

Banco Santander, S.A. Hong Kong Branch

(A public limited liability company incorporated in Spain)

Financial Disclosure Statement

For the year ended 31 December 2019



BANCO SANTANDER, S.A. HONG KONG BRANCH

(A public limited liability company incorporated in Spain)

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<u>Unaudited Income Statement</u>

		For the year ended	
	NI-4-	31 Dec 2019	31 Dec 2018
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interest income		1,213,924	1,067,864
Interest expense		(1,298,882)	(1,201,910)
Other operating income			
- Gains less losses arising from trading in foreign currencies		572,166	554,216
- Gains less losses from other trading activities		(18,091)	18,371
- Net fees and commission income	1	110,204	110,403
- Others		22,824	13,010
Total operating income		602,145	561,954
Operating expenses			
- Staff expenses		(393,894)	(359,616)
- Rental expenses		(37,896)	(37,211)
- Other expenses		(144,243)	(113,923)
Release / (charge) of impairment allowances for loans and other exposures		194	(1,392)
Gains less losses from the disposal of property, plant and equipment		(3)	20
Total operating expenses		(575,842)	(512,122)
Profit before taxation		26,303	49,832
Tax expense		(19,527)	(23,639)
Profit after taxation		6,776	26,193



Unaudited Balance Sheet

	Note	31 Dec 2019 HK\$'000	30 Jun 2019 HK\$'000
ASSETS			
Cash and balances with banks (except those included in amount due from overseas offices)		1,787,726	2,838,286
Due from Exchange Fund		21,820	3,052
Placement with banks which have a residual contractual maturity of more than one month but not more than 12 months (except those included in amount due from overseas offices)	e	5,023,122	7,821,665
Amount due from overseas offices		18,242,276	18,561,271
Trade bills		1,192,872	2,700,504
Loans and receivables	2	23,405,179	25,837,306
Investment securities		9,704,692	15,506,162
Property, plant and equipment		108,210	33,758
TOTAL ASSETS		59,485,897	73,302,004
LIABILITIES			
Deposits and balances from banks (except those included in amount due to overseas offices)		4,740,798	25,854,778
Due to Exchange Fund			6,206,835
Deposits from customers			
- demand deposits and current accounts		12,643	6,811
- savings deposits		338,809	302,129
- time, call and notice deposits		38,932	250,000
Amount due to overseas offices		50,077,832	34,997,980
Certificates of deposit issued			800,000
Accrued interest, other liabilities and provisions		4,276,883	4,883,471
TOTAL LIABILITIES		59,485,897	73,302,004



Unaudited Supplementary Information

1.	Net	fees	and	commission	income	
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1.	Net fees and commission income	For the year ended	
		31 Dec 2019 HK\$'000	31 Dec 2018 HK\$'000
	Gross fees and commission income	153,082	142,577
	Gross fees and commission expenses	(42,878)	(32,174)
	Net fees and commission income	110,204	110,403
2.	Loans and receivables	31 Dec 2019	30 Jun 2019
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	Loans and advances to customers (note 8)	20,289,609	23,208,805
	Accrued interest and other accounts	3,122,189	2,635,735
		23,411,798	25,844,540
	Impairment allowances - Stage 1	(6,619)	(7,234)
		23,405,179	25,837,306

3. Impaired loans and advances

There were no impaired loans and advances to customers or banks as at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2019.

4. Derivative transactions

	31 Dec 2019 HK\$'000	30 Jun 2019 HK\$'000
Nominal amounts		
- Exchange rate-related derivative contracts	373,133,850	317,161,808
- Interest rate derivative contracts	82,542,538	66,735,185



4. Derivative transactions (continued)

Fair value assets	31 Dec 2019 HK\$'000	30 Jun 2019 HK\$'000
- Exchange rate-related derivative contracts	2,572,203	2,006,334
- Interest rate derivative contracts	471,235	464,539
Fair value liabilities		
- Exchange rate-related derivative contracts	2,123,959	2,061,485
- Interest rate derivative contracts	516,617	488,213

The above derivative assets and liabilities, being the positive or negative marked-to-market value of the respective derivative contracts, represent gross replacement costs. They do not take into account the effects of bilateral netting arrangements.

