory system)

Specified Target Organ General Toxicity: Repeated Exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (respiratory system). Repeated contact may cause allergic reactions in very susceptible persons. Avoid repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects. Repeated or prolonged skin contact may cause skin irritation and/or dermatitis and sensitization of susceptible persons. May cause adverse effects on the bone marrow and blood-forming system. May cause adverse liver effects.

Elevated temperature processing such as welding and plasma arc cutting may release hazardous fumes. Overexposure to metal fumes may cause pulmonary edema (fluid in the lungs) and methemaglobinemia. May also cause pulmonary fibrosis and lung cancer. Lead compounds may be absorbed by ingestion, by inhalation and through the skin. Lead may damage kidney function, the blood forming system and the reproductive system. Inorganic lead compounds can cause developmental damage.

Material Name: Leaded Carbon and Alloy Steels

Aspiration Respiratory Organs Hazard

None

* * * * * * **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

Ecotoxicity

A: General Product Information

Very toxic to aquatic organisms.

B: Con

mponent Analysis - Ecotoxicity Iron (7439-89-6)	- Aquatic Toxicity	
Test & Species		Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Morone saxatilis 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	13.6 mg/L [static] 0.56 mg/L [semi- static]	
Zinc (7440-66-6)		
Test & Species		Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	2.16-3.05 mg/L [flow-through]	
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	0.211-0.269 mg/L [semi-static]	
96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas	2.66 mg/L [static]	
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	30 mg/L	
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	0.45 mg/L [semi- static]	
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	7.8 mg/L [static]	
96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus	3.5 mg/L [static]	
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	0.24 mg/L [flow- through]	
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	0.59 mg/L [semi- static]	
96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	0.41 mg/L [static]	
96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella	0.11 - 0.271 mg/L	
subcapitata	[static]	
72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella	0.09 - 0.125 mg/L	
subcapitata 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna	[static] 0.139 - 0.908 mg/L	
	[Static]	
Nickel (7440-02-0)		
Test & Species	400 "	Conditions
96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio	>100 mg/L	
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	1.3 mg/L [semi- static]	
96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio	10.4 mg/L [static]	
72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella	0.18 mg/L	

72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna

Copper (7440-50-8)

Test & Species 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas

96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas

0.0068 - 0.0156 mg/L <0.3 mg/L [static]

0.174 - 0.311 mg/L

[static]

>100 mg/L

1 mg/L [Static]

Conditions

Material Name: Leaded Carbon and Alloy Steels

 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio 96 Hr LC50 Poecilia reticulata 72 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 96 Hr EC50 Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna 	0.2 mg/L [flow- through] 0.052 mg/L [flow- through] 1.25 mg/L [static] 0.3 mg/L [semi- static] 0.8 mg/L [static] 0.112 mg/L [flow- through] 0.0426 - 0.0535 mg/L [static] 0.031 - 0.054 mg/L [static] 0.03 mg/L [Static]	
Sulfur (7704-34-9) Test & Species 96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss	866 mg/L [static] <14 mg/L [static] >180 mg/L [static]	Conditions
Lead (7439-92-1) Test & Species 96 Hr LC50 Cyprinus carpio 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 48 Hr EC50 water flea	0.44 mg/L [semi- static] 1.17 mg/L [flow- through] 1.32 mg/L [static] 600 μg/L	Conditions
 Phosphorus (7723-14-0) Test & Species 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus 96 Hr LC50 Brachydanio rerio 96 Hr LC50 Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna 	0.0017-0.0035 mg/L [flow-through] 0.001-0.004 mg/L [static] >100 mg/L [static] 0.015-0.032 mg/L [static] 0.011-0.028 mg/L [static] 0.03 mg/L 0.025 - 0.037 mg/L [Static]	Conditions

Persistence/Degradability

Metal powders may cause ecological damage through silting or sedimentation effect in water depriving organisms of habitat and mobility, and/or fouling of gills, lungs and skin thus limiting oxygen uptake.

Bioaccumulation

Metal powders in water or soil may form metal oxides or other metal compounds that could become bioavailable and harm aquatic or terrestrial organisms.

Mobility in Soil

Metal powder would be relatively immobile in soils but some metal compounds may be transported with ground water.

Material Name: Leaded Carbon and Alloy Steels

* * * Section 13 - Disposal Considerations * * *

Waste Disposal Instructions

See Section 7 for Handling Procedures. See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment recommendations. **Disposal of Contaminated Containers or Packaging**

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

* * * Section 14 - Transportation Information * * *

Component Marine Pollutants

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required by US DOT to be identified as marine pollutants.

Component	CAS #	
Copper	7440-50-8	DOT regulated severe marine
		pollutant (powder)

DOT Information

Shipping Name: Not Regulated

IATA Information

Shipping Name: Not Regulated

ICAO Information

Shipping Name: Not Regulated

IMDG Information

Shipping Name: Not Regulated

* * * Section 15 - Regulatory Information * * *

Regulatory Information

A: Component Analysis

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required to be identified under SARA Section 302 (40 CFR 355 Appendix A), SARA Section 313 (40 CFR 372.65) and/or CERCLA (40 CFR 302.4).

