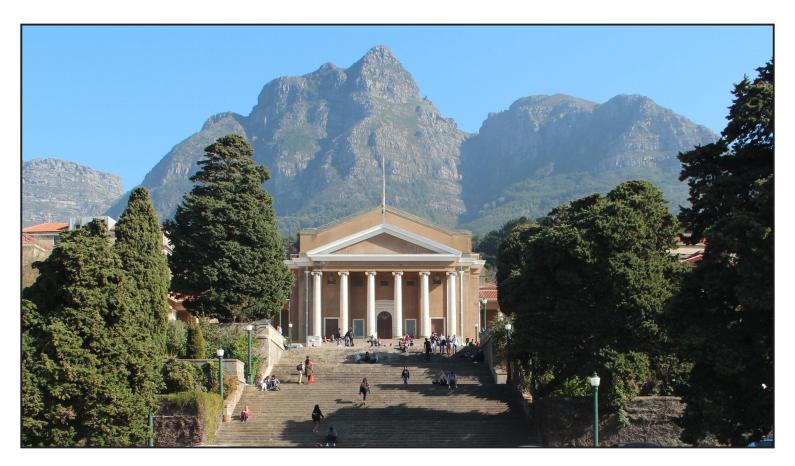
A SURVEY AND INVENTORY OF THE HERITAGE RESOURCES OF THE UNIVERSITY OF CAPE TOWN



By Stephen Townsend & Claire Abrahamse

January 2016, Revised March 2016, August 2017 and October 2019

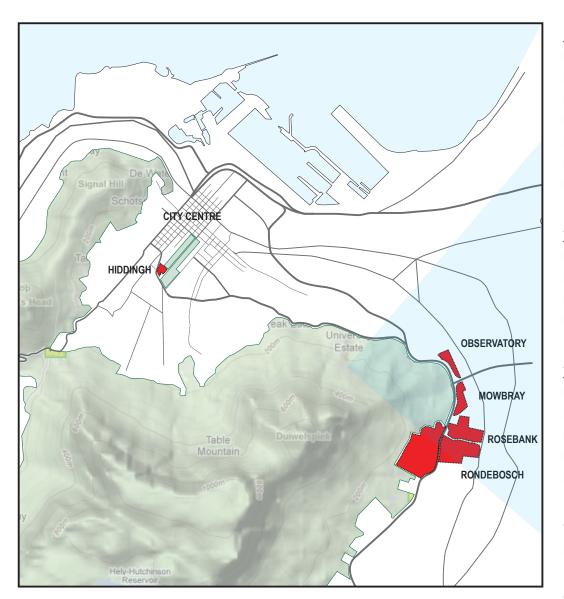


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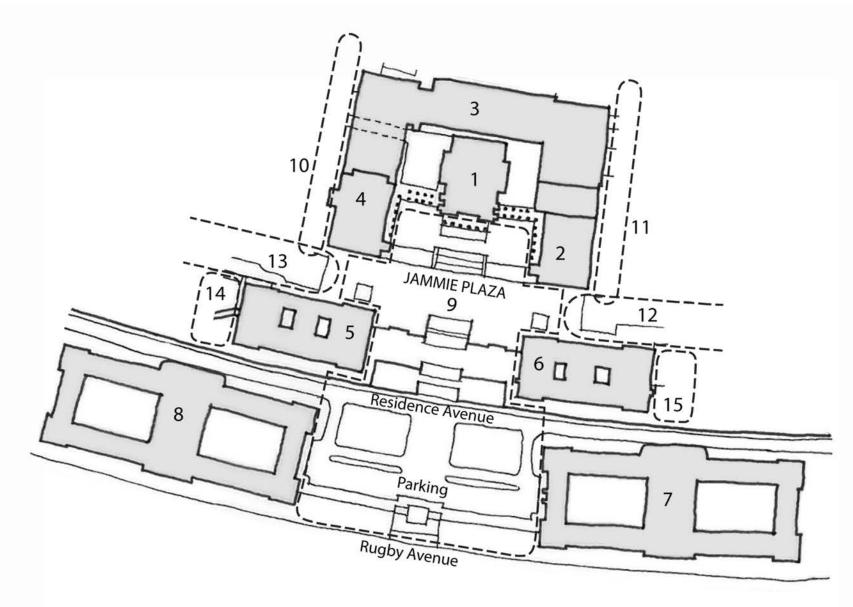
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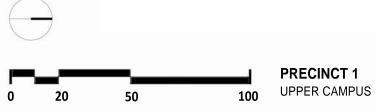
Note on the Survey and Inventory, prior to public comment.

Although this document and those associated with it are all dated October 2019, the detailed pages of the Inventory describing each individual building have not been up-dated since March 2016. The changes since then will be included with those necessitated by comments received during the commenting process. We are cognisant that some of the structures inventoried herewith have seen substantial change, for instance in the April 2021 fire.

This inventory has focused primarily on built fabric, its history, and on spatial analysis. We recognise that the intangible heritage of the campus environment is equally important; and we also recognise that the present and past student and staff communities are the primary owners of the meanings and significances of the campus environments, and of intangible heritages associated with these places and spaces. We hope that discussion and debate will flow from the engagement process, and that the significances of the university will be amplified through this process.





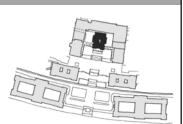


UNIVERSITY OF CAPE TOWN HERITAGE SURVEY Stephen Townsend and Claire Abrahamse January 2016, Rev. April 2016

JAMESON HALL

OTHER NAMES: JAMMIE HALL

	ADD	ORESS	
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01110	1.1	Upper
CAMPUS A	DDRESS:		
16 Library F	Road		
BUILDING N	NAME(S):		



MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Gathering hall and ceremonial space.

ORIGINAL USE:

Gathering hall and ceremonial space.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Affectionately known as "Jammie Hall".

Square plan with a vaulted roof and classical entrance portico reached via a set of grand granite steps. This monolithic building is (conceptually) on axis with the Summer House (Middle Campus) and has a triangular pediment reflecting this axis which aligns with the apex of Devil's Peak behind. Originally designed with a prominent domed roof, Solomon was influenced by the university campus designs he had seen while abroad in Europe and North America when he conceptualised the main university hall (Phillips, 1990:147).

SIGNIFICANCE

NOTABLE

HIGH

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Х

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Х

Х

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Architectural

Technological

Aesthetic

Historical

Rarity

Cultural

Social

Contextual

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 1932 Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay OUTLINE:

Part of the Solomon Plan. Consulting architect was Edward Lutyens, also assisted by architect C.P. Walgate.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building has a high degree of sociopolitical significance, being the notional central space of the University. Protests, graduation ceremonies, speeches and celebrations have been centred here throughout the University's history on this campus. The building was named in memory of Sir Leander Starr Jameson, Prime Minister of the Cape Colony from 1904-1908. The original Solomon design included a domed roof but, built during the Great Depression and therefore under considerable financial strain, Jameson Hall was funded by public subscription and this did not allow for the realisation of the dome. "Jammie Steps", in front of the hall, is the most important social space of the university (see 1.9).



Image: Iconic image of Jameson Hall with Devil's Peak aligned perfectly in the background.

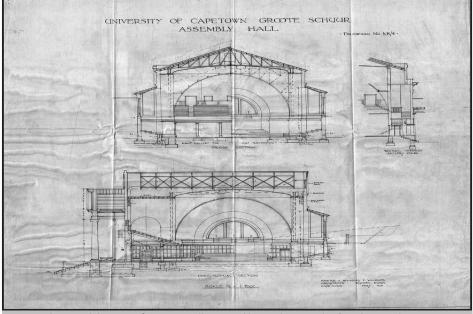


Image: Architectural drawings of Jameson Hall prepared by Hawke, McKinlay & Walgate Architects.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

Jameson Hall remains the "heart" of the MODERATE university, both academically (it is the venue for graduation ceremonies) as well as N/A spatially and socially. The building is the central element within the composition of Upper Campus, and was among the first buildings realised on the mountain slopes when the university first moved to Rondebosch. It was designed by a notable architect, and is of fine materials and crasftmanship. In its design, the building has all the classical references typical of university halls around the world, but is rare as an example of that building type.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

Section 27

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade II

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

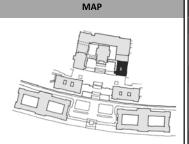
PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II within the PHS area.

OTTO BEIT BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: OLD STUDENT UNION

	ADD	RESS	
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01120	1.2	Upper
CAMPUS AD	DRESS:		
17 Universit	y Avenue N	orth	
BUILDING N	AME(S):		



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Post graduate funding & other administrative functions; gathering space.

ORIGINAL USE:

Student Union.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The Otto Beit Building is amoung the core historic buildings on Upper Campus and strongly follows, and helped establish, the architectural and urban design typology established on the campus as devised by Solomon, Walgate, Elsworth, Hawke and McKinley in the first decades of its development. The building frames the Jameson Memorial Hall, and thus was designed as a "background" and "framing" element from the start. Nevertheless, it comprises some fine internal spaces, most notably the timber panelled old student union hall (now the Molly Blackburn Hall).

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: c1929 Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay

OUTLINE:

The Otto Beit Building was designed by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay and conforms to the campus typology.

ALTERATIONS
ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Otto Beit was present at the first day construction of the Groote Schuur campus, and was awarded an honorary LLD by UCT in thanks for his financial contributions and dedication to the university. This building was named in his honour. Although the building was the home of the student union for many years, it is secondary to "Jammie Steps", which from the earliest years was the site of the open discussion of political issues on campus (Phillips, 1993: 198). The main hall was re-named the Molly Blackburn Memorial Hall in 2004, in honour of the Black Sash salwart who revealed the atrocities of the security forces under the apartheid regime (http://www.uct.ac.za /mondaypaper/archives/?id=4594).



Image: View of Otto Beit as seen from Jammie Plaza.

SIGNIFICANCE COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE **GRADING & PROTECTION CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:** The Otto Beit Building, by Walgate, Hawke Section 27 NOTABLE and McKinlay, is part of the core of pre-1950 CoCT GRADE c.2000: university building that occurred on Upper HIGH LOW Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) Campus, and strongly contributed to establishing an architectural and urban Х CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Architectural design typology on the campus. The building Aesthetic Х Proposed Grade I contributes to the aesthetic and spatial Historical Х ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: qualities of both the University Avenue and Proposed Grade II Х Rarity Jameson Plaza and Steps - two of the primary Technological Х **CURRENT CoCT GRADE:** open spaces on the Upper Campus. For this Cultural Х reason, it is a key contributor to the "set PHS piece" that gives the Upper Campus its Contextual Х PROPOSED GRADING: unique qualities. Elements of its interior are Proposed Grade II within the PHS area. Social Х intact. DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016

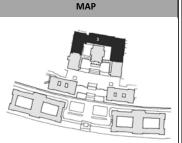


Image: Internal view of the Molly Blackburn Hall, still with original fittings.

CHANCELLOR OPPENHEIMER LIBRARY

OTHER NAMES: HLANGANANI (LEVEL 6 & 7)

	ADD	RESS	
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01430	1.3	Upper
CAMPUS AD	DRESS:		
37 North La	ne		
BUILDING N	AME(S):		



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Library & Resouce Centre

ORIGINAL USE:

Library & Resource Centre

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

A Horseshoe-shaped structure, on 7 levels, embracing Jameson Hall and linking the Jagger Building to its mirror-image on the north side of the Hall, the Otto Beit/Students' Union Building, where the new entrance to the University Library is now situated. Behind the new library's traditional exterior, which harmonises with the architecture of the Campus as planned by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay in the 1920s, can be found a modern, technologically sophisticated interior. Contained within it are the parts that constitute a university library: specialist reference services, technical and user services departments, as well as training and research facilities

(http://www.lib.uct.ac.za/lib/history#1980).

SIGNIFICANCE

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 2001 Louis Karol & Partners

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

A building that is largely inward-focussed.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

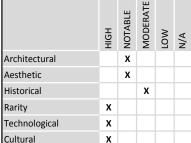
Named the Chancellor Oppenheimer Library at the opening ceremony in October 2001, in honour of UCT's fourth Chancellor (1967 -1999) and the new building's most generous benefactor

(http://www.lib.uct.ac.za/lib/history#1980).



Image: View of the back of the library (west side).

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE



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х

Contextual

Social

Although architecturally and aesthetically the Library does not contribute visually or contextually to the Upper Campus set-piece, being almost entirely internalised, it is of an outstanding degree of cultural significance and rarity as a collection of knowledge. Amoung this collection are a substantial number of documents and artefacts that, in themselves, would warrant Grade II, or even Grade I heritage protection. Chief among these are the Bleek and Lloyd Collection.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II within the PHS

DATE: Jan-2016



Image: View of library to the northern side of Jameson Hall.

J.W. JAGGER LIBRARY

OTHER NAMES: N/A

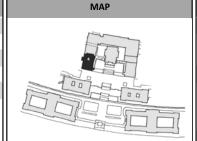
	ADDI	KESS	
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01100	1.4	Upper

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

36 Library Road

BUILDING NAME(S):

J.W. Jagger: "A leading merchant & politician in Cape Town & Chairman of the Council's Finance Committee" (Phillips 1990:134).



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

University library.

ORIGINAL USE:

University library.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The J.W. Jagger Library is amoung the core historic buildings on Upper Campus and strongly follows, and helped establish, the architectural and urban design typology established on the campus as devised by Solomon, Walgate, Elsworth, Hawke and McKinley in the first decades of its development. The building frames the Jameson Memorial Hall and thus was designed as a "background" and "framing" element from the start. It comprises some fine internal spaces, most notably the reading room, along with its intact foyer space.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: c1929 Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay

OUTLINE:

The J. W. Jagger Library was designed by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay and conforms to the campus typology.

ALTERATIONS

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1942 Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay

OUTLINE:

The interior was restored by Fagan in c2014, and is significantly intact.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building is named after J.W. Jagger, who was a generous benefactor to the UCT library. His success in business allowed him to pursue his interest in promoting and funding educational initiatives, and he gave generously to the university during his lifetime. He was chairman of UCT's finance committee for many years, and in terms of his will, the J.W. Jagger Scholarships were founded in 1928. The library is a core academic and social space on the campus, and was custom-built to accommodate 300 readers and 120000 volumes (Phillips, 1993: 182-184). The building has significance in the academic realm, as it houses rare collections on the site.



Image: Entrance of the Jaggers Library Building off University Avenue/Jammie Plaza.



Image: The Reading Room within the Jaggers Library Building.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Х Architectural Aesthetic Х Historical Х Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The J. W. Jagger library, by Hawke and McKinlay, is part of the core of pre-1950 building that occurred on Upper Campus, and strongly contributed to establishing an architectural and urban design typology there. The building contributes to the aesthetic and spatial qualities of both University Avenue and Jammie Plaza and Steps - the primary open spaces on the Upper Campus. It is thus a key contributor to the "set piece" that gives the Upper Campus its unique qualities. The Special Collections/Manuscripts & Archives are cultural resources of high significance.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

Section 27

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade II

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

PHS

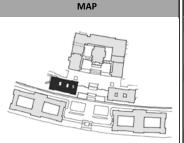
PROPOSED GRADING:

Grade II within the PHS area.

ARTS BLOCK

OTHER NAMES: AC JORDAN BUILDING

	ADD	RESS	
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01190	1.5	Upper
CAMPUS AD	DRESS:		
6 University	Avenue Sou	uth	
BUILDING N	AME(S):		



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Faculty of Humanities and Arts

ORIGINAL USE:

Faculty of Humanities and Arts

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The Arts Block is amoung the core historic buildings along University Avenue and strongly follows, and helped establish, the architectura and urban design typology established on the campus as devised by Solomon, Walgate, Elsworth, Hawke and McKinley in the first decades of its development.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

c1928 Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

The original "Arts Block" was designed by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay and conforms to the campus typology.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This structure and faculty have limited sociopolitical significance, aside from within the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: View from Jammie Plaza toward the AC Jordan Building/Arts Block.

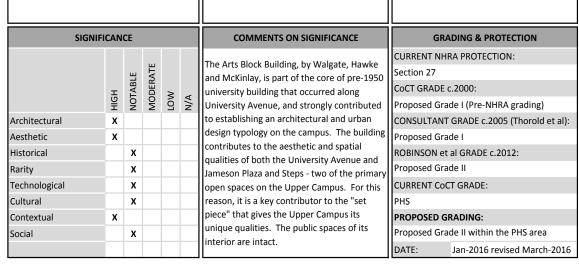




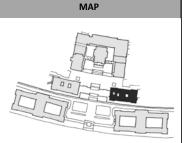
Image: View of one of the primary entrances off University Avenue. Image: Ornamentation.



MATHEMATICS BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: N/A

	ADD	RESS	
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01200	1.6	Upper
CAMPUS AD	DRESS:		
7 University	Avenue No	rth	
BUILDING N	AME(S):		



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Department of Mathematics

ORIGINAL USE:

Department of Physics and Mathematics

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The Mathematics Block is amoung the core historic buildings along University Avenue and strongly follows, and helped establish, the architectural and urban design typology established on the campus as devised by Solomon, Walgate, Elsworth, Hawke and McKinley in the first decades of its development.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: c1928 Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay

OUTLINE:

The original "Physics and Mathematics Block" was designed by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay and conforms to the campus typology.

ALTERATIONS
DATE: ARCHITECT:

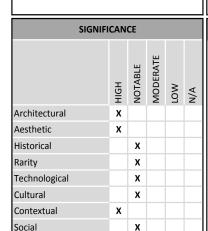
OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This structure and faculty have limited socio political significance, aside from within the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: View from Jammie Plaza towards the Mathematics Building.



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Mathematics Block Building, by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay, is part of the core of pre-1950 university building that occurred along University Avenue, and strongly contributed to establishing an architectural and urban design typology on the campus. The building contributes to the aesthetic and spatial qualities of both the University Avenue and Jameson Plaza and Steps - two of the primary open spaces on the Upper Campus. For this reason, it is a key contributor to the ""set piece"" that gives the Upper Campus its unique qualities. The public spaces of its interior are intact.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

Section 27

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade II

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

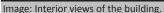
PHS

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II within the PHS area

DATE:







SMUTS HALL

BUILDING NAME(S):

OTHER NAMES: MEN'S RESIDENCE

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
44201	01240	1.7	Upper	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
3 Residence Road				

General Smuts was the Chancellor of UCT following Beattie. Originally called the Men's Residence (changed in 1950).



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Men's Residence

ORIGINAL USE:

Men's Residence

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Smuts Hall is amoung the core historic buildings along Residence Road and strongly follows, and helped establish, the architectural and urban design typology established on the campus as devised by Solomon, Walgate and Elsworth, Hawke, McKinley in the first decades of its development. Notable elements include:

A: Bust of Smuts, within the entrance cupola.
B: Internal courtyards, with arcaded egdes.
C: Fine internal elements including original timber doors, windows, flooring, fireplaces

with surrounds, vaulted and coffered ceilings

and woodpanelling in the main public spaces.

D: History of South Africa illustrated in 10 stained-glass windows.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1920 J.M. Solomon

OUTLINE:

Building began in 1920, with Otto Beit 'turning the first sod'. Brought to completion by local architects Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay after Solomon's death.

ALTERATIONS		
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	
OUTLINE:		

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This structure has social significance for generations of male graduates of UCT. It was named after Field Marshall Jan C. Smuts in 1950 to commemorate his tenure as Chancellor of UCT (1937-1950). It was opened in 1928 and was known at that time as "Men's Residence". Trained in law, Smuts became state attorney in Pretoria and lead South African Armed Forces during WWI. He became Deputy Prime Minister under the coalition of J.B.M. Hertzog and later served as Prime Minister. Smuts Hall was the first building to be completed on the campus. Its foundation stone was laid by the 1st Chancellor, the Prince of Wales.



Image: View toward the primary entrance to Smuts Hall



Image: View along Rugby Road with Smuts Hall on the left.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N/A Х Architectural Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Х Technological Х Cultural Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Mens' Residence Building, designed by Solomon and executed by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay, is part of the core of pre-1950 university building and strongly contributed to establishing an architectural and urban design typology on the campus. The building contributes to the aesthetic and spatial qualities of Jameson Plaza and Steps and plays a key role in establishing the visual foreground and symmetry of the campus. For this reason, it is a key contributor to the "set piece" that gives the Upper Campus its unique qualities. The public spaces of its interior are significantly intact.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

Section 27

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):
Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade II

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

PHS

PROPOSED GRADING:

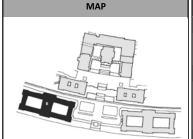
Proposed Grade II within the PHS area

FULLER HALL

(changed in 1950).

OTHER NAMES: WOMENS' RESIDENCE

ADDRESS					
ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS:					
44201	01230	1.8	Upper		
CAMPUS ADDRESS:					
2 Residence Road					
BUILDING NAME(S):					



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Womens' Residence Building

ORIGINAL USE:

Womens' Residence Building

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Originally called the Women's Residence

Fuller Hall is amoung the core historic buildings along Residence Road and strongly follows, and helped establish, the architectura and urban design typology established on the campus as devised by Solomon, Walgate, Elsworth, Hawke and McKinley in the first decades of its development. Notable elements include:

A: Bust of Fuller, within the entrance cupola.

B: Internal courtyards, with arcaded egdes.

C: Fine internal elements including original timber doors, windows, flooring, fireplaces with surrounds, vaulted and coffered ceilings and woodpanelling in the main public spaces.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:
c1922 Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay
OUTLINE:

The original "Womens' Residence" was designed by Solomon in 1918, and executed by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay after his death.

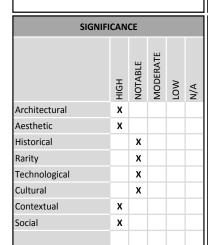
ALTERATIONS		
DATE: ARCHITECT:		
OUTLINE:		

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This structure has social significance for generations of women graduates of UCT. It was named after Maria Emmeline Fuller (1867-1957) who, in 1912, established the first hostel for women students at UCT. She was among the first women students at UCT in 1886/7. Fuller was a member of the committee overseeing the construction of the Groote Schuur campus, and one of only two women on the newly appointed University Council. She persuaded the Council to pay its women lecturers the same rate as men. She was awarded an honorary Doctor of Laws in 1950 in recognition of her pioneering work in the cause for women at UCT, and the women's residence was named in her honour.



Image: View from the Cenotaph on Jammie Stairs toward the primary entrance of Fuller Hall.



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Womens' Residence Building, designed by Solomon and executed by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay, is part of the core of pre-1950 university building and strongly contributed to establishing an architectural and urban design typology on the campus. The building contributes to the aesthetic and spatial qualities of Jameson Plaza and Steps and plays a key role in establishing the visual foreground and symmetry of the campus. For this reason, it is a key contributor to the "set piece" that gives the Upper Campus its unique qualities. The public spaces of its interior are significantly intact.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

Section 27

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)
CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade II

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

PHS

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II within the PHS area



Image: Elaborated entrance cupola with the bust of M. E. Fuller inset.

JAMMIE PLAZA & STAIRS

OTHER NAMES: BRIEFLY NAMED "CHANCELLOR'S WALK"

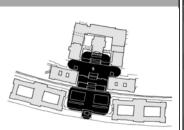
ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
44201	N/A	1.9	Upper	

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch

BUILDING NAME(S):

N/A



MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Plaza & central access stairway.

ORIGINAL USE:

Plaza & central access stairway.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Area extending from the entrance of Jameson Hall east and downwards to the Cenotaph and bounded by Rugby Road. Conservation worthy features within the space include:

A. Series of terraces formed with sandstone retaining walls covered in Virginia creeper.

- **B.** Geometric water feature, *Ying and Yang* (c1990s, Bruce Arnott).
- **C.** Row of mature Cypress trees lining the edges of Jammie Stairs. The tree species, size, positioning and maturity require that they be preserved.
- **D.** Old London Plane tree in raised planter.

SIGNIFICANCE

MODERATE

LOW

NOTABLE

Х

- E. Granite steps.
- F. Cenotaph.

Architectural

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING
ARCHITECT:

1918/c1920 J. M. Solomon, Walgate

OUTLINE:

DATE:

The Jammie Plaza and steps formed part of the orginal core campus design for the university, as carried out by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay.

	ALTERATION
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

Various changes related to maintenance, including paving and the location of several artworks within the space.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Jammie Plaza, at the core of the Upper Campus, has historically been a central meeting point for students, whether for social, political or other reasons. The area has additional significance as a forecourt during graduation ceremonies, and is part of the "iconic view" and image of the University. Many notable historical events tied to the University have taken place here and continue to be staged here, the most recent of which included the removal of the Rhodes Statue. The first phase of pedestrianisation of University Avenue occured here in the 1980s, and remains the single biggest intervention on the Upper Campus in the longer-term plan to transform the entire site into a pedestrian-friendly campus.





Image: (L) Ying Yang water feature; (R) View of the stairs with one of the mature Cypress trees behind.



Image: View of Jammie Plaza & Stairs from the entrance of the AC Jordan Building/Arts Block.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This space is part of a proclaimed PHS historic precinct. It exhibits historical planting patterns, and is central to the key historic axes and view cones of the Upper Campus. Thus, the space makes an important contribution to "the University as icon" - that is, the image of the Upper Campus as a formal architecural set-piece and an internationally-recognised symbol of higher learning. Its cultural significance is therefore of the highest order.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

Section 27

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

PHS

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

PHS

PROPOSED GRADING:

Grade II space within the PHS area.



EXTERNAL SPACE 1.10

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	N/A	1.10	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

Very much secondary to the main stair below

ALTERATIONS

Jameson Hall, these are smaller and more

functional stairways within the campus.

Part of the Solomon Plan

ARCHITECT:

DATE:

c1920s

OUTLINE:

USE(S) OF BUIL	DING
CURRENT USE:	

Access stairway.

ORIGINAL USE:

Access stairway.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The narrow linear space and stairway between JW Jagger Library and the Electrical & Mechanical Enigneering Building (map 2). This space forms part of a series of important eastwest linking spaces on Upper Campus which create a notable rhythm between buildings, and allow for connections up the slope. They are critical to the composition of Upper Campus and should not be developed.

Other spaces in this series include:

1.11

3.11

5.10 5.11

other spaces in this series include

DATE: ARCHITECT: OUTLINE:

Various alterations and additions over the past 90 years.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

As primarily functional spaces, the stairways have very little associated socio-political significance.



Image: View from University Avenue up the stair route between buildings.

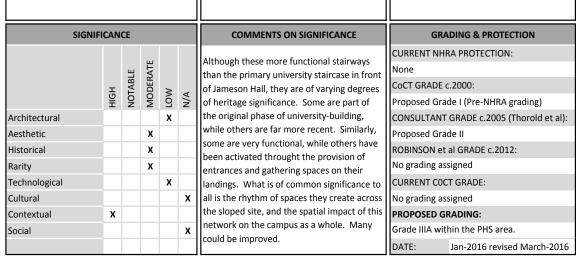




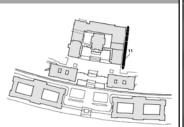
Image: View from midway up the route.

EXTERNAL SPACE 1.11

OTHER NAMES: N/A

BUILDING NAME(S):

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	N/A	1.11	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch			



MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Access way and post office.

ORIGINAL USE:

Access way and post office.

Currently zoned CO2. ZONING:

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The narrow linear space between Otto Beit/Hlanganani and the Computer Sciences Building/Steve Biko Building (map 3). This space forms part of a series of important eastwest linking spaces on Upper Campus which create a notable rhythm between buildings, and allow for connections up the slope. They are critical to the composition of Upper Campus and should not be developed.

Other spaces in this series include:

1.10

3.11

5.10 5.11

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY **ORIGINAL BUILDING**

DATE: ARCHITECT: c1920 Part of the Solomon Plan OUTLINE:

Very much secondary to the main stair below Jameson Hall, these are smaller and more functional stairways within the campus.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

Various alterations and additions over the past 90 years.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

As primarily functional spaces, the stairways have very little associated socio-political significance. However, in the case of this particular stair, there is a higher degree of social significance due to its proximity to the Library entrance and Cissie Gool Plaza, which contributes to its use and importance as a route on the Upper Campus.





Image: (L) View from the bottom of the stair near the Post Office; (R) View from mid-way up the stair.

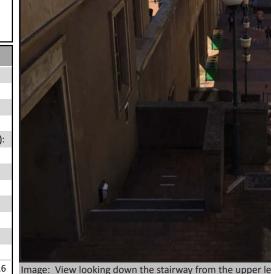


Image: View looking down the stairway from the upper level of the Steve Biko Building.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Aesthetic Х Historical Х Х Rarity Х Technological Cultural Contextual Х Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

Although these more functional stairways than the primary university staircase in front of Jameson Hall, they are of varying degrees of heritage significance. Some are part of the original phase of university-building, while others are far more recent. Similarly, some are very functional, while others have been activated throught the provision of entrances and gathering spaces on their landings. What is of common significance to all is the rhythm of spaces they create across the sloped site, and the spatial impact of this network on the campus as a whole. Many could be improved.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Grade IIIA within the PHS area.

UNIVERSITY AVENUE NORTH

OTHER NAMES: N/A

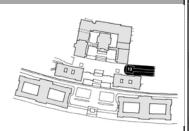
ADDRESS				
ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS:				
44201	N/A	1.12	Upper	

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

BUILDING NAME(S):

University Avenue North, Rondebosch

N/A



MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Vehicular and pedestrian route, and treed avenue.

ORIGINAL USE:

Vehicular and pedestrian route, and treed avenue.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

University Avenue is one of the primary horizontal axes of Upper Campus and the most DATE: important thoroughfare and functionallyorganising axis. The northern length of the avenue is characterised by an avenue of Liquid Amber trees. All of the buildings facing onto the avenue enjoy key access from the route, and have orientated their main entrance lobbies to face the avenue.

Other spaces in this series include:

1.13 - University Avenue South.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

ARCHITECT: c1918 Part of the Solomon Plan

OUTLINE:

This space forms part of the primary North-South axis of the campus and is part of the orginal campus design, as carried out by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay.

	ALTERATIONS		
DATE:	ARCHITECT:		

OUTLINE:

Various alterations and additions over the past 90 years.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The space is of secondary socio-political significance to the Jammie Plaza and Steps, and it does not have the same iconic architectural significance. It does have a degree of social and historical significance.



Image: View looking south down the Avenue toward Jammie Plaza. Avenue is lined with Liquid Amber trees.







Image: (L) Old cast iron lamp-post along the avenue and (R) mature Plane Tree at the top of the

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N/A Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The University Avenue is a central part of the campus plan, being the primary north-south axis and the key functional and organisational space on the campus. It does not have the same global iconic stature as the Jammie Plaza and Steps, but it is an important organisational and orientating space for the students and staff of the university, and thus has its own cultural significance on a more local scale. It is a key element of the campus design, which is of the highest degree of cultural significance.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Grade II within the PHS area.

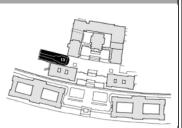
UNIVERSITY AVENUE SOUTH

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	N/A	1.13	Upper

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

University Avenue South, Rondebosch BUILDING NAME(S):



MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Vehicular and pedestrian route, and treed avenue.

ORIGINAL USE:

Vehicular and pedestrian route, and treed avenue.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

University Avenue is one of the primary horizontal axes of Upper Campus and possibly the most important thoroughfare and organising axis. The southern length of the avenue is characterised by an avenue of Liquid Amber trees. All of the buildings facing onto the avenue enjoy key access from the route and have orientated their main facades to face the avenue.

Other spaces in this series include: 1.12 - University Avenue North.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: c1918 Part of the Solomon Plan.

OUTLINE:

This space forms part of the primary North-South axis of the campus and is part of the orginal campus design, as carried out by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay.

ALTERATIONS		
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	

OUTLINE:

Various alterations and additions over the past 90 years.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The space is of secondary socio-political significance to the Jammie Plaza and Steps, and it does not have the same iconic architectural significance. It does have a degree of social and historical significance. In partcular, the Liquid Amber trees located along this section of the University Avenue were donated by Francis Wilson and planted as a memorial to Professor Monica Wilson, a long-serving professor of anthropology at the University.



MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity х Technological Cultural х Contextual Х Social Х

SIGNIFICANCE

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The University Avenue is a central part of the campus plan, being the primary north-south axis and the key functional and organisational space on the campus. It does not have the same global iconic stature as the Jammie Plaza and Steps, but it is an important organisational and orientating space for the students and staff of the university, and thus has its own cultural significance on a more local scale. It is a key element of the campus design, which is of the highest degree of cultural significance. The Liquid Amber trees have an additional, memorial function within the space.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Grade II within the PHS area.

EXTERNAL SPACE 1.14

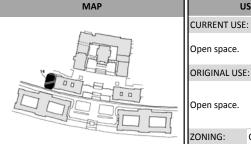
OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	N/A	1.14	Upper

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch

BUILDING NAME(S):



USE(S) OF BUILDING

Open space.

ORIGINAL USE:

Open space.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Open rectangular & sloped space between the Arts Block & Beattie Building (map 2) that forms part of a series of important spaces between the 'middle-ground' buildings of Upper Campus. These landscaped spaces create an identifiable rhythm between buildings and are critical to the overall composition of the campus. As a result, new development should be limited to single storey, 'light-weight' structures within these spaces. Notable & conservation worthy features include:

A. Retaining wall built from local stone, covered in Virginia creeper.

SIGNIFICANCE

MODERATE NOTABLE

Х

х

Х

Х

LOW

Other spaces in this series include:

1.15

4.6

5.9

Architectural

Aesthetic

Historical

Rarity

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: c1920 Part of the Solomon Plan.

OUTLINE:

These green spaces provide visual and spatial relief between the buildings lining University Avenue and are significant components of the campus design.

ALTERATIONS		
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	

OUTLINE:

Various alterations and additions over the past 90 years.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

As primarily functional spaces, these area have very little associated socio-political significance.



Image: Raised grassy terrace between the Beattie Building & AC Jordan Building.



Image: Covered walkway linking Beattie & the AC Jordan Building.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

These are functional spaces of varying degrees of significance. Some are part of the original phase of university-building; others are far more recent. Some are very functional, while others have been activated throught the inclusion of entrances and lightweight structures related to the academic functions of the adjacent buildings. Others have a treed character that has postive effect on the overall campus townscape. What is of common significance is the rhythm of spaces they create, and the impact of this on the campus. Many could be improved through alteration/addition.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Grade IIIA within the PHS area.

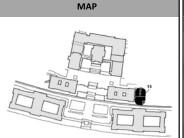


EXTERNAL SPACE 1.15

OTHER NAMES: N/A

BUILDING NAME(S):

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	N/A	1.15	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch			



USE(S)	OF	BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Open Space.

ORIGINAL USE:

Open Space.

ZONING: Currently Zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Open rectangular & sloped space between the Maths Building and HW Pearson Building (map 4) that forms part of a series of critical spaces between the front-most 'middle-ground' buildings of Upper Campus. These spaces create an identifiable rythym between buildings and are critical to the overall composition of Upper Campus. As a result, development should be limited to single storey, 'light-weight' structures. Notable & conservation worthy features include:

A. Retaining wall built from local stone, covered in Virginia creeper.

SIGNIFICANCE

MODERATE

NO

NOTABLE

Х

х

Other spaces in this series include:

1.14

4.6

5.9

Architectural

Aesthetic

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:
c1920 Part of the Solomon Plan.

OUTLINE:

These green spaces provide visual and spatial relief between the buildings lining University Avenue and are significant components of the campus design.

ALTERATIONS

DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

Various alterations and additions over the past 90 years.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

As primarily functional spaces, these area have very little associated socio-political significance.



Image: Terraced & grassed garden between the Mathematics Building & HW Pearson.



Image: Detailed view of the greehouse alongside the HW Pearson building, with staircase in the foreground.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

These are functional spaces of varying degrees of significance. Some are part of the original phase of university-building; others are far more recent. Some are very functional, while others have been activated throught the inclusion of entrances and lightweight structures related to the academic functions of the adjacent buildings. Others have a treed character that has postive effect on the overall campus townscape. What is of common significance is the rhythm of spaces they create, and the impact of this on the campus. Many could be improved through alteration/addition.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

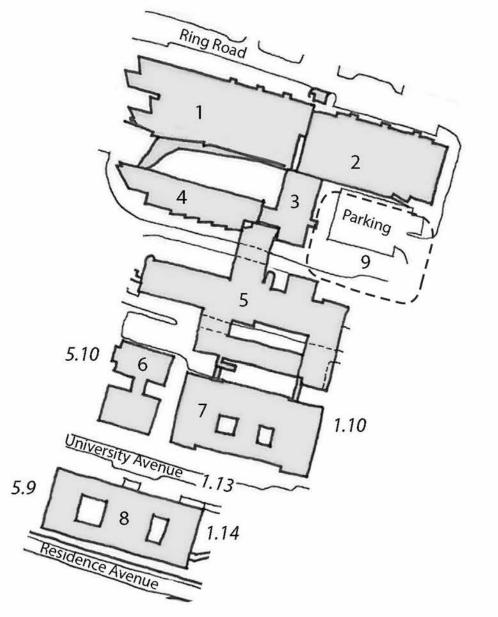
No grading assigned

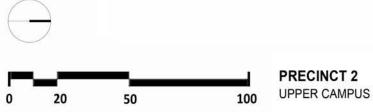
PROPOSED GRADING:

Grade IIIA within the PHS area.

DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016

| Historical | X | Rarity | X | Technological | X | Cultural | X | Contextual | X | Social | X |



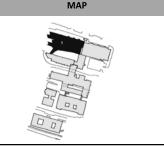


NEW ENGINEERING BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: NEB

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
44201	01550	2.1	Upper	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
55 Madiba Circle				
BUILDING NAME(S):				
Interim name.				

BUILDING DESCRIPTION



ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

ARCHITECT:

SAOTA

DATE:

2013

USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Facility for students and staff within the engineering departments. ORIGINAL USE:

-				
ZONING:	Currently zoned CO2			
SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY				
As a fairly recent building on the campus, this				
building has limited socio-historical				
significance, aside from within the academic				

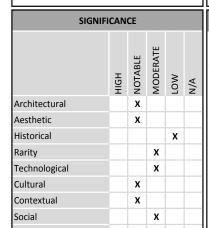
Highly contemporary multi-storey block with offices, board-rooms, laboratories and a central atrium, the NEB reinterprets the courtyard typology. This structure is borne out of an attempt to marry a contemporary architectural style and present-day educational requirements with the typical university typology. It does so through reinterpretation of the materiality of the older academic buildings, although with contemporary elements and detailing. A notable feature in the central courtyard is the terrazzo sculpture "Mechanical Man" by artist Lippy Lipschitz, which was recently re-located from the entrance to the Snape Lecture Theatre (2.3).

OUTLINE: Part of the upper reaches of the campus that were only developed after the 1970s. **ALTERATIONS** ARCHITECT: DATE: OUTLINE:

realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: View of the courtyard with the sculpture previously found outside Snape in the foreground.



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The New Engineering Building has significance in being amoung the Modern buildings realised on the Upper Campus that reinterprets the prevailing university building typology in a contemporary way, and without resorting to direct minicry. It is notable for the way in which it observes the traditional pavilion-type but imaginatively reinterprets it in a contemporary and authentic way. In this regard, it has set a precedent for later building on the campus.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT COCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIC within the PHS area



Image: View of the southern facade of the building.

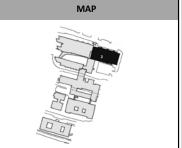
CHEMICAL ENGINEERING BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01540	2.2	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			

Corner Madiba Circle & South Lane

BUILDING NAME(S):
Interim name.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Department of Chemical Engineering

ORIGINAL USE:

Department of Chemical Engineering

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This structure is borne out of an attempt to marry the contemporary architectural style and present-day educational requirement with the typical university typology. It does so through reinterpretation of the materiality of the older academic buildings, although with contemporary elements and detailing. The base is stone-clad, the building is raised on pilotis to create a glazed entrance level, and the openings on the upper levels are shaded by meshed metal fins. The building has a fine, enclosed central atrium around which the laboratories, lecture rooms and offices are arranged - an arrangement that borrows directly with the historical academic courtyard buildings.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

ARCHITECT:
DHK Architects

OUTLINE:

DATE:

2005

This building was given a South African Institute of Architects Award of Merit in

ALTERATIONS
DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

As a fairly recent building on the campus, this building has limited socio-historical significance, aside from within the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: View of the east facade and primary entrance of the Chemical Engineering Building.

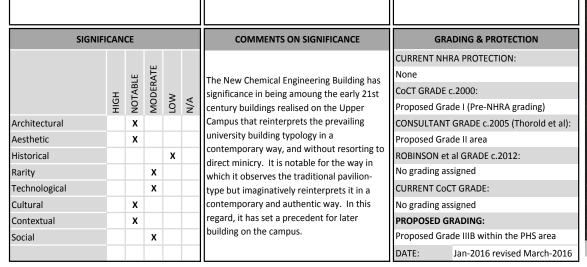
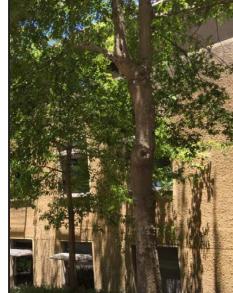




Image: View of the facades along Madiba Circle.



SNAPE LECTURE THEATRE BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	2.3	2.3	

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

BUILDING NAME(S):

Alfred Snape, first head of the Civil Engineering Dpt. established at UCT, aprofessor at SAC before then (Phillips,

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This building observes the traditional university building architectural typology, but reinterprets it in a Modernist paradigm. From an urban and planning perspective, the building is longer and lower than the typical academic building due to its being cut into the slope, and departs from the courtyard arrangement. It cleverly uses the slope to accommode a large, raked lecture theatre. This building continued the theme of a more contemporary interpretation of the academic typology on the Upper Campus, seen towards the latter years of the 20th Century. The Menzies building dates from the same time.



ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

ARCHITECT:

Unidentified

Possibly the work of Dyzel and Thornton

ALTERATIONS

ARCHITECT:

DATE:

1953

White.

DATE:

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Engineering lecture theatre

ORIGINAL USE:

Engineering lecture theatre

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after Alfred Ernest Snape who in 1910, at the young age of 29, was appointed to the Cape Town Corporation Chair of Civil Engineering. He served as the Corporation Professor until his death in 1946. His teaching and technical ability laid the foundation for future professional engineering training in South Africa. The terrazo artwork "Mechanical Man" by Lippy Lipschitz is historically associated with this building, and was recently re-located from the eastern entrance to the western edge alongside the NEB.



Image: View of the north facade and primary entrance of what remains of the original Snape Building.



Image: View of the junction between Snape & Menzies (Snape is on the right).

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N/A Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This building has a degree of significance in being among the Modernist buildings realised on the Upper Campus that reinterpreted the prevailing typology without resorting to direct minicry. However, it does depart from the traditional pavilion-type. The building is substantially intact, including its facades and internal public areas and spaces. Substantial alterations or replacement could both densify the accommodation provided and better respond to the campus context.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al).
Proposed Grade II area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIC within the PHS area

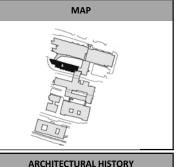
SNAPE BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: SUPER SNAPE/NEW SNAPE/ TEACHING & LEARNING BUILDING

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01560	2.4	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Madiba Circle			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Facility for students and staff within the engineering departments.