5. Off-balance sheet exposures

On-balance sheet exposures	31 Dec 2019 HK\$'000	30 Jun 2019 HK\$'000
Contractual amounts	11114 000	11114 000
- Direct credit substitutes	1,880,005	1,905,837
- Transaction-related contingencies	1,036,009	1,646,429
- Trade-related contingencies	2,446,593	3,069,322
- Other commitments	39,137,546	30,674,358
- Others (forward forward deposits placed)	(#)	2,935,484



6. International claims

International claims refer to exposures to counterparties on which the ultimate risk lies, and is derived according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account any recognized risk transfer. Only countries constituting 10% or more of our total international claims are disclosed as follows:

		2	Non-bank priv	ate sector		
HK\$ million	Banks	Official sector	Non-bank financial institutions	Non- financial private sector	Others	Total
As at 31 Dec 2019						
Developed countries	18,598	7,607	=	988	¥	27,193
Of which: Spain	18,308	5 8 5	=	(#R	9	18,308
Japan	2	7,607	×	*	-	7,609
Offshore centres	662	13#1	4,469	8,232	÷	13,363
Of which: Hong Kong	662	(e)	4,469	4,901	=	10,032
Developing Asia and Pacific	6,693	:=	602	5,473	9	12,768
Of which: China	6,688	58	602	5,473	940	12,763
			Non-bank pri	vate sector_		
			Non-bank pri	vate sector Non-		
		=	Non-bank	Non- financial		
		Official	Non-bank financial	Non- financial private		
HK\$ million	Banks	Official sector	Non-bank	Non- financial	Others	Total
HK\$ million As at 30 Jun 2019	Banks		Non-bank financial	Non- financial private	Others	Total
	18,869		Non-bank financial	Non- financial private sector	Others	33,900
As at 30 Jun 2019		sector	Non-bank financial	Non- financial private sector		33,900 <i>19,206</i>
As at 30 Jun 2019 Developed countries	18,869	sector	Non-bank financial	Non- financial private sector	*	33,900
As at 30 Jun 2019 Developed countries Of which: Spain Japan Offshore centres	18,869 18,656 1	13,460	Non-bank financial institutions	Non- financial private sector	₩ ₩	33,900 19,206 13,461 15,959
As at 30 Jun 2019 Developed countries Of which: Spain Japan	18,869 18,656 1	13,460 - 13,460	Non-bank financial institutions	Non- financial private sector	** **	33,900 19,206 13,461
As at 30 Jun 2019 Developed countries Of which: Spain Japan Offshore centres	18,869 18,656 1	13,460 - 13,460	Non-bank financial institutions	Non- financial private sector	** ** **	33,900 19,206 13,461 15,959



7. Gross loans and advances to customers by geographical areas

Analysis of gross amount of loans and advances to customers by major countries or geographical segments in accordance with the location of the counterparties, after taking into account any recognized risk transfer. In general, risk transfer applies when the loans and advances are guaranteed by a party in a country which is different from that of the customer. Major countries constituting 10% or more of our total gross amount of advances are disclosed as follows:

	31 Dec 2019		30 J	un 2 019
	TTV:0000	% to total advances to	111742000	% to total advances to
	HK\$'000	customers	HK\$'000	customers
Gross amount of advances				
- Hong Kong	9,618,455	47.41%	12,525,634	53.97%
- China	6,066,609	29.90%	5,999,568	25.85%
- Others	4,604,545	22.69%	4,683,603	20.18%
	-	-	-	(
	20,289,609	100.00%	23,208,805	100.00%
			,	
Overdue or impaired loans	:#:		:=>	



8. Sector information

Analysis of gross advances to customers and the percentage of secured advances classified into following industry categories:

	31 Dec 2019 % of gross advances covered by		30 Ju	% of gross advances covered by
	111/42000	collateral or	111202000	collateral or
Loans and advances for use in Hong Kong - Industrial, commercial & financial	HK\$'000	other security	HK\$'000	other security
- Wholesale and retail trade	322,292	=	594,353	.
- Manufacturing	716,354	2	1,108,425	129
- Others	389,322	*	1,789,073	393
	1,427,968		3,491,851	
Trade Finance	1,659,560	1.00%	3,936,632	0.71%
Loans and advances for use outside Hong Kong	17,202,081	0.90%	15,780,322	0.68%
Cross loans and advances to quaternous (note 2)	20,290,600		22 209 905	
Gross loans and advances to customers (note 2)	20,289,609		23,208,805	

9. Overdue or rescheduled assets

As at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2019, there were no loans and advances to customers or other assets which were overdue for more than three months, nor were there any rescheduled assets.