Chromium (7440-47-3)

SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm); 2270 kg final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm)

Zinc (7440-66-6)

SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration (dust or fume only)

CERCLA: 454 kg final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm); 1000 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm)

Material Name: Leaded Carbon and Alloy Steels

Nickel (7440-02-0)

SARA 313: 0.1 % de minimis concentration

CERCLA: 100 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm); 45.4 kg final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm)

Manganese (7439-96-5)

SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration

Copper (7440-50-8)

SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μ m); 2270 kg final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μ m)

Aluminum (7429-90-5)

SARA 313: 1.0 % de minimis concentration (dust or fume only)

Lead (7439-92-1)

- SARA 313: 0.1 % Supplier notification limit; 0.1 % de minimis concentration (when contained in stainless steel, brass, or bronze)
- CERCLA: 10 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm); 4.54 kg final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm)

Antimony (7440-36-0)

CERCLA: 5000 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm); 2270 kg final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm)

Phosphorus (7723-14-0)

SARA 302: 100 lb TPQ (This material is a reactive solid. The TPQ does not default to 10000 pounds for nonpowder, non-molten, non-solution form)

CERCLA: 1 lb final RQ; 0.454 kg final RQ

Selenium (7782-49-2)

CERCLA: 100 lb final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm); 45.4 kg final RQ (no reporting of releases of this hazardous substance is required if the diameter of the pieces of the solid metal released is >100 μm)

B: Component Marine Pollutants

This material contains one or more of the following chemicals required by US DOT to be identified as marine pollutants.

Copper (7440-50-8)

0-2.5 DOT regulated severe marine pollutant (powder)

Material Name: Leaded Carbon and Alloy Steels

State Regulations

A: Component Analysis - State

The following components appear on one or more of the following state hazardous substances lists:

Component	CAS	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Iron	7439-89-6	Yes	No	No	No	No	No
Chromium	7440-47-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Zinc	7440-66-6	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Nickel	7440-02-0	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Carbon	7440-44-0	No	No	No	No	No	Yes
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Silicon	7440-21-3	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Manganese	7439-96-5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Copper	7440-50-8	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Aluminum	7429-90-5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Sulfur	7704-34-9	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Vanadium	7440-62-2	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Lead	7439-92-1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Titanium	7440-32-6	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No
Boron	7440-42-8	No	No	No	Yes	No	No
Magnesium	7439-95-4	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tin	7440-31-5	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tungsten	7440-33-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Calcium	7440-70-2	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Antimony	7440-36-0	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Phosphorus	7723-14-0	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Selenium	7782-49-2	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Tellurium	13494-80-9	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes



WARNING:

This product can expose you to a chemical or chemicals such as Chromium, Lead or Nickel which is [are] known to the State of California to cause cancer or birth defects or other reproductive harm.

For more information go to: www.P65Warnings.ca.gov/product

Component Analysis - WHMIS IDL

The following components are identified under the Canadian Hazardous Products Act Ingredient Disclosure List:

Component	CAS #	Minimum Concentration
Chromium	7440-47-3	0.1 %
Nickel	7440-02-0	0.1 %
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	1 %
Manganese	7439-96-5	1 %
Copper	7440-50-8	1 %
Aluminum	7429-90-5	1 %
Lead	7439-92-1	0.1 %
Selenium	7782-49-2	0.1 %

Additional Regulatory Information

Component Analysis - Inventory

Component	CAS #	TSCA	CAN	EEC
Iron	7439-89-6	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Chromium	7440-47-3	Yes	DSL	EINECS

Material Name: Leaded Carbon and Alloy Steels

Zinc	7440-66-6	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Nickel	7440-02-0	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Carbon	7440-44-0	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Silicon	7440-21-3	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Manganese	7439-96-5	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Copper	7440-50-8	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Aluminum	7429-90-5	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Sulfur	7704-34-9	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Bismuth	7440-69-9	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Vanadium	7440-62-2	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Lead	7439-92-1	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Titanium	7440-32-6	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Boron	7440-42-8	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Magnesium	7439-95-4	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Niobium	7440-03-1	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Tin	7440-31-5	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Tungsten	7440-33-7	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Calcium	7440-70-2	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Antimony	7440-36-0	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Phosphorus	7723-14-0	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Selenium	7782-49-2	Yes	DSL	EINECS
Tellurium	13494-80-9	Yes	DSL	EINECS

*** Section 16 - Other Information ***

Key/Legend

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists; ADG = Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail; ADR/RID = European Agreement of Dangerous Goods by Road/Rail; AS = Standards Australia; DFG = Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft; DOT = Department of Transportation; DSL = Domestic Substances List; EEC = European Economic Community; EINECS = European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances; ELINCS = European List of Notified Chemical Substances; EU = European Union; HMIS = Hazardous Materials Identification System; IARC = International Agency for Research on Cancer; IMO = International Maritime Organization; IATA = International Air Transport Association; MAK = Maximum Concentration Value in the Workplace; NDSL = Non-Domestic Substances List; NFPA = National Fire Protection Association; NOHSC = National Occupational Health & Safety Commission; NTP = National Toxicology Program; STEL = Short-term Exposure Limit; TDG = Transportation of Dangerous Goods; TLV = Threshold Limit Value; TSCA = Toxic Substances Control Act; TWA = Time Weighted Average

Literature References

Available on request.

End of Sheet