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Highly contemporary multi-storey block with offices, board-rooms, laboratories and a central atrium, the New Snape Building reinterprets the courtyard typology. This structure is borne out of an attempt to marry a contemporary architectural style and present-day educational requirements with the typical university typology. It does so through reinterpretation of the materiality of the older academic buildings, although with contemporary elements and detailing. Its glazed ground level activates the "Engineering Mall". It replaced an older, late 20th Century structure (likely designed by Thornton White and Dyzel).

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 2013 SATOA

Part of the upper reaches of the campus that were only developed after the 1970s.

ALTERATIONS		
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after Alfred Ernest Snape who in 1910, at the young age of 29, was appointed to the Cape Town Corporation Chair of Civil Engineering. He served as the Corporation Professor until his death in 1946. His teaching and technical ability laid the foundation for future professional engineering training in South Africa. The new building, and the one it has replaced, both have significance in the academic realm, as important engineering research has been conducted on the site.



Image: View of the east facade of the New Snape Building.

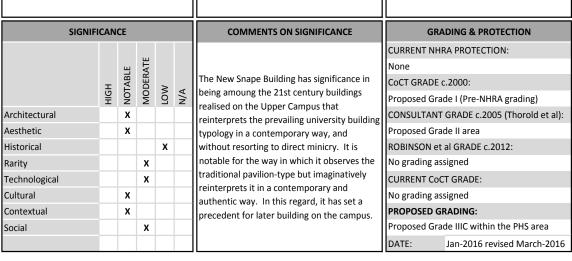




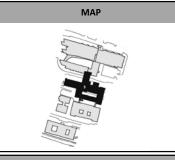


Image: Different exterior views of the New Snape Building.

G.H. MENZIES

OTHER NAMES: MENZIES

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01440	2.5	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
24 Engineering Mall Road			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Faculty of Engineering and the Built Environment

ORIGINAL USE:

Engineering

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This building observes the traditional university building architectural typology, but reinterprets it in a Modernist paradigm. From an urban and planning perspective, the building is longer, wider and taller than the typical academic building, and departs from the courtyard arrangement. This building continued the theme of a more contemporary interpretation of the academic typology on the Upper Campus, seen towards the latter years of the 20th Century. Elements such as the glass-clad projecting staircase on the Library Road facade are notable architectural elements.

NOTABLE

Architectural

Technological

Aesthetic

Historical

Rarity

Cultural

Social

Contextual

LOW

х

Х

Х

Х

Х

Х

Х

Х

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: c1970 Unidentified

Likely the work of Dyzel and Thornton White.

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT: OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after George Hamilton Menzies (191 1976) who was the first Professor of Land Surveying from 1946 to 1976 and former Dean of the Faculty of Engineering. He was one of the first 3 people to graduate in UCT's land surveying. He joined UCT as a lecturer in 1935 and became the first professor of land surveying in South Africa. After a long involvement with UCT, Menzies was elected Dean of Engineering in 1950 and was warder of Driekoppen Hall and later Smuts Hall. He was also a member of the University Senate and trained close to 300 hundred students in land surveying. The building has significance in the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: Bridge between Menzies (L) and Snape (R).

Image: Prominent stair at the west entrance of Menzies.

SIGNIFICANCE COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE

OUTLINE:

The G. H. Menzies Building has a degree of significance in being among the Modernist buildings realised on the Upper Campus that reinterpreted the prevailing typology without resorting to direct minicry. However, it does depart from the traditional pavilion-type. The building is substantially intact, including its facades and internal public areas and spaces. Substantial alterations could both densify the accommodation provided and better respond to the campus context.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIB within the PHS area

GEOLOGICAL SCIENCES BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: N/A

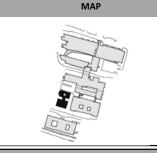
ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01070	2.6	Upper

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

13 University Avenue South

BUILDING NAME(S):

This survey sheet includes the Geological Sciences Building Extension, Building No. 01250.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Department of Geological Sciences.

ORIGINAL USE:

Department of Geological Sciences.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The Geology Block is among the core historic buildings along University Avenue and strongly follows, and helped establish, the architectura and urban design typology established on the campus as devised by Solomon, Walgate, Elsworth, Hawke and McKinley in the first decades of its development. The Geological Sciences Extension building, by contrast, is an example of the c1960s development on campus that strongly departed from the Neo-Classical approach. It is a flat-roofed building, taller than the surrounding structures, yet its urban role is strongly mitigated by its continued connection to the historic "Geology Block".

SIGNIFICANCE

MODERATE

LOW N/A

NOTABLE

Х

Х

Х

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING
DATE: ARCHITECT:

c1929 Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay

The original "Geology Block" was designed by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay.

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT: c1960s Dyzel OUTLINE:

The Geological Sciences Extension Building was designed in the 1960s by Dyzel (Thornton White & Partners).

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This structure and faculty have limited sociopolitical significance, aside from within the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: Primary facade & entrance of the Geological Sciences Building as seen from University Avenue.

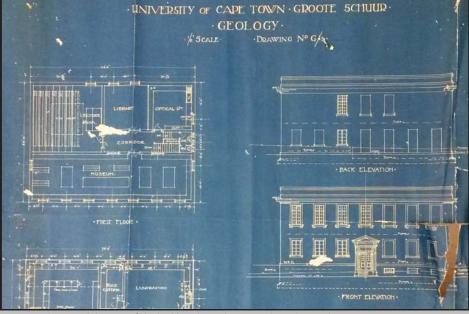


Image: Architectural drawing of the building, by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This building has cultural significance as one of the few sites where the direct juxtaposition of the early 20th Century approach to architectural design on the campus and the late 20th Century approach can be seen. Further, the historic Geology Block by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay is part of the core of pre-1950 university building that occurred along University Avenue and strongly contributed to establishing an architectural and urban design typology on the campus. The Geological Sciences Extension Building has insufficient heritage significance for grading.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Grade II (01070) within the PHS area.

DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016

Rarity X
Technological X
Cultural X
Contextual X
Social X

Architectural

Aesthetic

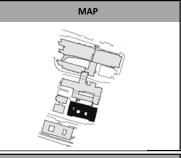
Historical

UNIVERSITY OF CAPE TOWN HERITAGE SURVEY Stephen Townsend and Claire Abrahamse January 2016, Rev. April 2016

ELECTRICAL & MECHANICAL ENGINEERING BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: MECH. ENG. BUILDING

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01080	2.7	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
14 University Avenue South			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Mechanical and Electrical Engineering.

ORIGINAL USE:

Mechanical and Electrical Engineering.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The Mechanical and Electrical Engineering Building is amoung the core historic buildings along University Avenue and strongly follows, and helped establish, the architectural and urban design typology established on the campus as devised by Solomon, Walgate, Elsworth, Hawke and McKinley in the first decades of its development.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1929 Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay

OUTLINE:

The original "Engineering Block" was designed by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay and conforms to the campus typology.

	ALTERATIONS
	ALILIATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
1966	Thornton White & Dyzel
OUTLINE	

Mechanical and Electrical Engineering Building Extension.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This structure and faculty have limited sociopolitical significance, aside from within the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: View of the primary facade of the Building as seen from University Avenue South.

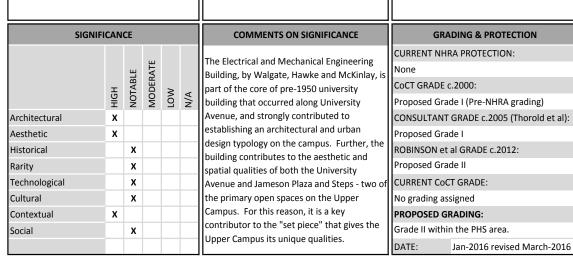




Image: View of the Ivy covered facade during summer, showing detail of the eaves and window surrounds.

BEATTIE BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: N/A

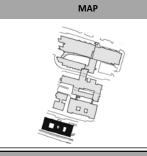
ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01180	2.8	Upper

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

5 University Avenue South

BUILDING NAME(S):

Named after John Carruthers Beattie who was the first Vice-Chancellor of UCT (Phillips 1990: 5).



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Humanities

ORIGINAL USE:

Humanities, Botany

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This 5 storey building largely follows the urban and broader architectural typology and style established by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay. It reinterprets the same materialty, facade articulation and roofscape as the older academic structures to the north, although in a more modern way. On closer inspection and at the detailed level, the building is clearly later than the core UCT academic buildings, but in terms of the campus-scape it very much conforms to the earlier pattern established. It is thus a key contributor to the establishment and continuation of the university pattern along University Avenue. The building responds well contextually to the adjacent academic buildings.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:
c1960s Possibly Prof. O Pryce-Lewis

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

This structure strongly continues the architectural and urban design typology established by Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay.

ALTERATIONS

DATE: ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building was named in honour of Sir J. C (Jock) Beattie, who is buried on the campus (see map 6.7). Beattie was the Principal and first Vice-Chancellor of UCT from 1918-1937, the warden of College House, (1911-1922), and Professor of Physics. He took a leading part in the movement to obtain a charter for a University of Cape Town and, when Acts were finally adopted in 1916 constituting the University of Cape Town, he was appointed a member of the Commission to draw up the statutes for the University. This building was named after him in 1964. The building has significance in the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: View of the building as seen from University Avenue South.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE N/A Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Technological х Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Beattie Building is part of the mid-20th Century phase of university building that occurred along University Avenue, and essentially continued the strong architectural and urban design typology of the campus, as established by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay. As such, the building contributes to the aesthetic and spatial qualities of University Avenue, which is one of the primary organsing spaces on the Upper Campus. For this reason, it is a contributor to the "set piece" that gives the Upper Campus its unique qualities.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade IIIB

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade III

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIC within the PHS area.



Image: Another view of the building from University Avenue South.

EXTERNAL SPACE 2.9

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
44201	N/A	2.9	Upper	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch				

BUILDING NAME(S):

USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Parking and open space.

ORIGINAL USE:

Open space.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Intentionally formed open space which is bound by buildings to the west and a high retaining wall to the east. The space accommodates parking for the Engineering buildings but forms a pedestrian link between the uppermost Jammie Shuttle stop and the south-west quadrant of the Upper Campus. This pocket of space bears importance as an element within the broader precinct but is currently a lost opportunity. A large Oak tree set into the embankment creates shade in summer.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

MAP

DATE: ARCHITECT: c2005 DHK

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

The space was upgraded as part of the design of the Chemical Engineering Building in c2002. It primarily provides parking to this building.

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

As a primarily functional spaces, this area ha very little associated socio-political significance.

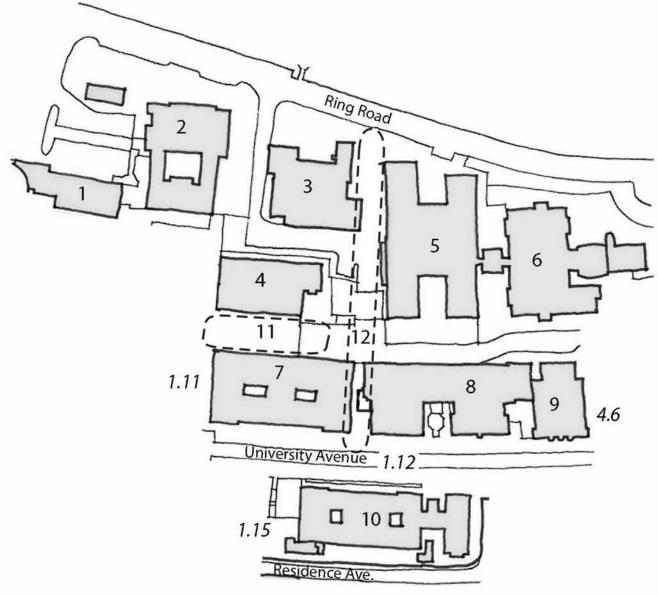


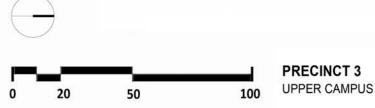
Image: Portion of the space between the Library, Menzies & west bounding retaining wall.

SIGNIFICANCE COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE **GRADING & PROTECTION** CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: MODERATE None NOTABLE The space has limited significance as an open CoCT GRADE c.2000: area and a landscaped area within the Upper LOW N/A Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) Campus. It also provides a level terrace within the steeply sloped south-western CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Architectural Х quadrant of the campus. These facts lend it Х Proposed Grade II Aesthetic significance within the campus-scape, Historical Х ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: however the contribution of the space to the Х No grading assigned Rarity pedestrian experience of the campus as a Technological Х **CURRENT CoCT GRADE:** whole could be greatly enhanced through Cultural Х sensitive interventions, especially by giving No grading assigned preference to pedestrians rather than to Contextual х PROPOSED GRADING: vehicular traffic here. No heirtage significance within the PHS area. Social Х DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016



Image: View of the space looking north-east with the Library in the middle ground.

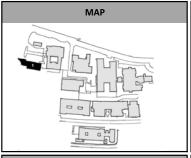




IMMELMAN LIBRARY

OTHER NAMES: PART OF THE BROADER J. W. JAGGER LIBRARY

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01370	3.1	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
37 South Lane			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Library **ORIGINAL USE:**

Science and Engineering Library

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

An internalised building that expresses its structural system, with exposed columns, beams and roof trusses. The structure shows a high degree of glazing in comparison to the tyipcal university structures. It is notable for its vaulted roof, glazed facade and bronze roof OUTLINE: cladding. It can only be accessed from the Chancellor Oppenheimer Library and thus is rather hostile from a campus-scape perspective, as it contributes little to the pedestrian realm and sequence of spaces between buildings in this part of the campus. A pedestrian route that traverses it on the upper level (connecting the two halves of Library Road) is not activated by entrances etc. from this structure.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: Lightfoot, Twentymen-Jones, c1980s Kent and Miszewski.

An atypical building.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OLITLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after Rene-Ferdinand Malan Immelman (1905-1982), university librarian and Director of the School of Librarianship from 1940 to 1970. He was a pioneer in the field of South African Librarianship and an impeccable researcher of Cape local history. He contributed to the library collection by engaging donors and initiating the position of Director of the School of Librarianship. In this position he established exchange programmes with other universities, recognising that the UCT budget would not allow for the kind of collections required.



Image: Approach from the south side of Immelman.

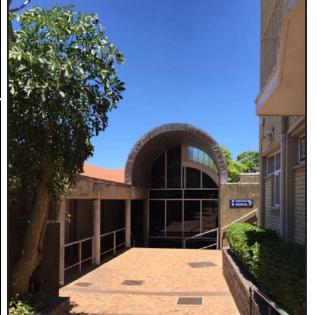


Image: Approach from the North side of Immelman.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N/A Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity х Technological Cultural х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The building departs from the prevailing architectural and urban typology of the campus, particularly in its glazed materiality and its lack of engagement with the pedestrian nextworks surrounding the library. The building has no heritage significance and represents a significant development opportunity, as replacement could both densify the accommodation provided and better respond to the campus context.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance within the PHS area DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016 UNIVERSITY OF CAPE TOWN HERITAGE SURVEY Stephen Townsend and Claire Abrahamse January 2016, Rev. April 2016

ENVIRONMENTAL & GEOGRAPHICAL SCIENCES BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: FIRI - Fisheries Industry Research Institute; SHELL BUILDING

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01030	3.2	Upper

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

26 South Lane

BUILDING NAME(S):

Environmental and Geographical Sciences Building, or "EGS" Building.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Department of Environmental & Geographical Sciences.

ORIGINAL USE:

Fisheries Industry Research Institute

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The EGS building is something of an anomaly within the Upper Campus environment. Although it has a red-tiled, hipped roof, its use of bagged brickwork and its decidedly domestic scale and nature (several rooms have balconies on the east-facing facades) are at odds with the otherwise-consistent treatment of academic buildings on the Upper Campus. However, in plan form it maintains a courtyard configuration, which is in keeping with the dominant building typology on the campus. Notable elements include the established trees to the south of the structure, and some of the stone terrace walling.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: c1960s Hugh C. Floyd & J. E. Emary

OUTLINE:

A multi-level building with split levels related to the slope, in a courtyard configuration with bagged brick exterior and tiled roofs.

ALTERATIONS			
DATE:	ARCHITECT:		
1988	Williams, Louw & Pierce		
OUTLINE:			

Conversion of the FIRI Building. The original steel windows have been replaced with aluminium copies. Numerous internal alterations.

and upgrading academic facilities.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building has little associated sociopolitical significance. It was previously named the Shell Building when it was opened on the 18th September 1991, in recognition of Shell's long-standing partnership in education with UCT. As this partnership is no longer active, the building is now named after the department it houses (Origins of Names of Buildings at the University of Cape Town, Mr M. Musemwa, Department of History UCT, 1993). The building has significance in the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: North facade of the building.

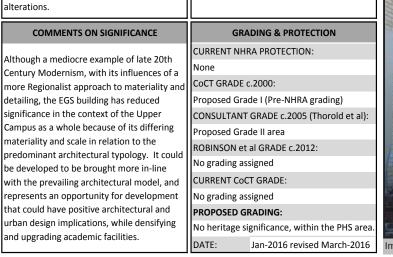






Image: East facade of the building, seen from the south (L) and the north (R).

х Rarity Technological Cultural Х Contextual Х Social х

Architectural

Aesthetic

Historical

SIGNIFICANCE

MODERATE

х

LOW N/A

Х

х

NOTABLE

HOERIKWAGGO BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
44201	01040	3.3	Upper	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
27 North Lane				
BUILDING NAME(S):				



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Information and Communication Technology Services, Centre for Higher Education.

ORIGINAL USE:

Chemical Engineering Building.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This building observes the traditional university typology, but reinterprets it in the "Other Tradition" and more Regionalist vein of Modernism that was current at the time of its construction. In a sense, this building established the precedent for a more contemporary interpretation of the academic typology on the Upper Campus. The roof is formed to light the (original) laboratory spaces below, while being clad in the typical red tiles seen on older university structures. Similarly, the windows puncture the facade in a clearly contemporary way, being freed up by the concrete ring beam that helps to define the transition between wall and roof, marking, but not imitating, the eaves articulation seen in the older academic buildings.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: Late 1960s Hugh C. Floyd & J.E. Emary

OUTLINE:

Floyd and Emary were lecturers at the School of Architecture from the 1960s to 1980s.

ALTERATIONS		
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	
OUTLINE:		

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The building was renamed in 2005, when the Chemical Engineering Department moved to a new structure. "Hoerikwaggo", meaning "sea mountain", is the San name for Table Mountain. The name was thought to be appropriate and relevant given the building's proximity to the mountain, and the fact that the San were the first inhabitants in the Western Cape (Robert Gordon 1779; John Barrows 1797; cited by Nienaber and Raper 1977: 560, Council EXCO minutes 7 July 2005). The building has significance in the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: East facade of the building.

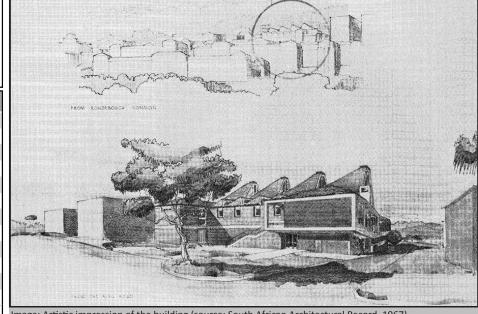


Image: Artistic impression of the building (source: South African Architectural Record, 1967).

MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N/A Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

SIGNIFICANCE

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Hoerikwaggo Building, originally the Chemical Engineering Building, has significance in being amoung the first Modernist buildings realised on the Upper Campus that successfully reinterpreted the prevailing typology without resorting to direct minicry or Neo-Classicism. As such, it is a pre-cursor to more recognised Modernist structures on the campus, such as the Leslie Social Science Building. The Hoerikwaggo building is largely intact and its architectural and contextual significance lie predominantly in the materiality and detailing of its facades/ external envelope.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed IIIA within the PHS area.

STEVE BIKO STUDENTS UNION

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01530	3.4	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
North Lane			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Students' Union ORIGINAL USE: Students' Union

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION This 5 storey structure predominantly comprises office spaces (it houses the student union and related functions), although a food court and the university shop located on ground level activate the Cissie Gool Plaza (see 3.11). Although a late 20th Century structure on the campus, the building closely follows the typology and style established by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay. It shows the same materialty, facade articulation and roofscape as the older academic structures. While on closer inspection it is clearly later than the core UCT academic buildings, in terms of the campus-scape it very much conforms to the earlier pattern established. It is thus a contributor to the continuation of the university pattern in this part of the campus.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: c2000 Louis Karol and Partners OUTLINE:

This structure strongly continues the architectural and urban design typology established by Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay.

ALTERATIONS	
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building was named after Stephen Banto Biko. founder of the Black Consciousness Movement in the early 1970s. Biko was banned in terms of security legislation in 1973, was detained without charge for various periods and was arrested for the last time in August 1977, where he was killed in police custody. The Steve Biko Memorial Lecture, at UCT, occurs annually in commemoration of Biko's activist legacy and his commitment to freedom in South Africa (Council EXCO minutes 27 July 2005). This building has a high degree of socio-political significance on the campus, being the home of the SRC offices as well as other, associated student organisations.



Image: Western approach, facing towards the building.





Image: North facade of the building.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N/A Architectural Х Х Aesthetic X Historical х Rarity Technological Х Cultural х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Steve Biko Student Union is part of the late-20th Century phase of university building that occurred around Jameson Hall, and essentially continued the strong architectural and urban design typology of the campus established by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay. The building contributes to the aesthetic qualities of this part of the university campus without challenging the surrounding, older structures. It is a contributor to the context and environment that gives the Upper Campus its unique qualities, although the upper levels should respond to the adjacent pedestrian routes.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIB within the PHS area

PD HAHN BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
44201	01050	3.5, 3.6	Upper	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
28 Chemistry Mall				
BUILDING NAME(S):				

MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Chemistry and Statistical Sciences.

ORIGINAL USE:

Law, Chemistry, School of Librarianship.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The PD Hahn building is one of the structures within the Upper Campus that breaks completely from the established architectural and urban typology of academic structures. Indeed, everything about this structure - from its plan form, to its three-dimensional envelope, to its materiality and its height - is incongurous when seen within the context of the Upper Campus as an architectural setpiece. Although it reflects the favoured architectural style of the time, it does not respond positively to its context.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1970 Day and De Wet

OUTLINE:

A Brutalist structure that departs entirely from the prevailing architectural and urban design typology on the campus.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after Paul Daniel Hahn (1849-1918) who was appointed as UCT's first Professor of Experimental Physics and Practical Chemistry in 1876 and as Professor of Chemistry in 1893, a Chair he retained until his death in 1918. It was at Hahn's request and perseverance that women were admitted to study chemistry at UCT. The building has significance in the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: View of the building as seen approaching from the south.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N/A Architectural Х х Aesthetic Historical Х Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Social х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The building, which spatially reads as 3 wings, departs from the prevailing architectural and urban typology of the campus. Its Brutalist architectural style and its excessive height results in its contribution to the campus being damaging and intrusive. The building has no heritage significance and represents a significant development opportunity, as replacement could both densify the accommodation provided and better respond to the campus context. Even alterations to bring the structure in line with the prevailing materiality could reduce its impact on the University as a whole.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)
CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Intrusive Building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance within the PHS area.

DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016

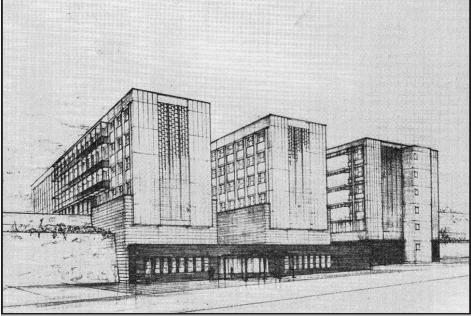


Image: Artistic impression of the building (source: South African Architectural Record, 1967).

COMPUTER SCIENCE BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: OLD PSYCHOLOGY BLOCK

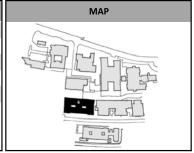
ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01130	3.6	Upper

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

18 University Avenue North

BUILDING NAME(S):

Previously the Psychology Block.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Department of Computer Science.

ORIGINAL USE:

Department of Psychology, Department of Chemistry.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The Old Psychology Block is among the core historic buildings along University Avenue and strongly follows, and helped establish, the architectural and urban design typology established on the campus as devised by Solomon, Walgate, Elsworth, Hawke and McKinley in the first decades of its development. The more recent use of the building as the Department of Computer Sciences has necessitated extensive internal alterations to the structure, and as a result the interior has lost much of its architectural significance.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:
c1928 Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay

OUTLINE:

The original "Psychology Block" was designed by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay.

ALTERATIONS
DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

The building's interior has been extensively altered over the past 80 years.

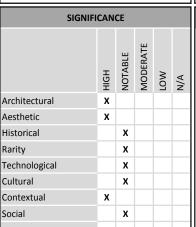
SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This structure and faculty have limited sociopolitical significance, aside from within the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site. The building currently houses UCT Radio, which lends it additional social significance.



Image: East facade and primary entrance of the building as seen from University Avenue North.





COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The historic Psychology Block by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay is part of the core of pre-1950 university building that occurred along University Avenue and strongly contributed to establishing an architectural and urban design typology on the campus. It should be conserved as a key contributor to the University pattern and environment. The interior has now lost its authenticity and architectural significance.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade II

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Grade II within the PHS area.

DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016

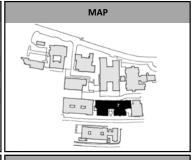


Image: Approach from Jammie Plaza with the Ivy covered facade.

JOHN DAY BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: LIFE SCIENCES 2; JOHN DAY ZOOLOGY BUILDING

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01290	3.7	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
20 University Avenue North			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Department of Zoology

ORIGINAL USE:

Psychology, Life Sciences

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This building is essentially an amalgamation of three separate structures: two more historic and smaller buildings fronting onto University Avenue (the southern-most one the original Psychology Building, by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay, c1930s, the other one possibly by Pryce-Lewis), and a much later and larger, partially submerged structure that is entered off a forecourt between the older structures, and extends westwards to Library Road, with an underground connection to P. D. Hahn. The later building has been heavily altered and few original elements remain, perhaps aside from the forecourt space and immediate front facade and lobby. The older structures are far more intact.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

DATE: ARCHITECT:

C1980 Thornton White & Dyzel,

Dennis Elliot & V.D. Heever

OUTLINE:

A new structure, somewhat Post-Modern in style, that linked the two older buildings facing University Avenue to create a larger Zoology complex.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
2014	Dennis Fabian Architects
OUTLINE:	

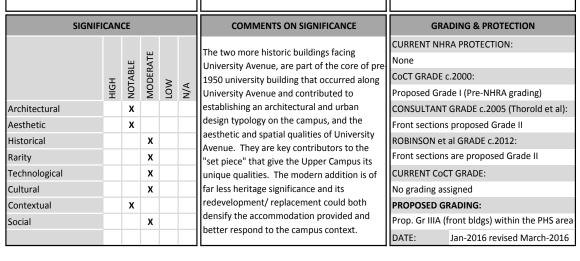
Alterations to the internal public areas in the upper levels of the building.

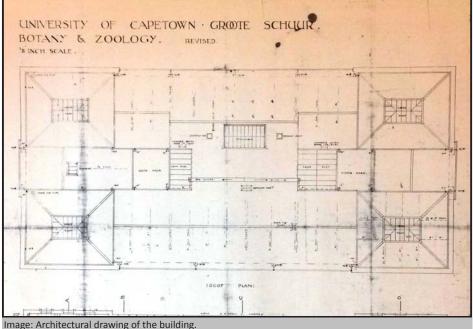
SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named in honour of John H. Osborne Day (1909-1989), Professor and Head of the Department of Zoology from 1946 until his retirement in 1974. Day was a marine biologist, international ecologist and authority on marine biology. His innovative approach to research ensured the UCT Zoology Department received international recognition. This building continues to have significance in the academic realm, and important research is conducted on the site.



Image: East facade of the mid-20th Century section of building, as seen from University Avenue North.





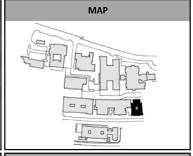
NEW SCIENCE LECTURE THEATRE

OTHER NAMES: NSLT

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01160	3.8	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			

21 University Avenue North

BUILDING NAME(S):



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Lecture theatre.

ORIGINAL USE:

Lecture theatre.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

One of the early Modernist buildings on Upper Campus, this building is of its time, while taking cues from the Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay era structures to the south of it. Its tri-partate façade picks up on the Neo-Classical proportioning of the earlier academic buildings. Some of the materials are direct continuations of the older structures on campus (the University plaster) while others, such as the thin steel columns and aluminium louvres, are of their time. The building, although rather eclectic, is very much of its time, and like the Hoerikwaggo Building, is a good example of a "transition building" that effectively marries the architectural language of the day with the historical university architectural and urban typology.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING
ARCHITECT:

c1946-8 Thornton White and Partners

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

DATE:

One of Pryce-Lewis' contributions to the campus (he was the principle project architect), stylistically combining Modernism with the typical university typology.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Lecture theatre for the Science departments. It was given the interim name of New Science Lecture Theatre at the time of its construction, and this was never changed, eventually becoming the official name. When it first opened, the students likened the building to a cinema and dubbed it "The Palladium" (Phillips, 1993: 311). The building's design was fairly innovative for its time, and the construction drawings reveal Thornton White's detailed knowlege of and attention to accoustic design, as well as plans for a revolving stage. The building's interior remains fairly intact, expecially the principle lecture auditorium.



Image: View of the building from the north as seen along University Avenue.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Х Contextual Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The NSLT has significance in being the first Modernist buildings realised on the Upper Campus that successfully reinterpreted the prevailing typology without resorting to direct minicry or Neo-Classicism. As such, it is a pre-cursor to more recognised Modernist structures on the campus, such as the Leslie Social Science Building. The NSLT is largely intact, including the internal fittings in the main lecture space, but its architectural and contextual significance lie predominantly in its materiality and detailing of its facade, as well as its status as pre-cursor to the 1960s era of campus building.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIA within the PHS area

DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016



Image: Similar view of the building captured in a photograph c.1952 (source:Phillips, 1995).

H.W. PEARSON BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: BOTANY BUILDING

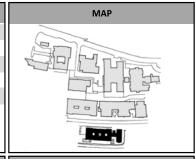
ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01210	3.9	Upper

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

8 University Avenue North

BUILDING NAME(S):

Harold Pearson, the first professor of Botany at UCT & Director of Kirstenbosch (Phillips, 1990:50).



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Department of Botany

ORIGINAL USE:

Department of Zoology and Botany

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The Botany and Zoology Block - now the H. W. Pearson Building - is amoung the core historic buildings along University Avenue and strongly follows, and helped establish, the architectural and urban design typology established on the campus as devised by Solomon, Walgate and Elsworth, and Hawke and McKinley in the first decades of its development.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING
DATE: ARCHITECT:

c1928 Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay

OUTLINE:

The original "Zoology and Botany Block", the W. H. Pearson Block was designed by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay and conforms to the campus typology.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
c1948	Prof. O. Pryce-Lewis

OUTLINE:

The extension building, to the north of the core structure, continues the architectural typology established by Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after Professor Harold Welch Pearson, the first Harry Bolus Professor of Botany at UCT and founder of the National Botanic Gardens of Kirstenbosch. Pearson published extensively, with a focus on Cape Flora. Realizing the significance and influence of Pearson's work, and for his establishing Kirstenbosch Gardens, the University Council decided to create a second chair of botany in his honour: the Harold Pearson Chair of Botany. (Origins of Names of Buildings at the University of Cape Town, Mr M. Musemwa, Department of History UCT, 1993). The building continues to have significance in the academic realm, and important research is conducted on the site.



Image: West facade and primary entrance of the building as seen from University Avenue North.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The H. W. Pearson Building, by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay, is part of the core of pre-1950 university building that occurred along University Avenue, and strongly contributed to establishing an architectural and urban design typology on the campus. Further, the building contributes to the aesthetic and spatial qualities of both the University Avenue and Jameson Plaza and Steps - two of the primary open spaces on the Upper Campus. For this reason, it is a key contributor to the "set piece" that gives the Upper Campus its unique qualities.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

Section 27

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade II

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II within the PHS area

DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016



Image: View of the building from a northern approach.

CISSIE GOOL PLAZA

BUILDING NAME(S):

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	N/A	3.10	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch			

MAP

USE(S)	OF BUILDING	

CURRENT USE:
Open space.

ORIGINAL USE:

Open space.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Open plaza between the Steve Biko Student Centre & the Computer Science Building, which is used as an outdoor dining area adjoined to the food court. The space is of social importance within the campus. Notable landscape elements include the two rows of Liquid Amber trees.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

c2000 Louis Karol & Partners

OUTLINE:

Designed in combination with the adjacent Steve Biko Student Union Building (see 3.4).

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This space has a higher degree of social significance within the campus than most other spaces. Named after anti-apartheid stalwart, Cissie Gool, the plaza provides a space within the university for students to meet in an informal capacity. The nearby location of the SRC offices, UCT Shop and UCT Radio premises lends additional significance to this space as the primary "student space" within the campus. The plaza was named after Zainunnisa "Cissie" Gool, who was the first Coloured female law graduate of the university. She was the daugher of the respected Cape politician Dr. Abdurahman. Gool was a long-serving City Councillor, assuming her father's seat after his death.



Image: Looking south towards the plaza.

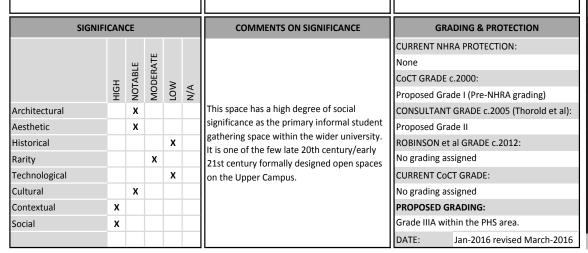




Image: The primary approach from the south, looking northwards.

EXTERNAL SPACE 3.11

OTHER NAMES: N/A

	ADDRESS						
	ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:			
	44201 N/A		3.11	Upper			
CAMPUS ADDRESS:							
	Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch						
	BUILDING NAME(S):						



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Access way and post office.

ORIGINAL USE:

Access stairway.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The narrow linear space between the Computer Sciences Building & the Zoology building, which also extends further up the campus between the EGS building & PD Hahn. The space forms part of a series of critical spaces on Upper Campus which create a notable rhythm between buildings. They are important to the overall composition of Upper Campus and should not be developed.

Other spaces in this series include:

1.10

1.11

5.10

5.11

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: c1920s Part of the Solomon Plan

OUTLINE:

Very much secondary to the main stair below Jameson Hall, these are smaller and more functional stairways within the campus.

	ALTERATIONS
ATE:	ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

Various alterations and additions over the past 90 years.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

As primarily functional spaces, the stairways have very little associated socio-political significance.



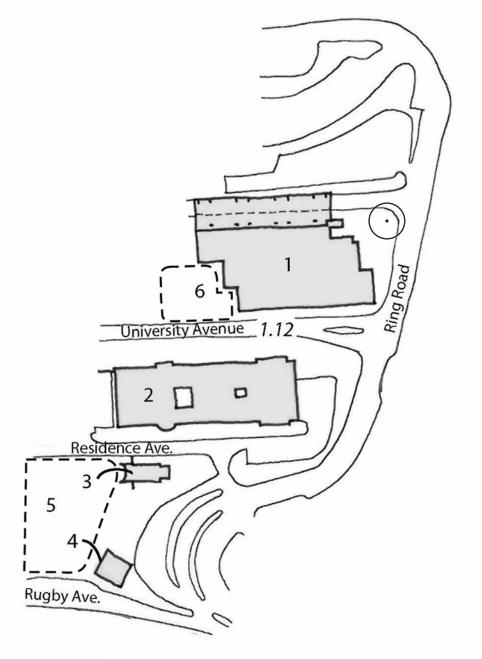


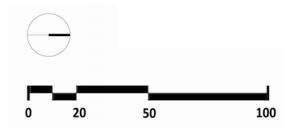
Image: View from University Avenue (L); View from midway up the route toward Steve Biko (R).

SIGNIFICANCE COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE **GRADING & PROTECTION** CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: Although these more functional stairways MODERATE Section 27 NOTABLE than the primary university staircase in front CoCT GRADE c.2000: of Jameson Hall, they are of varying degrees LOW Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) of heritage significance. Some are part of the original phase of university-building, Х CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Architectural while others are far more recent. Similarly, Х Aesthetic Proposed Grade II some are very functional, while others have Historical Х ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: been activated throught the provision of No grading assigned Rarity Х entrances and gathering spaces on their Technological Х **CURRENT CoCT GRADE:** landings. What is of common significance to Cultural **X** all is the rhythm of spaces they create across No grading assigned the sloped site, and the spatial impact of this Contextual Х PROPOSED GRADING: network on the campus as a whole. Many Grade IIIA within the PHS area. Social could be improved. DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016



Image: View from the top of the stairs adjacent to the Steve Biko Student Union Building, looking west.



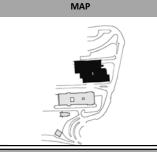


PRECINCT 4
UPPER CAMPUS

MOLECULAR BIOLOGY BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: MCB

ADDRESS						
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:			
44201	01390	4.1	Upper			
CAMPUS ADDRESS:						
22 Chemistry Mall Road						
BUILDING NAME(S):						



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Department of Molecular & Cell Biology

ORIGINAL USE:

Molecular Biology

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The Molecular Biology Building is one of the structures within the Upper Campus that breaks completely from the established architectural and urban typology of academic structures. Indeed, everything about this structure - from its plan form, to its threedimensional envelope, to its materiality - is incongurous when seen within the context of the Upper Campus as an architectural setpiece. Notable landscape elements include a single, mature yellowwood tree, which is located on the north-west corner of the site, adjacent to the Madiba Circle road.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY DATE: 1970s OUTLINE:

ORIGINAL BUILDING	
ARCHITECT:	
Dyzel and Thornton White	

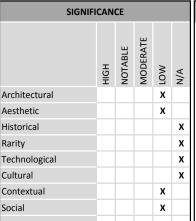
SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This structure has no notable socio-political history. The building has significance in the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: View from Ring Road/Madiba Circle towards the primary facade of the building.

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT: OUTLINE:



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The building - a horizontal block of 3 levels departs from the prevailing architectural and urban typology of the campus. Its Brutalist architectural style results in its contribution to the campus being damaging/intrusive, despite the inclusion of a red-tiled roof. A section that straddles Library Road (on columns) is particularly disruptive to the reading of open spaces in this part of the campus. The building has no heritage significance and represents a significant development opportunity, as replacement could both densify the accommodation provided and better respond to context.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Intrusive Building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance within the PHS area

DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016

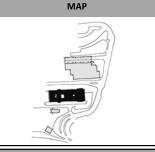


Image: View from University Avenue looking north towards the building.

R.W. JAMES BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS						
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:			
44201	01220	4.2	Upper			
CAMPUS ADDRESS:						
9 University Avenue North						
BUILDING NAME(S):						



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Physics Department

ORIGINAL USE:

Physics Department

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This 5 storey building closely follows the typology and style established by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay. It shows the same materialty, facade articulation and roofscape as the older academic structures to the north. Although on closer inspection and at the detailed level it is clearly two decades later than the core UCT academic buildings, in terms of the campus-scape it very much conforms to the earlier pattern established. It is thus a key contributor to the establishment and continuation of the university pattern along University Avenue. Of particular note are the copper-clad roof domes and entrance portal with its simple stone columns.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

OUTLINE:

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:
c1952 Thornton White & Pryce-Lewis

This structure strongly continues the architectural and urban design typology established by Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay.

l		ALTERATIONS
l	DATE:	ARCHITECT:
l		
l	OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after Reginald William James, Professor of Physics at UCT. James was a member of the Shackleton Expedition (1914) and came to UCT in 1937 already known for producing excellent work in X-ray crystallography. This field soon became the focus in the Physics Department. His achievements as researcher and teacher paved the way for his becoming Dean of Science in 1948 and in the mid-1950s he became acting Vice-Chancellor after the death of T. B. Davie. His research and teaching skills, which were instrumental in producing three Nobel prize winners and six physics professors, made him an important figure in UCT's history. The Physics Department remains one of world renown.



Image: View from University Avenue looking south towards the building.

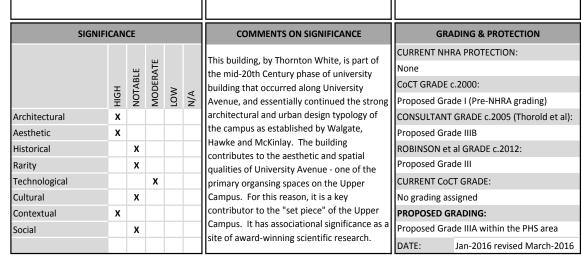




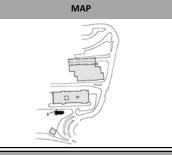


Image: Primary entrance as seen from University Avenue (L); Obervatory tower on the southern wing (R).

BOTANY GLASS HOUSE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS						
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:			
44201	01520	4.3	Upper			
CAMPUS ADDRESS:						
Residence Road						
BUILDING NAME(S):						



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Green house for Botany Department

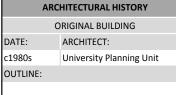
ORIGINAL USE:

Green house for Botany Department

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Glazed structure with individual pitched roofs over each structural bay, with apex vent detailing as well as ventilation panels where the glass meets the walled plinth level, this is a somewhat elaborated example of a greenhouse structure. The stone walls surrounding the structure are part of the historic Smuts Hall garden.

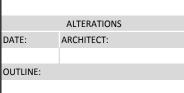


CHITECTURAL HISTORY	SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY
ORIGINAL BUILDING	This structure and faculty have limited

ave limited sociopolitical significance, aside from within the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site. The serpentine enclosing stone wall which runs to the west of the glass houses (and around the Smuts and Fuller gardens) is mentioned by Solomon in his tour of universities in North America and Europe, undertaken while designing the UCT campus.



Image: Glass house as seen from Residence Road.





SIGNIFICANCE					
	HIGH	NOTABLE	MODERATE	row	N/A
Architectural			Х		
Aesthetic			Х		
Historical				Х	
Rarity			Х		
Technological			Х		
Cultural			Х		
Contextual			Х		
Social				Х	
Rarity Technological Cultural Contextual			X		

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This building has no notable degree of heritage significance. It does, however, form part of the green surrounds of Smuts Hall, against which the foreground portion of the campus is viewed, and any re-development should be cognisant of this broader role, which is of heritage and environmental significance.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

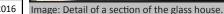
No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance within the PHS area DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016



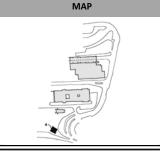


INFORMATION CENTRE

OTHER NAMES: VIRC

ADDRESS						
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:			
44201 01510		4.4	Upper			
CAMPUS ADDRESS:						
Rugby Road						
BUILDING NAME(S):						

Named after its continued functioning as an information kiosk for visitors to the campus.

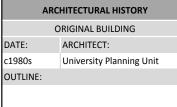


USE(S) OF BUILDING	
CURRENT USE:	
Information Centre	

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION A pavillion-type building with university plaster, masonry facades, and a copper clad, pitched roof.



SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY	
This building has limited socio-historical	
significance.	



Image: Centre as seen from the vehicular approach.