10. Repossessed assets

There were no repossessed assets held as at 31 December 2019 and 30 June 2019.



11. Non-bank Mainland exposures

The following Mainland exposures to non-bank counterparties are prepared in accordance with the completion instructions for Return of Mainland Activities issued by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority ("HKMA").

Ту	pes of Counterparties	On-balance sheet exposure HK\$ million	Off-balance sheet exposure HK\$ million	Total HK\$ million
As	s at 31 Dec 2019			
1.	Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	15,560	3,971	19,531
2.	Local governments, local government- owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	323	-	323
3.	PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	873	449	1,322
4.	Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	717		717
5.	Other entities of local governments not reported in item 2 above	â	12.00 - 5.00 - 5.00	Ē
6.	PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	ŝ	8	Ē
7.	Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China exposures		19	,
			-	
To	otal	17,473	4,420	21,893
To	otal assets after provision	59,485		
Oı	n-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	29.37%		



11. Non-bank Mainland exposures (continued)

Ту	pes of Counterparties	On-balance sheet exposure HK\$ million	Off-balance sheet exposure HK\$ million	Total HK\$ million
As	s at 30 Jun 2019			
1.	Central government, central government-owned entities and their subsidiaries and joint ventures (JVs)	16,658	5,659	22,317
2.	Local governments, local government- owned entities and their subsidiaries and JVs	200		200
3.	PRC nationals residing in Mainland China or other entities incorporated in Mainland China and their subsidiaries and JVs	1,255	1,552	2,807
4.	Other entities of central government not reported in item 1 above	1,109	5	1,114
5.	Other entities of local governments not reported in item 2 above	-	¥	-
6.	PRC nationals residing outside Mainland China or entities incorporated outside Mainland China where the credit is granted for use in Mainland China	-	<i>></i> ≠	-
7.	Other counterparties where the exposures are considered by the reporting institution to be non-bank Mainland China exposures	-	₹=	-
		-	-	·
To	otal	19,222	7,216 =====	26,438 ======
To	otal assets after provision	73,301		
O	n-balance sheet exposures as percentage of total assets	26.22%		



12. Currency risk

The net positions or net structural positions in foreign currencies are disclosed when each currency constitutes 10% or more of the respective total net position or total net structural position in all foreign currencies.

HK\$ million	CNY	GBP	JPY	USD	Others	Total
As at 31 Dec 2019						
Spot assets	914	1,426	7,648	28,388	18,612	56,988
Spot liabilities	(103)	(139)	=	(48,649)	(10,467)	(59,358)
Forward purchases	61,594	1,293	52,238	181,198	39,572	335,895
Forward sales	(62,444)	(2,568)	(59,898)	(160,784)	(47,722)	(333,416)
Net option position	-	=	*	=	-	? = ?
Net long (short) position	(39)	12	(12)	153	(5)	109
rice long (short) position	(37)	=====	(12)	133	======	=====
Net structural position	3		<u>s</u>	5	÷	5
HK\$ million	CNY	GBP	JPY	USD	Others	Total
HK\$ million As at 30 Jun 2019	CNY	GBP	JPY	USD	Others	Total
	CNY 898	GBP 2,038	JPY 13,502	USD 33,589	Others 20,343	Total 70,370
As at 30 Jun 2019						
As at 30 Jun 2019 Spot assets	898	2,038	13,502	33,589	20,343	70,370
As at 30 Jun 2019 Spot assets Spot liabilities	898 (128)	2,038 (1,364)	13,502 (1,634)	33,589 (53,478)	20,343 (15,006)	70,370 (71,610)
As at 30 Jun 2019 Spot assets Spot liabilities Forward purchases	898 (128) 52,606	2,038 (1,364) 1,579	13,502 (1,634) 30,187	33,589 (53,478) 161,669	20,343 (15,006) 44,051	70,370 (71,610) 290,092
As at 30 Jun 2019 Spot assets Spot liabilities Forward purchases Forward sales	898 (128) 52,606	2,038 (1,364) 1,579	13,502 (1,634) 30,187	33,589 (53,478) 161,669	20,343 (15,006) 44,051	70,370 (71,610) 290,092
As at 30 Jun 2019 Spot assets Spot liabilities Forward purchases Forward sales	898 (128) 52,606	2,038 (1,364) 1,579	13,502 (1,634) 30,187	33,589 (53,478) 161,669	20,343 (15,006) 44,051	70,370 (71,610) 290,092
As at 30 Jun 2019 Spot assets Spot liabilities Forward purchases Forward sales Net option position	898 (128) 52,606 (53,229)	2,038 (1,364) 1,579 (2,245)	13,502 (1,634) 30,187 (42,094)	33,589 (53,478) 161,669 (141,871)	20,343 (15,006) 44,051 (49,394)	70,370 (71,610) 290,092 (288,833)

Delta equivalent approach method is used to calculate net options position of the Branch.



13. Liquidity information disclosures

i. Liquidity maintenance ratio ("LMR")

For the quarter ended 31 Dec 2019 31 Dec 2018

Average LMR for the financial period

45.83%

56.75%

The average liquidity maintenance ratio is the simple average of each month's average liquidity maintenance ratio for the reporting period. Liquidity maintenance ratio is calculated in accordance with the guidelines of the HKMA and the Banking (Liquidity) Rules.

The liquidity information disclosure is also available under section "Shareholders and Investors" on Banco Santander S.A.'s website at www.santander.com.

ii Liquidity risk management

Liquidity risk comprises the risk of the Banco Santander, S.A. Hong Kong Branch (the "Branch") not being able to fund increases in its assets or meet obligations as they fall due without incurring unacceptable losses. Liquidity risk identification, measurement, monitoring and control for the Branch are commensurate with the limited scope of our business and its role as the funding center in Asia-Pacific.

Risk Management Policies and the Risk Tolerance are set at the Head Office level. This risk tolerance is transmitted to the Branch level by the setting of individual branch liquidity gap measures, other liquidity metrics, and controls.

Governance

The Santander approach to risk management is committee-based for all decisions. The Branch has a Finance Forum, responsible for the management of assets, liabilities, commitments and contingent liabilities of the Branch. Its role is to ensure that the management of the risk profile and liquidity profile of the Branch is carried on within the approved limits and policies. Finance Forum formulates and approves on a yearly basis a strategic funding plan for the Branch. The plan is regularly reviewed to take into account of projected balance sheet growth and liquidity sources. The Branch also has an Asia SCIB Executive Risk Committee ("APAC ERC"), responsible for approving risk documents and limits, including but not limited to, those related to liquidity. The support units assigned with to identify, measure and monitor risks are independent of the business origination functions. Asia Pacific Market & Structural Risk is responsible for the monitoring of liquidity risks. Accounting and Control area is responsible for the calculation of the liquidity maintenance ratios and provides all the relevant data on balance sheet in order to closely monitor the daily liquidity situations. Financial Management designs and executes funding strategies in accordance with the Branch Liquidity Risk Management Standards. The management of daily liquidity position is delegated to Global Market department.



13. Liquidity information disclosures (continued)

ii. Liquidity risk management (continued)

Liquidity metrics reporting

The Branch has put in place a set of metrics and monitoring tools to measure and identify its liquidity risk. Daily monitoring of LMR and LMR projections are done by the Accounting and Control area. In addition, Asia Pacific Market & Structural Risk team prepares daily and monthly liquidity monitoring reports including liquidity gap, liquidity stress testing, intraday liquidity stress testing, liquidity coverage ratio, and net stable funding ratio, etc. which are submitted for review in Finance Forum and APAC ERC.