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT: OUTLINE:

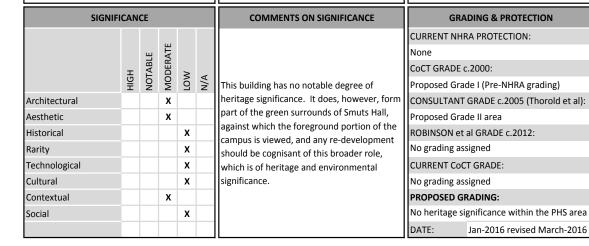


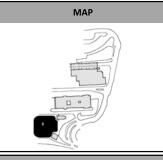


Image: Centre as seen from the north-west.

SMUTS RESIDENCE WARDEN'S GARDEN

OTHER NAMES: EXTERNAL SPACE 4.5

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
44201	N/A	4.5	Upper	
CAMPUS ADDRESS: Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch				
				BUILDING NAME(S):
N/A				



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Smuts Hall warden's garden. ORIGINAL USE: Garden.



Image: View looking north into the grassed area of the garden.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Well-manicured, domestic garden on the north end of Smuts Hall, which is privately accessed by the warden's house. The garden has a distinct early 20th century English character and is well maintained. Notable & conservation worthy features include:

- A. Stone boundary wall.
- B. Central fountain.
- C. Hinged and braced timber gates.
- D. Sun dial.

Other spaces in this series include:

5.8 - Fuller Hall's garden.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: c1920s Solomon/Walgate Plan

OUTLINE:

Domestic garden spaces that are directly related to the residences' in the foreground of the campus.

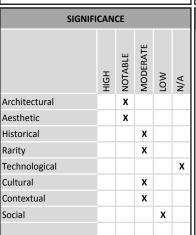
ALTERATIONS		
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	
OUTLINE:		

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Currently zoned CO2.

ZONING:

As primarily private/secluded spaces, the gardens have very little associated sociopolitical significance. However, the two residence gardens are very much in the tradition of private garden spaces of the masters at Oxbridge colleges. The Warden's House is a clearly separate element of Smuts Hall and a structure wholly deserving of heritage protection in its own right. The facade of the structure and its front stoep gives order and focus to the adjacent garden.



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The significance of this green space is largely a contextual one, providing a green setting for Smuts Hall, as well as symmetry across the campus (together with the garden space to the south of Fuller Hall). The space could incorporate change, as long as its predominant green and landscaped character is retained. This character is somewhat eroded by the Botany Department's greenhouses, located to the north of the garden area, although this existing intrusion does imply that the part of this garden lining Residence Road could accommodate a small, carefully designed building.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

Section 27

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Grade II within the PHS area

DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016



Image: View looking east from the entrance towards the fountain.

EXTERNAL SPACE 4.6

OTHER NAMES: N/A

	ADD	RESS	
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	N/A	4.6	Upper

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch

BUILDING NAME(S):



USE(S) OF BUILDING

Open space.

ORIGINAL USE:

CURRENT USE:

Open space.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Open rectangular space between RW James & HW Pearson that forms part of a series of critical spaces between the 'middle-ground' buildings of Upper Campus. These spaces create an identifiable rhythm between buildings and are critical to the overall composition of Upper Campus. As a result, development should be limited to single storey, 'light-weight' structures. This space is currently nondescript and presents no notable built features, although it is the location of several mature trees and includes services, refuse etc.

Other spaces in this series include:

1.15

1.16

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

These small, green spaces provide visual and spatial relief between the buildings lining the eastern edge of University Avenue.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

Various alterations and additions over the past 90 years.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

As a functional space, this open area has very little associated socio-political significance.



Image: View looking down from University Avenue into the service space.



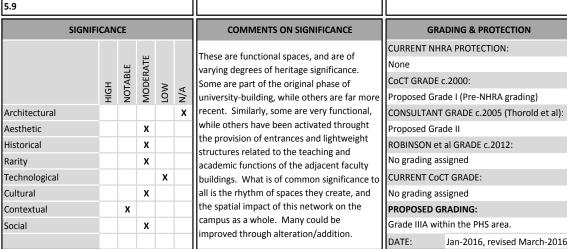


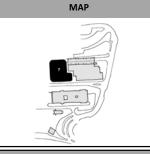


Image: Upgrades to services currently being undertaken in the space.

EXTERNAL SPACE 4.7

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	N/A	4.7	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Open space.

ORIGINAL USE: Open space.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Courtyard space between NSLT & the Molecular Biology Building used as a secondary food court. A mature Plane tree provides a canopy for the temporary structures which spill onto University Avenue creating one of the more important social spaces on campus. The space does not perform a pedestrian-linkage role on the campus, but does form part of the rhythm and sequence of buildings and spaces across this section of University Avenue.

SIGNIFICANCE

Architectural

Technological

Aesthetic

Historical

Rarity

Cultural

Social

Contextual

MODERATE

LOW

Х

Х

Х

Х

Х

N/A

NOTABLE

Х

Х

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

As a functional space, this open area has ver little associated socio-political significance.

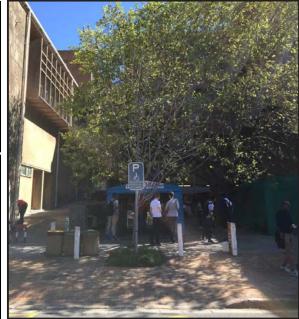


Image: Informal vendors occupying the space between the buildings.

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT: OUTLINE:

The space has been altered several times over the past decades. It performs a fireescape role for the adjacent buildings.



Image: Service space alongside the NSLT.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The space itself has insufficient cultural significance to warrant an individual grading, however it has importance as an open space within the campus-scape of upper campus, and has several mature trees within it, which should be preserved, or replaced with indigenous species of similar stature. It also plays a role in the social life of students on the Upper Campus as it is used as an informal food court. The space could be improved upon to strengthen its role and significance within the campus.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

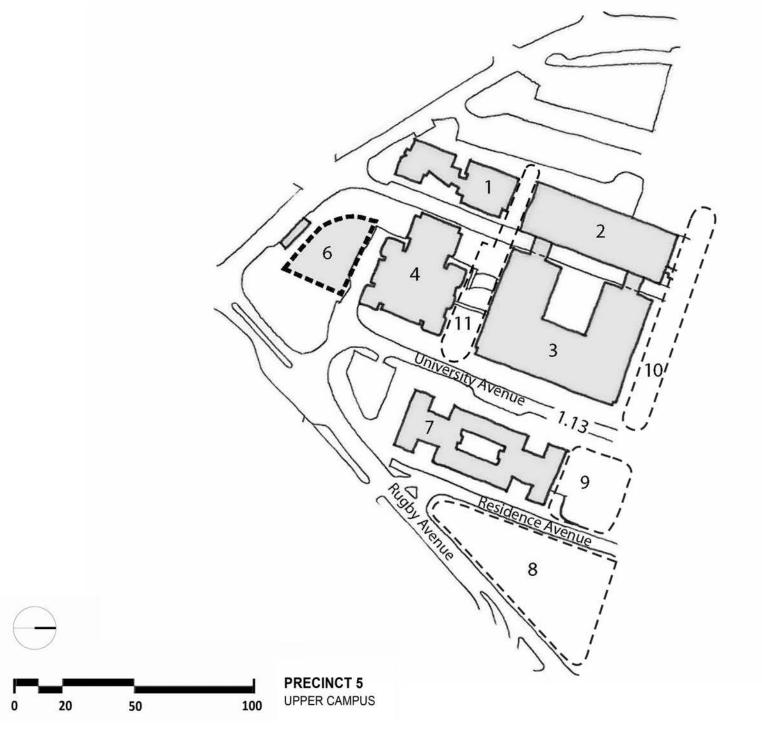
No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Grade IIIA within the PHS area.

Jan-2016

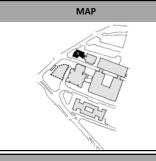
DATE:



RACHEL BLOCH HOUSE

OTHER NAMES: KAPLAN CENTRE

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01480	5.1	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
33 Library Road BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Jewish Studies and Research

ORIGINAL USE:

Jewish Studies and Research

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION This structure is borne out of an attempt to marry the Modernist style of the time with the structure of the structure o

marry the Modernist style of the time with the typical university typology. It does so through reinterpretation of the materiality of the older academic buildings, although with contemporary elements and detailing.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:
1989 Ivor Prinsloo
OUTLINE:

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The building houses the Jewish Studies
Library in the Kaplan Centre and was opened
in 1989. The building was named after Jessie
Kaplan's mother, Rachel Bloch (1882-1954)
who valued Jewish learning. Although she
was very poor, she saved from the little
money she had and managed to buy the
Torah for the Parow Synagogue. This Torah
is now in the Kaplan Centre. The building
also houses the Jewish Studies library, a
collection that includes twentieth-century
Yiddish literature as well as texts looted by
the Nazis during World War II and rescued by
the Jewish Cultural Reconstruction
Committee.



Image: View of the west facade and entrance to the Kaplan Centre.

SIGNIFICANCE COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE **GRADING & PROTECTION CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:** MODERATE The Rachel Bloch Building has significance in None NOTABLE being amoung the Modernist buildings CoCT GRADE c.2000: LOW N A N realised on the Upper Campus that Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) reinterprets the prevailing university building CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Architectural Х typology without resorting to direct minicry. Х Aesthetic Proposed Grade II area It is notable for the way in which it observes Historical Х ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: the traditional pavilion-type but imaginatively reinterprets it in a х No grading assigned Rarity contemporary and authentic way. The Technological **CURRENT CoCT GRADE:** building is substantially intact, including its Cultural Х No grading assigned facades and internal public areas and spaces. Х Contextual PROPOSED GRADING: It houses collections and artefacts of a high Proposed Grade IIIB within the PHS area Social Х degree of heritage significance. DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016



Image: View from Ring Road towards the south-eastern corner of the building.

HARRY OPPENHEIMER INSTITUTE

OTHER NAMES: AFRICAN STUDIES

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
44201	01490	5.2	Upper	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
34 Library Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Centre for African Studies

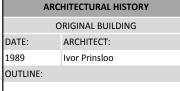
ORIGINAL USE:

Centre for African Studies

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This structure is borne out of an attempt to marry the Modernist style of the time with the typical university typology. It does so through reinterpretation of the materiality of the older academic buildings, although with contemporary elements and detailing.



ALTERATIONS	
ARCHITECT:	

DATE:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Harry Frederick Oppenheimer was Chancello of the University of Cape Town from 1967 to 1996. His donation funded this building. The building has significance in the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: West facade and entrance to the Oppenheimer Institute.

SIGNIFICANCE CO

NOTABLE

Х

Х

Х

Х

Х

Architectural

Technological

Aesthetic

Historical

Rarity

Cultural

Social

Contextual

MODERATE

х

Х

LOW N A N

Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Harry Oppenheimer Institute has significance in being amoung the Modernist buildings realised on the Upper Campus that reinterprets the prevailing university building typology without resorting to direct minicry. It is notable for the way in which it observes the traditional pavilion-type but imaginatively reinterprets it in a contemporary and authentic way. The building is substantially intact, including its facades and internal public areas and spaces. It houses collections and artefacts of a high degree of heritage significance.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIB within the PHS area

DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016



Image: View looking north east toward the Oppenheimer Institute with Leslie Commerce beyond.

LESLIE COMMERCE BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: LESLIE COMMERCE/ ROBERT LESLIE COMMERCE

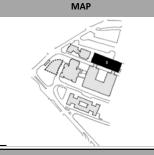
ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01450	5.3	Upper

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

23 Engineering Mall Road

BUILDING NAME(S):

Robert Leslie was the first professor of Economics in SA and was the dean of the Faculty of Commerce (Phillips, 1990:30).



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Faculty of Commerce

ORIGINAL USE:

Faculty of Commerce

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This structure is borne out of an attempt to marry the Modernist style of the time with the typical university typology. It does so through reinterpretation of the materiality of the older academic buildings, and through employing facade devices such as a brise soleil, which establishes key datum and plinth lines. The building responds well contextually to the adjacent Leslie Social Science building.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT:

1998 Louis Karol Architects

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

The building responds well contextually to the adjacent Leslie Social Science building.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after UCT's first Professor of Economics, founder and first UCT Dean of the Faculty of Commerce: Robert Leslie was appointed to the Jagger Chair of Economics in 1914 and retained the chair until his retirement in 1949. The building has no notable social-historical significance. The building has significance in the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: West facade of the building.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N A N Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Х

Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Leslie Commerce Building has significance in being amoung the Modernist buildings realised on the Upper Campus that reinterprets the prevailing university building typology without resorting to direct minicry. It is notable for the way in which it observes the traditional pavilion-type but imaginatively reinterprets it in a contemporary and authentic way. The building is substantially intact, including its facades and internal public areas and spaces.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade III building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIB within the PHS area

DATE: Jan-2016



Image: View of Leslie Commerce as seen from the north west approach along the Engineering Mall.

LESLIE SOCIAL SCIENCE BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: LESLIE SOCIAL/ROBERT LESLIE SOCIAL SCIENCES

	ADD	RESS	
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01400	5.4	Upper

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

12 University Avenue South

BUILDING NAME(S):

Robert Leslie was the first professor of Economics in SA and was the dean of the Faculty of Commerce (Phillips, 1990: 30).



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Faculty of Social Science

ORIGINAL USE:

Faculty of Social Science

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This structure is borne out of an attempt to marry the Modernist style of the time with the typical university typology. As a receipient of the 1981 SAIA Award of Merit, it is perhaps the structure on the Upper Campus that most successfully achieves this aim. It does so through reinterpretation of the materiality of the older academic buildings, and through employing facade devices such as a brise soleil, which consolidates the otherwise more free-form and glazed facade and establishes key datum and plinth lines. The glazed rooflight over a triple-volume internal space clearly references the older, courtyard typology of academic buildings. The building carefully negotiates the slope, and in so doing enlivens the adjacent, external stairways.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING
DATE: ARCHITECT:

DATE: ARCHITECT:
1979 Munnik Visser Black & Fish

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

This building was given a South African Institute of Architects Award of Merit in 1981

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after the first UCT Professor of Economics, founder and first UCT Dean of the Faculty of Commerce: Robert Leslie was appointed to the Jagger Chair of Economics in 1914 and retained the chair until his retirement in 1949. This building is a social hub within the southern part of the campus, and thus has a far higher degree of social significance than the typical academic buildings seen elsewhere on the campus.



Image: Eastern facade of the building, as seen from Centlivres.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE N/A Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Leslie Social Sciences Building has significance in being amoung the Modernist buildings realised on the Upper Campus that perhaps best reinterprets the prevailing university building typology without resorting to direct minicry. It is notable for the way in which it observes the traditional pavilion-type but imaginatively reinterprets it in a contemporary and authentic way. In this regard, it set a precedent for later building on the campus. The building is substantially intact, including its facades and internal public areas and spaces. It is of a high degree of social significance.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade III building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIA within the PHS area

DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016



Image: c1980 photograph of the building (source: UCT Manuscripts & Archives).

NEVILLE ALEXANDER BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: BUILT AS THE EDUCATION FACULTY, LATER BECAME THE LAW FACULTY

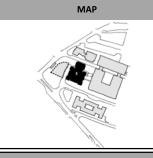
	ADDI	RESS	
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01060	5.5	Upper
CANADUIC AD	DDECC		

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

11 Library Road

BUILDING NAME(S):

The building was named the Wilfred and Jules Kramer Faculty of Law Building (1980). It was named the Neville Alexander Building in 2014.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Humanities

ORIGINAL USE:

Faculty of Education, Faculty of Law

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This building observes the traditional university building typology, but reinterprets it DATE: in a Modernist paradigm. This building continued the theme of a more contemporary interpretation of the academic typology on the Upper Campus, seen towards the latter years of the 20th Century. The four corner towers accommodate workspaces and offices, and the glazed rooflight covers a triple-volume internal space with perimeter galleries that clearly references the older, courtyard typology of academic buildings. The building is of off-shutter concrete, departing from the typical "University Plaster" seen on the adjacent structures. It's exterior is rather austere, and conceals its well-lit and carefullyplanned interior spaces.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1967 Revel Fox & Partners

OUTLINE:

The building creatively reinterprets the prevailing campus typology.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after Dr Neville Alexander, acclaimed linguist, academic and anti-apartheid struggle veteran, with a lengthy association with UCT as student, lecturer, professor and friend. He established the Project for the Study of Alternative Education in South Africa (PRAESA) in 1992 at UCT. The building was constructed to house the Education Faculty, and later was home to the Law Faculty. It is now utilised by the Graduate School of Humanities. The building has significance in the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: View from the Centlivres Building, looking towards the Neville Alexander Building.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N A N Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Х Contextual х Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Neville Alexander Building, originally the Education Building, has significance in being amoung the Modernist buildings realised on the Upper Campus that successfully reinterpreted the prevailing typology without resorting to direct minicry. It is notable for the way in which it "observes the traditional pavilion-type but receives imaginative interpretation, establishing precedent for contemporary planning" (Greig, 1971: 215-216). The building is substantially intact, including its facades and internal public areas and spaces.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)
CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIA within the PHS area

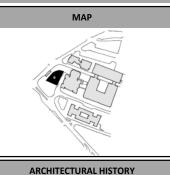
DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016





Image: Interior view of the central atrium (L); View of the glass saw tooth roof over the atrium (R).

NEW I	LECTURE	THEAT	RE	
OTH	HER NAMES	: N/A		
	ADI	ORESS		
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
44201	01460	5.6	Upper	
CAMPUS	ADDRESS:			l
Madiba C	ircle			.] (
BUILDING	NAME(S):			
	BUILDING I	DESCRIPTION	ON	Δ.
This build	ing is still und	ler constru	iction. It	
comprises a large lecture theatre, which is zinc-			DATE:	
	clad. The façade along University Avenue conforms to the typical University typology.			
COMIONNIS	+ - + +	I I I mis conside		c2016
	to the typica	l Universit	y typology.	c2016 OUTLINE:
	to the typica	l Universit	y typology.	
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	to the typica	l Universit	y typology.	
	to the typica	l Universit	y typology.	
	to the typica	l Universit	y typology.	
	to the typica	l Universit	y typology.	
	to the typica	l Universit	y typology.	OUTLINE:
	to the typica	l Universit	y typology.	OUTLINE:



ORIGINAL BUILDING

ALTERATIONS

ARCHITECT:

GAPP Architects & Planners

ARCHITECT:

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Under construction

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

As a new building on the campus (still under construction), this structure has limited sociohistorical significance.



Image: New Lecture Theatre, still under construction, as seen from Ring Road/Madiba Circle.

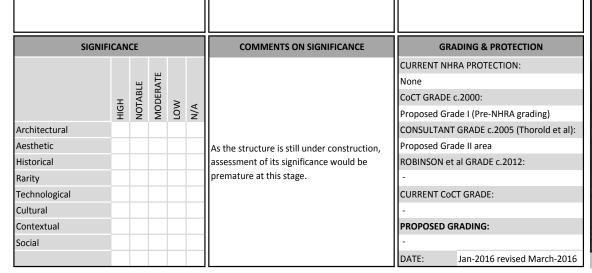




Image: Building as seen from University Avenue South.

CENTLIVRES BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: ARCHITECTURE BUILDING

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	01170	5.7	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
4 University Avenue South			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

School of Architecture, Planning and Geomatics.

ORIGINAL USE:

Depts. of Architecture and Social Sciences.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This 5 storey building closely follows the typology and style established by Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay. It shows the same materialty, facade articulation and roofscape as the older academic structures to the north. Although on closer inspection and at the detailed level it is clearly two decades later than the core UCT academic buildings, in terms of the campus-scape it very much conforms to the earlier pattern established. It is thus a key contributor to the establishment and continuation of the university pattern along University Avenue. The building responds well contextually to the core university buildings adjacent to Jameson Memorial Hall

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1952 Thornton White, Hugh Walker

This structure strongly continues the architectural and urban design typology established by Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay.

OUTLINE:

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
c2015	M. Bonadei
OUTLINE:	

Internal refurbishment of the building. The original steel windows have been replaced with aluminium copies.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after Albert van der Sandt Centlivres third Chancellor of UCT (1951-1966). Having worked as a lawyer and judge, as UCT's Chancellor Centlivres worked to protect the independence of universities and the freedom of the individual, fighting race- and class-based legislation that he considered unjust during increasingly difficult political times. With the 1959 Extension of University Education Act coming into effect Centlivres, as Chancellor, led UCT in protests, culminating in a march of staff and students in academic dress through the city. The building has significance in the academic realm, where important research has been conducted on the site.



Image: Building as seen from a northerly approach along University Avenue South.

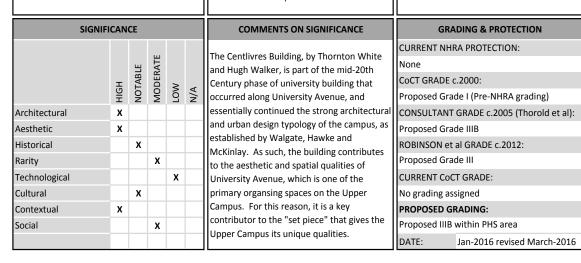




Image: West facade and primary entrance off University Avenue South.

56

FULLER'S GARDEN

OTHER NAMES: EXTERNAL SPACE 5.8

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	N/A	5.8	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch			
BUILDING NAME(S):			

MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Garden.

ORIGINAL USE:

Garden and pedestrian linkage.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Garden to the south of Fuller Hall which was historically directly connected to the residence. This garden correlates with the Smuts Warden's garden in its planning, but is entirely different in character and has more park-like landscaping. Notable and conservation worthy features include:

- A. Stone boundary wall.
- B. Yellow wood trees
- C. Other mature (and protected) trees
- **D.** Historic pedetrian gates and ironmongery

Other spaces in this series include:

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

c1920s Solomon/Walgate Plan

OUTLINE:

Domestic garden spaces that are directly related to the residences' in the foreground of the campus.

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

As primarily private/secluded spaces, the gardens have very little associated sociopolitical significance. However, the two residence gardens are very much in the tradition of private garden spaces of the masters at Oxbridge colleges, and therefore have some broader, typological significance.



Image: View toward the back entrance of Fuller from the garden.

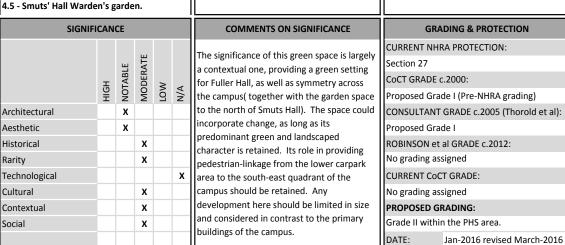






Image: View south into the garden (L); View east towards the south-eastern corner of Fuller Hall (R).

EXTERNAL SPACE 5.9

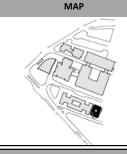
OTHER NAMES: N/A

	ADD	RESS	
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	N/A	5.9	Upper
CANADUCAT	DDECC.		

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch

BUILDING NAME(S):



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Open space.

ORIGINAL USE:

Open space.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Open rectangular & terraced space between the Beattie & Centlivres that forms part of a series of critical spaces between the 'middleground' buildings of Upper Campus. These spaces create an identifiable rhythm between buildings and are important to the overall composition of Upper Campus. The space is well treed, adding to the character of the Upper Campus.

Other spaces in this series include:

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: Mid 20th C Solomon/Walgate Plan

OUTLINE:

These small, green spaces provide visual and spatial relief between the buildings lining the eastern edge of University Avenue.

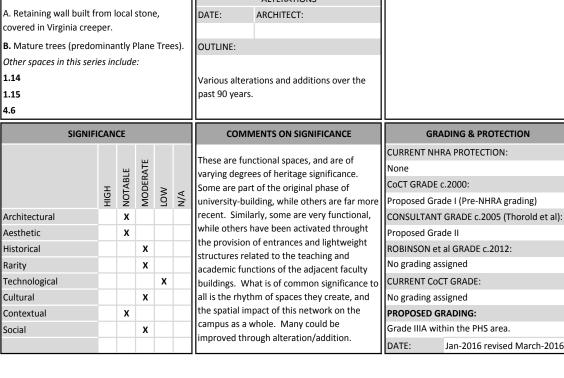
ALTERATIONS ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

As primarily functional spaces, these area have very little associated socio-political significance.

Jan-2016 revised March-2016



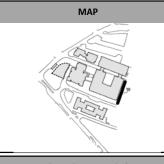




EXTERNAL SPACE 5.10

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	N/A	5.10	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch			
RUII DING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Thoroughfare with ancillary seating areas.

ORIGINAL USE:

Access stairway.

Currently zoned CO2. ZONING:

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The narrow linear space between Leslie Social Sciences & the Geological Sciences Building. The space forms part of a series of important spaces on Upper Campus which create a notable rhythm between buildings. They are critical to the overall composition of Upper Campus and should not be developed. Additionally, this space has been intentionally designed and sculpted as a part of the Leslie Social Sciences Building and the manner in which it deals with the changing levels of the site. It also is the only access way to link across the campus from east to west (the parking lot adjacent to the rugby fields, all the OUTLINE: way up to the Ring Road/Madiba Way.

Other spaces in this series include: 1.10. 1.11. 5.11

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: mid 20th C

OUTLINE:

Very much secondary to the main stair below Jameson Hall, these are smaller and more functional stairways within the campus.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
mid 1970s	Munnik Visser Black Fish

Various alterations and additions over the past 90 years.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

As primarily functional spaces, the stairways have very little associated socio-political significance.



SIGNIFICANCE NOTABLE LOW Х Architectural Aesthetic Х Historical Х Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Contextual Х Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

These more functional stairways of varying degrees of heritage significance. Some are part of the original phase of universitybuilding, while others are far more recent. This stair has been activated throught the provision of entrances and gathering spaces on its landings. It contributes to the rhythm of spaces these accessways create across the sloped site, and the spatial impact of this network on the campus as a whole. This stair has additional significance due to its integral part of the design of the Leslie Social Science Building.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Grade IIIA within the PHS area.

DATE: Jan-2016

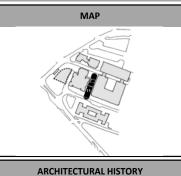


Image: View showing the staircase in use.

EXTERNAL SPACE 5.11

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201	N/A	5.11	Upper
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Thoroughfare with amphitheatre. ORIGINAL USE:

Thoroughfare with amphitheatre.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The narrow linear space between Leslie Social Sciences & the Neville Alexander Building. The space forms part of a series of important spaces on Upper Campus which create a notable rhythm between buildings. They are critical to the overall composition of Upper Campus and should not be developed. While this space has been intentionally designed and formed, it is not as successful as space 5.10.

Other spaces in this series include:

1.10

1.11

5.10

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: Mid 20th C

OUTLINE:

Very much secondary to the main stair below Jameson Hall, these are smaller and more functional stairways within the campus.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
1970s	
OUTLINE:	

The space that has resulted is due to the design of the Leslie (Munnik Visser Black Fish) and Neville Alexander (Revel Fox & Partners) Buildings on the campus.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

As primarily functional spaces, the stairways have very little associated socio-political significance. Because this space has an amphitheatre and other shaded spaces to sit, it has significance as a social space on the campus.



Image: View from the stair towards the ampitheatre area.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE MOJ Architectural Х Aesthetic Historical Х Rarity х Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Social

These more functional stairways of varying
degrees of heritage significance. Some are
part of the original phase of university-
building, while others are far more recent.
This stair contributes to the rhythm of spaces
the various staircases create across the
sloped site, and the spatial impact of this
network on the campus as a whole. This
area is also home to several mature Ficus
trees. However, the area is somewhat
disjointed and could be improved.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

	GRADING & PROTECTION						
1	CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:						
١	None						
١	CoCT GRADE c.2000:						
s	Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)						
۱	CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):						
١	Proposed Grade II						
١	ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:						
١	No grading assigned						
١	CURRENT CoCT GRADE:						
١	No grading assigned						
PROPOSED GRADING:							
١	Grade IIIA within the PHS area.						

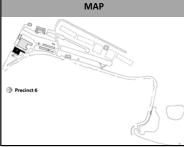
Jan-2016

DATE:

GEOLOGICAL SCIENCE EXTENSION BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: TRAFFIC BUILDING, UCT PRINTING DEPARTMENT

ADDRESS									
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:						
44201	01250	6.1	Upper						
CAMPUS ADDRESS:									
2 Madiba Circle									
BUILDING NAME(S):									



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Traffic Department, Department of Geological Sciences

ORIGINAL USE:

UCT Printing Department

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

A double storey, linear building set into the slope. Although it is plastered with the typical "University Plaster" seen on the majority of buildings on the campus, this structure is otherwise atypical of UCT Upper Campus buildings. Further, it is clearly a service-type building, and lacks the statue of the academic buildings elsewhere on the campus.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:
c1980 Williams, Louw & Pearce

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

An atypical and somewhat non-descript building.

ALTERATIONS
DATE: ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building has no notable socio-political history. It was custom built as the University Printing Department in the 1980s.



Image: View looking west towards the building with Devil's Peak in the background.

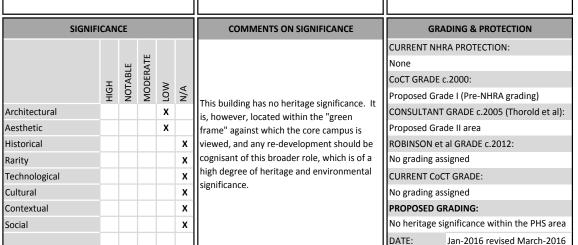




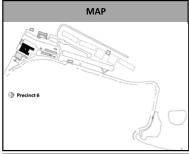
Image: View of the building from Ring Road/Madiba Circle.

MAINTENANCE BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS									
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:						
44201	01410	6.2	Upper						
CAMPUS ADDRESS:									
29 off Madiba Circle									
BUILDING NAME(S):									

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

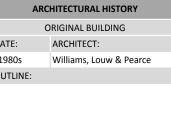


USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Maintenance and Storage ORIGINAL USE: Maintenance and Storage

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

A rather non-descript, single-storey masonry	
uilding with a mono-pitched, tiled roof.	DATE:
	c1980s
	OUTLIN
	DATE:



ALTERATIONS

ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

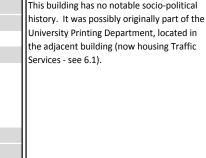
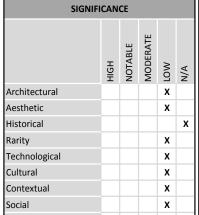




Image: View from the vehicular entrance off Ring Road/Madiba Circle.



This building has no heritage significance. It is, however, located within the "green frame" against which the core campus is viewed, and any re-development should be cognisant of this broader role, which is of a high degree of heritage and environmental significance.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: None CoCT GRADE c.2000: Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Proposed Grade II area ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: No grading assigned CURRENT CoCT GRADE: No grading assigned PROPOSED GRADING: No heritage significance within the PHS area

Jan-2016 revised March-2016

DATE:

GRADING & PROTECTION



Image: View towards the eastern facade and primary entrance.

NURSERY

Architectural

Technological

Aesthetic

Historical

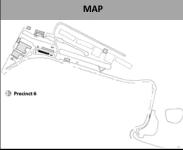
Rarity

Cultural

Social

Contextual

OTHER NAMES: N/A								
ADDRESS								
ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS								
01320	6.3	Upper						
CAMPUS ADDRESS:								
30 off Madiba Circle								
BUILDING NAME(S):								
	ADD BLDG #: 01320 DDRESS: ba Circle	ADDRESS BLDG #: MAP #: 01320 6.3 DDRESS: ba Circle						



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

University nursery

ORIGINAL USE:

University nursery

Currently zoned CO2 ZONING:

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Glazed structure with pitched roofs, this building is a typical example of a greenhouse structure. Other, related buildings used for offices and so on are housed in a non-desript, single storey brick structure, running parallel to the greenhouse.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

ARCHITECT: Thornton White

OUTLINE:

DATE:

1964

An atypical and somewhat non-descript building.

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT:

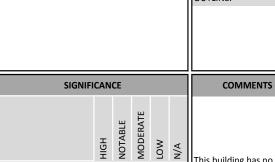
OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building has no notable socio-political history. It was the last building that Thornton White designed for the university, as he died in 1965.



Image: View from outside the fenced property.



Х

Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This building has no heritage significance. It is, however, located within the "green frame" against which the core campus is viewed, and any re-development should be cognisant of this broader role, which is of a high degree of heritage and environmental significance.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance within the PHS area

DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016

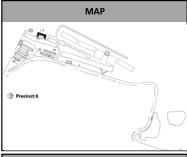


Image: View from outside the fenced property, with the offices to the right and green houses ot the left.

EDUCARE CENTRE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS								
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:					
44201	01500	7.4	Upper					
CAMPUS ADDRESS:								
Madiba Circle								
BUILDING NAME(S):								



ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

ARCHITECT:

USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Kindergarten for University Staff ORIGINAL USE: Kindergarten for University Staff

ZONING:	Currently zoned CO2
	CIO-POLITICAL HISTORY
This building significance.	has limited socio-historical



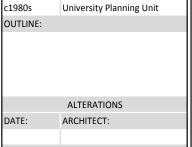
Image: View towards the eastern facade and primary entrance of the Educare Centre.

	N
6 Image: View from the new upper level parking lot towards a m	ore recent

annexe.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

A pavillion-type building with university plaster, masonry facades, and a red-tiled, pitched roof. A notable landscape element is the enormous and mature Ficus tree that is located in front of the building.



OUTLINE:

DATE:

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N/A Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Historical Х Х Rarity Х Technological Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This building has no heritage significance. It is, however, located within the "green frame" against which the core campus is viewed, and any re-development should be cognisant of this broader role, which is of a high degree of heritage and environmental significance.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

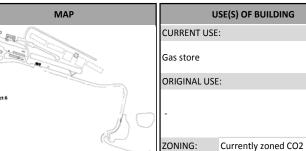
PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance within the PHS area DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016

GAS STORE

OTHER NAMES: NEB - NEW GAS STORE

	MAP			ADDRESS						
CURR				IPUS:	CAN	νP #:	MA	BLDG #:	ERF #:	
Gas st	200		į	er	Upp		6.5	01570	44201	
				CAMPUS ADDRESS:						
ORIGI									Madiba Circ	
	://	6	3					AME(S):	BUILDING N	
	/									
ZONIN										
	HITECTURAL HISTORY	ARCHIT			ON	RIPTIC	ESCR	BUILDING D	E	
As a fa	RIGINAL BUILDING	ORIG		9	ucture	el stru	stee	ey, meshed	A single stor	
buildi	ARCHITECT:	AR	IIDA					•	housing the	
signifi	SATOA	SA	/ 20:	partia	It is	ries.	orato	_	for the engi	
		E:	ου					siope.	cut into the	
- 11	s part of the wider Enginee uilding works in this part o	nent build	- 11							
	ALTERATIONS	А								
	ARCHITECT:	AR	DA							
		E:	ου							
	IENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE	COMMEN.				CE	ICAN	SIGNIFI		
CURR										
None					ATE	щ				
IICOCI	nas no heritage significance	•		>	MODERATE	NOTABLE	I			
Propo	e. It is located within the against which the core		: II	LOW	MO	NO	HIGH			
ment CONS	wed, and any re-developm	•	11 ~	Х				al	Architectura	
11_	nisant of this broader role,		- 11	Х					Aesthetic	
	igh degree of heritage and	_					Ш		Historical	
ition No gra	I significance. Its demolitie	mental sig	، Henv						Rarity	



SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

y recent building on the campus, thi has limited socio-historical nce.



Image: View from Ring Road/Madiba Circle, approaching from the north.



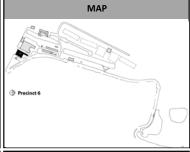
Image: View from Ring Road/Madiba Circle, approaching from the south.

GRADING & PROTECTION NHRA PROTECTION: ADE c.2000: Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) TANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Grade II area N et al GRADE c.2012: environmental significance. Its demolition No grading assigned Rarity and the relocation of its functions to another Х **CURRENT COCT GRADE:** Technological part of campus, within the Madiba Circle Cultural Х No grading assigned road, would reduce its negative impact on Contextual Х PROPOSED GRADING: the heritage significance of the environs. Х No heritage significance within the PHS area Social DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016

TENNIS CLUB HOUSE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS									
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:						
44201	01470	6.6	Upper						
CAMPUS ADDRESS:									
Madiba Circle									
BUILDING NAME(S):									

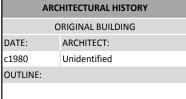


USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Pavilion adjoining the tennis courts with changerooms, ablutions, etc. ORIGINAL USE:

Pavilion adjoining the tennis courts with changerooms, ablutions, etc.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION A pavillion-type building with glazed facades towards the front and sides, and a red-tiled, pitched roof.



Possibly designed by the University Planning

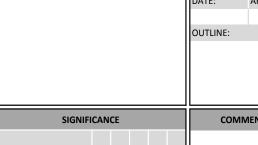
	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building has a higher degree of social significance than many other buildings on the Upper Camus, as it is one of the few oncampus, after-hours social venues for students.



Image: Pavilion as seen from the courts to the south.



SIGNIFICANCE						COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE	GRA	DING & PROTECTION	
	HIGH	NOTABLE	MODERATE	row	N/A		CURRENT NHF	RA PROTECTION:	
							None		
							CoCT GRADE of	:.2000:	
							Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)		
Architectural			Х			is, however, located within the "green	CONSULTANT	GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):	
Aesthetic			Х				Proposed Grad	de II area	
Historical				X		viewed, and any re-development should be	ROBINSON et	al GRADE c.2012:	
Rarity				Х			No grading assigned		
Technological X II		high degree of heritage and environmental	CURRENT CoCT GRADE:						
Cultural			Х			significance.	No grading ass	signed	
Contextual			Х			PROPOSED G		RADING:	
Social		Х					No heritage significance within the PHS area		
							DATE:	Jan-2016 revised March-2016	



Image: Pavilion as seen from the surrounding green frame.

EXTERNAL SPACE 6.7

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS							
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:				
44201	N/A	6.7	Upper				
CAMPUS ADDRESS:							
Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch							
BUILDING NAME(S):							
N/A							

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This space is the undeveloped backdrop to the

campus which is currently densely populated

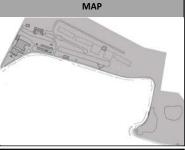
iconography of the overall campus as seen on the eastern slopes of Table Mountain. Notable

A: The grave of Sir John Caruthers Beattie, the first Vice-Chancellor of UCT who died in 1946.

B: Numerous mature trees of stature.

by mature Pine Trees. The density and maturity of trees are integral to the

elements include:



ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

ALTERATIONS

ARCHITECT:

ARCHITECT:

DATE:

DATE:

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Green open space. ORIGINAL USE: Green open space.

	ZONING:	Currently zoned CO2.				
l	SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY					
	This green area has little associated so political significance.					

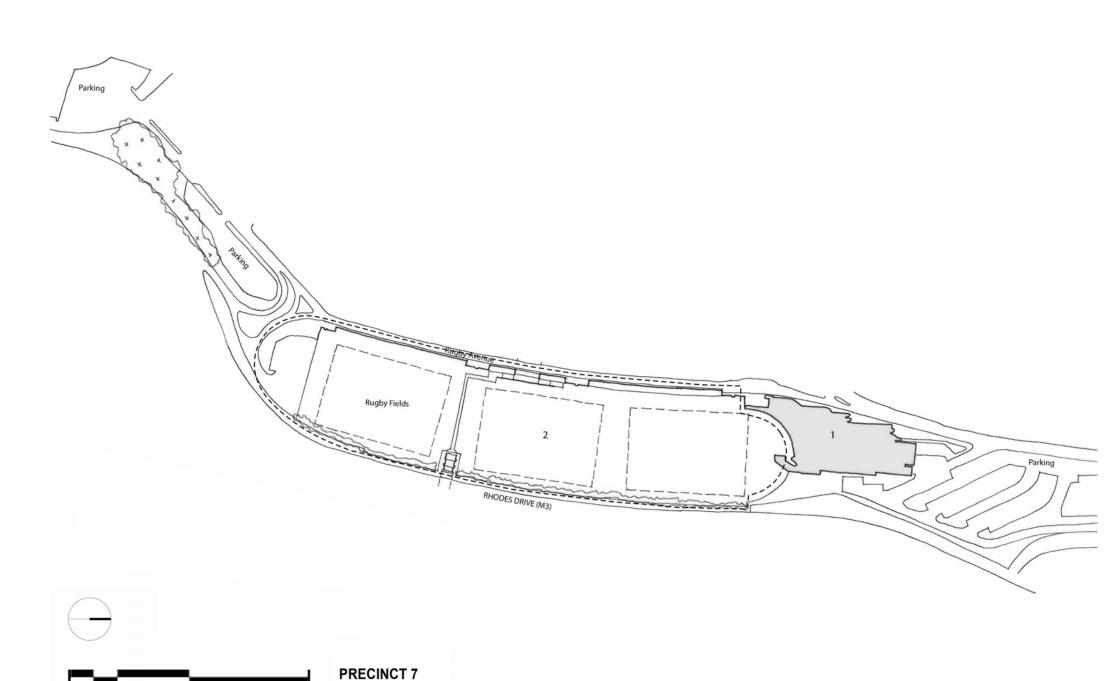


Image: View of some of the established trees below the tennis courts.

SIGNIFICANCE COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE **GRADING & PROTECTION CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:** The image of the Upper Campus as a formal MODERATE None NOTABLE architectural set-piece located on the slopes CoCT GRADE c.2000: of Table Mountain is an internationally LOW recognised symbol of higher learning. The Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) dark-green, treed backdrop to the campus is Х CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Architectural a key aspect of the reading of this cultural Х Aesthetic Proposed Grade II landscape, and should be preserved. While Historical Х ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: the Cluster Pines are invasive and earmarked х No grading assigned Rarity for removal, the visual impact this will have Technological **X** I on the campus should be carefully CURRENT CoCT GRADE: Cultural Х considered beforehand. The area includes No grading assigned several ad hoc and inappropriate buildings PROPOSED GRADING: Contextual Х that should be removed or mitigated with Grade II within the PHS area. Social Х tree-planting. DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016



Image: Mature trees lining one of the upper level Jammie Shuttle parking areas.



UPPER CAMPUS

200

100

SPORTS CENTRE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

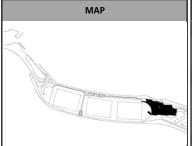
ADDRESS						
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:			
44201	01420	7.1	Upper			

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

1 Rugby Road

BUILDING NAME(S):

Named after its continued functioning as an indoor sporting facility.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Sports Centre

ORIGINAL USE:

Sports Centre

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The building, adjacent to the rugby fields, houses three indoor sports halls and related facilities, including UCT's Department of Sports Administration. It provides an internal, enclosed venue during examinations. The building has a bold Modernist expression, with | This building is atypical of the prevailing a fluid and free-form plan (which incorporates a pedestrian route) and Brutalist, exposed concrete tectonic. It is among the few truly Modernist structures on the campus, and within the city as a whole.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 1977 Roelof Uytenboogaardt

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

university typology, but forms part of the foreground to the campus, being alongside the rugby fields.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building has limited political significance but it has a higher degree of social significance than most buildings on Upper Campus, due to its sporting and social functions. It is a venue for exams and other, large academic functions on the campus.



Image: View looking south from the intersection of Rugby & Ring Roads.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE N/A Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Х Cultural Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The building departs from the prevailing architectural and urban typology of the campus. Its Brutalist architectural style is loathed by many, but it has a high degree of rarity, being one of the few truly Modernist structures within the city. It remains an accomplished example of the style. The building forms part of the "green foreground" to the core campus, and its atypical style, glazed tectonic, and organisation along an existing pedestrian route is seen to be appropriate, given the landscape and environmental significance of the broader site within which it is located.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Invasive edge to east, otherwise in Gr II area ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIB within the PHS area

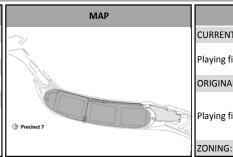


Image: View looking northwards from Rugby Road.

RUGBY FIELDS & SURROUNDS

OTHER NAMES: EXTERNAL SPACE 7.2

ADDRESS						
ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS:						
44201	N/A	7.2	Upper			
CAMPUS ADDRESS:						
Rhodes Drive (M3), Rondebosch						
BUILDING NAME(S):						
N/A						



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Playing fields. ORIGINAL USE: Playing fields.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION The expansive, level foreground of Upper Campus 'sets the stage' for the built precinct to emerge from the slopes of the mountain behind. The foreground, used as playing fields, creates a definitive opening in the terrain and further iterates the iconography of the campus as it clearly bounds the campus to the east. Conservation worthy features include:

- A. Stone retaining wall with Virginia creeper.
- B. Granite steps and grandstand along wall.
- C. Fountain and Meyerowitz water feature.
- D. Rhodes Statue plinth.

Aesthetic

Historical

Rarity

Cultural

Social

- E. Subway under Rhodes Drive.
- F. Retaining wall along M3, Virginia creeper.
- G. Hedge between retaining wall and fields.
- H. Grove of yellowwoods to SE of Centlivres.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: c1920 Part of the Solomon Plan OUTLINE:

ALTERATIONS		
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Currently zoned CO2.

This space has a high degree of socio-politica significance as the primary venue for sport at UCT. The "green mile" has strong associations with university rugby, in particular. No development should be considered for this site, which is credited with social and recreational value on the campus.



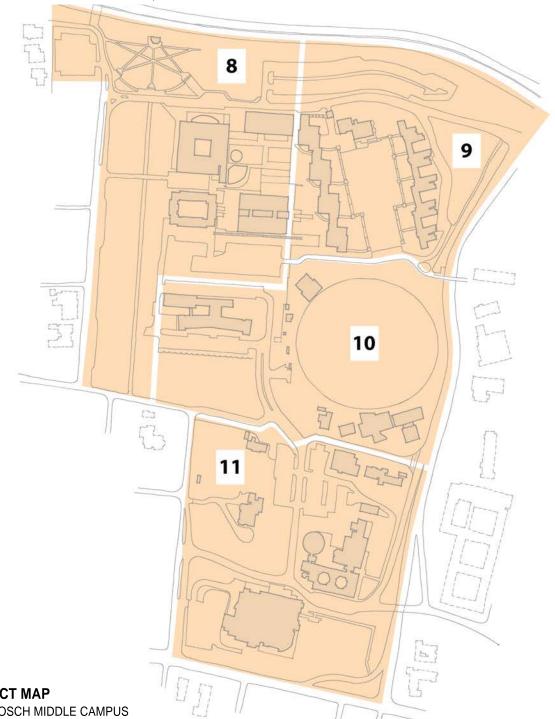


Image: View looking northwards towards the Sports Centre.

SIGNIFICANCE COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE **GRADING & PROTECTION** CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: The image of the Upper Rondebosch Campus MODERATE Section 27 NOTABLE as a formal architectural set-piece located on CoCT GRADE c.2000: the slopes of Table Mountain is an LOW Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) internationally recognised icon and symbol of higher learning set within an Arcadian CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Architectural Х setting. The clarity of the urban design Х Proposed Grade I concept and the consistency of the Х ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: architectural expression, set in a green frame Proposed Grade II/PHS Х above the city and yet part of it, is a symbol Technological Х **CURRENT CoCT GRADE:** or icon of great numinousness. The retaining Х walls and playing fields create an important PHS foreground to the whole, have strong Contextual Х PROPOSED GRADING: cultural and sporting associations, and Grade II within the PHS area. Х should be preserved. DATE: Jan-2016 revised March-2016



Image: Historic view of the fields, prior to the construction of the Sports Centre (source: UCT Archives).







GRADE II/PHS



GRADE IIIA



GRADE IIIC

PROPOSED PROTECTED

AREA

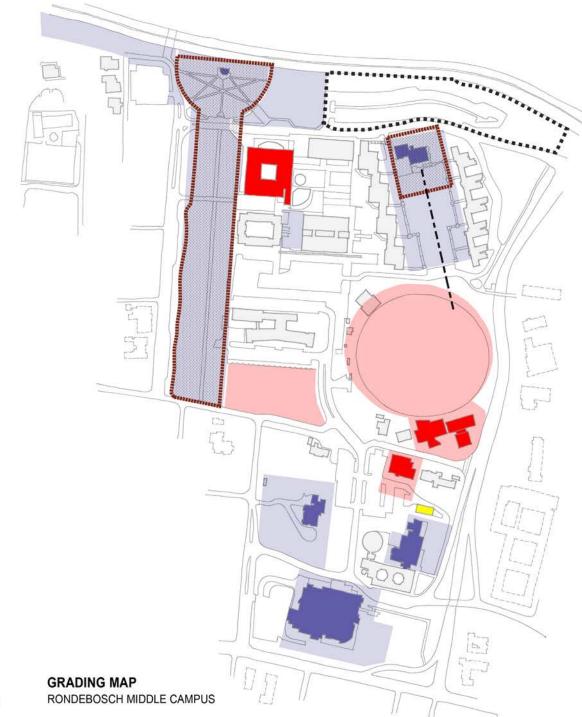
(Section 28 NHRA)

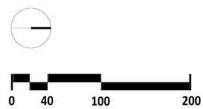
PROPOSED

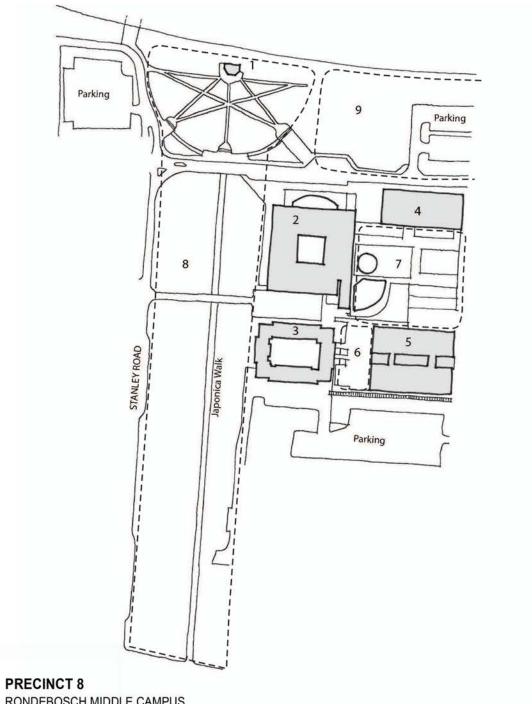
PHS AREA

DECLARED

PHS AREA







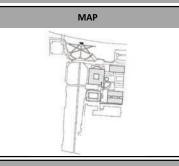
75

RONDEBOSCH MIDDLE CAMPUS

SUMMER HOUSE

OTHER NAMES: THE BELVEDERE

ADDRESS					
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:		
46066	08120	8.1	Middle		
CAMPUS ADDRESS:					
Stanley Road, Rondebosch					
BUILDING NAME(S):					



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Pavilion
ORIGINAL USE:

Pavilion

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The Summerhouse has a half-octagonal plan with a straight, walled western façade, against which run the stairs to the roof terrace, with fielded parapet wall. The side elevations are partially built up, but the front (east-facing) elevation is open, supported by pillars at the corners. The abutting Rhodes Drive does detract from the building, but its semi-circular foreground remains intact (although muchaltered), as does the axial parkland that extends from the structure to Grotto Road.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1760 Unknown

OUTLINE:

The Summerhouse was built in 1760, but the axial landscape to which it serves as a focal point is presumably older (Pistorius et al, 2006: 14).

	ALTERATIONS	
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	
	Various	
OUTLINE:		

The building was restored by Herbert Baker, Dirk Visser (Munnik Visser Black & Fish), and recently by Thorold Architects.

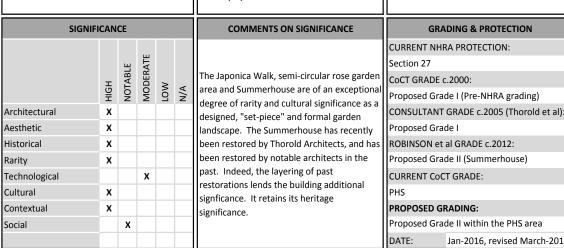
SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The site has a high degree of socio-political significance, initially forming part of the Rustenburg farm, and later as part of Rhodes' land-holdings on which he commissioned the development of a consciously-designed parkland. This structure formed the eastern pivot of Solomon's campus design, which was organised along the contours of the mountain, and on axis with Devil's Peak. The building has also been restored several times by notable architects.



Image: View from the top of Japonica Walk towards the Summer House with Devil's Peak in the background.





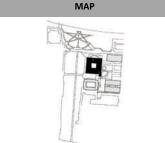


Jan-2016, revised March-2016 | Image: View south-west towards the Summer House.

WILFRED & JULES KRAMER LAW BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: KRAMER

ADDRESS					
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:		
44201-0-2	08070	8.2	Middle		
CAMPUS ADDRESS:					
Middle Campus Access Road					
BUILDING NAME(S):					



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Faculty of Law ORIGINAL USE:

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION The Kramer Law Building was the first structure built along the diagonal axis, as per the c1983 planning framework for Middle Campus. Architecturally, the building has classist references, with open colonnades, but coloured brickwork and a red tiled roof, as well as a covered central atrium, reinterpreting the courtyard typology (University Planning and Architecture, Coulson et. al, 2015). It has a submerged library space, set into the slope on one side but emerging with a sheer edge to the east. The construction of this building necessitated the wholesale felling of the norther edge of Japonica Walk, which had and irretrivably negative impact on the symmetry of this

landscape set piece.

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 1984 Revel Fox & Partners OUTLINE: Julian Elliot of the University Planning Unit was involved in the design of this building.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after Wilfred and Jules Kramer. Wilfred was a Cape Town businessman and Jules a pianist and singer. They left a bequest of R700 000 for the creation of a freestanding Law School Building and the development of the law library. R15 000 was secured for the purchase of books and periodicals as a supplement to the Law School's annual grant. Out of this bequest, the Wilfred Kramer Law Scholarship and Grants were founded in 1972. The bequest provides postgraduate scholarships, one for Law and the other for Music (UCT Law Update. January 2006).



Image: Kramer as seen from the main vehicular thoroughfare through Middle Campus.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Х Contextual Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The architectural style and materiality, although Modern, establishes a visual correlation with the Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay structures on Upper Campus. It is notable for the way in which, architecturally, it established a precedent for construction on the Middle Campus. However, the extent of the building's footprint, as well as its height and submerged library space make it less successful on the broader campus-scale in terms of continuity of grain and scale, as well as on the pedestrian scale, where the sheer terrace created by the library prohibits pedestrian flow across the wider site.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

No grading assigned

CURRENT COCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIA

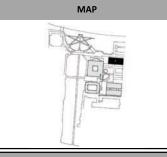


Image: Northern elevation of Kramer.

MASINGENE

OTHER NAMES: STUDENT ADMIN BUILDING/ MCNAB

ADDRESS					
ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS:					
44201-0-2	08150	8.4	Middle		
CAMPUS ADDRESS:					
Middle Campus Access Road					
BUILDING NAME(S):					



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Admissions office, and other office spaces.

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The architectural model for this building is derived from the spatial structure of Upper Campus. The architecture of the building is contemporary, but reflects the historical context in the reinterpretation of some of the Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay architectural devices, such as the clear expression of base, middle and top, (roof scape), as well as the colour palette and the use of textures (university plaster). The building does not have a red-tiled roof. This structure has a positive campus/urban relationship to the road, as well as to the Kramer Building, as it forms a pedestrian colonnade along these two edges. The open space between Kramer and Masingene is well-scaled and edged.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: c2011 Van der Merwe Miszewski OUTLINE:

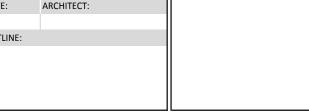
OUTLINE:						
	ΑL	ΓERAT	ION	S		
DATE:	ARC	HITEC	T:			
OUTLINE:						

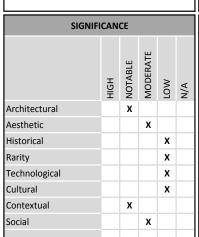
SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Masingene - isiXhosa for 'Let's get in'/ 'Come in'. The building houses the Admissions Office. It was built on the site of the former UCT tennis courts.



Image: The building as seen from the main vehicular thoroughfare through Middle Campus.





COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Masingene Building has significance in being amoung the modern buildings realised on the Middle Campus that reinterprets the prevailing university typology without resorting to direct minicry. It is notable for the way in which it successfully enlivens and responds to the open spaces surrounding it, particularly on the southern and western sides. Aside from its lack of red-tiled roof, it can be considered a successful architectural precedent for the further development and densification of this campus.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)
CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

011302171111 G10132 C:2003 (11101010

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heirtage significance



Image: Pedestrian approach from Upper Campus with the plaza between Kramer & Masingene seen ahead.

THE SCHOOL OF ECONOMICS BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: ECOS BUILDING/ SOE

ADDRESS ERF#: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS: 44201-0-2 08160 8.5 Middle **CAMPUS ADDRESS:** Middle Campus Access Road BUILDING NAME(S):



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

ORIGINAL USE:

School of Economics

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The architectural model for this building is derived from the spatial structure of Upper Campus. The architecture of the building is contemporary, but reflects the historical context in the re-interpretation of some of the Walgate, Hawke and McKinlay architectural devices, such as the clear expression of base, middle and top, (roof scape), as well as the colour palette and the use of textures (university plaster). The building does not have a red-tiled roof. In plan form, the building looked to reinterpret the courtyard typology, with two solid wings and an open space between, loosely "held" by a circular staircase to the south. However, in practice this space has not performed well and has had to be enclosed.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: Van der Merwe Miszewski

c2011 OUTLINE: **ALTERATIONS** ARCHITECT: DATE: OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building has no notable socio-political significance. It was built on the site of the former UCT tennis courts.



Image: The western facade of the Economics building as seen from the raised square above.





Image: Southern facade of the building, looking across the remnants of the Rustenburg Burial Ground.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N/A Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х

Х

Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The School of Economics Building has significance in being amoung the modern buildings realised on the Middle Campus that reinterprets the prevailing university typology without resorting to direct minicry. The building is fairly modest in scale and detailing, and establishes a good precedent for the development of Middle Campus. The infringement of the structure on the historic Rustenburg cemetery, and the lack of design response to this site, detracts from its heritage significance. The alteration of this building to mitigate these impacts would be encouraged from a heritage standpoint.

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance

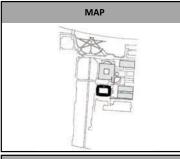
ALL AFRICA HOUSE

BUILDING NAME(S):

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS						
ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS						
44201-0-2 08130		8.3	Middle			
CAMPUS ADDRESS:						
21 Stanley Road						

All Africa House: Bulumko, Chedza, Ddembe, Elimu, Fahn, Geduld, Hlanganani Kwazo, Lesedi



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Residential

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Constructed of the same buff-coloured brick and red-tiled roof as the adjacent Kramer Building, the 2 storey All Africa House has 42 study-bedrooms arranged into 5 "flats", each with a separate entrance off the quadrangle and each with a shared kitchen facility. Common rooms include a seminar room, a large dining room area and a welcoming sitting area. The African Gender Institute has office space in the northern wing of the building.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 1996 Ivan Jonker OUTLINE:

DATE:

OUTLINE:

ALTERATIONS
ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The All Africa House was set up by Dr. Ramphele in order to create an African "market place of ideas" at UCT, where academics could meet and engage. The different sections of the building are named for Wisdom (in Xhosa) Light (in Kalauga) Peace (in Luganda) Education (in Swahili) Understanding (in Arabic) Patience (in Afrikaans) Unite (in Nguni languages) Diligence (in Hausa) and Light (in Sotho-Tswana). The building is the site of the first African Library.



Image: Photograph looking east with a view of the northern facade of the building.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N/A Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The architectural style and materiality, although Modern, establishes a visual correlation with the Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay structures on Upper Campus. The building is fairly modest in scale and detailing, and establishes a good precedent for the development of Middle Campus. However, the infringement of the structure on the historic Rustenburg cemetery, as well as on the Japonica Walk, detracts from these heritage sites and is insensitive to their heritage significance. The alteration of this building to mitigate these impacts would be encouraged from a heritage standpoint.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

No grading assigned

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance

DATE:

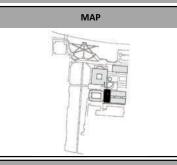


Jan-2016, revised March-2016 Image: View of the eastern facade of the building.

EXTERNAL SPACE 8.6

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
44201-0-2	N/A	8.6	Middle	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Stanley Road, Rondebosch				
BUILDING NAME(S):				



ALTERATIONS

ARCHITECT:

USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: ORIGINAL USE:

Slave cemetery for Rustenburg

BUILDING DESCRIPTION The "old cemetery" no longer exists at ground level, having been built over when the university constructed tennis courts on the site in c1930. However, historic sections of walling have been uncovered by archaeologists.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: mid-17thC Unknown OUTLINE:

DATE:

OUTLINE:

environment.

The site has a high degree of socio-political significance, initially being used as a slave cemetery on Rustenburg farm. It likely dates back to the early VOC occupation of Rondebosch in the mid-17th Century, and its link to VOC slavery heightens its sociopolitical significance. In recent times, the debate surrounding the site, precipitated by the constuction of the new School of Economics Building alongside it, has heighened the public's awareness and the associated significance of the site.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1 SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY



Image: View looking south over the remaining section of burial ground.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Х Architectural Х Aesthetic Historical Х х Rarity

х

Х

Х

Х

Technological

Cultural

Social

Contextual

ı	
	The historical significance of this site, as a
	burial ground, is heightened by its age and
	recorded associations to slavery and the
	burial of exiles at the Cape. As a burial
	ground, it enjoys the highest level of heritage
	protection. However, the interpretation of
	the site is fragmented, both in terms of
	archival and archaeological research, and in
	terms of its spatialisation within the campus

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: Section 36 - burial grounds and graves CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

CURRENT COCT GRADE:

No grading assigned PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II/PHS

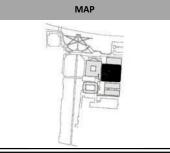


Image: Current 'memorialisation' of the burial ground with the Economics Building in the background.

EXTERNAL SPACE 8.7

OTHER NAMES: NEW SQUARE

ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201-0-2	N/A	8.7	Middle
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Stanley Road, Rondebosch			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Open Space ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Area extending from the plaza between Kramer and Masingene, eastwards and downwards to the School of Economics. Notable elements within the space include: A. "Alma Mater", caryatid bronze statue (c1996, Bruce Arnott).

- B. "Birds in Fight", 1987, etched glass roof light over the basement Law Library, sand blasted glass (c1987, Andrew Verster).
- C. "Dialogue at the Dogwatch", metal sculpture installed at UCT in 2010 (c1995, David Brown).
- **D.** Steel pergola with vines (c2011, Van der Merwe Miszweski).

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING ARCHITECT:

DATE: c2011 Van der Merwe Miszweski OUTLINE:

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The public spaces of Middle Campus have a degree of socio-political significance related to the continued debate as to the relevance of the "diagonal", as introduced in the planning framework for the campus in the 1980s. The Upper Campus environment enjoys iconic status due to the clear response of the designers to the inclined terrain of the site, and the axial relationship of the campus' spatial composition to the natural landscape behind and around it. The spatial planning of Middle Campus has yet to establish a clear spatial response to parallel that of the Upper Campus, and this is the subject of continued debate among the university community. This site was formerly the location of tennis courts.





Jan-2016, revised March-2016 | Image: View looking west from the Economics Building with Devil's Peak in the background.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This space has a degree of social significance as the primary student gathering space within the Middle Campus. However, as an open space its success is varied. Notably, the upper level of the plaza (associated with the 'Alma Mater" sculpture) is a successful and a well-defined and -scaled forecourt space to the overall pedestrian route. However, the steep gradient of the site has not been well resolved in the design of the space, and some of the locations of the artworks are illconsidered. A comprehensive urban design framework for Middle Campus should be undertaken.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

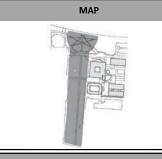
No heritage significance.

DATE:

JAPONICA WALK & SUMMER HOUSE SURROUNDS

OTHER NAMES: ROSE GARDEN

ADDRESS ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS: 46066 & 44201-0-2 8.1, 8.8 Middle CAMPUS ADDRESS: Stanley Road, Rondebosch BUILDING NAME(S):



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Open space, semi-circular garden and parklands

ORIGINAL USE:

Open space, semi-circular garden and parklands

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1 & CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The landscape comprises an "axial shaft of space" that ties the Upper and Middle campuses together. The space is comprised of the semi-circular old rose garden (now without roses) around the Summerhouse, and the linear "Japonica Walk" with its symmetrical layerings of plantings to each side of the central path. There are many mature trees within the area, as well as botanical specimens of some age, that are of significance as artefacts.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1760 Unknown

OUTLINE:

The Summerhouse was built in 1760, but the axial landscape to which it serves as a focal point is presumably older (Pistorius et al, 2006: 14).

ALTERATIONS		
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The site has a high degree of socio-political significance, initially forming part of the Rustenburg farm, and later as part of Rhodes' land-holdings on which he commissioned the development of a consciously-designed parkland. The Japonica plants are of botanical significance, as their variety is rarely found in use today. The landscaping is a classic example of Rhodes' thinking on a large scale: when his groundsman confirmed that he had ordered one hundred camelia plants for the parkland, Rhodes asked, "When will you learn to think in thousands?".



Image: View looking west up Japonica Walk with the Summer House in the middle-ground.

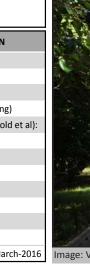




Image: View looking west up Japonica Walk from the bottom of the path.

MODERATE NOTABLE N/A Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Rarity Х Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х

Х

Social

SIGNIFICANCE

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Japonica Walk, semi-circular rose garden area and Summerhouse are of an exceptional degree of rarity and cultural significance as a designed, "set-piece" and formal garden landscape. The landscape is now neglected (or attended to in an ad hoc way), with parts of it in a seriously degraded condition, and sections of it are fundamentally compromised by the siting of academic buildings along the northern edge, that set too far into the garden space and destroyed the symmetry of the composition. The preservation of this landscape as living heritage must be attended to with urgency.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

Section 27

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade II (Summerhouse)

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

PHS

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II

EXTERNAL SPACE 8.9

OTHER NAMES: N/A

OTTIER WINDS: N//				
ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
44201-0-2 8	108992	8.8	Middle	
CAMPUS AD	DRESS:			
Stanley Road, Rondebosch				
BUILDING NAME(S):				

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

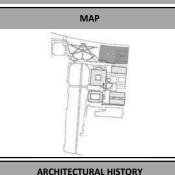
Green buffer zone between buildings and

spaces of Middle Campus and Rhodes' Drive.

The strip of planting abutting Rhodes' Drive is home to several extremely large and

established specimens of flowering gum and

pine trees.



ORIGINAL BUILDING

ARCHITECT:

USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Landscape and parking ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING:

significance.

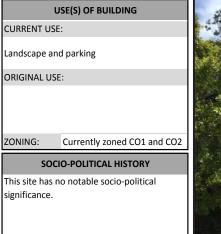


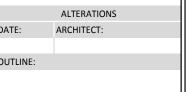


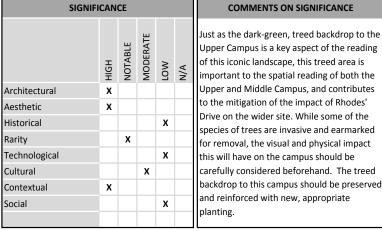
Image: View from the parking area looking towards the green buffer zone, with the M3 beyond.

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT: OUTLINE:

DATE:

OUTLINE:



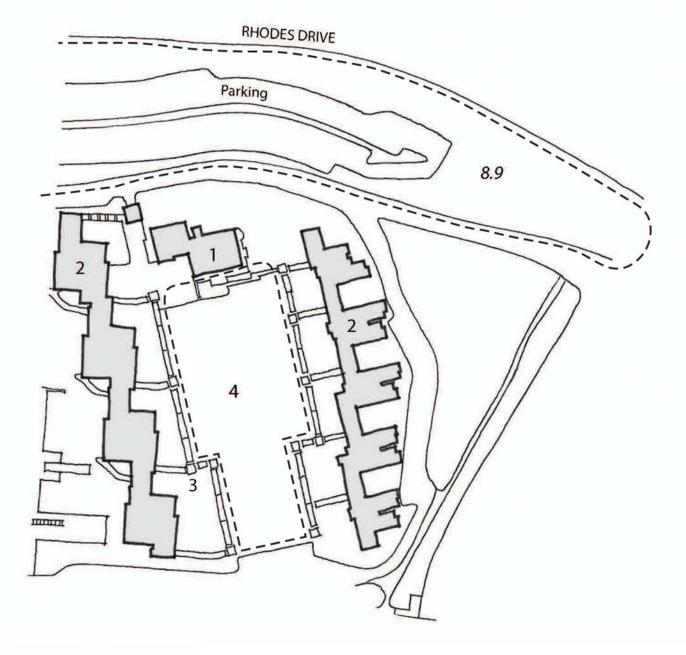


CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: None CoCT GRADE c.2000: Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Proposed Grade III site/Heritage Area ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: No grading assigned CURRENT CoCT GRADE: No grading assigned PROPOSED GRADING: Proposed Grade II/PHS site DATE: Jan-2016, revised March-2016

GRADING & PROTECTION



Image: View from the parking area looking towards the green buffer zone.





PRECINCT 9
RONDEBOSCH MIDDLE CAMPUS

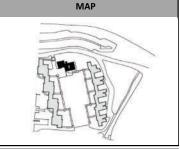
THE WOOLSACK

Woolsack Drive, Rondebosch

BUILDING NAME(S):

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
108992	08060	9.1	Middle	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

University Residence

ORIGINAL USE:

Residential, formerly Ministerial Residence

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This structure is in the Cape Dutch Revival style, and is closer to its prototypes than most of Baker's work in this style. The building is single-storey, and the plan is arranged around a central, open atrium (now enclosed). It has holbol-style gables and excellent woodwork, including copies of Cape Dutch casement windows, and doors. The house is sited along the historic cadastral lines of the Zorgvliet grant, and the greened forecourt to the building, complete with establised Japonica bushes, has been maintained (although its landscaping, as a single expanse of lawn, presumably departs from the original garden layout - see 9.4).

SIGNIFICANCE

MODERATE

LOW

NOTABLE

Х

Х

Х

х

Х

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 1900 Herbert Baker

OUTLINE:

The second house built on the the site, which Cecil Rhodes planned for the use of poets and artists whom he wanted to attract to the similar term 'wool monster', a sample of

ALTERATIONS			
DATE:	ARCHITECT:		
OUTLINE:			

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

When Eksteen, the owner of the historical landholdings of the farm Zorgyliet upon which this building is located, was building a house on this portion of Zorgvliet, he asked William Porter, who lived in nearby Cecil Road, what he was naming his home. The answer was "Wolmunster". Taking the wool, Eksteen was reported to have said "if your house is the sample, mine will be the sack from which it came" and the name Woolsack was born (Origins of Names of Buildings at the University of Cape Town, Mr M. Musemwa, 1993). Cecil Rhodes re-built the house when he purchased the farm, and Rudyard Kipling was a frequent guest there. Solomon died by suicide at the Woolsack.



Image: c1934 photograph of the Woolsack homestead (author unknown).



Image: View looking south-east towards the homestead.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This building is among the finest examples of the Cape Dutch Revival Style. It is substantially intact, and retains its green forecourt space, on axis with the house itself. The building is the work of the esteemed architect, Sir Herbert Baker. The house has been occupied by many artists and writers, chief among them Rudyard Kipling. The building and forecourt space are former National Monuments.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

Section 27

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I Building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

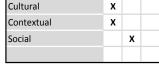
Proposed Grade II Building and Forecourt

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II Building and Forecourt

DATE: Jan-2016, revised March-2016



Architectural

Technological

Aesthetic

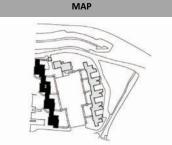
Historical

Rarity

WOOLSACK PAVILIONS

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS					
ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS:					
108992	08100	9.2	Middle		
CAMPUS ADDRESS:					
Middle Campus Access Road					
BUILDING NAME(S):					



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Self-catering university residence

ORIGINAL USE:

| -

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

These buildings are part of a collective, together with the Woolsack Courtyards, that was built around the historic Woolsack house in order to provide student accommodation. The pavilions extend from west to east and are arranged along the Woolsack axis, linked by an open pergola. Each pavilion is double storey, with single storey sections linking the different pavilion structures. The structures show the same buff-coloured brickwork and red-tiled roofs as the nearby, and contemporary, Kramer Building.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING
DATE: ARCHITECT:
1984/1985 John Williams

Julian Elliot of the University Planning Unit was involved in the design of these buildings.

ALTERATIONS

DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

These buildings have no notable sociopolitical significance.



Image: View of the southern elevation of the residence building as seen from Masingene.

SIGNIFICANCE COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE **GRADING & PROTECTION** CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: The materiality of the Woolsack Pavilions, MODERATE None NOTABLE although Modern, establishes a visual CoCT GRADE c.2000: correlation with the Walgate, Hawke & ΓOW Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) McKinlay structures on Upper Campus. However, the infringement of these CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al) Architectural Х structures on the historic Woolsack structure Х Noted as an intrusive building Aesthetic and its surrounds detracts from this heritage Х ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: Historical site, and therefore these structures have a Х No grading assigned Rarity negative impact on the heritage significance Technological Х CURRENT CoCT GRADE: of the Woolsack site and the campus as a Cultural Х whole. Their reinforcement of the Woolsack No grading assigned axis and orientation is problematic from a Contextual Х PROPOSED GRADING: campus-planning point of view. Their No heritage significance Social Х removal would be encouraged. DATE: Jan-2016, revised March-2016



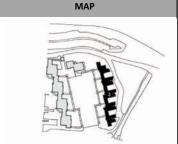
Image: View of the facebrick detail integral to the architectural expression of the residence.

WOOLSACK COURTYARDS

OTHER NAMES: N/A

BUILDING NAME(S):

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
108992	08110	9.3	Middle	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Middle Campus Access Road				



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

These buildings are part of a collective, together with the Woolsack Pavilions, that was built around the historic Woolsack house in order to provide student accommodation. The courtyards extend from west to east and are arranged along the Woolsack axis, linked by an open pergola. Each U-shaped unit is double storey, with single storey sections linking the different structures. The structures show the same buff-coloured brickwork and red-tiled roofs as the nearby, and contemporary, Kramer Building.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 1984/1985 John Williams OUTLINE:

Julian Elliot of the University Planning Unit

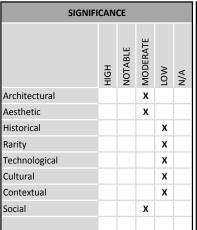
SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

These buildings have no notable sociopolitical significance.



Image: View of the pergola walkways along the east-west axis of the site.

was involved in the design of these buildings. **ALTERATIONS** DATE: ARCHITECT: OUTLINE:



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The materiality of the Woolsack Courtyards, although Modern, establishes a visual correlation with the Walgate, Hawke & McKinlay structures on Upper Campus. However, the infringement of these structures on the historic Woolsack structure and its surrounds detracts from this heritage site, and therefore these structures have a negative impact on the heritage significance of the Woolsack site and the campus as a whole. Their reinforcement of the Woolsack axis and orientation is problematic from a campus-planning point of view. Their removal would be encouraged.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Noted as an intrusive building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance



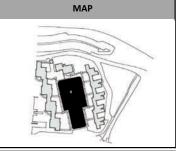
Image: View of the pergola walkways and courtyard buildings beyond.

WOOLSACK GARDEN

OTHER NAMES: N/A

BUILDING NAME(S):

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
108992	N/A	9.4	Middle	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Woolsack	Drive. Ronde	ebosch		



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Forecourt to the Woolsack

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The historic Woolsack house is sited along the historic cadastral lines of the Zorgvliet grant, and the greened forecourt to the building, complete with establised Japonica bushes, has been maintained, although its landscaping, as a single expanse of lawn, presumably departs from the original garden layout - see the historic photography of the site indicating oak trees and other garden plantings. In the period from around 1920 to 1970, when the house was used as a Ministerial Residence, the garden was planted with vineyards, that were regularly raided by the students.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: Unknown OUTLINE:

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

When Eksteen, the owner of the historical landholdings of the farm Zorgyliet upon which this building is located, was building a house on this portion of Zorgvliet, he asked William Porter, who lived in nearby Cecil Road, what he was naming his home. The answer was "Wolmunster". Taking the similar term 'wool monster', a sample of wool, Eksteen was reported to have said "if your house is the sample, mine will be the sack from which it came" and the name Woolsack was born (Origins of Names of Buildings at the University of Cape Town, Mr M. Musemwa, 1993). Cecil Rhodes re-built the house when he purchased the farm, and Rudyard Kipling was a frequent guest there. Solomon died by suicide at the Woolsack.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW х Architectural Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural х Contextual х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This building is among the finest examples of Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) the Cape Dutch Revival Style. It is substantially intact, and retains its green forecourt space, on axis with the house itself This space is important to the siting and interpretation of the wider heritage site. The building and forecourt space are former National Monuments.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

Section 27

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade II

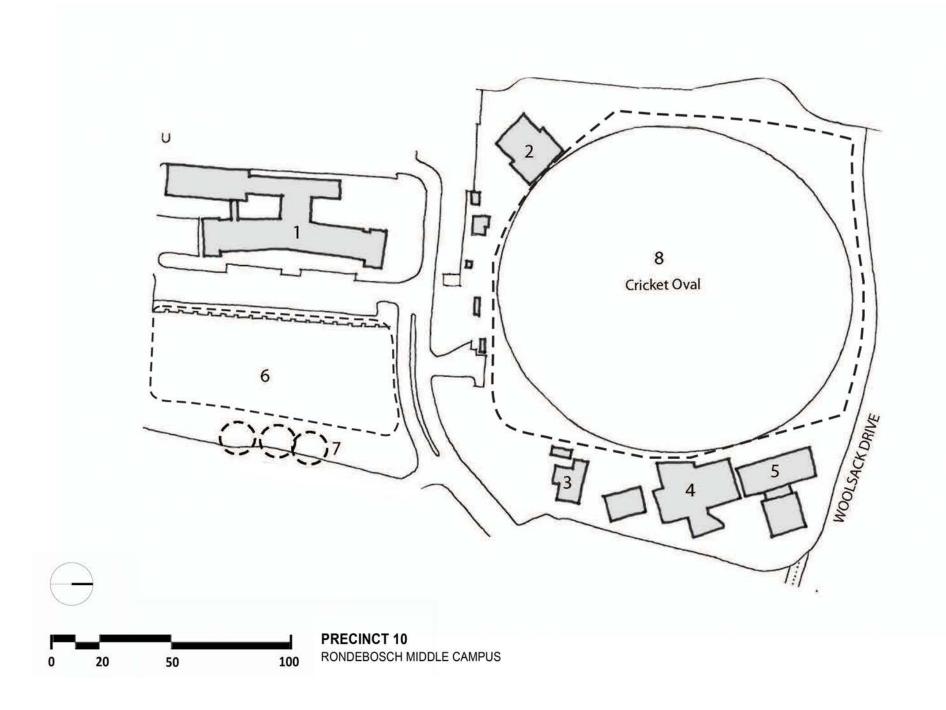
CURRENT COCT GRADE:

Portion around house is PHS

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II/PHS





BREMNER BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
44201-0-2	08010	10.1	Middle	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Bremner Access Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				

MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:
Administrative

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

A linear, double storey building with slightly curved plan, centralised projecting entrance porico supported by columns, small-paned casement windows with plaster banding all round. The building has a slate-tiled roof, which instead of following the curve, was simply "kinked" and reduces the overall effect of the composition. The Bremner Building is the only structure alongside Jarponica Walk that does not encroach into the designed parkland area.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:
1961 Brian Mansergh
OUTLINE:

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

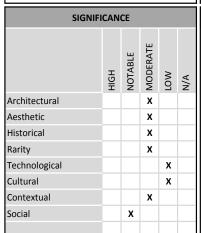
OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named in memory of Mary Frances Bremner, a teacher from Scotland, in 1963. Bremner left her estate to the University, which funded travel allowances for study and research. Naming a building after her was in honour of this beguest. Construction of the Bremner Building began in 1958 and the building was opened on 20th December 1963. By virtue of its role as the administration building of the university, Bremner has been the site of student protest: in August 1968, UCT students, with the support of many staff, held an antiapartheid sit-in for 9 days, taking over the Bremner Building. In 2015, Students again occupied the Bremner Building as part of the "Fees Must Fall" campaign.



Image: View of the east-facing, primary facade and entrance to the building.



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

Although this building has socio-political significance as a site of student protest, this is by virtue of its function rather than its architecture or location. Therefore, the associated significance is intangible and the replacement of the structure would not undermined it. The building is incongruous within the campus environment. Typologically it departs from the prevailing architectural/urban scheme, and it therefore represents a significant development opportunity as its replacement could both densify the accommodation provided and better respond to the campus context.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)
CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):
No grading assigned, not in heritage area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance.





Image: View of the back of the building (L); Entrance embellishment (R).

CRICKET PAVILION

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44217-0-2	08030	10.2	Middle
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Bremner Access Road			
BUILDING NAME(S):			

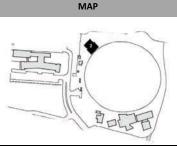
BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Simple, face brick, rectangular structure with double-pitched roof and upper level balcony.

The pavilion includes stands for spectators.

There are some trees of stature surrounding

the pavilion.



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Recreational ORIGINAL USE:

	7			
ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY				
	ORIGINAL BUILDING			
DATE:	ARCHITECT:			
	Unknown			
OUTLINE:				

DATE:

OUTLINE:

ALTERATIONS	
ALTERATIONS	
ARCHITECT:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

ZONING:

Currenlty zoned CO2

This building has limited socio-political history and significance.



Image: View from the cricket oval towards the primary, north-eastern facade of the pavilion & stand.

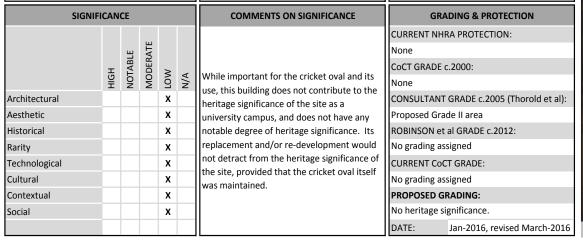


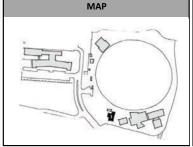


Image: View of the south-east facade of the building as seen from the approach from Bremner Access Road.

UPALONG BALLET WARDROBE

OTHER NAMES: STAFF HOUSE

ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44217-0-2	02050	10.3	Middle
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Lovers Walk			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Ballet wardrobe

ORIGINAL USE:

Groundsman's house

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Single storey residence with raised stoep at plinth level, with layering of later alterations/additions. Steel columned front stoep and projecting bay window. Brick walls, plastered and painted, with tiled roof and clay chimney pots. Timber eaves and barge board with reeding. Some original windows and doors, timber floors. Modern additions include ceilings, burglar bars, steel windows, cement floors.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: c1900 Unknown OUTLINE:

Likely late Victorian structure.

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY Upalong used to be the house of the

groundsman on Middle Campus. When the groundsman retired, he was asked what he would like to call the building to which he replied "up long" and the name Upalong

(https://www.uct.ac.za/downloads/uct.ac.za /about/introducing/history/building_name_r egister_090913.pdf).



Image: View of the primary, south facing entrance of the structure.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE ΓOW Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Historical Х Х Rarity Х Technological Cultural Х Contextual Х

Х

Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The building is much altered and has heritage significance primarily in relation to its age, as None well as in the remaining original materials concentrated within the older portion of the structure. However, when considered in the context of the campus environment as a whole, the building is isolated and incongruous. It does not contribute to the heritage significance of the site as a university campus.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance within the campus.

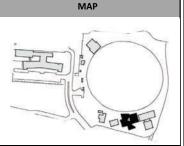


Image: View of the back of the house.

BALLET CLASSROOMS

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44217-0-2	02060	10.4	Middle
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Lovers Walk			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: School of Ballet ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION This building is part of a pairing of buildings designed by Revel Fox in 1964 - the other being the adjacent Ballet School Building (see 10.5). The Ballet School and Classroom Building are among the most notable Modernist structures on the UCT campus. They are unique buildings, carefully crafted to serve their specific purpose, and their tectonic of "[p]ristine, spare, exposed concrete frames, painted fairbrick panels, clearly defined glass areas and neo-mansard (copper-clad) roof are rational, imaginative and extremely elegant" (Greig, 1971, 216).

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 1964 Revel Fox & Partners OUTLINE:

	ALTERATIONS	
	ALTERATIONS	
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	
OUTLINE:		

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building has a degree of socio-political history. Founded in 1934 by Dr Dulcie Howes, the University of Cape Town Ballet School was the first school of its kind to be attached to a university (http://www.dance.uct.ac.za/dnc/about/hist ory#sthash.d2occ2oW.dpuf). The School has a history of training some of the most talented dancers and choreographers in the country, while during the height of apartheid, famous students included Christopher Kindo, Robert Philander, Nigel Lucas and many other students of colour (http://www.humanities.uct.ac.za/news/uctschool-dance-80years#sthash.OmUh0Jqq.dpuf).

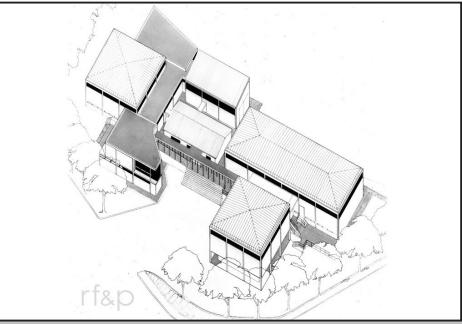


Image: Axonometric of the whole school by the architects-the classrooms are on the right (revelfox.co.za).



SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Х Architectural Х Aesthetic Historical Х х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Ballet School and Ballet Classroom Buildings, have significance in being amoung the most notable Modernist buildings realised on the Middle Campus, and the university campuses as a whole. Although they do not reinterpret the prevailing university building typology, the structures are notable for the way in which they have been carefully crafted to accommodate their function, and respond to a difficult site. The buildings are substantially intact, including their facades and internal public areas and spaces.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

None

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Proposed Grade II building, within a PHS

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIA with curtilage

BALLET SCHOOL

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44217-0-2	02110	10.5	Middle
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Lovers Walk			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

School of Ballet

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This building is part of a pairing of buildings designed by Revel Fox in 1964 - the other being the adjacent Ballet Classroom Building (see 10.4). The Ballet School and Classroom Building are among the most notable Modernist structures on the UCT campus. They are unique buildings, carefully crafted to serve their specific purpose, and their tectonic of "[p]ristine, spare, exposed concrete frames, painted fairbrick panels, clearly defined glass areas and neo-mansard (copper-clad) roof are rational, imaginative and extremely elegant" (Greig, 1971, 216).