Stress testing

Monthly stress tests are carried out in order to identify sources of potential liquidity strain, monitor liquidity exposures and assess impact of future liquidity stresses on the Branch's cash flows, liquidity position, profitability and solvency. These scenarios cover institution-specific, market-wide stress scenarios and a combination of both. The design of the stress test is adequate to the Branch business scope and funding structure and will be reviewed on a yearly basis along with the Liquidity Risk Management Manual to ensure its effectiveness.

Results of the stress tests are reported to APAC ERC and Finance Forum, and are considered in the Branch's strategic funding plan and the formulation of the Contingency Funding Plan.

Funding and market access

The aim is to maintain a self-funding posture to the greatest extent possible, as long as it contributes to greater efficiency of interest expense at Santander group level. However, as a full branch of Banco Santander S.A., the Head Office is always ready as a source of funding for the Branch in times of stress. The Branch actively pursues funding from different market sources and Finance Forum reviews the liabilities compositions monthly to ensure that funding concentrations are managed to a minimum with the constraints of the business model.

Maintenance of liquidity cushion

The Branch holds a liquidity cushion to cope with liquidity needs at all times, including during periods of stress. The composition of the Branch's liquidity cushion consists of cash and high quality marketable securities issued or guaranteed by sovereigns. Currently the Branch holds Hong Kong Exchange Fund Bills (HKD) and Japan Government Bond (JPY) for these purposes.

Contingency Funding Plan ("CFP")

The Branch maintains a framework to monitor and respond to potential liquidity problems. The objective is to define a series of liquidity risk triggers, critical events and the appropriate response by the Branch to these warnings. The CFP prescribes possible courses of action with defined roles and responsibilities to address any stress situations and prepare the Branch for additional funding pressures should they develop. The CFP will be reviewed on at least an annual basis by Finance Forum.



iii. Liquidity gap

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The table below analyses the on- and off-balance sheet items of the Branch, broken down into maturity buckets and the resultant liquidity gaps:	f-balance s	heet items	of the Brar	ıch, broken α	lown into m	aturity bucke	ts and the re	sultant liqu	idity gaps:			
HK\$ million As at 31 Dec 2019	Total	Next day	2 to 7 days	8 days to 1 month	>1 month up to 3 months	>3 months up to 6 months	>6 months up to 1 year	>1 year up to 2 years	>2 years up to 3 years	>3 years up to 5 years	Over 5 years	Balancing amount
Amount receivable arising from derivative contracts	2,610	35,801	31,952	39,491	103,222	84,248	31,835	11,794	66	1,772	41	i.
Cash and due from banks	25,102	9,249	2,277	4,847	2,629	4,772	<i>6LL</i>	78	471	26	٠	
Trade bills	1,193	4	28	442	491	203	25	Ě			•	ij.
Debt securities held	9,705	9,705		ř.	•))	•	Ė	•	•		•	ğ
Loans and advances to customers	20,189	224	1,657	6,473	2,063	1,187	4,153	2,180	352	1,118	782	9
Other assets	136	9	•	6	()	(())	(0)		Tig.	6	(6	118
Total on-balance sheet assets	58,935	54,983	35,914	51,262	108,405	90,410	36,792	14,052	922	2,899	823	118
										11		
Total off-balance sheet claims	35,649	20,076	15,573	(1)	•		•	•	•	•	•	•
Denosits from customers	390	351	i.	39	3	×	*	*	3.	ı	ě)
Amount payable arising from derivative	700.0	35 624	21 027	30.473	103 071	84 190	31 846	11 818	86	1 752	27	9
contracts Due to hanks	54 928	30,034 806	327	21.122	11.875	10.757	9,260	0.00	703	1	78	
Debt securities issued			1	39)		•	(1		*		*	8
Other liabilities and reserves	1,410		4	25	106	6	31	99	51	86	×	1,030
T. 4.1 1.1	50 035	36 701	32,763	009 09	115.053	940 00	41 137	11 874	857	1 850	135	1.030
i otal on-Dalance sneet habilities	=====	30,/91	32,203	00,000	750,611	0664		====		1,000		
Total off-balance sheet obligations	34,246	455	16,612	12,301	1,942	3	12	ď	'	1	·	2,916
Contractual maturity mismatch		37,813	2,612	(21,648)	(8,589)	(4,549)	(4,357)	2,173	70	1,049	889	
Cumulative contractual maturity mismatch		37,813	40,425	18,777	10,188	5,639	1,282	3,455	3,525	4,574	5,262	



iii. Liquidity gap (continued)

HK\$ million As at 31 Dec 2018	Total	Next day	2 to 7 days	8 days to 1 month	>1 month up to 3 months	>3 months up to 6 months	>6 months up to 1 year	>1 year up to 2 years	>2 years up to 3 years	>3 years up to 5 years	Over 5 years	Balancing amount
Amount receivable arising from derivative contracts	2,325	32,409	20,383	20,122	20,127	52,674	5,277	6,054	6,361	45	768	K a U
Cash and due from banks	27,808	13,149	1,736	1,895	8,842	1,254	632	157	3	143	9	•
Trade bills	2,133	21	413	447	806	331	13	3	3	•)).	•
Debt securities held	15,406	15,406	30	9	ě		(6	()	ě	ä	*	
Loans and advances to customers	16,514	49	30	4,768	2,990	253	3,303	582	2,650	1,024	865	•
Other assets	99	31	9	∞	26	m	2	6	ř	×	8	∞
Total on-balance sheet assets	64.242	61.034	22.562	27.240	32.893	54.515	9.227	6.802	9,011	1,212	1,633	000
Total off-balance sheet claims	7	ğ	•	7	*	*	*	٠	ž	•	•	ř.
												I
Deposits from customers	897	450)	447	*	*	*			n.	1	6
Amount payable arising from derivative	2,446	32,397	20,538	19,935	20,224	52,764	5,250	6,045	6,355	41	9	ū
Collitates Due to banke	58 852	13 780	3.060	16 758	21 236	3.940		•	٠	*	78	9
Debt securities issued	730				650	80	*	*	٠	*	. (1)	į
Other liabilities and reserves	1,317	ů,	3	-	48	26	68	69	73	1	•	1,011
Total on-balance sheet liabilities	64,242	46,627	23,598	37,141	42,158	56,810	5,339	6,114	6,428	41	84	1,011
Total off-halance sheet oh joations	15.030	401	906'9	791	2.509			'	'	•	•	4,331
												.
Contractual maturity mismatch		13,916	(7,942)	(10,685)	(11,774)	(2,297)	3,888	889	2,583	1,171	1,549	
Cumulative contractual maturity mismatch		13,916	5,974	(4,711)	(16,485)	(18,782)	(14,894)	(14,206)	(11,623)	(10,452)	(8,903)	



14. Disclosure on remuneration

Pursuant to section 3 of Supervisory Policy Manual (CG-5) Guideline on a Sound Remuneration System issued by the HKMA, Banco Santander, S.A. Hong Kong Branch complies with the requirements and has adopted the remuneration systems of Banco Santander, S.A. Head Office. Please refer to the 2019 Annual Report of Banco Santander, S.A. for details.

Group Consolidated Financial Information

Capital and capital adequacy		
	31 Dec 2019	30 Jun 2019
Capital ratio (Basel III)		
CET1 capital ratio	11.65%	11.30%
Tier 1 capital ratio	13.14%	12.87%
Total capital ratio	15.05%	14.83%
	EUR Million	EUR Million
Total equity	110,659	109,985
Other financial information		
	31 Dec 2019 EUR Million	30 Jun 2019 EUR Million
Total assets	1,522,695	1,512,096
Total liabilities	1,412,036	1,402,111
Total advances to customers	942,218	908,235
Total customer deposits	824,365	814,751
	For the	year ended
	31 Dec 2019	31 Dec 2018
	EUR Million	EUR Million
Pre-tax profit	12,543	14,201



Statement of Compliance

This Disclosure Statement has been prepared in accordance with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules and the disclosure standards as stated in the Hong Kong Monetary Authority's Supervisory Policy Manual on "Guideline on the Application of the Banking (Disclosure) Rules". To the best of my knowledge, the disclosure is not false or misleading in any material respect.

Derek James Gibson

Alternate Chief Executive

Banco Santander, S.A. Hong Kong Branch

(A public limited liability company incorporated in Spain)