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: 1964 Revel Fox & Partners OUTLINE:

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building has a degree of socio-political history. Founded in 1934 by Dr Dulcie Howes, the University of Cape Town Ballet School was the first school of its kind to be attached to a university (http://www.dance.uct.ac.za/dnc/about/hist ory#sthash.d2occ2oW.dpuf). The School has a history of training some of the most talented dancers and choreographers in the country, while during the height of apartheid, famous students included Christopher Kindo, Robert Philander, Nigel Lucas and many other students of colour (http://www.humanities.uct.ac.za/news/uctschool-dance-80-

years#sthash.OmUh0Jqq.dpuf).



Image: c1970 photograph by the architects of the primary entrance to the school (revelfox.co.za).

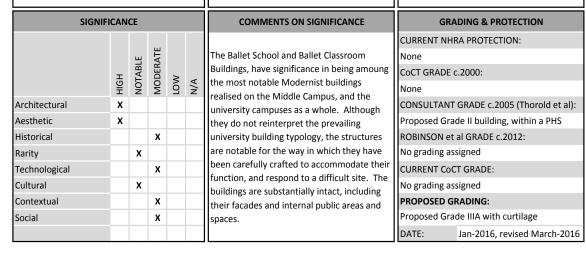


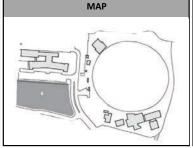


Image: View looking towards the north-west elevation of the school.

LOVERS WALK ARBORETUM

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201-0-2	N/A	10.6	Middle
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Lovers Walk, Rondebosch			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



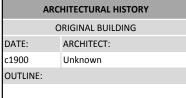
USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Forested green space

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION There are many mature trees within this forested area, as well as botanical specimens of some age, that are of significance as artefacts.



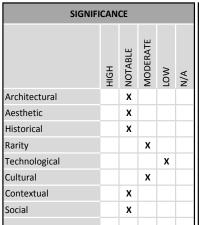
The site has a high degree of socio-political significance, initially forming part of the Rustenburg farm, and later as part of Rhodes' land-holdings on which he commissioned the development of a consciously-designed parkland. The Banksia hydrangas are of botanical significance, as their variety is rarely found in use today (ref. report at UCT planning).

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY



Image: The arboretum as seen from Lovers Walk

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT: OUTLINE:



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This green, forested area is a remnant of the earlier parkland that defined the site, before the university took ownership of it. It provides visual and contextual relief within the campus environment, and a good transition zone between the university buildings and the nearby suburban houses. It continues the "green edge and link" to the campus, created by Japonica Walk. The preservation of this landscape as living heritage must be attended to with urgency.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIA



Image: Arboretum as seen from the bottom of Stanley Road.

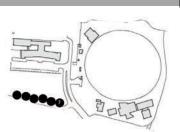
LOVERS WALK TREE AVENUE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44201-0-2		10.7	Middle
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Lovers Walk, Rondebosch			
BUILDING NAME(S):			

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Avenue of established Plane trees, that almost enclose Cecil Road in a canopy of green.



MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Avenue of trees ORIGINAL USE:

GRADING & PROTECTION

	1	ZONING:
ARC	soc	
ORIGINAL BUILDING		These trees h
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	significance.
Unknown	Unknown	
OUTLINE:		

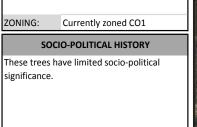
ALTERATIONS

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

ARCHITECT:

DATE:

OUTLINE:





SIGNIFICANCE								
HIGH	NOTABLE	MODERATE	row	N/A				
	Х							
	Х							
			Х					
		Х						
			Х					
		Х						
	Х							
		Х						
		x NOTABLE	X HIGH X NOTABLE MODERATE	X HIGH X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X X				

Ш		CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:		
l		None		
l	This avenue of trees is part of the green	CoCT GRADE c.2000: Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Proposed Grade II ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: No grading assigned		
l	space in front of the Bremner Building. It provides visual and contextual relief within			
l	the campus environment, and creates a			
	dramatic gateway zone between the			
	university campus and the nearby suburban			
	houses. It continues the "green edge and			
	link" to the campus, created by Japonica	CURRENT CoCT GRADE:		
	Walk. The preservation of this landscape as living heritage must be attended to with	No grading assigned		
l	urgency.	PROPOSED GRADING:		
	- 0,	Proposed Grade IIIA		
		DATE:	Ian 2016 rayisad March 2016	



CRICKET OVAL

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS							
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:				
108992		10.8	Middle				
CAMPUS ADDRESS:							
Woolsack Drive, Rondebosch							
BUILDING NAME(S):							



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

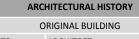
Cricket Oval and Running Track

ORIGINAL USE:

Currently zoned CO2 ZONING:

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

An open expanse of ground, treed along the southern edge, and providing spectacular views to the east.



DATE: ARCHITECT: c1925

OUTLINE:

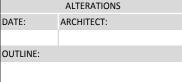
	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The cricket oval has been a feature of the Middle Campus site since the 1920s. It is credited with social and recreational value on the Middle Campus.



Image: View looking east over the cricket oval.



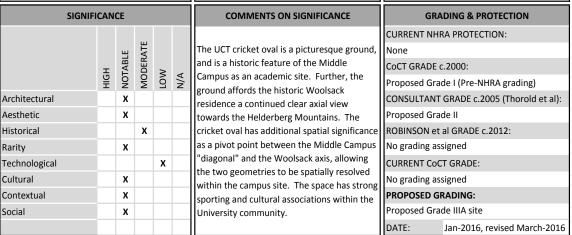
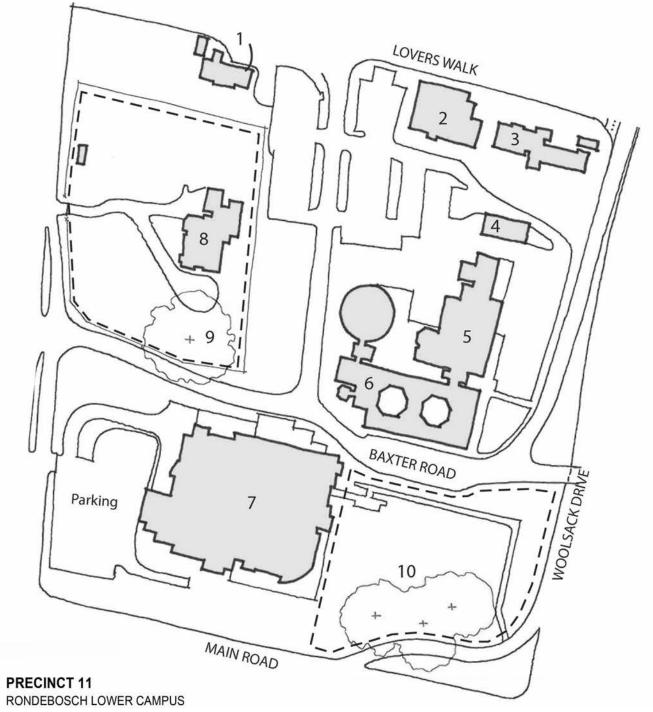
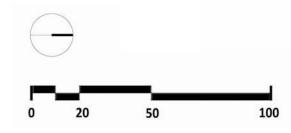




Image: View looking east over the cricket oval.

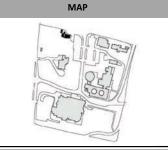




THE COTTAGE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS							
ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS:							
103239-RE 02020 11.1 Lower: Rnd							
CAMPUS ADDRESS:							
Lovers Walk, Rondebosch							
BUILDING N	AME(S):						



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: DISCHO

ORIGINAL USE:

Presumed originally outbuildings and stables to Glenara.

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION Simple rectangular block with pitched roof. Various make-shift alterations and additions in the intervening years.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: c1880s Unknown OUTLINE: Presumed 1882 by Adolphus Ackerman; very much and iteratively altered & extended. **ALTERATIONS**

DATE: ARCHITECT: 1925 Walgate/ Hawke McKinley OUTLINE:

Radical alterations.

DATE: ARCHITECT: 1960's Thornton White

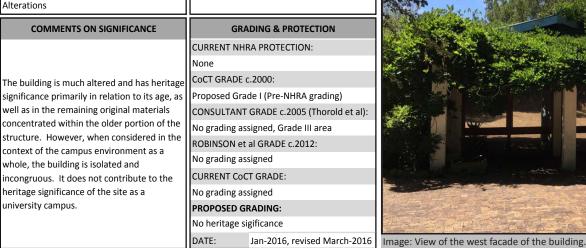
OUTLINE: Alterations

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building has limited socio-political significance.



Image: View of the building from Lovers Walk.





SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Historical Х Rarity Technological Cultural university campus. Contextual Х Social Х

OLD ADMIN BUILDING

BUILDING NAME(S):

OTHER NAMES: OLD PRACTICAL BLOCK

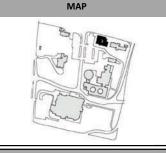
ADDRESS								
ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS:								
103239-RE	02230	11.2	Lower: Rndb					
CAMPUS ADDRESS:								
Lovers Walk, Rondebosch								

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

A compact rectangular, double-storey building

with pitched Marseilles tiled roof, quoined

corners and typical 1920's plaster mouldings.



ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

UCT Dept. Communication & Development

EARLIER/ ORIGINAL USE:

Original: Strubenholm Stables (1889-1920's)

UCT Admin Building (1927-1965)

Music Practising Block (1965-1974)

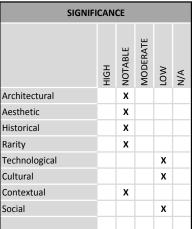
Physical Planning Unit (1975-late 1990's)

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

UNIVERSITY OF CAPE TOWN



Image: 1927 plan by Walgate, Hawke & McKinley (L); Main pedestrian entrance on the eastern facade (R).



ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 1889 James Brookes OUTLINE: Stables to Strubenholm **ALTERATIONS** DATE: ARCHITECT: 1927 Walgate/ Hawke McKinley OUTLINE: Radically transformed - only the platform was retained. DATE: ARCHITECT: 1965 Thornton White OUTLINE: Alterations

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY This building used to house the administration department of UCT, and was the first purpose-built university structure on the Rondebosch campus.

GRADING & PROTECTION

		CURRENT NHI	RA PROTECTION:	
		None		
		CoCT GRADE	c.2000:	
N/A	purpose-built university structure on the Rondebosch campus. It is the work of	Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)		
		CONSULTANT	GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):	
		Proposed Grade IIIA Building		
	campus architects of the early 20th Century,	ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:		
	and this lends it further architectural and associational significance. The single storey	Proposed Grade III Building		
		CURRENT CoCT GRADE:		
	modern addition to the north of the historic building should be removed.	No grading assigned		
	building should be removed.	PROPOSED GRADING:		
		Grade IIIA with curtilage		
		DATE:	Jan-2016, revised March-2016	



Image: View looking towards the southern facade from Lovers Walk.

RESEARCH & INNOVATION HOUSE

OTHER NAMES: OLD STAFF COTTAGES

ADDRESS								
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:					
103239-RE 02080 11.3 Lower: Rno								
CAMPUS ADDRESS:								
Lovers Walk	. Rondebos	ch						

BUILDING NAME(S):



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Univ. Ombudsman, Administration, School of

ORIGINAL USE:

Staff homes (six semi-detached homes designed: only three constructed & one was demolished to make way for Woolsack Dr.)

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

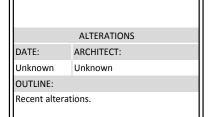
BUILDING DESCRIPTION Bagged and painted fair-face brickwork, double-storey buildings with double pitched roofs.



SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY
These buildings have no socio-political
significance.



Image: View of the primary entrance.



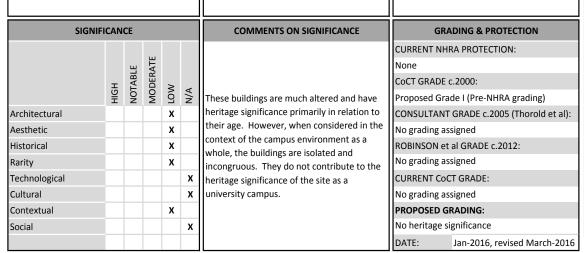




Image: A view of a portion of the west facade as seen from Lovers Walk.

C SHARP COTTAGE

BUILDING NAME(S):

OTHER NAMES: OLD PRACTICAL BLOCK

ADDRESS								
ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS:								
103239-RE 02220 11.4 Lower: Rndb								
CAMPUS ADDRESS:								
Lovers Walk, Rondebosch								



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE: Practising block for the Music College

Urban Problems Research Unit (UPRU)

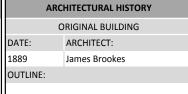
ORIGINAL USE:

EARLIER USE:

Outbuilding to Strubenhold for staff & services

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

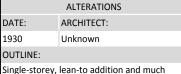
BUILDING DESCRIPTION Outbuilding to Strubenholm (Thorold et al, 2005). The building's architecture, although far more modest, matches the main house but is much simplified and with little embellishment. Of note is the chimney.



SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building has limited socio-political significance in-and-of itself, but is subsiduary to the main Strubenholm house. Its social history prior to UCT's ownership is related to this use.





Single-storey, lean-to addition and much altered to serve as offices. More recently rennovated by Thorold Architects (c2013).

SIGNIFICANCE					COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE	GRADING & PROTECTION	
							CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:
		щ	ATE			This building's significance is primarily related to its function as an outbuilding of Strubenholm, and it gives context to this more significant heritage site.	None
	I	NOTABLE	MODERATE	>	_		CoCT GRADE c.2000:
	HIGH	NO.	δ	LOW	N/A		Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)
Architectural			X				CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):
Aesthetic			X				Proposed Grade IIIB
Historical			Х				ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:
Rarity			Х				Proposed Grade II
Technological					Х		CURRENT CoCT GRADE:
Cultural				Х			No grading assigned
Contextual			Х				PROPOSED GRADING:
Social				Х			Proposed Grade IIIC

DATE:





Jan-2016, revised March-2016 Image: (L) 1930 photograph with the cottage seen on the right (Thorold et al, 2005: 45); (R) West facade.

STRUBENHOLM / STRUBENHEIM

OTHER NAMES: COLLEGE OF MUSIC

ADDRESS ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS:

103239-RE 02210 11.5 Lower: Rndb

CAMPUS ADDRESS:
Baxter Rd, Rondebosch
BUILDING NAME(S):



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

School of Music

ORIGINAL USE:

Residence

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Very late large Victorian double-storey villa, originally with delicate verandah, steep roof and battlemented tower. At the time of purchase by UCT (1924) the house was said to have had 28 rooms (Thorold et al, 2005). It stil retains many of its original interior fittings, although some spaces have sadly been stripped out to create office and teaching areas. The entrance lobby, stairway and numerous fireplaces are particularly notable. The Jack Barnett addition opened in 1973, and can be seen to be a brutal imposition on the delicate architecture of this building. Barnett was also responsible for the stripping out of the Victorian veranda facing onto Woolsack Drive, and its replacement with a series of Doric columns.

SIGNIFICANCE

Architectural

Aesthetic

MODERATE

LOW

NOTABLE

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1889 James Brookes

OUTLINE:

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT:

1927 Walgate/ Hawke McKinley

OUTLINE:

Alteration to accommodation in order to house the College of Music.

DATE: ARCHITECT: 1973 Jack Barnett

OUTLINE:

Additions & replacement of Victorian verandah with grander, taller doric columns.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Purchased by UCT in 1924 with the intension to use it for administrative purposes. Used as the College of Music from 1925 (Phillips, 1993:152-154). The building was constructed as a grand house, and its social history prior to UCT's ownership is related to this use.



Image: c1915 photograph looking west toward Strubenholm - CA AG 3394 (Thorold et al, 2005: 43).



Image: View of the north facade of the building.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This building's unusual, intact and fine architectural detailing is rare and conservation-worthy. The established trees in the front garden contribute to the streetscape along Woolsack Drive. The building has strong associations with the early establishment of the university in Rondebosch. It is one of the instances where the early pattern of settlement of this cultural landscape successfully dove-tails with its academic use.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade II

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II/PHS with curtilage

DATE: Jan-2016, revised March-2016

 Historical
 X

 Rarity
 X

 Technological
 X

 Cultural
 X

 Contextual
 X

 Social
 X

Х

Х

103

NEW COLLEGE OF MUSIC & LIBRARY

OTHER NAMES: COLLEGE OF MUSIC

ADDRESS ERF#: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS: 103239-RE 02240 11.6 Lower: Rndb

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

Lovers Walk, Rondebosch

BUILDING NAME(S):



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

College of Music, teaching & practice rooms and library.

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Community Zone 2 (regional)

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

A horizontal block of 3 levels with a circular library area at right angles, the building displays the same rugged, corbelled use of facebrick as the Baxter Theatre. It is sited directly in front of main eastern façade of Strubenholm. Its architectural expression continues that of the Baxter Theatre, although in a more pedestrian way. The building severs the historic visual relationship between Strubenholm and the Main Road.

SIGNIFICANCE

Architectural

Technological

Aesthetic

Historical

Rarity

Cultural

Social

Contextual

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

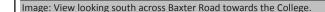
DATE: ARCHITECT: 1973 Jack Barnett, Leslie Broer

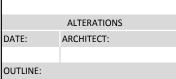
OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

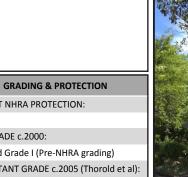
Strubenholm was proposed for demolition by Barnett in 1968 (along with Glenara) when he was undertaking planning for Baxter Theatre. This suggestion was as per his proposal to combine the theatre and music school projects.











ΓOW N/A Х Х Х

MODERATE

Х

Х

Х

Х

NOTABLE

Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The building departs from the prevailing architectural and urban typology of the campus. Its walled response to the street edge on all sides and its "fortress-like" architectural style results in its contribution to the campus being damaging/intrusive. Its encroachment on the historic Strubenholm structure is particularly insensitive. Despite its connection to the Baxter Theatre, the building has no heritage significance and represents a significant development opportunity, as replacement could both densify the accommodation provided and better respond to the context.

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

No grading assigned, Grade III area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: No grading assigned

CURRENT COCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance

DATE:



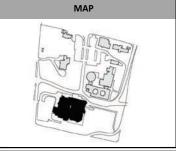
Jan-2016, revised March-2016 Image: View looking west towards the Music Library.

BAXTER THEATRE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS								
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:					
103239-RE 02660 11.7 Lower: Rndb								
CAMPUS ADDRESS:								

Baxter Rd (& frontage on Main), Rondebosch BUILDING NAME(S):



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Theatre

ORIGINAL USE:

Theatre

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

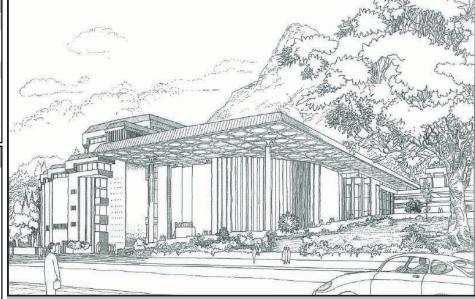


Image: 1976 perspective drawing looking south-west by architect Jack Barnett (Thorold et al, 2005: 54)

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Opened in 1977 (Barnett in Lennox-Short/Welsh, 1979).

A rugged, monumentally scaled, richly detailed building constructed of buff-coloured facebrick. The brickwork is corbelled, castellated/battlemented and carefully articulated throughout the structure. The floating great roof is iconic, and lit by "orange umbrellas" set into the black-painted structure. The gradient of the site is masterfully handled within the expansive multi-volume foyer, which has an elegant staircase and opens grandly to north foyer (Thorold et al, 2005).

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT:

1977 Jack Barnett, Leslie Broer
OUTLINE:

SAIA Award of Merit, 1979.

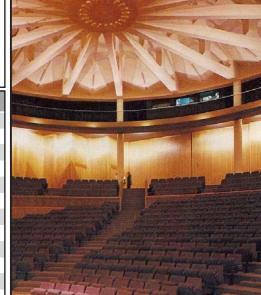
ALTERATIONS

DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after William Duncan Baxter, who upon his death in 1960, left the university a legacy of more than R500 000 with the express wish that this be used to build a theatre to promote the arts in Cape Town. At the age of 89, Baxter marched with Chancellor Centlivres and Prof R.W. James in the university's protest march against the principle of academic segregation. Even through the difficult years of racial segregation, UCT remained true to Baxter's vision and the theatre's doors remained open to everyone and it thrived, drawing on local talent and creating a uniquely South African theatre tradition.





SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Baxter Theatre has an exceptional degree of architectural significance, as well as cultural and socio-political significance as a performance venue that was not segregated during the apartheid years.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):
Proposed Grade II Building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No current grading

Proposed Grade II

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II/PHS with curtilage

Image: 1979 photograph of the concert hall (L); View from the north-west entrance into the foyer (R).

GLENARA

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS					
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:		
103239-RE	02030	11.8	Lower: Rndb		
CAMPUS A	DDRESS:				
Lovers Walk	, Rondebos	ch			
BUILDING N	IAME(S):				

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

One of the finest Grand Victorian, neo-Gothic,

building now serves as the principle residence

of the Vice-Chancellor of the university. It has

twin double-storey projecting bays topped by

woodwork. The entrance is between these

fittings and fixtures, although the verandah

the 1950s.

Contextual

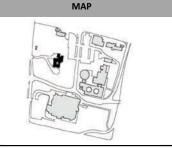
Social

and much of its cast iron-work was removed i

bays. The building retains many of its original

double-storey villas in Cape Town, this

steep, pointed gables of fine decorative



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Home of Principal EARLIER USE: ORIGINAL USE: Grand Villa

Currently zoned CO2

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 1882/83 Adolphus Ackerman OUTLINE: Designed for Vincent; owned by Trill c1898. **ALTERATIONS** DATE: ARCHITECT: 1901 Unknown OUTLINE: Addition of a studio. DATE: ARCHITECT: 1996 Trudi Groenewald

OUTLINE:

Balcony reconstructed.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY Glenara was purchased and renovated by UCT in 1924 and occupied by the Principal from 1925 (Phillips, 1993: 153). Barnett proposed it be demolished in 1968. The house is reputed to be where Rhodes first met Herbert Baker - then a fledgling architect.

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade II

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

PROPOSED GRADING: Proposed Grade II/PHS

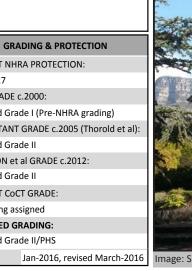
No grading assigned

DATE:

ZONING:



Image: c1915 image, looking west, of the primary facade of Glenara - CA AG3392 (Thorold et al, 2005: 69).









Jan-2016, revised March-2016 Image: Similar view of the primary facade of Glenara (R); View of the restored balcony (L).

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Х Architectural Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Х Cultural

Х

Х

Section 27 CoCT GRADE c.2000: This building's unusual, intact and fine Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) architectural detailing is rare and CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al)

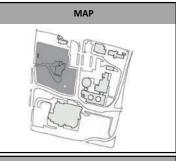
conservation-worthy. The building has strong associations with the early establishment of the University in Rondebosch. It is one of the instances where Proposed Grade II the early pattern of settlement of this cultural landscape successfully dove-tails with its academic use.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

GLENARA GARDEN

OTHER NAMES: N/A

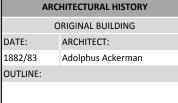
ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
103239-RE	N/A	11.9	Middle	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Woolsack Drive, Rondebosch				
BUILDING NAME(S):				

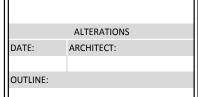


USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Garden ORIGINAL USE: Garden

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION A well-maintained garden area, with several mature and signficant species of trees. Of particular note is a fine and very old Lebanon Cedar tree to the north-eastern corner of the garden.





SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Glenara was purchased and renovated by UCT in 1924 and occupied by the Principal from 1925 (Phillips, 1993: 153). Barnett proposed it be demolished in 1968.



Image: Giant, mature Lebanon Cedar tree with bench below, which may give a sense of the tree's size.

SIGNIFI	SIGNIFICANCE			COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE		
Architectural Aesthetic Historical Rarity Technological Cultural Contextual	X X X	X NOTABLE	MODERATE	POW	X/N	The garden contributes to the setting of the historic house, and affords it commanding views to the east. It provides visual and contextual relief within the Middle Campulenvironment, and a good transition zone between the university buildings and the VC's residence. It continues the "green ed and link" to the campus, continued further up the hill by Japonica Walk. The preservation of this landscape as living heritage must be attended to with urgence
Social			Х			

The garden contributes to the setting of t historic house, and affords it commanding views to the east. It provides visual and contextual relief within the Middle Camp environment, and a good transition zone between the university buildings and the VC's residence. It continues the "green e and link" to the campus, continued furthe up the hill by Japonica Walk. The

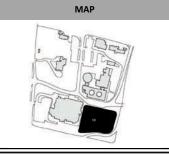
	CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:		
	Section 27		
the	CoCT GRADE c.2000:		
ng	Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)		
ous	CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):		
9	Proposed Grade II		
e	ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:		
edge	Proposed Grade II		
ner	CURRENT CoCT GRADE:		
	No grading assigned		
ncy.	PROPOSED GRADING:		
<i>'</i>	Proposed Grade II/PHS		
	DATE: Jan-2016, revised March-2016		

GRADING & PROTECTION

EXTERNAL SPACE 11.10

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
103239-RE	N/A	11.10	Middle	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Woolsack D	rive, Rondel	oosch		
BUILDING N	AME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Garden space

ORIGINAL USE:

Garden space

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

An open, green, garden area to the north of the Baxter Theatre, this space is edged by several extremely well-established trees, that contribute to the character of this part of the Main Road. However, between these trees and the Baxter building there is a disused expanse of lawn that neither contributes to the theatre, nor to the surrounds. Of particular note are two enormous and mature Ficus trees, located alongside the slipway between the Main Road and Woolsack Drive.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: c1977 Jack Barnett OUTLINE:

ALTERATIONS ARCHITECT:

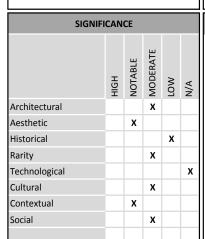
OUTLINE:

DATE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This space has no notable socio-political significance.





COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

Elements of this space contribute to the character of the environs and should be retained - for instance the established trees. Further, the importance of a green, landscaped curtilage to the Baxter Theatre makes this garden of some significance, and portions of it are included in the proposed PHS site. The space could incorporate change, as long as its predominant green and No grading assigned landscaped character is retained.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al)

Proposed Grade II

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT COCT GRADE:

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIC





Image: Mature variety of Fig Tree in the green space (R); View from the green space towards the Baxter (R).

0 20

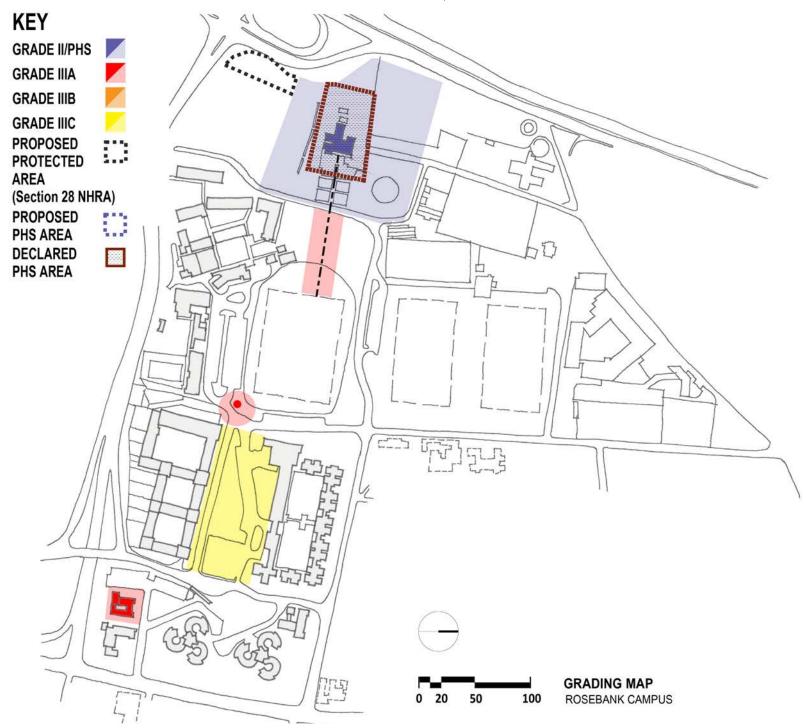
50

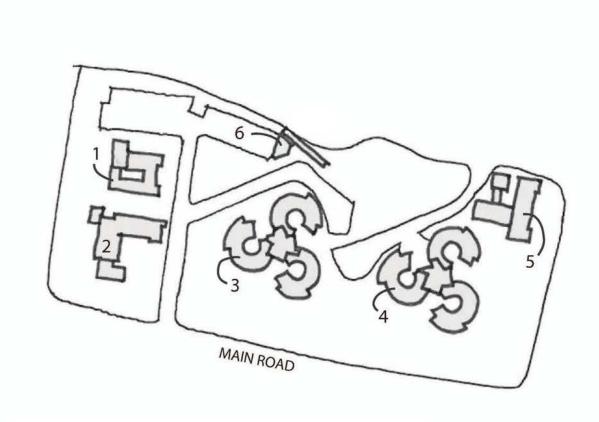
100

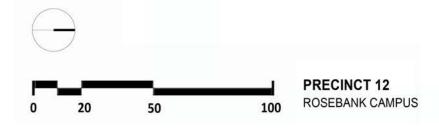
PRECINCT MAP

ROSEBANK CAMPUS

January 2016, Rev. April 2016



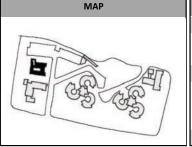




BURNAGE

OTHER NAMES: CAMPUS CONTROL

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
Unknown	02540	12.1	Rosebank	
CAMPUS AI	DDRESS:			
Woolsack R	oad			
BUILDING N	NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

University Administration

ORIGINAL USE:

Outhouse to Strubenholm

ZONING: Unknown

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

A single story house with flanking stoepkamers and a bay window between, and under double pitched tiled roof with gable ends, is quoined and raised on a low stonework plinth.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: 1895 Herbert Baker

ALTERATIONS	
ARCHITECT:	

OUTLINE:

DATE:

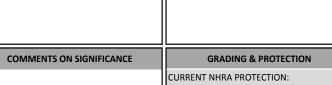
OUTLINE:

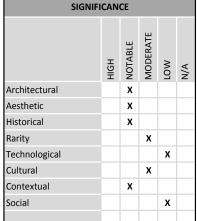
SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

One of the Campus Control offices. Burnage was the original name of the farm/outhouse before it became university property. It was the last of the numerous "spec houses" designed by Baker for Harry Struben, and was located "at the bottom of his garden" at the time of its construction.



Image: View of the house taken from the north-west.





This building represents one of the last remaining historic houses on the Rosebank campus. Further, it is the work of the esteemed architect Herbert Baker (although fairly modest and not in the Cape Dutch Revival style). The house also has associations with Strubenholm, which is also within the university's landholdings.

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

None

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade IIIA Building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Grade III Building

CURRENT COCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

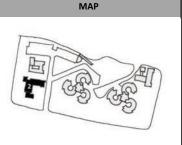
PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIA with curtilage



Image: View of the house taken from the north-east.

EXAIR				
ОТНІ	ER NAMES:	N/A		
	ADD	RESS		
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
Unknown	02730	12.2	Rosebank	15
CAMPUS A	DDRESS:			1
Baxter Roa	d			
BUILDING I	NAME(S):			2
	BUILDING D	ESCRIPTIO	ON	<i>I</i>
A mid-rise	BUILDING D			μ
		, with flat		DATE:
	block of flats	, with flat		
	block of flats	, with flat		DATE:
	block of flats	, with flat		DATE: Post WW2
	block of flats	, with flat		DATE: Post WW2
	block of flats	, with flat		DATE: Post WW2
	block of flats	, with flat		DATE: Post WW2
	block of flats	, with flat		DATE: Post WW2



ALTERATIONS

ARCHITECT:

DATE:

OUTLINE:

USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

ORIGINAL USE:

Residential

Residential

ZONING: Unknown

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: Post WW2 Unknown ARCHITECT: Unknown ARCHITECT: Unknown SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY This building has some notable socio-political history, as it occupies the former site of the Zorgvliet homestead - the historic werf wall can still be seen along the boundary to

history, as it occupies the former site of the Zorgvliet homestead - the historic werf wall can still be seen along the boundary to Woolsack Drive - and later the Lion Match factory. Further, the existing building was constructed to house returning exservicement, and in particular South African Airforce pilots, after WW2 - a fact that is recalled through its name: "Exair".



Image: View of the primary east-facing facade as seen from Main Road.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Х Architectural Aesthetic Х Historical Х Х Rarity Х Technological Cultural Х Contextual Х

Х

Social

This building and site have limited heritage significance. When considered in the context of the campus environment as a whole, the building is isolated and incongruous. It does not contribute to the heritage significance of the site as a university campus, and thus represents an opportunity for redevelopment.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

GRADING & PROTECTION CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

No grading assigned

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance

DATE: Jan-2016, revi

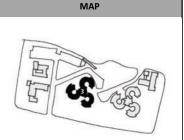


Jan-2016, revised March-2016 | Image: View of the primary pedestrian entrance and courtyard along Woolsack Road.

LEO MARQUARD HALL

OTHER NAMES: MARQUARD

ADDRESS						
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:			
Unknown	02680	12.3	Rosebank			
CAMPUS A	CAMPUS ADDRESS:					
Main Road	Rosebank					
BUILDING I	NAME(S):					



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Mens' Residence

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Unknown

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The design of Tugwell Hall (women's residence, 1972) and Leo Marguard Hall (men's residence, 1974) at UCT's Lower Campus, Rosebank consists of three semicircular wings, each wrapped around a court that is open at one side. The structures are 10 stories high and are articulted as "freestanding objects set within a (designed) landscape".

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: c1974 Prof. Strauss Brink OUTLINE:

ALTERATIONS

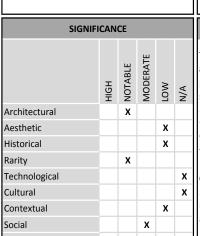
ARCHITECT:

DATE:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after Leo Marquard. He had strong political convictions. As an indirect founding member of the Liberal Party and the South African Institute of Race Relations, Marquard was part of the first wave of South Africans who opposed racial discrimination. He enlisted during WW2 and was awarded an MBE in 1945 for his services to the military education field. From the mid-1940s Marquard worked for the SABC but stepped down due to censorship. He worked for the BBC and used this as a platform for critiquing Malan's National Party. He sat on the UCT Council until 1974 and was president of the Institute of Race Relations for 1957, 1958 and 1969.



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

These buildings (Leo Marquard and Tugwell) are perhaps notable from an architectural point of view, due to the boldness of their style, much in line with the Modernist approach. They are extremely inappropriate within the campus setting, as they depart from the prevailing architectural and urban typology. Their architectural style results in its contribution to the campus being damaging/intrusive. They represent a significant development opportunity, as their No grading assigned replacement could both densify the accommodation provided and better respond to context.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Noted as an intrusive building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT COCT GRADE:

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance

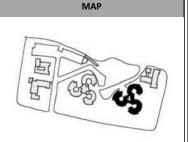


View across Main Road looking north towards the building.

TUGWELL HALL

OTHER NAMES: TUGWELL

ADDRESS					
BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:			
02670	12.4	Rosebank			
CAMPUS ADDRESS:					
Main Road, Rosebank					
AME(S):					
	BLDG #: 02670 DDRESS: Rosebank	BLDG #: MAP #: 02670 12.4 DRESS: Rosebank			



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Womens' Residence

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Unknown

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The design of Tugwell Hall (women's residence, 1972) and Leo Marquard Hall (men's residence, 1974) at UCT's Lower Campus, Rosebank consists of three semicircular wings, each wrapped around a court that is open at one side. The structures are 10 stories high and are articulted as "freestanding objects set within a (designed) landscape".

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: c1972 Strauss Brink OUTLINE:

ALTERATIONS	
ARCHITECT:	

OUTLINE:

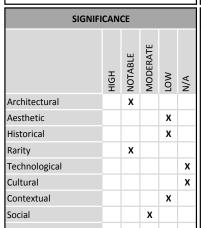
DATE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Opened in 1974, this building is named after the late Anna Maria Tugwell, South Africa College graduate and warden of the University's first women's residence at Groote Schuur. From 1928 to the end of 1934 she was Head of the New Women's Residence on the Groote Schuur Campus (later renamed Fuller Hall). This building has social significance for generations of women students at UCT who have lived here during the course of their studies.



Image: View looking south towards Tugwell with the Isaac Albow Building in the foreground.



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

These buildings (Leo Marquard and Tugwell) are perhaps notable from an architectural point of view, due to the boldness of their style, much in line with the Modernist approach. They are extremely inappropriate within the campus setting, as they depart from the prevailing architectural and urban typology. Their architectural style results in its contribution to the campus being damaging/intrusive. They represent a significant development opportunity, as their No grading assigned replacement could both densify the accommodation provided and better respond to context.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Noted as an intrusive building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT COCT GRADE:

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance

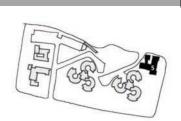


Image: View across Main Road looking south-west towards the building.

ISAAC ALBOW BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS					
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:		
Unknown	02550	12.5	Rosebank		
CAMPUS ADDRESS:					
Chapel Roa	d				
BUILDING I	NAME(S):				



MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

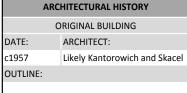
UCT Child Guidance Clinic

ORIGINAL USE:

Residential

ZONING: Unknown

BUILDING DESCRIPTION Red facebrick, double storey building with pitched roof. Similar in architectural articulation to nearby Baxter Hall.



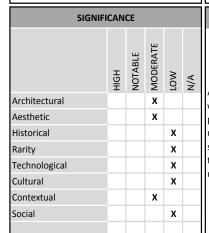
ALTERATIONS		
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	
OUTLINE:		

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after Isaac Albow in recognition of his donation which made it possible to make substantial extensions to the Clinic. Albow was a city councillor for 30 years, and in the terms of his will, UCT was given funds for the establishment of a chair of Rheumatology in 1968. In addition, the postgraduate Albow Scholarship was founded in 1972 in terms of this brother, Phillip's will. The scholarship was important in its time as it was open to students of all races (Origins of Names Buildings at the University of Cape Town, Mr M. Musemwa, 1993). The building has academic significance as a clinic and venue for research.

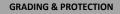


Image: View looking south across Chapel Road towards the building.



Although this building has visual continuity with the nearby Baxter Residence Hall, it is physically isolated and its lack of residential use mean that, apart from its use which is of social significance, it does not contribute to the heritage significance of the site as a university campus.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE



CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

None

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

No grading assigned, Grade III area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance

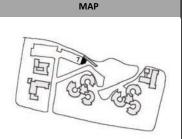


Image: View looking south-west across the parking area towards the entrance to the building.

ABLUTION BLOCK (TUGWELL & MARQUARD)

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
Unknown	02610	12.6	Rosebank	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Main Road, Rosebank				
BUILDING NAME(S):				

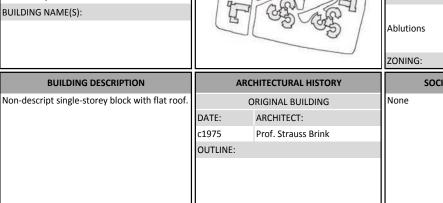


USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Ablutions & Office

ORIGINAL USE:

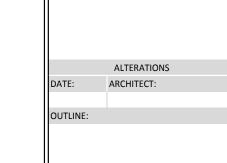
Unknown

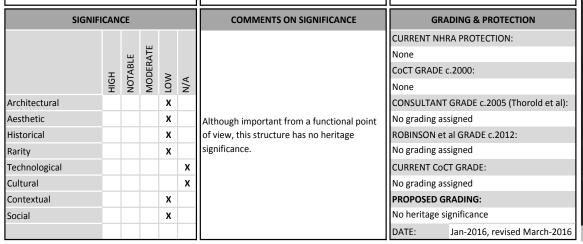


SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY



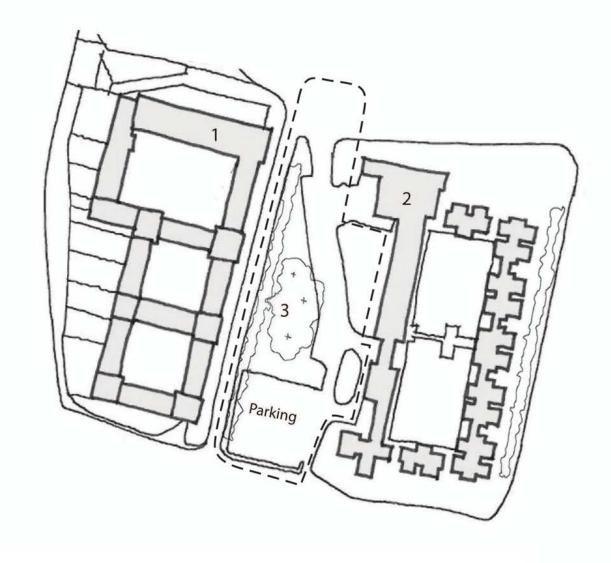
Image: View of the ablution block, as seen from the south-eastern approach route.

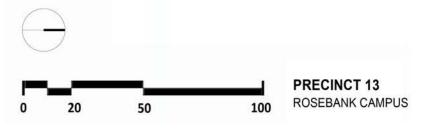






Jan-2016, revised March-2016 Image: View of the ablution block from the Graca Machel Hall.

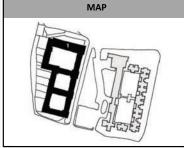




GRACA MACHEL HALL

OTHER NAMES: GMH

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
Unknnown	02740	13.1	Rosebank	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Woolsack Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Womens' Residence ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Unknown

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The project was informed by an urban design framework developed for Lower Campus. The building conforms to the courtyard typology, and forms an urban wall to the north, facing a public green space with a pedestrian street connecting students to the transport interchange. Small shops and a covered arcade activate this edge. The entrance is clearly defined by a large roof and balcony. On the western edge the public roof and balcony reveals the public functions: the dining hall, lounge and student warden's apartments. Three inner courtyards form the residential realm. The building is of plastered masonry, and does depart from the prevailing architectural typology in materiality and detailing, although not in its plan form.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

DATE: ARCHITECT:
c2007 Martin Kruger & Associates
OUTLINE:

ORIGINAL BUILDING

2009 CIFA Award of Merit

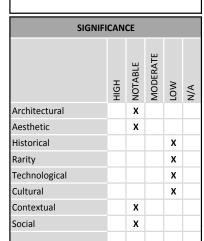
ALTERATIONS			
DATE:	ARCHITECT:		
OUTLINE:			

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Graca Machel was elected Chancellor of the University of Cape Town in 1999. The Graca Machel Hall is named in her honour. The building occupies the footprint of the old Zorgyliet outbuildings, which later served as a machinery exhibit for the WP Agricultural Society. After UCT acquired the site, it housed the business school in pre-fab buildings, themselves a remnant of the Driekoppen Res. The old agricultural showground use is recalled in the pedestrian walkway to the north of the Hall, named "Show Road" and in the parallel Keiapple hedge that funnelled the movement of animals to and from Rosebank Station. This building has social significance for of women students at UCT who have lived here.



Image: View looking across Baxter Road towards the primary, east-facing pedestrian entrance.



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This building successfully reinterprets the courtyard typology of university residences and additionally, together with Baxter Hall, helps to create a well defined, open, green "commonage" on the Rosebank campus. The building was designed by a noted architect and received a Cape Institute for Architecture Award of Merit.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

_

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance



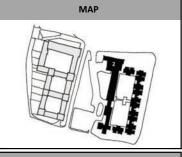


Image: View towards the exterior of the dining hall (L); View up the east-west pedestrian avenue (R).

BAXTER HALL

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
Unknown	02500	13.1	Rosebank
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Chapel Street			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Womens' Residence ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Unknown

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

233 women are accommodated mainly in single rooms across nine pavilions that are each divided into 6 flats, each containing between three and six rooms. The buildings are of exposed facebrick with tiled roofs, and all structures are arranged around two central quads, with lawns, trees and park benches. The residence also has common areas, set to the south of the courtyards. Of particular note are:

A: The fine mural by Eleanor Esmonde-White in the dining hall.

B: The Keiapple hedge along Chapel Road, that funnelled the movement of animals to and from Rosebank Station.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 1957 Kantorowich and Skacel OUTLINE:

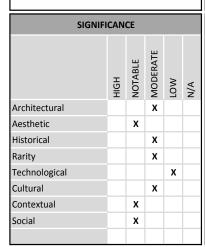
	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after William Duncan Baxter - a generous supporter of the university during his lifetime. On his death in 1960, Baxter left the university a legacy of more than R500 000 to UCT, with the express wish that this aome of this be used to build a theatre to promote the arts in Cape Town. That gift also helped to fund Baxter Hall. The Baxter Hall site falls within the historic footprint of Zorgvliet farm, and was the later site of the barns for the animals at the Rosebank Showgrounds. Because of this, Baxter Hall was known as "the cowshed" for many years. This building has social significance for generations of women students at UCT who have lived here during the course of their studies.



Image: View across the interchange between Chapel & Baxter Roads looking towards the building.



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This building successfully reinterprets the courtyard typology of university residences, and additionally, together with Graca Machel Hall, helps to create a well defined, open, green "commonage" on the Rosebank campus. Although the Keiapple hedge has historic significance related to the sites' past use as an agricultural showground, this section of hedging has limited significance in the context of a university campus, particularly as it does not enrich any student accessible green spaces within the campus environment.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade III Building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance



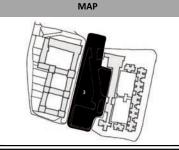


Image: View towards a north facing bay along Chapel Road (L); Entrance gable and embellishment (R).

EXTERNAL SPACE 13.3

OTHER NAMES: OLD ROSEBANK SHOWGROUNDS / SS MENDI MEMORIAL

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
Unknown	N/A	13.3	Rosebank	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Baxter Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Open Space

ORIGINAL USE:

Agricultural showgrounds

ZONING: Unknown

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Green, lawned open space between the Graca Machel and Baxter Hall Residences, with some intrusive parking areas, this area is spatially defined by the following significant features:

- A. Several mature oak trees.
- **B.** Parts of a Kei-apple hedge dating to the showgrounds.
- C. The Mendi Memorial (Thorold Architects,
- D. Remnant of the avenue of oaks that lead to, and was on axis with, the eastern facade of Welgelegen.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This space was once part of the Rhodes Agricultural Showgrounds, which were also used to billet troops during the South Africa War (Anglo-Boer Wars), WW1 and WW2. The South African Native Labour Corps, including the 823 men destined to perish during the sinking of the SS Mendi, were encamped here prior to their departure to the WW1 front aboard the SS Mendi, which sank off the coast of the Isle of Wight on the 21st February 1917, with the loss of all those aboard. The Sunday Times Centenary public sculpture legacy included the creation of a memorial for the SS Mendi on this site, which was recently upgraded by Thorold Architects CC.



View west across the parking and green space between Baxter Hall & Graca Machel Hall.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х х Aesthetic Х Historical Rarity Technological Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This space has a degree of social significance as an informal student gathering space within the Rosebank Campus. It exhibits historical planting patterns, is "bookended" to the west by the Mendi Memorial - a site of high cultural significance - and is central to the key historic axes and view cones of the Welgelegen complex. Thus, the space makes an important contribution to the broader context, and has the potential to be better articulated to form the "heart" of this part of No grading assigned the campus. The parking should be removed from the open space and a proper landscape framework and urban design plan devised.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade III

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

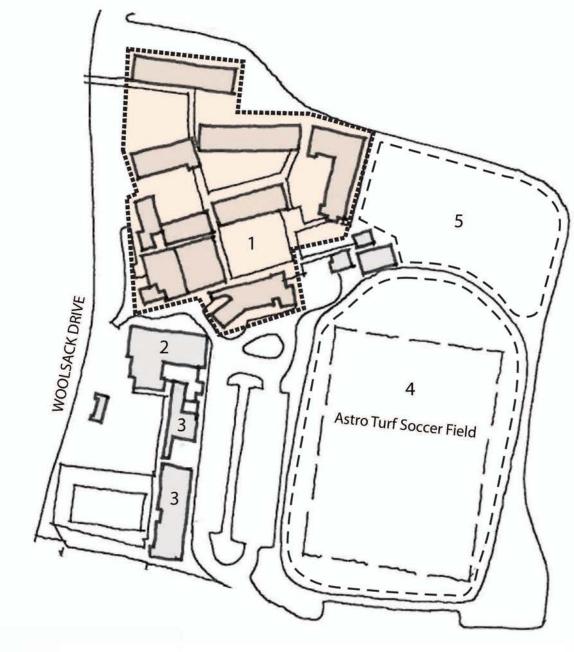
CURRENT COCT GRADE:

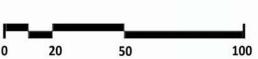
PROPOSED GRADING:

Prop. Grade IIIC; Memorial & curtliage IIIA



Image: View of the memorial, recently upgraded and restored by Thorold Architects.



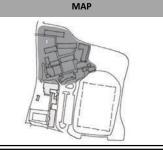


PRECINCT 14 ROSEBANK CAMPUS

KOPANO RESIDENCE

OTHER NAMES: DRIEKOPPEN, BELSEN

ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
44217	08040	14.1	Rosebank
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Show Road			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Mens' Residence

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Kopano is home to 367 male students, housed predominantly in five blocks (grey, yellow, brown, blue and green). These are arranged as separate, linear concrete-framed structures of four stories with red-tiled roofs and exposed brick infill panels, now painted. The Bunting Hall is where both Kopano men and Baxter ladies eat their meals. Soon after construction, the building was described as a "light brick idiom of contemporary form" (Grieg, 1971: 216).

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 1965 Lightfoot, Twentyman-Jones & Kent OUTLINE:

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Occupation took place in 1964, however the residence was created for students returning from WW2, and was located near De Waal Drive as a "temporary" student residence for 300 male ex-servicemen. They were dismayed by the similarities between the accommodation and their quarters at the war front: "the austere bungalows surrounded by barren and dusty earth and barbed wire fencing, took their minds back to infamous prisoner-of-war camps in Germany". The res earned the nickname "Belsen", after a concentration camp in Germany. Due to public outcry, the name was changed to Driekoppen and later to Kopano, meaning unity. The res has social significance for its male student graduates.



Image: View of the complex looking west, as seen across the astro turf.

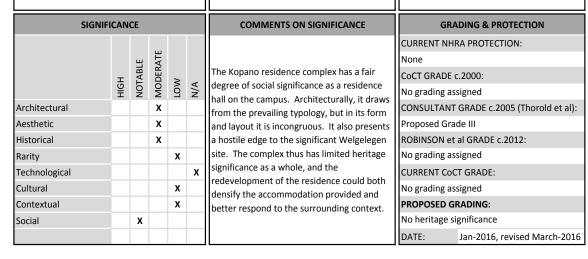




Image: View across Woolsack Drive towards the western most wing of Kapano.

SQUASH COURTS

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
44217-0-1	08080	14.2	Rosebank	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Woolsack Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				

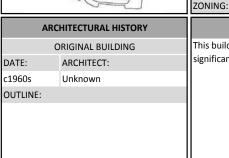
BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Double-volumed, face brick rectangular block

with no openings on the northern side.



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Squash Courts ORIGINAL USE:



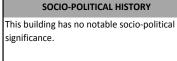
ALTERATIONS

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

ARCHITECT:

DATE:

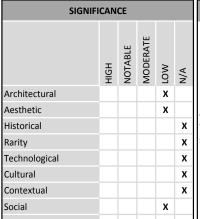
OUTLINE:



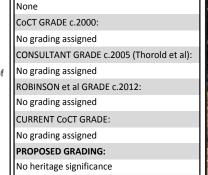
Currently zoned CO2



Image: View of the northern facade of the squash courts.



Although important from a sporting point of view, this structure has no heritage significance.



Jan-2016, revised March-2016

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

DATE:

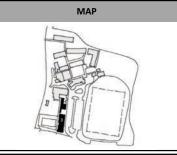


Image: View of the squash courts across the astroturf. The trees provide good visual mitigation.

NEW GYM & CHANGE ROOMS

OTHER NAMES: FITNESS CENTRE

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
Unknown	02750	14.3	Rosebank	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Woolsack Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				



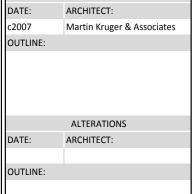
ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Recreational/Sports ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Unknown

BUILDING DESCRIPTION This building makes use of an existing swimming pool to assist in the passive cooling of the gym space. The building defines the public street, linked to the Graca Machel residence on the lower campus of the university. The linear, bagged-brick structure has a simple but high volumed mono-pitched roof, with light-colored roof sheeting (for reflection) and ventilator turbines assisting in the passive cooling process: it draws cool air over the pool. Facing the prevalent southeasterly wind, the glazed facade has permanent louvres at a low level to displace heat in the gymnasium. A corner window reveals the wall climbing facility, and a pergola, serving as shading, announces the entrance into the gymnasium.



SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY This building has no notable socio-political significance.



Image: View between Graca and the Gymnasium towards the west facade and primary entrance of the gym.

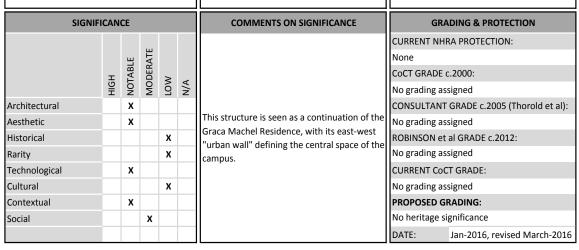




Image: View towards the northern elevation, as seen from the approach along Cecil Road.

EXTERNAL SPACE 14.4 & 14.5

OTHER NAMES: ASTRO TURF / OLD ROSEBANK SHOWGROUNDS ARENA

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
30804	N/A	14.4 & 5	Rosebank	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Chapel Street				
BUILDING NAME(S):				



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Sporting

ORIGINAL USE:

Sporting and showgrounds

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

An open space, with astroturf in the centre and grass embankments to the north and west. The curved embankment to the west is a remnant of the Roosebank Show Arena. The grassed expanse beyond this curved embankment retains axial visual linkage to the eastern facade of Welgelegen from the open space.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:
Unknown Unknown

OUTLINE:

DATE:

OUTLINE:

ALTERATIONS
ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This space has a high degree of socio-political significance related to its past use as the Agricultural Showground Arena and Rhodes' Recreation Ground. The Heir Apparent, Princess Elizabeth (now Queen Elizabth II) addressed a youth rally here on her 21st birthday, in April 1947. More recently, the laying of an astroturf here has credited the site with social and recreational value on the Rosebank Campus.



Image: View west over the astro turf with Devils Peak in the background.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical Rarity Technological Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This site has a high degree of associated and intagible socio-politiocal significance (see Space 13.3, as well as being the site of an address by Elizabeth II). However, in terms of its present, physical significance within the campus environment, it affords the historic Welgelegen homestead a continued clear, axial view to the east, and so only a portion of the westernmost section of the site has been Graded IIIA, as a curtilage to the Welgelegen PHS. The wider space does have some, more recent sporting and cultural associations for the University community.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade III area

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

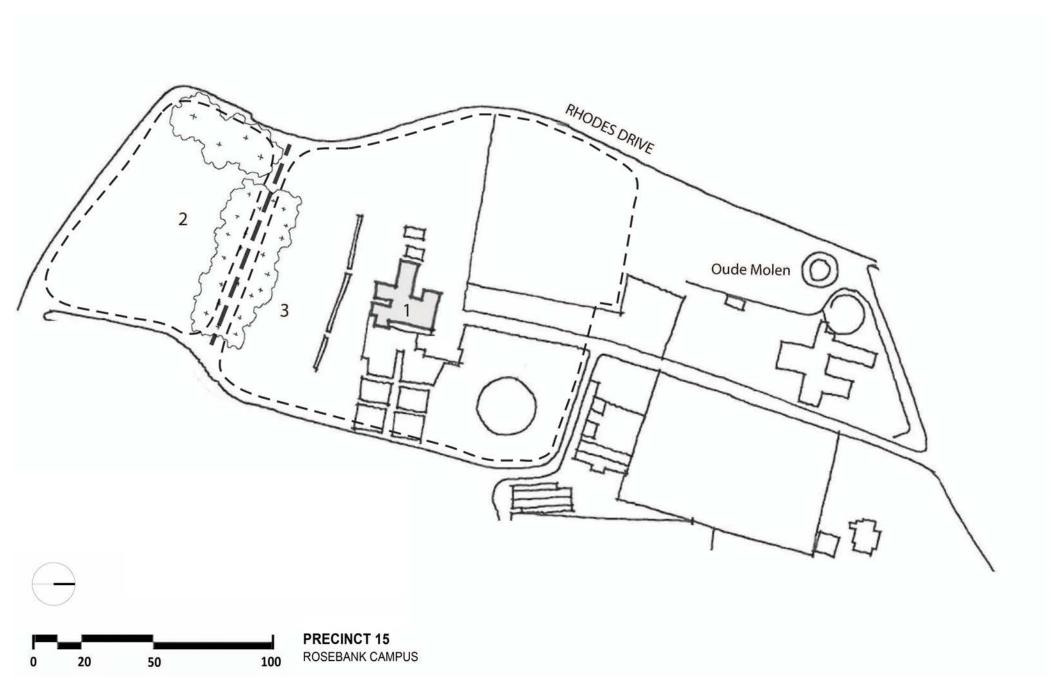
None

PROPOSED GRADING:

Prop. Grade IIIA axial Welgelegen curtilage.



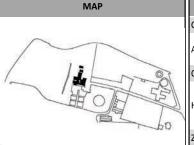
Image: View from the astro turf looking towards Welgelegen, with Kopano to the left.



WELGELEGEN

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
32100	08050	15.1	Rosebank	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Chapel Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Administrative ORIGINAL USE: Homestead

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The building is typical of the Cape Dutch Revival style favoured by Baker, and remains an excellent example of his work. It is also substantially intact, and retains its immediate context.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1899-1902 Herbert Baker

OUTLINE:

Rebuilt by Baker in the Cape Dutch Revival style, possibly incorporating parts of the earlier house (Fransen, 2004: 96).

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

A 17th century house named after the Welgelegen Estate (meaning 'well situated'). Welgelegen came into existence with a grant to Stevenz Jan Botma in 1657. He owned this property until 1703 when his son-in-law, Johannes Heufke, took it over. In January 1891, Welgelegen was acquired by Cecil John Rhodes from S.J. Wilks. The house was extensively rebuilt by Rhodes for J. B. Currey, the manager of his Groote Schuur Estate, as well as his immediate descendents. This gave the Currey family occupancy of the building for nearly 90 years. UCT acquired Welgelegen for use as a university guest house. It was declared a National Monument in 1980. It currently houses the offices of the Public Relations Department.



Image: Looking south with a view of the eastern facade.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Х Architectural Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This building and its garden are among the finest examples of the Cape Dutch Revival Style homestead. The site is substantially intact, and retains its surrounding garden space to all sides, as well as the adjacent green sportsfields and De Meule site, which together with Table Mountain National Park, create a fine context to the structure. The building is the work of the esteemed architect, Sir Herbert Baker, and is a former National Monument.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

Section 27

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade II

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

PHS

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II/PHS

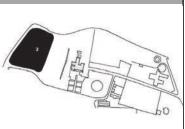


Image: View looking east towards the back elevation of the building.

EXTERNAL SPACE 15.2

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
32100	N/A	15.2	Rosebank
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Chapel Street			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Bike circuit and open space

ORIGINAL USE:

Open space

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Once part of the Welgelegen precinct, this section of land was substantially disturbed during the road-building project, and when Kopano was constructed. It now bears little relation to the historic Welgelegen complex, considing of high, grassed earth berms. A few trees survive - some are of notable age and of similar species to the trees planted around the homestead - yet no landscape pattern is discernable. One historic gateway to the Welgelegen site remains along the Woolsack Road edge, and should be retained, along with the route to the homestead that it marks. The earth berming and trees abutting Rhodes' Drive (now thinned out) create an important green link between the Rosebank and Upper Campus, and mitigate the impacts of the M3.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: OUTLINE:

ALTERATIONS

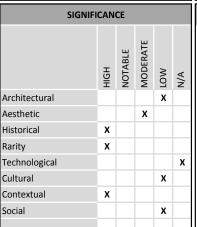
SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This site has very little associated sociopolitical significance, being spatially divorced from its surrounds on all sides and fairly inaccessible. Historically, it does have significance as it formed part of one of the first Free Burgher land grants, and this lends it some associational significance.



Image: View of the undeveloped area looking west.

DATE: ARCHITECT: OUTLINE:



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The heritage sigficance of this site has been obliterated due to negative impact of the 20th C large-scale construction projects that occurred on 3 sides of it (Rhodes Drive, the on-ramp and the construction of Kopano). However, the remaining Welgelegen gateway is conservation worthy. The importance of a green, landscaped curtilage to the M3 lends portion of the site some significance, and is included in the proposed PHS site. The wider site could incorporate change, as long as its predominant green and landscaped character is retained, particularly along its edges, esp. Welgelegen.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT COCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Prop. Grade II curtilage to Rhodes' Drive



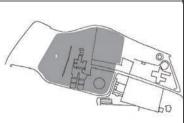
Image: View of the remaining Welgelegen gate, and Woolsack Drive in the background.

PROPERTY/GARDEN OF WELGELEGEN

OTHER NAMES: N/A

BUILDING NAME(S):

ADDRESS			
BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
N/A	15.3	Rosebank	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Chapel Street			
	N/A DRESS:	N/A 15.3 DRESS:	



MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Garden

ORIGINAL USE:

Garden

ZONING: Currently zoned CO2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The Welgelegen house is surrounded on all sides by formal garden area, although each section of garden clearly served differing puroses, as formal landscaping, animal pens/more agricultural uses, as well as productive and kitchen gardens. The garden is the site of several mature trees, and includes notable features such as treed avenues/windbreaks, a water furrow, as well as landscape and terrace walls, some with gateposts/gateways. The irrigation furrow is a rare surviving example of its age and type, and many of the trees were planted in an experimental capacity to test for suitability for the Groote Schuur Estate, and later the Rhodes Fruit Farms in the Berg River Valley.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: 1899-1902 Herbert Baker

OUTLINE:

Rebuilt by Baker in the Cape Dutch Revival style, possibly incorporating parts of the earlier house (Fransen, 2004: 96).

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

Prior restoration by Fagan Architects. Recently parts of the garden were restored by Thorold Architects.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

A 17th century house named after the Welgelegen Estate (meaning 'well situated'). Welgelegen came into existence with a grant to Stevenz Jan Botma in 1657. He owned this property until 1703 when his son-in-law, Johannes Heufke, took it over. In January 1891, Welgelegen was acquired by Cecil John Rhodes from S.J. Wilks. UCT acquired Welgelegen from the State where it was to be used as a university guest house. It was declared a National Monument in 1980. It currently houses the offices of the Public Relations Department.



Image: View looking west of the treed verge (left) and water furrow to the south of Welgelegen.



Jan-2016, revised March-2016 Image: View of the formal garden in front of the eastern facade of the house.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This building and its garden are among the finest examples of the Cape Dutch Revival Style homestead. The site is substantially intact, and retains its surrounding garden space to all sides, as well as the adjacent green sportsfields and De Meule site, which together with Table Mountain National Park, create a fine context to the structure. The building is the work of the esteemed architect, Sir Herbert Baker, and is a former National Monument.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

Section 27

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade I

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade II

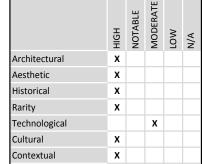
CURRENT COCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II/PHS

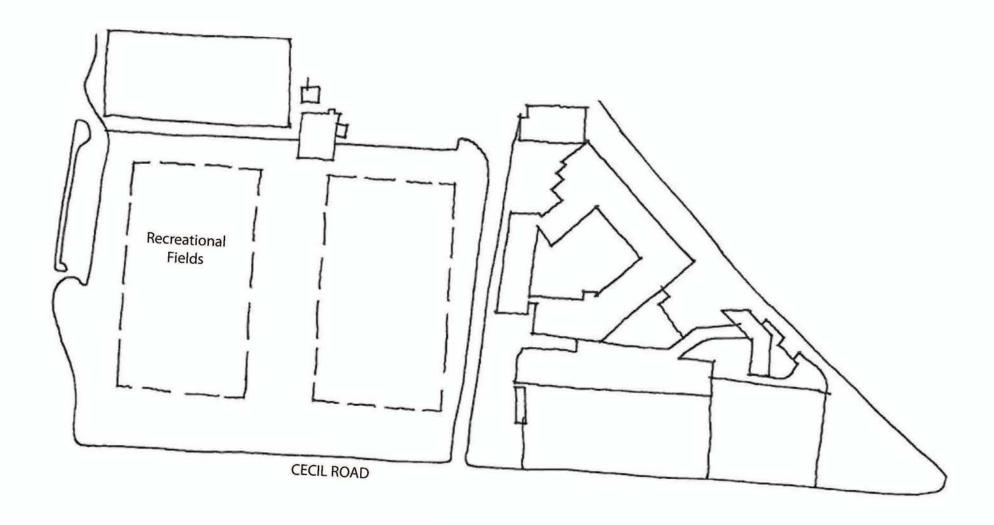
DATE:

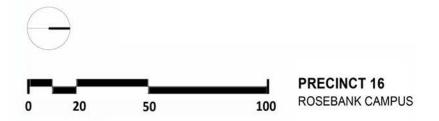


Х

Social

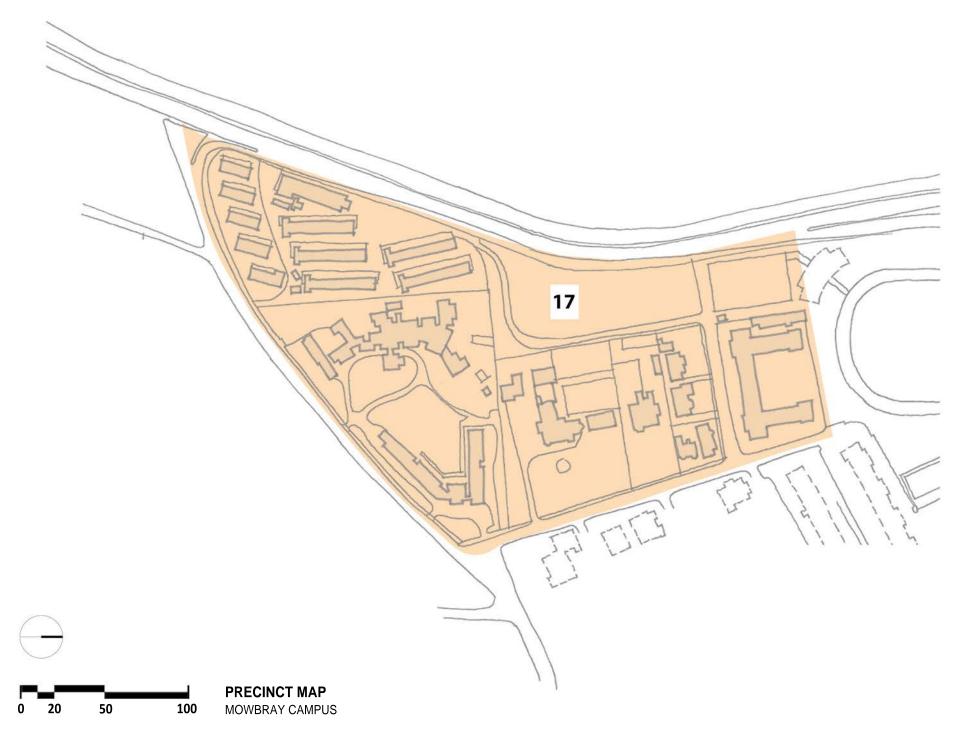
SIGNIFICANCE

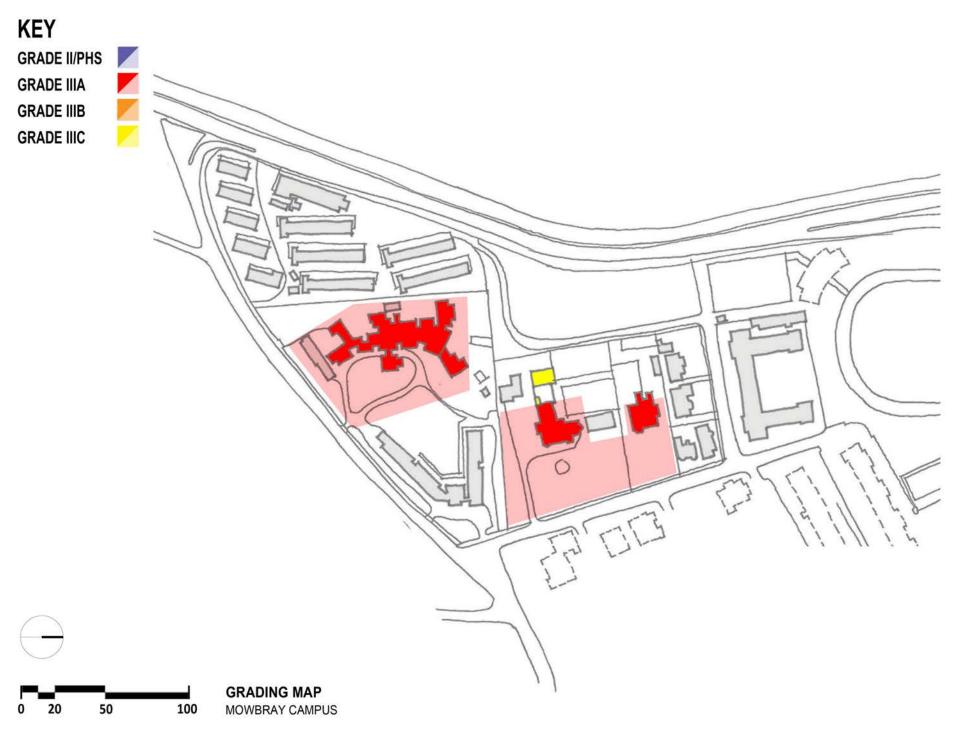


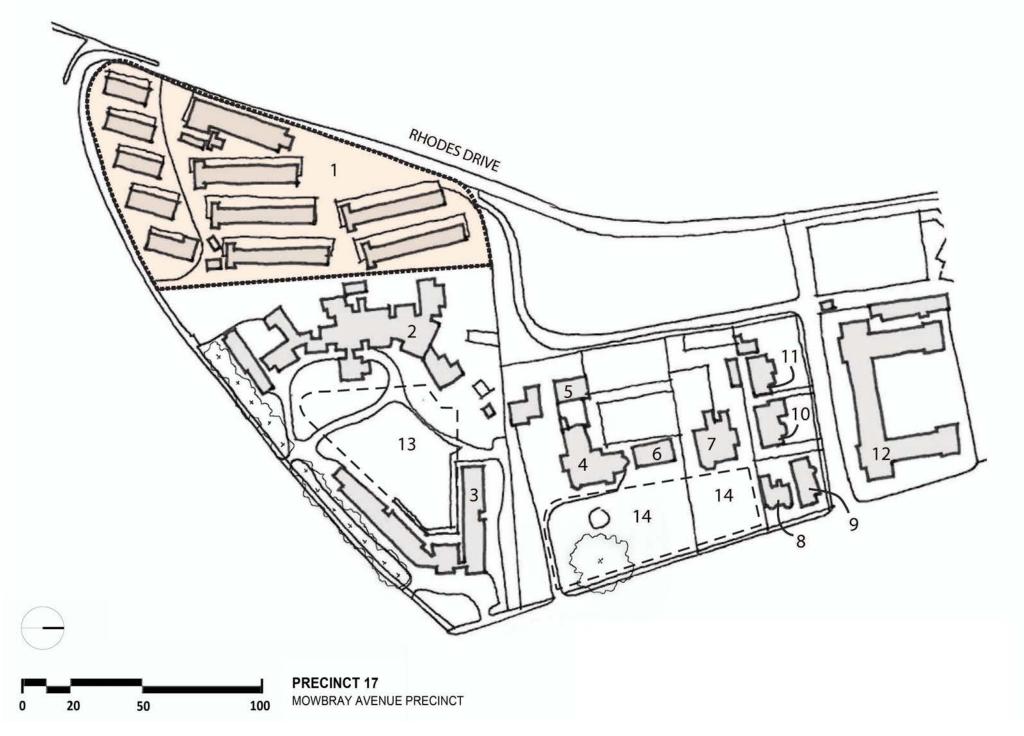


NOTE: Precinct 16 has been included within the Rosebank Campus due to the land's extensive use by the University for recreational purposes; however, the land is not owned by the University and therefore no survey of structure in this precinct has been undertaken.

The precinct was bequeathed by Rhodes to the people of the city, with the condition that the gift must never be alienated.



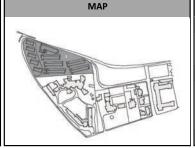




UNIVERSITY HOUSE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
28366	-	17.1	Mowbray
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Rhodes Avenue			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Residence

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION Barrack-like, linear brick structures with double-pitched metal roofs, gabled ends and stoeps along the eastern edge. These structures were built in c1945.



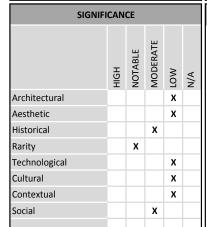
	ALTERATIONS	
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	
OUTLINE:		

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This residence was created in 1945 as "temporary" housing for about 300 male exservicemen. They were dismayed by the similarities between the accommodationand the kind of quarters they had experienced at the war front: "the austere bungalows surrounded by barren and dusty earth and barbed wire fencing, took their minds back to infamous prisoner-of-war camps in Germany". As a result, the residence immediately earned itself the name Belsen, a concentration camp in Germany. Due to public outcry, the name of the residence was changed.



Image: View towards one of the buildings comprising the University House precinct.



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This site has a high degree of associated and intagible socio-politiocal significance related to the association with WW2 and its use as a student residence. However, in terms of its present, physical significance, these structures have already been approved for demolition as part of the new student residence, designed by MLH Architects & Planners, Gabriel Fagan Architects and OvP Associates.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade IIIC Buildings

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade III Buildings

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

PROPOSED GRADING:

No grading assigned

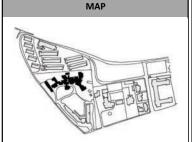


Image: View of one of the buildings comprising the precinct, with the highway to the right of picture.

IVAN TOMS BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: PRINCESS CHRISTIAN HOME

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
28422	-	17.2	Mowbray
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Rhodes Avenue			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Student Wellness

ORIGINAL USE:

Old Aged Home

DATE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Designed as an old aged home in 1907 by Baker, Masey & Kendall, and a deduction of the home for gentlewomen established by Rhodes (demolished to make way for the NGI building), the building comprises an "arc of pavilions" in the Edwardian Arts and Crafts style, with a fine-grain and small-scale character. The late 20th century additions to the overall complex are intrusive, and the institutional use by UCT is uneasily juxtaposed against the original intent and use of the structure. The row of established Eucalyptus trees abutting the street edge are of some age.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1907 Baker, Masey & Kendall

OUTLINE:

The structure still exhibits materials and detailing typical of Baker and his colleagues. It remains a good example of their work.

ALTERATIONS			
DATE:	ARCHITECT:		
OUTLINE:			

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The site was part of a property established by Rhodes to serve "distressed gentlewomen", which was opened by Princess Christian during her trip to South Africa to visit the grave of her son, a Boer War casualty. The site was acquired by UCT to assemble a parcel of land for a student residence, and to close the gap between the Rosebank and Health Sciences campuses. It was exchanged for a turnkey development in Tokai, which retains the name "Princess Christian Home". Ivan Toms was known for his activism in the field of health care, his opposition to apartheid and his campaigning for gay and lesbian rights. Toms trained as a medical doctor and served as director of UCT's Student Health & Welfare Centre Organisation.

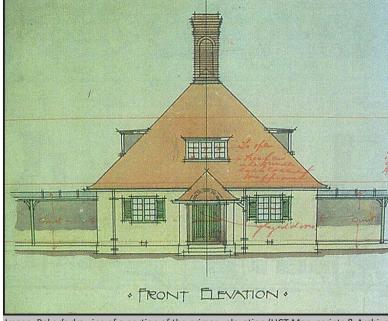


Image: Baker's drawing of a portion of the primary elevation (UCT Manuscripts & Archives).

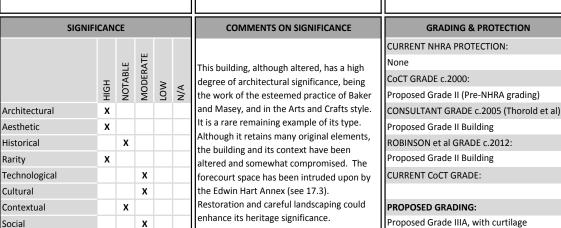






Image: Portion of the northern wing (R); View of a portion of one of the primary east facing facades (L).

EDWIN HART ANNEXE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
28426	-	17.3	Mowbray
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Rhodes Avenue			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Residential ORIGINAL USE:

Residential flats

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Double storey structure with pitched, tiled roof and exposed brickwork in places, the building was designed as an extension to the Princess Christian Old Aged Home, and assumes the V-shape of this part of the site. It creates a v-shaped, open courtyard to the west. The site is landscaped along the road edge and several large trees remain. The row of established Eucalyptus trees abutting the street edge are of some age.

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 1974

OUTLINE:

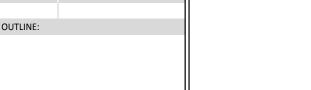
	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Part of the Princess Christian Home, which moved to Tokai after being bought by UCT, this structure was built in order to provide additional accommodation for more independent residents of the Home. It was named after former Princess Christian Home chairman, Mr. Edwin Hart.



Image: View looking south towards one of the primary pedestrian entrances on the east facade.



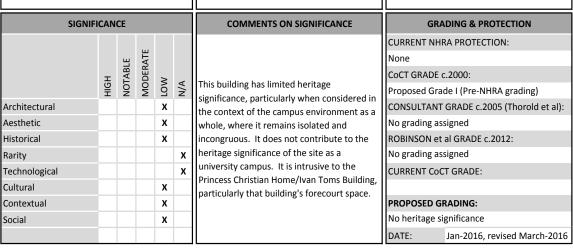


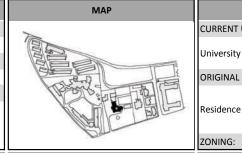


Image: View looking up along the south-eastern facade.

AVENUE HOUSE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:		
-	17.4	Mowbray		
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Avenue Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				
	BLDG #: - DDRESS:	BLDG #: MAP #: - 17.4 DRESS:		

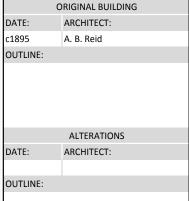


ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

USE(S) OF BUILDING
URRENT USE:
niversity admin
RIGINAL USE:

ONING:	Currently zoned CO1

A double storey, late Victorian villa with a slate roof and two projecting bays with decorative woodwork to their end gables. The entrance is located centrally with a higher-level balcony that runs between the projecting bays. The garden retains its wall, as well as some substantial trees. Of particular note are a large Ficus tree and a palm tree. The interior is somewhat intact, with fireplaces, tiling, woodwork and other joinery elements all in good condition. The side entrance to the house, only slightly less grand, retains an open forecourt to the south, which affords a clear view of this elevation.



SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The building was constructed by A. B. Reid as his own home. It was used by the Chinese Association from 1944 - 1980, after which it was purchased by UCT.



Image: View of the primary east-facing facade of the house.

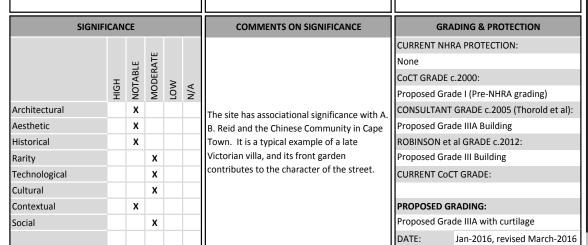


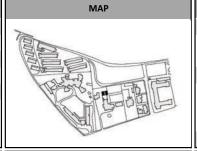


Image: Stained glass fanlight above the front door.

AVENUE HOUSE COACH HOUSE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS					
ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS:					
28427/8	-	17.5	Mowbray		
CAMPUS ADDRESS:					
Avenue Road					
BUILDING NAME(S):					



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: ORIGINAL USE:

Stables and coach house

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Outbuilding connected to the main house by means of a courtyard space. Although much altered these structures are clearly in a similar style and of a similar date to the main house. The enclosing wall lends character and a sense of place to the whole.

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: c1895 A. B. Reid
OUTLINE:

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

These building have a degree of sociopolitical significance in that they demonstrate the role and relationship of servants to the occupants of the main house at the turn of the 20th century. Servant's quarters and coach houses are rare survivors of grand 19th century houses in Cape Town.



Image: View of the primary east-facing facade of the Coach House.

SIGNIFICANCE COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE **GRADING & PROTECTION** CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: MODERATE None NOTABLE CoCT GRADE c.2000: LOW This buildings' significance is primarily Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) related to its function as an outbuilding of CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Architectural Avenue House, and they give context to this Proposed Grade IIIA Aesthetic more significant heritage site. these Historical ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: structures have already been approved for demolition as part of the new student Proposed Grade III Rarity residence, designed by MLH Architects & Technological CURRENT CoCT GRADE: Planners, Gabriel Fagan Architects and OvP Cultural Associates. Contextual PROPOSED GRADING: Proposed Grade IIIC Social DATE:



Jan-2016, revised March-2016 | Image: View of the south facade of the building, as seen from the approach alongside Avenue House.

AVENUE HOUSE ANNEXE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

	ADD	RESS		
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
28429	- 17.6 Mowbray			
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Avenue Road				
BLIII DING N	ΔMF(S)·			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: ORIGINAL USE:

Hall for Chinese School ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION	AR	CHITECTURAL HISTORY	
A rectangular, single storey, flat-roofed	ORIGINAL BUILDING		
"block" with steel windows and some plaster elaboration. The building is set to align with	DATE:	ARCHITECT:	
	Unknown	Unknown	
the façade of Avenue House. It contributes little to the broader site.	OUTLINE:		
l .	11		

This structure has limited notable socio-
political significance, although it was custom-
built as a hall by the Chinese School (as
noted on the foundation stone). It was
originally hard-up against the main house,
but was sheared off by Fagan and Partners as
part of the restoration of the site.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY



Image: View of the western facade of the building.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
c2000	Gabriel Fagan and Partners
OUTLINE:	

Restoration and remedial work.

SIGNIFICANCE					
	HIGH	NOTABLE	MODERATE	row	N/A
Architectural				Х	
Aesthetic				Х	
Historical				Х	
Rarity				Х	
Technological					х
Cultural				Х	
Contextual				Х	
Social				X	

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This structure is intrusive within the otherwise fine architectural grouping of Avenue House, Cadbol and their intact front gardens. When considered in the context of a campus environment, the building is isolated and incongruous. It does not contribute to the heritage significance of the No grading assigned site as a university campus.

GRADING & PROTECTION CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance

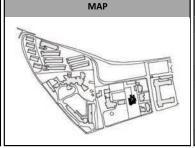


Image: View of the eastern facade of the building.

CADBOL

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS					
ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS:					
28431 - 17.7 Mowbray					
CAMPUS ADDRESS:					
Avenue Road					
BUILDING NAME(S):					

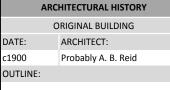


USE(S) OF BUILDING
URRENT USE:
tudent Housing Administration
RIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

Residential

BUILDING DESCRIPTION
Double storey late Victorian villa, with a single
double-storied projecting front gable
"bookending" a two-storey veranda, likely cast
iron but now replaced with a face brick and
concrete structure. The interior of the house
is highly intact.



ORIGINAL BUILDING	
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
c1900	Probably A. B. Reid
OUTLINE:	

ALTERATIONS		
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	
c2010	Thorold Architects	
OUTLINE:		

The house was maintained and restored by Thorold Architects.

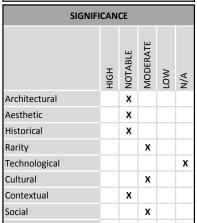
COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

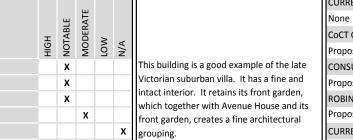
SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This structure has no notable socio-political significance.



Image: View of the primary east-facing facade of the house.





GRADING & PROTECTION CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: CoCT GRADE c.2000: Proposed Grade II (Pre-NHRA grading) CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Proposed Grade IIIA ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: Proposed Grade III CURRENT CoCT GRADE: PROPOSED GRADING: Proposed Grade IIIA

Jan-2016, revised March-2016

DATE:





Image: Entrance foyer with original encaustic tiles (R); Timber stair and stained glass window (R).

13 AVENUE ROAD

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
28433	-	17.8	Mowbray	
CAMPUS A	DDRESS:			
Avenue Roa	nd			
BUILDING N	IAME(S):			

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Typical c1930s single storey masonry house

under hipped, tiled roof and with garden

between the house and the street edge.



USE(S) OF BUILDING
URRENT USE:
esidential
PRIGINAL USE:
esidential

Dans	ZONING:	Currently zoned CO1	
ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY	SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY		
ORIGINAL BUILDING	This structure has no notable socio-political significance.		
ARCHITECT:			
Unknown			
E:			



Image: View from Avenue Road towards the primary, eastern facade of the house.

between the house and the street edge.		
	c1930	Unknown
	OUTLINE:	
		ALTERATIONS
	DATE:	ARCHITECT:
	OUTLINE:	

DATE:

SIGNIFICANCE					COMMEN	
	HIGH	NOTABLE	MODERATE	LOW	N/A	This because in a fe
Architectural				Х		This house is a ty suburban house,
Aesthetic				Х		its surrounds. W context of a cam isolated and inco contribute to the
Historical				Х		
Rarity				Х		
Technological				Х		
Cultural	ıl		Х		site as a universi	
Contextual				Х		
Social				Х		

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE	GRADING & PROTECTION		
	CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:		
	None		
	CoCT GRADE c.2000:		
This house is a typical example of a c1930s suburban house, and is rather isolated from	No grading assigned		
	CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):		
its surrounds. When considered in the	Proposed Grade IIIC		
context of a campus environment, it is is isolated and incongruous. It does not contribute to the heritage significance of the site as a university campus.	ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:		
	Proposed Grade III		
	CURRENT CoCT GRADE:		
	PROPOSED GRADING:		
	No grading assigned		
	DATE:	Jan-2016, revised March-2016	

BURGHEN HOUSE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

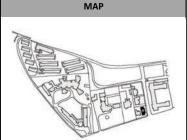
ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
28434	-	17.9	Mowbray	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Corner Matopo and Avenue Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Typical c1930s single storey masonry house

under hipped, tiled roof and with garden

between the house and the street edge.



ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

ARCHITECT:

Unknown

USE(S) OF BUILDING
URRENT USE:
esidential
PRIGINAL USE:

Residential	
ZONING:	Currently zoned CO1
SOCI	O-POLITICAL HISTORY
	has no notable socio-political
significance.	



Image: View west from the corners of Avenue & Matopo Roads towards the house.

OUTLINE:	
ll .	
ll .	
l	
l	
	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

DATE:

c1930

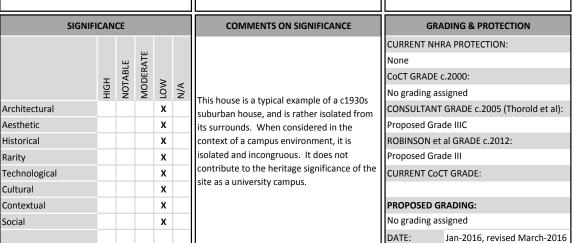


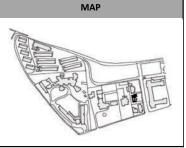


Image: View, looking east, of the northern facade of the house.

INGLEWOOD HOUSE

OTHER NAMES: 13 MATOPO ROAD

ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
28432	-	17.10	Mowbray
CAMPUS AI	DDRESS:		
Matopo Road			
BUILDING NAME(S):			

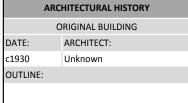


USE(S) OF BUILDING
URRENT USE:
esidential
RIGINAL USE:

Residential

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION Typical c1930s single storey masonry house under hipped, tiled roof and with garden between the house and the street edge.



ALTERATIONS

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

ARCHITECT:

DATE:

OUTLINE:

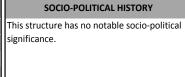




Image: View from Matopo Road looking towards the primary northern facade of the house.

SIGNIFI	CAN	CE			
	HIGH	NOTABLE	MODERATE	LOW	N/A
Architectural				Х	
Aesthetic				Х	
Historical				Х	
Rarity				Х	
Technological				Х	
Cultural				Х	
Contextual				Х	
Social				Х	

	CoCT GR
This house is a typical example of a c1930s	No gradi
suburban house, and is rather isolated from	CONSUL
its surrounds. When considered in the	Propose
context of a campus environment, it is	ROBINSO
isolated and incongruous. It does not	Propose
contribute to the heritage significance of the	CURREN
site as a university campus.	
	PROPOS

	GRADING & PROTECTION
	CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:
	None
	CoCT GRADE c.2000:
	No grading assigned
,	CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):
	Proposed Grade IIIC
	ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:
	Proposed Grade III
e	CURRENT CoCT GRADE:
	PROPOSED GRADING:
	No grading assigned

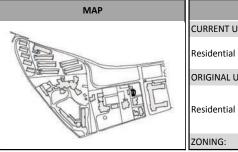
Jan-2016, revised March-2016

DATE:

3 MATOPO

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
28431	-	17.11 Mowbray		
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Matopo Ro	ad			
BUILDING NAME(S):				



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Residential ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

BUILDING DESCRIPTION
Typical c1930s single storey masonry house under hipped, tiled roof and with garden
between the house and the street edge.



ARCHITECT:

DATE:

OUTLINE:

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY This structure has no notable socio-political significance.



Image: View from Matopo Road towards the northern facade of the house.

SIGNIFICANCE					
	HBH	NOTABLE	MODERATE	LOW	N/A
Architectural				Х	
Aesthetic				Х	
Historical				Х	
Rarity				Х	
Technological				Х	
Cultural				Х	
Contextual				Х	
Social				Х	

COCT GRADE C.2000:	
No grading assigned	
CONSULTANT GRADE	
Proposed Grade IIIC	
ROBINSON et al GRAD	
Proposed Grade III	
CURRENT COCT GRAD	
PROPOSED GRADING	
No grading assigned	

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:
None
CoCT GRADE c.2000:
No grading assigned
CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):
Proposed Grade IIIC
ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:
Proposed Grade III
CURRENT CoCT GRADE:
PROPOSED GRADING:

Jan-2016, revised March-2016

DATE:

VARIETAS

OTHER NAMES: N/A

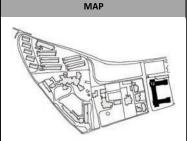
ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
28368	-	17.12 Mowbray		
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Corner Matopo & Avenue Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

3 storey building in a U-shaped configuration

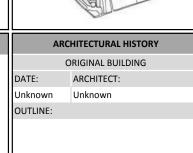
with exposed brickwork ground floor and

hipped, tiled roof.



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Residence ORIGINAL USE:





ALTERATIONS

ARCHITECT:

DATE:

OUTLINE:

This structure has no notable socio-political
significance. The original name of the
building, before it was bought by UCT, was
Varietas. Land was granted to the first
owner, Claas Vechtman, in 1667. It was given
the name Varietas because it adjoined
Welgelegen and Altona - meaning the variety
"between Rondebosch and Windberg"



Image: View down Matopo Road with the Varietas complex seen on the left.

SIGNIFICANCE					
	HBH	NOTABLE	MODERATE	row	N/A
Architectural				Х	
Aesthetic				Х	
Historical				Х	
Rarity				Х	
Technological				х	
Cultural				Х	
Contextual				Х	

Social

This house is a typical example of a low-rise block of flats, and is rather isolated from its surrounds. When considered in the context of a campus environment, it is isolated and incongruous. It does not contribute to the

heritage significance of the site as a

university campus.

Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:
None
CoCT GRADE c.2000:
No grading assigned
CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):
No grading assigned
ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:
No grading assigned
CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

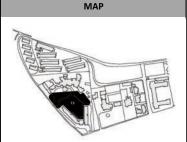
١	CURRENT CoCT GRADE:			
1				
1	PROPOSED GRADING:			
1	No heritage sigificance DATE: Jan-2016, revised March-20			
1				

IVAN TOMS GARDEN

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
28323/4	-	17.13	Mowbray
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Rhodes Avenue			
BUILDING NAME(S):			

BUILDING DESCRIPTION Open, sloped lawns in front of the structure, now with very little landscape articulation.



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Open space ORIGINAL USE:

Currently zoned CO1

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY					
0	ORIGINAL BUILDING				
ATE:	ARCHITECT:				
1907	Baker, Masey & Kendall				
UTLINE:	UTLINE:				

ALTERATIONS

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

ARCHITECT:

DATE:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY
The garden has limited socio-political significance.

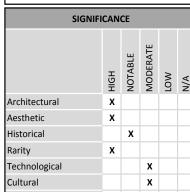
GRADING & PROTECTION

Garden

ZONING:



Image: View looking east towards the green space between the Ivan Toms & Edwin Hart Buildings.



Х

Contextual

Social

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: None CoCT GRADE c.2000: The lawns in front of the old Princess Proposed Grade II (Pre-NHRA grading) Christian Home are an important element CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): within the overall design. The landscaping is Proposed Grade II weakly handled and should be improved to recoved and enhance the architectural value | ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: of the complex and its "woodland" setting Proposed Grade III (Thorold et al, 2000: 42). A comprehensive CURRENT CoCT GRADE: landscape framework and plan should be developed for the site. PROPOSED GRADING: Proposed Grade IIIA Х

DATE:



Jan-2016, revised March-2016 Image: View looking westwards from within the green space.

AVENUE HOUSE GARDEN

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
28427/8/9	& 28430	17.14	Mowbray	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Avenue Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				

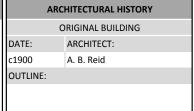


USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Garden area ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Currently zoned CO1

Garden area

BUILDING DESCRIPTION The garden areas in front of Cadbol and Avenue House create a notable landscaped area that contributes to the character of the street and the wider area. The garden retains its c1900 boundary wall and fencing, and is home to several mature and established trees as well as an axial, circular fountain. Of particular note are an enormous Ficus tree. and a mature palm tree.

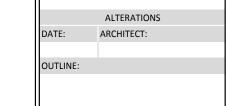




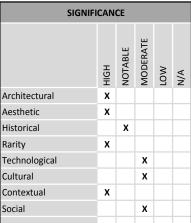
GRADING & PROTECTION



Image: View looking north-east over the garden.



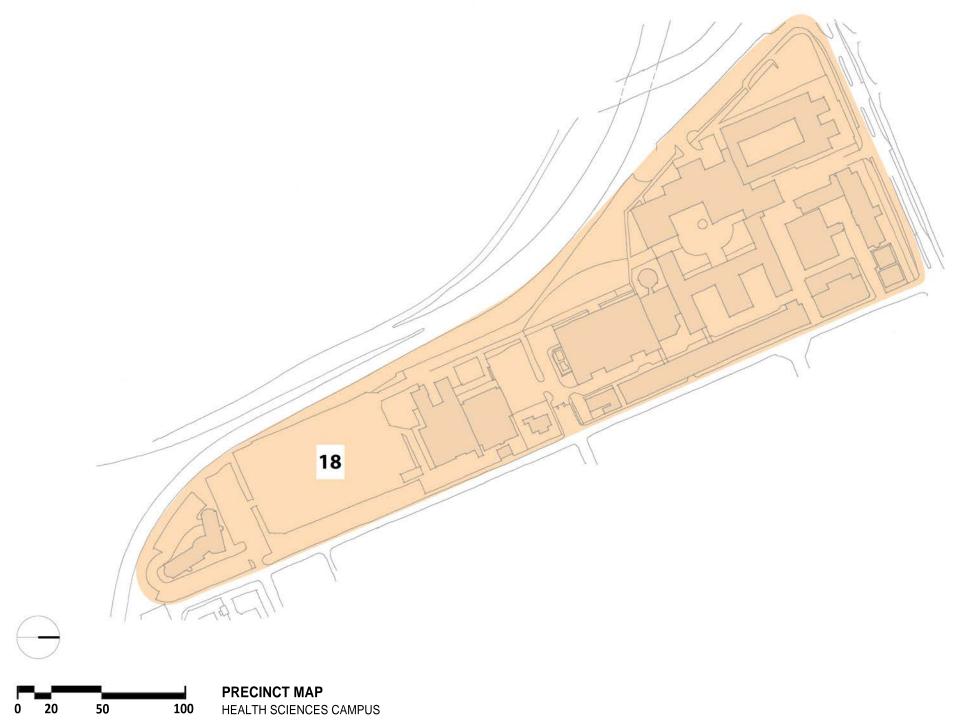
COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

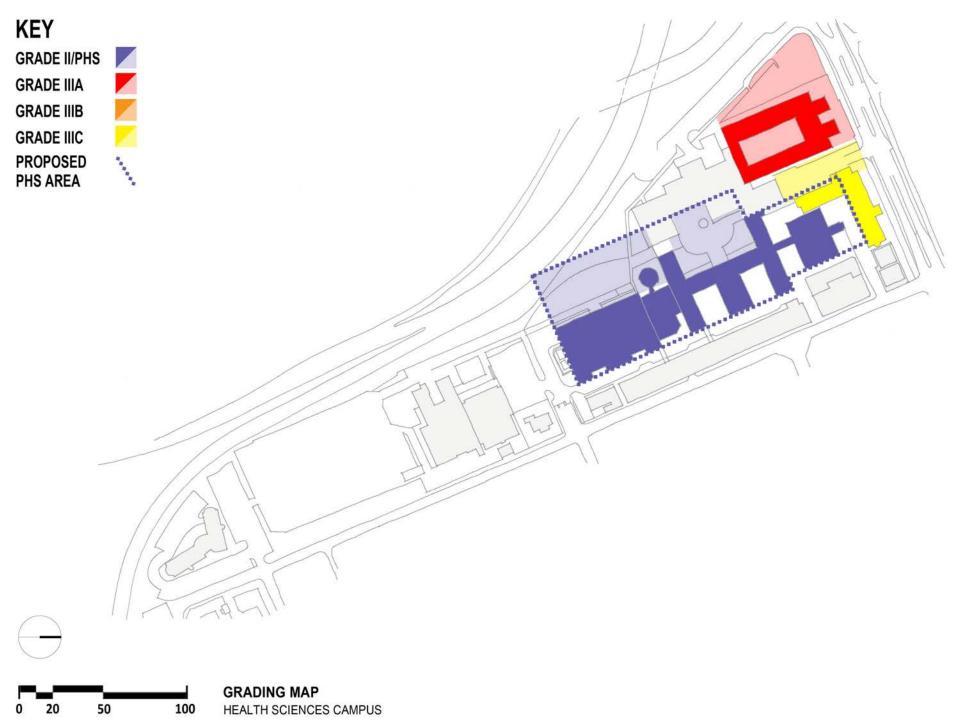


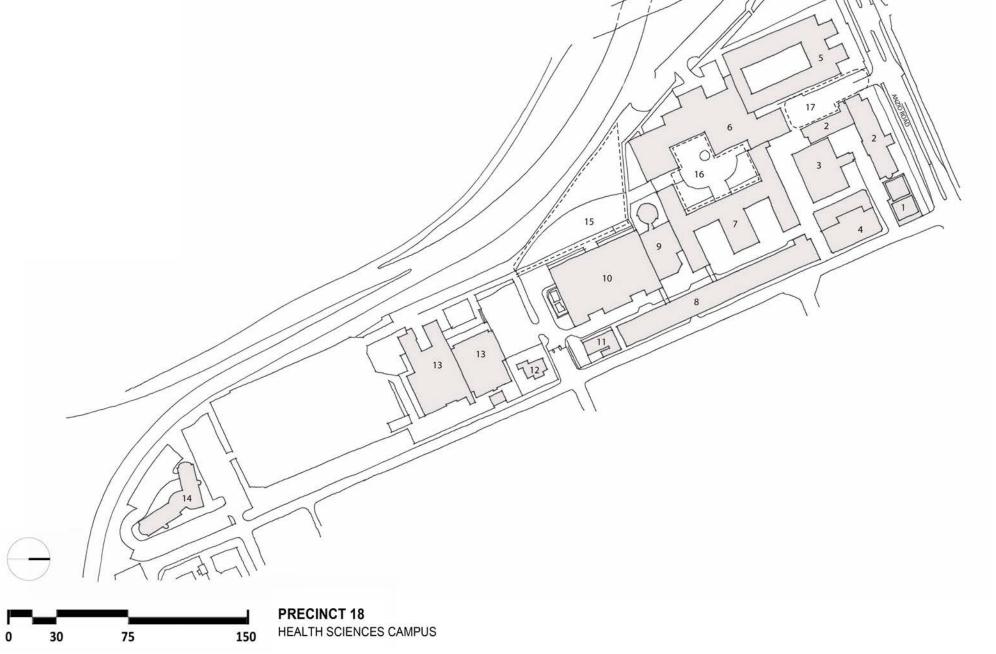
CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: None The front garden areas of Cadbol and Avenue CoCT GRADE c.2000: House together create a fine landscape Grade I and II (Pre-NHRA grading) setting for this significant architectual CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): grouping. The established trees should be Proposed Grade III retained, as should the original boundary ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: wall/fence and other original elements. The landscaping should be improved to recoved Proposed Grade III and enhance the architectural values of the CURRENT CoCT GRADE: complex, and a comprehensive landscape framework and plan should be developed for PROPOSED GRADING: the site. Proposed Grade IIIA DATE: Jan-2016, revised March-2016



Image: View of the mature Ficus trees in the garden.







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ANIMAL HOUSE

BUILDING NAME(S):

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
27432	03120	18.1	Medical	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Anzio Road				

Named after its original use by the animal research committee.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Used by the Institute of Child Health.

ORIGINAL USE:

Used by the animal research committee.

ZONING: Community Zone 2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Simple, square single storey corner building with little architectural articulation and no notable features. Some façade treatement appears to have been recently added.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING
DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

The original exposed brick building with chimney was demolished.

ALTERATIONS

DATE: ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Due to the historic function of this building as a waste facility, it has no associated sociopolitical significance. It has socio-political significance related to the sensitivities around using animals as part of medical research.



Image: View of the Animal House from the intersection of Anzio and Falmouth Roads.

Х

Х

Cultural

Social

Contextual

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

As a single storey, nondescript building, this structure appears squat and disproportionate against the contrasting backdrops of the Medical Library & the Christian Barnard Building. This building has no significance and presents an opportunity for a new development, limited in scale, which will welcome visitors to the campus due to its primary position at the corner of two major thoroughfares surrounding the campus.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

No grading assigned

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT COCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance



Image: Northern elevation of the Animal House along Anzio Road.

MEDICAL LIBRARY

OTHER NAMES: N/A

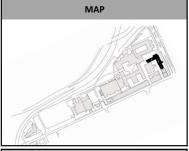
ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
27432	03130	18.2	Medical
CAAADUS ADDDESS			

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

Anzio Road

BUILDING NAME(S):

Named after its function.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Library

ORIGINAL USE:

Library

ZONING: Community Zone 2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Multi-storey 'L' shaped building with a tiled Gambrel roof. Façade presents a variety of window proportions and rythyms (as a result of various alterations) ranging from long, thin vertical windows to a more neo-classical proportion with half-round fanlights. Originally a rectangular building set parallel to Anzio Road, the library underwent considerable alterations in the 1990's, which saw the addition of a new wing to the south west corner, which Thorold identified in his 2001 study of the campus as being intrusive.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING		
DATE: ARCHITECT:		
1951	Thornton Whyte, Price-Lewis & Sturrock	

OUTLINE:

1954 CPIA Merit Award

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
1998	Sturrock, Foale & Robertson
OUTLINE:	

Additional floors added as well as other extensions & alterations. Bridge over Anzio road to Groote Schuur designed by Sturrock Foale & Robertson (date unknown - earlier).

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Given the prestige of some of the former students, staff and resident practitioners of the school, the collection of this Library holds some original content of academic advancements made within medicine, and as a result the Library can be seen to have some level of socio-political significance.



Image: 1970 photograph looking south from Anzio Road by Terrence J. McNally (Thorold et al, 2001: 81).

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Aesthetic Х х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х х Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

Architecturally, this building has been somewhat confused by the awkward additions and alterations made, predominantly in the 1990's. The original late Neo-classical interpretation of the original core building was sensitive to the historic core of the campus, but has since been detracted from. However, the original core is seen to be heritage worthy. The building's function as a library gives it considerably more importance than other buildings constructed on the campus added after Cleland's intervention.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

No grading assigned

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIC, abuts the PHS area.

DATE:

Jan-2016, revised March-2016

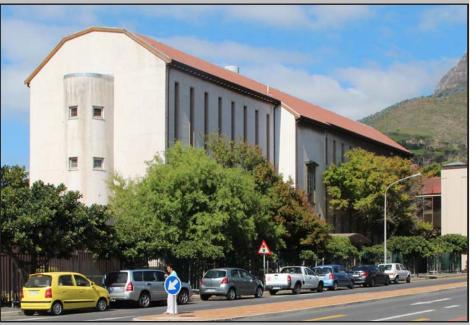


Image: View of the building today, taken from Anzio Road.

MORTUARY BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: J.S. MARAIS BUILDING

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
27432	03140	18.3	Medical	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Anzio Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				
Named after its function.				



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Pathology Library/Exhibition

ORIGINAL USE:

Mortuary

ZONING: Community Zone 2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Part of the original core of the campus, the Mortuary Building & J.S. Marais Surgical Research Laboratory maintain the neoclassical proportioning seen in many of the buildings on Upper Campus, and are part of the original campus layout devised by Cleland. This building is a modestly scaled, singlestorey, rectangular block with articulation and ornamentation limited to the chapel, which projects from the northern elevation.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1926 J. S. Cleland

OUTLINE:

Part of the first outset of building work establishing this campus, which opened in 1927/1928.

ALTERATIONS		
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	
OUTLINE:		

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Dr Christian Barnard and colleagues performed extensive experimental cardiac research here in the early 1960's prior to carrying out the first successful heart transplant in 1967. Prof. John Terblanche (formerly head of surgery) and numerous colleagues, including Stuart Saunders and Rosemary Hickman, undertook extensive experimental liver transplantation research here from the mid 1960's onwards; eventually resulting in successful liver transplant programmes being established at Groote Schuur and Red Cross Hospital (Thorold et al, 2001:62). The building therefore has a high degree of associated academic and social significance.



Image: 1928 Arthur Elliot photograph looking east (Thorold et al, 2001: 65).

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N/A Architectural Х Aesthetic Х Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Х Cultural Contextual Х х Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This building forms part of the historical core of the Medical Campus but has a far simpler Neo-Classical articulation and is not as grand as Cleland's other buildings by virtue of its function. However, it is largely intact and still represents a good example of Neo-Classical architecture within the university typology. Unfortunately, its value within the urban understanding of the campus is largely diminished due to the addition of buildings on almost all sides, which uncomfortably encircle and restrict it, and make it almost impossible to view the structure from the street or any major internal thorougfare.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II Building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed PHS

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Grade II within the PHS area.



Image: Southern elevation of the mortunary, showing the bridge link to Wernher-Beit North.

CHRIS BARNARD BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: SAMIOT

ADDRESS					
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:		
27432	03100	18.4	Medical		
CAMPUS ADDRESS:					
Anzio Road					

BUILDING NAME(S):

Originally the SAMIOT (SA Mining & Industrial Organ Transplant) Building which was renamed in 2001 after Chris Barnard's death.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

The Cape Heart Centre

ORIGINAL USE:

Various medical disciplines

ZONING: Community Zone 2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Modern, Brutalist, monolithic multi-storey building with an exposed brown aggregate façade texture and consistent window repetition. The building presents little interface at street level and has a different external finish on the ground level, which reads as a plinth to the multiple levels above.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1972 F. L. Sturrock & E. M. Foale

Two previous buildings existed on this site before: Animal House (built 1927) & New Animal House (built 1940).

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

ALTERATIONS			
DATE:	ARCHITECT:		

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The building has no other socio-political history besides its namesake. Chris Barnard made medical history on the 3rd December 1967, when he and his medical team at Groote Schuur Hospital transplanted Denise Darvall's heart into Louis Washkansky. It was this, the first successful heart transplant, that was to send him on a trajectory that few medical pioneers were to experience. He captured the imagination and interest of the public worldwide: Life, Time and Newsweek immediately tracked the story. The event brought world-wide acclaim to the Groote Schuur Hospital and UCT Medical School.



Image: View of the northern facade of the building, as seen from Anzio Road.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Aesthetic Х Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Contextual х х Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The building departs from the prevailing architectural and urban typology of the campus. Its Brutalist architectural style and excessive height and monolithic proportions result in its contribution to the campus being damaging and intrusive. The building has no heritage significance and should be reconsidered or replaced in the future in order to create an opportunity to better respond to the historical core of the campus.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al)

Building identified as intrusive

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance



Image: Detail of the corner of the building, with service ducting (eastern elevation along Falmouth Road).

MEDICAL RESIDENCE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
27432	03150	18.5	Medical

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

Anzio Road

BUILDING NAME(S):

Named after its function - previously 'New Men's Hostel'.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Residence & administration

ORIGINAL USE:

Residence

ZONING: Community Zone 2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Sited toward the north-western corner of the campus on rising ground, more recent ad hoc additions like fencing, roadways, parking, etc., have made this building feel isolated from the historic core of the campus, even though it is of good relative scale and architectural articulation. A typologically traditional building, the Residence is a rectangular block with central courtyard, well-proportioned windows, sandstone plinth and red tiled roof. The interior maintains some fine detailing such as teak panelling, moulded ceilings and stained glass windows (Thorold et al, 2001: 75).

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING			
DATE:	ARCHITECT:		
1938	John Perry & Lightfoot		
OUTLINE:			

This was the last building to be built with the original endowment from the government.

ALTERATIONS		
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	
1953	Thornton White, Pryce Lewis & Sturrock	

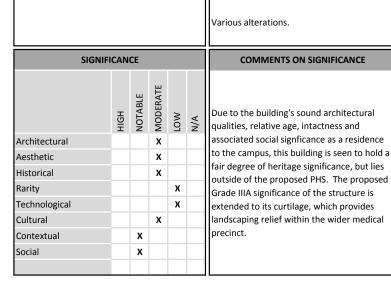
SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Some socio-politcal significance can be assigned to this building given its function as a residence to the medical campus, with notable figures of the medical fraternity having resided here during their time as students.



Image: View of the Medical Residence building from Anzio Road





OUTLINE:

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al)

Proposed Grade IIIC

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIA, abuts the PHS area



Image: View of the courtyard in the Medical Residence.

BARNARD FULLER

Named after Barnard Fuller.

OTHER NAMES: AMENITIES BUILDING

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
27432	03070	18.6	Medical	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Anzio Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Predominantly administrative

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Community Zone 2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This building is an agglomeration of functionalist infill and connectiong structures, plugged around and between Werner & Beit North, the Mortuary, the Library and the Medical Residence. The structures are of tooled ochre facebrick and angular, precast, brown exposed aggregate panels forming planters on the roof with terracing and flat roofs partially concealed by indigineous shrubbery. The building is well concealed when approached or viewed along the freeway; however, when seen while on the campus, it is incongruous and somewhat Brutalist within the precinct (Thorold et al, 2001: 8).

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:
c1981 Sturrock, Foale & Robertson
OUTLINE:

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Edward Barnard Fuller (1868-1946) was chairman of the UCT Council (1938-1945). Barnard Fuller founded the UCT Medical School in 1912. He was President of Convocation up to the time of his death in 1946. For many years he was a lecturer in Clinical Surgery at the university and during his latter years he established the Department of Urology at the hospital. In 1940 the university awarded him an honorary Doctorate of Laws. Through his work, the UCT medical school was established as the first medical school in Southern Africa.



Image: View of the entrance to the Barnard Fuller Building from the Anzio Road forecourt.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Aesthetic Х Х Historical Rarity Technological Х Х Cultural Contextual х Х Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This building has no heritage significance and while it is not visually intrusive, it has largely detracted from the importance of the western forecourt & celebrated entrance of the Werner & Beit North Block. Further, the intentional east-west axis set up by Cleland in the placement of the Werner & Beit North Block has been obscured by the sprawling nature of this building. The reconfiguration of hard and soft landscaping may aid to mitigate this effect; however, the careful reconsideration of the footprint of this building would further mitigate its impact on the historical core of this campus.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

East facing façade identified as intrusive

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT COCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance, abuts the PHS area

DATE: Jan-2016, revised March-2016





Image: Detail of the textured aggregate panels (L) and junction of old and new buildings (R).

WERNHER - BEIT NORTH

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
27432	03080	18.7	Medical

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

Anzio Road

BUILDING NAME(S):

Money from the Wernher-Beit trust was used for the initial construction undertaken at Upper Campus (Phillips, 1993:145).



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Faculty of Health Sciences

ORIGINAL USE:

Pathology, bacteriology and the Dean's office.

ZONING: Co

Community Zone 2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Part of the original core of the campus, the Wernher-Beit buildings maintain the Neo-Classical proportions as seen in many of the buildings on Upper Campus. This multi-storey, H-shaped building with additional central wing is largely intact contributes to the red tiled roofscape of the historical core of the campus

SIGNIFICANCE

MODERATE

LOW

NOTABLE

Х

Х

Х

X

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1926/27 J. S. Cleland/PWD

Medical campus moved to its current position in 1927/1928 - assuming the buildings were constructed shortly before then (Phillips, 2003: 339).

ALTERATIONS
DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Both Wernher and Beit were benefactors of UCT during the 19th Century, Upon Alfred Beit's death in 1906, the Beit Trust was formed, with a bequest for the establishment of an educational institution in Johannesburg within 10 years. Fortunately for UCT, dragging of feet to the north led to the nonutilisation of the beguest, and the Chancellor of UCT instead persuaded Alfred's brother Otto, together with Wernher, to instead jointly establish a Medical School at UCT. This building is therefore named in both of their honour. The building has academic significance as the location of research that has greatly influenced the practice of medicine in South Africa.

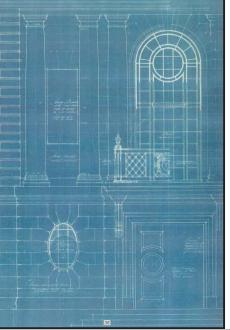




Image: Left- 1922 detail elevation drawing by Cleland (Thorold, 2001: 36); Right-1927 Elliot photograph of a teaching laboratory (Thorold, 2001: 41).



Image: Detail of the western facade of the building.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The building is a fine Neo-Classical structure, the work of accomplished PWD architect J. S. Cleland, and forms the historic core of the Medical Campus. It has an associated degree of landmark significance, although this is somewhat diluted by the more recent surrounding building and landscape additions.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II Building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed PHS

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II within the PHS area

DATE: Jan-2016

Jan-2016, revised March-2016

Technological X Cultural X Contextual X Social X

Architectural

Aesthetic

Historical

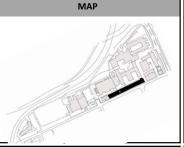
Rarity

FALMOUTH BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
27432	03090	18.8	Medical	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Falmouth Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				

Named after the street along which it is located.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Various medical disciplines

ORIGINAL USE:

Pathology

significance.

ZONING: Community Zone 2

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY This building has a limited degree of social



Image: View of the eastern facade of the building, along Falmouth Road.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Long and thin multi-storey (modernist) building that parallels Falmouth Road. Vertical articulation of the facade with the use of continuous vertical steel windows. Dutch hipped roof with tiled finish.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

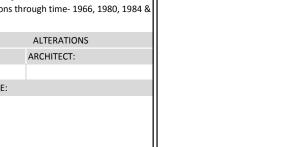
DATE: ARCHITECT: Thornton Whyte, Price-Lewis 1952 & Sturrock

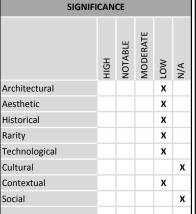
OUTLINE:

Has undergone numerous additions and extensions through time- 1966, 1980, 1984 & 1993.

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:





COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The building departs from the prevailing architectural and urban typology of the campus. Its long and narrow footprint, coupled with its excessive height, result in its contribution to the campus being damaging and intrusive. The building straddles the eastern side of the historical core, which has resulted in a plethora of awkward service spaces and access routes along this edge. The building has no heritage significance and should be altered or replaced in the future to No grading assigned provide a new development opportunity that could better respond to the historical core of the campus.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Building identified as intrusive

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance



Image: View of the southern facade of the building, also showing its length along Falmouth Road.

WOLFSON PAVILION

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
27432	03050	18.9	Medical	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Anzio Road				
DITTI DING NAME(C).				

BUILDING NAME(S): Named after the benefactors of the building.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Institute of Infectious Disease & Molecular Medicine

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Community Zone 2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Circular, glazed and louvred pavilion 'insert' between Wernher-Beit North and South buildings. The pavilion sits delicately between the two buildings, which are part of the historic core of the campus, and defines itself as a contrasting, contemporary structure with a clear presentation of modern building technologies.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 2005/06 Fagan Architects with MLH OUTLINE:

SAIA National Merit Award 2006.

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The Wolfson Foundation is a UK-based charity that was established in 1955 by Sir Isaac and Lady Wolfson, and their son Leonard (the Foundation's Chairman from 1972 until his death in 2010). The Foundation aims to support excellence through the funding infrastructure in the fields of science, medicine, health, education, the arts and humanities. The Wolfson Foundation has given large gifts to UCT (over R25 million), primarily in the field of Medical Science. The building is named in their honour.



Image: Junction between the Wolfsohn Pavilion and Wernher-Beit North.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N/A Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Х Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Wolfson Pavilion has significance in being among one of the only buildings across all the campuses that clearly and intentionally departs from the prevailing university building typology found at UCT. It is notable for the way in which it sits sensitively between two of the primary buildings comprising the historic core of the campus without jeopardising heritage fabric or the north-south axis established when the campus was first laid out. In this regard, it has set a precedent for later buildings of this scale and positioning on the campus.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): N/A

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II within a PHS area

DATE:

Jan-2016, revised March-2016





Image: View of the pavilion (L) and detail of the glass and shutter system (R).

WERNHER-BEIT SOUTH

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
27432	03040	18.10	Medical

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

Anzio Road

BUILDING NAME(S):

Money from the Wernher-Beit trust was used for the initial construction undertaken at Upper Campus (Phillips, 1993:145).



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Faculty of Health Sciences

ORIGINAL USE:

Anatomy and Physiology

ZONING: Community Zone 2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Part of the original core of the campus, the Wernher-Beit buildings maintain the Neo-Classical proportions as seen in many of the buildings on Upper Campus. This multi-storey, courtyard building is largely intact and contributes to the red tiled roofscape of the historical core of the campus. This building retains its visual link to Devil's Peak, which was a major informat in the original siting of structures on this campus, that was unfortunately negatively impacted upon by the construction of the "Hospital Bend" freeway.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: c1928 J. S. Cleland/PWD

Medical campus moved to its current position in 1927/1928 - assuming the buildings were constructed shortly before then (Phillips, 2003: 339).

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT: Various - see below.

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

1941/2 extensions to wings, 1945 extensions to eastern façade, all by Thornton-White & Partners. 1969 alterations by E. M. Foale.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Both Wernher and Beit were benefactors of UCT during the 19th Century, Upon Alfred Beit's death in 1906, the Beit Trust was formed, with a bequest for the establishment of an educational institution in Johannesburg within 10 years. Fortunately for UCT, dragging of feet to the north led to the nonutilisation of the bequest, and the Chancellor of UCT instead persuaded Alfred's brother Otto, together with Wernher, to instead jointly establish a Medical School at UCT. This building is therefore named in both of their honour. The building has academic significance as the location of research that has greatly influenced the practice of medicine in South Africa.

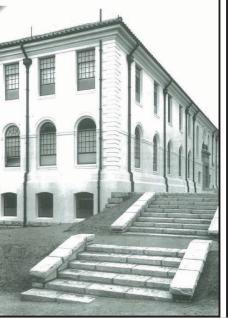




Image: Left- 1928 Elliot photograph of the block (Thorold, 2001: 55); Right- entrance (Thorold 2001: 56).



Image: View of the western facade.

SIGNIFICANCE COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE

LOW

The building is a fine Neo-Classical structure, the work of accomplished PWD architect J. S. Cleland, and forms the historic core of the Medical Campus. It has an associated degree of landmark significance, particularly its primary western facade, although the landmark qualities of its other facades are somewhat diluted by the more recent alterations and additions, as well as inappropriate surrounding building and landscape additions, as well as the highway.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Proposed Grade II Building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed PHS

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II within the PHS area

DATE:

Jan-2016, revised March-2016

Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х х Social

Architectural

Aesthetic

Historical

Rarity

NOTABLE

Х

Х

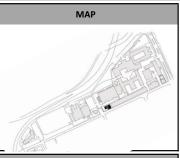
Х

X

MAINTENANCE WORKSHOP BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: HEALTH ECONOMICS UNIT

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
27432	03030	18.11	Medical	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Anzio Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Ancillary functions supporting the overall campus. ORIGINAL USE:

Residential

ZONING: Community Zone 2

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING

ARCHITECT:

Unknown

DATE:

c1930s

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building has no notable socio-political history.

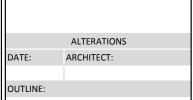


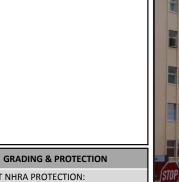
Image: View of the maintenance workshop, taken from Falmouth Road.

Workshop Building appears to have originally been a residential structure. This building looks to have been two semi-detached units, which have subsequently been altered to serve as one building, dating to the 1930s. The roof appears to be original, however the overall structure is much altered and does not have any apparent heritage value.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Similar to Braemar Cottage, the Maintenance





(\$100)		
	200000	

Image: View of the building from the west, looking eastwards towards Falmouth Road.

SIGNIFICANCE					
	HIGH	NOTABLE	MODERATE	row	N/A
Architectural				Х	
Aesthetic				Х	
Historical					Х
Rarity				Х	
Technological				Х	
Cultural				Х	
Contextual				Х	
Social				Х	

This building has no heritage significance. It does, however, form part of the "gateway" to the campus from Falmouth Road, and any re-development should be cognisant of this broader role.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

CoCT GRADE c.2000: No grading assigned CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): No grading assigned ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: No grading assigned CURRENT CoCT GRADE: No grading assigned PROPOSED GRADING: No heritage significance

Jan-2016, revised March-2016

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

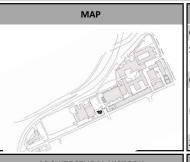
None

DATE:

BRAEMAR COTTAGE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
27432	03160	18.12	Medical	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Anzio Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				
Original n	ame of the re	esidence		



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Shawco Head Office/ ICTS Office/ Student Health & Wellness ORIGINAL USE:

Residential (possibly caretaker's residence)

ZONING: Communal Zone 2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Single-storey building with a hipped & Marseilles tiled roof and projecting eaves. Originally built as a residence (possibly for a caretaker/campus supervisor) and is now used for ancillary purposes by the University. It maintains well-proportioned timber casement windows and a continuous plaster band string-course above the windows.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: c1930 Unknown OUTLINE:

Many ad hoc alterations have been undertaken to the surrounding ancillary workshop buildings and as a result these are not coherent with the cottage itself.

ALTERATIONS

DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building has limited socio-historic significance.



Image: View of the northern facade of Braemar Cottage.

SIGNIFICANCE					
	HIGH	NOTABLE	MODERATE	ГОМ	N/A
Architectural				Х	
Aesthetic				Х	
Historical				Х	
Rarity				Х	
Technological				Х	
Cultural					Х
Contextual				Х	
Social				Х	

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

Braemar cottage is somewhat incongruous within the current campus context; overwhelmed and at odds with the adjacent massive, Brutalist and over scaled multistorey institutional buildings (Thorold et al, 2001:78). In keeping with Thorold's opinion in his 2001 report, this building has very limited significance and presents an opportunity for re-development at a moderate scale.

GRADING & PROTECTION
CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:
None
CoCT GRADE c.2000:
No grading assigned
CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):
No grading assigned
ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:
No grading assigned
CURRENT CoCT GRADE:
No grading assigned
PROPOSED GRADING:
No heritage significance

Jan-2016, revised March-2016

DATE:

ANATOMY BUILDING

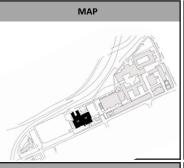
OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
27432/ 27431-0-1	03010	18.13	Medical	

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

Anzio Road

BUILDING NAME(S):



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Anatomy and Cell Biology, Genetics, Pharmacology, Community Health and associated spaces.

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: Utility Zone/Community Zone 2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Appears to be two different buildings, due to the fact that it leaked severely after construction, and eventually acquired a whole second skin of facebrick in order to solve the problem. Neverthless, the seemingly "two part structure" was built at one time, holds the same function and is connected internally. Both sections of the structure are monolithic in nature and do not have any notable architectural merit. They are both extruded rectangular blocks of varying heights, with few windows/ openings, flat roofs and multiple floors. Their height is excessive when considering them in relation to the rest of the campus. By virtue of their position, they are somewhat disjointed from the campus and visually intrusive.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: c1970 Thornton White & Partners OUTLINE:

ALTERATIONS

1974, 1987 and 1993 alterations and

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building houses the Department of Anatomy, and thus has a degree of social significance by virtue of this use. It certainly has a high degree of academic, scientific and technological significance by virtue of its function.



Image: View of the Anatomy Building from the north, along Falmouth Road.



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The building departs from the prevailing

architectural and urban typology of the

campus. Its Brutalist architectural style and

its excessive height results in its contribution

to the campus being damaging and intrusive.

The building has no heritage significance and represents a significant development

opportunity, as replacement/re-

respond to the campus context.

development could both densify the

accommodation provided and better

additions.





Image: The southern elevation of the building.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Aesthetic Х Historical х Rarity Х Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual Х Social Х

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Identified as an intrusive building

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT COCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

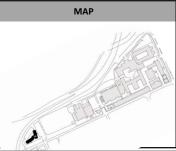
PROPOSED GRADING:

No heritage significance

BOEHRINGER INGELHEIM LUNG INSTITUTE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

		,		
ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
28365	03190	18.14	Medical	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Falmouth Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				
Named af	fter the benef	actors of t	he building.	



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

Educational/ Reasearch Facility

ORIGINAL USE:

_

ZONING: General Residential 4

No heritage significance

Jan-2016, revised March-2016

DATE:

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Multi-storey, modern building with no notable features. Splayed 'V' shaped footprint with the main, glazed entrance located at the corner. Positioned on the southern-most tip of the campus, the building is in no way integrated with the remainder of the campus and is physcially separated from the other campus buildings by a large parking area.

Social



SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Boehringer Ingelheim is a German-founded pharmaceuticals company, known for its significant contribution to education and development within medicine. The company provided the funding for this building, which is named in their honour.

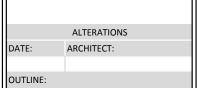




Image: View of the building from Settler's Way (source: Google Earth).

SIGNIFICANCE **COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE GRADING & PROTECTION** CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: MODERATE None NOTABLE CoCT GRADE c.2000: LOW No grading assigned Architectural Х CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Due to this building's relative age and Х Aesthetic No grading assigned isolation from the remainder of the campus Historical Х ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: precinct, it is deemed to have no heritage Х No grading assigned Rarity sigificance. Technological Х CURRENT CoCT GRADE: Cultural No grading assigned Contextual Х PROPOSED GRADING:



Image: View of the northern elevation of the building.

EXTERNAL SPACE 18.15

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
27432	-	18.15	Medical	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Anzio Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				
N/A				

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This space is a gently sloped, lawned area that

creates the primary visual forecourt into the

campus from the highway. The space is defined by historic and modern architecture to

the east, namely the Wolfson Pavillion and Wernher Beit South. The space is additionally activated by being the primary entrance into the Wolfson Pavillion, which in turn permits access into Wernher Beit North and South. It

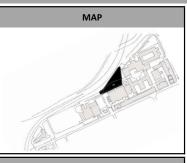
is the only green space on the campus and

allows the Wernher-Beit South building to

unfortunately negatively impacted upon by the construction of the "Hospital Bend"

freeway.

retain its visual link to Devil's Peak, which was a major informat in the original siting of structures on this campus, that was



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Open space **ORIGINAL USE:** Open space

Community Zone 2

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: OUTLINE: **ALTERATIONS** DATE: ARCHITECT: OUTLINE:

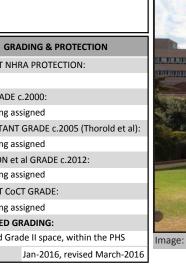
COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This space has limited socio-political history.

ZONING:



Image: View across the space, taken from Hospital Bend highway (source: Google Earth).





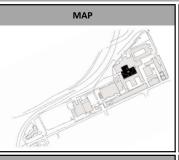
SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE LOW N/A NOTABLE Architectural Х Aesthetic Х Х Historical Rarity Technological Х Cultural Contextual х Social Х

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: None CoCT GRADE c.2000: No grading assigned The public image of the Medical/Health CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Sciences Campus is largely due to the view of No grading assigned the buildings afforded by this green, open forecourt space. It is worthy of preservation ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: as an open space, but its careful landscaping No grading assigned could greatly enhance the role of the space **CURRENT COCT GRADE:** on the campus. No grading assigned PROPOSED GRADING: Proposed Grade II space, within the PHS Jan-2016, revised March-2016 DATE:

EXTERNAL SPACE 18.16

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
27432	-	18.16	Medical	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Anzio Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				
N/A				



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Open space ORIGINAL USE: Open space

ZONING:	Community Zone 2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This space serves as the main public space within the campus. The space is well defined by the buildings around the periphery.

Although some of the later buildings respond poorly to the space, the space is well-edged and well-defined. It is currently paved and landscaped in a rather ad hoc way, and could be improved through careful landscape interventions.



	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This quadrangle is traditionally where the final Medical School results have been announced and celebrated. It also memorialises all former Medical School Deans with benches and trees established in their memory.



Image: View of the courtyard space, looking westwards towards the Barnard Fuller Building.



Image: Detail image of the central tree, with the formal entrance to Wernher-Beit North beyond.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Aesthetic Historical Х Х Rarity Technological Cultural Х Contextual Х Х Social

This space provides a "heart" to the Medical Campus. It represents a significant development opportunity, as its proper planning and landscaping could better respond to the campus context and provide much-needed social space on the campus, as well as flexible space for exhibiting, teaching and learning.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

None CoCT GRADE c.2000: No grading assigned CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): No grading assigned ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: No grading assigned CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II space, within the PHS

DATE: Jan-2016, revised March-2016

EXTERNAL SPACE 18.17

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
27432	-	18.17	Medical	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Anzio Road				
BUILDING NAME(S):				
N/A				

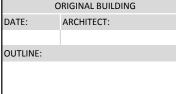


USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE: Entrance forecourt ORIGINAL USE: Entrance forecourt

ZONING: Community Zone 2

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This space serves as the main entrance forecourt into the campus. The Jammie Shuttle stops here, and it flanks two of the most "public" buildings of the campus - the library space and the formal entrance. The space is defined by historic architecture around the periphery, namely the core Library building and the Medical Residence Building. Although the buildings themselves often respond poorly to the space (the entrances into the forecourt have been closed), the space is well-edged and well-defined. It is the location of several mature and wellestablished Ficus trees.



ALTERATIONS

ARCHITECT:

DATE:

OUTLINE:

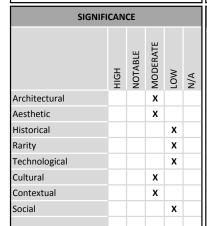
SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This open space has limited socio-historical significance.





Image: View of the landscaping in the space (L) and old entrance to the Medical Residence (R).



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This space provides a forecourt to the campus. It represents a significant development opportunity, as its proper planning and landscaping could better respond to the campus context and provide much-needed social space on the campus, as well as a flexible interface space for exhibiting, teaching and learning.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

No grading assigned

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

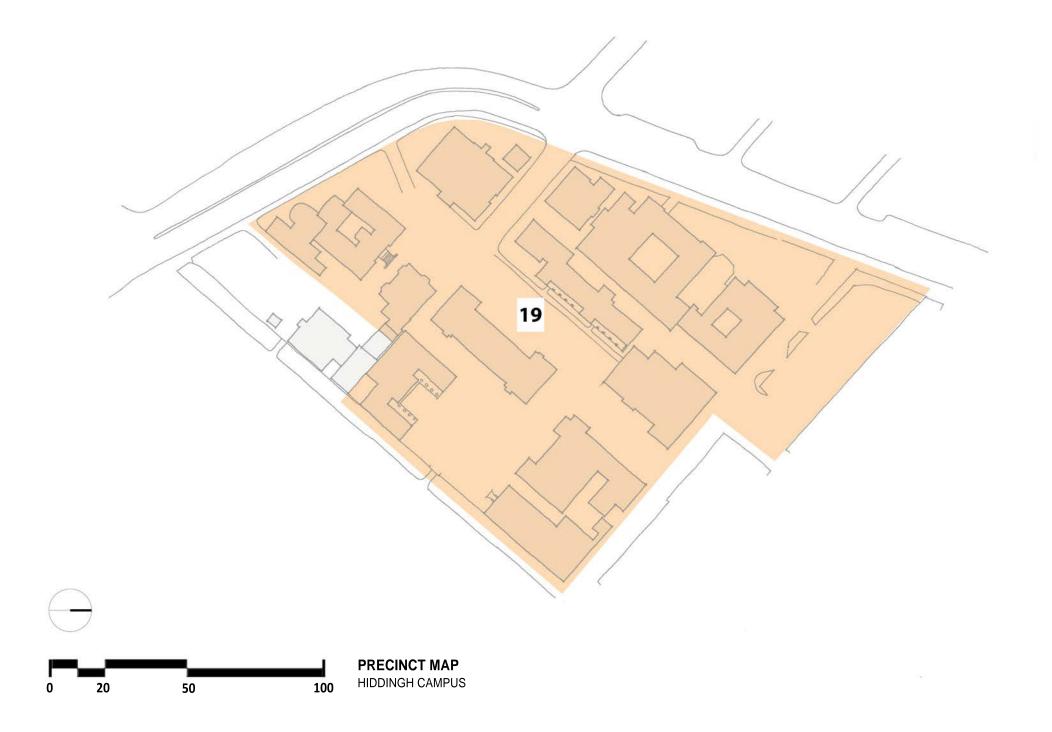
PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIC space

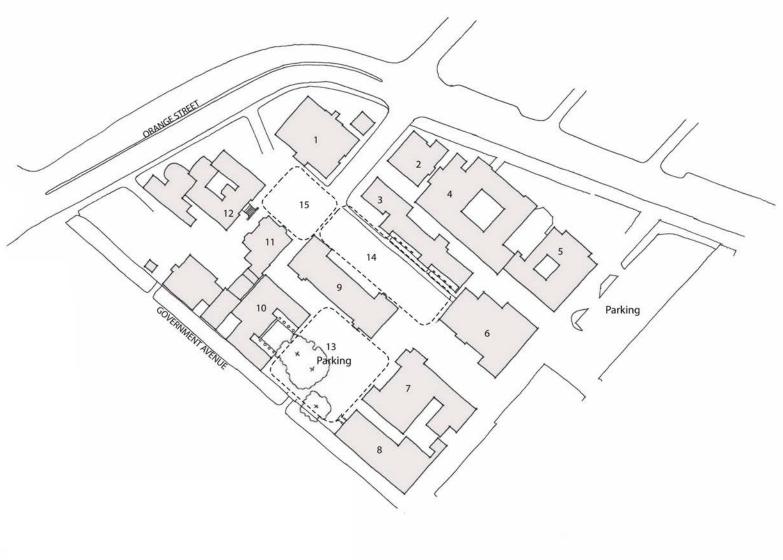
Jan-2016, revised March-2016 DATE:

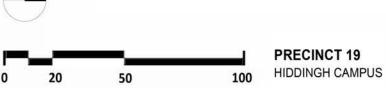


Image: View of the space from Anzio Road.









MICHAELIS

OTHER NAMES: SCHOOL OF FINE ART

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
95144	04010	19.1	Hiddingh	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Orange Street, Gardens				
BUILDING NAME(S):				



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

School of Fine Art

ORIGINAL USE:

Natural Sciences Block - Departments of Zoology and Botany (Ritchie: Vol II, p.481).

ZONING: General Residential 4

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

A 3 storey building with an attic, block-shaped in plan, and built entirely of stone, with a rusticated finish up until first-floor level. The projecting portico section in the facade is topped at roof level by a segmental pediment Another interesting feature of the building is the glazed bricks that have the appearance of white tiles, along the staircase, and the staircase itself, which is of pre-cast concrete treads. This building, with its fine art and painting studios, originally housed the departments of zoology and botany, and was designed by Herbert Baker. The building is encircled by an historic palisade fence along the street boundaries, which allow for visual connection between the campus and the street.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING		
ATE:	ARCHITECT:	
905	Baker & Masey	
UTLINE:		

ALTERATIONS		
DATE:	ARCHITECT:	
OUTLINE:		

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Previous structure on the site, 'Cottage Oakville', was demolished in 1904. During the two world wars buildings on Hiddingh Campus, including this one and Hiddingh Hall, were occupied by the South African Defence Force. The building is named after Sir Maximillian Michaelis (1860- 1932), who made a financial contribution of £20000 to the University. In 1913, he presented the Union of South Africa with a collection of Dutch and Flemish Old Masters, which later formed the Michaelis Collection. In accordance with his interest in the arts, he endowed the Chair of Fine Arts at UCT in 1920. In 1923 he was awarded an honorary Doctor of Laws by UCT.

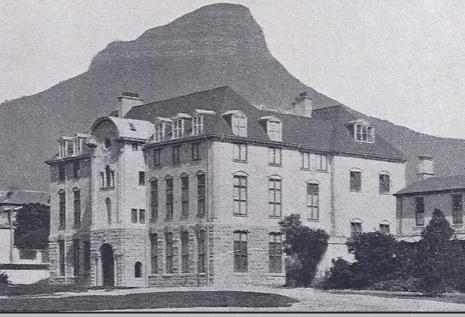


Image: Photograph taken in 1905 with Lion's Head in the background (Ritchie, 1918-Vol. II: 481).

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Aesthetic X Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual х х Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Michaelis Building, by Baker and Masey, is part of the core academic building that occurred on Hiddingh Campus in the early 1900s, and strongly contributes to the architectural character of the campus. Further, the building contributes to the aesthetic qualities of the campus. It was designed by notable architects, and is of fine materials and crasftmanship (especially notable is its fine stonework). In its design, the building exhibits Arts and Crafts elements. It is one of five buildings designed in close proximity (and during a short period of time) by Baker and Masey on the campus.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al)

CONSOLIANT GRADE C.2005 (Moroid CCC

Hiddingh Campus not assessed

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade III Building

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II within the PHS area

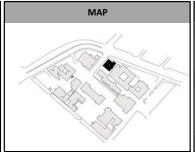


Image: Photograph taken from a similar angle to the image above (looking west).

GRAPHIC DESIGN BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: PRINT BUILDING

ADDRESS				
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
95148	04020	19.2	Hiddingh	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Orange Street, Gardens				
BUILDING NAME(S):				



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Department of Graphic Design.

ORIGINAL USE:

ZONING: General Residential 4

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Double storey building of plastered brickwork under hipped slate roof with decorative eaves brackets and six-pane sliding sashes. The building has a stone-framed arched entrance facing onto Orange Street.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: Unknown Unknown OUTLINE:

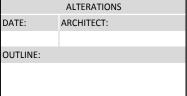
ALTERATIONS
ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building was likely constructed to accommodate students of SACS as the school expanded, and prior to its relocation to its new Newlands campus in the 1950s. Ritchie's 1918 history of the campus does not deal with the construction of this building (presumably it was constructed after the book was published).



Image: Looking across Orange Street towards the building and the primary entrance onto the campus.



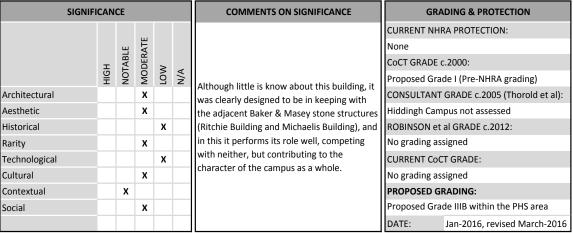


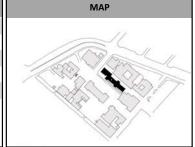


Image: Primary facade and former pedestrian entrance as seen from Orange Street.

QUAD BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
95146	04110	19.3	Hiddingh
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Orange Street, Gardens			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Michaelis Galleries
PREVIOUS USE:

Mathematics & History Departments

ORIGINAL USE:

College residence dormitory, janitor's

ZONING: General Residential 4

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

A long plastered brickwork building, dating from 1873, and is largely single storey under pitched roof, aside from two forward-projecting two-storied sections and the southern-most section. It has hood-moulds over sash windows, and a simple timber veranda between the projecting wings. The interior has been dramatically altered in order to create the white-walled space befitting a gallery.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1873 Baker

OUTLINE:

Very old parts of the original building appear on Snow's survey of 1862. It appears that the current building incorporates parts of the original structure.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building is the second oldest university building, and originally served as student residences and later as the Departments of History and Mathematics (Ritchie, 1918: 209). The building has academic significance as the location of the public exhibition of the work of many notable graduates associated with the campus.



Image: Photograph c1900 of the south east facade of the building (Ritchie, 1918-Vol.II: 209).



Image: View along the primary, east-facing elevation.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Aesthetic Х Historical Х Х Rarity Technological Х Х Cultural Contextual Х Х Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This structure is valuable for its typical Victorian exterior, although its overall integrity is somewhat compromised by later alterations. It has historical significance due to its age (it is the second-oldest university building) and cultural significance related to its use as a gallery space.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Hiddingh Campus not assessed

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade III Building

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No current grading

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIA within the PHS area

RITCHIE BUILDING

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
	04030	19.4	Hiddingh
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Orange Street, Gardens			
BUILDING NAME(S):			

Was originally called 'College School' (Ritchie: p.343).

MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Arena Theatre, Fine Arts.

ORIGINAL USE:

This building was home to SACS from 1896 to 1960

ZONING: General Residential 4

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Originally the SAC High School building, the Ritchie Building faces outwards towards Orange Street, where its triumphal arch-like portico is embelished with stone carving. It is a solid stone building with an arcaded courtyard layout. Its façade is flanked by curvilinear gable projections, with a row of arched windows running between on the second-storey. Its hipped roof is clad with slates and it is topped by a decorative turret/lantern similar to that seen on the Old Medical School Building. The former school hall has been repurposed and is now the Arena Theatre, an experimental space that can OUTLINE: seat 70 to 100 people. The boundary treatment along Orange Street allows for a positive visual interface with the street.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 1896-1912 Baker & Masey OUTLINE:

The Rosedale property was purchased in 1894 and this building was constructed in four phases (Ritchie, 1918: 338).

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Named after William Ritchie (1854-1931), a classical scholar and educationist. He was appointed Professor of Classics at the South African College in 1882. Ritchie remained a dominant figure in classics at SAC/UCT until his retirement in 1929. During his 20 years at the SAC, he formed, with P.D Hahn and C. E Lewis, a triumvirate that guided the fortunes of the College through hardships. Ritchie was Secretary (and later vice-chairman) of the College Senate. After 1918, he served on the Council of UCT and was Dean of the Faculty of Arts until his retirement. He took a leading role in the founding of the South African College of Music in 1909. He held an honorary D. Litt. conferred upon him by UCT

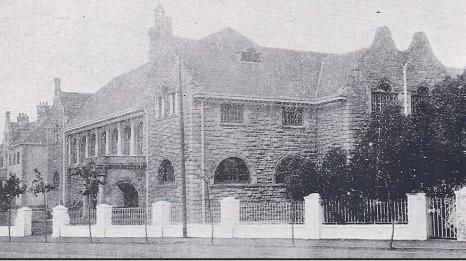
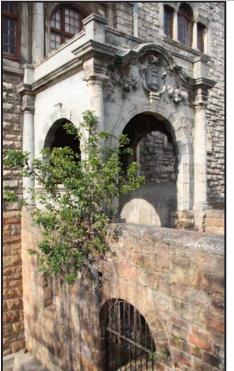
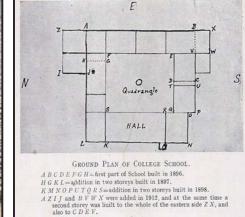


Image: Photograph of the Ritchie Building taken in 1917 (Ritchie, 1918-Vol.II: 353).





SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Aesthetic х Х Historical Х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual х х Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Ritchie Building, by Baker and Masey, is part of the core academic building that occurred on Hiddingh Campus in the early 1900s, and strongly contributes to the architectural character of the campus. The building contributes to the aesthetic qualities of the campus, particularly along Orange Street. It was designed by notable architects, and is of fine materials and crasftmanship (especially notable is its stonework). It is one of five buildings designed in close proximity (and during a short period of time) by Baker and Masey on the campus.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Hiddingh Campus not assessed

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade III Building

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II within the PHS area

DATE: Jan-2016, revised March-2016

Image: Embellished, unused entrance off Orange Street (L); Phasing plan (R) (Ritchie, 1918-Vol.II: 343).

ROSEDALE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS:				
95147	04040	19.5	Hiddingh	
CAMPLIC ADDRECC.				

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

Orange Street, Gardens

BUILDING NAME(S):

This building has always been named "Rosedale".

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

A three-storey structure with rusticated stone base, stone quoining, and pitched slate roof with dormers, the structure is very much in the Cape Dutch Revival Style favoured by Baker at the time, and seen in many of his most accomplished works. The centralised Cape Dutch style gables on all sides attest most directly to this, as do the sash windows with shutters. Although the internal spaces have been altered as generations of scholars and students lived in the building, several spaces retain their original materials and detailing, such as fireplaces with tiled surrounds, and so on. The boundary treatment along Orange Street establishes a positive visual interface between campus and street.

MAP

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

Baker and Masey

ARCHITECT:

Designed in 1899 and completed in 1902

(Ritchie: 394). It replaced a double storey,

parapetted Georgian townhouse structure

ALTERATIONS

(see photograph on page 347 of Ritchie).

ARCHITECT:

DATE:

1902

DATE:

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Drama Department and Photography.

ORIGINAL USE:

Boarding house for scholars, and later the Faculty of Law.

ZONING:

General Residential 4

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Rosedale property was purchased in November 1894. It was bought by the South African College Council for £5 750 to ease accommodation problems for SACS boarders. It remained in use as a boarding house until the transfer of SACS to Newlands in 1960, and while in use, the SACS scholars shared the accommodation with their older, university-going contemporaries. Thereafter it was taken over by UCT. Rosedale was the name of the building upon acquisition, and the structure has retained this name to this day (Ritchie, 1918: 338).



Image: Photograph taken in 1917 of the newly rebuilt Rosedale Building (Ritchie, 1918-Vol.II: 349).

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Aesthetic Х Х Historical х Rarity Technological Х Х Cultural Contextual Х х Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Rosedale Building, by Baker and Masey, is part of the core academic building that occurred on Hiddingh Campus in the early 1900s, and strongly contributes to the architectural character of the campus. Further, the building contributes to both the aesthetic and spatial qualities of the campus along Orange Street. It was designed by notable architects, and is of fine materials and crasftmanship (especially notable is its fine stonework). In its design, the building is a remaining example of the Cape Dutch Revival Style.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Hiddingh Campus not assessed

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade III Building

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No current grading

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II within the PHS area



Image: Primary facade facing onto Orange Street (north-west orientation).

COMMERCE BUILDING

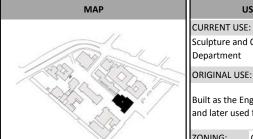
OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
95146 & 38	04050	19.6	Hiddingh	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Orange Street, Gardens				
BUILDING NAME(S):				

Named for the period where it housed the Department of Commerce (c1930 - 1978).

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Built in 1906, with Queenstown sandstone on the outside and red bricks on the inside, this building's interesting architectural features include the cathedral-like drawing office on the upper floor, with its high ceilings and exposed timber trusses. The ground floor toilets and passages are faced with special white glazed bricks, and the concrete staircase is made of interlocked pre-cast treads. The central gable over the projecting entrance portico makes a grand entrance, but this is somewhat lost to the campus as a whole, being located, and facing into, in a 'dead end' road between the Little Theatre Workshop and Natural History Museum.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

Sculpture and Ceramic Studios, Drama Department

ORIGINAL USE:

Built as the Engineering Building/Laboratory, and later used for Commerce

ZONING: General Residential 4

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The building was designed by Herbert Baker's architecture firm, and originally housed the Faculty of Engineering. After the engineering faculty left Hiddingh for Upper Campus, the Faculty of Commerce took occupation until 1978, when the Fine Arts students moved in. Together with the Old Medical School, the raked timber lecture hall is a remarkable ermaining example of classroom conversion and modernisation at that time, and should be preserved.

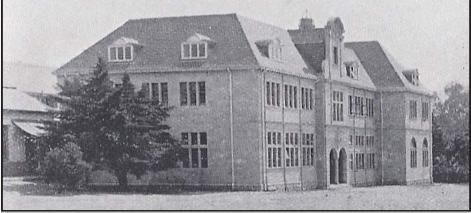


Image: Photograph taken in 1905 of the Commerce Building (Ritchie, 1918-Vol.II: 485).

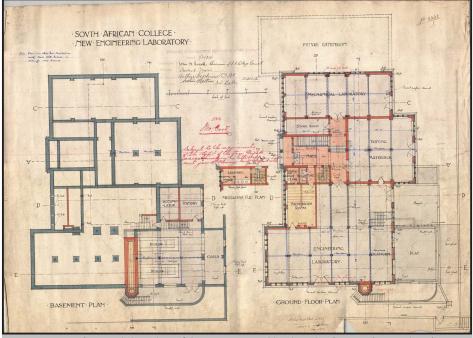


Image: Basement & Ground Floor Plans of the Commerce Building by Baker & Masey (UCT Archives)

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING DATE: ARCHITECT: 1903 Baker & Masey OUTLINE:

Completed 1905 (Ritchie, 1918, Vol I: 445)

ALTERATIONS ARCHITECT:

DATE:

OUTLINE:

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Aesthetic X х Historical Х Rarity Technological х Cultural Х Contextual х Х Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Commerce Building, by Baker and Masey, is part of the core academic building that occurred on Hiddingh Campus in the early 1900s, and strongly contributes to the architectural character of the campus. Further, the building contributes to the aesthetic qualities of the campus. It was designed by notable architects, and is of fine materials and crasftmanship (especially notable is its fine stonework). In its design, the building exhibits Arts and Crafts elements. It is one of five buildings designed in close proximity (and during a short period of time) by Baker and Masey on the campus.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Hiddingh Campus not assessed

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade III Building

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II within the PHS area

LITTLE THEATRE WORKSHOP

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
95146 & 31	04070	19.7	Hiddingh	
CAMPUS AD	DRESS:			

Orange Street, Gardens
BUILDING NAME(S):

Speech and Drama Building.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Speech and Drama Department

ORIGINAL USE:

Physics Laboratory, metallurgy workshop

ZONING: General Residential 4

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This two storeyed red brick building has a hipped roof tiled with slates, and a central veranda section flanked by projecting wings and supported by Doric columns. It has plaster quoining to the corners, and louvred teak sash windows to the lower level. The upper level is later and is not of the same architectural pedigree. An early 20th Century photograph in Ritchie shows oval windows set above each of the ground level openings, but these were removed during the additions. The building has experienced many alterations towards the back (northern) edge over the years.

SIGNIFICANCE

Social

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1895 Herbert Baker

OUTLINE:

Formally opened on 18th February 1895 (Ritchie, 1918: 345).

ALTERATIONS

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1933/1934 Brian Mansergh

OUTLINE:

Presumably the upper level was added around this time. Rennovations and extensions are currently being undertaken by Rennie, Scurr and Adendorf Architects.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This building has limited socio-historical significance when compared to the adjacent Little Theatre, to which it has largely played a subsiduary role.

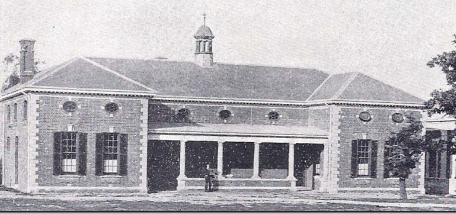


Image: Early 20th century photograph of the Litle Theatre Workshop (Ritchie, 1918-Vol.II: 355).



Image: Similar view of the primary facade (south-west) of the Little Theatre Workshop building.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

MODERATE NOTABLE The Old Physics Building/Little Theatre LOW Workshop, by Herbert Baker, is part of the core academic building that occurred on Architectural Х Hiddingh Campus in the early 1900s. The Aesthetic Х building contributes to the aesthetic and Х Historical spatial qualities of the campus. It was х Rarity designed by a notable architect (indeed, it Technological was the first structure Baker designed for UCT), and is of fine materials and Cultural Х crasftmanship. Contextual х

Х

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Hiddingh Campus not assessed

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade III Building

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIA within the PHS area

DATE: Jan-2016

Jan-2016, revised March-2016

LITTLE THEATRE

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF #: BLDG #: MAP #: CAMPUS:				
95139	04080	19.8	Hiddingh	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				

Orange Street, Gardens

BUILDING NAME(S):

The design was inspired by the 'little theatres' in England, America, Canada and elsewhere, providing inspiration for the name.

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Originally the Chemistry laboratory, the building was reconstructed as an experimental and rehearsal theatre for students. The design included adaptations of modern theatre construction. De Wet describes the Little Theatre and Workshop as being built in a classical style, and therefore being more in lin with ideas of what a serious academic building 'should' look like. The most intact section of the building is its front facade, with pedimented window linings, original doors and windows, corner pillasters, a pediment over the entrance and the two side bays, and with decorative plasterwork balustrade on the upper level. The white-painted plasterwork is offset by the exposed red brickwork.

SIGNIFICANCE

Architectural

Technological

Aesthetic

Historical

Rarity

Cultural

Social

Contextual

MODERATE

LOW

NOTABLE

Х

Х

Х

х

Х

х

х

х



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Theatre, Drama Department

ORIGINAL USE:

Chemistry laboratory

ZONING: General Residential 4

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT: 1881 Henry Greaves (DPW)

OUTLINE:

Rough plans' were outlined by P. D. Hahn in 1880. Mr. Greaves of the Public Works Department was appointed as architect (Ritchie, 1918: 259).

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT: 1933/1934 Brian Mansergh

OUTLINE:

Connected the Little Theatre to the Little Theatre Workshop. Rennovations and extensions are currently being undertaken by Rennie, Scurr and Adendorf Architects (2014)

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The Little Theatre started life as a chemistry lab - which as mining interest in South Africa grew, was extended to accommodate a metallurgy lab. The building was used by first professor of Chemistry of UCT, Prof. P. D. Hahn. It was at Hahn's request and perseverance that women were admitted to study chemistry at UCT. The area below the stage has a graffiti record of past productions there, and should be preserved. The venue has importance within the history of South African theatre: in 1950 UCT lost government funding because it refused to accept the grants on the condition that apartheid be instituted at Little Theatre and Ballet School performances (Thornton White Papers).

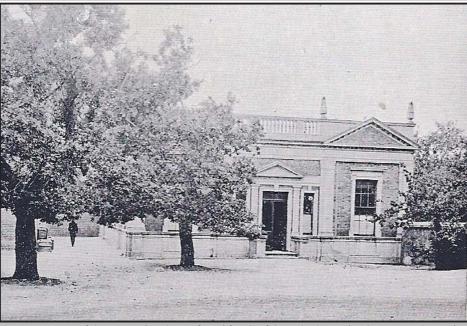


Image: 1881 view of the primary (south west facing) facade of the Little Theatre (Ritchie, 1918-Vol.II: 269).



Image: View across the parking area towards the primary facade of the Little Theatre.

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Little Theatre building is an excellent and rare example of a Late Victorian building. It contributes to the character of the Hiddingh Campus, and particularly the space between Hiddingh Hall and the Egyptian Building. It is strongly associated with the early establishment of the university in the late 19th Century. It has socio-historic significance for accommodating one of the first academic departments to admit women, as well as for its later use as a theatre venue in the city.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al)

Hiddingh Campus not assessed

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade III Building

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II within the PHS area

HIDDINGH HALL

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS				
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:	
95146	04100	19.9	Hiddingh	
CAMPUS ADDRESS:				
Orange Street, Gardens				

BUILDING NAME(S):

This building has always been named "Hiddingh Hall".

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Herbert Baker's original plan was for Hiddingh Hall ultimately to be enclosed by two quads. Wings on the four corners of the building were to be extended to form these quads, which meant that the Quad Building (housing the Michaelis Galleries) and the Egyptian Building were destined for demolition. Fortunately, this plan was never realised. The original design was to be of stone, but due to budget cuts, was eventually executed in plastered brickwork. The building has strong Arts and Crafts references, including the Broseley-tiled roof with bell eaves and decorative supporting brackets, brick chimneys, dormer windows, internal timber panelling, and in particular the roof trusses of the main hall space.



ORIGINAL BUILDING

Baker & Kendall

ARCHITECT:

Foundation stone was laid on the 25th

November 1910, and it was opened to the

public in August 1911 (Ritchie, 1918, Vol II:

ALTERATIONS

ARCHITECT:

DATE:

1911

DATE:

OUTLINE:

OUTLINE:

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Library, performance space

ORIGINAL USE:

Library and hall

ZONING: General Residential 4

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

The hall was completed in 1911 after Dr. Willem Hiddingh left UCT £10 000 for the building of a college hall that would bear his name. The hall, which is reminiscent of many South African school halls and no doubt provided the setting for many graduations, is currently used for performances and for life drawing (Ritchie, 1918: 403). In 1911 Hiddingh Hall Library became the University of Cape Town's firstpurpose built library. Today it is a branch library serving the Departments of Drama, History of Art and Fine Art. The collection comprises approximately 30 000 books, 1 500 Videos, and 70 current print journals (http://www.hiddingh.lib.uct.ac.za/hid/abou t#sthash.PeW94Rr9.dpuf).



Image: Photograph taken in 1911 of Hiddingh Hall (Ritchie, 1918-Vol.II: 559)

SIGNIFICANCE COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE GRADING & PROTECTION CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: MODERATE Hiddingh Hall, by Baker and Kendall, is part None NOTABLE of the core academic building that occurred CoCT GRADE c.2000: on Hiddingh Campus in the early 1900s, and LOW strongly contributes to establishing an Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) Architectural Х architectural typology on the campus. CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Further, the building contributes to the Aesthetic X Hiddingh Campus not assessed aesthetic and spatial qualities of the campus, Х ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: Historical and as the library and central hall space, Х Proposed Grade III Building Rarity constitutes the "heart" of the campus. It was Technological Х CURRENT CoCT GRADE: designed by notable architects, and is of fine Cultural Х materials and crasftmanship. In its design, No grading assigned the building is a remaining example of the Contextual х PROPOSED GRADING: Cape Dutch Revival Style. It was also the first х Proposed Grade II within the PHS area Social custom-designed library in Cape Town. DATE: Jan-2016, revised March-2016



Image: View looking east towards the building.

EGYPTIAN BUILDING

Egyptian Building"

OTHER NAMES: OLD S.A.C. COLLEGE

ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
95139	04090	19.10	Hiddingh
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Orange Street, Gardens			
BUILDING NAME(S):			
This building has always been named "The			

MAP

USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Sculpture studio, Dept. of Fine Art

ORIGINAL USE:

General education

ZONING: General Residential 4

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

The Egyptian Building, the original site of the old zoo, was completed in 1841. It derives its name from its architectural style - Egyptian Revival - and worldwide, is one of only two buildings in this style at a tertiary institution (the other is at the Virginia Commonwealth University in Richmond, Virginia, USA). It is also the first building constructed in South Africa for the express purpose of higher education. Previously the rooms in the Egyptian building were lecture venues; today they're studios for student sculptors and artists. The building has a U-shaped plan with collonaded court and high ceilings. Of particular note is the ornamentation to the column capitals, plaster moulding and embellishment in the Egyptian Revival style.

ORIGINAL BUILDING

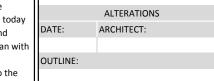
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
1841	Prof. J. Anderson & Col. Lewi
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This was UCT's first building, before the Groote Schuur campus was constructed. The building is the first structure constructed for the sole purpose of higher education in South Africa.



Image: 1929 photograph of the building with Table Mountain in the background (Walker, page 23).



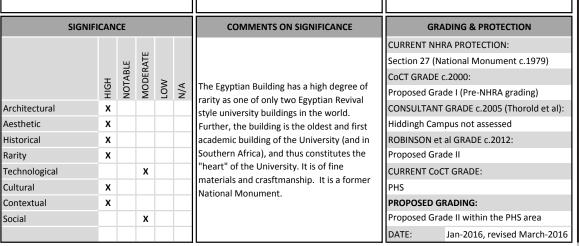






Image: View through the arcade of the building (R); Clock inset into a pilaster (L).

BERTRAM PLACE

OTHER NAMES: OLD PRACTICAL BLOCK

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
95142	04140	19.11	Hiddingh

CAMPUS ADDRESS:

Orange Street, Gardens

BUILDING NAME(S):

The property of Cape Town attorney John Barker from 1839 to 1854; he named the building after his wife, Anne Bertram Findlay.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Department of Film and Media Studies
EARLIER/ ORIGINAL USE:

House

ZONING: General Residential 4

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

A 2-storey residential, Victorian building in plastered brickwork, with corner qoining and plaster banding. The ground storey has arched lintols above the windows, some set into projecting bays, and all with external shutters. The upper level has timber sash windows with external shutters and plastered surrounds. The tiled roof has decorative brackets under projecting eaves. Internally decorative floor tiling, the timber staircase, internal doors and floors, stained glass fanlights and plaster ceiling rosettes, decorative fireplaces and picture rails are remaining period elements and greatly contribute to the character of the buliding. The fine double storey veranda with trellis, as evident in the photograph in Ritchie, has unfortunately been removed.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

Pre 1898 Unknown

OUTLINE:

Appears on Thom's 1898 map of the city, but not Wilson's 1878 survey of the city.

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
OUTLINE:	

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Ritchie notes that the 'Bertram House property' was purchased in 1902 (, 1918: 420) and was at times referred to as 'Bertram House', but it is clear that it is 'Bertram Place' that was intended (see photo p.421, Ritchie) When Bertram Place was bought by the South African College, it was repurposed to contain the office of the registrar, the College Library (before it moved to Hiddingh Hall) and the Royal Society of South Africa. Bertram Place was supposed to be demolished once the Old Medical School building had been completed, but this never occurred. Like the Old Medical School and Bertram House, it was occupied by the state pathologists during the 20th Century.

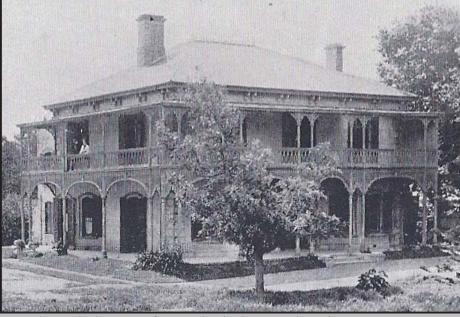


Image: Photograph taken in 1917 of Bertram Place (Ritchie, 1918-Vol.II: 421).

SIGNIFICANCE **COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE GRADING & PROTECTION** CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION: MODERATE Section 27 (National Monument c.1979) NOTABLE CoCT GRADE c.2000: This structure is valuable for its fine interior LOW Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading) detailing and typical Victorian exterior, although its overall integrity is somewhat Architectural CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al): Х compromised by later alterations. The Aesthetic Х Hiddingh Campus not assessed structure is also a remnant of the historic Historical Х ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012: pattern of Victorian villas set into long, greer х Proposed Grade II Rarity front gardens facing Orange Street, which Х CURRENT CoCT GRADE: Technological together with Bertram House, have landmark Х PHS Cultural significance. The building is a former National Monument. Х PROPOSED GRADING: Contextual Х Proposed Grade II within the PHS area Social DATE: Jan-2016, revised March-2016





Image: Looking east towards the building (L); Portion of the primary facade with bay window & entrance (R)

OLD MEDICAL SCHOOL

OTHER NAMES: STATE PATHOLOGY BUILDING

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
95142, 40	04130	19.12	Hiddingh
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			

Orange Street, Gardens

BUILDING NAME(S):

Was originally the Anatomy and Physiology Building.



USE(S) OF BUILDING

CURRENT USE:

Centre for Curating the Archive and the Department of Visual and Art History

ORIGINAL USE:

Anatomy and Physiology Building, State Pathology Building, Centre for Conflict Resolution.

ZONING: General Residential 4

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

A 3-storey structure in plastered brickwork. The building has Classist references, including the dark grey slate roof with bell eaves and decorative supporting brackets, the elaborate stonework to the entrance (with medical motifs), internal timber panelling, and in particular the bronze turret/lantern with ventilation panels above the entrance, on the primary facade. The single storey lecture theatre to the south-east is a later addition. The building is encircled by an historic palisade fence along the street boundaries, which allow for visual connection between the campus and the street.

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING

DATE: ARCHITECT:

1912 F. W. Hesse & Son

OUTLINE:

Opened June 1912. Hesse & Son were awarded the project after a design competition was held (Ritchie, 1918 Vol I: 579)

	ALTERATIONS
DATE:	ARCHITECT:
Before 1917	

OUTLINE:

Single storey addition to eastern corner of the original building.

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

Opened in 1912, the Old Medical School was home to the first medical school in Southern Africa, and was designed by Dutch father-and son team FW Hesse & Son. Cadavers dissected in the anatomy lecture theatre entered the building from the back, having passed through a gate used for this purpose only. A lift would take the cadaver to the uppermost floor, where it would be wheeled into the lecture hall through an entrance on the opposite end of the room from the student entrance. Students did not sit during these classes, but stood on steep steps above their lecturer to get a good view of the dissection.

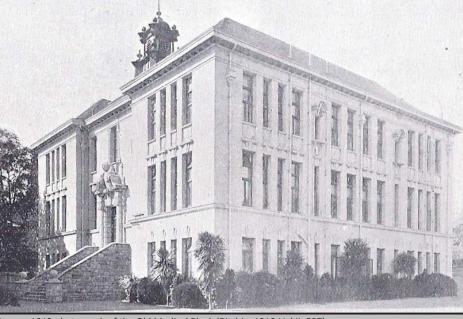


Image: 1912 photograph of the Old Medical Block (Ritchie, 1918-Vol.II: 597).

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW N/A Architectural Х Х Aesthetic Х Historical х Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Х Contextual Social Х

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

The Old Medical School, by Hesse & Son, is part of the core academic building that occurred on Hiddingh Campus in the early 1900s. The building contributes to the aesthetic and spatial qualities of the campus. It was designed by notable architects, and is of fine materials and crasftmanship. The building was also the first building constructed for the purposes of teaching medicine in Southern Africa. It has landmark significance, especially when seen from Orange Street.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

Proposed Grade I (Pre-NHRA grading)

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Hiddingh Campus not assessed

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade III Building

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade II within the PHS area





Image: Primary north-eastern facade and entrance (L); Copper turret with ventilation panels (R).

EXTERNAL SPACE 19.13

OTHER NAMES: OLD QUADRANGLE / "QUAD"

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
95139 & 46	N/A	19.13	Hiddingh
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Orange Street, Gardens			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING	
--------------------	--

CURRENT USE:

Open space

ORIGINAL USE:

Open space

ZONING: General Residential 4

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

Of primary significance within this space is the Lioness Gate, set within the wall running along DATE: Government Avenue. This structure is a former National Monument, and historically lead into the 'Menagerie' that occupied the site prior to the SAC's establishment. For many years, the space served as the playground for the school. The space is defined by a dense concentration of historic architecture around the periphery. Although the buildings themselves often respond poorly to the space, the space is well-edged and welldefined. It is currently used as a parking lot. Notable elements include:

- A. The Lioness Gateway by Schutte.
- B. Three mature oark trees of some age.
- C. The oak tree in which the UCT bell hung

ARCHITECTURAL HISTORY

ORIGINAL BUILDING ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT:

OUTLINE:

SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This open space has socio-historical significance for the university community: the whole forecourt area was the main social space of the campus before it was transformed into a carpark (after the Groote Schuur Campus was established). One of the oak trees - still surviving - supported the UCT bell, which was rung between lecture times.



Image: 1929 photograph by Walker of the Lioness' gate looking into the campus.

SIGNIFICANCE MODERATE NOTABLE LOW Architectural Х Aesthetic Х Х Historical Rarity Technological Х Cultural Х Contextual х Х Social

COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This space provides a forecourt to many of the most significant buildings on the campus, as well as creating a link into the Company's Gardens through the Lioness Gate. The space is edged by two National Monuments, and a further two structures that define its edges are herewith proposed as PHS's. The space represents a significant development opportunity, as its proper planning, landscaping and the removal of parking could better respond to the campus context and provide much-needed social space on the campus, as well as flexible space for exhibiting, teaching and learning.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Hiddingh campus not assessed

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

No grading assigned

CURRENT CoCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIA within the PHS area

DATE:

Jan-2016, revised March-2016

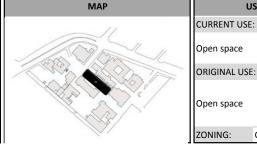


Image: South-west view into the space with two defining trees and the Egyptian Building in the background.

EXTERNAL SPACE 19.14

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF #:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
95146	N/A	19.14	Hiddingh
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Orange Street, Gardens			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING

Open space

ZONING: General Residential 4

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This space serves as the main entrance forecourt into the campus. The Jammie Shuttle stops here, and it flanks the two most "public" buildings of the campus - the library space and the gallery space. The space is defined by a dense concentration of historic architecture around the periphery. Although the buildings themselves often respond poorly to the space, the space is well-edged and welldefined. It is currently paved and landscaped in a rather ad hoc way.



OUTLINE:

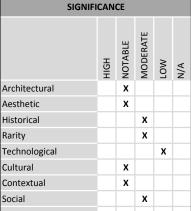
SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

This open space has limited socio-historical significance.



Image: View of the open space, looking northwards.

ALTERATIONS DATE: ARCHITECT: OUTLINE:



COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANCE

This space provides a forecourt to the campus. It represents a significant development opportunity, as its proper planning and landscaping could better respond to the campus context and provide much-needed social space on the campus, as well as flexible space for exhibiting, teaching and learning.

GRADING & PROTECTION

CURRENT NHRA PROTECTION:

None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Hiddingh campus not assessed

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade III space

CURRENT COCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

DATE:

Proposed Grade IIIA within the PHS area Jan-2016

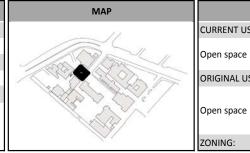


Image: View of the open space, looking southwards.

EXTERNAL SPACE 19.15

OTHER NAMES: N/A

ADDRESS			
ERF#:	BLDG #:	MAP #:	CAMPUS:
95146	N/A	19.15	Hiddingh
CAMPUS ADDRESS:			
Orange Street, Gardens			
BUILDING NAME(S):			



USE(S) OF BUILDING CURRENT USE:

ORIGINAL USE:

Open space

ZONING: General Residential 4

BUILDING DESCRIPTION

This space serves as a pivot space, between the gateway into the campus from Orange Street and the main entrance forecourt space between the Hiddingh Library and Gallery Building (Hidding Hall and the Quad Building). The space is defined by a dense concentration of historic architecture around the periphery. Although the Bertram Place and the Old Medical School building respond poorly to this space, it is well-edged and well-defined. It is currently used, and treated, as a carpark.



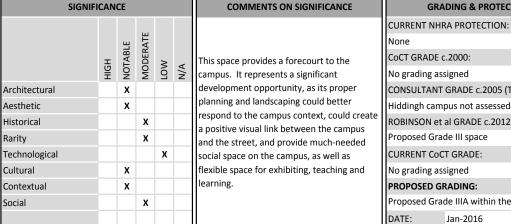
SOCIO-POLITICAL HISTORY

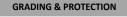
This open space has limited socio-historical significance.



Image: View of the space, looking southwards, with Michaelis to the right and Bertram place to the left.

OUTLINE: **ALTERATIONS** DATE: ARCHITECT: OUTLINE:





None

CoCT GRADE c.2000:

No grading assigned

CONSULTANT GRADE c.2005 (Thorold et al):

Hiddingh campus not assessed

ROBINSON et al GRADE c.2012:

Proposed Grade III space

CURRENT COCT GRADE:

No grading assigned

PROPOSED GRADING:

Proposed Grade IIIA within the PHS area

DATE: Jan-2016



Image: View of the space, looking southwards, with the Old Medical Building to the centre of the image.